PRIMEDIA INC Form 10-Q November 14, 2001

FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 or 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For Quarter Ended: September 30, 2001

Commission file number: 1-11106

PRIMEDIA INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 13-3647573

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

745 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York

(Address of principal executive offices)

10151 ----(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (212) 745-0100

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes |X| No |\_|

Number of shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding as of October 31, 2001: 244,527,417

The aggregate market value of the common equity of PRIMEDIA Inc. which is held by non-affiliates of PRIMEDIA Inc. at October 31, 2001 was approximately \$175.4 million.

PRIMEDIA Inc.

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# PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	Sept	ember 2001	30,	Dece	ember 200
	(do	ollars per		ousand amour	•
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,	508	\$	2
Accounts receivable, net		323,	676		26
Inventories, net		55,	457		2
Net assets held for sale		20,	677		
Prepaid expenses and other		71,	092		4
Total current assets		481,	410		36
Property and equipment, net		191,	497		17
Other intangible assets, net		656,	982		50
Excess of purchase price over net assets acquired, net		1,836,	006		1,14
Deferred income tax asset, net		135,	000		13

Other investments Other non-current assets		71,002 93,677		26 8
	\$	3,465,574	 \$	 2 <b>,</b> 67
		========		=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY) Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	115,807	\$	12
Accrued interest payable		43,004		1
Accrued expenses and other		258,824		22
Deferred revenues		222,954		23
Current maturities of long-term debt		7 <b>,</b> 922		11
Total current liabilities		648,511		71
Long-term debt		2,026,734		1,50
Deferred revenues		49,059		11
Other non-current liabilities		 35 <b>,</b> 973		 2
		, 		
Exchangeable preferred stock		562 <b>,</b> 549		56 
Shareholders' equity (deficiency):				
Series J convertible preferred stock Common stock (\$.01 par value, 251,995,110 shares and 167,798,702 shares issued at September 30, 2001 and December		115,507		
31, 2000, respectively)  Additional paid-in capital (including warrants of \$26,390 at		2,520		
September 30, 2001)		2,281,585		1,36
Accumulated deficit		(2,146,249)		(1,60
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(5,689)		(
Unearned compensation		(30,061)		
Common stock in treasury, at cost (7,467,693 shares and 0 shares at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively)		(74,865)		
Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)		142,748		(23
		2 465 574		2 67
	\$ ==:	3,465,574 =====	\$ ==:	2 <b>,</b> 67 =====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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# PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2001		200

(dollars in thousands, ex per share amounts

Sales, net	\$	1,290,906	\$	1,23
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of goods sold		324,757		29
Marketing and selling		318,812		28
Distribution, circulation and fulfillment		214,046		18
Editorial		116,861		9
Other general expenses		184,770		16
Corporate administrative expenses (excluding \$60,167 and \$19,500 of non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges in 2001				
and 2000, respectively)		24,339		2
Depreciation of property and equipment		46,710		3
Amortization of intangible assets, excess of purchase				
price over net assets acquired and other		242,662		9
Non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges		60,167		2
Provision for severance, closures and integration costs		28,135		1
Gain on sales of businesses and other, net		(433)		(2
Operating income (loss)		(269,920)		1
Other income (expense):		(00 400)		
Provision for the impairment of investments		(88, 492)		
Interest expense		(106, 403)		(10
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(10,007)		(
Other, net		(28 <b>,</b> 535)		
Net loss		(503, 357)		(8
Preferred stock dividends and related accretion		(42,295)		(3
Loss applicable to common shareholders	\$	(545,652)	\$	(12
			===	
Basic and diluted loss applicable to common shareholders per		/a		
common share	\$ ===	(2.62)	\$ ===	
Basic and diluted common shares outstanding (weighted average)	<u></u>	208,061,160		158 <b>,</b> 97
Dabio and direct common bhares outstanding (weighted average)		=======		=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended
September 30,

2001 20

(dollars in thousands, per share amounts

Sales, net	\$	418,623	\$
Operating costs and expenses:			
Cost of goods sold		110,280	
Marketing and selling		100,397	
Distribution, circulation and fulfillment		75 <b>,</b> 097	
Editorial		39 <b>,</b> 150	
Other general expenses		60,002	
Corporate administrative expenses (excluding \$47,440 and \$2,354 of non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges in 2001			
and 2000, respectively)		8,249	
Depreciation of property and equipment		15 <b>,</b> 865	
Amortization of intangible assets, excess of purchase			
price over net assets acquired and other		124,924	
Non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges		47,440	
Provision for severance, closures and integration costs		15 <b>,</b> 633	
Loss on sales of businesses and other, net		70	
Operating loss Other expense:		(178,484)	
Provision for the impairment of investments		(57,684)	
Interest expense		(39,549)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(944)	
Other, net		(1,208)	
Net loss		(277 <b>,</b> 869)	
Preferred stock dividends and related accretion		(14,948)	
Loss applicable to common shareholders	 \$	(292,817)	 \$
	===		=====
Basic and diluted loss applicable to common shareholders per common share	\$	(1.29)	\$
Common Share		(1.23)	=====
Basic and diluted common shares outstanding (weighted average)	2	27,640,526	166,
	===		=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Nine M Sept

2001 -----(dollars

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss

\$ (503,357

Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in	
operating activities	400,090
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(44 <b>,</b> 263
Net cash used in operating activities	(147,530
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Additions to property, equipment and other, net	(39,139
Proceeds from sales of businesses and other, net	6 <b>,</b> 731
Payments for businesses acquired, net of cash acquired	(432,035
Payments for other investments	(15 <b>,</b> 248
Net cash used in investing activities	(479 <b>,</b> 691
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Borrowings under credit agreements	1,384,700
Repayments of borrowings under credit agreements	(1,450,700
Proceeds from issuance of 87/8% Senior Notes, net	492,685
Payments of acquisition obligation	(8,833
Proceeds from issuances of common stock, net of redemptions Proceeds from issuance of Series J Convertible Preferred	130,100
Proceeds from issuance of Series J Convertible Preferred  Stock and related warrant	125 000
Taxes paid associated with stock option exercises	125 <b>,</b> 000 
Purchases of common stock for the treasury	
Dividends paid to preferred stock shareholders	(39,795
Deferred financing costs paid	(16,790
Other	(2,328
Net cash provided by financing activities	614 <b>,</b> 039
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	(13,182 23,690
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 10,508 ======
Supplemental information:	
Cash interest paid	\$ 82 <b>,</b> 360
Businesses acquired:	========
Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 1,478,287
Less: Liabilities assumed	236,213
Less: Stock and stock option consideration for About.com, Inc. acquisition Less: Cash acquired in connection with the About.com, Inc. acquisition	700,549 109,490
Payments for businesses acquired, net of cash acquired	\$ (432,035 ======
Non-cash activities:	
Stock option exercise transactions	\$
Exchange of the Company's common shares and stock options for all	\$ 700,549
outstanding shares and stock options of About.com, Inc.	\$ 700,549 ======
Exchange of the Company's common shares for common shares of CMGI, Inc.	\$
	========

Exchange of the Company's common shares for common shares of

Internet Gift Registries

Conversion of the Company's investment in About.com, Inc. common shares held prior to the merger date into the Company's treasury stock

Compensatory common shares and stock options issued in connection with About.com, Inc. acquisition

Issuance of warrants in connection with EMAP, Inc. acquisition and related financing

Accretion in carrying value of preferred stock

Advertising-for-equity transactions

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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### PRIMEDIA INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

PRIMEDIA Inc., together with its subsidiaries, is herein referred to as either "PRIMEDIA" or the "Company." In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2000, which is included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000. The operating results for the nine and three-month periods ended September 30 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. Certain amounts in the prior periods' consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the presentation as of and for the nine and three-month periods ended September 30, 2001.

### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In April 2001, the Emerging Issue Task Force ("EITF") issued EITF Consensus No. 00-25, "Accounting for Consideration from a Vendor to a Retailer in Connection with the Purchase or Promotion of a Vendor's Products," which addresses whether consideration from a vendor to a reseller of the vendor's products is an adjustment to the selling price or the cost of the product. The EITF consensus must be adopted no later than January 1, 2002. The Company is currently determining the impact of this new consensus.

On June 29, 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") unanimously voted in favor of two new statements, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, "Business Combinations," and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." SFAS No. 141 requires that all business combinations be accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, eliminates the use of the pooling-of-interests method and requires that the purchase method be used for business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and certain intangible assets no longer be

\$ 27,523

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6,457

amortized to earnings and that goodwill and intangible assets be reviewed for impairment. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill acquired in a business combination completed after June 30, 2001 (that is, the date of acquisition is July 1, 2001 or later) will not be amortized. The amortization of goodwill for previous acquisitions will cease upon adoption of the SFAS No. 142, which will be January 1, 2002. We are currently determining the impact of SFAS No. 142 on our existing goodwill and intangible assets. The acquisition of the publishing business of EMAP, Inc. ("EMAP") from EMAP America Partners is being accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 141 and any goodwill which arises from the acquisition has not and will not be amortized in accordance with SFAS No 142.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 requires entities to record the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred. The provisions of SFAS No. 143 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 143 beginning in the first quarter of 2003. The Company believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 143 will not have a material impact on its results of operations or financial position.

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 144 supercedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of." The primary objectives of SFAS No. 144 were to develop one accounting model based on the framework established in SFAS No. 121, and to address significant implementation issues. The provisions of SFAS No. 144 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company is required to adopt SFAS No. 144 by the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of SFAS No. 144 on its results of operations and financial position.

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### BARTER TRANSACTIONS

The Company trades advertisements in its traditional and online properties in exchange for trade show space and booths and advertising in properties of other companies. Revenue and related expenses from barter transactions are recorded at fair value in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force No. 99-17, "Accounting for Advertising Barter Transactions." Revenue from barter transactions is recognized in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policies. Expense from barter transactions is generally recognized as incurred. For the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, revenue and expense from barter transactions were approximately \$35,000 and \$2,000, respectively.

### 2. ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

On February 28, 2001, the Company completed its merger with About.com, Inc. ("About"). About is a platform comprised of a network of more than 400 highly targeted topic-specific websites. Through the efforts of knowledgeable human guides who manage the sites, the sites provide high-quality original articles, moderated forums and chat rooms and links to related websites. This merger creates an integrated traditional and new media company, providing a vast array of marketing solutions to advertisers and niche content to users.

