HUDSON TECHNOLOGIES INC /NY

Form 10QSB November 13, 2001

Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-QSB

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number 1-13412

Hudson Technologies, Inc. (Name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

New York 13-3641539 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

275 North Middletown Road

Pearl River, New York

(address of principal executive offices)

(ZIP Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (845) 735-6000

Check whether the issuer: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No[__]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Common stock, \$0.01 par value 5,103,020 shares
-----Class Outstanding at October 24, 2001

Hudson Technologies, Inc. Index

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Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Hudson Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Amounts in thousands, except for share and par value amounts)

	September 30, 2001
Assets	(unaudited)
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Trade accounts receivable - net of allowance for doubtful	\$ 1,856
accounts of \$214 and \$154 Inventories Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,984 1,726 309
Total current assets	6 , 875
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated depreciation Other assets	3,786 124
Total Assets	\$ 10,785
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Short-term debt	\$ 2,963 2,081
Total current liabilities	5,044

Deferred income	
Long-term debt, less current maturities	934
Total Liabilities	5 , 978
Commitments and contingencies	
Stockholders' equity:	
Preferred Stock, shares authorized 5,000,000: Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (\$100 liquidation preference	
value); shares authorized 150,000; issued and outstanding 108,745 and 72,195	10,875
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized	
20,000,000; issued outstanding 5,103,020 and 5,088,820	51
Additional paid-in capital	20,445
Accumulated deficit	(26,564)
Total Stockholders' Equity	4,807
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 10,785

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Hudson Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

		eptembe	period aber 30, 2000		Nine mor ended Sep 2001	
Revenues Cost of Sales	\$ 4,939 3,601		3,585 2,403		16,836 12,051	\$
Gross Profit	 1,338		1,182		4,785	
Operating expenses: Selling and marketing General and administrative Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses	 559 1,133 302 1,994		555 1,001 332 1,888		•	
Operating loss	 (656)		(706) 		(1,100)	

Other income (expense): Interest expense Other income Gain on sale of assets		(88) 39 		(131) 73 		(339) 166 14	
Total other income (expense)		(49)		(58)		(159)	
Loss before income taxes Income taxes		(705)		(764)		(1,259)	
Net loss Preferred stock dividends		(705) (187)		(764) (126)		(1,259)	
Loss available for common shareholders	\$ ====	(892)	\$	(890) =====	\$	(1,792)	\$ ====
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted		(0.17)	•	(0.17)	\$	(0.35)	\$ ====
Weighted average number of shares outstanding					5	5,095,337	5,

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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Hudson Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents
(unaudited)

	(Amounts in thousands) Nine month period ended September 30,		
	2001	2000	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$(1,259)	\$(1,425)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss			
to cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	918	959	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	85	20	
Gain on sale of assets	(14)		
Common stock issued for services		7	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Trade accounts receivable	(481)	(233)	
Inventories	175	1,002	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(112)	(78)	
Other assets	(18)	(2)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(873)	(168)	
Deferred income	(6)	(12)	

Cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1,585)	70
Cash flows from investing activities: Sale of property, plant and equipment	938	
Additions to patents	(7)	(12)
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(280)	
Cash provided (used) by investing activities	651 	(759)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock - net	2,968	
Repayments of short-term debt - net	(86)	(164)
Proceeds from long-term debt		317
Repayment of long-term debt	(955)	(515)
Cash provided (used) by financing activities	1,927	(362)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	993	(1,051)
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	863	2,483
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,856	\$ 1,432
	======	======
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during period for interest	\$ 339	\$ 377

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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Hudson Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

General

Hudson Technologies, Inc., incorporated under the laws of New York on January 11, 1991, together with its subsidiaries (collectively, "Hudson" or the "Company"), primarily (i) sells refrigerants (ii) provides RefrigerantSide(R) Services performed at a customer's site, consisting of system decontamination to remove moisture, oils and other contaminants and (iii) provides recovery and reclamation of the refrigerants used in commercial air conditioning, industrial processing and refrigeration systems. The Company operates through its wholly owned subsidiary Hudson Technologies Company.

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial statements and with the instructions of Regulation S-B. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The financial information included in the quarterly report should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and related notes thereto for the year ended December 31,

2000. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2001 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2001.

