

WESTWOOD ONE INC /DE/  
Form S-1  
June 22, 2009  
Table of Contents

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 22, 2009

Registration No. 333-

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM S-1**

REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**  
*(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)*

**7900**  
*(Primary Standard Industrial  
Classification Code Number)*

**95-3980449**  
*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)*

**40 West 57th Street, 5th Floor**

**New York, New York 10019**

**(212) 641-2000**

*(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)*

**David Hillman, Esq.**

**Chief Administrative Officer; EVP, Business Affairs;**

**General Counsel and Secretary**

**Westwood One, Inc.**

**40 West 57th Street, 5th Floor**

**New York, New York 10019**

**(212) 641-2000**

*(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)*

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**Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:** As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box. "

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

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If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

| Title of Each Class of Securities<br>to be Registered | Proposed<br>Maximum Aggregate<br>Offering Price | Amount of<br>Registration Fee |
|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share              | (1)(2)<br>\$50,000,000                          | \$2,790                       |

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of computing the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act.

(2) Includes offering price for the shares that the underwriters have the option to purchase to cover over-allotments, if any.

**The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission acting pursuant to said section 8(a), may determine.**

**Table of Contents**

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JUNE 22, 2009**

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

Shares  
Common Stock  
\$ per share

Westwood One, Inc. is selling \_\_\_\_\_ shares of our common stock and the selling stockholders named in this prospectus are selling \_\_\_\_\_ shares of our common stock. We and the selling stockholders named in this prospectus have granted the underwriters a 30-day option to purchase up to an additional \_\_\_\_\_ shares of our common stock to cover over-allotments, if any. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of shares by the selling stockholders.

Our common stock is currently traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol WWON.OB. The last reported sale price on \_\_\_\_\_, 2009 was \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share. We intend to apply to list our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol WWON.

INVESTING IN OUR COMMON STOCK INVOLVES RISKS. SEE RISK FACTORS BEGINNING ON PAGE 12.

|  | Per Share | Total |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Public offering price  | \$        | \$    |
| Underwriting discounts   | \$        | \$    |
| Proceeds, before expenses, to us   | \$        | \$    |
| Proceeds, before expenses, to selling stockholders                           | \$        | \$    |
| Delivery of the shares of common stock will be made on or about _____, 2009. |           |       |

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

## **Thomas Weisel Partners LLC**

The date of this prospectus is \_\_\_\_\_, 2009.

**Table of Contents**

**Table of Contents****TABLE OF CONTENTS**

|  | <b>Page</b> |
|--|-------------|
| <u>Prospectus Summary</u>  | 1           |
| <u>Risk Factors</u>  | 12          |
| <u>Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements</u>                                  | 20          |
| <u>Use of Proceeds</u>   | 21          |
| <u>Dividend Policy</u>   | 22          |
| <u>Capitalization</u>  | 23          |
| <u>Selected Consolidated and Other Financial Data</u>  | 25          |
| <u>Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information</u>   | 28          |
| <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u> | 38          |
| <u>Business</u>  | 57          |
| <u>Management</u>  | 69          |
| <u>Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions</u>                                  | 74          |
| <u>Price Range of Common Stock</u>   | 78          |
| <u>Principal and Selling Stockholders</u>  | 79          |
| <u>Description of Capital Stock</u>  | 81          |
| <u>Shares Eligible For Future Sale</u>   | 85          |
| <u>Description of Certain Indebtedness</u>   | 87          |
| <u>Underwriting</u>  | 89          |
| <u>Legal Matters</u>   | 93          |
| <u>Experts</u>   | 93          |
| <u>Where You Can Find More Information and Incorporation by Reference</u>                    | 93          |
| <u>Index To Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedule</u>           | F-1         |

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form S-1 that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( "SEC" ). You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this prospectus. We are offering to sell shares of common stock and seeking offers to buy shares of common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of the common stock.

Unless otherwise stated in this prospectus, references to "the Company," "we," "our," "ours," "registrant" and "us" refer to Westwood One, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, except where it is clear that such terms mean only Westwood One, Inc.

**Table of Contents**

**PROSPECTUS SUMMARY**

*This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus and does not contain all of the information you should consider before buying shares of our common stock. Before deciding to invest in shares of our common stock, you should read the entire prospectus carefully, including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes and the information set forth under the headings Risk Factors and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in each case included elsewhere in this prospectus. All share and per share amounts in this prospectus (unless otherwise indicated) reflect a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our outstanding common stock and the conversion of all outstanding shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock, Series B Preferred Stock and Class B stock into common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments (as defined below) to be voted on at an upcoming special meeting of stockholders to be held on June 26, 2009.*

**Our Company**

We produce and provide traffic, news, weather, sports, talk, music, special events and other programming. Our content is distributed to radio and television stations and digital platforms and reaches over 190 million people. We are one of the largest domestic outsourced providers of traffic reporting services and one of the nation's largest radio networks, delivering content to over 5,000 radio and 170 television stations in the U.S. We exchange our content with radio and television stations for commercial airtime, which we then sell to local, regional and national advertisers. By aggregating and packaging commercial airtime across radio and television stations nationwide, we are able to offer our advertising customers a cost-effective way to reach a broad audience and target their audience on a demographic and geographic basis.

We are organized into two business segments: Metro and Network.

Our Metro business produces and distributes traffic and other local information reports (such as news, sports and weather) to approximately 2,300 radio and television stations, which include stations in over 80 of the top 100 Metro Service Area (MSA) markets in the U.S. Our Metro business generates revenue from the sale of commercial advertising inventory to advertisers (typically 10 and 15 second spots in radio and 30 second spots in television embedded within our information reports). We provide broadcasters a cost-effective alternative to gathering and delivering their own traffic and local information reports and offer advertisers a more efficient, broad reaching alternative to purchasing advertising directly from individual radio and television stations.

Our Network business syndicates proprietary and licensed content to radio stations, enabling them to meet their programming needs on a cost-effective basis. The programming includes national news and sports content, such as CBS Radio News, CNN Radio News and NBC Radio News and major sporting events, including the National Football League (including the Super Bowl), NCAA football and basketball games (including the Men's Basketball Tournament, *i.e.*, March Madness) and The Masters golf tournament. Our Network business features popular shows that we produce with personalities including Dennis Miller, Charles Osgood, Fred Thompson and Billy Bush. We also feature special events such as live concert broadcasts, countdown shows (including MTV and Country Music Television branded programs), music and interview programs. Our Network business generates revenue from the sale of 30 and 60 second commercial airtime, often embedded in our programming, that we bundle and sell to national advertisers who want to reach a large audience across numerous radio stations.

We believe that our market position in both the Metro and Network businesses and our recent turnaround strategies and revenue enhancement initiatives afford us with a number of revenue growth opportunities. We are developing additional potential revenue streams by leveraging our existing resources



## **Table of Contents**

and accessing new distribution channels for our extensive content. In addition, we believe there is an extensive opportunity to pursue acquisitions, partnerships and joint ventures to consolidate our existing business with competitors and expand into new markets.

### **Our Strengths**

We believe our strengths include:

*Large Independent Provider of Content.* We are one of the largest domestic outsourced providers of traffic reporting services and one of the nation's largest radio networks, producing and distributing traffic, news, weather, sports, talk, music, special events and other programming. As an independent provider of content, without any stations under our ownership, we are able to transact with all station groups. We deliver content to over 5,000 radio and 170 television stations in the U.S.

*Developer of High Quality, Original Content.* We create and develop premium content for radio and television stations. The programming includes several nationally known personalities including Dennis Miller, Charles Osgood, Fred Thompson and Billy Bush. We also provide stations with targeted programming, including national news, major sporting events and local news and traffic programming that they can generally not afford to develop on their own.

*Multichannel Distributor of Content.* As a producer of original content, we have the ability to utilize multiple media channels by leveraging our existing production capabilities and vast library of content to generate additional revenue without incurring significant costs. For example, much of the same content we distribute to our radio station customers is available to consumers online via podcasting or live streaming.

*Significant Operating Leverage.* Our business model has a relatively fixed cost base leading to significant operating leverage. We have made progress and are working to further reduce our fixed costs which we believe will enhance our profitability if revenue increases in the future due to an economic recovery or organic growth factors.

*Experienced Management Team.* We have brought together a new, experienced management team with extensive strategic, operating and financial expertise. Our management team has an average of 16 years of industry experience. Our relationship with The Gores Group provides us with additional operational, financial and strategic support. We believe this management team has the ability to respond to economic and industry trends and cycles while maximizing revenue growth from the sale of commercial airtime.

### **Our Strategy**

Our goal is to grow the revenue and profitability of our business. Key elements of our strategy to achieve this goal include:

*Complete operational turnaround.* We have recently begun and will continue to increase our operational efficiency with the assistance of The Gores Group. We announced on March 16, 2009, certain re-engineering and cost-cutting initiatives, as described below in "Turnaround Strategies and Revenue Enhancement Initiatives", that are collectively anticipated to result in total annual savings of approximately \$55 to \$63 million. These savings will be offset to a limited degree by investments in our sales force, technology and digital capabilities and certain strategic partnerships such as TrafficLand, a provider of traffic video collected from local and state Departments of Transportation.

*Expand our Sales Force.* We have recently begun and plan to continue to build-out and leverage our extensive local and national sales force to generate increased revenue from the sale of commercial airtime. In our Network business, we are adding category management specialists in high-potential segments of the advertising market. In our Metro business, we have added new sales people at various locations across the country to deepen our local market coverage. We are also adding select sales



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## **Table of Contents**

people in our Metro business to expand the distribution of our local content. Additionally, in our Network business we recently began to offer copy-splitting advertising services which enable our advertising clients to reach more than one desired geographic area at the same time.

*Pursue strategic opportunities.* We evaluate acquisitions, partnerships and joint ventures on an ongoing basis and intend to pursue acquisitions of and partnerships or joint ventures with businesses in our industry and related industries that can assist us in achieving our growth strategy. We focus on opportunities with content and services businesses serving the radio, television and digital markets. We approach strategic opportunities in a disciplined manner and, with the assistance of The Gores Group, intend to focus on opportunities that strengthen our competitive position.

*Produce cost-effective, original programming.* We will continue to leverage our national scale to provide radio and television stations with programming and services that they may not be able to cost-effectively produce on their own. We distribute our programming on a barter basis in exchange for commercial airtime in lieu of cash, which allows stations to preserve capital.

*Expand our distribution channels.* We plan to continue expanding our product offerings across radio, television, online and other platforms through initiatives such as on-camera graphics and mobile video. Our Metro business is also expanding into the digital and wireless categories as a provider of traffic information on mobile and personal navigation devices. As part of this strategy, our Metro business recently entered into a License and Services Agreement with TrafficLand. The agreement provides our Metro business with the exclusive right to enter into affiliation agreements with third party broadcasters wanting access to TrafficLand's live video traffic feeds, which (i) provides us with simultaneous access to 4,700 traffic cameras and (ii) enables us to enhance our product offerings to stations that carry our programming and data feeds. We have an option, exercisable through December 1, 2009, to acquire TrafficLand. We have also partnered with AirSage, a provider of digital traffic data, to enhance our real-time road condition and data reports and with TrafficCast, a traffic science company, to collaborate on licensing of integrated data for others. We believe these initiatives will allow us to significantly expand our digital content offerings.

### **Our Industry**

#### *Radio Broadcasting and Advertising*

According to the Federal Communications Commission ( FCC ), there were 11,213 commercial radio stations serving listeners in the United States as of December 31, 2008. The Radio Advertising Bureau ( RAB ) reported that the market for U.S. radio advertising in 2008 was \$19.5 billion. We compete in the local (\$13.6 billion), national (\$2.9 billion) and network (\$1.2 billion) radio advertising segments which comprise the majority of the total industry.

AM/FM radio is one of the most popular forms of media in terms of audience consumption. According to Arbitron's Spring 2007 study, the average time spent listening to the radio by persons 12 years and older ( 12+ ) in the U.S. is 19 hours per week. Similarly, network radio listenership remains strong among key demographics. According to Arbitron, network radio reaches nearly 75% of the 12+ U.S. population each week and performs well within the key 18-24, 18-49 and 25-54 year old demographics, reaching 73%, 74% and 74%, respectively. Furthermore, Arbitron reports that 60% of adult consumers over the age of 18 listen to network radio out of the home, or approximately 143 million adults each week.

Radio offers a cost efficient way of reaching diverse audience groups in large numbers. Radio advertising can be purchased by advertisers on a local, regional or national basis. Local and regional purchases allow an advertiser to choose a geographic market for the broadcast of commercial messages. Advertising purchased from a national radio network allows an advertiser to target its commercial messages to a specific demographic within a large national audience. Radio advertising has historically been cyclical as spending on advertising can grow or decline depending on the state of the economy.

## **Table of Contents**

### *Television Broadcasting and Advertising*

According to the Television Bureau of Advertising, total broadcast television advertising revenue in 2008 was \$46.4 billion. Network television is the largest segment within broadcast television representing revenue of \$25.4 billion in 2008. We compete in the local (\$16.5 billion) and syndication (\$4.4 billion) television advertising segments.