Under terms of the merger agreement, shareholders of About received approximately 45,000,000 shares of the Company or 2.3409 Company shares for each About share. The preliminary purchase cost allocations for the About acquisition is subject to adjustment and will be finalized once additional information concerning asset and liability valuations is obtained. An

independent appraisal will be completed during 2001 and will be used to allocate the purchase price to identifiable intangibles. The final asset and liability fair values may differ from those set forth on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2001. The excess of purchase price over net assets acquired related to the About merger is being amortized over an estimated useful life of three years. The Company believes that a three-year life is responsive to the rapid rate of change in the Internet industry and is consistent with other recent mergers of a comparable nature. The Company has determined that the value of its shares of common stock issued is \$11.81 per share, based on the weighted-average market values for the two days prior and two days succeeding the acquisition announcement date. The fair value of the vested and unvested options issued was determined using a Black Scholes pricing model. The following is a summary of the calculation of the purchase price, as well as the allocation of purchase price to the fair value of net assets acquired:

Total number of shares of PRIMEDIA common stock issued to consummate the merger	4	4,951,034
Fair value per share of PRIMEDIA common stock	\$	11.81
Value of shares of PRIMEDIA common stock issued		530 <b>,</b> 872
Fair value of replacement options issued (13,383,579 options)		102,404
Less: Unearned compensation relating to unvested options		(7,592)
Cost of About shares acquired prior to the merger converted to treasury stock		74 <b>,</b> 865
Direct merger costs		12,000
8		
Total purchase price		712,549
Less: Fair value of net tangible assets of About		168 <b>,</b> 744
Excess of purchase price over net assets acquired and intangible assets	\$	543,805

In addition, in connection with the acquisition, the Company issued shares of restricted stock and below- market stock options to two key executives of About which resulted in unearned compensation of \$51,235 at the merger completion date. These shares and options vest over four years and will result in non-cash compensation expense as earned over the vesting period (see Note 7).

On August 24, 2001, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of the publishing business of EMAP from EMAP America Partners. EMAP publishes more than 60 consumer titles reaching over 75 million enthusiasts through a combination of magazines, network and cable television shows, web sites and live consumer events. The acquisition of EMAP is expected to strengthen the Company's

unique mix of category specific endemic advertising as well as circulation revenue which is an increasingly important component of the Company's financial model. Further, this acquisition advances PRIMEDIA to the number two spot in the magazine industry in revenue and single copy sales, and further cements the Company's position as the number one producer of magazine editorial and advertising pages each month. The total consideration was \$525,000 comprised of \$515,000 in cash, including working capital and other settlements of \$10,000 and a warrant to acquire 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The fair value of the warrant was approximately \$10,000 and was determined using a Black Scholes pricing model.

The Company has financed the acquisition of EMAP by (1) issuing \$125,000 of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock to KKR 1996 Fund (a partnership associated with Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. L.P., a related party of the Company) and (2) drawing upon its revolving credit facility in an amount of approximately \$265,000. In addition, KKR 1996 Fund purchased from the Company \$125,000 of common stock and Series K Convertible Preferred Stock, both at a price per share equal to \$4.70. This resulted in an additional 10,800,000 shares of common stock and 15,795,745 shares of Series K Convertible Preferred Stock. On September 27,2001, KKR 1996 Fund converted all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Series K Convertible Preferred Stock into 15,795,745 shares of the Company's common stock.

The Series J Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holder one year from the date of issuance, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$125,000 divided by \$7 per share, subject to adjustment. Dividends on the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock accrue at an annual rate of 12.5% and are payable quarterly in kind. The Company has the option to redeem any or all of the shares of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock at any time for cash at 100% of the liquidation preference of each share being redeemed. On any dividend payment date, the Company has the option to exchange the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock into 12.5% Class J Subordinated Notes. The Company's ability to redeem or exchange the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock into debt is subject to the approval of a majority of the independent directors.

In connection with the equity financing by KKR 1996 Fund, the Company paid KKR 1996 Fund a commitment fee consisting of warrants to purchase 1,250,000 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$7 per share, subject to adjustment, and a funding fee consisting of warrants to purchase an additional 2,620,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7 per share, subject to adjustment. These warrants may be exercised after the first anniversary of the grant date. In addition, the Company may issue to KKR 1996 Fund additional warrants to purchase up to 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7 per share, subject to adjustment. The issuance of the additional 4,000,000 warrants is contingent upon the length of time that the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock is outstanding. If the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock is outstanding for three, six, nine or twelve months from the date of issuance, KKR 1996 Fund will receive the warrants to purchase 250,000, 1 million, 1.25 million and 1.5 million shares of common stock, respectively. The financial statements do not reflect the issuance of the additional 4,000,000 contingent warrants. Upon issuance, the Company would value these contingent warrants

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using the Black Scholes pricing model and would deduct the ascribed value as a component of the loss applicable to common shareholders.

The 1,250,000 warrants issued to KKR 1996 Fund represent a commitment fee

related to the financing transaction as a whole. The Company valued these warrants at \$5,622 using the Black Scholes pricing model and recorded them as a component of additional paid-in capital.

The Company attributed the 2,620,000 funding warrants to the issuance of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock. The Company valued these warrants at \$10,768 using the Black Scholes pricing model and has accordingly reduced the face value of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock. The Company is accreting the difference between the carrying value and the redemption value of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock to additional paid in capital over a one year period as the earliest date at which the preferred stock is convertible is one year from the date of issuance.

The following is a summary of the calculation of the purchase price, as described above, as well as the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the net assets acquired:

Purchase consideration
(including working captial and other settlements)

Add: Fair value of net tangible liabilities of EMAP

1,053

Total excess of purchase price over net assets acquired and intangible assets

\$526,053

The purchase price has been allocated based on management's best estimate of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the historical financial statements of EMAP. The excess purchase price over the fair value of net tangible liabilities acquired has been allocated to other intangibles and goodwill based on an analysis of the Company's past experience with similar acquisitions. Of the total excess of purchase price over net assets acquired and intangible assets, \$368,237 has been allocated to excess of purchase price over net assets acquired which will not be amortized under SFAS No. 142 and \$157,816 has been allocated to other intangible assets, which is being amortized over a 15 year period. This adjustment is based upon preliminary estimates to reflect the allocation of purchase consideration to the acquired assets and liabilities of EMAP and does not include an estimate for direct acquisition costs likely to be incurred in the future. The final allocation of the purchase consideration will be determined based on an independent appraisal and a comprehensive final evaluation of the fair values and useful lives of EMAP's tangible assets acquired, identifiable intangible assets and excess of purchase price over net assets acquired at the time of the acquisition. The final determination may result in asset and liability fair values and useful lives that are different than the preliminary estimates of these amounts.

The About and EMAP transactions are being accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. The Company's consolidated results of operations includes results of operations of About and EMAP from their respective dates of acquisition. The results of About and EMAP are included in the Company's consumer segment. The unaudited pro forma information below presents the consolidated results of operations as if the About and EMAP acquisitions had occurred as of January 1, 2000. The unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2000 include EMAP results for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2000. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, these pro forma adjustments assume that none of the goodwill associated with the EMAP acquisition will be amortized. The unaudited pro forma information

has been included for comparative purposes and is not indicative of the results of operations of the  $\,$ 

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consolidated Company had the transactions occurred as of January 1, 2000, nor is it necessarily indicative of future results.

	N	ine Months Ende	d Septe	mber	
		2001		200	
		(dollars in tho per shar			
Sales, net	\$	1,487,675	\$	1,5	
Loss applicable to common shareholders	\$	(649,126)	\$	(3	
Basic and diluted loss applicable to common shareholders per common share	\$	(2.68)	\$		
Weighted average shares used in basic and diluted loss applicable to common shareholders per common share	2	242,552,948	2	28,7	
	Tl	nree Months End	led Sept	embe	
		2001		2	
	(0	dollars in thou per shar			
Sales, net	\$	470 <b>,</b> 299	\$	5	
Loss applicable to common shareholders	\$	(291,045)	\$	(1	
Basic and diluted loss applicable to common shareholders per common share	\$	(1.18)	\$		
Weighted average shares used in basic and diluted loss applicable to common shareholders per common share	2	246,233,030	2	36,8	

In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the Company completed several other smaller acquisitions. These smaller acquisitions are not material to the proforma disclosures above and are therefore not included therein.

In April 2001, the Company completed the sale of QWIZ, Inc. for \$7,000 of cash. The related gain on the sale of QWIZ, Inc. approximates \$300 and is included in (gain) loss on sales of businesses and other, net on the accompanying condensed statement of consolidated operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2001.

### 3. INVENTORIES, NET

Inventories consist of the following:

	Sept	ember 30, 2001	Dece	mber 31, 2000
Finished goods Work in process Raw materials	\$	8,287 123 48,432	\$	10,556 78 21,233
Less: Allowance for obsolescence		56,842 1,385		31,867
	\$ ====	55 <b>,</b> 457	\$	28,681

### 4. OTHER INVESTMENTS

Other investments consist of the following:

	Sept	ember 30, 2001	Dec	December 31, 2000		
Cost method investments	\$	53,061	\$	161,433		
Equity method investments		13,905		73,703		
Available-for-sale securities		4,036		19,708		
Advances and other				10,624		
	\$	71,002	\$	265,468		
	====		===			

Available-for-sale securities consist of the following:

		Cost	Ga	alized ins	Los	alized sses		Market Value
At September 30, 2001	\$	4,036	\$ =====		\$		\$ ====	4 <b>,</b> 036
At December 31, 2000	\$ ====	19,015	\$ =====	693	\$ =====		\$	19 <b>,</b> 708

In the first quarter of 2000, the Company sold two investments in marketable securities for total proceeds of \$11,279 and realized a gain of \$10,689, which is included in gain on sales of businesses and other, net on the accompanying condensed statement of consolidated operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2000. The Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$693 and \$219,364 for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively, related to

investments in marketable securities. The unrealized gains and losses are recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) ("OCI") within shareholders' equity (deficiency) (see Note 9). In addition, for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the Company recorded realized losses of \$7,029 and \$658 related to its investment in CMGI, Inc. and Liberty Digital. Inc, respectively, as the decline in the market value of the investment was deemed to be other than temporary.