In the opinion of management, all estimates and adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and all such adjustments were normal and recurring.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements represent all companies of which Hudson directly or indirectly has majority ownership or otherwise controls. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Company's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of wholly-owned subsidiaries Hudson Holdings, Inc. and Hudson Technologies Company.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of financial instruments, including trade accounts receivable, and accounts payable approximate fair value at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of short-and long-term debt approximates fair value, based upon quoted market rates of similar debt issues, as of September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000.

Credit risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of temporary cash investments and trade accounts receivable. The Company maintains its temporary cash investments in highly-rated financial institutions. The Company's trade accounts receivables are due from companies throughout the U.S. The Company reviews each customer's credit history before extending credit.

The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on factors associated with the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends, and other information.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, one customer accounted for 18% of the Company's revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, no customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenues. The loss of a principal customer or a decline in the economic prospects and purchases of the Company's products or services by any such customer would have an adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Cash and cash equivalents

Temporary investments with original maturities of ninety days or less are included in cash and cash equivalents.

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Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of reclaimed refrigerant products available for sale, are stated at the lower of cost, on a first-in first-out basis, or market.

Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost; including internally manufactured equipment. The cost to complete equipment that is under construction is not considered to be material to the Company's financial position. Provision for depreciation is recorded (for financial reporting purposes) using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the respective assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of economic life or terms of the respective leases.

Due to the specialized nature of the Company's business, it is possible that the Company's estimates of equipment useful life periods may change in the future.

Revenues and cost of sales

Revenues are recorded upon completion of service or product shipment or passage of title to customers in accordance with contractual terms. Cost of sales is recorded based on the cost of products shipped or services performed and related direct operating costs of the Company's facilities.

Income taxes

The Company utilizes the assets and liability method for recording deferred income taxes, which provides for the establishment of deferred tax asset or liability accounts based on the difference between tax and financial reporting bases of certain assets and liabilities.

The Company recognized a reserve allowance against the deferred tax benefit for the current and prior period losses. The tax benefit associated with the Company's net operating loss carry forwards would be recognized to the extent that the Company recognized net income in future periods.

Loss per common and equivalent shares

Loss per common share, Basic, is calculated based on the net loss for the period less dividends on the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock, \$533,000 and \$370,000 for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively, divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding. If dilutive, common equivalent shares (common shares assuming exercise of options and warrants or conversion of Preferred Stock) utilizing the treasury stock method are considered in the presentation of dilutive earnings per share. Diluted loss per share was not presented since the effect was not dilutive.

Estimates and Risks

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the results of operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The Company participates in an industry that is highly regulated, changes in which could affect operating results. Currently the Company purchases virgin and reclaimable refrigerants from suppliers and its customers. To the extent that the Company is unable to obtain refrigerants on commercially reasonable terms or experiences a decline in demand for refrigerants, the Company could realize reductions in refrigerant processing and possible loss of revenues, which would have a material adverse affect on operating results.

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings. The Company assesses the merits and estimates the potential liability, if any, associated with each of these proceedings. To the extent that these estimates are not accurate, or circumstances change in the future, the Company could realize liabilities which

would have a material $\$ adverse $\$ affect on $\$ operating $\$ results and its $\$ financial $\$ position.

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Impairment of long-lived assets and long-lived assets to be disposed of

The Company reviews for impairment of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the assets to the future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less the cost to sell.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Statements No. 141, Business Combinations (SFAS 141), No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (SFAS 142) and No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations (SFAS 143). In addition, in August 2001, FASB issued statement No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets.

SFAS 141 addresses the use of the purchase method of accounting and prohibits the use of the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS 141 also requires that the Company recognize acquired intangible assets apart from goodwill of the acquired intangible assets meet certain criteria. SFAS 141 applies to all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 and for purchase business combinations completed on or after July 1, 2001. It also requires, upon adoption of SFAS 142, that the Company reclassify the carrying amounts of intangible assets and goodwill based on the criteria in SFAS 141. The Company will adopt SFAS 141 effective January 1, 2002.