During the 2008-09 broadcast season, television was viewed in 114.5 million, or 98.9%, of all U.S. households according to The Nielsen Company. Television remains the most popular form of media in terms of audience consumption with the average household watching 8 hours and 18 minutes of television each day in 2008 according to the Television Bureau of Advertising and The Nielsen Company.

Television's broad reach and visual impact makes it a powerful and attractive medium for advertisers. Television spots are generally 30 to 60 seconds in length and are purchased by advertisers on a local, regional or national basis. Similar to the radio broadcasting industry, local and regional purchases allow an advertiser to choose a geographic market for the broadcast of commercial messages. Advertising purchased from a national television network allows an advertiser to target its commercial messages to a specific demographic within a large national audience.

### **Turnaround Strategies and Revenue Enhancement Initiatives**

Since September 2008, we have implemented a significant number of key turnaround strategies and revenue enhancement initiatives, including:

#### Re-Engineering of Traffic Operations

- Regionalize 60 operating centers to 13 hubs

- Reduce reliance on aircraft and implement new video and speed and flow technology

#### Cost Reduction Programs

- Reduce salary/headcount

- Reduce programming costs and eliminate unprofitable programming

- Negotiate reductions in compensation paid to radio stations that provide us with commercial airtime to more effectively match compensation to revenue and profitability

#### Revenue Initiatives

- Increase our sales force to expand our market presence across regions and products

- Grow revenue and profitability from advertising through optimization of sales mix, inventory utilization and pricing

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Deliver expanded product offerings such as copy-splitting, 15 second spots and pre-recorded advertisements

### Management Reorganization

Engage new, experienced management team to provide greater leadership

Reorganize corporate structure to increase accountability

### **Restructuring**

On April 23, 2009, we completed a refinancing of substantially all of our outstanding long-term indebtedness (approximately \$241 million in principal amount) and a recapitalization of our equity (the Restructuring ).

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## **Table of Contents**

As part of the Restructuring, our then existing debtholders released all of their existing obligations in exchange for (1) \$117.5 million of 15% Senior Notes maturing July 15, 2012 (the Senior Notes ), (2) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock (as defined below), which will be converted into 5,077,259 shares of common stock if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments (as defined below), and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. We also entered into a new senior credit facility (the Senior Credit Facility ) pursuant to which we have a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan. As of the date of this prospectus, we have borrowed the entire amount under the term loan and we have not made any borrowings under the revolving line of credit.

In addition, Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the Series B Preferred Stock ). In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the Series A Preferred Stock ) held by Gores immediately prior to the Restructuring, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock (the Series A-1 Preferred Stock ) with a per share conversion price which provided Gores with an approximately 54.4% interest in the Company after the Restructuring.

Taking into account Gores' Series B Preferred Stock, Series A-1 Preferred Stock and common stock, upon the consummation of the Restructuring, Gores' ownership in the Company increased from approximately 36% to 75.1%. Accordingly, the Restructuring, when considering the ownership held by Gores as well as the ownership held by our then existing debt holders, constituted a change of control transaction that requires the Company to follow the purchase method of accounting, as described by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 141R, Business Combinations ( SFAS 141R ). We have considered the ownership held by Gores and our then existing debt holders as a collaborative group in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force D-97, Push Down Accounting . As a result, we will follow the acquisition method of accounting, as described by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 141R, Business Combinations and will apply the SEC rules and guidance regarding push down accounting treatment effective April 23, 2009.

## **Recent Events**

On June 4, 2009, we filed a definitive proxy statement for a special meeting of our stockholders. The purpose of the meeting is to consider and vote upon, among other proposals, amending our Restated Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of our common stock from 300 million to 5 billion and to amend the Certificate of Incorporation to effect a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our outstanding common stock (the Charter Amendments ). If the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, it will result in the automatic conversion of all shares of preferred stock and Class B stock into common stock and the cancellation of warrants to purchase 10 million shares of common stock issued to Gores as part of their investment in our Series A Preferred Stock. If the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, there will no longer be issued and outstanding any warrants to purchase our common stock or any shares of our capital stock that have any preference over the common stock with respect to voting, liquidation, dividends or otherwise. Under the Charter Amendments, each of the newly authorized shares of common stock will have the same rights and privileges as currently authorized common stock. Adoption of the Charter Amendments will not affect the rights of the holders of our currently outstanding common stock nor will it change the par value of the common stock.

## **The Gores Group**

The Gores Group owns approximately 75.1% of our common stock. Founded in 1987, Gores is a private equity firm focused on investing in businesses which can benefit from the firm's operating and turnaround

**Table of Contents**

expertise. Gores has become a leading investor having demonstrated over time a track record of creating value in its portfolio companies alongside management. The firm's current private equity fund has committed equity capital of \$1.3 billion.

**Risks Associated with Our Business**

Our business is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, as more fully described under "Risk Factors" beginning on page 12, which you should carefully consider before deciding whether to invest in our common stock.

**Corporate Information**

We are a Delaware corporation. Our principal executive office is located at 40 West 57th Street, 5th Floor, New York, NY 10019. Our telephone number is (212) 641-2000 and our website address is [www.westwoodone.com](http://www.westwoodone.com). The information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website is not a part of this prospectus.

**Table of Contents**

**THE OFFERING**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Common stock offered by Westwood One               | shares   |
| Common stock offered by the selling stockholders   | shares   |
| Common stock to be outstanding after this offering | shares, or shares if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full   |
| Over-allotment option                              | shares   |
| Use of proceeds                                    | Our net proceeds from this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses will be approximately \$ , assuming a public offering price of \$ per share, which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on , 2009. We anticipate that we will use the net proceeds of this offering for general corporate purposes and working capital, which may include: pursuit of possible acquisitions of complementary businesses or other assets such as TrafficLand (if we choose to exercise our purchase option, as described elsewhere in this prospectus), funding our growth initiatives and repayment of our outstanding indebtedness. |

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares by the selling stockholders. See Use of Proceeds.

Anticipated NASDAQ Capital Market Symbol **WWON**  
 The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding upon completion of this offering is based on 20,307,684 shares of our common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2009, and excludes:

32,063 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options outstanding as of March 31, 2009 at a weighted average exercise price of \$1,450 per share, and 250 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options granted after March 31, 2009 at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share;

29,139 shares of common stock reserved as of March 31, 2009 for future issuance under our 1999 Stock Incentive Plan, and an additional 10,862 shares of common stock reserved for issuance after March 31, 2009; and

2,895 shares of common stock reserved as of March 31, 2009 for future issuance under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, and an additional 43,106 shares of common stock reserved for issuance after March 31, 2009, of which 42,856 remain available for grant after taking into account options granted after March 31, 2009.



**Table of Contents**

Unless otherwise indicated, this prospectus (except in the historical consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus):

reflects and assumes the automatic conversion of all outstanding shares of our Series A-1 Preferred Stock and Series B Preferred Stock into an aggregate of 19,798,483 shares of common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments;

reflects and assumes the automatic conversion of all outstanding shares of Class B stock into an aggregate of 1,459 shares of common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments;

reflects and assumes a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments; and

assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase up to an additional shares from us and the selling stockholders to cover over-allotments.

If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full, \_\_\_\_\_ shares of our common stock will be outstanding after this offering.

**Table of Contents****SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED AND OTHER FINANCIAL DATA**

The following tables summarize our consolidated financial and other data. The consolidated statements of operations data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The consolidated statement of operations data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2004 and 2005 have been derived from our audited financial statements not included in this prospectus. The consolidated statement of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2009, and the consolidated balance sheet data as of March 31, 2008 and 2009, have been derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with our audited financial statements and include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments that management considers necessary for the fair statement of the financial information set forth in those financial statements. The following financial data should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, our consolidated financial statements and related notes and schedule included elsewhere in this prospectus and the information under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected in any future period.

|  | 2004(1)                               | 2005(1)    | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006 | 2007       | 2008       | Three Months<br>Ended March 31,<br>2008 | 2009        |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|---|-------------|
|  | (in thousands, except per share data) |            |                                    |            |            |   | (unaudited) |
| <b>Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:</b> |                                       |            |                                    |            |            |   |             |
| Revenue  | \$ 562,246                            | \$ 557,830 | \$ 512,085                         | \$ 451,384 | \$ 404,416 | \$ 106,627                              | \$ 85,867   |
| Operating Costs                                    | 379,097                               | 378,998    | 395,196                            | 350,440    | 360,492    | 94,229                                  | 91,393      |
| Goodwill Impairment                                |                                       |            | 515,916                            |            | 430,126    |   |             |
| Depreciation and Amortization                      | 18,429                                | 20,826     | 20,756                             | 19,840     | 11,052     | 3,976                                   | 2,063       |
| Corporate General and Administrative Expenses      | 13,596                                | 14,028     | 14,618                             | 13,171     | 13,442     | 3,466                                   | 2,766       |
| Restructuring Charges                              |                                       |            |                                    |            | 14,100     |   | 3,440       |
| Special Charges                                    |                                       |            | 1,579                              | 4,626      | 13,245     | 7,956                                   | 5,809       |
| Operating (Loss) Income                            | 151,124                               | 143,978    | (435,980)                          | 63,307     | (438,041)  | (3,000)                                 | (19,604)    |
| Net (Loss) Income                                  | 86,955                                | 77,886     | (469,453)                          | 24,368     | (427,563)  | (5,338)                                 | (15,186)    |
| <b>(Loss) Income Per Basic Share</b>               |                                       |            |                                    |            |            |   |             |
| Common stock                                       | \$ 0.90                               | \$ 0.86    | \$ (5.46)                          | \$ 0.28    | \$ (4.39)  | \$ (0.06)                               | \$ (0.17)   |
| Class B stock                                      | \$                                    | \$ 0.24    | \$ 0.26                            | \$ 0.02    | \$         | \$                                      | \$          |
| <b>(Loss) Income Per Diluted Share</b>             |                                       |            |                                    |            |            |   |             |
| Common stock                                       | \$ 0.88                               | \$ 0.85    | \$ (5.46)                          | \$ 0.28    | \$ (4.39)  | \$ (0.06)                               | \$ (0.17)   |
| Class B stock                                      | \$                                    | \$ 0.24    | \$ 0.26                            | \$ 0.02    | \$         | \$                                      | \$          |
| <b>Dividends Declared(2)</b>                       |                                       |            |                                    |            |            |   |             |
| Common stock                                       | \$                                    | \$ 0.30    | \$ 0.32                            | \$ 0.02    | \$         | \$                                      | \$          |
| Class B stock                                      | \$                                    | \$ 0.24    | \$ 0.26                            | \$ 0.02    | \$         | \$                                      | \$          |

**Table of Contents**

|   | 2004(1)    | 2005(1)    | As of<br>December 31,<br>2006<br>(in thousands) | 2007       | 2008       | As of<br>March 31,<br>2008<br>(unaudited) | 2009       |
|---|------------|------------|---|------------|------------|---|------------|
| <b>Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:</b> |            |            |   |            |            |   |            |
| Current Assets                          | \$ 174,346 | \$ 172,245 | \$ 149,222                                      | \$ 138,154 | \$ 119,468 | \$ 118,187                                | \$ 102,908 |
| Working Capital / (Deficit)(3)          | 93,005     | 72,094     | 29,313  | 47,294     | (208,034)  | (88,458)                                  | 25,529     |
| Total Assets                            | 1,262,495  | 1,239,646  | 696,701   | 669,757    | 205,088    | 644,011                                   | 191,396    |
| Long-Term Debt(3)                       | 359,439    | 427,514    | 366,860   | 345,244    |            | 201,783                                   | 251,446    |
| Total Shareholders Equity (Deficit)     | 800,709    | 704,029    | 202,931   | 227,631    | (203,145)  | 229,374                                   | (224,023)  |

|                              | 2004(1)    | 2005(1)    | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006<br>(in thousands) | 2007      | 2008      | Three Months<br>Ended March 31,<br>2008<br>(unaudited) | 2009       |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|--|-----------|-----------|--|------------|
| <b>Other Financial Data:</b> |            |            |  |           |           |  |            |
| Adjusted EBITDA(4)           | \$ 184,397 | \$ 176,490 | \$ 114,540   | \$ 97,378 | \$ 39,198 | \$ 11,055  | \$ (6,940) |

- Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share Based Payment ( SFAS 123R ) utilizing the modified retrospective transition alternative. Accordingly, results for years prior to 2006 have been restated to reflect stock based compensation expense in accordance with SFAS 123R.
- No cash dividend was paid on our common stock or Class B stock in 2004 or 2008. In 2005, our board of directors declared cash dividends of \$0.10 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.08 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on each of April 29, 2005, August 3, 2005 and November 2, 2005. In 2006, our board of directors declared cash dividends of \$0.10 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.08 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on each of February 2, 2006, April 18, 2006 and August 7, 2006. Our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.02 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.016 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on November 7, 2006. Our board of directors declared cash dividends of \$0.02 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.016 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on March 6, 2007. The payment of dividends is restricted by the terms of our outstanding indebtedness and we do not plan on paying dividends for the foreseeable future.
- On November 30, 2008, we failed to make the interest payment on our previously outstanding senior notes which constituted an event of default under the then existing senior notes. Accordingly, \$249,053 of debt previously considered long-term was re-classified as short-term debt, which resulted in a working capital deficit of \$208,034 on December 31, 2008.
- We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) from our Statement of Operations adjusted to exclude the following items: interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), as adjusted for goodwill impairment, restructuring and special charges and non-cash stock-based compensation. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure (i.e., it is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles) and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for consolidated statements of operations and cash flow data prepared in accordance with GAAP.  
We use Adjusted EBITDA to, among other things, evaluate our operating performance, forecast and plan for future periods, value prospective acquisitions, and as one of several components of incentive

**Table of Contents**

compensation targets for certain management personnel. This measure is an important indicator of our operational strength and performance of our business because it provides a link between profitability and operating cash flow. In addition, all of the adjustments made in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA are adjustments that would be made in calculating our compliance with our leverage ratio covenants under our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes. We believe the presentation of this measure is relevant and useful for investors because it allows investors to view performance in a manner similar to the method used by our management, helps improve their ability to understand our operating performance and makes it easier to compare our results with other companies that have different financing and capital structures or tax rates. In addition, this measure is also among the primary measures used externally by our investors, analysts and peers in its industry for purposes of valuation and comparing our operating performance to other companies in our industry.