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### ASSETS-FOR-EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

During 2000, the Company began making strategic investments in companies ("Investees") which included various assets-for-equity transactions. Under these transactions, the Company provides promotional services, such as print advertising, content licensing, customer lists, online advertising and other services in exchange for equity in these entities. Additionally, the Company made cash investments in certain of these Investees. The Company's investments in Investees, included in other investments on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, totaled approximately \$49,000 (approximately \$38,000 representing cost method investments and, approximately \$11,000representing equity method investments) and \$213,000 (approximately \$140,000 representing cost method investments and approximately \$73,000 representing equity method investments) at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively. At December 31, 2000, \$67,000 of these cost method investments represented assets-for-equity transactions with About which were eliminated in consolidation upon the completion of the merger. Including advances to the Investees, approximately \$10,500 and \$39,000 of the investment as of September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively, was in cash. The remainder represents advertising, content licensing and other services to be rendered by the Company in exchange for the equity in these entities. The Company recognizes these amounts as revenue in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policies. During the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, the Company recorded revenue from these agreements approximating \$51,000 and \$11,000, respectively. The 2001 revenue amount includes revenue from the Company's transactions with About for the first two months of 2001 (approximately 40% of total) as well as revenue from the Company's equity method Investees. At September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively, approximately \$20,000 and \$146,000 relating to these agreements is included as deferred revenues on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

These transactions are recorded at the fair value of the equity securities received. As an observable market price does not exist for equity securities of private companies, estimates of fair value of such securities are more subjective than for securities of public companies. For significant transactions involving equity securities in private companies, the Company obtains and considers independent third-party valuations where appropriate. Such valuations use a variety of methodologies to estimate fair value, including comparing the security with the securities of publicly traded companies in similar lines of business, comparing the nature of security, price, and related terms of investors in the same round of financing, applying price multiples to estimated future operating results for the private company, and then also estimating discounted cash flows for that company. Using these valuations and other information available to the Company, such as the Company's knowledge of the industry and knowledge of specific information about the Investee, the Company determines the estimated fair value of the securities received. As required by EITF No. 00-8, "Accounting by a Grantee for an Equity Instrument to Be Received in Conjunction with Providing Goods and Services," the fair value of the equity securities received is determined as of the earlier of the date a performance

commitment is reached or the vesting date.

The Company continually evaluates all of its investments for potential impairment in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of". If an investment is deemed to be permanently impaired, its carrying value will be reduced to fair market value. During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the Company recorded a provision for impairment of its investments in certain Investees of \$73,000 as the decline in value of the investments was deemed to be other than temporary.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively, the Company recorded approximately \$31,000 and \$0 of equity method losses from Investees, which is included in other, net on the accompanying condensed statements of consolidated operations and consolidated cash flows, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively, the Company recognized approximately \$7,200 and \$0 of revenue related to the equity method Investees.

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### INVESTMENTS IN ABOUT

In 2000, the Company entered into additional business arrangements with About whereby the Company has provided or will provide approximately \$89,000 of advertising and promotional services, over a five-year period, in exchange for an aggregate of 2,873,595 shares of common stock of About. In addition, prior to the merger, the Company had purchased 316,500 shares of About on the open market for approximately \$7,800. The Company and About have also entered into certain agreements pursuant to which the Company has agreed to purchase advertising and promotional sales on the About network. These agreements provide for payments to About in the aggregate of \$15,900. At the merger completion date, these agreements became intercompany agreements, resulting in the elimination of the About investment and deferred revenue balances with all future activity to be eliminated in consolidation. At December 31, 2000, the Company's total investment in About, including assets-for-equity transactions and open market purchases, approximated \$74,000.

### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	September 30, 2001	December 31, 2000		
Borrowings under credit facilities	\$ 864,000	\$ 930,000		
10 1/4% Senior Notes due 2004	100,000	100,000		
8 1/2% Senior Notes due 2006	299 <b>,</b> 321	299 <b>,</b> 226		
7 5/8% Senior Notes due 2008	248 <b>,</b> 977	248,879		
8 7/8% Senior Notes due 2011	492,859			
	2,005,157	1,578,105		
Obligation under capital leases	29,499	31,478		
Acquisition obligation payable		9,070		
	2,034,656	1,618,653		

Less: Current maturities of long-term debt 7,922

7,922 115,465 ------\$ 2,026,734 \$ 1,503,188 ------

#### 8 7/8% SENIOR NOTES DUE 2011

On May 8, 2001, the Company completed an offering of \$500,000 of 8 7/8% Senior Notes. Proceeds from this offering were used to repay borrowings under the revolving credit facilities. The 8 7/8% Senior Notes mature on May 15, 2011, with no sinking fund requirements, and have interest payable semi-annually in May and November at an annual rate of 8 7/8%. The 8 7/8% Senior Notes are fully, unconditionally and jointly and severally guaranteed by each of the Company's domestic restricted subsidiaries. The notes are secured by a pledge of stock of PRIMEDIA Companies Inc., an intermediate holding company, owned directly by the Company, which owns all shares of PRIMEDIA subsidiaries. Beginning in 2006, the 8 7/8% Senior Notes are redeemable at 104.438% with annual reductions to 100% in 2009 plus accrued and unpaid interest.

If the Company becomes subject to a change of control, each holder of the notes will have the right to require the Company to purchase any or all of the notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase.

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### NEW CREDIT AGREEMENT

On June 20, 2001, the Company completed a refinancing of its existing bank credit facilities pursuant to new bank credit facilities with The Chase Manhattan Bank, Bank of America, N.A., The Bank of New York, and The Bank of Nova Scotia, as agents. The debt under the new credit agreement (as well as certain of the Company's other equally and ratably secured indebtedness) is secured by a pledge of the stock of PRIMEDIA Companies Inc. Borrowings under the bank credit facilities are guaranteed by each of the Company's wholly owned domestic restricted subsidiaries. The guarantees are full, unconditional and joint and several. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries, which primarily represent Internet assets and businesses, including About.com, investment properties and foreign subsidiaries, are not guarantors of the bank credit facilities.

The borrowings under the bank credit facilities may be used for general corporate and working capital purposes as well as to finance certain future acquisitions. The bank credit facilities consist of the following:

- a \$475,000 revolving loan facility, of which \$339,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2001;
- o a term loan A, of which \$100,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2001; and
- o a term loan B, of which \$425,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2001.

As of September 30, 2001, the Company had \$864,000 borrowings outstanding, \$27,090 letters of credit outstanding and unused bank commitments of approximately \$110,600 under the bank credit facilities.

With the exception of the term loan B, the amounts borrowed bear interest, at the Company's option, at either the base rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 0.125% to 1.5% or the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.125% to 2.5%. Additionally, until the Company issues financial

statements for the period ending December 31, 2001, the applicable margin for the amounts borrowed will be a minimum of 0.75% for the base rate option and 1.75% for the Eurodollar rate option. The term loan B bears interest at the base rate plus 1.75% or LIBOR plus 2.75%. At September 30, 2001, the weighted average variable interest rate on all outstanding borrowings under the bank credit facilities was 5.63%.

Under the bank credit facilities, the Company has agreed to pay commitment fees at a per annum rate of either 0.375% or 0.5%, depending on its debt to EBITDA ratio, as defined in the new credit agreement, on the daily average aggregate unutilized commitment under the revolving loan commitment. The Company also has agreed to pay certain fees with respect to the issuance of letters of credit and an annual administration fee.

The commitments under the revolving loan commitment are subject to mandatory reductions semi-annually on June 30 and December 31, commencing December 31, 2004 with the final reduction on June 30, 2008. The aggregate mandatory reductions of the revolving loan commitments under the bank credit facilities are \$23,750 in 2004, \$47,500 in 2005, \$71,250 in 2006, \$142,500 in 2007 and a final reduction of \$190,000 in 2008. To the extent that the total revolving credit loans outstanding exceed the reduced commitment amount, these loans must be paid down to an amount equal to or less than the reduced commitment amount. However, if the total revolving credit loans outstanding do not exceed the reduced commitment amount, then there is no requirement to pay down any of the revolving credit loans. Aggregate term loan payments under the bank credit facilities are \$2,125 in 2001, \$4,250 in 2002 and 2003, \$16,750 in 2004, \$29,250 in 2005, 2006 and 2007, \$16,750 in 2008 and \$393,125 in 2009.

The bank credit facilities, among other things, limit the Company's ability to change the nature of its businesses, incur indebtedness, create liens, sell assets, engage in mergers, consolidations or transactions with affiliates, make investments in or loans to certain subsidiaries, issue guarantees and make certain restricted payments including dividend payments on

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the Company's common stock in excess of \$75,000 in any given year. Under the most restrictive debt covenants, the Company must maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio of 1.80 to 1 and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.05 to 1. The Company's maximum allowable debt leverage ratio is 6.0 to 1. The maximum leverage ratio decreases to 5.75 to 1, 5.5 to 1, 5.0 to 1 and 4.5 to 1, respectively, on July 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, January 1, 2005 and January 1, 2006. The minimum interest coverage ratio increases to 2.0 to 1, 2.25 to 1 and 2.5 to 1, respectively, on July 1, 2003, January 1, 2004 and January 1, 2005.

As a result of the refinancing of the Company's existing bank credit facilities, the Company wrote-off the remaining balances of deferred financing costs originally recorded. This amount is included in amortization of deferred financing costs on the accompanying condensed statement of consolidated operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2001.

### 6. EXCHANGEABLE PREFERRED STOCK

Exchangeable Preferred Stock consists of the following:

September 30, December 31, 2001 2000

\$10.00 Series D Exchangeable Preferred Stock \$9.20 Series F Exchangeable Preferred Stock \$8.625 Series H Exchangeable Preferred Stock	\$	196,543 121,676 244,330	\$	196,133 121,361 243,830
	 \$ ====	562 <b>,</b> 549	 \$ ====	561,324

### \$10.00 SERIES D EXCHANGEABLE PREFERRED STOCK

The Company authorized 2,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value \$10.00 Series D Exchangeable Preferred Stock, all of which was issued and outstanding at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000. The liquidation and redemption value at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 was \$200,000.

# \$9.20 SERIES F EXCHANGEABLE PREFERRED STOCK

The Company authorized 1,250,000 shares of \$.01 par value \$9.20 Series F Exchangeable Preferred Stock, all of which was issued and outstanding at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000. The liquidation and redemption value at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 was \$125,000.

### \$8.625 SERIES H EXCHANGEABLE PREFERRED STOCK

The Company authorized 2,500,000 shares of \$.01 par value \$8.625 Series H Exchangeable Preferred Stock, all of which was issued and outstanding at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000. The liquidation and redemption value at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 was \$250,000.

### 7. NON-CASH COMPENSATION AND NON-RECURRING CHARGES

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the Company recorded \$60,167 of non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges relating primarily to the commitments related to the About acquisition. These non-cash compensation charges consist of a \$15,565 charge related to certain restricted stock and option grants to key executives of About, a \$2,352 charge related to the intrinsic value of unvested "in-the-money" options issued in connection with the About merger, an \$1,104 charge related to the vesting of stock in connection with an acquisition and a \$10,849 charge related to

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a non-cash severance arrangement with a key executive. These non-recurring charges consist of a \$28,611 charge related to arrangements with certain executives of About and a \$1,686 charge related to non-recurring compensation arrangements with certain senior executives.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, the Company recorded \$26,900 of non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges primarily relating to the hiring and retention of certain key executives. These non-cash compensation charges consist of a \$7,062 pro-rata charge related to 1,380,711 shares of common stock granted to a senior executive in 1999, and a \$12,438 charge related to the extension of stock option expiration periods for a senior executive during the first quarter of 2000. During the second quarter of 2000, the Company recorded \$7,400 of non-cash non-recurring charges relating to the recoverability of certain assets of our business-to-business segment.

