SLM CORP Form 10-Q October 28, 2013 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-13251

SLM Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

52-2013874 (I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

19713 (Zip Code)

300 Continental Drive, Newark, Delaware (Address of principal executive offices)

(302) 283-8000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

 Large accelerated filer
 x
 Accelerated filer
 "

 Non-accelerated filer
 "
 (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
 Smaller reporting company
 "

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data
 "

 File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "
 No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class Common Stock, \$0.20 par value Outstanding at September 30, 2013 436,264,071 shares

SLM CORPORATION

Table of Contents

<u>Part I. Fin</u>	ancial Information	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	2
Item 2.	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	44
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	90
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	94
PART II.	Other Information	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	95
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	96
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	98
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	98
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	98
Item 5.	Other Information	98
Item 6.	Exhibits	98

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Sep	tember 30, 2013	Dec	ember 31, 2012
Assets				
FFELP Loans (net of allowance for losses of \$130 and \$159, respectively)	\$	106,350	\$	125,612
Private Education Loans (net of allowance for losses of \$2,144 and \$2,171 respectively)		37,752		36,934
Investments				
Available-for-sale		85		72
Other		911		1,010
Total investments		996		1,082
Cash and cash equivalents		4,329		3,900
Restricted cash and investments		4,287		5,011
Goodwill and acquired intangible assets, net		436		448
Other assets		7,420		8,273
Total assets	\$	161,570	\$	181,260
Liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	\$	15,572	\$	19,856
Long-term borrowings		136,944		152,401
Other liabilities		3,422		3,937
Total liabilities		155,938		176,194
Commitments and contingencies				
Equity				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 20 million shares authorized				
Series A: 3.3 million and 3.3 million shares issued, respectively, at stated value of \$50 per share		165		165
Series B: 4 million and 4 million shares issued, respectively, at stated value of \$100 per share		400		400
Common stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 1.125 billion shares authorized: 544 million and 536 million shares				
issued, respectively		109		107
Additional paid-in capital		4,373		4,237
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax (expense) benefit of \$(5) and \$3, respectively)		8		(6)
Retained earnings		2,385		1,451
Total SLM Corporation stockholders equity before treasury stock		7,440		6,354
Less: Common stock held in treasury at cost: 108 million and 83 million shares, respectively		(1,813)		(1,294)
Total SLM Corporation stockholders equity		5,627		5,060
Noncontrolling interest		5		6
Total equity		5,632		5,066

Total liabilities and equity

\$ 161,570 \$ 181,260

Supplemental information assets and liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
FFELP Loans	\$ 101,627	\$ 121,059
Private Education Loans	26,018	26,072
Restricted cash and investments	4,044	4,826
Other assets	2,380	2,312
Short-term borrowings	4,678	9,551
Long-term borrowings	116,968	131,518
Net assets of consolidated variable interest entities	\$ 12,423	\$ 13,200

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In millions, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mon Septem 2013		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012			
Interest income:						
FFELP Loans	\$ 698	\$ 840	\$ 2,138	\$ 2,459		
Private Education Loans	635	615	1,884	1,856		
Other loans	3	4	9	13		
Cash and investments	4	5	13	16		
Total interest income	1,340	1,464	4,044	4,344		
Total interest expense	541	645	1,666	1,968		
Net interest income	799	819	2,378	2,376		
Less: provisions for loan losses	207	270	649	766		
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	592	549	1,729	1,610		
Not interest income after provisions for four tosses	572	517	1,722	1,010		
Other income (loss):						
Gains on sales of loans and investments			307	1		
Losses on derivative and hedging activities, net	(127)	(233)	(140)	(600)		
Servicing revenue	83	71	223	212		
Contingency revenue	104	85	312	261		
Gains on debt repurchases	101	44	42	102		
Other	9	2	66	39		
Total other income (loss)	69	(31)	810	15		
Expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	128	113	380	343		
Other operating expenses	129	107	357	329		
Total operating expenses	257	220	737	672		
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization expense	4	5	10	13		
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	12	2	46	9		
Total expenses	273	227	793	694		
Income from continuing operations, before income tax expense	388	291	1,746	931		
Income tax expense	136	104	645	340		
Net income from continuing operations	252	187	1,101	591		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax expense (benefit)	8	167	47	(2)		
neone (1055) from discontinued operations, net of tax expense (ocherit)	0		÷,	(2)		
Not income	2(0	107	1 1 4 0	500		
Net income	260	187	1,148	589		
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(1)	(1)	(2)		
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation	260	188	1,149	591		
Preferred stock dividends	5	5	15	15		

Net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$ 255	\$ 183	\$ 1,134	\$ 576
Basic earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation:				
Continuing operations	\$.56	\$.39	\$ 2.46	\$ 1.19
Discontinued operations	.02		.10	
Total	\$.58	\$.39	\$ 2.56	\$ 1.19
Average common shares outstanding	436	464	442	483
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation:				
Continuing operations	\$.55	\$.39	\$ 2.42	\$ 1.18
Discontinued operations	.02		.10	
Total	\$.57	\$.39	\$ 2.52	\$ 1.18
Average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	445	471	450	490
				.25
Dividends per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$.15	\$.125	\$.45	\$.375

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

		nths Ended Iber 30, 2012	Nine Mon Septem 2013	ths Ended Iber 30, 2012
Net income	\$ 260	\$ 187	\$ 1,148	\$ 589
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives:				
Unrealized hedging gains (losses) on derivatives	(3)	(3)	19	(14)
Reclassification adjustments for derivative losses included in net income (interest				
expense)	1	6	7	22
Total unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives	(2)	3	26	8
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments			(4)	1
Income tax (expense) benefit	1	(1)	(8)	(3)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(1)	2	14	6
Comprehensive income	259	189	1.162	595
Less: comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(1)	(1)	(2)
		(-)	(-)	(2)
Total comprehensive income attributable to SLM Corporation	\$ 259	\$ 190	\$ 1,163	\$ 597

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Dollars in millions, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Preferred	Common Stock Shares					Ac Additional	cumula l Other	Total						
	Stock Shares	Issued	Treasury	Outstanding		dommo		npreher		Treasur§t Stock			llifigotal t Equity		
Balance at June 30, 2012 Comprehensive	7,300,000	532,672,974	(63,270,775)	469,402,199	\$ 565	\$ 107	\$ 4,196	\$ (10)	\$ 1,040	\$ (967)	\$ 4,931	\$7	\$ 4,938		
income: Net income (loss)									188		188	(1)	187		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax								2			2		2		
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends:											190	(1)	189		
Common stock (\$.125 per share)									(58)		(58)		(58)		
Preferred stock, series A (\$.87 per share) Preferred stock,									(3)		(3)		(3)		
series B (\$.57 per share) Issuance of									(2)		(2)		(2)		
common shares Tax benefit related to employee stock-based		1,654,506		1,654,506			17				17		17		
compensation plans Stock-based compensation							(2)				(2)		(2)		
expense Common stock repurchased			(7,643,999)	(7,643,999))		8			(121)	8 (121)		8 (121)		
Shares repurchased related to employee stock-based compensation			(1.252.020)							(20)					
plans Balance at September 30, 2012	7,300,000	534,327,480	(1,253,922) (72,168,696)	(1,253,922)		\$ 107	\$ 4,219	\$ (8)	\$ 1,165	(20) \$ (1,108)	(20) \$ 4,940	\$6	(20) \$ 4,946		

Balance at June 30, 2013 Comprehensive income:	7,300,000	543,781,184	(107,592,332)	436,188,852	\$ 565	\$ 109	\$ 4,355	\$ 9	\$ 2,195	\$ (1,804)	\$ 5,429	\$5	\$ 5,434
Net income (loss) Other									260		260		260
comprehensive income, net of tax								(1)			(1)		(1)
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends:											259		259
Common stock (\$.15 per share) Preferred stock,									(65)		(65)		(65)
series A (\$.87 per share) Preferred stock,									(3)		(3)		(3)
series B (\$.50 per share) Issuance of									(2)		(2)		(2)
common shares Tax benefit related to employee stock-based compensation		326,789		326,789			8				8		8
plans Stock-based							2				2		2
compensation expense							8				8		8
Shares repurchased related to employee stock-based compensation plans			(251,570)	(251,570)						(9)	(9)		(9)
Balance at September 30, 2013	7,300,000	544,107,973	(107,843,902)	436,264,071	\$ 565	\$ 109	\$ 4,373	\$ 8	\$ 2,385	\$ (1,813)	\$ 5,627	\$5	\$ 5,632

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Dollars in millions, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Preferred					Accumulated Additional Other Preferr ef lommon Paid Co mprehen Ret aine							Total					
	Stock Shares	Issued	Treasury	Outstanding			n Paid Con CapitInic						tockh ôlden Equity I					
Balance at December 31,			·	0			-			-								
2011 Comprehensive	7,300,000	529,075,322	(20,323,997)	508,751,325	\$ 565	\$ 106	\$ 4,136	\$ (14)	\$	770	\$	(320)	\$ 5,243	\$8	\$ 5,251			
income: Net income (loss)										591			591	(2)	589			
Other comprehensive income, net of																		
tax								6					6		6			
Total comprehensive													507		505			
income Cash dividends: Common stock													597	(2)	595			
(\$.375 per share)										(180)			(180)		(180)			
Preferred stock, series A (\$2.61 per share)										(8)			(8)		(8)			
Preferred stock, series B (\$1.69																		
per share) Dividend equivalent units related to employee stock-based										(7)			(7)		(7)			
compensation plans										(1)			(1)		(1)			
Issuance of common shares Tax benefit		5,252,158		5,252,158		1	47						48		48			
related to employee stock-based compensation																		
plans Stock-based							(5)						(5)		(5)			
compensation expense							41						41		41			
repurchased			(48,184,145)	(48,184,145								(730)	(730)		(730)			
repurchased related to			(3,000,334)	(3,000,354)							(38)	(38)		(58)			
Shares repurchased			(48,184,145) (3,660,554)	(48,184,145 (3,660,554								(730) (58)	(730) (58)		(7			

Table of Contents

stock-based compensation plans													
Balance at													
September 30, 2012	7,300,000	534,327,480	(72,168,696)	462,158,784	\$ 565	\$ 107	\$ 4,219	\$ (8	\$ 1 165	\$ (1,108)	\$ 4 940	\$6	\$ 4,946
2012	1,500,000	551,527,100	(72,100,090)	102,130,701	φ 202	φ107	ψ 1,21 <i>)</i>	φ (0	ψ 1,105	φ(1,100)	φ 1,910	ψŪ	φ 1,910
Balance at													
December 31,													
2012 Comprehensive	7,300,000	535,507,965	(82,910,021)	452,597,944	\$ 565	\$ 107	\$ 4,237	\$ (6)	\$ 1,451	\$ (1,294)	\$ 5,060	\$6	\$ 5,066
income:													
Net income													
(loss) Other									1,149		1,149	(1)	1,148
comprehensive													
income, net of													
tax								14			14		14
Total													
Total comprehensive													
income											1,163	(1)	1,162
Cash dividends: Common stock													
(\$.45 per share)									(199)		(199)		(199)
Preferred stock,									(1)))		(1))		(1)))
series A (\$2.61													
per share) Preferred stock,									(9)		(9)		(9)
series B (\$1.51													
per share)									(6)		(6)		(6)
Dividend equivalent units													
related to													
employee													
stock-based compensation													
plans									(1)		(1)		(1)
Issuance of		0 (00 000		0.000.000									
common shares Tax benefit		8,600,008		8,600,008		2	92				94		94
related to													
employee													
stock-based compensation													
plans							7				7		7
Stock-based													
compensation expense							37				37		37
Common stock							51						
repurchased			(19,316,948)	(19,316,948)						(400)	(400)		(400)
Shares repurchased													
related to													
employee													
stock-based compensation													
plans			(5,616,933)	(5,616,933)						(119)	(119)		(119)
Balance at													
September 30, 2013	7,300,000	544,107,973	(107,843,902)	436,264,071	\$ 565	\$ 109	\$ 4,373	\$ 8	\$ 2.385	\$ (1,813)	\$ 5.627	\$5	\$ 5,632
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			-										

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SLM CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in millions)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months E September 3 2013					
Operating activities						
Net income	\$	1,148	\$	589		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		(47)		2		
Gains on sales of loans and investments		(307)		(1)		
Gains on debt repurchases		(42)		(102)		
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization expense		10		13		
Stock-based compensation expense		37		41		
Unrealized (gains) losses on derivative and hedging activities		(384)		51		
Provisions for loan losses		649		766		
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash other		(3)		5		
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable		(74)		204		
Decrease in accrued interest payable		(61)		(55)		
Decrease in other assets		545		403		
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities		(85)		31		
Cash provided by operating activities continuing operations		1,386		1,947		
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities discontinued operations		46		(5)		
Total net cash provided by operating activities		1,432		1,942		
Investing activities						
Student loans acquired and originated		(3,689)		(5,497)		
Reduction of student loans:						
Installment payments, claims and other		9,159	1	14,167		
Proceeds from sales of student loans		707		428		
Other investing activities, net		56		(101)		
Purchases of available-for-sale securities		(44)		(39)		
Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale securities		28		56		
Purchases of other securities		(288)		(182)		
Proceeds from maturities of other securities		289		161		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash variable interest entities		422		(609)		
Total net cash provided by investing activities		6,640		8,384		
Financing activities						
Borrowings collateralized by loans in trust issued		8,542	1	10,004		
Borrowings collateralized by loans in trust repaid	(10,815)	(1	11,565)		
Asset-backed commercial paper conduits, net	,	4,341		140		
ED Conduit Program facility, net		(9,551)		(8,960)		
Other short-term borrowings issued				23		
Other short-term borrowings repaid				(122)		
Other long-term borrowings issued		2,712		3,769		
Other long-term borrowings repaid		(2,343)		(2,952)		
Other financing activities, net		(782)		224		
Retail and other deposits, net		867		327		

Common stock repurchased	(400)	(730)
Common stock dividends paid	(199)	(180)
Preferred stock dividends paid	(15)	(15)
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,643)	(10,037)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	429	289
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,900	2,794
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,329	\$ 3,083
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash disbursements made (refunds received) for:		
Interest	\$ 1,646	\$ 1,913
Income taxes paid	\$ 520	\$ 416
1		
Income taxes received	\$ (19)	\$ (5)
Noncash activity:		
Investing activity Student loans and other assets acquired	\$	\$ 402
Student loans and other assets removed related to sale of Residual Interest in securitization	\$ (11,802)	\$
	+ (;••=)	Ŧ
Financing activity Borrowings assumed in acquisition of student loans and other assets	\$	\$ 425
	Ψ	φ τ25
Borrowings removed related to sale of Residual Interest in securitization	\$ (12,084)	\$
borrowings removed related to sale of Kesidual interest in securitization	э (12,084)	Ф

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Information at September 30, 2013 and for the three and nine months ended

September 30, 2013 and 2012 is unaudited)

1. Significant Accounting Policies *Basis of Presentation*

The accompanying unaudited, consolidated financial statements of SLM Corporation (we, us, our, or the Company) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SLM Corporation and its majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries and those Variable Interest Entities (VIEs) for which we are the primary beneficiary, after eliminating the effects of intercompany accounts and transactions. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods have been included. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2013 or for any other period. These unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 (the 2012 Form 10-K).

Consolidation

In the first six months of 2013, we sold Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts to third parties. We will continue to service the student loans in the trusts under existing agreements. Prior to the sale of the Residual Interests, we had consolidated the trusts as VIEs because we had met the two criteria for consolidation. We had determined we were the primary beneficiary because (1) as servicer to the trust we had the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affected its economic performance and (2) as the residual holder of the trust, we had an obligation to absorb losses or receive benefits of the trust that could potentially be significant. Upon the sale of the Residual Interests we are no longer the residual holder, thus we determined we no longer met criterion (2) above and deconsolidated the trusts. As a result of these transactions, we removed securitization trust assets of \$12.5 billion and the related liabilities of \$12.1 billion from the balance sheet and recorded a \$312 million gain as part of gains on sales of loans and investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the balances as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 to be consistent with classifications adopted for 2013, and had no effect on net income, total assets, or total liabilities.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

On January 1, 2013, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220), Reporting Amounts Reclassified out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. The objective of this new guidance is to improve the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The impact of adopting this new guidance was immaterial and there was no impact on our results of operations.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses

Our provisions for loan losses represent the periodic expense of maintaining an allowance sufficient to absorb incurred probable losses, net of expected recoveries, in the held-for-investment loan portfolios. The evaluation of the provisions for loan losses is inherently subjective as it requires material estimates that may be susceptible to significant changes. We believe that the allowance for loan losses is appropriate to cover probable losses incurred in the loan portfolios. We segregate our Private Education Loan portfolio into two classes of loans traditional and non-traditional. Non-traditional loans are loans to (i) customers attending for-profit schools with an original Fair Isaac and Company (FICO) score of less than 670 and (ii) customers attending not-for-profit schools with an original FICO score of less than 640. The FICO score used in determining whether a loan is non-traditional is the greater of the customer or cosigner FICO score at origination. Traditional loans are defined as all other Private Education Loans that are not classified as non-traditional.