Since Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, it should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for, net income as an indicator of operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA as we calculate it, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies. In addition, this measure does not necessarily represent funds available for discretionary use, and is not necessarily a measure of our ability to fund our cash needs. As Adjusted EBITDA excludes certain financial information compared with net income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, users of this financial information should consider the types of events and transactions which are excluded. A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) is provided below.

|  | 2004              | 2005              | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006<br>(in thousands) | 2007             | 2008             | Three Months<br>Ended March 31,<br>2008<br>(unaudited) | 2009              |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--|------------------|------------------|--|-------------------|
| Net income (loss)  | \$ 86,955         | \$ 77,886         | \$ (469,453)   | \$ 24,368        | \$ (427,563)     | \$ (5,338)   | \$ (15,186)       |
| Plus: Income taxes (benefit)                                     | 53,206            | 49,217            | 8,809  | 15,724           | (14,760)         | (3,020)  | (7,381)           |
| Plus: Interest expense(a)  | 10,963            | 16,875            | 25,590   | 23,626           | 16,651           | 5,399  | 3,263             |
| Plus: Depreciation and amortization                              | 18,429            | 20,826            | 20,756   | 19,840           | 11,052           | 3,976  | 2,063             |
| Plus: Goodwill impairment,<br>restructuring & special charges(b) |                   |                   | 516,569  | 4,214            | 448,375          | 7,915  | 8,949             |
| Plus: Non-cash stock-based compensation                          | 14,844            | 11,686            | 12,269   | 9,606            | 5,443            | 2,123  | 1,352             |
| <b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>   | <b>\$ 184,397</b> | <b>\$ 176,490</b> | <b>\$ 114,540</b>                                    | <b>\$ 97,378</b> | <b>\$ 39,198</b> | <b>\$ 11,055</b>                                       | <b>\$ (6,940)</b> |

- (a) Interest expense for the fiscal years 2004 and 2005 includes other income of \$948,000 and \$1.44 million, respectively.
- (b) The line item Goodwill impairment, restructuring & special charges also includes other income for the periods of the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2009 and fiscal years 2006, 2007 and 2008 of \$41,000, \$300,000, \$926,000, \$411,000 and \$12,369,000, respectively.

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**Table of Contents**

**RISK FACTORS**

*Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors, as well as all of the other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, before deciding to invest in our common stock. The occurrence of any of the following risks could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, prospects, results of operations and cash flows. In such case, the trading price of our common stock could decline and you could lose all or part of your investment. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, prospects, results of operations and cash flows.*

**Risks Related to Our Business and Industry**

***Deterioration in general economic conditions and constrained consumer spending has caused, and could cause, additional decreases or delays in advertising spending, could harm our ability to generate advertising revenue and negatively affect our results of operations.***

We derive the majority of our revenue from the sale of local, regional and national advertising. The current global economic slowdown has resulted in a decline in advertising and marketing services among our customers, resulting in a decline in advertising revenue across our businesses. Additionally, advertisers, and the agencies that represent them, have put increased pressure on advertising rates, in some cases, requesting broad percentage discounts on ad buys, demanding increased levels of inventory and re-negotiating booked orders. The current state of the economy could also adversely affect our ability to collect accounts receivable from our advertisers, particularly those entities which have filed for bankruptcy. Reductions in advertising expenditures and declines in ad rates have adversely affected our revenue and the continuation of the global economic slowdown would likely continue to adversely impact our revenue, profit margins, cash flow and liquidity in future periods. In addition, in the event that the current economic situation improves, we cannot predict whether or not advertisers' demands and budgets for advertising will return to previous levels.

***Our operating income has declined since 2002 and may continue to decline. We may not be able to reverse this trend or reduce costs sufficiently to offset declines in revenue if such trends continue.***

Since 2002, our annual operating income has declined from operating income of approximately \$180 million to an operating loss of \$438 million, which included goodwill impairment charges of approximately \$430.1 million, for the year ended 2008, with the most significant decline occurring between 2005 and 2008. Between 2002 and 2008, our operating income declined as a result of increased competition in our local and regional markets and an increase in the amount of 10 second inventory being sold by radio stations. The more significant decline (between 2005 and 2008) was due principally to reductions in national audience levels (which dropped significantly between 2005 and 2006), lower commercial clearance and audience levels of our affiliated stations and reductions in our local and regional sales force, which began in mid-2006. Recently, our operating income has also been affected by the weakness in the United States economy and advertising market. Given the current economic climate, it is possible our operating income will continue to decline.

***CBS Radio provides us with a significant portion of our commercial inventory and audience that we sell to advertisers. A material reduction in the audience delivered by CBS Radio stations or a material loss of commercial inventory from CBS Radio would have an adverse effect on our advertising sales and financial results.***

While we provide programming to all major radio station groups, we have affiliation agreements with most of CBS Radio's owned and operated radio stations which, in the aggregate, provide us with a significant portion of the audience and commercial inventory that we sell to advertisers, much of which is

## **Table of Contents**

in the more desirable top 10 radio markets. Although the compensation we pay to CBS Radio under our new 2008 arrangement is adjustable for audience levels and commercial clearance (i.e., the percentage of commercial inventory broadcast by CBS Radio stations), any significant loss of audience or inventory delivered by CBS Radio stations, including, by way of example only, as a result of a decline in station audience, commercial clearance levels or station sales that resulted in lower audience levels, would have a material adverse impact on our advertising sales and revenue. Since implementing the new arrangement in early 2008 and continuing through the end of 2008, CBS Radio has delivered improved audience levels and broadcast more advertising inventory than it had under our previous arrangement. However, there can be no assurance that CBS Radio will be able to maintain these higher levels in particular, with the introduction of The Portable People Meter, or PPM, which to date has reported substantially lower audience ratings for certain of our radio station affiliates, including our CBS Radio station affiliates, in those markets in which PPM has been implemented as described below. Additionally, while our arrangement with CBS Radio is scheduled to terminate in 2017, there can be no assurance that such arrangement will not be breached by either party. If our agreement with CBS Radio were terminated as a result of such breach, our results of operations could be materially impacted.

*We may not realize expected benefits from our cost cutting initiatives.*

In order to improve the efficiency of our operations, we have implemented and continue to implement certain cost cutting initiatives, including headcount and salary reductions. We cannot assure you that we will realize the full level of expected cost savings or improve our operating performance as a result of our past, current and future cost cutting activities. We also cannot assure you that our cost cutting activities will not adversely affect our ability to retain key employees, the significant loss of whom could adversely affect our operating results. Further, as a result of our cost cutting activities, we may not have the appropriate level of resources and personnel to appropriately react to significant changes or fluctuations in the market and in the level of demand for our programming and services.

*Our ability to increase our revenue is significantly dependent on advertising rates, which rates could be negatively impacted by the introduction of The Portable People Meter.*

Arbitron Inc., the supplier of ratings data for United States radio markets, has developed new electronic audience measurement technology to collect data for its ratings service known as The Portable People Meter™, or PPM™. The PPM™ measures the audience of radio stations remotely without requiring listeners to keep a manual diary of the stations they listen to. To date, the PPM™ has been implemented in fifteen markets (including nine of the top 10 markets) and, in ratings books released to date, has reported substantially lower audience ratings for certain of our key radio affiliates than the traditional diary methodology previously used by the radio industry. As the PPM™ is instituted in more markets, it is unclear whether the audience ratings posted by it will continue to be significantly lower and if so, what effect this may have on advertising rates as our advertisers become more knowledgeable about the advantages of the PPM™. While we have to date experienced a decline in our local ad revenue, we are unable to determine at this time how much of such decline is a result of the general economic environment versus a decline in audience. If the PPM™ continues to report lower audience ratings than the traditional diary methodology and the rates we charge our advertisers are materially impacted by such results, our revenue would be materially and adversely affected.

*Our ability to grow our Metro business revenue may be adversely affected by the increased proliferation of free of charge traffic content to consumers.*

Our Metro business produces and distributes traffic and other local information reports to approximately 2,300 radio and television affiliates and we derive the substantial majority of the revenue attributed to this division from the sale of commercial advertising inventory embedded within these reports. Recently, the U.S. Department of Transportation and other regional and local departments of transportation have significantly increased their direct provision of real-time traffic and traveler information to the public free of charge. The ability to obtain this information free of charge may result in our radio and television affiliates

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**Table of Contents**

electing not to utilize the traffic and local information reports produced by our Metro business, which in turn could adversely affect our revenue from the sale of advertising inventory embedded in such reports.

***We may require additional financing to fund our working capital, debt service, capital expenditures or other capital requirements and the ongoing global credit market disruptions have reduced access to credit and created higher costs of obtaining financing.***

Our primary source of liquidity is cash flow from operations, which has been adversely impacted by the decline in our advertising revenue. Based on our current and anticipated levels of operations, we believe that cash flow from operations as well as cash on hand (including amounts drawn or available under our Senior Credit Facility) will enable us to meet our working capital, capital expenditure, debt service and other capital requirements for at least the next 12 months. However, our ability to fund our working capital needs, debt service and other obligations, and to comply with the financial covenants under our financing agreements depends on our future operating performance and cash flow, which are subject to prevailing economic conditions and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. If our future operating performance does not meet our expectations or our plans materially change in an adverse manner or prove to be materially inaccurate, we may need additional financing. There can be no assurance that such financing, if permitted under the terms of our financing agreements, will be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. Additionally, disruptions in the credit markets make it harder and more expensive to obtain financing. If available financing is limited or we are forced to fund our operations at a higher cost, these conditions may require us to curtail our business activities and increase our cost of financing, both of which could reduce our profitability or increase our losses. The inability to obtain additional financing in such circumstances could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and on our ability to meet our obligations.

***We have a significant amount of indebtedness, which could adversely affect our liquidity and future business operations if our operating income declines more than we currently anticipate.***

As of the date of this prospectus, we have approximately \$118.4 million in aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes outstanding, which bear interest at a rate of 15.0%, and a Senior Credit Facility consisting of: (x) a \$20 million term loan and (y) a \$15 million revolving line of credit which we intend to borrow against in the future. Loans under our Senior Credit Facility bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.5% (with a LIBOR floor of 2.5%) or a base rate plus 4.5% (with a base rate floor equal to the greater of 3.75% or the one-month LIBOR rate). Our ability to service our debt will depend on competitive pressures and our financial performance in an uncertain and unpredictable economic environment. Further, our Senior Notes and Senior Credit Facility restrict our ability to incur additional indebtedness. If our operating income declines more than we currently anticipate, resulting in an inability to incur additional indebtedness under the terms of our outstanding indebtedness, and we are unable to obtain a waiver to increase our indebtedness or successfully raise funds through an issuance of equity, we could have insufficient liquidity which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Our failure to obtain or retain the rights in popular programming could adversely affect our revenue.***

Our revenue from our radio programming and television business is dependent on our continued ability to anticipate and adapt to changes in consumer tastes and behavior on a timely basis. We obtain a significant portion of our popular programming from third parties. For example, some of our most widely heard broadcasts, including certain NFL games, are made available based upon programming rights of varying duration that we have negotiated with third parties. Competition for popular programming that is licensed from third parties is intense, and due to increased costs of such programming or potential capital constraints, we may be outbid by our competitors for the rights to new, popular programming or in connection with the renewal of popular programming currently licensed by us. Our failure to obtain or retain rights to popular content could adversely affect our revenue.