SFAS 142 requires, among other things, that companies no longer amortize goodwill, but instead test goodwill for impairment at least annually. In addition, SFAS 142 requires that the Company identify reporting units for the purposes of assessing potential future impairments of goodwill, reassess the useful lives of other existing recognized intangible assets, and cease amortization of intangible assets with an indefinite useful life. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life should be tested for impairment in accordance with the guidance in SFAS 142. SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001 to all goodwill and other intangible assets recognized at that date, regardless of when those assets were initially recognized. SFAS 142 requires the Company to complete a transitional goodwill impairment test six months from the date of adoption. The Company is also required to reassess the useful lives of other intangible assets within the first interim quarter after adoption of SFAS 142. The Company will adopt SFAS 142 effective January 1, 2002.

SFAS 143 addresses financial reporting and reporting for obligations associated with retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated retirement costs. SFAS 143 is effective for the fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company will adopt SFAS 143 effective January 1, 2003.

SFAS 144 addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. SFAS 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning

after December 15, 2001. The Company will adopt SFAS 144 effective $\,$ January 1, 2002.

Currently, the Company does not believe that the adoption of SFAS 141, SFAS 142, SFAS 143 and SFAS 144 will have a material impact on its financial position and results of operations.

Note 2 -Stockholders Equity

On March 30, 1999, the Company completed the sale of 65,000 shares of its Series A Preferred Stock, with a liquidation value of \$100 per share, to Fleming US Discovery Fund III, L.P. and Fleming US Discovery Offshore Fund III, L.P. The gross proceeds from the sale of the Series A Preferred Stock were \$6,500,000. The Series A Preferred Stock converts to Common Stock at a rate of \$2.375 per share, which was 27% above the closing market price of Common Stock on March 29, 1999.

On February 16, 2001, the Company completed the sale of 30,000 shares of its Series A Preferred Stock, with a liquidation value of \$100 per share, to Fleming US Discovery Fund III, L.P. and Fleming US Discovery Offshore Fund III, L.P. The gross proceeds from the sale of the Series A Preferred Stock were \$3,000,000. The Series A Preferred Stock converts to Common Stock at a rate of \$2.375 per share, which was 23% above the closing market price of Common Stock on February 15, 2001.

The Series A Preferred Stock has voting rights on an as-if converted basis. The number of votes applicable to the Series A Preferred Stock is equal to the number of shares of Common Stock into which the Series A Preferred Stock is then

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convertible. However, the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will provide the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretary of the Company a proxy to vote all shares currently owned and subsequently acquired above 29% of the votes entitled to be cast by all shareholders of the Company. The Preferred Stock carries a dividend rate of 7%, which will increase to 16%, if the stock remains outstanding on or after March 31, 2004. The conversion rate may be subject to certain antidilution provisions. The Company has used and will use the net proceeds from the issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock to expand its RefrigerantSide(R) Services business and for working capital purposes.

The Company pays dividends, in arrears, on the Series A Preferred Stock, semi annually, either in cash or additional shares, at the Company's option. On September 30, 2001, the Company declared and paid, in-kind, the dividends outstanding on the Series A Preferred Stock and issued a total of 3,740 additional shares of its Series A Preferred Stock in satisfaction of the dividends due. The Company may redeem the Series A Preferred Stock on March 31, 2004 either in cash or shares of Common Stock valued at 90% of the average trading price of the Common Stock for the 30 days preceding March 31, 2004. In addition, the Company may call the Series A Preferred Stock if the market price of its Common Stock is equal to or greater than 250% of the conversion price and the Common Stock has traded with an average daily volume in excess of 20,000 shares for a period of thirty consecutive days.

Note 3 - Dispositions

Effective March 19, 1999, the Company sold 75% of its stock ownership in Environmental Support Solutions, Inc. ("ESS") to one of its founders. The consideration for the Company's sale of its interest was \$100,000 in cash and a

six-year note in the amount of \$380,000. The Company recognized a valuation allowance for 100% of the note receivable. The Company will recognize as income the portion of the proceeds associated with the note receivable upon the receipt of cash. This sale did not have a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Effective October 11, 1999, the Company sold to three of ESS's employees an additional 5.4% ownership in ESS. The Company received \$37,940 from the sale of the additional ESS stock. Effective April 18, 2000, ESS redeemed the balance of the Company's stock ownership in ESS. The Company received cash in the amount of \$188,000 from the redemption and such amount was included as other income as of that date.