Allowance for Loan Losses Metrics

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended Sep Private Education FFELP Loans Loans		Ċ C	ember 30, 2013 Other Loans		Fotal	
Allowance for Loan Losses							
Beginning balance	\$	133	\$ 2,149	\$	35	\$	2,317
Total provision		12	195				207
Charge-offs ⁽¹⁾		(15)	(205)		(3)		(223)
Reclassification of interest reserve ⁽²⁾			5				5
Ending balance	\$	130	\$ 2,144	\$	32	\$	2,306
Allowance:							
Ending balance: individually evaluated for							
impairment	\$		\$ 1,091	\$	24	\$	1,115
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for							
impairment	\$	130	\$ 1,053	\$	8	\$	1,191
Loans:							
Ending balance: individually evaluated for							
impairment	\$		\$ 8,982	\$	49	\$	9,031
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for							
impairment	\$ 10)5,422	\$ 31,640	\$	91	\$ 1	37,153
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in repayment (annualized)		.08%	2.57%		7.70%		
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in							
repayment and forbearance (annualized)		.06%	2.48%		7.70%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending total loan							
balance		.12%	5.28%		22.90%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending loans in							
repayment		.17%	6.77%		22.90%		
Allowance coverage of charge-offs (annualized)		2.2	2.6		2.8		
Ending total loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 10)5,422	\$ 40,622	\$	140		
Average loans in repayment	\$ 7	78,012	\$ 31,630	\$	148		
Ending loans in repayment	\$ 7	77,618	\$ 31,651	\$	140		

- (1) Charge-offs are reported net of expected recoveries. For Private Education Loans, the expected recovery amount is transferred to the receivable for partially charged-off loan balance. Charge-offs include charge-offs against the receivable for partially charged-off loans which represents the difference between what was expected to be collected and any shortfalls in what was actually collected in the period. See Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans for further discussion.
- ⁽²⁾ Represents the additional allowance related to the amount of uncollectible interest reserved within interest income that is transferred in the period to the allowance for loan losses when interest is capitalized to a loan s principal balance.
- ⁽³⁾ Ending total loans for Private Education Loans includes the receivable for partially charged-off loans.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

				onths Ended Se Education		30, 2012 ther			
(Dollars in millions)	FFEL	P Loans		oans	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Total	
Allowance for Loan Losses	11.11	I Louis	-	Journs	E	54115		i otur	
Beginning balance	\$	173	\$	2,186	\$	59	\$	2,418	
Total provision		18		252				270	
Charge-offs ⁽¹⁾		(23)		(250)		(6)		(279)	
Student loan sales		(2)						(2)	
Reclassification of interest reserve ⁽²⁾				8				8	
Ending balance	\$	166	\$	2,196	\$	53	\$	2,415	
Allowance:									
Ending balance: individually evaluated for									
impairment	\$		\$	1,056	\$	40	\$	1,096	
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for									
impairment	\$	166	\$	1,140	\$	13	\$	1,319	
Loans:									
Ending balance: individually evaluated for									
impairment	\$		\$	7,099	\$	76	\$	7,175	
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for									
impairment	\$ 12	26,441	\$	33,012	\$	146	\$ 1	59,599	
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in repayment (annualized)		.10%		3.23%		9.58%			
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in									
repayment and forbearance (annualized)		.08%		3.11%		9.58%			
Allowance as a percentage of the ending total									
loan balance		.13%		5.48%	2	23.92%			
Allowance as a percentage of the ending loans in									
repayment		.18%		7.09%	2	23.92%			
Allowance coverage of charge-offs (annualized)		1.8		2.2		2.4			
Ending total loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 12	26,441	\$	40,111	\$	222			
Average loans in repayment	\$ 9	90,898	\$	30,816	\$	231			
Ending loans in repayment	\$ 9	90,481	\$	30,972	\$	222			

(1) Charge-offs are reported net of expected recoveries. For Private Education Loans, the expected recovery amount is transferred to the receivable for partially charged-off loan balance. Charge-offs include charge-offs against the receivable for partially charged-off loans which represents the difference between what was expected to be collected and any shortfalls in what was actually collected in the period. See Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans for further discussion.

(2) Represents the additional allowance related to the amount of uncollectible interest reserved within interest income that is transferred in the period to the allowance for loan losses when interest is capitalized to a loan s principal balance.

⁽³⁾ Ending total loans for Private Education Loans includes the receivable for partially charged-off loans.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

(Dollars in millions)	FFELP Loans		Private	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Private Education Other Loans Loans		Total		
Allowance for Loan Losses								
Beginning balance	\$	159	\$	2,171	\$	47	\$	2,377
Total provision		42		607				649
Charge-offs ⁽¹⁾		(57)		(649)		(15)		(721)
Student loan sales		(14)						(14)
Reclassification of interest reserve ⁽²⁾				15				15
Ending balance	\$	130	\$	2,144	\$	32	\$	2,306
Allowance:								
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$		\$	1,091	\$	24	\$	1,115
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for								
impairment	\$	130	\$	1,053	\$	8	\$	1,191
Loans:								
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$		\$	8,982	\$	49	\$	9,031
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for								
impairment	\$ 10	5,422	\$	31,640	\$	91	\$ 1	37,153
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in repayment (annualized)		.09%		2.74%	1	2.14%		
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in								
repayment and forbearance (annualized)		.08%		2.65%	1	2.14%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending total								
loan balance		.12%		5.28%	2	2.90%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending loans in								
repayment		.17%		6.77%	2	2.90%		
Allowance coverage of charge-offs (annualized)		1.7		2.5		1.6		
Ending total loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 10	5,422	\$	40,622	\$	140		
Average loans in repayment	\$ 8	32,196	\$	31,631	\$	163		
Ending loans in repayment	\$ 7	7,618	\$	31,651	\$	140		

(1) Charge-offs are reported net of expected recoveries. For Private Education Loans, the expected recovery amount is transferred to the receivable for partially charged-off loan balance. Charge-offs include charge-offs against the receivable for partially charged-off loans which represents the difference between what was expected to be collected and any shortfalls in what was actually collected in the period. See Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans for further discussion.

(2) Represents the additional allowance related to the amount of uncollectible interest reserved within interest income that is transferred in the period to the allowance for loan losses when interest is capitalized to a loan s principal balance.

⁽³⁾ Ending total loans for Private Education Loans includes the receivable for partially charged-off loans.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

(Dollars in millions)	Nine Months Ended Sept Private Education FFELP Loans Loans		0	ember 30, 2012 Other Loans		Total		
Allowance for Loan Losses	FFEL	P Loans	L	oans	L	Dans		1 otal
Beginning balance	\$	187	\$	2,171	\$	69	\$	2,427
Total provision	φ	54	φ	712	φ	09	φ	766
Charge-offs ⁽¹⁾		(68)		(709)		(16)		(793)
Student loan sales		(08)		(709)		(10)		(793)
Reclassification of interest reserve ⁽²⁾		()		22				22
Reclassification of interest reserve				22				22
Ending balance	\$	166	\$	2,196	\$	53	\$	2,415
Allowance:								
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$		\$	1.056	\$	40	\$	1,096
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for	Ψ		Ψ	1,000	Ψ	10	Ψ	1,070
impairment	\$	166	\$	1,140	\$	13	\$	1,319
Loans:	-		-	-,	-		Ŧ	-,
Ending balance: individually evaluated for								
impairment	\$		\$	7,099	\$	76	\$	7,175
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for								
impairment	\$ 12	26,441	\$	33,012	\$	146	\$ 1	59,599
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in								
repayment (annualized)		.10%		3.10%		8.79%		
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in								
repayment and forbearance (annualized)		.08%		2.97%		8.79%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending total								
loan balance		.13%		5.48%	2	3.92%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending loans in								
repayment		.18%		7.09%	2	3.92%		
Allowance coverage of charge-offs (annualized)		1.8		2.3		2.5		
Ending total loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 12	26,441	\$	40,111	\$	222		
Average loans in repayment	\$ 9	92,157	\$	30,577	\$	242		
Ending loans in repayment	\$ 9	90,481	\$	30,972	\$	222		

(1) Charge-offs are reported net of expected recoveries. For Private Education Loans, the expected recovery amount is transferred to the receivable for partially charged-off loan balance. Charge-offs include charge-offs against the receivable for partially charged-off loans which represents the difference between what was expected to be collected and any shortfalls in what was actually collected in the period. See Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans for further discussion.

(2) Represents the additional allowance related to the amount of uncollectible interest reserved within interest income that is transferred in the period to the allowance for loan losses when interest is capitalized to a loan s principal balance.

⁽³⁾ Ending total loans for Private Education Loans includes the receivable for partially charged-off loans.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

Key Credit Quality Indicators

FFELP Loans are substantially insured and guaranteed as to their principal and accrued interest in the event of default; therefore, the key credit quality indicator for this portfolio is loan status. The impact of changes in loan status is incorporated quarterly into the allowance for loan losses calculation.

For Private Education Loans, the key credit quality indicators are school type, FICO scores, the existence of a cosigner, the loan status and loan seasoning. The school type/FICO score are assessed at origination and maintained through the traditional/non-traditional loan designation. The other Private Education Loan key quality indicators can change and are incorporated quarterly into the allowance for loan losses calculation. The following table highlights the principal balance (excluding the receivable for partially charged-off loans) of our Private Education Loan portfolio stratified by the key credit quality indicators.

	Sentemi	Private Education Loans Credit Quality Indicators September 30, 2013 December 31, 2012					
(Dollars in millions)	Balance ⁽³⁾	% of Balance	Balance ⁽³⁾	% of Balance			
Credit Quality Indicators							
School Type/FICO Scores:							
Traditional	\$ 36,353	93%	\$ 35,347	92%			
Non-Traditional ⁽¹⁾	2,947	7	3,207	8			
Total	\$ 39,300	100%	\$ 38,554	100%			
Cosigners:							
With cosigner	\$ 26,277	67%	\$ 24,907	65%			
Without cosigner	13,023	33	13,647	35			
Total	\$ 39,300	100%	\$ 38,554	100%			
Seasoning ⁽²⁾ :							
1-12 payments	\$ 5,855	15%	\$ 7,371	19%			
13-24 payments	5,765	15	6,137	16			
25-36 payments	6,227	16	6,037	16			
37-48 payments	4,871	12	4,780	12			
More than 48 payments	10,041	25	8,325	22			
Not yet in repayment	6,541	17	5,904	15			
Total	\$ 39,300	100%	\$ 38,554	100%			

- ⁽¹⁾ Defined as loans to customers attending for-profit schools (with a FICO score of less than 670 at origination) and customers attending not-for-profit schools (with a FICO score of less than 640 at origination).
- $^{(2)}$ $\,$ Number of months in active repayment for which a scheduled payment was due.
- ⁽³⁾ Balance represents gross Private Education Loans.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following tables provide information regarding the loan status and aging of past due loans.

	FFELP Loan Delinquencies September 30, December 3 2013 2012			31,
(Dollars in millions)	Balance	%	Balance	%
Loans in-school/grace/deferment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 14,613		\$ 17,702	
Loans in forbearance ⁽²⁾	13,191		15,902	
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:				
Loans current	64,144	82.6%	75,499	83.2%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days ⁽³⁾	3,798	4.9	4,710	5.2
Loans delinquent 61-90 days ⁽³⁾	2,734	3.5	2,788	3.1
Loans delinquent greater than 90 days ⁽³⁾	6,942	9.0	7,734	8.5
Total FFELP Loans in repayment	77,618	100%	90,731	100%
Total FFELP Loans, gross	105,422		124,335	
FFELP Loan unamortized premium	1,058		1,436	
Total FFELP Loans	106,480		125,771	
FFELP Loan allowance for losses	(130)		(159)	
FFELP Loans, net	\$ 106,350		\$ 125,612	
Percentage of FFELP Loans in repayment		73.6%		73.0%
referruge of friends in repuyment		15.070		15.070
Delinquencies as a percentage of FFELP Loans in repayment		17.4%		16.8%
Demiquencies as a percentage of FTEEL Loans in repayment		1/.4/0		10.0 /0
FFELP Loans in forbearance as a percentage of loans in repayment and		1450		14.00
forbearance		14.5%		14.9%

(1) Loans for customers who may still be attending school or engaging in other permitted educational activities and are not required to make payments on their loans, e.g., residency periods for medical students or a grace period for bar exam preparation, as well as loans for customers who have requested and qualify for other permitted program deferments such as military, unemployment, or economic hardships.

⁽²⁾ Loans for customers who have used their allowable deferment time or do not qualify for deferment, that need additional time to obtain employment or who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors.

⁽³⁾ The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

	Privat	e Education Delinqu	Traditional Loar encies	ı
	Septembe 2013	r 30,	December 2012	r 31,
(Dollars in millions)	Balance	%	Balance	%
Loans in-school/grace/deferment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 6,112		\$ 5,421	
Loans in forbearance ⁽²⁾	971		996	
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:				
Loans current	27,015	92.3%	26,597	91.9%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days ⁽³⁾	812	2.8	837	2.9
Loans delinquent 61-90 days ⁽³⁾	519	1.7	375	1.3
Loans delinquent greater than 90 days ⁽³⁾	924	3.2	1,121	3.9
Total traditional loans in repayment	29,270	100%	28,930	100%
Total traditional loans, gross	36,353		35,347	
Traditional loans unamortized discount	(650)		(713)	
Total traditional loans	35,703		34,634	
Traditional loans receivable for partially charged-off loans	798		797	
Traditional loans allowance for losses	(1,611)		(1,637)	
Traditional loans, net	\$ 34,890		\$ 33,794	
Percentage of traditional loans in repayment		80.5%		81.9%
Delinquencies as a percentage of traditional loans in repayment		7.7%		8.1%
Loans in forbearance as a percentage of loans in repayment and forbearance		3.2%		3.3%

⁽¹⁾ Deferment includes customers who have returned to school or are engaged in other permitted educational activities and are not required to make payments on their loans, e.g., residency periods for medical students or a grace period for bar exam preparation.

⁽²⁾ Loans for customers who have requested extension of grace period generally during employment transition or who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors, consistent with established loan program servicing policies and procedures.

⁽³⁾ The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

	Priv	ate Education Loan Delir	Non-Traditiona Iquencies	1
	Septemb 2013		December 2012	/
(Dollars in millions)	Balance	%	Balance	%
Loans in-school/grace/deferment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 429		\$ 483	
Loans in forbearance ⁽²⁾	137		140	
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:				
Loans current	1,841	77.3%	1,978	76.5%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days ⁽³⁾	154	6.5	175	6.8
Loans delinquent 61-90 days ⁽³⁾	122	5.1	106	4.1
Loans delinquent greater than 90 days ⁽³⁾	264	11.1	325	12.6
Total non-traditional loans in repayment	2,381	100%	2,584	100%
Total non-traditional loans, gross	2,947		3,207	
Non-traditional loans unamortized discount	(76)		(83)	
Total non-traditional loans	2,871		3,124	
Non-traditional loans receivable for partially charged-off loans	524		550	
Non-traditional loans allowance for losses	(533)		(534)	
Non-traditional loans, net	\$ 2,862		\$ 3,140	
Percentage of non-traditional loans in repayment		80.8%		80.6%
Delinquencies as a percentage of non-traditional loans in repayment		22.7%		23.4%
Loans in forbearance as a percentage of loans in repayment and forbearance		5.4%		5.1%

⁽¹⁾ Deferment includes customers who have returned to school or are engaged in other permitted educational activities and are not required to make payments on their loans, e.g., residency periods for medical students or a grace period for bar exam preparation.

⁽²⁾ Loans for customers who have requested extension of grace period generally during employment transition or who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors, consistent with established loan program servicing policies and procedures.

⁽³⁾ The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due. *Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans*

At the end of each month, for loans that are 212 days past due, we charge off the estimated loss of a defaulted loan balance. Actual recoveries are applied against the remaining loan balance that was not charged off. We refer to this remaining loan balance as the receivable for partially charged-off loans. If actual periodic recoveries are less than expected, the difference is immediately charged off through the allowance for loan losses with an offsetting reduction in the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans. If actual periodic recoveries are greater than expected, they will be reflected as a recovery through the allowance for Private Education Loan losses once the cumulative recovery amount exceeds the cumulative amount originally expected to be recovered. Private Education Loans which defaulted between 2008 and 2012 for which we have previously charged off estimated losses have, to varying degrees, not met our post-default recovery expectations to date and may continue not to do so. Our allowance for loan losses takes into account these potential recovery uncertainties. In the third quarter of

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

2013 we increased our allowance related to these potential recovery shortfalls by approximately \$112 million. According to our policy, we have been charging off these periodic shortfalls in expected recoveries against our allowance for Private Education Loan losses and the related receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans and we will continue to do so. There was \$329 million and \$187 million in allowance for Private Education Loan losses at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, providing for possible additional future charge-offs related to the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans.

The following table summarizes the activity in the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans.

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Receivable at beginning of period	\$ 1,334	\$ 1,277	\$ 1,347	\$ 1,241
Expected future recoveries of current period defaults ⁽¹⁾	68	86	216	237
Recoveries ⁽²⁾	(55)	(45)	(177)	(139)
Charge-offs ⁽³⁾	(25)	(15)	(64)	(36)
Receivable at end of period	1,322	1,303	1,322	1,303
Allowance for estimated recovery shortfalls ⁽⁴⁾	(329)	(187)	(329)	(187)
Net receivable at end of period	\$ 993	\$ 1,116	\$ 993	\$ 1,116

⁽¹⁾ Represents the difference between the loan balance and our estimate of the amount to be collected in the future.

- ⁽²⁾ Current period cash collections.
- ⁽³⁾ Represents the current period recovery shortfall the difference between what was expected to be collected and what was actually collected. These amounts are included in the Private Education Loan total charge-offs as reported in the Allowance for Loan Losses Metrics tables.

(4) The allowance for estimated recovery shortfalls of the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans is a component of the \$2.1 billion and \$2.2 billion overall allowance for Private Education Loan losses as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
 Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs)

We modify the terms of loans for certain customers when we believe such modifications may increase the ability and willingness of a customer to make payments and thus increase the ultimate overall amount collected on a loan. These modifications generally take the form of a forbearance, a temporary interest rate reduction or an extended repayment plan. For customers experiencing financial difficulty, certain Private Education Loans for which we have granted either cumulative forbearance of greater than three months, an interest rate reduction or an extended

Table of Contents

repayment plan are classified as TDRs. Forbearance provides customers the ability to defer payments for a period of time, but does not result in the forgiveness of any principal or interest. While in forbearance status, interest continues to accrue and is capitalized to principal when the loan re-enters repayment status. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the percentage of loans granted forbearance that have migrated to a TDR classification due to the extension of the original forbearance period was 43 percent for each period. The unpaid principal balance of TDR loans that were in an interest rate reduction plan as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was \$1.5 billion and \$1.0 billion, respectively.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, all of our TDR loans had a related allowance recorded. The following table provides the recorded investment, unpaid principal balance and related allowance for our TDR loans.

(Dollars in millions)		Recorded Investment ⁽¹⁾	TDR Loans Unpaid Principal Balance	 elated lowance
September 30, 2013				
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 7,251	\$ 7,307	\$ 830
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	1,423	1,424	261
Total		\$ 8,674	\$ 8,731	\$ 1,091
December 31, 2012				
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 5,999	\$ 6,074	\$ 844
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	1,295	1,303	282
Total		\$ 7,294	\$ 7,377	\$ 1,126

(1) The recorded investment is equal to the unpaid principal balance and accrued interest receivable net of unamortized deferred fees and costs. The following table provides the average recorded investment and interest income recognized for our TDR loans.

			Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012								
		Average	Average Interest		Average	Int	terest				
		Recorded	In	come	Recorded	Inc	come				
(Dollars in millions)		Investment	Rec	ognized	Investment	Reco	gnized				
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 7,246	\$	108	\$ 5,481	\$	87				
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	1,477		29	1,274		27				
Total		\$ 8,723	\$	137	\$ 6,755	\$	114				

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012

(Dollars in millions)

	Average		Int	erest	Average	Int	terest
		Recorded Investment	IncomeRecordedRecognizedInvestment\$ 304\$ 5,010831,197		Income Recognized		
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 6,768	\$	304	\$ 5,010	\$	241
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	1,420		83	1,197		78
Total		\$ 8,188	\$	387	\$ 6,207	\$	319

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following table provides information regarding the loan status and aging of TDR loans that are past due.

	TDR Loan Delinquencies September 30,				
	2013		December 31, 2012		
(Dollars in millions)	Balance	%	Balance	%	
Loans in deferment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 789		\$ 574		
Loans in forbearance ⁽²⁾	768		544		
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:					
Loans current	5,384	75.1%	4,619	73.8%	
Loans delinquent 31-60 days ⁽³⁾	555	7.7	478	7.6	
Loans delinquent 61-90 days ⁽³⁾	408	5.7	254	4.1	
Loans delinquent greater than 90 days ⁽³⁾	827	11.5	908	14.5	
Total TDR loans in repayment	7,174	100%	6,259	100%	
Total TDR loans, gross	\$ 8,731		\$ 7,377		

(1) Deferment includes loans for customers who have returned to school and are not currently required to make payments on their loans.

⁽²⁾ Loans for customers who have requested extension of grace period generally during employment transition or who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors, consistent with established loan program servicing policies and procedures.

⁽³⁾ The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due.

The following table provides the amount of modified loans that resulted in a TDR in the periods presented. Additionally, the table summarizes charge-offs occurring in the TDR portfolio, as well as TDRs for which a payment default occurred in the current period within 12 months of the loan first being designated as a TDR. We define payment default as 60 days past due for this disclosure. The majority of our loans that are considered TDRs involve a temporary forbearance of payments and do not change the contractual interest rate of the loan.

			Three Months Ended September 30,						
			2013			2012			
		Modified	Charge-	Payment	Modified	Charge-	Payment		
(Dollars in millions)		Loans ⁽¹⁾	Offs ⁽²⁾	Default	Loans ⁽¹⁾	Offs ⁽²⁾	Default		
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 651	\$ 88	\$ 168	\$ 573	\$ 96	\$ 332		
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	94	32	48	101	37	97		

Total	\$ 745	\$ 120	\$ 216	\$ 674	\$ 133	\$ 429

		Nine Months Ended September 30,						
		2013			2012			
(Dollars in millions)	Modified Loans ⁽¹⁾	Charge- Offs ⁽²⁾	Payment Default	Modified Loans ⁽¹⁾	Charge- Offs ⁽²⁾	Payment Default		
Private Education Loans Traditional	\$ 1,686	\$ 269	\$ 547	\$ 1,783	\$ 244	\$ 1,111		
Private Education Loans Non-Traditional	259	97	150	346	99	350		
Total	\$ 1,945	\$ 366	\$ 697	\$ 2,129	\$ 343	\$ 1,461		

(1) Represents period ending balance of loans that have been modified during the period and resulted in a TDR.

(2) Represents loans that charged off that were classified as TDRs.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

Accrued Interest Receivable

The following table provides information regarding accrued interest receivable on our Private Education Loans. The table also discloses the amount of accrued interest on loans greater than 90 days past due as compared to our allowance for uncollectible interest. The allowance for uncollectible interest exceeds the amount of accrued interest on our 90 days past due portfolio for all periods presented.

(Dollars in millions)		Total	Accrued Int Greate 90 I Past	r Than Days	vable Allowa Uncoll Inte	ectible
September 30, 2013						
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 940	\$	33	\$	46
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	97		13		21
Total		\$ 1,037	\$	46	\$	67
December 31, 2012						
Private Education Loans	Traditional	\$ 798	\$	39	\$	45
Private Education Loans	Non-Traditional	106		16		22
Total		\$ 904	\$	55	\$	67

3. Borrowings

The following table summarizes our borrowings.

		eptember 30, 2	013	December 31, 2012			
(Dollars in millions)	Short Term	Long Term	Total	Short Term	Long Term	Total	
Unsecured borrowings:							
Senior unsecured debt	\$ 3,201	\$ 15,509	\$ 18,710	\$ 2,319	\$ 15,446	\$ 17,765	
Bank deposits	5,732	1,896	7,628	4,226	3,088	7,314	
Other ⁽¹⁾	806		806	1,609		1,609	
Total unsecured borrowings	9,739	17,405	27,144	8,154	18,534	26,688	
Secured borrowings:							
FFELP Loan securitizations		91,690	91,690		105,525	105,525	

Table of Contents

Private Education Loan securitizations		19,434	19,434		19,656	19,656
FFELP Loans other facilities	5,794	5,394	11,188	11,651	4,827	16,478
Private Education Loans other facilities		878	878		1,070	1,070
Total secured borrowings	5,794	117,396	123,190	11,651	131,078	142,729
Total before hedge accounting adjustments	15,533	134,801	150,334	19,805	149,612	169,417
Hedge accounting adjustments	39	2,143	2,182	51	2,789	2,840
Total	\$ 15,572	\$ 136,944	\$ 152,516	\$ 19,856	\$ 152,401	\$ 172,257

⁽¹⁾ Other primarily consists of the obligation to return cash collateral held related to derivative exposures.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Borrowings (Continued)

Secured Borrowings

The tables below summarize all of our financing entities that are VIEs which we consolidate as a result of being the entities primary beneficiary. As such, these financing VIEs are accounted for as secured borrowings. We consolidate the following financing VIEs:

	Short	Debt Outstand Long		September 30, 2013 Carrying Amount of Assets Securing Debt Outstanding					
(Dollars in millions)	Term	Term	Total	Loans Cash		Other Assets	Total		
Secured Borrowings VIEs:									
FFELP Loan securitizations	\$	\$ 91,690	\$ 91,690	\$ 92,865	\$ 3,538	\$ 715	\$ 97,118		
Private Education Loan securitizations		19,434	19,434	24,413	337	575	25,325		
FFELP Loans other facilities	4,678	3,777	8,455	8,762	151	108	9,021		
Private Education Loans other facilities		878	878	1,605	18	31	1,654		
Total before hedge accounting adjustments	4,678	115,779	120,457	127,645	4,044	1,429	133,118		
Hedge accounting adjustments		1,189	1,189			951	951		
Total	\$ 4,678	\$ 116,968	\$ 121,646	\$ 127,645	\$ 4,044	\$ 2,380	\$ 134,069		

December 31, 2012									
Carrying Amount of Assets Securing									
	Debt Outstand	ing	Debt Outstanding						
Short	Long								
Term	Term	Total	Loans	Cash	Other Assets	Total			
\$	\$ 105,525	\$ 105,525	\$ 107,009	\$ 3,652	\$ 608	\$111,269			
	19,656	19,656	24,618	385	545	25,548			
9,551	4,154	13,705	14,050	487	197	14,734			
	1,070	1,070	1,454	302	33	1,789			
9,551	130,405	139,956	147,131	4,826	1,383	153,340			
	1,113	1,113			929	929			
\$ 9,551	\$ 131,518	\$ 141,069	\$ 147,131	\$4,826	\$ 2,312	\$ 154,269			
	Short Term 9,551 9,551	Short Term Long Term \$ 105,525 19,656 9,551 4,154 1,070 9,551 130,405 1,113	Bebt Outstanding Short Term Long Term Total \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$ \$107,070 \$10,070 \$ \$130,405 \$139,956 \$ \$1,113 \$1,113	Carr Carr Short Long Term Total Loans \$ 105,525 \$ 105,525 \$ 107,009 19,656 19,656 24,618 9,551 4,154 13,705 14,050 1,070 1,070 1,454 9,551 130,405 139,956 147,131 1,113 1,113 1,113	Debt Outstanding Carrying Amound Debt O Short Long Debt O Term Total Loans Cash \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$107,009 \$3,652 \$ 9,551 4,154 13,705 14,050 487 1,070 1,070 1,454 302 9,551 130,405 139,956 147,131 4,826 1,113 1,113 1,113 1 1	Debt Outstanding Long Term Total Loans Cash Other Assets Sect Debt Outstanding \$ short Term Term Total Loans Cash Other Assets \$ \$105,525 \$105,525 \$107,009 \$3,652 \$608 \$ 19,656 19,656 24,618 385 545 9,551 4,154 13,705 14,050 487 197 1,070 1,070 1,454 302 33 9,551 130,405 139,956 147,131 4,826 1,383 1,113 1,113 929 929 929 929			

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Borrowings (Continued)

Securitizations

The following table summarizes the securitization transactions that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2012 and the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

(Dollars in millions)	AAA-rated bonds			
Issue	Date Issued	Total Issued	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Average Life
FFELP:				
2012-1	January 2012	\$ 765	1 month LIBOR plus 0.91%	4.6 years
2012-2	March 2012	824	1 month LIBOR plus 0.70%	4.7 years
2012-3	May 2012	1,252	1 month LIBOR plus 0.65%	4.6 years
2012-4	June 2012	1,491 ⁽¹⁾	1 month LIBOR plus 1.10%	8.2 years
2011-3	July 2012	24	N/A (Retained B Notes sold)	
2012-4	July 2012	45	N/A (Retained B Notes sold)	
2012-5	July 2012	1,252	1 month LIBOR plus 0.67%	4.5 years
2012-6	September 2012	1,249	1 month LIBOR plus 0.62%	4.6 years
2012-7	November 2012	1,251	1 month LIBOR plus 0.55%	4.5 years
2012-8	December 2012	1,527	1 month LIBOR plus 0.90%	7.8 years
Total bonds issued in 2012		\$ 9,680		
Total loan amount securitized in 2012		\$ 9,565		
2013-1	February 2013	\$ 1,249	1 month LIBOR plus 0.46%	4.3 years
2013-2	April 2013	1,246	1 month LIBOR plus 0.45%	4.4 years
2013-3	June 2013	1,246	1 month LIBOR plus 0.54%	4.5 years
2013-4	August 2013	747	1 month LIBOR plus 0.55%	4.4 years
2013-5	September 2013	996	1 month LIBOR plus 0.64%	4.6 years
Total bonds issued in nine months ended September 30, 2013		\$ 5,484		
Total loan amount securitized in nine months ended September 30, 2013		\$ 5,496		
Private Education:				
2012-A	February 2012	\$ 547	1 month LIBOR plus 2.17%	3.0 years
2012-В	April 2012	891	1 month LIBOR plus 2.12%	2.9 years
2012-C	May 2012	1,135	1 month LIBOR plus 1.77%	2.6 years

2012-D	July 2012	640	1 month LIBOR plus 1.69%	2.5 years
2012-Е	October 2012	976	1 month LIBOR plus 1.22%	2.6 years
Total bonds issued in 2012		\$ 4,189		
Total loan amount securitized in 2012		\$ 5,557		
		+ - ,		
2013-R1	January 2013	\$ 254	1 month LIBOR plus 1.75%	6.3 years
2013-A	March 2013	1,108	1 month LIBOR plus 0.81%	2.6 years
2013-В	May 2013	1,135	1 month LIBOR plus 0.89%	2.7 years
2013-С	September 2013	624	1 month LIBOR plus 1.21%	3.1 years
Total bonds issued in nine months ended September 30,				
2013		\$ 3,121		
Total loan amount securitized in nine months ended				
September 30, 2013		\$ 3,387		
<u>r</u>		+ 2,007		

⁽¹⁾ Total size excludes subordinated tranche that was retained at issuance totaling \$45 million.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Borrowings (Continued)

2013 Sales of FFELP Securitization Trust Residual Interests

On February 13, 2013, we sold the Residual Interest in a FFELP Loan securitization trust to a third party. We will continue to service the student loans in the trust under existing agreements. The sale removed securitization trust assets of \$3.82 billion and related liabilities of \$3.68 billion from our balance sheet.

On April 11, 2013, we sold the Residual Interest in a FFELP Loan securitization trust to a third party. We will continue to service the student loans in the trust under existing agreements. The sale removed securitization trust assets of \$2.03 billion and related liabilities of \$1.99 billion from our balance sheet.

On June 13, 2013, we sold the three Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts to a third party. We will continue to service the student loans in the trusts under existing agreements. The sale removed securitization trust assets of \$6.60 billion and related liabilities of \$6.42 billion from our balance sheet.

Additional, Recent Borrowing-Related Transactions

Senior Unsecured Debt

On January 28, 2013 and September 20, 2013, we issued \$1.5 billion and \$1.25 billion of senior unsecured bonds, respectively.

FFELP ABCP Facility

On June 10, 2013, we closed on a new \$6.8 billion asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP) credit facility that matures in June 2014 to facilitate the term securitization of FFELP Loans. The facility was used in June 2013 to refinance all of the FFELP Loans previously financed through the U.S. Department of Education s (ED) Conduit Program. The facility cannot be used to borrow any additional amounts. As a result, we ended our participation in the ED Conduit Program.

The cost of borrowing under the facility is the yield rate (either 30-day LIBOR daily average or commercial paper issuance cost) plus 0.50 percent, excluding up-front-commitment fees. Failure to pay off the facility on the maturity date would result in a 90-day extension of the facility with the interest rate increasing from LIBOR plus 0.75 percent to LIBOR plus 1.50 percent over that period. If, at the end of that period the facility has not been repaid, a default rate of LIBOR plus 3.00 percent would be payable until either the notes are repaid in full or the collateral is foreclosed upon. This default rate would also be triggered by the occurrence of a termination event. The facility is subject to termination under certain circumstances. Our borrowings under the facility are non-recourse. As of September 30, 2013, there was \$4.7 billion outstanding under the facility. The book basis of the assets securing the facility as of September 30, 2013 was \$4.9 billion.

Private Education Loan Facility

On July 17, 2013, we closed on a \$1.1 billion asset-backed borrowing facility that matures on August 15, 2015. The facility was used to fund the call and redemption of our SLM 2009-D Private Education Loan Trust ABS, which occurred on August 15, 2013. The cost of borrowing under the facility is commercial paper issuance cost plus 0.75 percent, excluding up-front commitment fees. If outstanding borrowings under the facility exceed \$825 million after July 15, 2014 and \$550 million after January 15, 2015, the cost of borrowing increases to commercial paper issuance cost plus 1.50 percent. Failure to pay off the facility on the maturity date would result in the interest rate increasing to LIBOR plus 3.00 percent until the notes are repaid in full or the collateral is foreclosed upon. Our borrowings under the facility are non-recourse. As of

September 30, 2013, there was \$878 million outstanding under the facility. The book basis of the assets securing the facility as of September 30, 2013 was \$1.7 billion.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Derivative Financial Instruments

Our risk management strategy and use of and accounting for derivatives have not materially changed from that discussed in our 2012 Form 10-K. Please refer to Note 7 Derivative Financial Instruments in our 2012 Form 10-K for a full discussion.

Summary of Derivative Financial Statement Impact

The following tables summarize the fair values and notional amounts of all derivative instruments at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and their impact on other comprehensive income and earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

Impact of Derivatives on Consolidated Balance Sheet

		Cash	Flow	Fair V	Value	Trac	ling	To	tal
(Dollars in millions)	Hedged Risk Exposure	Sept. 30, 2013	Dec. 31, 2012	Sept. 30, 2013	Dec. 31, 2012	Sept. 30, 2013	Dec. 31, 2012	Sept. 30, 2013	Dec. 31, 2012
Fair Values ⁽¹⁾	-								
Derivative Assets:									
Interest rate swaps	Interest rate	\$16	\$	\$ 881	\$ 1,396	\$ 69	\$ 150	\$ 966	\$ 1,546
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	Foreign currency & interest rate			1,163	1,165	1	70	1,164	1,235
Other ⁽²⁾	Interest rate					3	4	3	4
Total derivative assets ⁽³⁾		16		2,044	2,561	73	224	2,133	2,785
Derivative Liabilities:									
Interest rate swaps	Interest rate	(1)	(11)	(98)	(1)	(202)	(197)	(301)	(209)
Floor Income Contracts	Interest rate					(1,564)	(2,154)	(1,564)	(2,154)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	Foreign currency & interest rate			(175)	(136)	(7)		(182)	(136)
Other ⁽²⁾	Interest rate					(21)		(21)	
Total derivative liabilities ⁽³⁾		(1)	(11)	(273)	(137)	(1,794)	(2,351)	(2,068)	(2,499)
Net total derivatives		\$15	\$ (11)	\$ 1,771	\$ 2,424	\$(1,721)	\$ (2,127)	\$ 65	\$ 286

(1) Fair values reported are exclusive of collateral held and pledged and accrued interest. Assets and liabilities are presented without consideration of master netting agreements. Derivatives are carried on the balance sheet based on net position by counterparty under master netting agreements, and classified in other assets or other liabilities depending on whether in a net receivable or payable position.

⁽²⁾ Other includes embedded derivatives bifurcated from securitization debt as well as derivatives related to our Total Return Swap Facility and back-to-back private credit floors.

(3) The following table reconciles gross positions without the impact of master netting agreements to the balance sheet classification:

		Other Liabilities				
(Dollar in millions)	September 30, 2013		ber 31, 12	September 30, 2013		ember 31, 2012
Gross position	\$ 2,133	\$	2,785	\$ (2,068)	\$	(2,499)
Impact of master netting agreements	(404)		(544)	404		544
Derivative values with impact of master netting agreements (as						
carried on balance sheet)	1,729		2,241	(1,664)		(1,955)
Cash collateral (held) pledged	(804)		(1,423)	872		973
Net position	\$ 925	\$	818	\$ (792)	\$	(982)

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

The above fair values include adjustments for counterparty credit risk both for when we are exposed to the counterparty, net of collateral postings, and when the counterparty is exposed to us, net of collateral postings. The net adjustments decreased the overall net asset positions at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 by \$111 million and \$111 million, respectively. In addition, the above fair values reflect adjustments for illiquid derivatives as indicated by a wide bid/ask spread in the interest rate indices to which the derivatives are indexed. These adjustments decreased the overall net asset positions at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 by \$89 million and \$107 million, respectively.

