ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC Form 6-K April 26, 2019

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

26 April 2019

Commission file number: 001-10306

Form 6-K

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc

Gogarburn

PO Box 1000

Edinburgh EH12 1HQ

Scotland

United Kingdom

(Address of principal executive offices)

Form 40-F.
Form 20-F <u>X</u> Form 40-F
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-Rule 101(b)(1):
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-Rule 101(b)(7):
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Yes No <u>X</u>
If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to
the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82
This report on Form 6-K, except for any information contained on any websites linked or documents referred to in this report, shall be deemed incorporated by reference into the company's Registration Statement on Form F-3 (File No. 333-222022) and to be a part thereof from the date on which this report filed, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished.

Forward-looking statements

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

Certain sections in this document contain 'forward-looking statements' as that term is defined in the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as statements that include the words 'expect', 'estimate', 'project', 'anticipate', 'commit', 'believe', 'should', 'intend', 'plan', 'could', 'probability', 'risk', 'Value-at-Risk (VaR)', 'target', 'goal', 'objective', 'may', 'endeavour', 'outlook', 'optimistic', 'prospects' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions.

In particular, this document includes forward-looking statements relating, but not limited to: future profitability and performance, including financial performance targets such as return on tangible equity; cost savings and targets, including cost:income ratios; litigation and government and regulatory investigations, including the timing and financial and other impacts thereof; the implementation of the Alternative Remedies Package; the continuation of the Group's balance sheet reduction programme, including the reduction of risk-weighted assets (RWAs) and the timing thereof; capital and strategic plans and targets; capital, liquidity and leverage ratios and requirements, including CET1 Ratio, RWA equivalents (RWAes), Pillar 2 and other regulatory buffer requirements, minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities, and other funding plans; funding and credit risk profile; capitalisation; portfolios; net interest margin; customer loan and income growth; the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs, including with respect to goodwill; restructuring and remediation costs and charges; the Group's exposure to political risk, economic risk, climate change risk, operational risk, conduct risk, cyber and IT risk and credit rating risk and to various types of market risks, including interest rate risk, foreign exchange rate risk and commodity and equity price risk; customer experience including our Net Promotor Score (NPS); employee engagement and gender balance in leadership positions.

Limitations inherent to forward-looking statements

These statements are based on current plans, estimates, targets and projections, and are subject to significant inherent risks, uncertainties and other factors, both external and relating to the Group's strategy or operations, which may result in the Group being unable to achieve the current targets, predictions, expectations and other anticipated outcomes expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition, certain of these disclosures are dependent on choices relying on key model characteristics and assumptions and are subject to various limitations, including assumptions and estimates made by management. By their nature, certain of these disclosures are only estimates and, as a result, actual future gains and losses could differ materially from those that have been estimated. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed on these statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date we make them and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in the Group's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Important factors that could affect the actual outcome of the forward-looking statements

We caution you that a large number of important factors could adversely affect our results or our ability to implement our strategy, cause us to fail to meet our targets, predictions, expectations and other anticipated outcomes or affect the accuracy of forward-looking statements we describe in this document, including in the risk factors and other uncertainties set out in the Group's 2018 Annual Report on Form 20-F and other materials filed with, or furnished to, the US Securities and Exchange Commission, and other risk factors and uncertainties discussed in this document. These include the significant risks for the Group presented by: operational and IT resilience risk (including in respect of: the Group being subject to cyberattacks; operational risks inherent in the Group's business; the Group's operations being highly dependent on its IT systems; the Group relying on attracting, retaining and developing senior management and skilled personnel and maintaining good employee relations; the Group's risk management framework; and reputational risk), economic and political risk (including in respect of: the uncertainties surrounding the UK's withdrawal from the European Union; increased political and economic risks and uncertainty in the UK and global markets; climate change and the transition to a low carbon economy; HM Treasury's ownership of RBSG and the possibility that it may exert a significant degree of influence over the Group; continued low interest rates and changes in foreign currency exchange rates), financial resilience risk (including in respect of: the Group's ability to meet targets and make discretionary capital distributions to shareholders; the highly competitive markets in which the Group operates; deterioration in borrower and counterparty credit quality; the ability of the Group to meet prudential regulatory requirements for capital and MREL, or to manage its capital effectively; the ability of the Group to access adequate sources of liquidity and funding; changes in the credit ratings of RBSG, any of its subsidiaries or any of its respective debt securities; the Group's ability to meet requirements of regulatory stress tests; possible losses or the requirement to maintain higher levels of capital as a result of limitations or failure of various models; sensitivity of the Group's financial statements to underlying accounting policies, judgements, assumptions and estimates; changes in applicable accounting policies or rules; the value or effectiveness of any credit protection purchased by the Group; the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs, including with respect to goodwill; and the application of UK statutory stabilisation or resolution powers) and legal, regulatory and conduct risk (including in respect of: the Group's businesses being subject to substantial regulation and oversight; legal, regulatory and governmental actions and investigations; the replacement of LIBOR, EURIBOR and other benchmark rates; heightened regulatory and governmental scrutiny (including by competition authorities); implementation of the Alternative Remedies Package and the costs related thereto; and changes in tax legislation).

The forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as at the date hereof, and the Group does not assume or undertake any obligation or responsibility to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The information, statements and opinions contained in this document do not constitute a public offer under any applicable legislation or an offer to sell or solicit of any offer to buy any securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or other financial instruments.

Introduction

Presentation of information

In this document, 'RBSG plc' or the 'parent company' refers to The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, and 'RBS' or the 'Group' refers to RBSG plc and its subsidiaries.

Any information contained on any websites linked or report references in this report is for information only and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this report.