Note 4 - Other Income

Other income consisted primarily of interest income, lease rental income from the Company's Ft. Lauderdale facility, which was sold on March 22, 2001, and payments received from the note receivable from ESS. On March 22, 2001, the Company sold its Ft. Lauderdale property and, after payment of the then outstanding mortgage and transactional expenses, it received net proceeds of approximately \$300,000. The Company recognized a \$14,000 gain from the sale of this property.

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Hudson Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition
and Results of Operations

Safe Harbor Statement Under The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Certain statements contained in this section and elsewhere in this Form 10-QSB constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involving a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to, changes in the markets for refrigerants (including unfavorable market conditions adversely affecting the demand for, and the price of refrigerants), regulatory and economic factors, seasonality, competition, litigation, the nature of supplier or customer arrangements which become available to the Company in the future, adverse weather conditions, possible technological obsolescence of existing products and services, possible reduction in the carrying value of long-lived assets, estimates of the useful life of its assets, potential environmental liability, customer concentration, the ability to obtain financing if necessary, and other risks detailed in the Company's other periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "may", "plan", "should" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made.

Overview

The Company has changed its business focus from sales of refrigerants towards service revenues through the development of a service offering known as RefrigerantSide(R) Services. RefrigerantSide(R) Services are sold to contractors and end-users associated with refrigeration systems in commercial air conditioning and industrial processing industries. These services are offered in

addition to refrigerant sales and the Company's traditional refrigerant management services, consisting of recovery and reclamation of refrigerants. Pursuant to this business focus, the Company is currently implementing a strategic business plan, which provides for the creation of a network of service depots and the exiting of certain operations which may not support the growth of service sales.

During 1999 and 2001 the Company completed sales of its Series A Preferred Stock. The net proceeds of these sales were and are being used to expand the Company's service offering through a network of service depots that provide a full range of the Company's on site RefrigerantSide(R) Services and to provide working capital. Management believes that its RefrigerantSide(R) Services represent the Company's long term growth potential. However, while the Company believes it will experience an increase in revenues from its RefrigerantSide(R) Services, in the short term, such an increase may not be sufficient to offset reductions in refrigerant revenue which may occur as a result of the Company's shift in its business focus toward RefrigerantSide(R) Services. The Company expects that it will incur additional expenses and losses during the year related to the continued development of its depot network.

Sales of refrigerants continue to represent a significant portion of the Company's revenues. The Company believes that, in the refrigeration industry overall, there will be a trend towards lower sales prices, volumes and gross profit margins on refrigerant sales in the foreseeable future, which will continue to have an adverse effect on the Company's operating results.

The change in business focus towards revenues generated from RefrigerantSide(R) Services may cause a material reduction in revenues derived from the sale of refrigerants. In addition, to the extent that the Company is unable to obtain refrigerants on commercially reasonable terms or experiences a decline in demand for refrigerants, the Company could realize reductions in refrigerant processing, and possible loss of revenues which would have a material adverse effect on its operating results.

Results of Operations

Three months ended September 30, 2001 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2000

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2001 were \$4,939,000, an increase of \$1,354,000 or 38% from the \$3,585,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in refrigerant revenues offset by a decrease in RefrigerantSide(R) Service revenues. The increase in refrigerant revenues is related to an increase in the sales price of certain refrigerants as compared to the 2000 period. The decrease in RefrigerantSide(R) Service revenues is due to fewer large RefrigerantSide(R) Service projects in the 2001 period as compared to the 2000 period and the postponement of and or loss of certain work due to the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks.

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The Company expects that as it continues to develop its RefrigerantSide(R) Service business it may experience quarter to quarter variability in RefrigerantSide(R) Service revenues, but it expects to achieve growth on an annual basis.

Cost of sales for the three months ended September 30, 2001 were \$3,601,000, an increase of \$1,198,000 or 50% from the \$2,403,000 reported during the comparable

2000 period. The increase in cost of sales was primarily due to a higher volume of refrigerant sales. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales was 73% of revenues for the three month period ended September 30, 2001, an increase from the 67% reported for the comparable 2000 period. The increase in cost of sales as a percentage of revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in the volume of refrigerant sales and associated freight costs.

Operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2001 were \$1,994,000, an increase of \$106,000 or 6% from the \$1,888,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in payroll costs and professional fees.