### 8. PROVISION FOR SEVERANCE, CLOSURES AND INTEGRATION COSTS

During 2001 and 2000, the Company implemented plans to integrate the Company and

consolidate many back office functions. The Company expects that these plans will continue to result in future savings. All integration charges were expensed as incurred. \$6,477 and \$2,173 of integration costs primarily related to the About merger and Company-wide integration efforts have been reclassified to other general expenses in the accompanying condensed statement of consolidated operations for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2001, respectively. A summary of the status of these plans as of September 30, 2001 is presented below.

### 2001 PLAN

With the acquisition of About coupled with other cost initiatives, during the first quarter of 2001, the Company announced the details of plans that would continue to implement and expand upon the initiatives enacted during 2000. In the first quarter of 2001, the Company recorded a severance and closure charge of \$3,034 and integration costs of \$3,453, and in the second quarter of 2001, the Company recorded a severance and closure charge of \$4,535 and integration costs of \$5,784. The Company continued to implement these initiatives in the third quarter of 2001, recording severance and closure charges of \$14,967 and integration costs of \$2,839. Details of the initiatives implemented in the nine months ended September 30, 2001 are presented in the following table:

For the	Nine	Months	Ended	and	as	of	September	30,	2001
---------	------	--------	-------	-----	----	----	-----------	-----	------

_	Provision		Ending Liability
Severance and closures: Employee-related termination costs Termination of leases	\$ 15,776	\$ 5,748	\$ 10,028
related to office closures	3,434	314	3,120
Termination of Contracts		1,517	
	22,536	7 <b>,</b> 579	
<pre>Integration:    Consulting services Relocation, recruiting     and other employee costs Other</pre>	6,025 5,306 745	5,669 5,306 625	356  120
	17		
	12,076	11,600	476
Total severance, closures and integration costs	\$ 34,612 ======	•	•

A significant portion of the remaining costs are expected to be paid during the remainder of 2001 with the balance, primarily related to leases, to be paid through 2006. The Company is currently developing additional initiatives aimed largely at the consolidation of certain functions and the further integration of the Company, including initiatives attributable to the consummation of the EMAP acquisition, and accordingly expects to record additional severance, closures and integration charges during the fourth quarter of 2001.

### 2000 PLAN

During 2000, the Company announced the implementation of a plan to integrate the Company and consolidate many back office functions. Details of the 2001 payments related to the initiatives implemented during 2000 are presented in the following table:

	Liability as of	Payments during the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001	_
Severance and closures: Employee-related			
termination contract costs Termination of	\$ 7,063	\$ 5,871	\$ 1,192
contracts	1,519	127	1,392
Termination of leases			
related to office closures	1,531	150	1,381
Other	96	68	28
	10,209	6,216	3,993
Integration:			
Consulting services Relocation, recruiting	498	498	
and other employee costs	462	458	4
	960		 4
	960	956 	
Total severance, closures and			
integration costs	\$11 <b>,</b> 169	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 172	\$ 3,997
	======	=====	======

The majority of the remaining costs incurred in connection with the 2000 plan are expected to be paid by the end of 2001 with the balance to be paid through the end of 2003.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, the Company recorded approximately \$7,700 of integration costs relating to a management reorganization. These integration costs consisted of approximately \$5,500 for consultants related to sourcing and integration initiatives, approximately \$1,500 related to recruiting for senior executives hired during the first nine months of 2000 and approximately \$700 related to other costs.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, in conjunction with these plans, the Company recorded a pre-tax severance and closure charge of approximately \$11,300. The charge recorded on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations, is comprised of the following: approximately \$7,400 of severance and other employee costs, approximately \$2,000 of lease obligations, approximately \$1,700 of contract termination costs related to pre-press and licensing agreements and approximately \$200 of other exit costs.

As a result of the 2000 and 2001 plans already put in place, the Company will close and consolidate in excess of fifteen office locations and will terminate approximately 1,000 individuals. All individuals who will be terminated under these plans have been notified. As of September 30, 2001, approximately 985 of those individuals have been terminated.

The liabilities representing the provision for severance, closures and integration costs are included in accrued expenses and other on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### 9. COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Comprehensive loss for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 is presented in the following tables:

		Nine Month	ns Ended	
	September 30, 2001		_	tember 2000
Net loss Other comprehensive loss:	\$	(503, 357)	\$	(89,
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities SFAS No.133 derivative adjustments Foreign currency translation adjustments		(693) (3,167) (271)		(219,
Total comprehensive loss	\$	(507,488)	\$	(309,
	Sep	Three Mont tember 30, 2001	Sept	tember 2000
Net loss	\$	(277,869)	\$	(43,
Other comprehensive income (loss):     Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities     SFAS No.133 derivative adjustments     Foreign currency translation adjustments		(1,895) 18 155		(46,
Total comprehensive loss	 \$ ===	 (279,591)	\$ ====	(90,

### 10. LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Loss per share for the nine and three-month periods ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 has been determined based on net loss after preferred stock dividends and

related accretion, divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for all periods presented. The effect of the assumed exercise of non-qualified stock options and warrants was not included in the computation of diluted loss per share because the effect of inclusion would be antidilutive.

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### 11. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Effective January 1, 2001, the Company adopted SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No.133, as amended and interpreted, establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities.

SFAS No.133 requires that all derivatives, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value regardless of the purpose or intent for holding them. If a derivative is designated as a fair-value hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative and the hedged item are recognized in earnings. If a derivative is designated as a cash-flow hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative are recorded in OCI and are recognized in the condensed statements of consolidated operations when the hedged item affects earnings. SFAS No.133 defines new requirements for designation and documentation of hedging relationships as well as ongoing effectiveness assessments in order to use hedge accounting. For a derivative that does not qualify as a hedge, changes in fair value are recognized in earnings.

Effective January 1, 2001, the Company recorded approximately \$27 as a cumulative transition adjustment to earnings, which is included in other, net on the condensed statement of consolidated operations, relating to derivatives not designated as hedges prior to the adoption of SFAS No.133, and approximately \$1,247 in OCI as a cumulative transition adjustment for derivatives designated as cash flow-type hedges prior to adopting SFAS No.133.

### INTEREST RATE SWAP CONTRACTS

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, principally interest rate swap contracts, to manage the risks associated with interest rate fluctuations on its floating rate borrowings. Interest rate swap contracts are used to adjust the proportion of total debt that is subject to variable interest rates. Under the terms of its interest rate swap contracts, the Company agrees to pay an amount equal to a specified fixed-rate of interest times a notional principal amount, and to receive in return an amount equal to a specified variable-rate of interest times the same notional principal amount. The notional amounts of the contract are not exchanged. No other cash payments are made unless the contract is terminated prior to maturity, in which case the amount paid or received in settlement is established by agreement at the time of termination, and usually represents the net present value, at current rates of interest, of the remaining obligations to exchange payments under the terms of the contract. Any gains or losses upon early termination of the contracts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the hedged existing debt obligation or the original life of the interest rate swap contract. Interest rate swap contracts are entered into with major financial institutions in order to minimize credit risk. Prior to entering into any interest rate swap contracts, the Company considers, among other things, swap terms including the reference rate, payment and maturity dates and the notional amount in determining if the interest rate swap contract will be effective at modifying an existing debt obligation.

The Company's interest rate swap contracts are considered to be a hedge against

changes in the amount of future cash flows associated with the Company's interest payments. Accordingly, the interest rate swap contracts are reflected at fair value on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet and the related gains and losses on these contracts are deferred in shareholders' equity (deficiency) as a component of OCI. These gains and losses are then amortized as an adjustment to interest expense over the same period in which the related interest payments being hedged are recognized in operations. However, to the extent that any of these contracts are not considered to be perfectly effective in offsetting the change in the value of the interest payments being hedged, any changes in fair value relating to the ineffective portion of these contracts are immediately recognized in income. The net effect of this accounting on the Company's operating results is that interest expense on the portion of variable-rate debt being hedged is generally recorded based on fixed interest rates.

At September 30, 2001, the Company had interest rate swap contracts to pay fixed-rates of interest (average rate of 6.3%) and receive variable-rates of interest (average rate of 3.8%) on \$200,000 of notional amounts of indebtedness, which resulted in approximately 33% of the Company's total debt being subject to variable interest rates. For the nine months

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ended September 30, 2001, the Company's interest rate swap contracts were considered to be highly effective. Accordingly, the increase in fair value of these contracts of \$1,920 for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and the decrease in fair value of these contracts of \$18 for the three months ended September 30, 2001, were deferred and recognized as a component of OCI. As a result of the fact that the Company's interest rate swap contracts are expected to be highly effective in the future, the Company does not expect to reclassify any material amounts from OCI to earnings during the next twelve-month period. The only transaction that would result in such a reclassification would be the cancellation and subsequent unwinding of the interest rate swap contracts.

### NON-HEDGING DERIVATIVES

During 2000, in connection with certain of the Company's strategic investments in Investees, the Company received options and/or warrants representing the Company's right to acquire additional equity interests in certain Investees in exchange for cash, additional advertising space or other services. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, those options/warrants which permit "net settlement" qualify as derivatives. Accordingly, those option/warrant agreements which qualify as derivatives are reflected at fair value on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2001 and the change in fair value of these derivatives are recognized in earnings. For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the decrease in fair value of the non-hedging derivatives was \$9 and for the three months ended September 30, 2001, the increase in fair value of the non-hedging derivatives was \$49 and are included on the condensed statement of consolidated operations as other, net.

### 12. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's operations have been classified into two business segments: consumer and business-to-business. The Company's consumer segment produces and distributes magazines, guides and videos for consumers in various niche markets. The Company's business-to-business segment produces and distributes magazines, books, directories, databases and vocational training materials to business professionals in such fields as communications, agriculture, professional services, media, transportation and healthcare. These segment results are regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision-maker to make

decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. The Company's non-core businesses ("Non-Core Businesses") include QWIZ, Inc., Pictorial, Inc., certain business directories, certain titles of The Business Magazines & Media Group, Consumer Guides, PRIMEDIA Enthusiast Group and the Youth Entertainment Group, and certain other businesses to be divested or discontinued. In addition, the Company has restructured or consolidated several new media properties, including IndustryClick, whose value can be realized with far greater efficiency by having select functions absorbed by the core operations. The Company has segregated the Non-Core Businesses from the aforementioned segments because the Company's chief operating decision-maker views these businesses separately when evaluating and making decisions regarding ongoing operations. Information as to the operations of the Company in different business segments is set forth below based on the nature of the targeted audience. Corporate represents items not allocated to other business segments. PRIMEDIA evaluates performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is segment earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and other (income) charges ("EBITDA"). Other (income) charges include non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges, provision for severance, closures and integration costs and gain (loss) on sales of businesses and other, net.

Certain amounts in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the presentation for the nine and three-month periods ended September 30, 2001.