Non-GAAP financial information

RBS prepares its financial statements in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB which constitutes a body of generally accepted accounting principles ('GAAP'). This document contains a number of non-GAAP (or non-IFRS) financial measures. A non-GAAP financial measure is defined as one that measures historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flows but which excludes or includes amounts that would not be so adjusted in the most comparable GAAP measure.

The non-GAAP financial measures used in this document generally exclude certain items which management believe are not representative of the underlying performance of the business and which distort period-on-period comparison. These measures are used internally by management, in conjunction with IFRS financial measures, to measure performance and make decisions regarding the future direction of the business. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures, when provided in combination with reported IFRS results, provide helpful supplementary information for investors.

The main non-GAAP measures used in this document include:

- Performance, funding and credit metrics such as 'return on tangible equity', and related RWA equivalents incorporating the effect of capital deductions (RWAes), total assets excluding derivatives (funded assets), net interest margin (NIM) adjusted for items designated at fair value through profit or loss (non-statutory NIM), NIM excluding NatWest Markets, cost:income ratio and loan:deposit ratio. These are internal metrics used to measure business performance; and
- Personal & Ulster franchise results combining the reportable segments of UK Personal Banking and Ulster Bank Rol and the Commercial & Private Banking franchise results, combining the reportable segments of Commercial Banking and Private Banking; and RBS International (RBSI) and NatWest Markets results which are presented to provide investors with a summary of the Group's business performance.

• The Group also presents a pro forma CET1 ratio which is on an adjusted basis, this has not been prepared in accordance with Regulation S-X and should be read in conjunction with the notes provided as well as the section "Forward-looking statements" on page 1 of this document.

Introduction

Key operating indicators

This document includes a number of operational metrics which management believes may be helpful to investors in understanding the Group's business, including the Group's position against its own targets. These metrics include performance, funding and credit metrics such as 'return on tangible equity' and related RWA equivalents incorporating the effect of capital deductions (RWAes), total assets excluding derivatives (funded assets) and net interest margin (NIM) adjusted for items designated at fair value through profit or loss (non-statutory NIM), NIM excluding NatWest Markets, cost:income ratio, and loan:deposit ratio. These are internal metrics used to measure business performance.

Capital and liquidity measures

Certain liquidity and capital measures and ratios are presented in this document as management believes they are helpful for investors' understanding of the liquidity and capital profile of the business and the Group's position against its own targets and applicable regulatory requirements. Some of these measures are used by management for risk management purposes and may not yet be required to be disclosed by a government, governmental authority or self-regulatory organisation. As a result, the basis of calculation of these measures may not be the same as that used by the Group's peers. These capital and liquidity measures and ratios include: the liquidity coverage ratio, stressed outflow coverage and net stable funding ratio.

Recent developments

The Group announced that Ross McEwan resigned from his role as Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Executive Director on 25 April 2019.

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc

Q1 Interim Management Statement

RBS reported an operating profit before tax of £1,013 million, compared with £1,213 million in Q1 2018 primarily reflecting £265 million lower income, partially offset by £73 million lower operating expenses.

Q1 2019 attributable profit of £707 million compared with £808 million in Q1 2018.

Supporting our customers:

- We continue to support our customers through ongoing UK economic uncertainty. UK Personal Banking (UK PB) gross new mortgage lending was £7.6 billion in the quarter, with net loans to customers of £150.6 billion at Q1 2019. Commercial Banking originated or refinanced £4.6 billion of utilised term lending in the quarter and net loans to customers were £100.8 billion.
- Across UK PB, Ulster, Commercial and Private Banking net loans to customers increased by 0.8% on an annualised basis

Income stable in a competitive market:

- Excluding notable items⁽¹⁾, NatWest Markets (NWM) and Central items, income remained stable compared with Q1 2018.
- Across the retail and commercial businesses, net interest margin (NIM) of 2.07% was stable on Q4 2018. Group NIM decreased by 6 basis points to 1.89% reflecting a reclassification of funding costs in NWM and an IFRS 9 accounting change for interest in suspense recoveries.

Building a sustainable bank through continued transformation and increased digitisation:

- We remain on track to meet our £300 million cost reduction target this year, achieving a £45 million reduction in the quarter.
- We now have 6.6 million regular personal and business users of our mobile app. In UK PB, 73% of our active current account customers are regular digital users and total digital sales increased by 17%, representing 47% of all sales in Q1 2019. In Commercial Banking, we now have over 2,500 users of the Bankline Mobile app, up 19% compared with Q4 2018.

Capital generation:

- CET1 ratio of 16.2%, which excluding the impact of IFRS 16 'Leases' and a 2p dividend accrual, represents an underlying increase of 30 basis points in the guarter.
- RWAs increased by £2.1 billion compared with Q4 2018 principally reflecting a £1.3 billion increase associated with IFRS 16 'Leases'.

Outlook(2)

While we retain the outlook guidance we provided in the 2018 Annual Report on Form 20-F, we recognise that the ongoing impact of Brexit uncertainty on the economy, and associated delay in business borrowing decisions, is likely to make income growth more challenging in the near term.

Notes:

- (1) Excluding UK PB debt sale gain of £2 million (Q1 2018 £26 million) and Commercial Banking fair value and disposal loss of £2 million (Q1 2018 £77 million gain).
- (2) The targets, expectations and trends discussed in this section represent management's current expectations and are subject to change, including as a result of the factors described in the "Risk Factors" section on pages 265 to 275 of the 2018 Annual Report on Form 20-F. These statements constitute forward-looking statements. Refer to Forward-looking statements in this announcement.