Other income (expense) for the three months ended September 30, 2001 was (\$49,000), as compared to the (\$58,000) reported during the comparable 2000 period. Other income (expense) includes interest expense of \$88,000 and \$131,000 for 2001 and 2000, respectively, offset by other income of \$39,000 and \$73,000 for 2001 and 2000, respectively. The decrease in interest expense is primarily attributed to a decrease in outstanding indebtedness and an interest rated reduction during 2001 as compared to 2000. Other income primarily relates to interest income and proceeds from the sale of Environmental Support Solutions, Inc. ("ESS").

No income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 were recognized. The Company recognized a reserve allowance against the deferred tax benefit for the 2001 and 2000 losses. The tax benefits associated with the Company's net operating loss carry forwards would be recognized to the extent that the Company recognizes net income in future periods. A portion of the Company's net operating loss carry forwards are subject to annual limitations.

Net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2001 was \$705,000, as compared to net loss of \$764,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The reduction in the net loss for the 2001 period as compared to 2000 was primarily attributable to a higher volume of refrigerant revenues offset by an increase in operating expenses.

Nine months ended September 30, 2001 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2000

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 were \$16,836,000, an increase of \$5,589,000 or 50% from the \$11,247,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in refrigerant revenues and to an increase in RefrigerantSide(R) Services revenues. The increase in refrigerant revenues is related to an increase in the sales price of certain refrigerants as compared to the 2000 period. The increase in RefrigerantSide(R) Service revenues reflects growth through the development of the Company's services through its depot network.

Cost of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was \$12,051,000 an increase of \$4,849,000 or 67% from the \$7,202,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The increase in cost of sales was primarily due to higher volume of refrigerant sales. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales was 72% of revenues for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2001, an increase from the 64% reported for the comparable 2000 period. The increase in cost of sales as a percentage of revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in the volume of refrigerant sales and associated freight costs and payroll and supply costs associated with the RefrigerantSide(R) Service revenues.

Operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 were \$5,885,000 an increase of \$322,000 or 6\$ from the \$5,563,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in selling expense associated with the expansion of the Company's RefrigerantSide(R) Service offering, professional fees and travel expenses.

Other income (expense) for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was (\$159,000), a decrease of \$252,000 from the \$93,000 of income reported during the comparable 2000 period. Other income (expense) includes interest expense of \$339,000 and \$377,000 for 2001 and 2000 respectively, offset by other income of \$166,000 and \$470,000 for 2001 and 2000 respectively. The decrease in interest expense is primarily attributed to a decrease in outstanding indebtedness and an interest rate deduction during 2001 as compared to 2000. Other income primarily relates to interest income and proceeds from the sale of ESS. During the 2000 period, the Company recognized an additional \$188,000 of other income from the sale of its remaining ownership interest in ESS.

No income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 were recognized. The Company recognized a reserve allowance against the deferred tax benefit for the 2001 and 2000 losses. The tax benefits associated with the

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Company's net operating loss carry forwards would be recognized to the extent that the Company recognizes net income in future periods. A portion of the Company's net operating loss carry forwards are subject to annual limitations.

Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was \$1,259,000, as compared to the net loss of \$1,425,000 reported during the comparable 2000 period. The reduction in the net loss for the 2001 period as compared to 2000 was primarily attributable to a higher volume of refrigerant revenues offset by an increase in operating expenses. In addition, during the 2000 period there was a non-recurring gain of \$188,000 from the Company's sale of its remaining ownership interest in ESS stock.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2001, the Company had working capital of approximately \$1,831,000, an increase of \$2,287,000 from the working capital deficit of \$456,000 at December 31, 2000. The increase in working capital is primarily attributable to the sale of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock and the sale of its Ft. Lauderdale property offset by the net loss incurred during the nine month period ended September 30, 2001. A principal component of current assets is inventory. At September 30, 2001, the Company had inventories of \$1,726,000, a decrease of \$175,000 or 9% from the \$1,901,000 at December 31, 2000. The Company's ability to sell and replace its inventory and the prices at which it can be sold are subject, among other things, to current market conditions (See Seasonality and Fluctuations in Operating Results). The Company has historically financed its working capital requirements through cash flows from operations, the issuance of debt and equity securities and bank borrowings.