2.1

		Nine Mont Septen		Three Months September			
		2001		2000		2001	
SALES, NET:							
Consumer	\$	950 <b>,</b> 645	\$	820,700	\$	315,655	\$
Business-to-Business		353 <b>,</b> 204		365 <b>,</b> 758		104,423	
Eliminations		(44,275)		(29,282)		(12,539)	
Other:							
Non-Core Businesses		31,332		74,448		11,084	
Total		1,290,906 ======		1,231,624 =======		418,623	\$
EBITDA (1):	Ś	107 240	<u> </u>	140 167	ć	26 242	<u>^</u>
Consumer	Ş	107,340					\$
Business-to-Business (2)		61,339		77 <b>,</b> 927		16,446	
Other:		(24 400)		(24 (22)		(0, 260)	
Corporate		(24, 499)				(8,260)	
Non-Core Businesses		(30,382)		(21,138)		(6 <b>,</b> 907)	
Total	\$	113,798	\$	172,324	\$	27,621	\$
	==:	=======	==:	=======	==:	=======	==

The following is a reconciliation of EBITDA to operating income (loss):

Nine Months Ended September 30, Three Months September

	2001	2000	2001	
Total EBITDA (1) Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of intangible assets, excess	\$ 113,798 (46,710)	\$ 172,324 (39,760)	\$ 27,621 (15,865)	\$
of purchase price over net assets acquired and other	(242,662)	(98,279)	(124,924)	
Non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges Provision for severance, closures and	(60,167)	(26,900)	(47,440)	
integration costs Other integration costs included in	(28,135)	(19,008)	(15,633)	
general and administrative expenses (3) Gain (loss) on sale of businesses and	(6, 477)		(2,173)	
other, net Operating income (loss)	433  \$ (269,920)	26,824  \$ 15,201	(70)  \$ (178,484)	 \$
				==

(1) EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and other (income) charges. EBITDA is not intended to represent cash flow from operating activities and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or loss (as determined in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles) as an indicator of the Company's operating performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. The Company believes EBITDA is a standard measure commonly reported and widely used by analysts, investors and other interested parties in the media industry. Accordingly, this information has been disclosed herein to permit a more complete comparative analysis of the Company's operating performance relative to other companies in its industry. EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for other measures of financial performance or liquidity. The primary difference

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between EBITDA and cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities relates to changes in working capital requirements and payments made for interest and income taxes. Additionally, EBITDA is not available for the Company's discretionary use as there are legal requirements to redeem preferred stock and repay debt, among other payments. EBITDA as presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies, since not all companies necessarily calculate EBITDA in identical manners, and therefore, is not necessarily an accurate measure of comparison between companies.

- (2) Includes the reversal of a \$4,000 sales tax accrual that was no longer required. The reversal was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2001.
- (3) Includes certain integration costs primarily related to the About merger and other Company-wide integration efforts. These costs principally represent consultants related to the centralization of certain support functions and implementation of certain standardized technology. They also include branding campaigns and certain internal personnel costs specifically identified as merger or integration related.
- 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT

The information that follows presents condensed consolidating financial information as of September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 for a) PRIMEDIA Inc. (as the Issuer), b) the guarantor subsidiaries, c) the unrestricted non-guarantor subsidiaries (primarily representing Internet and investment properties), d) elimination entries and e) the Company on a consolidated basis. Certain businesses, which were included as guarantor subsidiaries in 2000 have been classified as unrestricted non-quarantor subsidiaries in 2001.

The condensed consolidating financial information includes certain allocations of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities based on management's best estimates which are not necessarily indicative of financial position, results of operations and cash flows that these entities would have achieved on a stand-alone basis and should be read in connection with the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company.

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# 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT (CONTINUED) PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001 (dollars in thousands)

	Primedia Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	
Sales, net	\$	\$ 1,223,420	\$ 113 <b>,</b> 967
Operating costs and expenses:			
Cost of goods sold		292 <b>,</b> 955	•
Marketing and selling		266,684	•
Distribution, circulation and fulfillment		209,306	4,740
Editorial		•	16,546
Other general expenses		128,034	56 <b>,</b> 736
Corporate administrative expenses			
(excluding non-cash compensation)	22 <b>,</b> 477	922	1,100
Depreciation of property and equipment	1,256	29 <b>,</b> 240	16,214
Amortization of intangible assets, excess			
of purchase price over net assets			
acquired and other	401	93,398	148,863
Non-cash compensation and non-recurring			
charges	19 <b>,</b> 603		40,564
Provision for severance, closures and			
integration costs	7,305	7,024	13 <b>,</b> 806
Gain on sales of businesses and other, net		(795)	362
Operating income (loss)	(51,042)	96,337	(315,215)
Other income (expense):			
Provision for the impairment of investments	(80 <b>,</b> 358)		(8,134)
Interest expense	(103,913)	(2,490)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	(603)	(9,404)	
Equity in losses of subsidiaries	(392,441)		

Intercompany management fees and interest Other, net		151,862 (26,862)	(151,862) (1,395)	 (278)
Net loss	\$ ==	(503 <b>,</b> 357)	\$ (68 <b>,</b> 814)	\$ (323 <b>,</b> 627)

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# 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT (CONTINUED) PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2001 (dollars in thousands)

	Primedia Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Unrestricted Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (1,131)	\$ 11,084	\$ 555
Accounts receivable, net	1,067	315,829	6,780
Intercompany receivables	1,562,353	537,351	90,470
Inventories, net		55 <b>,</b> 384	73
Net assets held for sale		20,677	
Prepaid expenses and other	9,288	52 <b>,</b> 667	9,137
Total current assets	1,571,577	992,992	107,015
Property and equipment, net	· ·	119,420	65 <b>,</b> 917
Investment in and advances to subsidiaries	1,768,508		
Other intangible assets, net	1,677	604,928	50 <b>,</b> 377
Excess of purchase price over net assets			
acquired, net		1,458,704	
Deferred income tax asset, net	135,000		
Other investments		(2,991)	-
Other non-current assets	12,098 	81 <b>,</b> 621	(42)
	\$ 3,544,511 ========	\$ 3,254,674 ========	\$ 625 <b>,</b> 071
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY) Current liabilities:     Accounts payable     Intercompany payables     Accrued interest payable     Accrued expenses and other     Deferred revenues	726,121 43,004	\$ 104,810 1,185,390  146,816 241,337	288 <b>,</b> 412 
Current maturities of long-term debt	4,344	3,575	(24,430)
ourient maturities of forg term dest			
Total current liabilities	837 <b>,</b> 969	1,681,928	328,537

Long-term debt	2,001,245	25,488	1
Intercompany notes payable		2,637,100	700,549
Deferred revenues		49,059	
Other non-current liabilities		35,903	70
Exchangeable preferred stock	562,549	 	
Shareholders' equity (deficiency):			
Common stock	2,520		
Series J convertible preferred stock	115,507		
Additional paid-in capital	2,281,585		
Accumulated deficit	(2,146,249)	(1,172,390)	(403 <b>,</b> 978)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(5,689)	(2,414)	(108)
Unearned compensation	(30,061)		
Common stock in treasury, at cost	(74,865)		
Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)	142,748	(1,174,804)	(404,086)
	\$ 3,544,511	\$ 3,254,674	\$ 625,071

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# 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT (CONTINUED) PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001 (dollars in thousands)

Pr 	imedia Inc.			Non	estri -Guar bsidi
	(500, 055)		460 014)		
Ş	(503,357)	\$	(68,814)	\$	(323
	373,404		242,035		177
	(53,925)		22,432		(12
	(183,878)		195 <b>,</b> 653		(159
	(858)		(18,711)		(19
			6,731		
			(538,884)		106
	(14,806)		(442)		
		\$ (503,357) 373,404 (53,925) 	\$ (503,357) \$  373,404 (53,925)	\$ (503,357) \$ (68,814) 373,404 242,035 (53,925) 22,432 (183,878) 195,653 (858) (18,711) 6,731 (538,884)	Guarantor Non Primedia Inc. Subsidiaries Su  \$ (503,357) \$ (68,814) \$  373,404 242,035 (53,925) 22,432  (183,878) 195,653  (858) (18,711) 6,731  (538,884)

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(15,664)		(15,664)		(551,306)		87
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Intercompany activity	(473,83	3)	455,950		17		
Borrowings under credit agreements	1,384,70	0					
Repayments of borrowings under credit agreements	(1,450,70	0)					
Proceeds from issuances of 8 7/8% Senior Notes, net	492,68	5					
Payments of acquisition obligation	(3,31	0)	(5,523	)			
Proceeds from issuances of common stock, net							
of redemptions	130,10	0					
Dividends paid to preferred stock shareholders	(39,79	5)					
Deferred financing costs paid	(16,79	0)					
Proceeds from issuances of Series J Pref. Stock	125,00	0					
Other	(13	2)	(2,107	)			
Net cash provided by financing activities	147,92	5	448,320		17		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		•	92,667 17,958		(54		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ (46,08	1) \$	110,625	 \$ 	(54		

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# 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT (CONTINUED) PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2000 (dollars in thousands)

	Primedia	Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non	restr n-Gua osidi
Calon not	\$		\$ 1,225,386	\$	36
Sales, net Operating costs and expenses:	Ş		\$ 1,220,000	Ş	20
Cost of goods sold			289,790		39
Marketing and selling			276,184		13
Distribution, circulation and fulfillment			174,570		14
Editorial			90 <b>,</b> 886		3
Other general expenses			133,761		28
Corporate administrative expenses (excluding					
non-cash compensation)	23,	945			
Depreciation of property and equipment	1,	377	34,330		4
Amortization of intangible assets, excess of purchase					
price over net assets acquired and other		322	97,044		
Non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges	19,	500	7,400		
Provision for severance, closures and integration costs	12,	739	6,165		
Gain on sale of businesses and other, net			(17,947)		(8

Operating income (loss)	(57 <b>,</b> 883)	133,203	(60
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense	(104,869)	(4,284)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(2,897)	
Equity in losses of subsidiaries	(107 <b>,</b> 396)		
Intercompany management fees and interest	180,296	(180, 296)	
Other, net	334	7,512	
Net loss	\$ (89,518)	\$ (46,762)	\$ (60

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# 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT (CONTINUED) PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2000 (dollars in thousands)

		Guarantor Subsidiaries		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 16 <b>,</b> 995	\$ 1	
Accounts receivable, net	70	,,	8	
Intercompany receivables	774,165		17	
Inventories, net		27 <b>,</b> 827		
Net assets held for sale		5,000		
Prepaid expenses and other	2,253	31,913	9	
Total current assets	782,024	663,488	37	
Property and equipment, net	6,554	128,016	40	
Investment in and advances to subsidiaries	950,319			
Other intangible assets, net	2,353	501,861	1	
Excess of purchase price over net assets				
acquired, net	(13,070)	1,146,701	7	
Deferred income tax asset, net	135,000			
Other investments	248,236	914	16	
Other non-current assets	1,857	84,910		
		\$ 2,525,890		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY Current liabilities:		===		
Accounts payable	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 552	\$ 109,650	\$ 3	
Intercompany payables		899,208	217	
Accrued interest payable	18,822			
Accrued expenses and other	67,734	144,270	10	
Deferred revenues	26,164	190,914	18	
Current maturities of long-term debt	105,744	9,706		