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**Table of Contents**

***Our business is subject to increased competition resulting from new entrants into our business, consolidated companies and new technology/platforms, each of which has the potential to adversely affect our business.***

Our business segments operate in a highly competitive environment. Our radio and television programming competes for audiences and advertising revenue directly with radio and television stations and other syndicated programming, as well as with other media such as satellite radio, newspapers, magazines, cable television, outdoor advertising, direct mail and, more increasingly, digital media. We may experience increased audience fragmentation caused by the proliferation of new media platforms, including the Internet and video-on-demand and the deployment of portable digital devices and new technologies which allow consumers to time shift programming, make and store digital copies and skip or fast-forward through advertisements. New or existing competitors may have resources significantly greater than our own and, in particular, the consolidation of the radio industry has created opportunities for large radio groups, such as Clear Channel Communications, CBS Radio and Citadel Broadcasting Corporation to gather information and produce radio and television programming on their own. Increased competition, in part, has resulted in reduced market share, and could result in lower audience levels, advertising revenue and cash flow. There can be no assurance that we will be able to compete effectively, be successful in our efforts to regain market share and increase or maintain our current audience ratings and advertising revenue. To the extent we experience a further decline in audience for our programs or the cost of programming continues to increase, we may be unable to retain the rights to popular programs and advertisers' willingness to purchase our advertising could be further reduced. Additionally, audience ratings and performance-based revenue arrangements are subject to change based on the competitive environment and any adverse change in a particular geographic area could have a material and adverse effect on our ability to attract not only advertisers in that region, but national advertisers as well.

In recent years, digital media platforms and the offerings thereon have increased significantly and consumers are playing an increasingly large role in dictating the content received through such mediums. We face increasing pressure to adapt our existing programming as well as to expand the programming and services we offer to address these new and evolving digital distribution channels. Advertising buyers have the option to filter their messages through various digital platforms and as a result, many are adjusting their advertising budgets downward with respect to traditional advertising mediums such as radio and television or utilizing providers who offer one-stop shopping access to both traditional and alternative distribution channels. If we are unable to offer our broadcasters and advertisers an attractive full suite of traditional and new media platforms and address the industry shift to new digital mediums, our operating results may be negatively impacted.

***Our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes contain various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under such indebtedness, thereby materially and adversely affecting our financial condition and results of operations.***

Our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes require us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants. These covenants include, without limitation:

restrictions on our ability to incur debt, incur liens, make investments, make capital expenditures, consummate acquisitions, pay dividends, sell assets and enter into mergers and similar transactions; and

a maximum senior leverage ratio (expressed as the principal amount of Senior Notes over our consolidated EBITDA (as defined in our Senior Credit Facility) measured on a trailing, four-quarter basis) which is 6.25 to 1.0 on December 31, 2009 but begins to decline on a quarterly basis thereafter, including to a 4.5 to 1.0 ratio on December 31, 2010 and a 3.5 to 1.0 ratio on December 31, 2011.

We can not make any assurances that we will remain in compliance with these agreements, particularly if the advertising environment remains weak or our operating income continues to decline. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in a default under our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes that, if we



## **Table of Contents**

were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders or holders thereof, could accelerate repayment under the Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business.

*The cost of our indebtedness has increased substantially, which, when combined with our recent declining revenue, further affects our liquidity and could limit our ability to implement our business plan and respond competitively.*

As a result of our recently completed recapitalization transactions, the annual interest payments on our debt increased from approximately \$12 million to \$19 million, \$7 million of which will be paid in kind. If the economy continues in recession and advertisers continue to maintain reduced budgets which do not recover in 2009, we may be required to delay the implementation or reduce the scope of our business plan and our ability to develop or enhance our services or programs could be curtailed. Without additional revenue and capital, we may be unable to take advantage of business opportunities, such as acquisition opportunities or securing rights to marquee or popular programming, or respond to competitive pressures. If any of the foregoing should occur, this could have a material and adverse effect on our business.

*If we are not able to integrate future acquisitions successfully, our operating results could be harmed.*

We evaluate acquisitions on an ongoing basis and intend to pursue acquisitions of businesses in our industry and related industries that can assist us in achieving our growth strategy. The success of our future acquisition strategy will depend on our ability to identify, negotiate, complete and integrate acquisitions and, if necessary, to obtain satisfactory debt or equity financing to fund those acquisitions. Mergers and acquisitions are inherently risky, and any mergers and acquisitions we do complete may not be successful. Any mergers and acquisitions we do may involve certain risks, including, but not limited to, the following:

difficulties in integrating and managing the operations, technologies and products of the companies we acquire;

diversion of our management's attention from normal daily operations of our business;

our inability to maintain the key business relationships and reputations of the businesses we acquire;

uncertainty of entry into markets in which we have limited or no prior experience or in which competitors have stronger market positions;

our dependence on unfamiliar affiliates and partners of the companies we acquire;

insufficient revenue to offset our increased expenses associated with the acquisitions;

our responsibility for the liabilities of the businesses we acquire; and

potential loss of key employees of the companies we acquire.

*Our success is dependent upon audience acceptance of our content, particularly our radio programs, which is difficult to predict.*

Revenue derived from the production and distribution of radio programs depend primarily upon their acceptance by the public, which is difficult to predict. The commercial success of a radio program also depends upon the quality and acceptance of other competing programs released into the marketplace at or near the same time, the availability of alternative forms of entertainment activities, general economic conditions and other tangible and intangible factors, all of which are difficult to predict. Rating points are also factors that are weighed when determining the advertising rates that we receive. Poor ratings can lead to a reduction in pricing and advertising revenue. Consequently, low public acceptance of our content, particularly our radio programs, could have an adverse effect on our results of operations.



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**Table of Contents**

***Continued consolidation in the radio broadcast industry could adversely affect our operating results.***

The radio broadcasting industry has continued to experience significant change, including a significant amount of consolidation in recent years and increased business transactions by key players in the radio industry (e.g., Clear Channel, Citadel and CBS Radio). Certain major station groups have: (1) modified overall amounts of commercial inventory broadcast on their radio stations; (2) experienced significant declines in audience; and (3) increased their supply of shorter duration advertisements, in particular the amount of 10 second inventory, which is directly competitive to us. To the extent similar initiatives are adopted by other major station groups, this could adversely impact the amount of commercial inventory made available to us or increase the cost of such commercial inventory at the time of renewal of existing affiliate agreements. Additionally, if the size and financial resources of certain station groups continue to increase, the station groups may be able to develop their own programming as a substitute to that offered by us or, alternatively, they could seek to obtain programming from our competitors. Any such occurrences, or merely the threat of such occurrences, could adversely affect our ability to negotiate favorable terms with our station affiliates, attract audiences and attract advertisers. If we do not succeed in these efforts, our operating results could be adversely affected.

***We may be required to recognize further impairment charges.***

On an annual basis and upon the occurrence of certain events, we are required to perform impairment tests on our identified intangible assets with indefinite lives, including goodwill, which testing could impact the value of our business. In 2006, our results were adversely affected by goodwill impairment charges of approximately \$516 million. At December 31, 2008, we determined that our goodwill was impaired and recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$224.1 million, which is in addition to the impairment charge of approximately \$206.1 million taken on June 30, 2008. The remaining book value of our goodwill at December 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009 was approximately \$34.0 million. In connection with our Restructuring and the requisite adoption of the purchase method of accounting, we estimated new fair values of our tangible and intangible assets, which based on our preliminary calculations included a revalued goodwill of \$49.4 million and intangible assets of \$140.8 million, both of which will be tested for impairment in the future. Unanticipated differences to our forecasted operational results and cash flows could require a provision for further impairment that could significantly affect our reported earnings in a period of such change.

**Risks Relating to this Offering and Ownership of Our Common Stock**

***The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.***

The price of the common stock that will prevail in the market after this offering may be higher or lower than the price you pay. The market price and liquidity of the market for shares of our common stock may be significantly affected by numerous factors, including some which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include those described above under **Risks Related to Our Business and Industry** and the following:

termination or expiration of one or more of our key contracts;

announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, productions, projects, acquisitions, strategic investments or capital commitments;

changes in earnings estimates or recommendations by analysts who cover our common stock;

variations in our quarterly operating results or the quarterly financial results of companies perceived to be competitors or similar to us;

changes in our capital structure, such as future issuances of securities, sales of large blocks of common stock by our stockholders or the incurrence of additional debt; and

changes in general economic and market conditions.

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**Table of Contents**

*Sales of additional shares of common stock by Gores could adversely affect the stock price.*

Gores Radio Holdings, LLC ( Gores ) beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 15,257,509 shares of our common stock (or approximately 75.1% of our outstanding common stock prior to this offering). There can be no assurance that Gores at some future time will not, subject to the applicable volume, manner of sale, holding period and limitations of Rule 144 under the Securities Act, sell additional shares of our common stock, which could adversely affect our share price. The perception that these sales might occur could also cause the market price of our common stock to decline. Such sales could also make it more difficult for us to sell equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and price that we deem appropriate.

*We have broad discretion in the use of the net proceeds from this offering, and we may not use these proceeds effectively.*

Our management will have broad discretion in the application of the net proceeds from this offering and could spend the proceeds in ways that do not necessarily improve our results of operations or enhance the value of our common stock. Other than using the proceeds for general corporate purposes and working capital, we cannot specify with certainty the uses to which we will apply these net proceeds. The failure by our management to apply these funds effectively could result in financial losses that could have a material adverse effect on our business or financial condition and could cause the price of our common stock to decline.

*Gores will be able to exert significant influence over us and our significant corporate decisions and may act in a manner that advances its best interest and not necessarily those of other stockholders.*

As a result of its beneficial ownership of 15,257,509 shares of our common stock, or approximately 75.1% of our voting power, Gores has voting control over our corporate actions. For so long as Gores continues to beneficially own shares of common stock (including preferred stock on an as-converted basis) representing more than 50% of the voting power of our common stock, it will be able to elect all of the members of our board of directors and determine the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote of our stockholders, including matters involving mergers or other business combinations, the acquisition or disposition of assets, the incurrence of indebtedness, the issuance of any additional shares of common stock or other equity securities and the payment of dividends on common stock. Gores may act in a manner that advances its best interests and not necessarily those of other stockholders by, among other things:

delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control;

impeding a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination;

discouraging a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting obtain control; or

causing us to enter into transactions or agreements that are not in the best interests of all stockholders.

*Our common stock may not maintain an active trading market and listing on a nationally recognized exchange which could affect the liquidity and market price of your common stock.*

As a result of the decline in our stock price, our common stock was delisted from the New York Stock Exchange as of November 24, 2008 and since that date has traded over-the-counter on the OTC Bulletin Board. As part of this offering, we intend to apply to list our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market. However, there can be no assurance that following this offering an active trading market on the NASDAQ Capital Market will be maintained, that our common stock price will increase or that our common stock will continue to trade on the exchange for any specific period of time. If we are unable to maintain our listing on the NASDAQ Capital Market, we may be subject to loss of confidence by customers and investors and the market price and liquidity of our shares may be affected.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***We do not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock.***

We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We currently anticipate that we will retain all of our available cash, if any, for use as working capital and for other general corporate purposes. Any payment of future cash dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon, among other things, our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, level of indebtedness, statutory and contractual restrictions applying to the payment of dividends and other considerations that our board of directors deems relevant. Investors must rely on sales of their common stock after price appreciation, which may never occur, as the only way to realize a return on their investment. Investors seeking cash dividends should not purchase shares of our common stock. In addition, our Senior Credit Facility and the Senior Notes restrict the payment of dividends.

### ***Provisions in our restated certificate of incorporation and by-laws and Delaware law may discourage, delay or prevent a change of control of our company or changes in our management and, therefore, depress the trading price of our common stock.***

Provisions of our restated certificate of incorporation and by-laws and Delaware law may discourage, delay or prevent a merger, acquisition or other change in control that stockholders may consider favorable, including transactions in which you might otherwise receive a premium for your shares of our common stock. These provisions may also prevent or frustrate attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our management. The existence of the foregoing provisions and anti-takeover measures could limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock. They could also deter potential acquirers of our company, thereby reducing the likelihood that you could receive a premium for your common stock in an acquisition.

In addition, we are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which may prohibit certain business combinations with stockholders owning 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock. This provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law could delay or prevent a change of control of our company, which could adversely affect the price of our common stock.

### ***Any issuance of shares of preferred stock by us could delay or prevent a change of control of our company, dilute the voting power of the common stockholders and adversely affect the value of our common stock.***

Our board of directors has the authority to cause us to issue, without any further vote or action by the stockholders, up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, in one or more series, to designate the number of shares constituting any series, and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, redemption price or prices and liquidation preferences of such series. To the extent we choose to issue preferred stock, any such issuance may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company without further action by the stockholders, even where stockholders are offered a premium for their shares.

The issuance of shares of preferred stock with voting rights may adversely affect the voting power of the holders of our other classes of voting stock either by diluting the voting power of our other classes of voting stock if they vote together as a single class, or by giving the holders of any such preferred stock the right to block an action on which they have a separate class vote even if the action were approved by the holders of our other classes of voting stock.

The issuance of shares of preferred stock with dividend or conversion rights, liquidation preferences or other economic terms favorable to the holders of preferred stock could adversely affect the market price for our common stock by making an investment in the common stock less attractive. For example, investors in the common stock may not wish to purchase common stock at a price above the conversion price of a series of convertible preferred stock because the holders of the preferred stock would effectively be entitled to purchase common stock at the lower conversion price causing economic dilution to the holders of common stock.