Business performance summary

	C	Quarter ended		
		31		
	31 March	December	31 March	
Performance key metrics and ratios	2019	2018	2018	
Operating profit before tax	£1,013m	£572m	£1,213m	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	£707m	£304m	£808m	
Net interest margin	1.89%	1.95%	2.04%	
Net interest margin (excluding NWM)	2.07%	2.07%	2.14%	
Average interest earning assets	£436bn	£442bn	£427bn	
Cost:income ratio (1)	63.4%	80.5%	60.5%	
Earnings per share				
- basic	5.9p	2.5p	6.8p	
- basic fully diluted	5.8p	2.5p	6.7p	
Return on tangible equity	8.3%	3.7%	9.4%	
Average tangible equity	£34bn	£33bn	£34bn	
Average number of ordinary shares				
outstanding during the period (millions)				
- basic	12,047	12,040	11,956	
- fully diluted (2)	12,087	12,081	12,015	

		31	
	31 March	December	31 March
Balance sheet related key metrics and ratios	2019	2018	2018
Total assets	£719.1bn	£694.2bn	£738.5bn
Funded assets	£585.1bn	£560.9bn	£588.7bn
Loans to customers - amortised cost	£306.4bn	£305.1bn	£303.8bn
Impairment provisions	£3.1bn	£3.3bn	£4.2bn
Loan impairment rate (3)	11bps	2bps	10bps
Customer deposits	£355.2bn	£360.9bn	£354.5bn
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	153%	158%	151%
Liquidity portfolio	£190bn	£198bn	£180bn
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR) (4)	137%	141%	137%
Loan:deposit ratio	86%	85%	86%
Total wholesale funding	£77bn	£74bn	£73bn
Short-term wholesale funding	£19bn	£15bn	£17bn

Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K

Common Equity Tier (CET1) ratio	16.2%	16.2%	16.4%
Total capital ratio	21.1%	21.8%	21.6%
Pro forma CET 1 ratio, pre dividend accrual (5)	16.3%	16.9%	
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs)	£190.8bn	£188.7bn	£202.7bn
CRR leverage ratio	5.2%	5.4%	5.4%
UK leverage ratio	6.0%	6.2%	6.2%
Tangible net asset value (TNAV) per ordinary share	289p	287p	297p
Tangible net asset value (TNAV) per ordinary share - fully diluted	288p	286p	295p
Tangible equity	£34,962m	£34,566m	£35,644m
Number of ordinary shares in issue (millions)	12,090	12,049	11,993
Number of ordinary shares in issue (millions) - fully diluted (2,6)	12,129	12,088	12,075

Notes:

- (1) Operating lease depreciation included in income for Q1 2019 £34 million; (Q4 2018 £32 million; Q1 2018 £31 million).
- (2) Includes the effect of dilutive share options and convertible securities. Dilutive shares on an average basis for Q1 2019 were 40 million shares; (Q4 2018 41 million shares, Q1 2018 59 million shares), and as at 31 March 2019 were 39 million shares (31 December 2018 39 million shares; 31 March 2018 82 million shares).
- (3) Loan impairment rate is calculated as the annualised impairment charge for the period as a proportion of gross customer loans.
- (4) In November 2016, the European Commission published its proposal for NSFR rules within the EU as part of its CRR2 package of regulatory reforms. CRR2 NSFR is expected to become the regulatory requirement in future within the EU and the UK. RBS has changed its policy on the NSFR to align with its interpretation of the CRR2 proposals with effect from 1 January 2018.
- (5) The pro forma CET 1 ratio at 31 March 2019 excluded a charge of £242 million (2p per share) for the Q1 2019 foreseeable dividend. 31 December 2018 excluded a charge of £422 million (3.5p per share) for the final dividend and £904 million (7.5p per share) for the special dividend due to be paid following the Annual General Meeting held on 25 April 2019.
- (6) Includes 24 million treasury shares (31 December 2018 8 million shares; 31 March 2018 18 million shares).

Re-segmentation

Effective from 1 January 2019, Business Banking has been transferred from UK Personal and Business Banking (UK PBB) to Commercial Banking as the nature of the business, including distribution channels,

products and customers, are more closely aligned to the Commercial Banking business. Concurrent with the transfer, UK PBB has been renamed UK Personal Banking (UK PB) and the previous franchise combining UK PBB (now UK PB) and Ulster Bank Rol has been renamed Personal & Ulster. Comparatives have been restated.

Summary consolidated income statement for th	e period ended 31	March 2019	
		Quarter ended	
	31 March	31 December	31 March
	2019	2018	2018
	£m	£m	£m
Net interest income	2,033	2,176	2,146
Own credit adjustments	(43)	33	21
Other non-interest income	1,047	849	1,135
Non-interest income	1,004	882	1,156
Total income	3,037	3,058	3,302
Litigation and conduct costs	(5)	(92)	(19)
Strategic costs	(195)	(355)	(209)
Other expenses	(1,738)	(2,022)	(1,783)
Operating expenses	(1,938)	(2,469)	(2,011)
Profit before impairment losses	1,099	589	1,291
Impairment losses	(86)	(17)	(78)
Operating profit before tax	1,013	572	1,213
Tax charge	(216)	(118)	(313)
Profit for the period	797	454	900
Attributable to:			
Ordinary shareholders	707	304	808
Other owners	100	164	85
Non-controlling interests	(10)	(14)	7
Notable items within total income			
IFRS volatility in Central items & other (1)	(4)	(25)	(128)
Insurance indemnity in Central items & other	-	85	_
UK PB debt sale gain	2	35	26
FX gain/(losses) in Central items & other	20	(39)	(15)
Commercial Banking fair value and disposal (loss)/gain	(2)	(10)	77

NatWest Markets legacy business disposal losses	(4)	(43)	(16)

Note:

(1) IFRS volatility relates to loans which are economically hedged but for which hedge accounting is not permitted under IFRS.