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Unearned stock grant compensation	(1,558)	(1,829)	
Accumulated deficit  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(1,040,278)	(145
Additional paid-in capital	1,366,950		(3.45
Shareholders' deficiency: Common stock	1,678		
Exchangeable preferred stock	561,324 	 	
Other non-current liabilities		22,114	 T
Deferred revenues		26 <b>,</b> 465	
Intercompany notes payable		2,138,619	
Long-term debt		27,051	
Total current liabilities		1,353,748	

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# 13. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR GUARANTORS OF THE COMPANY'S DEBT (CONTINUED) PRIMEDIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2000 (dollars in thousands)

	Pr:	imedia Inc.		uarantor osidiaries	Noi	restr n-Gua osidi 
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ċ	(00 F10)	ć	(46.762)	ć	4.6.0
Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	\$	(89,518)	Ş	(46,762)	\$	(60
provided by (used in) operating activities		(51,135)		296,497		(3
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(59,081)		(10,725)		3 
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(199,734)		239,010		(61
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:  Additions to property, equipment and other, net Proceeds from sales of businesses and other		(1,037) 		(33,188) 131,667		(19 10

(46,465) 		(28
207,833 436,550 (549,800)	(298,529)	
207,833 436,550 (549,800)	(298,529)	
436,550 (549,800)		90
436,550 (549,800)		90
(549 <b>,</b> 800)		
, ,	99	1
(2 (05)		
(3,685)	(6,248)	
209,743		
(16,891)		
(385)		
(39,797)		
	(175)	
2	(2,702)	
243,570	(307,555)	90
(2,629)	3,073	
	•	3
8,892	\$ 16,838	\$ 3
_	209,743 (16,891) (385) (39,797)  2 243,570 (2,629) 11,521	(3,685) (6,248)  209,743 (16,891) (385) (39,797) (175)

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# 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 14, 2001, the Company announced that it has entered into a definitive agreement, subject to regulatory approval, with the international group Observer AB, to sell Bacon's Information, Inc. for \$90,000. The Company expects to recognize a gain on the sale. This sale is part of the Company's plan to sell non-core assets and reduce debt.

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Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### INTRODUCTION

PRIMEDIA Inc., together with its subsidiaries, is herein referred to as either "PRIMEDIA" or the "Company."

The following discussion and analysis of the Company's unaudited consolidated financial condition and results of consolidated operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and

notes thereto. The Company's two segments are consumer and business-to-business. The Company's consumer segment produces and distributes magazines, guides and videos for consumers in various niche markets. The Company's business-to-business segment produces and distributes magazines, books, directories, databases and vocational training materials to business professionals in such fields as communications, agriculture, professional services, media, transportation and healthcare. The consumer segment includes PRIMEDIA Magazines Inc., PRIMEDIA Enthusiast Group, Channel One Communications Corporation, About.com, Inc. ("About"), Films for the Humanities & Sciences, Inc., Haas Publishing Companies, Inc. and EMAP, Inc. ("EMAP"). The business-to-business segment includes The Business Magazines & Media Group, Bacon's Information, Inc., PRIMEDIA Workplace Learning, Inc., Kagan World Media, Inc. and affiliated companies and certain product lines of PRIMEDIA Information Inc.

Management believes a meaningful comparison of the results of operations for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 is obtained by using the segment information and by presenting results from continuing businesses ("Continuing Businesses") which exclude the results of the non-core businesses ("Non-Core Businesses"). The Non-Core Businesses include Pictorial, Inc. (divested in June 2000), QWIZ, Inc. (divested in April 2001), certain business directories (divested in October 2000) and certain titles, including certain titles of The Business Magazines & Media Group, Consumer Guides, and PRIMEDIA Enthusiast Group which are discontinued or will be divested. In addition, the Company has restructured or consolidated several new media properties, including IndustryClick, whose value can be realized with far greater efficiency by having select functions absorbed by the core operations. Certain amounts in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the presentation for the nine and three-month periods ended September 30, 2001.

EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and other (income) charges ("EBITDA"). EBITDA is not intended to represent cash flow from operating activities and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or loss (as determined in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles) as an indicator of the Company's operating performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. The Company believes EBITDA is a standard measure commonly reported and widely used by analysts, investors and other interested parties in the media industry. Accordingly, this information has been disclosed herein to permit a more complete comparative analysis of the Company's operating performance relative to other companies in its industry. EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for other measures of financial performance or liquidity. The primary difference between EBITDA and cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities relates to changes in working capital requirements and payments made for interest and income taxes. Additionally, EBITDA is not available for the Company's discretionary use as there are legal requirements to redeem preferred stock and repay debt, among other payments. EBITDA as presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies, since not all companies necessarily calculate EBITDA in identical manners, and therefore, is not necessarily an accurate measure of comparison between companies.

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Primedia Inc. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Results of Consolidated Operations
(dollars in thousands)

Nine Months Ended

Three Months

	Septemb	Septembe		
	2001	2000	2001	
Sales, Net:				
Continuing Businesses:				
Consumer	\$ 950,645	\$ 820 <b>,</b> 700	\$ 315,655 \$	
Business-to-business	353,204			
Eliminations	(44,275)	(29,282)	(12,539)	
Subtotal	1,259,574	1,157,176	407,539	
Non-Core Businesses	31,332	•	11,084	
Total	\$ 1,290,906 ======	\$ 1,231,624	•	
EBITDA:				
Continuing Businesses:				
Consumer	\$ 107,340	\$ 140,167	\$ 26,342 \$	
Business-to-business	61,339	77,927	16,446	
Corporate	(24,499)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(8,260)	
Subtotal	144,180		34,528	
Non-Core Businesses	(30,382)		(6,907)	
Total	\$ 113 <b>,</b> 798	\$ 172,324 =======	\$ 27,621 \$	
Operating Income (Loss):				
Continuing Businesses:				
Consumer	\$ (167,365)	\$ 55,401	\$ (129,285) \$	
Business-to-business	8,301			
Corporate	(53,346)	(49,697)	(18,650)	
Subtotal	(212,410)			
Non-Core Businesses	(57,510)	(5,544)	(23,434)	
Total	(269,920)			
Other Expense:				
Provision for the impairment of investments	(88,492)			
Interest expense Amortization of deferred	(106, 403)	(109,434)	(39,549)	
financing costs	(10,007)	(2,899)	(944)	
Other, net	(28,535)		(1,208)	
Net Loss	\$ (503,357)	\$ (89,518)	\$ (277,869) \$	
	========	========	=======================================	

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NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 COMPARED TO NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000:

### CONSOLIDATED RESULTS:

Sales from Continuing Businesses increased 8.8% to \$1,259,574 in 2001 from \$1,157,176 in 2000 due to growth in the consumer segment partially offset by weakness in the business-to-business segment. Total sales, including Non-Core Businesses, increased 4.8% to \$1,290,906 in the first nine months of 2001 from

\$1,231,624 in the 2000 period.

Since the first quarter of 2000, the Company has entered various assets-for-equity transactions, some of which also included cash consideration. The remainder represents advertising, content licensing and other services to be rendered by the Company in exchange for the equity in these entities. The Company recognizes these amounts as revenue in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policies. Revenue recognized in connection with these assets-for-equity transactions was approximately \$51,000 and \$11,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively, and will be substantially reduced in future quarters. In addition, for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, revenue and expense from barter transactions were approximately \$35,000 and \$2,000, respectively.

EBITDA from Continuing Businesses decreased 25.5% to \$144,180 in 2001 from \$193,462 in 2000 primarily due to larger new media losses and softness in business-to-business advertising and trade shows. Total EBITDA, including Non-Core Businesses, decreased 34.0% to \$113,798 in 2001 from \$172,324 in 2000 due to declines in both segments.

Operating income (loss) from Continuing Businesses was \$(212,410) in 2001 compared to \$20,745 in 2000. This increase in operating loss was primarily attributable to increased operating loss in the consumer segment. Total operating income (loss), including Non-Core Businesses, was \$(269,920) in 2001 compared to \$15,201 in 2000.

Interest expense decreased by 2.8% in the first nine months of 2001 compared to 2000. This decrease is the result of the Company's use of proceeds from the sales of businesses, the Liberty Media investment in April 2000, and cash acquired in connection with the About merger to repay borrowings under its bank credit facilities, partially offset by increased borrowings under the bank credit facilities to finance the EMAP acquisition.

### CONSUMER:

Sales from Continuing Businesses increased 15.8% to \$950,645 in the first nine months of 2001 from \$820,700 in 2000 due primarily to growth at the Company's Consumer Guides and apartmentguide.com, growth at certain Enthusiast magazines, the About acquisition whose results are included in the consumer segment for seven of the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and the EMAP acquisition whose results are included in the consumer segment for September 2001. New media sales from Continuing Businesses increased 326.4% to \$65,542 in 2001 from \$15,370 in 2000 due primarily to the About acquisition and growth at apartmentguide.com. Revenue recognized in connection with assets-for-equity transactions was approximately \$42,000 and \$5,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

EBITDA from Continuing Businesses decreased 23.4% to \$107,340 in 2001 from \$140,167 in 2000. The EBITDA margin for Continuing Businesses decreased to 11.3% in 2001 from 17.1% in 2000. The decrease in margin is primarily attributable to increased Internet spending as a result of the About acquisition.

Operating income (loss) from Continuing Businesses was \$(167,365) in 2001 compared to \$55,401 in 2000. The increase in operating loss was attributable to the decrease in EBITDA, certain non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges, a provision for severance, closures and integration costs, an increase in amortization expense related to excess of purchase price over net assets acquired as a result of the About acquisition and the write-off of goodwill and intangible assets of certain Consumer Guides and Enthusiast magazines.

### BUSINESS-TO-BUSINESS:

Sales from Continuing Businesses decreased 3.4% to \$353,204 in the first nine months of 2001 from \$365,758 in 2000 primarily due to softness in business-to-business advertising and trade shows partially offset by higher new media sales at certain Internet properties and sales growth at PRIMEDIA Workplace Learning. New media sales from Continuing Businesses increased 55.5% to \$12,772 in 2001 from \$8,216 in 2000. Revenue recognized in connection with assets-for-equity transactions was approximately \$9,000 and \$6,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

EBITDA from Continuing Businesses, which includes a reversal of a \$4,000 sales tax accrual that was no longer required, decreased 21.3% to \$61,339 in 2001 from \$77,927 in 2000 primarily due to weakness at The Business Magazines & Media Group. The EBITDA margin decreased to 17.4% in 2001 from 21.3% in 2000 primarily due to softness in business-to-business advertising.