Net cash used by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, was \$1,585,000 compared with net cash provided by operating activities of \$70,000 for the comparable 2000 period. Net cash used by operating activities was primarily attributable to the net loss for the 2001 period, an increase in trade receivables and a reduction in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Net cash provided by investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, was \$651,000 compared with net cash used by investing activities of \$759,000 for the prior comparable 2000 period. The net cash provided by investing activities was due to the Company's sale of its Ft. Lauderdale property offset by equipment additions primarily associated with the expansion of the Company's depot network.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, was \$1,927,000 compared with net cash used by financing activities of \$362,000 for the comparable 2000 period. The net cash provided by financing activities for the 2001 period primarily consisted of the sale of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock offset by the repayment of long-term debt.

At September 30, 2001, the Company had cash and equivalents of \$1,856,000.

The Company owned improved property located in Ft. Lauderdale which was leased at \$13,781 per month to an unaffiliated third party. On March 22, 2001, the Company completed the sale of the property to an unaffiliated third party. After payment of the then outstanding mortgage balance and transactional expenses, the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$300,000 and recognized a \$14,000 gain from the sale of this property.

The Company has entered into a credit facility with The CIT Group/Business Credit, Inc. ("CIT"), which provides for borrowings to the Company of up to \$6,500,000. The facility requires minimum borrowings of \$1,250,000. The facility provides for a revolving line of credit and a term loan and expires in April 2003. Advances under the revolving line of credit are limited to (i) 80% of eligible trade accounts receivable and (ii) 50% of eligible inventory (which inventory amount shall not exceed 200% of eligible trade accounts receivable or \$3,250,000). As of September 30, 2001, the Company had availability under its revolving line of credit of approximately \$790,000. Advances available to the Company under the term loan are based on existing fixed asset valuations and future advances under the term loan up to an additional \$1,000,000 are based on future capital expenditures. During 1999, the Company received advances of \$166,000 based on capital expenditures. As of September 30, 2001, the Company has approximately \$535,000 outstanding under its term loans and \$1,648,000 outstanding under its revolving line of credit. The facility bears interest at the prime rate plus 1.5%, 7.5% at September 30, 2001, and substantially all of the Company's assets are pledged as collateral for obligations to CIT. In addition, among other things, the agreements restrict the Company's ability to declare or pay any dividends on its capital stock. The Company has obtained a waiver from CIT to permit the payment of dividends on its Series A Preferred Stock.

Effective March 19, 1999, the Company sold 75% of its stock ownership in ESS to one of ESS's founders. The consideration for the Company's sale of its interest was \$100,000 in cash and a six-year 6% interest bearing note in the amount of \$380,000. The Company will recognize as income the portion of the proceeds associated with the note receivable upon the receipt of cash. This sale did not

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have a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Effective October 11, 1999, the Company sold to three of ESS's employees an additional 5.4% ownership in ESS. The Company received \$37,940 from the sale of this additional ESS stock. Effective April 18, 2000, ESS redeemed the balance of the Company's stock ownership in ESS. The Company received cash in the amount of \$188,000 from the redemption.

The Company is continuing to evaluate opportunities to rationalize its operating facilities based on its emphasis on the expansion of its service sales. As a result, the Company may discontinue certain operations which it believes do not support the growth of service sales and, in doing so, may incur future charges to exit certain operations.

On March 30, 1999, the Company completed the sale of 65,000 shares of its Series

A Preferred Stock, with a liquidation value of \$100 per share, to Fleming US Discovery Fund III, L.P. and Fleming US Discovery Offshore Fund III, L.P. The gross proceeds from the sale of the Series A Preferred Stock were \$6,500,000. The Series A Preferred Stock converts to Common Stock at a rate of \$2.375 per share, which was 27% above the closing market price of Common Stock on March 29, 1999.

On February 16, 2001, the Company completed the sale of 30,000 shares of its Series A Preferred Stock, with a liquidation value of \$100 per share, to Fleming US Discovery Fund III, L.P. and Fleming US Discovery Offshore Fund III, L.P. The gross proceeds from the sale of the Series A Preferred Stock were \$3,000,000. The Series A Preferred Stock converts to Common Stock at a rate of \$2.375 per share, which was 23% above the closing market price of Common Stock on February 15, 2001.