**Table of Contents**

**CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, which are based on beliefs, expectations, estimates, projections, forecasts, plans, anticipations, targets, outlooks, initiatives, visions, objectives, strategies, opportunities, drivers and intents of our management. Such statements are made in reliance upon the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements include, without limitation, our expectations and estimates (whether qualitative or quantitative) as to our intention and ability, including as a result of market conditions or restrictions under our credit agreements, other contractual arrangements or applicable law, to issue securities pursuant to this prospectus. In addition to factors that may be described in this prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference, our determination not to, or difficulties, delays or unanticipated costs in or our inability to, including as a result of market conditions or restrictions under our indentures, credit agreements, other contractual arrangement or applicable law, issue securities pursuant to this prospectus, among others factors, could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us. While we believe that our estimates and assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and, of course, impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. We discuss certain of these risks in greater detail in the Risk Factors section of this prospectus. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed in such forward-looking statements.

Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by, among other things, the use of forward-looking language, such as believes, expects, estimates, projects, forecasts, plans, anticipates, targets, outlooks, initiatives, visions, objectives, strategies, opportunities, drivers, seeks, may, will, or should or the negative of those terms, or other variations of those terms or comparable language, or by discussions of strategy, plans, targets, models or intentions. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and except for our ongoing obligations under the U.S. federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

**Table of Contents**

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that the net proceeds from the sale of shares by us in the offering, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, will be \$ \_\_\_\_\_ million, assuming a public offering price of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share, which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on \_\_\_\_\_, 2009. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of common stock by the selling stockholders.

The principal purposes of this offering are to obtain additional capital and to increase the liquidity of our common stock. We anticipate that we will use the net proceeds of this offering for general corporate purposes and working capital, which may include:

pursuit of possible acquisitions of complementary businesses or other assets such as TrafficLand (if we choose to exercise our purchase option, as described elsewhere in this prospectus);

funding our growth initiatives; and

repayment of our outstanding indebtedness.

We have no definitive agreements or commitments with respect to any of the above activities. Our management may decide to change the use of the net proceeds from this offering if opportunities or needs arise. Such opportunities and needs could include payment of certain contractual obligations, the need to make increased capital or operating expenditures if we change our business plan, or payment of an unexpected liability. Pending these uses, we intend to invest the net proceeds in high quality, investment grade U.S. government-backed obligations. The actual use of the proceeds may vary significantly and will depend on a number of factors, including our future revenue and cash generated by operations and the other factors described in the section entitled Risk Factors appearing elsewhere in this prospectus. Accordingly, our management will have broad discretion in applying the net proceeds of this offering.



**Table of Contents**

**DIVIDEND POLICY**

We last declared a dividend on our common stock on March 6, 2007, when our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.02 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.016 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock.

We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Instead, we anticipate that all of our earnings, if any, in the foreseeable future will be used to repay debt, for working capital, to support our operations and to finance the growth and development of our business. Any future determination relating to dividend policy will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on a number of factors, including restrictions in our debt instruments, our future earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, future prospects and other factors that the board of directors may deem relevant. The terms of our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes also restrict our ability to pay dividends or make distributions.

**Table of Contents****CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of March 31, 2009:

on an actual basis;

on a pro forma basis giving effect to: (i) the refinancing of our outstanding long term indebtedness; (ii) the automatic conversion of all outstanding shares of our Series A-1 Preferred Stock and Series B Preferred Stock into an aggregate of 15,186,081 shares of common stock; (iii) the automatic conversion of all outstanding shares of Class B stock into an aggregate of 1,459 shares of shares of common stock; and (iv) a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our common stock, each of which we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments; and

on a pro forma as adjusted basis to reflect the sale of the shares of our common stock offered by us and the selling stockholders at an assumed public offering price of \$ per share, which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on , 2009. You should read this table together with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Description of Capital Stock and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes, each included elsewhere in this prospectus.

|  | As of March 31, 2009                  |                           |             |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|  | Actual                                | Pro Forma                 | Pro Forma   |
|  | (in thousands, except per share data) |                           |             |
|  | (unaudited)                           |                           |             |
|  | Actual                                | Pro Forma                 | As Adjusted |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 7,199                              | \$ 7,199                  | \$          |
| Long-term debt   | \$ 251,446                            | \$ 117,500 <sup>(1)</sup> | \$          |
| Other liabilities  | 7,049                                 | 8,999                     |             |
| Redeemable Preferred Stock: \$0.01 par value: 10,000 shares authorized and 75 shares of 7.5% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding (liquidation preference \$1,000 per share, plus accumulated dividends), actual; 10,000 shares authorized and 0 shares outstanding, pro forma; 10,000 shares authorized and 0 shares outstanding, pro forma as adjusted | 79,545                                | 0                         |             |
| <b>Stockholders (deficit) equity:</b>  |                                       |                           |             |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 300,000 shares authorized and 101,260 outstanding, actual; 5,000,000 shares authorized and 20,308 outstanding, pro forma; 5,000,000 shares authorized and outstanding, pro forma as adjusted   | 1,013                                 | 203                       |             |
| Class B stock, \$0.01 par value: 3,000 shares authorized and 292 outstanding; 3,000 shares authorized and 0 shares outstanding, pro forma; 3,000 shares authorized and 0 shares outstanding, pro forma as adjusted   | 3                                     | 0                         |             |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 287,293                               | 103,360                   |             |
| Net unrealized gain  | 402                                   | 0                         |             |
| Accumulated deficit  | (512,734)                             | 0                         |             |
| <b>Total stockholders (deficit) equity</b>   | <b>(224,023)</b>                      | <b>103,563</b>            |             |
| <b>Total capitalization</b>  | <b>\$ 191,396</b>                     | <b>\$ 352,317</b>         | <b>\$</b>   |

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- (1) In connection with the refinancing of our outstanding indebtedness, we issued \$117.5 million of Senior Notes. Additionally, we borrowed the entire amount of the \$20.0 million term loan available to us under our Senior Credit Facility on April 23, 2009. The term loan was drawn on subsequent to the completion of the refinancing and is not reflected in the pro forma adjustments.

**Table of Contents**

This table assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase up to an additional shares from us and the selling stockholders to cover over-allotments.

The information in the table above also excludes:

32,063 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options outstanding as of March 31, 2009 at a weighted average exercise price of \$1,450 per share, and 250 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options granted after March 31, 2009 at an exercise price of \$12.00 per share;

29,139 shares of common stock reserved as of March 31, 2009 for future issuance under our 1999 Stock Incentive Plan, and an additional 10,862 shares of common stock reserved for issuance after March 31, 2009; and

2,895 shares of common stock reserved as of March 31, 2009 for future issuance under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, and an additional 43,106 shares of common stock reserved for issuance after March 31, 2009, of which 42,856 remain available for grant after taking into account options granted after March 31, 2009.

**Table of Contents****SELECTED CONSOLIDATED AND OTHER FINANCIAL DATA**

The following tables summarize our consolidated financial and other data. The consolidated statements of operations data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The consolidated statement of operations data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2004 and 2005 have been derived from our audited financial statements not included in this prospectus. The consolidated statement of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2009, and the consolidated balance sheet data as of March 31, 2008 and 2009, have been derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with our audited financial statements and include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments that management considers necessary for the fair statement of the financial information set forth in those financial statements. The following financial data should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, our consolidated financial statements and related notes and schedule included elsewhere in this prospectus and the information under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected in any future period.

|  | 2004(1)        | 2005(1)                               | Year Ended<br>December 31, |               | 2008             | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |                 |             |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
|  |                |                                       | 2006                       | 2007          |                  | 2008                            | 2009            |             |
|  |                | (in thousands, except per share data) |                            |               |                  |                                 |                 | (unaudited) |
| <b>Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:</b> |                |                                       |                            |               |                  |                                 |                 |             |
| Revenue  | \$ 562,246     | \$ 557,830                            | \$ 512,085                 | \$ 451,384    | \$ 404,416       | \$ 106,627                      | \$ 85,867       |             |
| Operating Costs                                    | 379,097        | 378,998                               | 395,196                    | 350,440       | 360,492          | 94,229                          | 91,393          |             |
| Goodwill Impairment                                |                |                                       | 515,916                    |               | 430,126          |                                 |                 |             |
| Depreciation and Amortization                      | 18,429         | 20,826                                | 20,756                     | 19,840        | 11,052           | 3,976                           | 2,063           |             |
| Corporate General and Administrative Expenses      | 13,596         | 14,028                                | 14,618                     | 13,171        | 13,442           | 3,466                           | 2,766           |             |
| Restructuring Charges                              |                |                                       |                            |               | 14,100           |                                 | 3,440           |             |
| Special Charges                                    |                |                                       | 1,579                      | 4,626         | 13,245           | 7,956                           | 5,809           |             |
| <b>Operating (Loss) Income</b>                     | <b>151,124</b> | <b>143,978</b>                        | <b>(435,980)</b>           | <b>63,307</b> | <b>(438,041)</b> | <b>(3,000)</b>                  | <b>(19,604)</b> |             |
| <b>Net (Loss) Income</b>                           | <b>86,955</b>  | <b>77,886</b>                         | <b>(469,453)</b>           | <b>24,368</b> | <b>(427,563)</b> | <b>(5,338)</b>                  | <b>(15,186)</b> |             |
| <b>(Loss) Income Per Basic Share</b>               |                |                                       |                            |               |                  |                                 |                 |             |
| Common stock                                       | \$ 0.90        | \$ 0.86                               | \$ (5.46)                  | \$ 0.28       | \$ (4.39)        | \$ (0.06)                       | \$ (0.17)       |             |
| Class B stock                                      | \$             | \$ 0.24                               | \$ 0.26                    | \$ 0.02       | \$               | \$                              | \$              |             |
| <b>(Loss) Income Per Diluted Share</b>             |                |                                       |                            |               |                  |                                 |                 |             |
| Common stock                                       | \$ 0.88        | \$ 0.85                               | \$ (5.46)                  | \$ 0.28       | \$ (4.39)        | \$ (0.06)                       | \$ (0.17)       |             |
| Class B stock                                      | \$             | \$ 0.24                               | \$ 0.26                    | \$ 0.02       | \$               | \$                              | \$              |             |
| <b>Dividends Declared(2)</b>                       |                |                                       |                            |               |                  |                                 |                 |             |
| Common stock                                       | \$             | \$ 0.30                               | \$ 0.32                    | \$ 0.02       | \$               | \$                              | \$              |             |
| Class B stock                                      | \$             | \$ 0.24                               | \$ 0.26                    | \$ 0.02       | \$               | \$                              | \$              |             |

**Table of Contents**

|   | 2004(1)    | 2005(1)    | As of<br>December 31,<br>2006<br>(in thousands)                     | 2007       | 2008       | As of<br>March 31,<br>2008<br>(unaudited) | 2009       |
|---|------------|------------|---|------------|------------|---|------------|
| <b>Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:</b> |            |            |   |            |            |   |            |
| Current Assets                          | \$ 174,346 | \$ 172,245 | \$ 149,222  | \$ 138,154 | \$ 119,468 | \$ 118,187                                | \$ 102,908 |
| Working Capital / (Deficit)(3)          | 93,005     | 72,094     | 29,313  | 47,294     | (208,034)  | (88,458)                                  | 25,529     |
| Total Assets                            | 1,262,495  | 1,239,646  | 696,701   | 669,757    | 205,088    | 644,011                                   | 191,396    |
| Long-Term Debt(3)                       | 359,439    | 427,514    | 366,860   | 345,244    |            | 201,783                                   | 251,446    |
| Total Shareholders Equity (Deficit)     | 800,709    | 704,029    | 202,931   | 227,631    | (203,145)  | 229,374                                   | (224,023)  |
|   | 2004(1)    | 2005(1)    | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006<br>(in thousands)<br>(unaudited) | 2007       | 2008       | Three Months Ended<br>March 31,<br>2008   | 2009       |
| <b>Other Financial Data:</b>            |            |            |   |            |            |   |            |
| Adjusted EBITDA(4)                      | \$ 184,397 | \$ 176,490 | \$ 114,540  | \$ 97,378  | \$ 39,198  | \$ 11,055                                 | \$ (6,940) |

- Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share Based Payment ( SFAS 123R ) utilizing the modified retrospective transition alternative. Accordingly, results for years prior to 2006 have been restated to reflect stock based compensation expense in accordance with SFAS 123R.
- No cash dividend was paid on our common stock or Class B stock in 2004 or 2008. In 2005, our board of directors declared cash dividends of \$0.10 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.08 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on each of April 29, 2005, August 3, 2005 and November 2, 2005. In 2006, our board of directors declared cash dividends of \$0.10 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.08 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on each of February 2, 2006, April 18, 2006 and August 7, 2006. Our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.02 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.016 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on November 7, 2006. Our board of directors declared cash dividends of \$0.02 per share for every issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.016 per share for every issued and outstanding share of Class B stock on March 6, 2007. The payment of dividends is restricted by the terms of our outstanding indebtedness and we do not plan on paying dividends for the foreseeable future.
- On November 30, 2008, we failed to make the interest payment on our previously outstanding senior notes which constituted an event of default under the then existing senior notes. Accordingly, \$249,053 of debt previously considered long-term was re-classified as short-term debt, which resulted in a working capital deficit of \$208,034 on December 31, 2008.
- We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) from our Statement of Operations adjusted to exclude the following items: interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), as adjusted for goodwill impairment, restructuring and special charges and non-cash stock-based compensation. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure (i.e., it is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles) and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for consolidated statements of operations and cash flow data prepared in accordance with GAAP.