Business performance summary

Personal & Ulster

UK Personal Banking

	Quarter ended				As at	
		31				31
	31 March	December	31 March		31 March	December
	2019	2018	2018		2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn
				Net loans to		
Total income	1,245	1,246	1,298	customers	150.6	148.9
Operating expenses	(635)	(757)	(686)	Customer deposits	145.7	145.3
Impairment losses	(112)	(142)	(68)	RWAs	35.8	34.3
Operating profit	498	347	544	Loan impairment rate	30bps	38bps
Return on equity	24.7%	17.2%	29.9%			
Net interest margin	2.62%	2.60%	2.73%			
Cost:income ratio	51.0%	60.8%	52.9%			

- UK PB now has 6.1 million regular mobile app users, with 73% of our active current account customers being regular digital users. Total digital sales volumes increased by 17% representing 47% of all sales in Q1 2019. 59% of personal unsecured loan sales were via the digital channel, 4% higher than Q1 2018. 54% of current accounts opened in Q1 2019 were via the digital channel, with digital volumes 44% higher.
- Total income was £53 million, or 4.1%, lower than Q1 2018 impacted by a £24 million reduction in debt sale gains, £8 million lower annual insurance profit share and an IFRS 9 accounting change for interest in suspense recoveries of £6 million. Excluding these items, income was £15 million or 1.2% lower than Q1 2018 reflecting a continued competitive mortgage market. Compared with Q4 2018, net interest margin was 2 basis points higher due to the impact of an annual review of mortgage customer behaviour in Q4 2018.
- Operating expenses were £51 million, or 7.4%, lower compared with Q1 2018. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £8 million, or 1.3%, lower compared with Q1 2018 as lower operational costs associated with a 12% reduction in headcount were largely offset by increased fraud, investment and technology transformation costs.
- Impairments were £44 million higher than Q1 2018 reflecting lower provision releases and recoveries and an increase in the stage 1 and 2 charge, reflecting IFRS 9 predictive loss model adjustments in Q1 2019, following a slight deterioration in default rates.

- Compared with Q4 2018, net loans to customers increased by £1.7 billion as a result of strong gross new mortgage lending and lower redemptions. Gross new mortgage lending in the quarter was £7.6 billion, with market flow share of approximately 13% and mortgage approval share of around 12%.
- RWAs increased by £1.5 billion compared with Q4 2018, primarily reflecting an increase in central allocations linked to IFRS 16 changes and predictive loss model adjustments in Q1 2019.

Ulster Bank Rol

				_			
	C	uarter ende	d			As	at
		31					31
	31 March	December	31 March			31 March	December
	2019	2018	2018			2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m			£bn	£bn
					Net loans to		
Total income	145	147	146		customers	18.2	18.8
Operating expenses	(136)	(164)	(128)		Customer deposits	17.5	18.0
Impairment							
releases/(losses)	11	19	(8)		RWAs	14.2	14.7
Operating profit	20	2	10		Loan impairment rate	(23)bps	(39)bps
Return on equity	3.8%	0.4%	1.6%				
Net interest margin	1.65%	1.73%	1.80%				<u> </u>
Cost:income ratio	93.8%	111.6%	87.7%				

- Ulster Bank Rol continues to deliver digital enhancements that improve and simplify the everyday banking experience for customers. The successful launch of paperless processes for everyday banking products has made it easier and quicker for customers to move from application to drawdown. 70% of active personal current account customers are choosing to bank through digital channels. Mobile payments and transfers increased 31% compared with Q1 2018.
- Total income remained stable compared with Q1 2018 as a decrease in income associated with the non-performing loan portfolio was offset by £9 million (€11 million) one-off benefit following a restructure of interest rate swaps on free funds. Compared with Q4 2018, net interest margin was 8 basis points lower as a continued reduction in funding costs was more than offset by a decrease in income associated with the non-performing portfolio.
- Operating expenses were £8 million, or 6.3% (€11 million, or 7.6%), higher than Q1 18. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £10 million, or 8.70% (€13 million, or 10.0%), higher than Q1 2018 reflecting the continued focus on strengthening the risk, compliance and control environment, investment in technology capabilities and expenditure on recent mortgage marketing activity.
- A net impairment release of £11 million (€13 million) in the quarter reflects an improvement in the performance of the non-performing loan portfolio and an IFRS 9 change in accounting treatment for the recovery of interest in suspense.

• Net loans to customers decreased by £0.6 billion compared with Q4 2018 due to the weakening of the euro but increased by €0.1 billion in euro terms primarily driven by growth in the commercial loan portfolio in the quarter.

Business performance summary

Commercial & Private Banking

Commercial Banking

	G	uarter ende	d		As	at
		31				31
	31 March	December	31 March		31 March	December
	2019	2018	2018		2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn
				Net loans to		
Total income	1,082	1,116	1,158	customers	100.8	101.4
Operating expenses	(640)	(764)	(595)	Customer deposits	131.8	134.4
Impairment losses	(5)	(5)	(12)	RWAs	78.1	78.4
Operating profit	437	347	551	Loan impairment rate	2bps	2bps
Return on equity	11.5%	8.3%	13.6%			
Net interest margin	1.99%	1.96%	1.91%			
Cost:income ratio	57.8%	67.5%	50.0%			

- The Bankline mobile app was successfully launched in the Apple app store in Q4 2018 and now has over 2,500 users, up 19% compared with Q4 2018. The improved lending journey now provides a decision in principle in under 24 hours for approximately 74% of loans, compared with 50% in 2018.
- Total income was £76 million, or 6.6%, lower than Q1 2018 reflecting a £79 million reduction in fair value and disposal gains and lower fee income, partially offset by higher deposit income. Compared with Q4 2018, net interest margin increased by 3 basis points to 1.99% due to lower liquidity portfolio costs and deposit funding benefits, partially offset by lower volumes.
- Operating expenses were £45 million, or 7.6% higher than Q1 2018. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £28 million, or 5.1% higher, primarily reflecting an £11 million one-off item in Q1 2018, increased remediation spend and higher innovation and technology costs.
- Compared with Q4 2018, net loans to customers decreased by £0.6 billion, or 0.6%, to £100.8 billion. Commercial Banking originated or refinanced £4.6 billion of utilised term lending in the quarter.
- Compared with Q4 2018, RWAs were £0.3 billion lower as a result of the transfer of £1.0 billion to Central Items in relation to the 2011 investment in the Business Growth Fund and £0.2 billion to NatWest Markets related to the transition of Western European Corporate clients, partially offset by model changes

and the impact of IFRS 16 'Leases'.