Operating income from Continuing Businesses decreased to \$8,301 in 2001 from \$15,041 in 2000. The decrease in operating income is primarily attributable to weakness at The Business Magazines & Media Group as well as a provision for severance, closures and integration costs.

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THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000:

### CONSOLIDATED RESULTS:

Sales from Continuing Businesses increased 6.7% to \$407,539 in 2001 from \$381,828 in 2000 due to growth in the consumer segment. Total sales, including Non-Core Businesses, increased 4.2% to \$418,623 in the third quarter of 2001 from \$401,647 in the 2000 period. Revenue recognized in connection with assets-for-equity transactions was approximately \$4,000 and \$7,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively, and will be substantially reduced in future quarters. In addition, for the three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, revenue and expense from barter transactions were approximately \$9,000 and \$1,500, respectively and will be substantially reduced in future quarters.

EBITDA from Continuing Businesses decreased 41.5% to \$34,528 in 2001 from \$59,056 in 2000 due to declines in both segments. Total EBITDA, including Non-Core Businesses, decreased 37.3% to \$27,621 in 2001 from \$44,026 in 2000.

Operating income (loss) from Continuing Businesses was (155,050) in 2001 compared to 10,646 in 2000. This increase in operating loss was attributable to increased operating loss in the consumer segment. Total operating loss, including Non-Core Businesses, was 178,484 in 2001 compared to 6,989 in 2000.

Interest expense increased by 15.9% in the third quarter of 2001 compared to 2000. This increase is primarily the result of increased borrowings under its bank credit facilities to finance the EMAP acquisition.

### CONSUMER:

Sales from Continuing Businesses increased 14.8% to \$315,655 in the third quarter of 2001 from \$274,947 in 2000 due primarily to growth at the Company's Consumer Guides and apartmentquide.com, growth at certain Enthusiast magazines,

the About acquisition whose results are included in the consumer segment for the quarter ended September 30, 2001 and the EMAP acquisition whose results are included in the consumer segment for September 2001. New media sales from Continuing Businesses increased 197.8% to \$18,155 in 2001 from \$6,096 in 2000 due primarily to the About acquisition as well as growth at apartmentguide.com. Revenue recognized in connection with assets-for-equity transactions was approximately \$2,000 and \$2,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

EBITDA from Continuing Businesses decreased 38.4% to \$26,342 in 2001 from \$42,730 in 2000. The EBITDA margin for Continuing Businesses decreased to 8.3% in 2001 from 15.5% in 2000. The decrease is primarily attributable to reduced brand advertising at Broad Reach magazines and Channel One and increased Internet spending.

Operating income (loss) from Continuing Businesses, was \$(129,285) in 2001 compared to \$15,333 in 2000. The increase in operating loss was attributable to the decrease in EBITDA, certain non-cash compensation and non-recurring charges, a provision for severance, closures and integration costs, an increase in amortization expense related to excess of purchase price over net assets acquired as a result of the About acquisition as well as the write-off of goodwill and intangible assets of certain Consumer Guides and Enthusiast magazines.

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#### BUSINESS-TO-BUSINESS:

Sales from Continuing Businesses decreased 13.1% to \$104,423 in the third quarter of 2001 from \$120,208 in 2000 primarily due to softness at The Business Magazines & Media Group. New media sales from Continuing Businesses increased 23.8% to \$4,138 in 2001 from \$3,342 in 2000. Revenue recognized in connection with assets-for-equity transactions was approximately \$2,000 and \$5,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

EBITDA from Continuing Businesses decreased 33.3% to \$16,446 in 2001 from \$24,643 in 2000. The EBITDA margin decreased to 15.7% in 2001 from 20.5% in 2000 due to softness in advertising in The Business Magazines & Media Group.

Operating income (loss) from Continuing Businesses was (7,115) in 2001 compared to 8,815 in 2000. The increase in operating loss is primarily attributable to weakness at The Business Magazines & Media Group as well as a provision for severance, closures and integration costs.

### FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

### 8 7/8% SENIOR NOTES DUE 2011

On May 8, 2001, the Company completed an offering of \$500,000 of 8 7/8% Senior Notes. Proceeds from this offering were used to repay borrowings under the revolving credit facilities. The 8 7/8% Senior Notes mature on May 15, 2011, with no sinking fund requirements, and have interest payable semi-annually in May and November at an annual rate of 8 7/8%. The 8 7/8% Senior Notes are fully, unconditionally and jointly and severally guaranteed by each of the Company's domestic restricted subsidiaries. The notes are secured by a pledge of stock of PRIMEDIA Companies Inc., an intermediate holding company, owned directly by the Company, which owns all shares of PRIMEDIA subsidiaries. Beginning in 2006, the 8 7/8% Senior Notes are redeemable at 104.438% with annual reductions to 100% in 2009 plus accrued and unpaid interest.

If the Company becomes subject to a change of control, each holder of the notes will have the right to require the Company to purchase any or all of the notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase.

### NEW CREDIT AGREEMENT

On June 20, 2001, the Company completed a refinancing of its existing bank credit facilities pursuant to new bank credit facilities with The Chase Manhattan Bank, Bank of America, N.A., The Bank of New York, and The Bank of Nova Scotia, as agents. The debt under the new credit agreement (as well as certain of the Company's other equally and ratably secured indebtedness) is secured by a pledge of the stock of PRIMEDIA Companies Inc. Borrowings under the bank credit facilities are guaranteed by each of the Company's wholly owned domestic restricted subsidiaries. The guarantees are full, unconditional and joint and several. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries, which primarily represent Internet assets and businesses, including About.com, investment properties and the Company's foreign subsidiaries, are not

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guarantors of the bank credit facilities. The bank credit facilities rank senior in right of payment to all the Company's future subordinated indebtedness.

The borrowings under the bank credit facilities may be used for general corporate and working capital purposes as well as to finance certain future acquisitions. The bank credit facilities consist of the following:

- o a \$475,000 revolving loan facility, of which \$339,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2001;
- o a term loan A, of which \$100,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2001; and
- o a term loan B, of which \$425,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2001.

As of September 30, 2001, the Company had \$864,000 borrowings outstanding, \$27,090 letters of credit outstanding and unused bank commitments of approximately \$110,600 under the bank credit facilities.

With the exception of the term loan B, the amounts borrowed bear interest, at the Company's option, at either the base rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 0.125% to 1.5% or the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.125% to 2.5%. Additionally, until the Company issues financial statements for the period ending December 31, 2001, the applicable margin for the amounts borrowed will be a minimum of 0.75% for the base rate option and 1.75% for the Eurodollar rate option. The term loan B bears interest at the base rate plus 1.75% or LIBOR plus 2.75%. At September 30, 2001, the weighted average variable interest rate on all outstanding borrowings under the bank credit facilities was 5.63%.

Under the bank credit facilities, the Company has agreed to pay commitment fees at a per annum rate of either 0.375% or 0.5%, depending on its debt to EBITDA ratio, as defined in the new credit agreement, on the daily average aggregate unutilized commitment under the revolving loan commitment. The Company also has agreed to pay certain fees with respect to the issuance of letters of credit and an annual administration fee.

The commitments under the revolving loan commitment are subject to mandatory reductions semi-annually on June 30 and December 31, commencing December 31, 2004 with the final reduction on June 30, 2008. The aggregate mandatory reductions of the revolving loan commitments under the bank credit facilities

are \$23,750 in 2004, \$47,500 in 2005, \$71,250 in 2006, \$142,500 in 2007 and a final reduction of \$190,000 in 2008. To the extent that the total revolving credit loans outstanding exceed the reduced commitment amount, these loans must be paid down to an amount equal to or less than the reduced commitment amount. However, if the total revolving credit loans outstanding do not exceed the reduced commitment amount, then there is no requirement to pay down any of the revolving credit loans. Aggregate term loan payments under the bank credit facilities are \$2,125 in 2001, \$4,250 in 2002 and 2003, \$16,750 in 2004, \$29,250 in 2005, 2006 and 2007, \$16,750 in 2008 and \$393,125 in 2009.

The bank credit facilities, among other things, limit the Company's ability to change the nature of its businesses, incur indebtedness, create liens, sell assets, engage in mergers, consolidations or transactions with affiliates, make investments in or loans to certain subsidiaries, issue guarantees and make certain restricted payments including dividend payments on our common stock in excess of \$75,000 in any given year. Under the most restrictive debt covenants, the Company must maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio of 1.80 to 1 and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.05 to 1. The Company's maximum allowable debt leverage ratio is 6.0 to 1. The maximum leverage ratio decreases to 5.75 to 1, 5.5 to 1, 5.0 to 1 and 4.5 to 1, respectively, on July 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, January 1, 2005 and January 1, 2006. The minimum interest coverage ratio increases to 2.0 to 1, 2.25 to 1 and 2.5 to 1, respectively, on July 1, 2003, January 1, 2004 and January 1, 2005. At September 30, 2001, the Company's debt leverage ratio, as defined in the bank credit agreement, was 5.4 to 1.

As a result of the refinancing of the Company's existing bank credit facilities, during the second quarter of 2001, the Company wrote-off the remaining balances of deferred financing costs originally recorded.

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### EMAP FINANCING

On August 24, 2001, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of the publishing business of EMAP from EMAP America Partners. EMAP publishes more than 60 consumer titles reaching over 75 million enthusiasts through a combination of magazines, network and cable television shows, web sites and live consumer events. The acquisition of EMAP is expected to strengthern the Company's unique mix of category specific endemic advertising as well as circulation revenue which is an increasingly important component of the Company's financial model. Further, the acquisition advances PRIMEDIA to the number two spot in the magazine industry in revenue and single copy sales and further cements the Company's position as the number one producer of magazine editorial and advertising pages each month. The total consideration was \$525,000 comprised of \$515,000 in cash, including working capital and other settlements of \$10,000 and a warrant to acquire 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The fair value of the warrant was approximately \$10,000 and was determined using a Black Scholes pricing model.

The Company has financed the acquisition of EMAP by (1) issuing \$125,000 of Series J Convertible Preferred Stock to KKR 1996 Fund (a partnership associated with Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. L.P., a related party of the Company) and (2) drawing upon its revolving credit facility in an amount of approximately \$265,000. In addition, KKR 1996 Fund purchased from the Company \$125,000 of common stock and Series K Convertible Preferred Stock, both at a price per share equal to \$4.70. This resulted in an additional 10,800,000 shares of common stock and 15,795,745 shares of Series K Convertible Preferred Stock. On September 27,2001, KKR 1996 Fund converted all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Series K Convertible Preferred Stock into 15,795,745 shares of the Company's

common stock.