We use Adjusted EBITDA to, among other things, evaluate our operating performance, forecast and plan for future periods, value prospective acquisitions, and as one of several components of incentive compensation targets for certain management personnel. This measure is an important indicator of our operational strength and performance of our business because it provides a link between profitability

**Table of Contents**

and operating cash flow. In addition, all of the adjustments made in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA are adjustments that would be made in calculating our compliance with our leverage ratio covenants under our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes. We believe the presentation of this measure is relevant and useful for investors because it allows investors to view performance in a manner similar to the method used by our management, helps improve their ability to understand our operating performance and makes it easier to compare our results with other companies that have different financing and capital structures or tax rates. In addition, this measure is also among the primary measures used externally by our investors, analysts and peers in its industry for purposes of valuation and comparing our operating performance to other companies in our industry.

Since Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, it should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for, net income as an indicator of operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA as we calculate it, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies. In addition, this measure does not necessarily represent funds available for discretionary use, and is not necessarily a measure of our ability to fund our cash needs. As Adjusted EBITDA excludes certain financial information compared with net income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, users of this financial information should consider the types of events and transactions which are excluded. A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) is provided below.

|  | 2004       | 2005       | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006<br>(in thousands) | 2007      | 2008         | Three Months Ended<br>March 31,<br>2008<br>(unaudited) | 2009        |
|--|------------|------------|--|-----------|--------------|--|-------------|
| Net income (loss)  | \$ 86,955  | \$ 77,886  | \$ (469,453)   | \$ 24,368 | \$ (427,563) | \$ (5,338)   | \$ (15,186) |
| Plus: Income taxes (benefit)                                     | 53,206     | 49,217     | 8,809  | 15,724    | (14,760)     | (3,020)  | (7,381)     |
| Plus: Interest expense(a)  | 10,963     | 16,875     | 25,590   | 23,626    | 16,651       | 5,399  | 3,263       |
| Plus: Depreciation and amortization                              | 18,429     | 20,826     | 20,756   | 19,840    | 11,052       | 3,976  | 2,063       |
| Plus: Goodwill impairment,<br>restructuring & special charges(b) |            |            | 516,569  | 4,214     | 448,375      | 7,915  | 8,949       |
| Plus: Non-cash stock-based compensation                          | 14,844     | 11,686     | 12,269   | 9,606     | 5,443        | 2,123  | 1,352       |
| Adjusted EBITDA  | \$ 184,397 | \$ 176,490 | \$ 114,540   | \$ 97,378 | \$ 39,198    | \$ 11,055  | \$ (6,940)  |

- (a) Interest expense for the fiscal years 2004 and 2005 includes other income of \$948,000 and \$1.44 million, respectively.
- (b) The line item Goodwill impairment, restructuring & special charges also includes other income for the periods of the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2009 and fiscal years 2006, 2007 and 2008 of \$41,000, \$300,000, \$926,000, \$411,000 and \$12,369,000, respectively.

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**Table of Contents**

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

As part of the Restructuring, our then existing debtholders released all of their existing obligations in exchange for (1) \$117.5 million of Senior Notes, (2) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, which will be converted into 5,077,259 shares of common stock if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. We also entered into the Senior Credit Facility pursuant to which we have a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan. As of May 31, 2009, we had borrowed the entire amount under the term loan and we had not made any borrowings under the revolving line of credit.

In addition, Gores (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the new notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores immediately prior to the refinancing, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock with a per share conversion price which provided Gores with an approximately 54.4% interest in the Company after the refinancing. Taking into account Gores' Series B Preferred Stock, Series A-1 Preferred Stock and common stock, upon the consummation of the Restructuring, Gores' ownership in the Company increased from approximately 36% to 75.1%. Accordingly, the Restructuring, when considering the ownership held by Gores as well as the ownership held by our then existing debt holders, constituted a change of control transaction that requires us to follow the purchase method of accounting, as described by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 141R, Business Combinations (SFAS 141R).

We have considered the ownership held by Gores and our then existing debt holders as a collaborative group in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force D-97, Push Down Accounting. As a result, we will follow the acquisition method of accounting, as described by SFAS 141R, and will apply the SEC rules and guidance regarding push down accounting treatment. Accordingly, in future filings our consolidated financial statements and transactional records prior to the closing of the Restructuring will reflect the historical accounting basis in our assets and liabilities and be labeled predecessor company, while such records subsequent to the Restructuring will be labeled successor company and will reflect the push down basis of accounting for the new fair values in our financial statements. This will be presented in our consolidated financial statement by a vertical black line division which will appear between the columns entitled predecessor company and successor company on the statements and relevant notes. The black line signifies that the amounts shown for the periods prior to and subsequent to the Restructuring are not comparable.

For purposes of this prospectus we have prepared the following pro forma financial statements which reflect information currently available to management and assumptions management believes to be reasonable.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information is derived from our unaudited historical financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and from the audited historical financial statements for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008 and reflect the Restructuring, the resultant acquisition accounting and the conversion of the Class B stock, the Series A-1 Preferred Stock and the Series B Preferred Stock to common stock and the effects of the 200:1 reverse stock split which we anticipate will occur on June 26, 2009 if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, as if each had been consummated on March 31, 2009. We prepared the unaudited pro forma financial information using the acquisition method of accounting, which is based on SFAS 141R. SFAS 141R uses the fair value concepts defined in SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). The pro forma adjustments and related assumptions are described in the accompanying notes presented on the following pages. The pro forma adjustments are based upon best available information and certain assumptions that our management believes are reasonable. The unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of March 31, 2009 has been prepared as



**Table of Contents**

if these events had occurred on that date. The unaudited pro forma statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the three months ended March 31, 2009 give effect to these events as if each had occurred on January 1, 2008.

The pro forma adjustments are preliminary and have been made solely for purposes of developing the pro forma financial information for illustrative purposes necessary to comply with the requirements of the SEC. The actual results reported in periods following the transactions may differ significantly from those reflected in these pro forma financial statements for a number of reasons, including but not limited to, differences between the assumptions used to prepare these pro forma financial statements and actual amounts. In addition, no adjustments have been made for non-recurring items related to the transactions. As a result, the pro forma information does not purport to be indicative of what the financial condition or results of operations would have been had the transactions been completed on the applicable dates of this pro forma financial information. The pro forma financial statements are based upon historical financial statements and do not purport to project the future financial condition and results of operations after giving effect to the transactions.

The pro forma adjustments described below have been developed based on assumptions and adjustments, including assumptions relating to the purchase price and the allocation thereof to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on preliminary estimates of fair value. The final purchase price allocation could differ from that reflected in the pro forma financial statements after final valuation procedures are performed and amounts are finalized following the completion of the valuation.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, our consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2008 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, including the accompanying notes thereto, which are included in this prospectus and our unaudited consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2009 and for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, including the accompanying notes thereto, which are included in this prospectus, and the information under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

**Table of Contents****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET****MARCH 31, 2009****(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)**

|  | Historical        | Acquisition<br>Related | Pro Forma Adjustments<br>Conversion<br>Related/Stock<br>Split | Pro<br>Forma      |
|--|-------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>  |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Current Assets:  |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 7,199          |                        |   | \$ 7,199          |
| Accounts receivable  | 81,080            |                        |   | 81,080            |
| Prepaid and other assets   | 14,629            |                        |   | 14,629            |
| Total Current Assets   | 102,908           |                        |   | 102,908           |
| Property and equipment   | 29,546            | 7,205 (H)              |   | 36,751            |
| Goodwill   | 33,988            | 15,359 (B)             |   | 49,347            |
| Intangible assets  | 2,477             | 138,313 (C)            |   | 140,790           |
| Deferred tax asset   | 19,712            |                        |   | 19,712            |
| Other assets   | 2,765             | 44 (A)(H)              |   | 2,809             |
| <b>Total Assets</b>  | <b>\$ 191,396</b> | <b>\$ 160,921</b>      | <b>\$</b>   | <b>\$ 352,317</b> |
| <b>Liabilities, Redeemable Preferred Stock and Shareholders Equity (Deficit)</b> |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Current Liabilities:   |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Accounts payable   | \$ 20,770         |                        |   | \$ 20,770         |
| Amounts payable to related parties   | 24,225            |                        |   | 24,225            |
| Deferred revenue   | 2,587             | (1,172)(G)             |   | 1,415             |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities   | 29,797            |                        |   | 29,797            |
| Total Current Liabilities  | 77,379            | (1,172)                |   | 76,207            |
| Long-term debt   | 251,446           | (133,946)(A)           |   | 117,500           |
| Deferred tax liability   |                   | 46,048 (C)             |   | 46,048            |
| Other liabilities  | 7,049             | 1,950 (C)              |   | 8,999             |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>   | <b>335,874</b>    | <b>(87,120)</b>        |   | <b>248,754</b>    |
| Commitments and Contingencies  |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock  | 79,545            | (79,545)(D)            |   |                   |
| Series A-1 Redeemable Preferred Stock  |                   | 56,244 (D)             | (56,244)(F)   |                   |
| Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock  |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock  |                   | 44,160 (E)             | (44,160)(F)   |                   |
| Total Redeemable Preferred Stock   | 79,545            | 20,859                 | (100,404)   |                   |
| <b>Shareholders Equity (Deficit)</b>   |                   |                        |   |                   |
| Common stock   | 1,013             |                        | (810)(F)  | 203               |
| Class B stock  | 3                 |                        | (3)(F)  |                   |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 287,293           | (285,150)(B)           | 101,217 (F)   | 103,360           |

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|  |            |             |         |            |
|--|------------|-------------|---------|------------|
| Net unrealized gain  | 402        | (402)(B)    |         |            |
| Accumulated deficit  | (512,734)  | 512,734 (B) |         |            |
| <b>Total Shareholders Equity (Deficit)</b>   | (224,023)  | 227,182     | 100,404 | 103,563    |
| <b>Total Liabilities, Redeemable Preferred Stock and Shareholders Equity (Deficit)</b> | \$ 191,396 | \$ 160,921  | \$      | \$ 352,317 |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma financial information

**Table of Contents****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009****(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)**

|   | Historical  | Acquisition<br>Related | Pro Forma Adjustments<br>Conversion<br>Related/Stock<br>Split | Pro Forma   |
|---|-------------|------------------------|---|-------------|
| <b>Net Revenue</b>  | \$ 85,867   |                        |   | \$ 85,867   |
| Operating Costs (includes related party expenses of \$20,020) | 91,393      | (325)(C)               |   | 91,068      |
| Depreciation and Amortization                                 | 2,063       | 3,223 (J)(H)           |   | 5,286       |
| Corporate General and Administrative Expenses                 | 2,766       |                        |   | 2,766       |
| Restructuring Charges   | 3,440       |                        |   | 3,440       |
| Special Charges (includes related party expenses of \$1,713)  | 5,809       |                        |   | 5,809       |
|   | 105,471     | 2,898                  |   | 108,369     |
| <b>Operating (Loss)</b>                                       | (19,604)    | (2,898)                |   | (22,502)    |
| Interest Expense  | 3,263       | 1,561 (I)              |   | 4,824       |
| Other Income  | (300)       |                        |   | (300)       |
| (Loss) Before Income Tax                                      | (22,567)    | (4,459)                |   | (27,026)    |
| Income Tax (Benefit) Expense                                  | (7,381)     | (391)(K)               |   | (7,772)     |
| <b>Net (Loss)</b>   | \$ (15,186) | \$ (4,068)             | \$  | \$ (19,254) |
| (Loss) Per Share  |             |                        |   |             |
| Common Stock  |             |                        |   |             |
| Basic   | \$ (0.17)   |                        |   | \$ (0.95)   |
| Diluted   | \$ (0.17)   |                        |   | \$ (0.95)   |
| Class B Stock   |             |                        |   |             |
| Basic   | \$          |                        |   | \$          |
| Diluted   | \$          |                        |   | \$          |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:                          |             |                        |   |             |
| Common Stock  |             |                        |   |             |
| Basic   | 98,074      |                        | (77,764)(F)(L)  | 20,310      |
| Diluted   | 98,074      |                        | (77,764)  | 20,310      |
| Class B Stock   |             |                        |   |             |
| Basic   | 292         |                        | (292)(F)(L)   |             |
| Diluted   | 292         |                        | (292)   |             |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma financial information