	Cash	Cash Flow		Fair Value		Trading		otal
	Sept. 30,	Dec. 31,	Sept. 30,	Dec. 31,	Sept. 30,	Dec. 31,	Sept. 30,	Dec. 31,
(Dollars in billions)	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Notional Values:								
Interest rate swaps	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.7	\$ 16.7	\$ 15.8	\$48.0	\$ 56.9	\$ 65.2	\$ 73.4
Floor Income Contracts					31.8	51.6	31.8	51.6
Cross-currency interest rate swaps			11.7	13.7	0.3	0.3	12.0	14.0
Other ⁽¹⁾					3.3	1.4	3.3	1.4
Total derivatives	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.7	\$ 28.4	\$ 29.5	\$ 83.4	\$ 110.2	\$ 112.3	\$ 140.4

⁽¹⁾ Other includes embedded derivatives bifurcated from securitization debt, as well as derivatives related to our Total Return Swap Facility and back to back private credit floors.

Impact of Derivatives on Consolidated Statements of Income

	G (Los	ealized ain ss) on tives ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Rea	/	ded Septen Unres Ga (Loss Hed Iter	alized hin s) on lged	Total (Lo	
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Fair Value Hedges:								
Interest rate swaps	\$ (36)	\$ 20	\$ 103	\$ 111	\$ 33	\$ (33)	\$ 100	\$ 98
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	482	203	29	37	(531)	(239)	(20)	1
	116	222	122	1.40	(100)	(272)	20	00
Total fair value derivatives	446	223	132	148	(498)	(272)	80	99
Cash Flow Hedges:								
Interest rate swaps			(1)	(6)			(1)	(6)
Total cash flow derivatives			(1)	(6)			(1)	(6)
Trading:								

Interest rate swaps	(8)	(6)	21	24			13	18
Floor Income Contracts	115	(12)	(201)	(206)			(86)	(218)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	3	14		2			3	16
Other	(4)		(1)				(5)	
Total trading derivatives	106	(4)	(181)	(180)			(75)	(184)
-								
Total	552	219	(50)	(38)	(498)	(272)	4	(91)
Less: realized gains (losses) recorded in interest expense			131	142			131	142
-								
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net	\$ 552	\$ 219	\$ (181)	\$ (180)	\$ (498)	\$ (272)	\$ (127)	\$ (233)

(1) Recorded in Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net in the consolidated statements of income.

(2) Represents ineffectiveness related to cash flow hedges.

(3) For fair value and cash flow hedges, recorded in interest expense. For trading derivatives, recorded in Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

(Dollars in millions)	Ga (Los	alized ain s) on ives ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ 2012	Nine Mo Real Ga (Loss Deriva 2013	uin s) on	d Septem Unrea Ga (Loss Hed Iter 2013	alized ain s) on ged	Total (Lo 2013	0.0000
Fair Value Hedges:	¢ ((10)	b ((¢ 017	¢ 220	¢ (71	¢ (00)	ф. 275	¢ 207
Interest rate swaps	\$ (613)	\$ 66	\$ 317	\$ 339	\$ 671	\$ (98)	\$ 375	\$ 307
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	(40)	(260)	76	139	(58)	126	(22)	5
Total fair value derivatives Cash Flow Hedges:	(653)	(194)	393	478	613	28	353	312
Interest rate swaps		(1)	(6)	(21)			(6)	(22)
Total cash flow derivatives Trading:		(1)	(6)	(21)			(6)	(22)
Interest rate swaps	(85)	(55)	58	91			(27)	36
Floor Income Contracts	601	174	(612)	(643)			(11)	(469)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	(76)	(9)	31	5			(45)	(4)
Other	(16)	5	(1)	(1)			(17)	4
Total trading derivatives	424	115	(524)	(548)			(100)	(433)
Total	(229)	(80)	(137)	(91)	613	28	247	(143)
Less: realized gains (losses) recorded in interest expense		. ,	387	457			387	457
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net	\$ (229)	\$ (80)	\$ (524)	\$ (548)	\$ 613	\$ 28	\$ (140)	\$ (600)

⁽¹⁾ Recorded in Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net in the consolidated statements of income.

(2) Represents ineffectiveness related to cash flow hedges.

⁽³⁾ For fair value and cash flow hedges, recorded in interest expense. For trading derivatives, recorded in Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net. *Collateral*

Collateral held and pledged related to derivative exposures between us and our derivative counterparties are detailed in the following table:

(Dollars in millions)

		ember 30, 2013		ember 31, 2012
Collateral held:				
Cash (obligation to return cash collateral is recorded in short-term borrowings) ⁽¹⁾	\$	804	\$	1,423
Securities at fair value on-balance sheet securitization derivatives (not recorded in financial				
statements) ⁽²⁾		555		613
Total collateral held	\$	1,359	\$	2,036
				,
Derivative asset at fair value including accrued interest	\$	1,946	\$	2,570
	-	-,,	-	_,
Collateral pledged to others:				
Cash (right to receive return of cash collateral is recorded in investments)	\$	872	\$	973
Cush (light to receive return of cush condictur is recorded in investments)	Ψ	072	Ψ	715
Total calleteral pladace	\$	872	\$	973
Total collateral pledged	Э	872	Э	975
Derivative liability at fair value including accrued interest and premium receivable	\$	1,072	\$	1,204

(1) At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$0 and \$9 million, respectively, were held in restricted cash accounts.

⁽²⁾ The trusts do not have the ability to sell or re-pledge securities they hold as collateral.

Our corporate derivatives contain credit contingent features. At our current unsecured credit rating, we have fully collateralized our corporate derivative liability position (including accrued interest and net of premiums receivable) of \$883 million with our counterparties. Further downgrades would not result in any additional

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

collateral requirements, except to increase the frequency of collateral calls. Two counterparties have the right to terminate the contracts with further downgrades. We currently have a liability position with these derivative counterparties (including accrued interest and net of premiums receivable) of \$203 million and have posted \$196 million of collateral to these counterparties. If the credit contingent feature was triggered for these two counterparties and the counterparties exercised their right to terminate, we would be required to deliver additional assets of \$7 million to settle the contracts. Trust related derivatives do not contain credit contingent features related to our or the trusts credit ratings.

5. Other Assets

The following table provides the detail of our other assets.

	September	,	December	31, 2012 % of
(Dollars in millions)	Ending Balance	% of Balance	Ending Balance	% of Balance
Accrued interest receivable, net	\$ 2,167	29%	\$ 2,147	26%
Derivatives at fair value	1,729	23	2,241	27
Income tax asset, net current and deferred	1,344	18	1,478	18
Accounts receivable	873	12	1,111	13
Benefit and insurance-related investments	477	6	474	6
Fixed assets, net	240	3	215	3
Other loans, net	108	1	137	2
Other	482	8	470	5
Total	\$ 7,420	100%	\$ 8,273	100%

The Derivatives at fair value line in the above table represents the fair value of our derivatives in a gain position by counterparty, exclusive of accrued interest and collateral. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, these balances included \$1.8 billion and \$2.4 billion, respectively, of cross-currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges that were offset by an increase in interest-bearing liabilities related to the hedged debt. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the cumulative mark-to-market adjustment to the hedged debt was \$(2.2) billion and \$(2.8) billion, respectively.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Stockholders Equity

The following table summarizes our common share repurchases and issuances.

		onths Ended nber 30,	Nine Mon Septem	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Common shares repurchased ⁽¹⁾		7,643,999	19,316,948	48,184,145
Average purchase price per share ⁽²⁾	\$	\$ 15.81	\$ 20.72	\$ 15.16
Shares repurchased related to employee stock-based compensation plans ⁽³⁾	251,570	1,253,922	5,616,933	3,660,554
Average purchase price per share	\$ 24.73	\$ 16.13	\$ 21.23	\$ 15.56
Common shares issued ⁽⁴⁾	326,789	1,654,506	8,600,008	5,252,158

⁽¹⁾ Common shares purchased under our share repurchase program, of which \$400 million remained available as of September 30, 2013.

- ⁽²⁾ Average purchase price per share includes purchase commission costs.
- (3) Comprises shares withheld from stock option exercises and vesting of restricted stock for employees tax withholding obligations and shares tendered by employees to satisfy option exercise costs.

(4) Common shares issued under our various compensation and benefit plans. The closing price of our common stock on September 30, 2013 was \$24.90.

Dividend and Share Repurchase Program

In the third quarter 2013, we paid a common stock dividend of \$0.15 per common share.

In July 2013, the Company authorized \$400 million to be utilized in a new common share repurchase program that does not have an expiration date. There were no share repurchases in the third-quarter 2013. We repurchased an aggregate of 19 million shares for \$400 million in the six months ended June 30, 2013, fully utilizing the Company s February 2013 share repurchase program.

In 2012, we authorized the repurchase of up to \$900 million of outstanding common stock in open market transactions and we repurchased 58 million shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$900 million.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share (EPS) are calculated using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS calculations follows.

(In millions, except per share data)		onths Ended mber 30, 2012	Nine Mont Septem 2013	
Numerator:	2010	-01-	2010	2012
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation	\$ 260	\$ 188	\$ 1,149	\$ 591
Preferred stock dividends	5	5	15	15
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$ 255	\$ 183	\$ 1,134	\$ 576
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares used to compute basic EPS Effect of dilutive securities:	436	464	442	483
Dilutive effect of stock options, non-vested deferred compensation and restricted stock, restricted stock units and Employee Stock Purchase Plan ($ESPP^{(1)}$)	9	7	8	7
Dilutive potential common shares ⁽²⁾	9	7	8	7
Weighted average shares used to compute diluted EPS	445	471	450	490
Basic earnings (loss) per common share attributable to SLM Corporation:				
Continuing operations	\$.56	\$.39	\$ 2.46	\$ 1.19
Discontinued operations	.02		.10	
Total	\$.58	\$.39	\$ 2.56	\$ 1.19
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share attributable to SLM				
Corporation: Continuing operations	\$.55	\$.39	\$ 2.42	\$ 1.18
Discontinued operations	.02	φ.37	\$ 2.42 .10	ψ 1.10
	.02		.10	
Total	\$.57	\$.39	\$ 2.52	\$ 1.18

(1) Includes the potential dilutive effect of additional common shares that are issuable upon exercise of outstanding stock options, non-vested deferred compensation and restricted stock, restricted stock units, and the outstanding commitment to issue shares under the ESPP, determined by the treasury stock method.

(2) For the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, securities covering approximately 3 million and 10 million shares, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, securities covering approximately 4 million and 13 million shares, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive.

8. Fair Value Measurements

We use estimates of fair value in applying various accounting standards in our financial statements.

We categorize our fair value estimates based on a hierarchical framework associated with three levels of price transparency utilized in measuring financial instruments at fair value. Please refer to Note 13 Fair Value Measurements in our 2012 Form 10-K for a full discussion.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, there were no significant transfers of financial instruments between levels, or changes in our methodology or assumptions used to value our financial instruments.

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SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table summarizes the valuation of our financial instruments that are marked-to-market on a recurring basis.

	Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis September 30, 2013 December 31, 2012											
(Dollars in millions)	Level 1			Der 30, 201 Level 3		Fotal	Level 1	T		Der 31, 2012		otal
Assets				Level 5		lotai	Lever I	Ľ		Levers	1	otai
Available-for-sale investments:												
Agency residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	\$	77	\$	\$	77	\$	\$	63	\$	\$	63
Guaranteed investment contracts	Ψ	Ψ	8	Ψ	Ψ	8	Ψ	Ψ	9	Ψ	Ψ	9
Other			8			8			9			9
			0			0			1			
Total available-for-sale investments			93			93			81			81
Derivative instruments: ⁽¹⁾			10			,,,			01			01
Interest rate swaps			917	49		966			1,444	102		1,546
Cross-currency interest rate swaps			32	1.132		1,164			48	1.187		1,235
Other				3		3				4		4
				-		-						-
Total derivative assets ⁽³⁾			949	1,184		2,133			1,492	1,293	-	2,785
Total	\$	\$	1,042	\$ 1,184	\$	2,226	\$	\$	1,573	\$ 1,293	\$ 2	2,866
Liabilities ⁽²⁾												
Derivative instruments ⁽¹⁾												
Interest rate swaps	\$	\$	(164)	\$ (137)	\$	(301)	\$	\$	(34)	\$ (175)	\$	(209)
Floor Income Contracts		((1,564)			(1,564))	((2,154)		(.	2,154)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps			(11)	(171)		(182)			(2)	(134)		(136)
Other				(21)		(21))					
Total derivative liabilities ⁽³⁾		((1,739)	(329)		(2,068))	((2,190)	(309)	(2	2,499)
Total	\$	\$ ((1,739)	\$ (329)	\$	(2,068)	\$	\$ ((2,190)	\$ (309)	\$ (2	2,499

(1) Fair value of derivative instruments excludes accrued interest and the value of collateral.

⁽²⁾ Borrowings which are the hedged items in a fair value hedge relationship and which are adjusted for changes in value due to benchmark interest rates only are not carried at full fair value and are not reflected in this table.

⁽³⁾ See Note 4 Derivative Financial Instruments for a reconciliation of gross positions without the impact of master netting agreements to the balance sheet classification.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following tables summarize the change in balance sheet carrying value associated with level 3 financial instruments carried at fair value on a recurring basis.

				Th	ree Mo	onths En	ded Septem	ber 3	0,				
		Deri)13 instrumen	ts		•	De	20 rivative i	12 nstru	ımen	its	
		Cro	DSS					С	ross				
		Curr	ency		Т	otal		Cur	rency			Т	otal
	Interest	Inte	rest		Der	ivative	Interest	Int	erest			Der	ivative
(Dollars in millions)	Rate Swaps	s Rate S	Swaps	Other	Instr	uments	Rate Swaps	s Rate	Swaps	Ot	her	Instr	uments
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (88)	\$	486	\$ (15)	\$	383	\$ (83)	\$	620	\$	5	\$	542
Total gains/(losses) (realized and													
unrealized):													
Included in earnings ⁽¹⁾	10		499	(5)		504	19		251				270
Included in other comprehensive income													
Settlements	(10)		(24)	2		(32)	(4)		(28)				(32)
Transfers in and/or out of level 3													
Balance, end of period	\$ (88)	\$	961	\$ (18)	\$	855	\$ (68)	\$	843	\$	5	\$	780
Change in unrealized gains/(losses) relating to instruments still held at the reporting date ⁽²⁾	ş \$ 8	\$	475	\$ (4)	\$	479	\$ 15	\$	224	\$	(1)	\$	238

	Nine Months Ended September 30,												
			20	13			-		20	12			
		D	erivative i	nstrumen	ts			D	erivative i	nstru	ımen	ts	
		(Cross					(Cross				
		Cu	irrency		Г	Fotal		Cu	irrency			Т	'otal
	Interest	In	iterest		Der	ivative	Interest	Ir	terest			Der	ivative
(Dollars in millions)	Rate Swaps	Rat	e Swaps	Other	Inst	ruments	Rate Swaps	Rat	e Swaps	Ot	her	Instr	uments
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (73)	\$	1,053	\$ 4	\$	984	\$ (40)	\$	1,021	\$	1	\$	982
Total gains/(losses) (realized and unrealized):													
Included in earnings ⁽¹⁾	6			(18)		(12)	(3)		(73)		4		(72)
Included in other comprehensive income													
Settlements	(21)		(92)	(4)		(117)	(25)		(105)				(130)
Transfers in and/or out of level 3													
Balance, end of period	\$ (88)	\$	961	\$ (18)	\$	855	\$ (68)	\$	843	\$	5	\$	780
	\$ (3)	\$	45	\$ (16)	\$	26	\$ (26)	\$	(178)	\$	5	\$	(199)

Change in unrealized gains/(losses) relating to instruments still held at the reporting date $^{(2)}$

(1) Included in earnings is comprised of the following amounts recorded in the specified line item in the consolidated statements of income:

		onths Ended	Nine Months Ender September 30,				
(Dollars in millions)	2013	mber 30, 2012	2013	2012 mber 30,			
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net	\$ 480	\$ 245	\$ (73)	\$ (172)			
Interest expense	24	25	61	100			
Total	\$ 504	\$ 270	\$ (12)	\$ (72)			

(2) Recorded in gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net in the consolidated statements of income.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents the significant inputs that are unobservable or from inactive markets used in the recurring valuations of the level 3 financial instruments detailed above.

(Dollars in millions)	 Value at er 30, 2013	Valuation Technique	Input	Range (Weighted Average)		
Derivatives						
Consumer Price Index/ LIBOR basis swaps			Bid/ask adjustment	0.05% 0.05%		
	\$ 41	Discounted cash flow	to discount rate	(0.05%)		
Prime/LIBOR basis						
swaps	(129)	Discounted cash flow	Constant prepayment rate	4.3%		
				0.08% 0.08%		
			Bid/ask adjustment to			
			discount rate	(0.08%)		
Cross-currency interest						
rate swaps	961	Discounted cash flow	Constant prepayment rate	2.6%		
Other	(18)					
Total	\$ 855					

The significant inputs that are unobservable or from inactive markets related to our level 3 derivatives detailed in the table above would be expected to have the following impacts to the valuations:

Consumer Price Index/LIBOR basis swaps These swaps do not actively trade in the markets as indicated by a wide bid/ask spread. A wider bid/ask spread will result in a decrease in the overall valuation.

Prime/LIBOR basis swaps These swaps do not actively trade in the markets as indicated by a wide bid/ask spread. A wider bid/ask spread will result in a decrease in the overall valuation. In addition, the unobservable inputs include constant prepayment rates of the underlying securitization trust the swap references. A decrease in this input will result in a longer weighted average life of the swap which will increase the value for swaps in a gain position and decrease the value for swaps in a loss position, everything else equal. The opposite is true for an increase in the input.