Private Banking

	Q	uarter ende	d		As	at
		31				31
	31 March	December	31 March		31 March	December
	2019	2018	2018		2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn
				Net loans to		
Total income	193	198	184	customers	14.4	14.3
Operating expenses	(117)	(143)	(121)	Customer deposits	26.9	28.4
Impairment						
releases/(losses)	4	8	(1)	RWAs	9.6	9.4
Operating profit	80	63	62	AUM	27.8	26.4
Return on equity	17.1%	12.3%	12.5%			
Net interest margin	2.52%	2.49%	2.51%			
Cost:income ratio	60.6%	72.2%	65.8%			

Note:

- (1) Private Banking manages assets under management portfolios on behalf of UK Personal Banking and RBS International (Q4 2018 £6.6 billion and Q1 2019 £6.8 billion). Prior to Q4 2018, the assets under management portfolios from Personal and RBSI were not included. Private Banking receives a management fee from UK Personal Banking and clients of RBS International in respect of providing this service.
- Private Banking offers a service-led, digitally enabled experience for its clients, with 73% banking digitally, and 94% of clients positively rate the Coutts24 telephony service. Coutts Connect, the social platform which allows clients to network and build working relationships with one another, now has over 1,500 users with more than half of conversations client to client.
- Total income was £9 million, or 4.9%, higher than Q1 2018 reflecting increased deposit income and higher lending balances. Compared with Q4 2018, net interest margin increased by 3 basis points due to deposit funding benefits and lower liquidity portfolio costs, partially offset by ongoing asset margin pressure.
- Operating expenses were £4 million, or 3.3% lower than Q1 2018. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £2 million, or 1.8%, lower primarily reflecting lower back office operations costs. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £2 million, or 1.8%, lower primarily reflecting lower back office operations costs.

- Net loans to customers increased by £0.1 billion compared with Q4 2018, driven by mortgage lending.
- Assets under management (AUM) increased by £1.4 billion compared with Q4 2018 to £27.8 billion driven by new business inflows of £0.1 billion and investment performance.

Business performance summary

RBS International

	Q	uarter ende	d		As	at
		31				31
	31 March	December	31 March		31 March	December
	2019	2018	2018		2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn
				Net loans to		
Total income	151	155	137	customers	13.3	13.3
Operating expenses	(59)	(86)	(59)	Customer deposits	27.6	27.5
Impairment releases	1	2	-	-RWAs	7.0	6.9
Operating profit	93	71	78			
Return on equity	28.6%	20.0%	23.2%			
Net interest margin	1.70%	1.81%	1.57%			
Cost:income ratio	39.1%	55.5%	43.1%			

- The RBS International mobile app now has 69,000 users, an increase of 24% year on year. 90% of wholesale customer payments are now processed using the newly introduced international banking platform, making the payments process simpler for customers.
- Total income was £14 million, or 10.2%, higher than Q1 2018 driven by deposit margin benefits. Compared with Q4 2018, net interest margin decreased by 11 basis points due to a one-off benefit in Q4 2018 and ongoing higher funding costs associated with becoming a non ring-fenced bank.
- Operating expenses were stable at £59 million versus Q1 2018. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £4 million, or 6.8%, lower reflecting decreased remediation spend and lower back office operations costs.
- Net loans to customers remained stable compared with Q4 2018. Customer deposits increased by £0.1 billion compared with Q4 2018 primarily due to customer activity in Institutional Banking.
- In the quarter, RBS International continued to diversify its liquidity portfolio, increasing the position in sovereign bonds with this portfolio expected to modestly increase in scale over future quarters.

NatWest Markets(1)

Quarter ended				As	at
	31				31
31 March	December	31 March		31 March	December

Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K

	2019	2018	2018		2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn
Total income	256	152	437	Funded assets	138.8	111.4
Operating expenses	(334)	(455)	(349)	RWAs	44.6	44.9
Impairment releases	16	100	9			
Operating (loss)/profit	(62)	(203)	97			
Return on equity	(2.4%)	(9.2%)	2.0%			
Net interest margin						
(2)	(0.39%)	0.39%	0.54%			
Cost:income ratio	130.5%	299.3%	79.9%			

Notes:

- (1) The NatWest Markets operating segment should not be assumed to be the same as the NatWest Markets Plc legal entity or group. NatWest Markets Plc entity includes the Central items & other segment but excludes NatWest Markets N.V. for statutory reporting. For the quarter ended 31 March 2019, NatWest Markets Plc's (consolidated legal entity) results are estimated as: total income of £276 million, operating expenses of £231 million, impairment releases of £20 million, operating profit before tax of £65 million, funded assets(excluding intra-group assets) of £130.8 billion and total assets of £273.6 billion. The key difference between the NWM segment and NWM legal entity operating profit for the quarter ended 31 March 2019 largely relates to expense items, including one-off recoveries, that form part of Central items and other. The remaining difference relates primarily to NatWest Markets N.V.
- (2) From 1 January 2019, funding costs of the trading book have been reclassified from trading income to net interest income.
- NatWest Markets is increasingly using technology to enhance the way it provides innovative financial solutions to customers. For example, through our automated pricing tool FXmicropay we make it simpler for businesses operating globally to accept payments in multiple currencies. We have now made FXmicropay available on an e-commerce web platform, SAP Commerce Cloud, helping online businesses easily integrate the tool and capture foreign exchange margins via their platform.
- Total income was £181 million, or 41.4%, lower than Q1 2018 reflecting a £35 million reduction in the core business, an £83 million decrease in legacy income and a £63 million deterioration in own credit adjustments. Income in the core business fell by 8.5% to £377 million as customer activity fell in uncertain market conditions. Legacy income reduced as funding costs associated with former RBS plc debt are now reported wholly in NatWest Markets rather than being partially allocated to other segments. The larger part of this former RBS plc debt is due to mature by early 2020. Income from own credit adjustments deteriorated due to a substantial reduction in funding spreads.
- Operating expenses were £15 million, or 4.3% lower than Q1 2018. Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses reduced by £10 million, or 3.1%, compared with Q1 2018 reflecting lower support costs.
- RWAs decreased by £0.3 billion compared with Q4 2018 driven by legacy reductions partially offset by a £0.2 billion transfer of Western European Corporate clients from Commercial Banking. Legacy RWAs are now £12.9 billion including Alawwal Bank RWAs of £5.6 billion.

Central items & other

• Central items not allocated represented a charge of £53 million in the quarter, principally reflecting £61 million of strategic costs.

Business performance summary

Capital and leverage ratios		
e aprila de la consegui de la conseg	End-point Cl	RR basis (1)
		31
	31 March	December
	2019	2018
Risk asset ratios	%	%
CET1	16.2	16.2
Tier 1	18.3	18.4
Total	21.1	21.8
Capital	£m	£m
Tangible equity	34,962	34,566
Expected loss less impairment provisions	(682)	(654)
Prudential valuation adjustment	(448)	(494)
Deferred tax assets	(720)	(740)
Own credit adjustments	(311)	(405)
Pension fund assets	(389)	(394)
Cash flow hedging reserve	49	191
Foreseeable ordinary dividends	(1,568)	(1,326)
Other deductions	(4)	(105)
Total deductions	(4,073)	(3,927)
CET1 capital	30,889	30,639
AT1 capital	4,051	4,051
L Tier 1 capital	34,940	34,690
Tier 2 capital	5,242	6,483
•		,
Total regulatory capital	40,182	41,173
Risk-weighted assets		
Credit risk		
- non-counterparty	139,300	137,900
- counterparty	14,700	13,600
Market risk	14,200	14,800
Operational risk	22,600	22,400

Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K

Total RWAs	190,800	188,700
Leverage		
Cash and balances at central banks	83,800	88,900
Trading assets	89,100	75,100
Derivatives	134,100	133,300
Loans	319,400	318,000
Other assets	92,700	78,900
	,	
Total assets	719,100	694,200
Derivatives		
- netting and variation margin	(143,000)	(141,300)
- potential future exposures	43,100	42,100
Securities financing transactions gross up	1,900	2,100
Undrawn commitments	48,900	50,300
Regulatory deductions and other adjustments	(3,200)	(2,900)
CRR leverage exposure	666,800	644,500
CRR leverage ratio %	5.2	5.4
UK leverage exposure (2)	586,700	559,500
UK leverage ratio % (2)	6.0	6.2

Notes:

- (1) Based on end-point CRR Tier 1 capital and leverage exposure under the CRR Delegated Act.
- (2) Based on end-point CRR Tier 1 capital and UK leverage exposures reflecting the post EU referendum measures announced by the Bank of England in the third quarter of 2016.

Segment performance

		Quarter ended 31 March 2019									
		I			i Wai Cii 2019						
	Personal &	Histor	Commerc Priva				Central				
	UK	UISIEI	Filva	le			items				
	Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest		Total			
	reisonai	Bank	Commercial	riivate	IIDS	Matwest	other	Total			
	Banking	Rol	Ranking	Ranking	International	Markets		RBS			
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m			
Income statement	2111	2111	2111	2111	2111	2111	2111	2111			
Net interest income	1,052	98	708	132	117	(31)	(43)	2,033			
Other non-interest	1,032	90	700	132	117	(31)	(43)	2,033			
income	193	47	374	61	34	329	9	1,047			
Own credit	133	71	374	01	37	323	3	1,047			
adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	(42)	(1)	(43)			
Total income	1,245	145	1,082	193	151	256	(35)				
Direct expenses -	1,240	145	1,002	130	101	250	(00)	0,007			
staff costs	(158)	(52)	(190)	(41)	(28)	(173)	(294)	(936)			
-	(100)	(0-)	(133)	(11)	(=0)	(110)	(=0 1)	(000)			
other costs	(74)	(26)	(75)	(18)	(13)	(48)	(548)	(802)			
Indirect expenses	(378)	(47)	(309)	(51)	(14)	(89)	888	-			
Strategic costs -	(3.3)	(11)	(333)	(0.1)	(/	(33)					
direct	_	(5)	(20)	_	(2)	(18)	(150)	(195)			
-		(5)	(==,		(-/	(10)	(100)	(100)			
indirect	(26)	(5)	(36)	(7)	(2)	(13)	89	_			
Litigation and	, ,			•							
conduct costs	1	(1)	(10)	-	-	7	(2)	(5)			
Operating											
expenses	(635)	(136)	(640)	(117)	(59)	(334)	(17)	(1,938)			
Operating											
profit/(loss) before											
impairment											
(losses)/releases	610	9	442	76	92	(78)	(52)	1,099			
Impairment				_	_			(2.2)			
(losses)/releases	(112)	11	(5)	4	1	16	(1)	(86)			
Operating	400	22	100		22	(00)	(50)	4 040			
profit/(loss)	498	20	437	80	93	(62)	(53)	1,013			
Additional											
information			+								
Return on equity	04 70/	2 00/	11 50/	17 10/	00 60/	(0.40/)		0 20/			
(2)	24.7%	3.8%	11.5%	17.1%	28.6%	(2.4%)	nm	8.3%			
Cost:income ratio	51 No/	93.8%	57.8%	60.6%	20 10/	120 50/	nm	62 /10/			
(3)	1					130.5%		63.4%			
	Squoe	(23)bps	2bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	11bps			

Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K

Loan impairment rate (4)								
Impairment provisions (£bn)	(1.2)	(0.7)	(1.0)	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	(3.1)
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.8)	_	_	(0.1)	_	(2.1)
Net interest margin	2.62%	` '	1.99%	2.52%	1.70%	(0.39%)	nm	, ,
Third party customer asset rate	3.31%	2.32%	3.22%	3.01%	1.72%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate		(0.19%)	(0.47%)	(0.42%)	(0.15%)	nm	nm	nm
Average interest earning assets			, ,		,			
(£bn)	162.9	24.1	144.6	21.2	27.8	32.1	23.1	435.8
Total assets (£bn)	172.2	24.8	165.4	21.7	28.9	272.8	33.3	719.1
Funded assets (£bn)	172.2	24.8	165.4	21.7	28.9	138.8	33.3	585.1
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	150.6	18.2	100.8	14.4	13.3	9.1		306.4
Customer deposits	130.0	10.2	100.0	17.7	13.3	9.1		300.4
(£bn)	145.7	17.5	131.8	26.9	27.6	2.7	3.0	355.2
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	35.8	14.2	78.1	9.6	7.0	44.6	1.5	190.8
RWA equivalent	33.0	14.2	70.1	9.0	7.0	44.0	1.0	190.0
(RWAes) (£bn)	36.8	14.2	79.9	9.6	7.1	49.1	2.0	198.7
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	21.6	3.1	10.3	1.9	1.7	5.0	23.3	66.9
For the notes to this to page 14. nm = no meaningful								

Segment performance

			(Quarter en	ded 31 E	December 201	18			
				Commer						
	Personal &	Ulster		Priva	te				Central	
	UK								items	
	Personal	Ulster	С	ommercial	Private	RBS		NatWest	&	Total
		Bank							other	
	Banking	Rol		Banking	Banking	International		Markets	(1)	RBS
	£m	£m		£m	£m	£m		£m	£m	£m
Income statement										
Net interest income	1,061	110		724	133	123		30	(5)	2,176
Other non-interest										
income	185	37		392	65	32		89	49	849
Own credit										
adjustments	-	-		-	-	-		33	-	33
Total income	1,246	147		1,116	198	155		152	44	3,058
Direct expenses -										
staff costs	(166)	(53)		(185)	(39)	(25)		(128)	(263)	(859)
-										
other costs	(80)	(27)		(77)	(22)	(22)		(65)	(870)	(1,163)
Indirect expenses	(414)	(52)		(403)	(72)	(35)		(123)	1,099	-
Strategic costs -										
direct	(27)	(3)		(5)	-	(1)		(89)	(230)	(355)
-										
indirect	(63)	(12)		(57)	(10)	(2)		(22)	166	-
Litigation and conduct										
costs	(7)	(17)		(37)	-	(1)		(28)	(2)	(92)
Operating expenses	(757)	(164)		(764)	(143)	(86)		(455)	(100)	(2,469)
Operating profit/(loss)										
before impairment										
(losses)/releases	489	(17)	_	352	55	69		(303)	(56)	589
Impairment	(4.45)			(=)						(,=)
(losses)/releases	(142)		-	(5)		2		100	1	(17)
Operating profit/(loss)	347	2	_	347	63	71		(203)	(55)	572
Additional										
information			_							
Return on equity (2)	17.2%	0.4%	\perp	8.3%				(9.2%)	nm	
Cost:income ratio (3)	60.8%	111.6%	\perp	67.5%	72.2%	55.5%		299.3%	nm	80.5%
Loan impairment rate		4								- 6
(4)	38bps	(39)bps	\perp	2bps	nm	nm		nm	nm	2bps
Impairment		,								45 -:
provisions (£bn)	(1.1)	(8.0)		(1.3)	-	-		(0.1)	-	(3.3)

Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K

Impairment provisions - stage 3	()	(5.5)				(5.1)		(2.2)
(£bn)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.0)		-	(0.1)	-	(2.3)
Net interest margin	2.60%	1.73%	1.96%	2.49%	1.81%	0.39%	nm	1.95%
Third party customer asset rate	3.33%	2.43%	3.19%	2.94%	1.73%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate	(0.36%)	(0.18%)	(0.44%)	(0.38%)	(0.08%)	nm	nm	nm
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	161.7	25.2	146.7	21.2	26.9	30.4	30.0	442.1
Total assets (£bn)	171.0	25.2	166.4	22.0	28.4	244.5	36.7	694.2
Funded assets (£bn)	171.0	25.2	166.4	22.0	28.4	111.4	36.5	560.9
Net loans to								
customers -								
amortised cost (£bn)	148.9	18.8	101.4	14.3	13.3	8.4	-	305.1
Customer deposits (£bn)	145.3	18.0	134.4	28.4	27.5	2.6	4.7	360.9
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	34.3	14.7	78.4	9.4	6.9	44.9	0.1	188.7
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	35.5	14.7	79.7	9.5	6.9	50.0	0.2	196.5
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	21.7	3.1	10.3	1.9	1.7	4.8	23.6	67.1
For the notes to this ta page 14. nm = not mea	· ·							