**Table of Contents****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008****(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)**

|  | Historical   | Acquisition<br>Related | Pro Forma Adjustments<br>Conversion<br>Related/Stock<br>Split | Pro Forma    |
|--|--------------|------------------------|---|--------------|
| <b>Net Revenue</b>   | \$ 404,416   |                        |   | \$ 404,416   |
| Operating Costs (includes related party expenses of \$73,049)                            | 360,492      | (1,300)(C)             |   | 359,192      |
| Depreciation and Amortization (includes related party warrant amortization of \$1,618)   | 11,052       | 21,377 (J)(H)          |   | 32,429       |
| Corporate General and Administrative Expenses (includes related party expenses of \$610) | 13,442       |                        |   | 13,442       |
| Goodwill Impairment  | 430,126      |                        |   | 430,126      |
| Restructuring Charges  | 14,100       |                        |   | 14,100       |
| Special Charges (includes related party expenses of \$5,000)                             | 13,245       |                        |   | 13,245       |
|  | 842,457      | 20,077                 |   | 862,534      |
| <b>Operating (Loss)</b>  | (438,041)    | (20,077)               |   | (458,118)    |
| Interest Expense   | 16,651       | 3,183 (I)              |   | 19,834       |
| Other Income   | (12,369)     |                        |   | (12,369)     |
| (Loss) Before Income Tax   | (442,323)    | (23,260)               |   | (465,583)    |
| Income Tax (Benefit) Expense   | (14,760)     | 9,875 (K)              |   | (4,885)      |
| <b>Net (Loss)</b>  | \$ (427,563) | \$ (33,135)            | \$  | \$ (460,698) |
| <b>(Loss) Per Share</b>  |              |                        |   |              |
| <b>Common Stock</b>  |              |                        |   |              |
| Basic  | \$ (4.39)    |                        |   | \$ (22.68)   |
| Diluted  | \$ (4.39)    |                        |   | \$ (22.68)   |
| <b>Class B Stock</b>   |              |                        |   |              |
| Basic  | \$           |                        |   | \$           |
| Diluted  | \$           |                        |   | \$           |
| <b>Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:</b>  |              |                        |   |              |
| <b>Common Stock</b>  |              |                        |   |              |
| Basic  | 98,015       |                        | (77,705)(F)(L)  | 20,310       |
| Diluted  | 98,015       |                        | (77,705)  | 20,310       |
| <b>Class B Stock</b>   |              |                        |   |              |
| Basic  | 292          |                        | (292)(F)(L)   |              |

Diluted

292

(292)

See accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma financial information

32

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**Table of Contents**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**Note 1. Basis of Presentation**

The unaudited pro forma financial statements were prepared using the acquisition method of accounting under existing U.S. GAAP standards and are based on our historical consolidated financial statements for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008 and as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

The unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of March 31, 2009 has been prepared as if these events had occurred on that date. The unaudited pro forma statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the three months ended March 31, 2009 give effect to these events as if each had occurred on January 1, 2008.

The unaudited pro forma financial information was prepared using the acquisition method of accounting, which is based on FAS 141R, which uses the fair value concepts defined in FAS 157. We have adopted both FAS 141R and FAS 157 as required.

FAS 141R requires, among other things, that most assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date. In addition, FAS 141R establishes that the consideration transferred be measured at the closing date of the acquisition at the then-current market price. The transaction fees for the acquisition will be expensed as incurred under FAS 141R.

FAS 157 defines the term fair value and sets forth the valuation requirements for any asset or liability measured at fair value, expands related disclosure requirements and specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on the nature of inputs used to develop the fair value measures. Fair value is defined in FAS 157 as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This is an exit price concept for the valuation of the asset or liability. In addition, market participants are assumed to be buyers and sellers in the principal market for the asset or liability. Fair value measurements for an asset assume the highest and best use by these market participants. Many of these fair value measurements can be highly subjective and it is also possible that other professionals, applying reasonable judgment to the same facts and circumstances, could develop and support a range of alternative estimated amounts.

The pro forma adjustments described below have been developed based on assumptions and adjustments, including assumptions relating to the purchase price and the allocation thereof to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on preliminary estimates of fair value. The final purchase price allocation will differ from that reflected in the pro forma financial statements after final valuation procedures are performed and amounts are finalized following the completion of the valuation.

The unaudited pro forma financial statements are provided for illustrative purposes only and do not purport to represent what our actual consolidated results of operations or consolidated financial position would have been had the acquisition occurred on the dates assumed, nor are they necessarily indicative of our future consolidated results of operations or financial position.

**Note 2. Unaudited Pro Forma Adjustments Balance Sheet**

The Unaudited Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2009 reflects the Restructuring, the resultant acquisition accounting and the conversion of the Class B stock, the Series A-1 Preferred Stock and the Series B Preferred Stock to common stock and the effects of the 200:1 reverse stock split which we anticipate will occur on June 26, 2009, as if each had been consummated on March 31, 2009. The pro forma balance sheet was prepared using the acquisition method of accounting and gives effect to the following:

A) In connection with the extinguishment of the long-term debt (i.e. the Old Notes and the indebtedness under the Old Credit Agreement), and the incurrence of new indebtedness, \$117,500 of Senior Notes was



**Table of Contents**

booked. Additionally, we borrowed the entire amount of the \$20,000 term loan available to us on April 23, 2009. The term loan matures on July 15, 2012 and is guaranteed by our domestic subsidiaries and The Gores Group. The term loan was drawn on subsequent to the completion of the refinancing and is not reflected in the pro forma financial statements and the unamortized portion of deferred debt costs related to our old indebtedness of \$358 has been fully written off and is not reflected in the pro forma financial statements.

B) As a result of the Restructuring and the change of control, we will follow the acquisition method of accounting, as described by FAS 141R, Business Combination . Accordingly, the fair value of the new equity is equivalent to the purchase price.

The following is a summary of the allocation of the purchase price to the estimated fair values of assets and liabilities. We have engaged a third party appraisal firm that specializes in valuations for the purpose of assisting us in calculating and estimating the fair values of certain assets and liabilities, such as but not limited to, our leases, trademarks, affiliate and customer relationships, contracts and tangible fixed assets. The pro forma adjustments are based on assumptions relating to the purchase price and the allocation thereof to our assets and liabilities based on preliminary estimates of fair value. The final purchase price and the allocation could differ from that reflected in the pro forma financial statements after final valuation procedures are performed and amounts are finalized following the completion of the exercise. The Series A-1 Preferred Stock and Series B Preferred Stock have been valued at their relative fair value based on our equity value as described above.

Consistent with our 2008 year end analysis of goodwill impairment, we have determined that using a discounted cash flow model is the best estimate of our fair value. The allocation of purchase price is based on underlying assumptions consistent with year end, which remain reasonable, and is subject to further analysis including the completion of a full valuation by a third party appraisal firm which will be reflected in the financial statements that will appear in our Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009:

**Purchase Price**

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents              | \$ 7,199  |
| Accounts receivable                    | 81,080    |
| Prepaid and other assets               | 14,629    |
| Property and equipment                 | 36,751    |
| Goodwill                               | 49,347    |
| Intangible assets                      | 140,790   |
| Deferred tax asset                     | 19,712    |
| Other assets                           | 2,809     |
| Accounts payable                       | (20,770)  |
| Amounts payable to related parties     | (24,225)  |
| Deferred revenue                       | (1,415)   |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | (29,797)  |
| Long-term debt                         | (117,500) |
| Deferred tax liability                 | (46,048)  |
| Other liabilities                      | (8,999)   |

Total Estimated Purchase Price \$ 103,563

C) In accordance with FAS 141R which is applicable to the Restructuring and the change of control, we have revalued our Goodwill and Intangibles using our best estimate of current fair value. The value assigned to goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets is not amortized to expense and the majority is not expected to be tax deductible Our client contracts are typically exclusive agreements with our partners and/or talent to provide programming and content over a specified period of time. The values assigned to definite lived assets are amortized over their estimated useful life A 10% change in the estimated lives of the definite lived intangibles would result in an increase or decrease in amortization expense of approximately

**Table of Contents**

\$300 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$1,300 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. A 10% change in the estimated fair value of the definite lived intangibles would result in an increase or decrease in amortization expense of approximately \$300 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$2,200 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. Amounts are summarized on the table below.

Similarly, in accordance with FAS 141R which is applicable to the Restructuring and the change of control, we have identified a client contract to be valued below market. Accordingly, a liability of \$1,900 has been recorded to reflect the estimated fair value of the contract and such amount is being taken to income over the remaining life of the contract.

| Intangibles  | For the Twelve Months ended December 31, 2008 |                   |               |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|  | Amortization Period                           | Opening Balance   | Amortization  | Ending Balance    |
| Affiliate Relationships  | 10  | \$ 97,900         | \$ 9,790      | \$ 88,110         |
| Trademarks   | Indefinite                                    | 24,600            | 0             | 24,600            |
| Client Contracts   | 3   | 9,790             | 3,263         | 6,527             |
| Backlog  | 1   | 8,500             | 8,500         |                   |
| <b>Total</b>   |   | <b>\$ 140,790</b> | <b>21,553</b> | <b>\$ 119,237</b> |
| Amortization of previous amount  |   |                   | 752           |                   |
| Adjustment to amortization expense (see (H) for depreciation expense adjustment) |   |                   | \$ 20,801     |                   |

| Intangibles  | For the Three Months ended March 31, 2009 |                   |              |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
|  | Amortization Period                       | Opening Balance   | Amortization | Ending Balance    |
| Affiliate Relationships  | 10  | \$ 88,110         | \$ 2,448     | \$ 85,662         |
| Trademarks   | Indefinite                                | 24,600            | 0            | 24,600            |
| Client Contracts   | 3   | 6,527             | 816          | 5,711             |
| Backlog  | 1   |                   |              |                   |
| <b>Total</b>   |   | <b>\$ 119,237</b> | <b>3,264</b> | <b>\$ 115,973</b> |
| Amortization of previous amount  |   |                   | 184          |                   |
| Adjustment to amortization expense (see (H) for depreciation expense adjustment) |   |                   | \$ 3,080     |                   |

| Deferred Tax Liability        | March 31, 2009   |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Intangibles added to assets   | \$ 140,790       |
| Effective Tax Rate (see (K))  | 32.7%            |
| <b>Deferred Tax Liability</b> | <b>\$ 46,048</b> |

D) In connection with the Restructuring, Gores agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes and agreed to guarantee a new \$20,000 term loan, a \$15,000 revolver and \$10,000 contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries. In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores immediately prior to the refinancing, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79,000, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock with a per share conversion price which provided Gores with an approximately 54.4% interest in the Company after the refinancing. Taking into account Gores' Series B Preferred Stock, Series A-1 Preferred Stock and Common stock, upon the consummation of the Restructuring, Gores owned approximately 75.1% of the Company. The 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A-1 Preferred Stock issued in exchange for 100% of the 75,000 outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock were recorded at estimated fair value as described above. The Series A-1 Preferred Stock will be converted



**Table of Contents**

on June 26, 2009 into the number of shares of common stock obtained by multiplying the number of shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock to be converted by the liquidation preference and dividing such amount by the conversion price if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

E) In connection with the Restructuring, our prior lenders agreed to exchange all of their indebtedness for (i) \$117,500 of Senior Notes; (ii) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock and (iii) a one-time cash payment of \$25,000. Additionally, we issued 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for \$25,000. The Series B Preferred Stock have been recorded at estimated fair value, as described above, in the unaudited pro forma financial statements. The Series B Preferred Stock will be converted on June 26, 2009 into the number of shares of common stock obtained by multiplying the number of shares of Series B Preferred Stock to be converted by the liquidation preference and dividing such amount by the conversion price if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

F) The column labeled Pro forma Adjustments Conversion Related/Stock Split represents the effects of the conversion of Class B stock, Series A-1 Preferred Stock and Series B Preferred Stock into common shares and the effect of the 200:1 reverse stock split of our outstanding common stock that we expect will occur on June 26, 2009 if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

G) Deferred revenue has been adjusted to represent the estimated fair value of payments we have received for the future obligation to provide airtime to clients. The amount recorded generally represents the amount it would cost to transfer the liability to a third party.

H) Fixed assets have increased by \$7,200 to reflect their estimated fair value. The majority of the increase represents the appreciation of buildings and land that we own and the value of our production equipment. Accordingly, depreciation expense reflects an increase of \$576 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008 and an increase of \$144 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. (See adjustment (C) for amortization adjustment of definite lived intangibles). Marketable securities have increased by \$402 to reflect their fair value.

**Note 3. Unaudited Pro Form Adjustments Income Statement**

The Unaudited Pro Forma Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflects the Restructuring, the resultant acquisition accounting, the conversion of the Class B stock, the Series A-1 Preferred Stock and the Series B Preferred Stock into common stock and the effects of the 200:1 reverse stock split and gives effect to these events as if each had occurred on January 1, 2008:

I) The Senior Notes bear interest at 15% per annum, payable 10% in cash and 5% in-kind (PIK interest). Interest expense was adjusted to reflect the new debt of \$117,500 and new interest rate of 15% on such indebtedness. The PIK interest will be added to the principal quarterly but will not be payable until maturity. The debt has been recorded for the pro forma financial statements at face value, which is currently our best estimate of fair value. A 10% change in the fair value of the debt under acquisition accounting would result in an increase or decrease in interest expense of approximately \$450 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and approximately \$1,800 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008.

|  | <b>For the Twelve<br/>Months ended<br/>December 31, 2008</b> | <b>For the Three<br/>Months ended<br/>March 31, 2009</b> |
|--|--|--|
| <b>Interest Expense</b>                        |  |  |
| Interest expense on new debt                   | 17,958   | 4,406  |
| Interest expense prior to refinancing          | 14,775   | 2,845  |
| <b>Incremental Interest Expense Adjustment</b> | <b>3,183</b>   | <b>1,561</b>   |

J) Amortization of the new intangibles for Affiliate Relationships, Client Contracts and Backlog was reflected (see adjustment (C) above).