Cross-currency interest rate swaps The unobservable inputs used in these valuations are constant prepayment rates of the underlying securitization trust the swap references. A decrease in this input will result in a longer weighted average life of the swap. All else equal in a typical currency market, this will result in a decrease to the valuation due to the delay in the cash flows of the currency

exchanges as well as diminished liquidity in the forward exchange markets as you increase the term. The opposite is true for an increase in the input.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table summarizes the fair values of our financial assets and liabilities, including derivative financial instruments.

	September 30, 2013 Fair Carrying				December 31, 2012 Fair Carrying			
(Dollars in millions)	Value	Value	Di	fference	Value	Value	Dif	ference
Earning assets								
FFELP Loans	\$ 105,809	\$ 106,350	\$	(541)	\$ 125,042	\$ 125,612	\$	(570)
Private Education Loans	37,625	37,752		(127)	36,081	36,934		(853)
Cash and investments ⁽¹⁾	9,612	9,612			9,994	9,994		
Total earning assets	153,046	153,714		(668)	171,117	172,540		(1,423)
Interest-bearing liabilities								
Short-term borrowings	15,588	15,572		(16)	19,861	19,856		(5)
Long-term borrowings	133,102	136,944		3,842	146,210	152,401		6,191
Total interest-bearing liabilities	148,690	152,516		3,826	166,071	172,257		6,186
Derivative financial instruments								
Floor Income Contracts	(1,564)	(1,564)			(2,154)	(2,154)		
Interest rate swaps	665	665			1,337	1,337		
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	982	982			1,099	1,099		
Other	(18)	(18)			4	4		
Excess of net asset fair value over carrying value			\$	3,158			\$	4,763

(1) Cash and investments includes available-for-sale investments that consist of investments that are primarily agency securities whose cost basis is \$94 million and \$78 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, versus a fair value of \$93 million and \$81 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The following includes a discussion of financial instruments whose fair value is included for disclosure purposes only in the table above along with their level in the fair value hierarchy.

Student Loans

FFELP Loans

Fair values for FFELP Loans were determined by modeling loan cash flows using stated terms of the loans and internally-developed assumptions. The significant assumptions used to determine fair value are prepayment speeds, default rates, cost of funds, capital levels, and expected Repayment Borrower Benefits to be earned. In addition, the Floor Income component of our FFELP Loan portfolio is valued with

option models using both observable market inputs and internally developed inputs. A number of significant inputs into the models are internally derived and not observable to market participants. While the resulting fair value can be validated against market transactions where we are a participant, these markets are not considered active. As such, these are level 3 valuations.

Private Education Loans

Fair values for Private Education Loans were determined by modeling loan cash flows using stated terms of the loans and internally-developed assumptions. The significant assumptions used to determine fair value are prepayment speeds, default rates, recovery rates, cost of funds and capital levels. A number of significant inputs into the models are internally derived and not observable to market participants nor can the resulting fair values be validated against market transactions. As such, these are level 3 valuations.

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SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Cash and Investments (Including Restricted Cash and Investments)

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. Carrying value approximated fair value. These are level 2 valuations.

Borrowings

The full fair value of all borrowings is disclosed. Fair value was determined through standard bond pricing models and option models (when applicable) using the stated terms of the borrowings, observable yield curves, foreign currency exchange rates, volatilities from active markets or from quotes from broker-dealers. Fair value adjustments for unsecured corporate debt are made based on indicative quotes from observable trades and spreads on credit default swaps specific to the Company. Fair value adjustments for secured borrowings are based on indicative quotes from broker-dealers. These fair value adjustments are based on inputs from inactive markets. As such, these are level 3 valuations.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

At the time of this filing, Sallie Mae Bank (the Bank) remains subject to a cease and desist order originally issued in August 2008 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the Utah Department of Financial Institutions (UDFI). In July 2013, the FDIC notified the Bank that it plans to replace the existing cease and desist order with a new formal enforcement action that will more specifically address certain cited violations of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, including with respect to the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (SCRA), and the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (ECOA) and its implementing regulation, Regulation B, which will likely include civil money penalties and restitution. The Bank has been notified by the UDFI that it does not intend to join the FDIC in issuing the new enforcement action.

With respect to the alleged civil violations of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act relating to the SCRA, we are also in discussions with the Department of Justice (DOJ), as the agency having primary authority for enforcement of SCRA matters, regarding settlement, remediation and a comprehensive restitution plan. In September 2013, we also received a Civil Investigative Demand from the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) as part of its separate investigation regarding allegations relating to our existing payment allocation practices and procedures, the same as those previously raised by the FDIC.

We have made and continue to make changes to the Bank s oversight of significant activities performed outside the Bank by Company affiliates and to our business practices in order to comply with all applicable laws and regulations and the terms of any cease and desist orders, including in connection with our pursuit of a strategic plan to separate our existing organization into two publicly traded companies. We are cooperating fully with the FDIC, DOJ and CFPB in response to their investigations and requests for information and are in active discussions with each with respect to any potential actions to be taken against us. We could be required to, or otherwise determine to, make further changes to the business practices and products of the Bank and our other affiliates to respond to regulatory concerns. At the time of the filing, it is not possible to estimate a range of potential exposure, if any, to amounts that may be payable or costs that must be incurred to comply with the terms of any order.

In the ordinary course of business, we and our subsidiaries are defendants in or parties to pending and threatened legal actions and proceedings including actions brought on behalf of various classes of claimants. These actions and proceedings may be based on alleged violations of consumer protection, securities,

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

employment and other laws. In certain of these actions and proceedings, claims for substantial monetary damage are asserted against us and our subsidiaries.

In the ordinary course of business, we and our subsidiaries are subject to regulatory examinations, information gathering requests, inquiries and investigations. In connection with formal and informal inquiries in these cases, we and our subsidiaries receive numerous requests, subpoenas and orders for documents, testimony and information in connection with various aspects of our regulated activities.

In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of such litigation and regulatory matters, we cannot predict what the eventual outcome of the pending matters will be, what the timing or the ultimate resolution of these matters will be, or what the eventual loss, fines or penalties related to each pending matter may be.

We are required to establish reserves for litigation and regulatory matters where those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and estimable. When loss contingencies are not both probable and estimable, we do not establish reserves.

Based on current knowledge, reserves have been established for certain litigation or regulatory matters where the loss is both probable and estimable. Based on current knowledge, management does not believe that loss contingencies, if any, arising from pending investigations, litigation or regulatory matters will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows.

10. Segment Reporting Consumer Lending Segment

In this segment, we originate, acquire, finance and service Private Education Loans. The Private Education Loans we make are primarily to bridge the gap between the cost of higher education and the amount funded through financial aid, federal loans or customers resources. In this segment, we earn net interest income on the Private Education Loan portfolio (after provision for loan losses) as well as servicing fees, primarily consisting of late fees.

The following table includes asset information for our Consumer Lending segment.

(Dollars in millions)	ember 30, 2013	Dec	ember 31, 2012
Private Education Loans, net	\$ 37,752	\$	36,934
Cash and investments ⁽¹⁾	2,268		2,731
Other	3,599		3,275
Total assets	\$ 43,619	\$	42,940

(1) Includes restricted cash and investments. Business Services Segment

Our Business Services segment generates the majority of its revenue from servicing our FFELP Loan portfolio. We also provide servicing, loan default aversion and defaulted loan collection services for loans on behalf of Guarantors of FFELP Loans and other institutions, including ED. We also operate a consumer savings network that provides financial rewards on everyday purchases to help families save for college.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

On September 25, 2013, we announced the sale of our 529 college savings plan administration business. Upon the transaction s closing, which is anticipated to occur in the fourth-quarter 2013, we will recognize a gain of approximately \$0.14 per diluted share. Due to the pending sale, the results of this business were moved to discontinued operations for all periods presented.

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Business Services segment had total assets of \$826 million and \$867 million, respectively.

FFELP Loans Segment

Our FFELP Loans segment consists of our \$106.3 billion FFELP Loan portfolio at September 30, 2013 and underlying debt and capital funding these loans. FFELP Loans are no longer originated but we continue to seek to acquire FFELP Loan portfolios to leverage our servicing scale to generate incremental earnings and cash flow. This segment is expected to generate significant amounts of cash as the FFELP portfolio amortizes.

The following table includes asset information for our FFELP Loans segment.

	September 30,	December 31,
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012
FFELP Loans, net	\$ 106,350	\$ 125,612
Cash and investments ⁽¹⁾	5,025	5,766
Other	3,114	4,286
Total assets	\$ 114,489	\$ 135,664

(1) Includes restricted cash and investments.

Other Segment

Our Other segment primarily consists of activities of our holding company, including the repurchase of debt, the corporate liquidity portfolio and all overhead. We also include results from smaller wind-down and discontinued operations within this segment

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Other segment had total assets of \$2.6 billion and \$1.8 billion, respectively.

Measure of Profitability

The tables below include the condensed operating results for each of our reportable segments. Management, including the chief operating decision makers, evaluates the Company on certain performance measures that we refer to as Core Earnings performance measures for each operating segment. We use Core Earnings to manage each business segment because Core Earnings reflect adjustments to GAAP financial results for two items, discussed below, that create significant volatility mostly due to timing factors generally beyond the control of management. Accordingly, we believe that Core Earnings provide management with a useful basis from which to better evaluate results from ongoing operations against the business plan or against results from prior periods. Consequently, we disclose this information as we believe it provides investors with additional information regarding the operational and performance indicators that are most closely assessed by

Table of Contents

management.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

The two items adjusted for in our Core Earnings presentations are (1) our use of derivative instruments to hedge our economic risks that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment or do qualify for hedge accounting treatment but result in ineffectiveness and (2) the accounting for goodwill and acquired intangible assets. The tables presented below reflect Core Earnings operating measures reviewed and utilized by management to manage the business. Reconciliation of the Core Earnings segment totals to our consolidated operating results in accordance with GAAP is also included in the tables below.

Our Core Earnings performance measures are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Unlike financial accounting, there is no comprehensive, authoritative guidance for management reporting. The management reporting process measures the performance of the operating segments based on the management structure of the Company and is not necessarily comparable with similar information for any other financial institution. Our operating segments are defined by the products and services they offer or the types of customers they serve, and they reflect the manner in which financial information is currently evaluated by management. Intersegment revenues and expenses are netted within the appropriate financial statement line items consistent with the income statement presentation provided to management. Changes in management structure or allocation methodologies and procedures may result in changes in reported segment financial information.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

Segment Results and Reconciliations to GAAP

				Three Months Ended September 30, 20 Total				Adjustment		
	Consumer		FFELP			Core		Additions/	Total	Total
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Earning	classificati	(Subtractions)	Adjustments ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:										
Student loans	\$ 635	\$	\$ 574	\$	\$	\$ 1,209	\$ 201	\$ (77)	\$ 124	\$ 1,333
Other loans				3		3				3
Cash and investments	1	1	2	1	(1)	4				4
Total interest income	636	1	576	4	(1)	1,216	201	(77)	124	1,340
Total interest expense	203		313	13	(1)	528	12	1(4)	13	541
Net interest income (loss)	433	1	263	(9)		688	189	(78)	111	799
Less: provisions for loan losses	195		12			207				207
Net interest income (loss) after										
provisions for loan losses	238	1	251	(9)		481	189	(78)	111	592
Other income (loss):										
Gains on sales of loans and investments										
Servicing revenue	11	174	21		(123)	83				83
Contingency revenue		104	21		(120)	104				104
Gains on debt repurchases										
Other income (loss)		6		6		12	(189)	59(5)	(130)	(118)
							(1.0.0)			
Total other income (loss)	11	284	21	6	(123)	199	(189)	59	(130)	69
Expenses:										
Direct operating expenses	85	103	129	4	(123)	198				198
Overhead expenses				59		59				59
Operating expenses	85	103	129	63	(123)	257				257
Goodwill and acquired										
intangible asset impairment and amortization								4	4	4
Restructuring and other reorganization	1							т	+	+
expenses	1			12		12				12
Total expenses	85	103	129	75	(123)	269		4	4	273
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense										
(benefit)	164	182	143	(78)		411		(23)	(23)	388
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	59	66	51	(28)		148		(12)	(12)	136

Net income (loss) from continuing operations	105	116	92	(50)	263	(11)	(11)	252
Income from discontinued operations,		0			0			0
net of tax expense		8			8			8
Net income (loss) Less: net loss attributable to	105	124	92	(50)	271	(11)	(11)	260
noncontrolling interest								
Net income (loss) attributable to SLM Corporation	\$ 105	\$ 124	\$ 92	\$ (50)	\$ \$ 271 \$	\$ (11)	\$ (11)	\$ 260

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Three I Net Impact of Derivative	· ·				
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total		
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 111	\$		\$ 111		
Total other loss	(130)			(130)		
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			4	4		
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ (19)	\$	(4)	(23)		
Income tax benefit				(12)		
Net loss				\$ (11)		

(3) Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$(4) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

(5) Represents the \$62 million of unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$(4) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

³⁸

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

				Т	hree Months E		mber 30, 2						
(D-llow in million -)	Consumer		FFELP	Others	Filmin - 4 i (1)	Total Core	-1:6:4:	Adjustmen Additions/	Total	Total			
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Earningse	classificati	(msotractions)	Adjustments ⁽²⁾	GAAP			
Interest income: Student loans	\$ 615	\$	\$ 712	\$	\$	\$ 1,327	\$ 206	\$ (78)	\$ 128	\$ 1,455			
	\$ 015	Ф	\$ /12	ۍ 4	ф.		\$ 200	\$ (78)	\$ 128				
Other loans	2	2	2	4		4				4			
Cash and investments	2	2	3		(2)	5				5			
Total interest income	617	2	715	4	(2)	1,336	206	(78)	128	1,464			
Total interest expense	209		399	12	(2)	618	26	1(4)	27	645			
Net interest income (loss)	408	2	316	(8)		718	180	(79)	101	819			
Less: provisions for loan losses	252		18			270				270			
Net interest income (loss) after													
provisions for loan losses	156	2	298	(8)		448	180	(79)	101	549			
Other income (loss):													
Gains on sales of loans and investments													
Servicing revenue	12	201	22		(164)	71				71			
Contingency revenue		85				85				85			
Gains on debt repurchases				44		44				44			
Other income (loss)		7		3		10	(180)	(61) ⁽⁵⁾	(241)	(231)			
Total other income (loss) Expenses:	12	293	22	47	(164)	210	(180)	(61)	(241)	(31)			
Direct operating expenses	68	88	171	3	(164)	166				166			
Overhead expenses				54		54				54			
Operating expenses	68	88	171	57	(164)	220				220			
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization								5	5	5			
Restructuring and other													
reorganization expenses	1			1		2				2			
Total expenses	69	88	171	58	(164)	222		5	5	227			
Income (loss) from continuing													
operations, before income tax													
expense (benefit)	99	207	149	(19)		436		(145)	(145)	291			
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	36	76	55	(7)		160		(56)	(56)	104			
Net income (loss) from continuing													
operations	63	131	94	(12)		276		(89)	(89)	187			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax expense				. /									
(benefit)	(1)	1											

Net income (loss)	62	132	94	(12)		276	(89)	(89)	187
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(1)				(1)			(1)
noncontroning increase		(1)							(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to SLM Corporation	\$ 60	\$ 133	\$94	¢ (12)	¢	\$ 277 \$	\$ (89)	\$ (89)	\$ 188
SLW Corporation	\$ 62	\$ 155	ъ 94	\$ (12)	Ф	<u></u>	э (89)	э (89)	ф 188

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Three M	Three Months Ended September 30						
(Dollars in millions)	Net Impact of Derivative Accounting	Good	npact of will and Intangibles	Total				
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 101	\$		\$ 101				
Total other loss	(241)			(241)				
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			5	5				
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ (140)	\$	(5)	(145)				
Income tax benefit				(56)				
Net loss				\$ (89)				

⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$(9) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- (5) Represents the \$(53) million of unrealized gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$(9) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

	Consumer	Business	FFELP	Ni	ne Months End	ber 30, 201	3 Adjustmen Additions/	Total		
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other	Eliminations ⁽¹	Core Earningse	classificati		Total Adjustments ⁽²⁾	
Interest income:									Ţ	
Student loans	\$ 1,884	\$	\$ 1,755	\$	\$	\$ 3,639	\$ 612	\$ (229)	\$ 383	\$ 4,022
Other loans				9		9				9
Cash and investments	5	4	5	3	(4)	13				13
Total interest income	1,889	4	1,760	12	(4)	3,661	612	(229)	383	4,044
Total interest expense	613		978	36	(4)	1,623	44	(1) ⁽⁴⁾	43	1,666
Net interest income (loss)	1,276	4	782	(24)		2,038	568	(228)	340	2,378
Less: provisions for loan losses	607		42			649		~ /		649
Net interest income (loss) after										
provisions for loan losses Other income (loss):	669	4	740	(24)		1,389	568	(228)	340	1,729
Gains (losses) on sales of loans										
and investments			312	(5)		307				307
Servicing revenue	31	541	60		(409)	223				223
Contingency revenue		312				312				312
Gains on debt repurchases				48		48	(6)		(6)	42
Other income (loss)		20		6		26	(562)	462(5)	(100)	(74)
Total other income (loss)	31	873	372	49	(409)	916	(568)	462	(106)	810
Expenses:										
Direct operating expenses	228	299	430	9	(409)	557				557
Overhead expenses				180		180				180
Operating expenses	228	299	430	189	(409)	737				737
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization								10	10	10
Restructuring and other										
reorganization expenses	2	1		43		46				46
Total expenses	230	300	430	232	(409)	783		10	10	793
Income (loss) from continuing										
operations, before income tax			<0 .	(205)		1 505		~~ .	~~ /	1 = 1 <
expense (benefit)	470	577	682	(207)		1,522		224	224	1,746
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	171	211	249	(75)		556		89	89	645
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	299	366	433	(132)		966		135	135	1,101
Income (loss) from discontinued	299	300	455	(152)		900		155	155	1,101
operations, net of tax expense (benefit)	(1)	49				48		(1)	(1)	47

Net income (loss)	298	415	433	(132)	1,014		134	134	1,148
Less: net loss attributable to									
noncontrolling interest		(1)			(1)				(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to									
SLM Corporation	\$ 298	\$ 416	\$ 433	\$ (132)	\$ \$ 1,015	\$\$	134	\$ 134	\$ 1,149