Segment performance

			Quarter	ended 31	March 2018			
			Commer	cial &				
	Personal 8	& Ulster	Priva	te			Central	
	UK						items	
	Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest		Total
		Bank			l		other	
	Banking	Rol			International			RBS
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income statement								
Net interest income	1,068	106	683	123	104	36	26	2,146
Other non-interest	222						(0.1)	
income	230	40	475	61	33	380	(84)	1,135
Own credit						0.4		0.4
adjustments	-	- 4.40	- 4.450	-	-	21	(50)	21
Total income	1,298	146	1,158	184	137	437	(58)	3,302
Direct expenses -								
staff costs	(178)	(49)	(188)	(43)	(24)	(165)	(317)	(964)
other costs	(65)	(19)	(47)	(14)	(15)	(53)	(606)	(819)
Indirect expenses	(374)	(47)	(311)	(55)	(20)	(102)	 	-
Strategic costs -	(31.1)	(17)	(011)	(33)	(==7)	(:0=)		
direct	(7)	(1)	(6)	(1)	_	(17)	(177)	(209)
=			`					
indirect	(61)	(3)	(42)	(8)	(1)	(6)	121	-
Litigation and								
conduct costs	(1)	(9)	(1)	-	1	(6)	(3)	(19)
Operating expenses	(686)	(128)	(595)	(121)	(59)	(349)	(73)	(2,011)
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment								
(losses)/releases	612	18	563	63	78	88	(131)	1,291
Impairment	0.2						(.0.)	1,201
(losses)/releases	(68)	(8)	(12)	(1)	_	9	2	(78)
Operating profit/(loss)	544	10	551	62	78	97	(129)	
Additional							, ,,,	, ,
information								
Return on equity (2)	29.9%	1.6%	13.6%	12.5%	23.2%	2.0%	nm	9.4%
Cost:income ratio (3)	52.9%	87.7%	50.0%				1	
Loan impairment rate								
(4)	18bps	16bps	5bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	10bps
	(1.3)	(1.2)	(1.5)			(0.2)		(4.2)

Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K

Impairment provisions (£bn)								
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.8)	(1.0)	(1.4)	-	-	(0.1)	1	(3.3)
Net interest margin	2.73%	1.80%	1.91%	2.51%	1.57%	0.54%	nm	
Third party customer asset rate	3.41%	2.39%	2.90%	2.89%	2.57%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate	(0.29%)	(0.21%)	(0.26%)	(0.19%)	(0.07%)	nm	nm	nm
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	158.4	23.9	144.8	19.8	26.9	27.3	26.3	427.4
Total assets (£bn)	166.3	23.4	165.6	20.4	28.0	283.8	51.0	738.5
Funded assets (£bn)	166.3	23.3	165.5	20.4	28.0	135.2	50.0	588.7
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	145.9	19.0	102.9	13.7	13.1	9.4	(0.2)	303.8
Customer deposits (£bn)	142.9	16.4	131.1	25.3	26.9	3.8	8.1	354.5
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	31.5	16.9	84.3	9.4	7.0	53.1	0.5	202.7
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	32.2	17.4	88.9	9.4	7.0	56.5	0.9	212.3
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	24.5	3.0	10.7	1.9	1.7	5.7	23.4	70.9
nm = not meaningful								

Notes:

- (1) Central items include unallocated transactions which principally comprise volatile items under IFRS and RMBS related charges.
- (2) RBS's CET 1 target is around 14% but for the purposes of computing segmental return on equity (ROE), to better reflect the differential drivers of capital usage, segmental operating profit after tax and adjusted for preference dividends is divided by notional equity allocated at different rates of 15% (Ulster Bank RoI, 14% prior to Q1 2019), 12% (Commercial Banking), 13% (Private Banking, 13.5% prior to Q1 2019), 16% (RBS International 12% prior to Q4 2017)) and 15% for all other segments, of the monthly average of segmental risk-weighted assets incorporating the effect of capital deductions (RWAes). RBS return on equity is calculated using profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders.
- (3) Operating lease depreciation included in income (Q1 2019 £34 million; Q4 2018 £32 million; Q1 2018 £31 million).
- (4) Loan impairment rate is calculated as the annualised charge for the period as a proportion of gross customer loans.

Condensed consolidated income statement for the period ended 31 March 2019 (unaudited)

	Quarter ended				
	31 March	31 December	31 March		
	2019	2018	2018		
	£m	£m	£m		
Interest receivable	2,747	2,825	2,702		
Interest payable	(714)	(649)	(556)		
Net interest income (1)	2,033	2,176	2,146		
Fees and commissions receivable	905	785	813		
Fees and commissions payable	(244)	(190)	(207)		
Income from trading activities	224	161	465		
Other operating income	119	126	85		
Non-interest income	1,004	882	1,156		
Total income	3,037	3,058	3,302		
Staff costs	(1,011)	(1,014)	(1,055)		
Premises and equipment	(265)	(411)	(370)		
Other administrative expenses	(418)	(851)	(399)		
Depreciation and amortisation	(244)	(187)	(163)		
Write down of other intangible assets	-	(6)	(24)		
Operating expenses	(1,938)	(2,469)	(2,011)		
Profit before impairment losses	1,099	589	1,291		
Impairment losses	(86)	(17)	(78)		
Operating profit before tax	1,013	572	1,213		
Tax charge	(216)	(118)	(313)		
Profit for the period	797	454	900		
Attributable to:					
Ordinary shareholders	707	304	808		
Other owners	100	164	85		
Non-controlling interests	(10)	(14)	7		
Earnings per ordinary share	5.9p	2.5p	6.8p		
Earnings per ordinary share - fully diluted	5.8p	2.5p	6.7p		

Note:

(1) Negative interest on loans is reported as interest payable. Negative interest on customer deposits is reported as interest receivable.