The Series J Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holder one year from the date of issuance, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$125,000 divided by \$7 per share, subject to adjustment. Dividends on the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock accrue at an annual rate of 12.5% and are payable quarterly in kind. The Company has the option to redeem any or all of the shares of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock at any time for cash at 100% of the liquidation preference of each share being redeemed. On any dividend payment date, the Company has the option to exchange the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock into 12.5% Class J Subordinated Notes. The Company's ability to redeem or exchange the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock into debt is subject to the approval of a majority of the independent directors.

In connection with the equity financing by KKR 1996 Fund, the Company paid KKR 1996 Fund a commitment fee consisting of warrants to purchase 1,250,000 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$7 per share, subject to adjustment, and a funding fee consisting of warrants to purchase an additional 2,620,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7 per share, subject to adjustment. These warrants may be exercised after the first anniversary of the grant date. In addition, the Company may issue to KKR 1996 Fund additional warrants to purchase up to 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7 per share, subject to adjustment. The issuance of the additional 4,000,000 warrants is contingent upon the length of time that the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock is outstanding. If the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock is outstanding for three, six, nine or twelve months from the date of issuance, KKR 1996 Fund will receive the warrants to purchase 250,000, 1 million, 1.25 million and 1.5 million shares of common stock, respectively. The financial statements do not reflect the issuance of the additional 4,000,000 contingent warrants. Upon issuance, the Company would value these contingent warrants using the Black Scholes pricing model and would deduct the ascribed value as a component of the loss applicable to common shareholders.

The 1,250,000 warrants issued to KKR 1996 Fund represent a commitment fee related to the financing transaction as a whole. The Company valued these warrants at \$5,622 using the Black Scholes pricing model and recorded them as a component of additional paid-in capital.

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The Company attributed the 2,620,000 funding warrants to the issuance of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock. The Company valued these warrants at \$10,768 using the Black Scholes pricing model and has accordingly reduced the face value of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock. The Company is accreting the difference between the carrying value and the redemption value of the Series J Convertible Preferred Stock to additional paid in capital over a one year period as the earliest date at which the preferred stock is convertible is one year from the date of issuance.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Consolidated working capital, including net assets held for sale and current portion of long-term debt, was \$(167,101) at September 30, 2001 as compared to \$(346,447) at December 31, 2000. Consolidated working capital reflects certain industry working capital practices and accounting principles, including the recording of certain deferred revenues from subscriptions as a current liability as well as the expensing of certain advertising, editorial and product development costs as incurred. Consolidated working capital increased at September 30, 2001 due to a reduction of current maturities of the Company's

long-term debt of approximately \$107,000 as a result a refinancing of the Company's outstanding debt obligations as well as other working capital changes.

Net cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2001, after interest payments of \$82,360 in 2001 and \$108,191 in 2000, was \$147,530, as compared to \$22,009 during the same 2000 period, due primarily to EBITDA declines, as well as other working capital changes. Net additions to property, equipment and other were \$39,139 during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 compared to \$53,595 during the 2000 period due to higher levels of spending last year relating to new office space and capitalized internal use software expenditures. Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 increased to \$479,691 compared to \$3,412 in the same 2000 period primarily due to the EMAP acquisition partially offset by the cash acquired from the About acquisition. Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was \$614,039, compared to \$26,421 in the same 2000 period primarily due to proceeds from the debt drawdowns and equity issuances associated with the EMAP financing.

The Company believes its liquidity, capital resources and cash flow are sufficient to fund planned capital expenditures, working capital requirements, interest and principal payments on its debt, the payment of preferred stock dividends and other anticipated expenditures for the next two years.

# PROVISION FOR SEVERANCE, CLOSURES AND INTEGRATION COSTS

During 2000 and 2001, the Company implemented plans to integrate the Company and consolidate many back office functions. All integration costs were expensed as incurred. \$6,477 and \$2,173 of integration costs primarily related to the About merger and Company-wide integration efforts have been reclassified to other general expenses for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2001, respectively. A summary of the status of these plans as of September 30, 2001 is presented below.

### 2001 PLAN

With the acquisition of About coupled with other cost initiatives, during the first quarter of 2001, the Company announced the details of plans that would continue to implement and expand upon the initiatives enacted during 2000. In the first quarter of 2001, the Company recorded a severance and closure charge of \$3,034 and integration costs of \$3,453, and in the second quarter of 2001, the Company recorded a severance and closure charge of \$4,535 and integration costs of \$5,784. The Company continued to implement these initiatives in the third quarter of 2001, recording severance and closure charges of \$14,967 and integration costs of \$2,839.

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A significant portion of the remaining costs are expected to be paid during the remainder of 2001 with the balance, primarily related to leases, to be paid through 2006. The Company is currently developing additional initiatives aimed largely at the consolidation of certain functions and the further integration of the Company, including initiatives attributable to the consummation of the EMAP acquisition, and accordingly expects to record additional severance, closures and integration charges during the fourth quarter of 2001.

### 2000 PLAN

During 2000, the Company announced the implementation of a plan to integrate the Company and consolidate many back office functions. During 2001, the Company made payments approximating \$7,200 relating to the balance outstanding as of

December 31, 2000 in connection with the 2000 plan.

The majority of the remaining costs, which approximates \$4,000, are expected to be paid by the end of 2001 with the balance to be paid through the end of 2003.

As a result of the 2000 and 2001 plans already put in place, the Company will close and consolidate in excess of fifteen office locations and will terminate approximately 1,000 individuals. All individuals who will be terminated under these plans have been notified. As of September 30, 2001, approximately 985 of those individuals have been terminated.

Management anticipates that these plans will result in significant savings during the remainder of 2001 and beyond.

### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In April 2001, the Emerging Issue Task Force ("EITF") issued EITF Consensus No. 00-25, "Accounting for Consideration from a Vendor to a Retailer in Connection with the Purchase or Promotion of a Vendor's Products," which addresses whether consideration from a vendor to a reseller of the vendor's products is an adjustment to the selling price or the cost of the product. The EITF consensus must be adopted no later than January 1, 2002. The Company is currently determining the impact of this new consensus.

On June 29, 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") unanimously voted in favor of two new statements, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, "Business Combinations," and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." SFAS No. 141 requires that all business combinations be accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, eliminates the use of the pooling-of-interests method and requires that the purchase method be used for business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and certain intangible assets no longer be amortized to earnings and that goodwill and intangible assets be reviewed for impairment. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill acquired in a business combination completed after June 30, 2001 (that is, the date of acquisition is July 1, 2001 or later) will not be amortized. The amortization of goodwill for previous acquisitions will cease upon adoption of the SFAS No. 142, which will be January 1, 2002. We are currently determining the impact of SFAS No. 142 on our existing goodwill and intangible assets. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill which arises from the acquisition of the publishing business of EMAP has not and will not be amortized.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 requires entities to record the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred. The provisions of SFAS No. 143 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 143 beginning in the first quarter of 2003. The Company believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 143 will not have a material impact on its results of operations or financial position.

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In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 144 supercedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of." The primary objectives of SFAS No. 144 were to develop one accounting model based on the framework established in SFAS No. 121, and to address significant implementation issues. The provisions of SFAS No. 144 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company is

required to adopt SFAS No. 144 by the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of SFAS No. 144 on its results of operations and financial position.

#### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On November 14, 2001, the Company announced that it has entered into a definitive agreement, subject to regulatory approval, with the international group Observer AB, to sell Bacon's Information, Inc. for \$90,000. The Company expects to recognize a gain on the sale. This sale is part of the Company's plan to sell non-core assets and reduce debt.

### IMPACT OF INFLATION

The impact of inflation was immaterial during 2000 and through the first nine months of 2001. Postage for product distribution and direct mail solicitations is a significant expense of the Company. The Company uses the U.S. Postal Service for distribution of many of its products and marketing materials. Postage rates increased approximately 10% in January 2001 and approximately 3% in July 2001. In the past, the effects of inflation on operating expenses have substantially been offset by PRIMEDIA's ability to increase selling prices. No assurances can be given that the Company can pass such cost increases through to its customers. In addition to pricing actions, the Company is continuing to examine all aspects of the manufacturing and purchasing processes to identify ways to offset some of these price increases. The Company's paper expense decreased approximately 5% during the first nine months of 2001 compared to 2000. In the first nine months of 2001, paper costs represented approximately 6% of the Company's total operating costs and expenses. This decrease is a function of a softening in paper prices and decreased paper consumption through improved distribution and enhanced controls surrounding paper purchases and usage.

### FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report contains certain forward-looking statements concerning the Company's operations, economic performance and financial condition. These statements are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates, which are inherently subject to uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, and reflect future business decisions, which are subject to change. Some of the assumptions may not materialize and unanticipated events will occur which can affect the Company's results.

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### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

During the first nine-months of 2001, there were no significant changes related to the Company's market risk exposure.

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### Item 6. REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

On July 6, 2001, PRIMEDIA Inc. filed its Current Report on Form 8-K to announce that the Company has entered into a definitive agreement pursuant to which PRIMEDIA will purchase from EMAP plc all the issued and outstanding stock of EMAP, Inc. which owns over 60 consumer titles.

On July 26, 2001, PRIMEDIA Inc. filed its Current Report on Form 8-K to comply

with the disclosure requirements of Regulation FD. In this Current Report, the Company disclosed that the Company expects EBITDA for the fourth quarter of 2001 to represent a higher percentage of EBITDA for the last six months of 2001 than the Company's EBITDA for the fourth quartter of 2000 represented for the last six months of 2000.

On August 1, 2001, PRIMEDIA Inc. filed its Current Report on Form 8-K to announce that Scott P. Kurnit, former Chief Executive Officer of About has entered into a share lock-up agreement with the Company. In addition, the Current Report disclosed that Mr. Kurnit advised the Company that he was selling shares of the Company's common stock in the open market and that concurrent with this transaction Mr. Kurnit assigned to a financial institution the right to receive any payment to be made by PRIMEDIA in accordance with the lock-up agreement referred to above. The financial institution further agreed to waive its right to the shortfall payment in exchange for the Company's agreement to make the institution whole if it was to sell the acquired shares, which it purchased in the market for proceeds of less than approximately \$26.8 million.

On August 16, 2001, PRIMEDIA Inc. filed its Current Report on Form 8-K which effectively amended the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2001. This Current Report amended the proceeds for the market purchases from approximately \$26.8 million to approximately \$23.4 million.

On August 24, 2001, PRIMEDIA Inc. filed its Current Report on Form 8-K to announce the completion of the acquisiton of EMAP, Inc.

On August 31, 2001, PRIMEDIA Inc. filed its Current Report on Form 8-K to comply with the disclosure requirements of Regulation FD. In this Current Report, the Company disclosed that a class action suit was filed against PRIMEDIA. This suit alleges, among other things that the Company breached agreements to convert options in PRIMEDIA's internet companies into options for the Company's stock.

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PRIMEDIA INC. (Registrant)

Date: November 14, 2001 /s/ Thomas S. Rogers

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(Signature)

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 14, 2001 /s/ Lawrence R. Rutkowski

(Signature)
Executive Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)