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Nine M Net Impact of Derivative	onths Endeo Net In Good	, 2013	
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 340	\$		\$ 340
Total other loss	(106)			(106)
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			10	10
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ 234	\$	(10)	224
Income tax expense				89
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit				(1)
Net income				\$ 134

⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$41 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- (5) Represents the \$422 million of unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$41 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

	Consumer	Rusinoss	FFELP	N	ine Months End	ded Septem Total Core	2 Adjustmen Additions/	Total		
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾		classificati		Total Adjustments ⁽²⁾	
Interest income:	0					0			0	
Student loans	\$ 1,856	\$	\$ 2,090	\$	\$	\$ 3,946	\$ 643	\$ (274)	\$ 369	\$4,315
Other loans				13		13				13
Cash and investments	6	5	10		(5)	16				16
Total interest income	1.862	5	2,100	13	(5)	3,975	643	(274)	369	4,344
Total interest expense	616		1,233	26	(5)	1,870	95	3(4)	98	1,968
Net interest income (loss)	1,246	5	867	(13)		2,105	548	(277)	271	2,376
Less: provisions for loan losses	712	5	54	(10)		766	010	(277)		766
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan losses	534	5	813	(13)		1,339	548	(277)	271	1,610
Other income (loss): Gains on sales of loans and	554	5	615	(13)		1,339	540	(277)	271	1,010
investments				1		1				1
Servicing revenue	36	619	68	1	(512)	212				212
Contingency revenue	50	261	00	1	(512)	261				261
Gains on debt repurchases		201		102		102				102
Other income (loss)		25		9		34	(548)	(47) ⁽⁵⁾	(595)	(561)
Total other income (loss)	36	905	68	113	(512)	610	(548)	(47)	(595)	15
Expenses:										
Direct operating expenses	199	269	537	10	(512)	503				503
Overhead expenses				169		169				169
Operating expenses	199	269	537	179	(512)	672				672
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization								13	13	13
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	3	2		4		9				9
Total expenses	202	271	537	183	(512)	681		13	13	694
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax										
expense (benefit)	368	639	344	(83)		1,268		(337)	(337)	931
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	134	234	126	(29)		465		(125)	(125)	340
Net income (loss) from continuing	224	405	210	(= 1)		002		(212)	(010)	501
operations Loss from discontinued operations,	234	405	218	(54)		803		(212)	(212)	591
net of tax benefit	(1)					(1)		(1)	(1)	(2)

Net income (loss)	233	405	218	(54)	80	2		(213)		(213)	589
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(2)			(2)					(2)
noncontrolling interest		(2)			(_)					(2)
Net income (loss) attributable to	¢ 000	¢ 407	¢ 010	ф (5 4) ф	¢ 00	4 ¢	¢	(012)	¢	(012)	¢ 501
SLM Corporation	\$ 233	\$ 407	\$ 218	\$ (54) \$	\$ 80	4 \$	\$	(213)	\$	(213)	\$ 591

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Nine M Net Impact of Derivative	Net I	nths Ended September 30, 2 Net Impact of Goodwill and			
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total		
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 271	\$		\$ 271		
Total other loss	(595)			(595)		
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			13	13		
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ (324)	\$	(13)	(337)		
Income tax benefit				(125)		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit				(1)		
Net loss				\$ (213)		

⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$2 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- (5) Represents the \$(52) million of unrealized gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$2 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Segment Reporting (Continued)

Summary of Core Earnings Adjustments to GAAP

The two adjustments required to reconcile from our Core Earnings results to our GAAP results of operations relate to differing treatments for: (1) our use of derivative instruments to hedge our economic risks that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment or do qualify for hedge accounting treatment but result in ineffectiveness and (2) the accounting for goodwill and acquired intangible assets. The following table reflects aggregate adjustments associated with these areas.

		onths Ended nber 30,		nths Ended nber 30,
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:				
Net impact of derivative accounting ⁽¹⁾	\$ (19)	\$ (140)	\$ 234	\$ (324)
Net impact of goodwill and acquired intangibles assets ⁽²⁾	(4)	(5)	(10)	(13)
Net tax effect ⁽³⁾	12	56	(89)	125
Net effect from discontinued operations			(1)	(1)
Total Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$(11)	\$ (89)	\$134	\$ (213)

- (1) Derivative accounting: Core Earnings exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses that are caused by the mark-to-market valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP as well as the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP. These unrealized gains and losses occur in our Consumer Lending, FFELP Loans and Other business segments. Under GAAP, for our derivatives that are held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0 except for Floor Income Contracts where the cumulative unrealized gain will equal the amount for which we sold the contract. In our Core Earnings presentation, we recognize the economic effect of these hedges, which generally results in any net settlement cash paid or received being recognized ratably as an interest expense or revenue over the hedged item s life.
- (2) Goodwill and acquired intangible assets: Our Core Earnings exclude goodwill and intangible asset impairment and amortization of acquired intangible assets.
- ⁽³⁾ Net tax effect: Such tax effect is based upon our Core Earnings effective tax rate for the year.

11. Discontinued Operations

In the second quarter of 2013, we sold our Campus Solutions business and recorded an after-tax gain of \$38 million. This business provided processing capabilities to educational institutions. The Campus Solutions business comprises operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished operationally and for financial reporting purposes from the rest of the Company and we will have no continuing involvement. As a result, our Campus Solutions business is presented in discontinued operations for the current and prior periods.

On September 25, 2013, we announced the sale of our 529 college savings plan administration business. Upon the transaction s closing, which is anticipated to occur in the fourth-quarter 2013, we will recognize a gain of approximately \$0.14 per diluted share. Due to the pending sale, the results of this business were moved to discontinued operations for all periods presented.

SLM CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. Discontinued Operations (Continued)

The following table summarizes the discontinued operations.

	Three Mon Septem	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Operations:					
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	\$ 1	\$	\$ 36	\$ (3)	
Income tax benefit	(7)		(11)	(1)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ 8	\$	\$ 47	\$ (2)	

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the 2012 Form 10-K.

This report contains forward-looking statements and information based on management s current expectations as of the date of this document. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs, opinions, or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties set forth in Item 1A Risk Factors and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our 2012 Form 10-K and subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); increases in financing costs; limits on liquidity; increases in costs associated with compliance with laws and regulations; changes in accounting standards and the impact of related changes in significant accounting estimates; any adverse outcomes in any significant litigation to which we are a party; credit risk associated with our exposure to third parties, including counterparties to our derivative transactions; and changes in the terms of student loans and the educational credit marketplace (including changes resulting from new laws and the implementation of existing laws). We could also be affected by, among other things: changes in our funding costs and availability; reductions to our credit ratings or the credit ratings of the United States of America; failures of our operating systems or infrastructure, including those of third-party vendors; damage to our reputation; failures to successfully implement cost-cutting initiatives and adverse effects of such initiatives on our business; risks associated with restructuring initiatives, including our recently announced strategic plan to separate our existing operations into two, separate, publicly traded companies; changes in the demand for educational financing or in financing preferences of lenders, educational institutions, students and their families; changes in law and regulations with respect to the student lending business and financial institutions generally; increased competition from banks and other consumer lenders; the creditworthiness of our customers; changes in the general interest rate environment, including the rate relationships among relevant money-market instruments and those of our earning assets versus our funding arrangements; changes in general economic conditions; our ability to successfully effectuate any acquisitions and other strategic initiatives; and changes in the demand for debt management services. The preparation of our consolidated financial statements also requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions including estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates or assumptions may prove to be incorrect. All forward-looking statements contained in this report are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this document. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements to conform the statement to actual results or changes in our expectations.

Definitions for certain capitalized terms used in this document can be found in the 2012 Form 10-K.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the balances as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 to be consistent with classifications adopted for 2013, and had no effect on net income, total assets, or total liabilities.

Through this discussion and analysis, we intend to provide the reader with some narrative context for how our management views our consolidated financial statements, additional context within which to assess our operating results, and information on the quality and variability of our earnings, liquidity and cash flows.

Selected Financial Information and Ratios

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(In millions, except per share data)	2	2013	2	012		2013	2	2012
GAAP Basis								
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	260	\$	188	\$	1,149	\$	591
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to SLM								
Corporation	\$.57	\$.39	\$	2.52	\$	1.18
Weighted average shares used to compute diluted earnings								
per share		445		471		450		490
Return on assets		.67%		.42%		.95%		.43%
Core Earnings Basis								
Core Earnings attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	271	\$	277	\$	1,015	\$	804
Core Earnings diluted earnings per common share								
attributable to SLM Corporation	\$.60	\$.58	\$	2.22	\$	1.61
Weighted average shares used to compute diluted earnings								
per share		445		471		450		490
Core Earnings return on assets		.70%		.62%		.84%		.59%
Other Operating Statistics								
Ending FFELP Loans, net	\$ 10	06,350	\$ 12	27,747	\$ 1	06,350	\$ 1	27,747
Ending Private Education Loans, net		37,752		37,101		37,752		37,101
Ending total student loans, net	\$ 14	44,102	\$ 16	54,848	\$ 1	44,102	\$ 1	64,848
Ending total student found, net	ψ1-	11,102	φ 104,040		φ 1 11 ,102		φ101,010	
Average student loans	\$ 14	45,585	\$10	67,166	\$ 1	52,607	\$ 1	71,499

(1) Core Earnings are non-GAAP financial measures and do not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting. For a greater explanation of Core Earnings, see the section titled Core Earnings Definition and Limitations and subsequent sections.

Overview

Our primary business is to originate, service and collect loans we make to students and their families to finance the cost of education. The core of our marketing strategy is to generate student loan originations by promoting our products on campus through the financial aid office and through direct marketing to students and their families. We also provide servicing, loan default aversion and defaulted loan collection services for loans owned by other institutions, including ED, as well as a consumer savings network.

In addition we are the largest holder, servicer and collector of loans made under FFELP, a program that was discontinued in 2010.

We monitor and assess our ongoing operations and results based on the following four reportable segments:

(1) Consumer Lending, (2) Business Services, (3) FFELP Loans and (4) Other.

Consumer Lending Segment

In this segment, we originate, acquire, finance and service Private Education Loans. The Private Education Loans we make are primarily to bridge the gap between the cost of higher education and the amount funded through financial aid, federal loans or customers resources. In this segment, we earn net interest income on the Private Education Loan portfolio (after provision for loan losses) as well as servicing fees, primarily consisting of late fees.

Business Services Segment

Our Business Services segment generates the majority of its revenue from servicing our FFELP Loan portfolio. We also provide servicing, loan default aversion and defaulted loan collection services for loans on behalf of Guarantors of FFELP Loans and other institutions, including ED. We also operate a consumer savings network that provides financial rewards on everyday purchases to help families save for college.

FFELP Loans Segment

Our FFELP Loans segment consists of our \$106.3 billion FFELP Loan portfolio at September 30, 2013 and underlying debt and capital funding these loans. FFELP Loans are no longer originated but we continue to seek to acquire FFELP Loan portfolios to leverage our servicing scale to generate incremental earnings and cash flow. This segment is expected to generate significant amounts of cash as the FFELP portfolio amortizes.

Other

Our Other segment primarily consists of activities of our holding company, including the repurchase of debt, the corporate liquidity portfolio and all overhead. We also include results from smaller wind-down and discontinued operations within this segment.

Recent Developments

Strategic Plan to Create Separate Education Loan Management and Consumer Banking Companies

On May 29, 2013, our Board of Directors authorized a plan to pursue the separation of the Company s existing businesses into two, separate, publicly traded entities an education loan management business and a consumer banking business.

The separation transaction will be effected as a pro-rata dividend of shares of the education loan management business to our shareholders. Upon consummation of the separation, the education loan management business will become a separate public company and will trade under a new stock ticker symbol. The consumer banking business will retain the stock ticker symbol SLM and will operate under the Sallie Mae brand.

The completion of the separation will be subject to certain customary conditions, including final approval by the Company s Board of Directors, confirmation of the tax-free nature of the separation transaction and the effectiveness of a registration statement that will be filed with the SEC. The contemplated separation and distribution will not require a shareholder vote. Subject to the satisfaction of all necessary conditions, including the conditions described above, the separation is currently anticipated to occur in the first half of 2014; however, there can be no assurance that the separation and distribution will ultimately occur.

Sale of 529 College Savings Plan Administration Business

On September 25, 2013, we announced the sale of our 529 college savings plan administration business. Upon the transaction s closing, which is anticipated to occur in the fourth-quarter 2013, we will recognize a gain of approximately \$0.14 per diluted share. Due to the pending sale, the results of this business were moved to discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Key Financial Measures

Our operating results are primarily driven by net interest income from our student loan portfolios (which include financing costs), provision for loan losses, the revenues and expenses generated by our service businesses, and gains and losses on loan sales and debt repurchases. We manage and assess the performance of each business segment separately as each is focused on different customers and each derives its revenue from different activities and services. A brief summary of our key financial measures (net interest income; provisions

for loan losses; charge-offs and delinquencies; servicing and contingency revenues; other income (loss); operating expenses; and Core Earnings) can be found in Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our 2012 Form 10-K.

Third-Quarter 2013 Summary of Results

We report financial results on a GAAP basis and also present certain Core Earnings performance measures. Our management, equity investors, credit rating agencies and debt capital providers use these Core Earnings measures to monitor our business performance. See Core Earnings Definition and Limitations for a further discussion and a complete reconciliation between GAAP net income and Core Earnings.

Third-quarter 2013 GAAP net income was \$260 million (\$.57 diluted earnings per share), versus net income of \$188 million (\$0.39 diluted earnings per share) in the third-quarter 2012. The changes in GAAP net income are driven by the same types of Core Earnings items discussed below as well as changes in mark-to-market unrealized gains and losses on derivative contracts and amortization and impairment of goodwill and intangible assets that are recognized in GAAP but not in Core Earnings results. Third-quarter 2013 results included \$19 million of losses from derivative accounting treatment that are excluded from Core Earnings results, compared with losses of \$140 million in the year-ago period.

Core Earnings for the quarter were \$271 million (\$.60 diluted earnings per share), compared with \$277 million (\$0.58 diluted earnings per share) in the year-ago period. The increase in third-quarter 2013 core diluted earnings per share was primarily the result of a \$63 million decline in the provision for loan losses, a \$31 million increase in servicing and contingency revenue, as well as fewer common shares outstanding. These items more than offset lower debt repurchase gains of \$44 million, a decrease in net interest income before provision for loan losses of \$30 million (primarily as a result of the sales of residual interests in FFELP loan securitization trusts), higher operating expenses of \$37 million (in part due to higher servicing and contingency volumes) and higher restructuring and other reorganization expenses of \$10 million.

During the first nine months of 2013, we:

issued \$5.5 billion of FFELP asset-backed securities (ABS), \$3.1 billion of Private Education Loan ABS and \$2.8 billion of unsecured bonds;

closed on a new \$6.8 billion credit facility that matures in June 2014, to facilitate the term securitization of FFELP Loans;

closed on a new \$1.1 billion asset-backed borrowing facility that matures in August 2015, which was used to fund the call and redemption of our SLM 2009-D Private Education Loan Trust ABS.

repurchased \$997 million of debt and realized Core Earnings gains of \$48 million, compared with \$520 million of debt repurchased and \$102 million of gains in the first nine months of 2012;

repurchased 19 million common shares for \$400 million on the open market, fully utilizing our February 2013 share repurchase program authorization;

authorized \$400 million in July 2013 to be utilized in a new common share repurchase program; and

sold Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts to third parties. We will continue to service the student loans in the trusts under existing agreements. The sales removed securitization trust assets of \$12.5 billion and related liabilities of \$12.1 billion from our balance sheet.

sold our Campus Solutions business for an after-tax gain of \$38 million.

announced the pending sale of our 529 college savings plan administration business in September 2013; upon the transaction s closing, which is anticipated to occur in the fourth-quarter 2013, we expect to recognize a gain of approximately \$0.14 per diluted share.

2013 Management Objectives

In 2013 we have set out five major goals to create shareholder value. They are: (1) prudently grow Consumer Lending segment assets and revenues; (2) maximize cash flows from FFELP Loans; (3) reduce operating expenses while improving efficiency and customer experience; (4) maintain our financial strength; and (5) expand the capabilities of the Bank. Here is how we plan to achieve these objectives and the progress we have made to date:

Prudently Grow Consumer Lending Segment Assets and Revenues

We will continue to pursue managed growth in our Private Education Loan portfolio in 2013 by leveraging our Sallie Mae and Upromise brand while sustaining the credit quality of, and percentage of cosigners for, new originations. We are currently targeting \$3.8 billion in new loan originations for 2013, compared with \$3.3 billion in 2012. We will also continue to help our customers manage their borrowings and succeed in its payoff, which we expect will result in lower charge-offs and provision for loan losses. Originations were 11 percent higher in the third quarter of 2013 compared with the year-ago quarter. Charge-offs were 2.6 percent in the current quarter, down from 3.2 percent in the year-ago quarter. Provision for Private Education Loan losses decreased \$57 million from the year-ago quarter. Our quarterly charge-off rate in the third-quarter of 2013 was at the lowest level in five years.

Maximize Cash Flows from FFELP Loans

In 2013, we will continue to purchase additional FFELP Loan portfolios. Through September 30, 2013, we sold our ownership interest in five of our FFELP Loan securitization trusts (\$12.5 billion of securitization trust assets and \$12.1 billion of related liabilities). We will continue to explore alternative transactions and structures that can increase our ability to maximize the value of our ownership interests in these trusts and allow us to diversify our holdings while maintaining servicing fee income. We must also continue to reduce operating and overhead costs attributable to the maintenance and management of this segment. During the first nine months of 2013, we purchased \$396 million of FFELP Loans.