The Series A Preferred Stock has voting rights on an as-if converted basis. The number of votes applicable to the Series A Preferred Stock is equal to the number of shares of Common Stock into which the Series A Preferred Stock is then convertible. However, the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will provide the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretary of the Company a proxy to vote all shares currently owned and subsequently acquired above 29% of the votes entitled to be cast by all shareholders of the Company. The Series A Preferred Stock carries a dividend rate of 7%, which will increase to 16%, if the stock remains outstanding on or after March 31, 2004. The conversion rate may be subject to certain antidilution provisions. The Company has used and will use the net proceeds from the issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock to expand its RefrigerantSide(R) Services business and for working capital purposes.

The Company pays dividends, in arrears, on the Series A Preferred Stock, semi annually, either in cash or additional shares, at the Company's option. On September 30, 2001, the Company declared and paid, in-kind, the dividends outstanding on the Series A Preferred Stock and issued a total of 3,740 additional shares of its Series A Preferred Stock in satisfaction of the dividends due. The Company may redeem the Series A Preferred Stock on March 31, 2004 either in cash or shares of Common Stock valued at 90% of the average trading price of the Common Stock for the 30 days preceding March 31, 2004. In addition, the Company may call the Series A Preferred Stock if the market price of its Common Stock is equal to or greater than 250% of the conversion price and the Common Stock has traded with an average daily volume in excess of 20,000 shares for a period of thirty consecutive days.

The Company has provided certain registration, preemptive and tag along rights to the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock. The holders of the Series A Preferred Stock, voting as a separate class, have the right to elect up to two members to the Company's Board of Directors or at their option, to designate up to two advisors to the Company's Board of Directors who will have the right to attend and observe meetings of the Board of Directors. Currently, the holders have elected one member to the Board of Directors.

The Company believes that its anticipated cash flow from operations, together with the proceeds from the sale of its Preferred Stock, and its credit facility, will be sufficient to satisfy the Company's working capital requirements and proposed expansion of its service business for at least the balance of the year ended December 31, 2001. However, any unanticipated expenses or failure to obtain revenues expected to be generated from the Company's depots or additional expansion or acquisition costs that may arise in the future would affect the Company's future capital needs. There can be no assurances that the Company's proposed or future plans will be successful, and as such, the Company may require additional capital sooner than anticipated.

Reliance on Suppliers and Customers

The Company's financial performance is in part dependent on its ability to obtain sufficient quantities of virgin and reclaimable refrigerants from manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors, bulk gas brokers, and from other sources within the air conditioning and refrigeration and automotive aftermarket industries, and on corresponding demand for refrigerants. To the extent that the Company is unable to obtain sufficient quantities of refrigerants in the future, or resell reclaimed refrigerants at a profit, the Company's financial condition and results of operations would be materially adversely affected.

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During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, one customer accounted for 18% of the Company's revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, no customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenues. The loss of a principal customer or a decline in the economic prospects and purchases of the Company's products or services by any such customer would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Seasonality and Fluctuations in Operating Results

The Company's operating results vary from period to period as a result of weather conditions, requirements of potential customers, non-recurring refrigerant and service sales, availability and price of refrigerant products (virgin or reclaimable), changes in reclamation technology and regulations, timing in introduction and/or retrofit or replacement of CFC-based refrigeration equipment by domestic users of refrigerants, the rate of expansion of the Company's operations, and by other factors. The Company's business has historically been seasonal in nature with peak sales of refrigerants occurring in the first half of each year. During past years, the seasonal decrease in sales of refrigerants have resulted in additional losses during the second half of the year. Delays in securing adequate supplies of refrigerants at peak demand periods, lack of refrigerant demand, increased expenses, declining refrigerant prices and a loss of a principal customer could result in significant losses. There can be no assurance that the foregoing factors will not occur and result in a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and significant losses. With respect to the Company's RefrigerantSide(R) Services, to date, the Company has not identified any seasonal pattern. However, the Company could experience a similar seasonal element to this portion of its business in the future.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In June 1998, United Water of New York Inc. ("United") commenced an action against the Company in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Rockland County, seeking damages in the amount of \$1.2 million allegedly sustained as a result of the prior contamination of certain of United's wells within close proximity to the Company's Hillburn, New York facility.