Reduce Operating Expenses While Improving Efficiency and Customer Experience

For 2013, we will reduce unit costs, and balance our Private Education Loan growth and the challenge of increased regulatory oversight. We also plan to improve efficiency and customer experience by replacing certain of our legacy systems and making enhancements to our self-service platform and call centers (including improved call segmentation that routes an in-bound customer call directly to the appropriate agent who can answer the customer s inquiry). Third-quarter 2013 operating expenses were \$257 million compared with \$220 million in the year-ago quarter. The increase is primarily the result of increases in our third-party servicing and collections activities, increased Private Education Loan marketing activities, continued investments in technology, and an increase in pending litigation settlement expense. An example of becoming more efficient can be seen in our Consumer Lending segment; direct operating expenses as a percentage of revenues (revenues calculated as net interest income after provision plus total other income) were 34 percent and 40 percent in the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Maintain Our Financial Strength

In February 2013, we announced an increase in our quarterly common stock dividend to \$0.15 per share and a new \$400 million common share repurchase program. It is management s objective for 2013 to provide these shareholder distributions while ending 2013 with capital and reserve positions as strong as those with which we ended 2012. We repurchased an aggregate of 19 million shares for \$400 million in the six months ended June 30, 2013, fully utilizing the Company s February 2013 share repurchase program authorization. On July 16, 2013, we authorized \$400 million to be utilized in a new common share repurchase program that does not have an expiration date. There were no share repurchases during the third-quarter 2013. Additionally, on June 10, 2013,

we closed on a new \$6.8 billion credit facility that matures in June 2014, to facilitate the term securitization of FFELP Loans. The facility was used in June 2013 to refinance all of the FFELP Loans previously financed through the ED Conduit Program. As a result, we ended our participation in the ED Conduit Program. On July 17, 2013, we closed on a \$1.1 billion asset-backed borrowing facility that matures on August 15, 2015. The facility was used to fund the call and redemption of our SLM 2009-D Private Education Loan Trust ABS, which occurred on August 15, 2013.

Expand Bank Capabilities

The Bank continues to fund our Private Education Loan originations in 2013. We are continuing to evolve the operational and enterprise risk oversight program at the Bank in preparation for expected growth and designation as a large bank, which will entail enhanced regulatory scrutiny. In addition, we plan to voluntarily make similar changes at SLM Corporation. See the 2012 10-K, Item 1 Business Supervision and Regulation Regulatory Outlook Evolving Regulation of the Bank for additional information about the Bank s regulatory environment once it becomes a large bank.

Results of Operations

We present the results of operations below first on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP. Following our discussion of consolidated earnings results on a GAAP basis, we present our results on a segment basis. We have four business segments: FFELP Loans, Consumer Lending, Business Services and Other. Since these segments operate in distinct business environments and we manage and evaluate the financial performance of these segments using non-GAAP financial measures, these segments are presented on a Core Earnings basis (see Core Earnings Definition and Limitations).

GAAP Statements of Income (Unaudited)

		ree Mo Septen	nths 1ber 30,		Incr (Decr		Nine I Ended Sep			Incr (Decr	
(In millions, except per share data)	2013		2012	5	\$	%	2013	2	2012	\$	%
Interest income:											
FFELP Loans	\$ 69	8 \$	840	\$ (142)	(17)%	\$ 2,138	\$	2,459	\$ (321)	(13)%
Private Education Loans	63		615		20	3	1,884		1,856	28	2
Other loans		3	4		(1)	(25)	9		13	(4)	(31)
Cash and investments		4	5		(1)	(20)	13		16	(3)	(19)
Total interest income	1,34	0	1,464	(124)	(8)	4,044		4,344	(300)	(7)
Total interest expense	54	1	645	(104)	(16)	1,666		1,968	(302)	(15)
Net interest income	79	9	819		(20)	(2)	2,378		2,376	2	
Less: provisions for loan losses	20		270		(63)	(23)	649		766	(117)	(15)
····· I											
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	59	2	549		43	8	1,729		1,610	119	7
Other income (loss):	39	2	549		45	0	1,729		1,010	119	7
Gains on sales of loans and investments							307		1	306	30,600
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net	(12	7)	(233)		106	(45)	(140)		(600)	460	(77)
Servicing revenue	8	,	71		12	17	223		212	11	5
Contingency revenue	10		85		19	22	312		261	51	20
Gains on debt repurchases	10	-	44		(44)	(100)	42		102	(60)	(59)
Other income (loss)		9	2		7	350	66		39	27	69
		- -	_								
Total other income (loss)	6	0	(31)		100	323	810		15	795	5,300
Expenses:	0	9	(31)		100	323	810		15	195	5,500
Operating expenses	25	7	220		37	17	737		672	65	10
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and	25	/	220		51	17	151		072	05	10
amortization expense		4	5		(1)	(20)	10		13	(3)	(23)
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	1		2		10	500	46		9	37	411
nesi detaring and outer reorganization expenses	-	_	-		10	200			-	07	
Total expenses	27	3	227		46	20	793		694	99	14
Total expenses	21	5	221		40	20	175		074		14
Income from continuing operations, before income tax	20	0	201		07	22	1.746		021	015	00
expense	38		291		97	33	1,746		931	815	88
Income tax expense	13	6	104		32	31	645		340	305	90
Net income from continuing operations	25	2	187		65	35	1,101		591	510	86
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax											
expense (benefit)		8			8	100	47		(2)	49	2,450
Net income	26	0	187		73	39	1,148		589	559	95
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest			(1)		1	(100)	(1)		(2)	1	(50)
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation	26	0	188		72	38	1,149		591	558	94
Preferred stock dividends		5	5				15		15		
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation common											
stock	\$ 25	5 \$	183	\$	72	39%	\$ 1,134	\$	576	\$ 558	97%
SIOCK	φ 23	J \$	165	φ	12	3970	φ 1,13 4	φ	570	φ 556	9170
Basic earnings per common share attributable to											
SLM Corporation: Continuing operations	\$.5	6\$.39	¢	.17	44%	\$ 2.46	\$	1.19	\$ 1.27	107%
Discontinued operations	د. د 0.		.39	φ	.02	100	\$ 2.40 .10	Ф	1.19	\$ 1.27 .10	107%
Discontinued operations	.0	-			.02	100	.10			.10	100
T. ()	¢ -	o +	20	<i>•</i>	10	10.01	ф. с . с. с.	<i>•</i>	1.10	ф 1 0 7	1150
Total	\$.5	8 \$.39	\$.19	49%	\$ 2.56	\$	1.19	\$ 1.37	115%

Diluted earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation:								
Continuing operations	\$.55	\$.39	\$.16	41%	\$ 2.42	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.24	105%
Discontinued operations	.02		.02	100	.10		.10	100
Total	\$.57	\$.39	\$.18	46%	\$ 2.52	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.34	114%
Dividends per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$.15	\$.125	\$.025	20%	\$.45	\$.375	\$.075	20%

Consolidated Earnings Summary GAAP-basis

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

For the three months ended September 30, 2013, net income was \$260 million, or \$0.57 diluted earnings per common share, compared with net income of \$188 million, or \$0.39 diluted earnings per common share, for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net income was primarily due to a \$106 million decrease in net losses on derivative and hedging activities, a \$63 million decline in the provision for loan losses, and a \$31 million increase in servicing and contingency revenue, which more than offset a \$44 million decline in debt repurchase gains, higher operating expenses of \$37 million, a \$20 million decline in net interest income and higher restructuring and other reorganization expenses of \$10 million.

The primary contributors to each of the identified drivers of changes in net income for the current quarter compared with the year-ago quarter are as follows:

Net interest income decreased by \$20 million in the current quarter compared with the prior-year quarter primarily due to a reduction in FFELP net interest income from a \$22 billion decline in average FFELP Loans outstanding in part due to the sale of Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts in the first half of 2013. There were approximately \$12 billion of FFELP Loans in these trusts.

Provisions for loan losses declined \$63 million compared with the year-ago quarter primarily as a result of the overall improvement in Private Education Loans credit quality, delinquency and charge-off trends leading to decreases in expected future charge-offs.

Losses on derivative and hedging activities, net, resulted in a net loss of \$127 million in the current quarter compared with a net loss of \$233 million in the year-ago period. The primary factors affecting the change were interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations, which primarily affected the valuations of our Floor Income Contracts, basis swaps and foreign currency hedges during each period. Valuations of derivative instruments vary based upon many factors including changes in interest rates, credit risk, foreign currency fluctuations and other market factors. As a result, net gains and losses on derivative and hedging activities may continue to vary significantly in future periods.

Servicing and contingency revenue increased \$31 million primarily from an increase in the number of accounts serviced and in collection volumes in third-quarter 2013.

Gains on debt repurchases decreased \$44 million from third-quarter 2012 as we did not repurchase any debt in the current period. Debt repurchase activity will fluctuate based on market fundamentals and our liability management strategy.

Operating expenses increased \$37 million primarily as a result of increases in our third-party servicing and collections activities, continued investments in technology, increased Private Education Loan marketing and an increase in pending litigation settlement expense.

Restructuring and other reorganization expenses were \$12 million compared with \$2 million in the year-ago quarter. For third-quarter 2013, these consisted of expenses primarily related to third-party costs incurred in connection with the Company s previously announced plan to separate its existing organization into two, separate, publicly traded companies. The \$2 million of expenses in third-quarter 2012 related to restructuring expenses.

There were no share repurchases during the third-quarter 2013. Primarily as a result of common share repurchases in previous quarters, our average outstanding diluted shares decreased by 26 million shares from the year-ago quarter.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, net income was \$1.1 billion, or \$2.52 diluted earnings per common share, compared with net income of \$591 million, or \$1.18 diluted earnings per common share, for the

nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net income was primarily due to a \$460 million decrease in net losses on derivative and hedging activities, a \$306 million increase in net gains on sales of loans and investments, a \$117 million decrease in provisions for loan losses, a \$49 million after-tax increase in income from discontinued operations and a \$62 million increase in servicing and contingency revenue, which were partially offset by \$60 million of lower gains on debt repurchases, higher operating expenses of \$65 million and higher restructuring and other reorganization expenses of \$37 million.

The primary contributors to each of the identified drivers of changes in net income for the current nine-month period compared with the year-ago nine-month period are as follows:

Net interest income increased by \$2 million primarily due to a \$50 million acceleration of non-cash premium expense recorded in the first half of 2012 related to ED s consolidation of \$5.2 billion of loans under the Special Direct Consolidation Loan (SDCL) initiative that ended June 30, 2012. Offsetting this increase was a \$19.5 billion decline in average FFELP Loans outstanding in part due to the sale of Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts in the first half of 2013. There were approximately \$12 billion of FFELP Loans in these trusts.

Provisions for loan losses declined \$117 million primarily as a result of the overall improvement in Private Education Loans credit quality, delinquency and charge-off trends leading to decreases in expected future charge-offs.

Gains on sales of loans and investments increased by \$306 million as a result of \$312 million in gains on the sales of the Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts in 2013. See Business Segment Earnings Summary Core Earnings Basis FFELP Loans Segment for further discussion.

Losses on derivative and hedging activities, net, resulted in a net loss of \$140 million in the current nine-month period compared with a net loss of \$600 million in the year-ago period. The primary factors affecting the change were interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations, which primarily affected the valuations of our Floor Income Contracts, basis swaps and foreign currency hedges during each period. Valuations of derivative instruments vary based upon many factors including changes in interest rates, credit risk, foreign currency fluctuations and other market factors. As a result, net gains and losses on derivative and hedging activities may continue to vary significantly in future periods.

Servicing and contingency revenue increased \$62 million primarily from an increase in the number of accounts serviced and collection volumes in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the prior-year period.

Gains on debt repurchases decreased \$60 million as we repurchased less debt in the current period. Debt repurchase activity will fluctuate based on market fundamentals and our liability management strategy.

Operating expenses increased \$65 million primarily as a result of increases in our third-party servicing and collections activities, investments in technology, increased Private Education Loan marketing and an increase in pending litigation settlement expense.

Restructuring and other reorganization expenses were \$46 million compared with \$9 million in the year-ago period. For 2013, these consisted of \$24 million primarily related to third-party costs incurred in connection with the Company s previously announced plan to separate its existing organization into two, separate, publicly traded companies and \$22 million related to severance. The \$9 million of expenses in 2012 related to restructuring expenses.

Income from discontinued operations increased \$49 million primarily as a result of the sale of our Campus Solutions business in the second quarter of 2013 which resulted in a \$38 million after-tax gain.

We repurchased 19 million shares of our common stock for \$400 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as part of a common share repurchase program. Primarily as a result of these common share repurchases, our average outstanding diluted shares decreased by 40 million shares from the year-ago period.

Core Earnings Definition and Limitations

We prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. However, we also evaluate our business segments on a basis that differs from GAAP. We refer to this different basis of presentation as Core Earnings. We provide this Core Earnings basis of presentation on a consolidated basis for each business segment because this is what we review internally when making management decisions regarding our performance and how we allocate resources. We also refer to this information in our presentations with credit rating agencies, lenders and investors. Because our Core Earnings basis of presentation corresponds to our segment financial presentations, we are required by GAAP to provide Core Earnings

disclosure in the notes to our consolidated financial statements for our business segments. For additional information, see Note 10 Segment Reporting.

Core Earnings are not a substitute for reported results under GAAP. We use Core Earnings to manage each business segment because Core Earnings reflect adjustments to GAAP financial results for two items, discussed below, that create significant volatility mostly due to timing factors generally beyond the control of management. Accordingly, we believe that Core Earnings provide management with a useful basis from which to better evaluate results from ongoing operations against the business plan or against results from prior periods. Consequently, we disclose this information as we believe it provides investors with additional information regarding the operational and performance indicators that are most closely assessed by management. The two items for which we adjust our Core Earnings presentations are (1) our use of derivative instruments to hedge our economic risks that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment or do qualify for hedge accounting treatment but result in ineffectiveness and (2) the accounting for goodwill and acquired intangible assets.

While GAAP provides a uniform, comprehensive basis of accounting, for the reasons described above, our Core Earnings basis of presentation does not. Core Earnings are subject to certain general and specific limitations that investors should carefully consider. For example, there is no comprehensive, authoritative guidance for management reporting. Our Core Earnings are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Accordingly, our Core Earnings presentation does not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting. Investors, therefore, may not be able to compare our performance with that of other financial services companies based upon Core Earnings. Core Earnings results are only meant to supplement GAAP results by providing additional information regarding the operational and performance indicators that are most closely used by management, our board of directors, rating agencies, lenders and investors to assess performance.

Specific adjustments that management makes to GAAP results to derive our Core Earnings basis of presentation are described in detail in the section titled Core Earnings Definition and Limitations Differences between Core Earnings and GAAP of this Item 2.

The following tables show Core Earnings for each business segment and our business as a whole along with the adjustments made to the income/expense items to reconcile the amounts to our reported GAAP results as required by GAAP and reported in Note 10 Segment Reporting.

Obde in millions) Lend is service Low is the service of the service o		C	. D	PEPI D	T	hree Months Ei	nded Septer Total Core	nber 30, 20	13 Adjustments Additions/		T-4-1
Interest income: Source I and Source	(Dollars in millions)			FFELP	Other	Eliminations(1)		alaccificati		Total	Total CAAP
Suder loars \$ 635 \$ \$ 574 \$ \$ \$ 100 \$ 201 \$ (77) \$ 124 \$ 1,33 Cush and investments 1 1 2 1 (1) 4 4 Total interest income 636 1 576 4 (1) 1.216 201 (77) 5 124 1,340 Total interest income 636 1 576 4 (1) 1.216 201 (77) 124 1,340 Total interest income (loss) 433 1 263 (9) 688 189 (78) 111 799 Less: provisions for loan losses 195 12 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other income (loss) after provisions for loan losses 238 1 251 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other income (loss) 11 174 21 (123) 83		Lenung	Services	Loans	Other	Eliminations(*)	Lainigse	ciassificati	Ausoriactions) A	xujustinents(-)	GAAF
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Cash and investments 1 1 2 1 (1) 4 4 Total interest income 636 1 576 4 (1) 1,216 201 (77) 124 1,340 Total interest income 203 313 13 (1) 528 12 1(4) 13 541 Net interest income (loss) 433 1 263 (9) 688 189 (78) 111 799 Less: provisions for loan losses 195 12 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other incore (loss) after provisions for loan losses 238 1 251 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other incore (loss): 6 6 12 (123) 83 141 104		\$ 055	\$	\$ 374		ф		\$ 201	\$ (77)	φ 124	
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Net interest income (loss) 433 1 263 (9) 688 189 (78) 111 799 Less: provisions for loan losses 195 12 207 81 189 (78) 111 799 Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan losses 238 1 251 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other income (loss): Gains on sales of loans and investments 111 174 21 (123) 83 83 Contingency revenue 104 104 104 104 104 Gains on sales of loans and investments 6 6 12 (189) 59' (130) (118) Other income (loss) 11 284 21 6 (123) 199 (189) 59 (130) (118) Direct operating expenses 85 103 129 4 (123) 198 198 198 198 198 0verhad expenses 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 259 59 59 59 <td>Total interest income</td> <td>636</td> <td>1</td> <td>576</td> <td>4</td> <td>(1)</td> <td>1,216</td> <td>201</td> <td>(77)</td> <td>124</td> <td>1,340</td>	Total interest income	636	1	576	4	(1)	1,216	201	(77)	124	1,340
Less: provisions for loan losses 195 12 207 207 Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan losses 238 1 251 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other income (loss): Gains on sales of loans and investments 11 174 21 (123) 83 83 Contingency revenue 1104 104 104 104 104 Gains on alse revenue 6 6 12 (189) 59 ⁽⁵⁾ (130) (118) Total other income (loss) 11 284 21 6 (123) 199 (189) 59 (130) 69 Expenses: Direct operating expenses 559 59 <td>Total interest expense</td> <td>203</td> <td></td> <td>313</td> <td>13</td> <td>(1)</td> <td>528</td> <td>12</td> <td>1(4)</td> <td>13</td> <td>541</td>	Total interest expense	203		313	13	(1)	528	12	1(4)	13	541
Less: provisions for loan losses 195 12 207 207 Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan losses 238 1 251 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other income (loss): Gains on sales of loans and investments 11 174 21 (123) 83 83 Contingency revenue 1104 104 104 104 104 Gains on alse revenue 6 6 12 (189) 59 ⁽⁵⁾ (130) (118) Total other income (loss) 11 284 21 6 (123) 199 (189) 59 (130) 69 Expenses: Direct operating expenses 559 59 <td>Net interest income (loss)</td> <td>433</td> <td>1</td> <td>263</td> <td>(9)</td> <td></td> <td>688</td> <td>189</td> <td>(78)</td> <td>111</td> <td>799</td>	Net interest income (loss)	433	1	263	(9)		688	189	(78)	111	799
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan losses 238 1 251 (9) 481 189 (78) 111 592 Other income (loss): Gains on sales of loans and investments	× /		1		()			10)	(70)		
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Total other income (loss) 11 284 21 6 (123) 199 (189) 59 (130) 69 Expenses: Direct operating expenses 85 103 129 4 (123) 198 198 Overhead expenses 59 59 59 59 59 59 Operating expenses 85 103 129 63 (123) 257 257 Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization 4 4 4 4 Restructuring and other reorganization expenses 12 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit)(⁽³⁾) 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12)			6		6		12	(180)	50(5)	(130)	(118)
Expenses: Number of the second s	Other meonie (1035)		0		0		12	(10))	5500	(150)	(110)
Direct operating expenses 85 103 129 4 (123) 198 198 Overhead expenses 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 Operating expenses 85 103 129 63 (123) 257 257 Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization 4 4 4 4 Restructuring and other reorganization expenses 12 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136	Total other income (loss)	11	284	21	6	(123)	199	(189)	59	(130)	69
Direct operating expenses 85 103 129 4 (123) 198 198 Overhead expenses 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 Operating expenses 85 103 129 63 (123) 257 257 Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization 4 4 4 4 Restructuring and other reorganization expenses 12 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136	Expenses:										
Overhead expenses 59 59 59 59 59 Operating expenses 85 103 129 63 (123) 257 257 Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization expenses 12 12 4 4 4 Restructuring and other reorganization expenses 12 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾ 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136		85	103	129	4	(123)	198				198
Operating expenses 85 103 129 63 (123) 257 257 Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization 4 4 4 4 Restructuring and other reorganization 12 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136							59				
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization444Restructuring and other reorganization expenses121212Total expenses8510312975(123)26944273Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing596651(28)148(12)(12)136Net income (loss) from continuing	I										
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization444Restructuring and other reorganization expenses121212Total expenses8510312975(123)26944273Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing596651(28)148(12)(12)136Net income (loss) from continuing	Operating expenses	85	103	120	63	(123)	257				257
asset impairment and amortization4444Restructuring and other reorganization expenses12121212Total expenses8510312975(123)26944273Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit)164182143(78)411(23)(23)388Income (loss) from continuing 		0.5	105	12)	05	(123)	251				237
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾ 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing									4	4	4
expenses 12 12 12 12 Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income (loss) from continuing 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136									4	4	4
Total expenses 85 103 129 75 (123) 269 4 4 273 Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit)(3) 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing <					10		10				12
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾ 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing	expenses				12		12				12
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾ 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing											
operations, before income tax expense (benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾ 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing Vector	Total expenses	85	103	129	75	(123)	269		4	4	273
(benefit) 164 182 143 (78) 411 (23) (23) 388 Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾ 59 66 51 (28) 148 (12) (12) 136 Net income (loss) from continuing Vertice	Income (loss) from continuing										
Income tax expense (benefit) (3) 596651(28)148(12)(12)136Net income (loss) from continuing	1 1										
Net income (loss) from continuing											
	Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	59	66	51	(28)		148		(12)	(12)	136
	Net income (loss) from continuing										
operations $105 116 92 (50) 263 (11) (11) 252$	operations	105	116	92	(50)		263		(11)	(11)	252
	Income from discontinued operations,	100	110	/-	(20)		200		(11)	(11)	202
	net of tax expense		8				8				8
	net of tax expense		0				0				0
					.=						
Net income (loss) 105 124 92 (50) 271 (11) (11) 260		105	124	92	(50)		271		(11)	(11)	260
Less: net loss attributable to											
noncontrolling interest	noncontrolling interest										
Net income (loss) attributable to SLM	Net income (loss) attributable to SLM										
	Corporation	\$ 105	\$ 124	\$ 92	\$ (50)	\$	\$ 271	\$	\$ (11)	\$ (11)	\$ 260
$\cdot \qquad \cdot \qquad$	•		-		. ()					× /	

- ⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.
- (2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 201							
	Net Impact of Derivative		npact of will and					
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total				
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 111	\$		\$ 111				
Total other loss	(130)			(130)				
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			4	4				
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ (19)	\$	(4)	(23)				
Income tax benefit				(12)				
Net loss				\$ (11)				

⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$(4) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- (5) Represents the \$62 million of unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$(4) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

	Consumer	Business	FFELP	TI	hree Months E	nded Septe Total Core	mber 30, 2	012 Adjustmen Additions/	ts Total		Total
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other 1	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Earningse	classificati	(Susbtractions)	Adjustme	nts ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:											
Student loans	\$ 615	\$	\$ 712	\$	\$	\$ 1,327	\$ 206	\$ (78)	\$ 1	28	\$ 1,455
Other loans				4		4					4
Cash and investments	2	2	3		(2)	5					5
Total interest income	617	2	715	4	(2)	1,336	206	(78)	1	28	1,464
Total interest expense	209		399	12	(2)	618	26	1(4)		27	645
Net interest income (loss)	408	2	316	(8)		718	180	(79)	1	01	819
Less: provisions for loan losses	252		18			270					270
Net interest income (loss) after											
provisions for loan losses	156	2	298	(8)		448	180	(79)	1	01	549
Other income (loss):											
Gains on sales of loans and											
investments											
Servicing revenue	12	201	22		(164)	71					71
Contingency revenue		85				85					85
Gains on debt repurchases				44		44					44
Other income (loss)		7		3		10	(180)	(61)(5)	(2	41)	(231)
	10		22				, í		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ĺ	
Total other income (loss)	12	293	22	47	(164)	210	(180)	(61)	(2	41)	(31)
Expenses:											
Direct operating expenses	68	88	171	3	(164)	166					166
Overhead expenses				54		54					54
Operating expenses	68	88	171	57	(164)	220					220
Goodwill and acquired intangible											
asset impairment and amortization								5		5	5
Restructuring and other								U.		0	U
reorganization expenses	1			1		2					2
reorganization expenses	1			1		2					2
Total expenses	69	88	171	58	(164)	222		5		5	227
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax											
expense (benefit)	99	207	149	(19)		436		(145)	(1	45)	291
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	36	76	55	(7)		160		(56)	(56)	104
									Ň	,	
Net income (loss) from continuing	(2)	101	0.4	(10)		076		(00)	,	00)	107
operations	63	131	94	(12)		276		(89)	(89)	187
Income (loss) from discontinued											
operations, net of tax expense											
(benefit)	(1)	1									
Net income (loss)	62	132	94	(12)		276		(89)	(89)	187
Less: net loss attributable to	02	152	21	(12)		270		(07)	(~~)	107
noncontrolling interest		(1)				(1)					(1)
noncontroning interest		(1)				(1)					(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to SLM Corporation	\$ 62	\$ 133	\$ 94	\$ (12)	\$	\$ 277	\$	\$ (89)	\$ (89)	\$ 188

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012							
	Net Impact of Derivative		mpact of will and					
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total				
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 101	\$		\$ 101				
Total other loss	(241)			(241)				
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			5	5				
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ (140)	\$	(5)	(145)				
Income tax benefit				(56)				
Net loss				\$ (89)				

- ⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$(9) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- (5) Represents the \$(53) million of unrealized gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$(9) million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

	Consumer	Business	FFELP		ne Months End	Total Core		Adjustmen Additions/	1	Fotal	Total
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other 1	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Earningse	classificati(Susbtractions)	Adjus	stments ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:											
Student loans	\$ 1,884	\$	\$ 1,755	\$	\$	\$ 3,639	\$ 612	\$ (229)	\$	383	\$ 4,022
Other loans				9		9					9
Cash and investments	5	4	5	3	(4)	13					13
Total interest income	1,889	4	1,760	12	(4)	3,661	612	(229)		383	4,044
Total interest expense	613		978	36	(4)	1,623	44	(1) ⁽⁴⁾		43	1,666
Net interest income (loss)	1,276	4	782	(24)		2,038	568	(228)		340	2,378
Less: provisions for loan losses	607	-	42	(24)		649	500	(220)		540	649
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan losses	669	4	740	(24)		1,389	568	(228)		340	1,729
Other income (loss):	009	+	740	(24)		1,369	508	(228)		540	1,729
Gains (losses) on sales of loans			212	(5)		307					207
and investments	21	E 4 1	312	(5)	(400)						307
Servicing revenue	31	541	60		(409)	223					223
Contingency revenue		312		40		312	(6)			(6)	312
Gains on debt repurchases		• •		48		48	(6)			(6)	42
Other income (loss)		20		6		26	(562)	462(5)		(100)	(74)
Total other income (loss) Expenses:	31	873	372	49	(409)	916	(568)	462		(106)	810
Direct operating expenses	228	299	430	9	(409)	557					557
Overhead expenses	220	277	150	180	(10))	180					180
overhead expenses				100		100					100
		•	100	100	(100)						
Operating expenses	228	299	430	189	(409)	737					737
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization								10		10	10
Restructuring and other								10		10	10
	2	1		43		46					46
reorganization expenses	Z	1		45		40					40
Total expenses	230	300	430	232	(409)	783		10		10	793
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax											
expense (benefit)	470	577	682	(207)		1,522		224		224	1,746
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	171	211	249	(75)		556		89		89	645
meenie ux expense (benenit)	1/1	211	217	(13)		550		0)		07	015
Net income (loss) from continuing											
operations	299	366	433	(132)		966		135		135	1,101
Income (loss) from discontinued											
operations, net of tax expense											
(benefit)	(1)	49				48		(1)		(1)	47
Net income (loss)	298	415	433	(132)		1,014		134		134	1,148
Less: net loss attributable to	270	715	-55	(152)		1,014		1.54		1.54	1,140
noncontrolling interest		(1)				(1)					(1)
noncontroning interest		(1)				(1)					(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to SLM Corporation	\$ 298	\$ 416	\$ 433	\$ (132)	\$	\$ 1,015	\$	\$ 134	\$	134	\$ 1,149

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013							
	Net Impact of Derivative		npact of will and					
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total				
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 340	\$		\$ 340				
Total other loss	(106)			(106)				
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			10	10				
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ 234	\$	(10)	224				
Income tax expense				89				
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit				(1)				
Net income				\$ 134				

- ⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$41 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- ⁽⁵⁾ Represents the \$422 million of unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$41 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

	Consumer	Business	FFELP	Niı	ne Months End	led Septeml Total Core	ber 30, 201	2 Adjustmen Additions/	ts Total	Total
(Dollars in millions)	Lending	Services	Loans	Other 1	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾) Earnin gs e	classificati	(Susbtractions)	Adjustments(2)	GAAP
Interest income:										
Student loans	\$ 1,856	\$	\$ 2,090	\$	\$	\$ 3,946	\$ 643	\$ (274)	\$ 369	\$ 4,315
Other loans				13		13				13
Cash and investments	6	5	10		(5)	16				16
	0	5	10		(5)	10				10
Total interest income	1,862	5	2,100	13	(5)	3,975	643	(274)	369	4,344
Total interest expense	616		1,233	26	(5)	1,870	95	3(4)	98	1,968
r r			,		(-)	,				,
Net interest income (loss)	1,246	5	867	(13)		2,105	548	(277)	271	2,376
Less: provisions for loan losses	712		54			766				766
Net interest income (loss) after										
provisions for loan losses	534	5	813	(13)		1,339	548	(277)	271	1,610
Other income (loss):				, í				, í		
Gains on sales of loans and										
investments				1		1				1
Servicing revenue	36	619	68	1	(512)	212				212
Contingency revenue	50	261	00		(312)	261				261
Gains on debt repurchases		201		102		102				102
Other income (loss)		25		9		34	(548)	(47) ⁽⁵⁾	(595)	(561)
Other medine (1088)		23		9		54	(346)	(47)(3)	(393)	(301)
Total other income (loss)	36	905	68	113	(512)	610	(548)	(47)	(595)	15
Expenses:	50	905	00	115	(312)	010	(340)	(47)	(373)	15
Direct operating expenses	199	269	537	10	(512)	503				503
	199	209	557	169	(312)	169				169
Overhead expenses				109		109				109
Operating expenses	199	269	537	179	(512)	672				672
Goodwill and acquired intangible					(===)					
asset impairment and amortization								13	13	13
Restructuring and other								15	15	15
reorganization expenses	3	2		4		9				9
reorganization expenses	3	2		4		9				9
Total expenses	202	271	537	183	(512)	681		13	13	694
10tal expenses	202	271	551	105	(312)	001		15	15	094
Income (loss) from continuing										
operations, before income tax										
expense (benefit)	368	639	344	(83)		1,268		(337)	(337)	931
	134	234	126	(83)		465				340
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	134	234	120	(29)		403		(125)	(125)	540
Net income (loss) from continuing										
operations	234	405	218	(54)		803		(212)	(212)	591
1		403	216	(34)		805		(212)	(212)	591
Loss from discontinued operations,						(1)		(1)	(1)	
net of tax benefit	(1)					(1)		(1)	(1)	(2)
			•••			~~~		<i>(</i> 1 -)		
Net income (loss)	233	405	218	(54)		802		(213)	(213)	589
Less: net loss attributable to										
noncontrolling interest		(2)				(2)				(2)
Net income (loss) attributable to	L	L ··		L		L		L	L	L
SLM Corporation	\$ 233	\$ 407	\$ 218	\$ (54)	\$	\$ 804	\$	\$ (213)	\$ (213)	\$ 591

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012							
	Net Impact of Derivative		mpact of will and					
(Dollars in millions)	Accounting	Acquired	Intangibles	Total				
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 271	\$		\$ 271				
Total other loss	(595)			(595)				
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization			13	13				
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$ (324)	\$	(13)	(337)				
Income tax benefit				(125)				
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit				(1)				
Net loss				\$ (213)				

- ⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Represents a portion of the \$2 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.
- (5) Represents the \$(52) million of unrealized gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net as well as the remaining portion of the \$2 million of other derivative accounting adjustments.

Differences between Core Earnings and GAAP

The two adjustments required to reconcile from our Core Earnings results to our GAAP results of operations relate to differing treatments for: (1) our use of derivative instruments to hedge our economic risks that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment or do qualify for hedge accounting treatment but result in ineffectiveness and (2) the accounting for goodwill and acquired intangible assets. The following table reflects aggregate adjustments associated with these areas.

		Three Months Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP:					
Net impact of derivative accounting	\$ (19)	\$ (140)	\$ 234	\$ (324)	
Net impact of goodwill and acquired intangible assets	(4)	(5)	(10)	(13)	
Net income tax effect	12	56	(89)	125	
Net effect from discontinued operations			(1)	(1)	
-					
Total Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	\$(11)	\$ (89)	\$ 134	\$ (213)	

1) **Derivative Accounting:** Core Earnings exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses that are caused by the mark-to-market valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP as well as the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP. These unrealized gains and losses occur in our Consumer Lending, FFELP Loans and Other business segments. Under GAAP, for our derivatives that are held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0 except for Floor Income Contracts where the cumulative unrealized gain will equal the amount for which we sold the contract. In our Core Earnings presentation, we recognize the economic effect of these hedges, which generally results in any net settlement cash paid or received being recognized ratably as an interest expense or revenue over the hedged item s life.

The accounting for derivatives requires that changes in the fair value of derivative instruments be recognized currently in earnings, with no fair value adjustment of the hedged item, unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. We believe that our derivatives are effective economic hedges, and as such, are a critical element of our interest rate and foreign currency risk management strategy. However, some of our derivatives, primarily Floor Income Contracts and certain basis swaps, do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment and the stand-alone derivative must be marked-to-market in the income statement with no consideration for the corresponding change in fair value of the hedged item. These gains and losses recorded in Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net are primarily caused by interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate volatility and changing credit spreads during the period as well as the volume and term of derivatives not receiving hedge accounting treatment.

Our Floor Income Contracts are written options that must meet more stringent requirements than other hedging relationships to achieve hedge effectiveness. Specifically, our Floor Income Contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment because the pay down of principal of the student loans underlying the Floor Income embedded in those student loans does not exactly match the change in the notional amount of our written Floor Income Contracts. Additionally, the term, the interest rate index, and the interest rate index reset frequency of the Floor Income Contract can be different than that of the student loans. Under derivative accounting treatment, the upfront payment is deemed a liability and changes in fair value are recorded through income throughout the life of the contract. The change in the value of Floor Income Contracts is primarily caused by changing interest rates that cause the amount of Floor Income earned on the underlying student loans and paid to the counterparties to vary. This is economically offset by the change in value of the student loan portfolio earning Floor Income but that offsetting change in value is not recognized. We believe the Floor Income Contracts are economic hedges because they effectively fix the amount of Floor Income earned over the contract period, thus eliminating the timing and uncertainty that changes in interest rates can have on Floor Income for that period. Therefore, for

purposes of Core Earnings, we have removed the unrealized gains and losses related to these contracts and added back the amortization of the net premiums received on the Floor Income Contracts. The amortization of the net premiums received on the Floor Income Contracts for Core Earnings is reflected in student loan interest income. Under GAAP accounting, the premiums received on the Floor Income Contracts are recorded as revenue in the losses on derivative and hedging activities, net line item by the end of the contracts lives.

Basis swaps are used to convert floating rate debt from one floating interest rate index to another to better match the interest rate characteristics of the assets financed by that debt. We primarily use basis swaps to hedge our student loan assets that are primarily indexed to LIBOR, Prime or Treasury bill index (for \$128 billion of our FFELP assets as of April 1, 2012, we elected to change the index from commercial paper to LIBOR). In addition, we use basis swaps to convert debt indexed to the Consumer Price Index to three-month LIBOR debt. The accounting for derivatives requires that when using basis swaps, the change in the cash flows of the hedge effectively offset both the change in the cash flows of the asset and the change in the cash flows of the liability. Our basis swaps hedge variable interest rate risk; however, they generally do not meet this effectiveness test because the index of the swap does not exactly match the index of the hedged assets as required for hedge accounting treatment. Additionally, some of our FFELP Loans can earn at either a variable or a fixed interest rate depending on market interest rates and therefore swaps economically hedging these FFELP Loans do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting treatment. As a result, under GAAP, these swaps are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value reflected currently in the income statement.

The table below quantifies the adjustments for derivative accounting between GAAP and Core Earnings net income.

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Mon Septem	
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Core Earnings derivative adjustments:				
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net, included in				
other income	\$ (127)	\$ (233)	\$ (140)	\$ (600)
Plus: Realized losses on derivative and hedging activities, net ⁽¹⁾	189	180	562	548
Unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net ⁽²⁾	62			