On April 1, 1999, the Company reported a release at the Company's Hillburn, New York facility of approximately 7,800 lbs. of R-11, as a result of a failed hose connection to one of the Company's outdoor storage tanks allowing liquid R-11 to

Between April 1999 and May 1999, with the approval of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ("DEC"), the Company constructed and put into operation a remediation system at the Company's facility to remove R-11 levels in the groundwater under and around the Company's facility. The cost of this remediation system was \$100,000.

In July 1999, United amended its complaint in the Rockland County action to allege facts relating to, and to seek damages allegedly resulting from the April 1, 1999 R-11 release.

In June 2000, the Rockland County Supreme Court approved a settlement of the Rockland County action commenced by United. Under the Settlement, the Company paid to United the sum of \$1,000,000 upon Court approval of the settlement, and has agreed to make monthly payments in the amount of \$5,000 for a minimum of 18 months, and up to a maximum of 42 months following the settlement. The proceeds of the settlement were required to be used to fund the construction and operation by United of a new remediation tower, as well as for the continuation of temporary remedial measures implemented by United and that have successfully contained the spread of R-11. The remediation tower was completed in March 2001 and is designed to treat all of United's impacted wells and restore the water to New York State drinking water standards for supply to the public. The Company carries \$1,000,000 of pollution liability insurance per occurrence and in connection with the settlement exhausted all insurance proceeds available under all applicable policies.

In June 2000, the Company signed an Order on Consent with the DEC regarding all past contamination of the United well field. Under the Order on Consent, the Company agreed to continue operating the remediation system installed by the Company at its Hillburn facility in May 1999 until remaining groundwater contamination has been effectively abated. In May 2001, the Company signed an amendment to the Order on Consent with the DEC, pursuant to which the Company has installed one additional monitoring well and has modified the Company's existing remediation system to incorporate a second recovery well. During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the Company recognized \$75,000 in additional remediation costs in connection with this matter.

In May 2000, the Company's Hillburn facility was nominated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") for listing on the National Priorities List ("NPL"), pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 ("CERCLA'). The Company believes that the agreements reached with the DEC and United Water, together with the reduced levels of contamination present in the United Water wells, make such listing unnecessary and counterproductive. Hudson submitted opposition to the listing within the sixty-day comment period. To date, no final decision has been made by the EPA regarding the proposed listing.

There can be no assurance that the effects of the April 1, 1999 R-11 release will not spread beyond the United Water well system and impact the Village of Suffern's wells or that the ultimate outcome of such a spread of contamination will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. There is also no assurance that the Company's opposition to the EPA's listing will be successful, or that the ultimate outcome of such a listing will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the three months ended September 30, 2001, the Company granted options to purchase 40,000 shares of common stock to certain employees pursuant to its 1997

Stock Option Plan. On September 30, 2001, the Company issued a total of 3,740 additional shares of its Series A Preferred Stock to the holders thereof in satisfaction of the dividends then due. With respect to these grants and issuances, the Company relied on the exemptions from registration provided by Sections 2(a)(3) and 4(2) under the Securities Act of 1933.

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Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

On August 23, 2001, the Company held an Annual Meeting of Stockholders at which the Company's security holders voted for the election of three directors (Messrs. Vincent P. Abbatecola, Robert L. Burr and Otto C. Morch) to serve until the Annual Meeting of Stockholders in 2003. Mr. Burr was elected by the holders of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock. Messrs. Abbatecola and Morch were elected by the holders of the Company's common stock and Series A Preferred Stock, voting together as one class. The results of the vote were as follows:

Director	Votes Cast "For"	Votes Withheld
Vincent P. Abbatecola	6,295,079	242,734
Robert L. Burr	4,421,263	NONE
Otto C. Morch	6,478,019	59 , 794

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) The following exhibits are attached to this report:

None

(b) No report on Form 8-K was filed during the quarter ended September 30, 2001.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this Report to be signed in its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

HUDSON TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

By: /s/ Kevin J. Zugibe November 13, 2001

Kevin J. Zugibe Date
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Brian F. Coleman November 13, 2001

Brian F. Coleman Date
President, Chief Operating Officer
and Chief Financial Officer