**Table of Contents**

K) Taxes were calculated on the new pro forma (loss) amount using the effective rate for each applicable period.

| <b>Tax</b>  | <b>December 31, 2008</b> | <b>March 31, 2009</b> |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| PreTax (Loss)   | \$ (442,323)             | \$ (22,567)           |
| Tax Benefit (Expense)   | 14,760                   | 7,381                 |
| Effective Rate  | 3.3%                     | 32.7%                 |
| Non-deductible Portion of Goodwill Write-off  | 31.8%                    | 0.0%                  |
| Normalized Effective Tax Rate   | 35.1%                    | 32.7%                 |
| ProForma PreTax (Loss)  | (465,583)                | (27,026)              |
| Adjustment for Goodwill Impairment  | 430,126                  |                       |
| Adjustment for Amortization of Intangibles Not Reflected in Historical Effective Tax Rate | 21,553                   | 3,263                 |
| Adjusted ProForma Pretax (Loss)   | (13,904)                 | (23,763)              |
| Pro Forma Tax Benefit (Expense)   | \$ 4,885                 | \$ 7,772              |

L) Earnings per share amounts were calculated giving effect to the 200:1 reverse stock split.

| <b>Common Stock Share Calculation After Conversion</b> | <b>Number of Shares</b> |
|--|-------------------------|
| Common Stock   | 101,996                 |
| Class B Stock  | 292                     |
| Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock                 | 2,218,134               |
| Series B Convertible Preferred Stock                   | 1,741,563               |
| Total Common Stock before Reverse Stock Split          | 4,061,985               |
| Reverse Stock Split ratio                              | 200                     |
| Common Shares Issued and Outstanding                   | 20,310                  |

**Table of Contents**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

**OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*You should read the following discussion and analysis of our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto. This discussion contains forward-looking statements. Please see "Risk Factors and Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Industry Data" for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these statements.*

**Executive Overview**

We produce and provide traffic, news, weather, sports, talk, music, special events and other programming. Our content is distributed to radio and television stations and digital platforms and reaches over 190 million people. We are one of the largest domestic outsourced providers of traffic reporting services and one of the nation's largest radio networks, delivering content to over 5,000 radio and 170 television stations in the U.S. We exchange our content with radio and television stations for commercial airtime, which we then sell to local, regional and national advertisers. By aggregating and packaging commercial airtime across radio and television stations nationwide, we are able to offer our advertising customers a cost-effective way to reach a broad audience and target their audience on a demographic and geographic basis.

We are organized into two business segments: Metro and Network.

Our Metro business produces and distributes traffic and other local information reports (such as news, sports and weather) to approximately 2,300 radio and television stations, which include stations in over 80 of the top 100 Metro Service Area (MSA) markets in the U.S. Our Metro business generates revenue from the sale of commercial advertising inventory to advertisers (typically 10 and 15 second spots in radio and 30 second spots in television embedded within our information reports). We provide broadcasters a cost-effective alternative to gathering and delivering their own traffic and local information reports and offer advertisers a more efficient, broad reaching alternative to purchasing advertising directly from individual radio and television stations.

Our Network business syndicates proprietary and licensed content to radio stations, enabling them to meet their programming needs on a cost-effective basis. The programming includes national news and sports content, such as CBS Radio News, CNN Radio News and NBC Radio News and major sporting events, including the National Football League (including the Super Bowl), NCAA football and basketball games (including the Men's Basketball Tournament, *i.e.*, March Madness) and The Masters golf tournament. Our Network business features popular shows that we produce with personalities including Dennis Miller, Charles Osgood, Fred Thompson and Billy Bush. We also feature special events such as live concert broadcasts, countdown shows (including MTV and Country Music Television branded programs), music and interview programs. Our Network business generates revenue from the sale of 30 and 60 second commercial airtime, often embedded in our programming, that we bundle and sell to national advertisers who want to reach a large audience across numerous radio stations.

We develop programming and exploit our commercial airtime by concurrently taking into consideration the demands of our advertisers on both a market specific and national basis, the inputs of the owners and management of our radio station affiliates, and the inputs of our programming partners and talent. Our continued success and prospects for growth are dependent upon our ability to manage these factors in a cost effective manner and to adapt our information and entertainment programming to different distribution platforms. Historically, our results have been impacted by overall economic conditions, trends in demand for radio and television-related advertising, competition, and risks inherent in our customer base, including customer attrition and our ability to generate new business opportunities to offset any attrition.

There are a variety of factors that influence our revenue on a periodic basis, including, but not limited to: (i) economic conditions and the relative strength or weakness in the United States economy; (ii) advertiser spending patterns and the timing of the broadcasting of our programming, principally the seasonal nature

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**Table of Contents**

of sports programming; (iii) advertiser demand on a local/regional or national basis for radio and television- related advertising products; (iv) increases or decreases in our portfolio of program offerings and related audiences, including changes in the demographic composition of our audience base; (v) increases or decreases in the size of our advertiser sales force; and (vi) competitive and alternative programs and advertising mediums, including, but not limited to, local print, magazines, cable and the Internet.

Our commercial airtime is perishable, and accordingly, our revenue is significantly impacted by the commercial airtime available at the time we enter into an arrangement with an advertiser. Our ability to specifically isolate the relative historical aggregate impact of price and volume is not practical as commercial airtime is sold and managed on an order-by-order basis. We closely monitor advertiser commitments for the current calendar year, with particular emphasis placed on the annual upfront process and a prospective three-month period. We take the following factors, among others, into account when pricing commercial airtime: (i) the dollar value, length and breadth of the order; (ii) the desired reach and audience demographic; (iii) the quantity of commercial airtime available for the desired demographic requested by the advertiser for sale at the time their order is negotiated; and (iv) the proximity of the date of the order placement to the desired broadcast date of the commercial airtime.

Our national revenue has been trending downward for the last several years due principally to reductions in national audience levels and lower clearance (as defined below) and audience levels of our affiliated stations. Our local/regional revenue has been trending downward due principally to increased competition, reductions in our local/regional sales force and an increase in the amount of 10 second inventory being sold by radio stations. Recently, our operating performance has also been affected by the weakness in the United States economy and advertiser demand for radio and television-related advertising products.

The principal components of our operating expenses are programming, production and distribution costs (including affiliate compensation and broadcast rights fees), selling expenses including commissions, promotional expenses and bad debt expenses, depreciation and amortization, and corporate general and administrative expenses. Corporate general and administrative expenses are primarily comprised of costs associated with our previous Management Agreement with CBS Radio (which terminated on March 3, 2008), corporate accounting, legal and administrative personnel costs, and other administrative expenses, including those associated with corporate governance matters. Special charges include one-time expenses associated with the re-negotiation of the CBS agreements, the 2009 and 2008 Gores investment, re-financing/re-capitalization costs and re-engineering expenses.

We consider our operating cost structure to be largely fixed in nature, and as a result, we generally require several months lead time to make significant modifications to our cost structure to react to what we view are more than temporary increases or decreases in advertiser demand. This becomes important in predicting our performance in periods when advertiser revenue is increasing or decreasing. In periods where advertiser revenue is increasing, the fixed nature of a substantial portion of our costs means that operating income will grow faster than the related growth in revenue. Conversely, in a period of declining revenue, operating income will decrease by a greater percentage than the decline in revenue because of the lead time needed to reduce our operating cost structure. If we perceive a decline in revenue to be temporary, we may choose not to reduce our fixed costs, or may even increase our fixed costs, so as to not limit our future growth potential when the advertising marketplace rebounds. We carefully consider matters such as credit and commercial inventory risks, among other factors, in assessing arrangements with our programming and distribution partners. In those circumstances where we function as the principal in the transaction, the revenue and associated operating costs are presented on a gross basis in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. In those circumstances where we function as an agent or sales representative, our effective commission is presented within revenue with no corresponding operating expenses. Although no individual relationship apart from CBS is significant, the relative mix of such arrangements is significant when evaluating operating margin and/or increases and decreases in operating expenses.

We engaged consultants primarily to assist us in determining the most cost effective manner to gather and disseminate traffic information. As a result, we announced a Metro business re-engineering initiative that was implemented in the last half of 2008. The modifications to the Metro business are part of a series

## **Table of Contents**

of re-engineering initiatives implemented by us to improve our operating and financial performance in the near-term, while setting the foundation for profitable long-term growth. These changes are expected to result in a reduction of staff levels and the consolidation of operations centers into 13 regional hubs by July 2009.

On March 3, 2008, we closed on the new Master Agreement with CBS Radio (the "CBS Master Agreement"), which documents a long-term agreement through March 31, 2017. As part of the new arrangement, CBS agreed to broadcast certain of our commercial inventory for our Network and Metro businesses through March 31, 2017 in exchange for certain programming and/or cash compensation. Under the new arrangement, CBS Radio agreed to assign to us all of its right, title and interest in the warrants to purchase common stock outstanding under prior agreements. These warrants were cancelled and retired on March 3, 2008.

The new arrangement with CBS Radio is particularly important to us, as in recent years, the radio broadcasting industry has experienced a significant amount of consolidation. As a result, certain major radio station groups, including Clear Channel Communications and CBS Radio, have emerged as powerful forces in the industry. While we provide programming to all major radio station groups, our extended affiliation agreements with most of CBS Radio's owned and operated radio stations provide us with a significant portion of the audience that we sell to advertisers.

Prior to the new CBS arrangement which closed on March 3, 2008, many of our affiliation agreements with CBS Radio did not tie station compensation to audience levels or clearance levels. This contributed to a significant decline in our national audience delivery to advertisers when CBS Radio stations delivered lower audience levels and broadcast fewer commercials than in earlier years. Our new arrangement with CBS mitigates both of these circumstances by adjusting affiliate compensation for changes in audience levels. In addition, the arrangement provides CBS Radio with financial incentives to broadcast substantially all our commercial inventory (referred to as "clearance") in accordance with the terms of the contracts and significant penalties for not complying with the contractual terms of our arrangement. We believe that CBS Radio has taken and will continue to take the necessary steps to stabilize and increase the audience reached by its stations. It should be noted however, that as CBS takes steps to increase its compliance with our affiliation agreements, our operating costs will increase before we will be able to increase advertising prices for the larger audience we will deliver, which was and may continue to be a contributing factor to the decline in our operating income.

## **Results of Operations and Financial Condition**

*Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 Compared With Three Months Ended March 31, 2008*

### **Revenue**

We established a new organizational structure in 2008 pursuant to which we manage and report our business in two segments: Network and Metro. Our Network business produces and distributes regularly scheduled and special syndicated programs, including exclusive live concerts, music and interview shows, national music countdowns, lifestyle short features, news broadcasts, talk programs, sporting events and sports features. Our Metro business provides traffic reports and local news, weather and sports information programming to radio and television affiliates and their websites. We evaluate segment performance based on segment revenue and segment operating (loss)/income. Administrative functions such as finance, human resources and information systems are centralized. However, where applicable, portions of the administrative function costs are allocated between the operating segments. The operating segments do not share programming or report distribution and operating costs are captured discretely within each segment. Our accounts receivable and property, plant and equipment are captured and reported discretely within each operating segment.



**Table of Contents**

Revenue presented by operating segment is as follows for the three month periods ending March 31:

|          | For the Three Months Ended March 31,<br>2008 |            | 2009      |            |
|----------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
|          | \$   | % of Total | \$        | % of Total |
|          | (\$ amounts in thousands)                    |            |           |            |
| Metro    | \$ 47,442                                    | 44.5%      | \$ 34,684 | 40.4%      |
| Network  | 59,185                                       | 55.5%      | 51,183    | 59.6%      |
| Total(1) | \$ 106,627                                   | 100.0%     | \$ 85,867 | 100.0%     |

(1) We currently aggregate revenue data based on the operating segment. A number of advertisers purchase both local/regional and national commercial airtime in both segments. Our objective is to optimize total revenue from those advertisers.

Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$20.8 million, or 19.5%, to \$85.9 million from \$106.6 million for the same period in 2008. The overall decrease in revenue was principally attributable to the current economic downturn and the general decline in advertising spending, which accelerated during the second half of 2008 and has continued in 2009.

Metro business revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$12.8 million, or 26.9%, to \$34.7 million from \$47.4 million for the same period in 2008. The decrease in Metro business revenue was primarily related to a weak local advertising marketplace spanning various sectors and categories including automotive, retail and telecommunications, and a decline in overall ratings (particularly in major markets).

Network business revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$8.0 million, or 13.5%, to \$51.2 million from \$59.2 million for the same period in 2008. The decrease in Network business revenue was primarily the result of the general decline in advertising spending which affected our network revenue from sports and news events, the cancellation of certain programs and lower revenue from our RADAR (Radio s All Dimension Audience Research) rated network inventory.

**Operating Costs**

Operating costs for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2009 were as follows:

|                             | 2008                      |            | 2009      |            |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|
|                             | \$                        | % of Total | \$        | % of Total |
|                             | (\$ amounts in thousands) |            |           |            |
| Payroll and payroll related | \$ 26,243                 | 28%        | \$ 21,920 | 24%        |
| Programming and production  | 28,665                    | 30%        | 28,805    | 32%        |
| Program and operating       | 4,167                     | 4%         | 4,570     | 5%         |
| Station compensation        | 19,138                    | 20%        | 19,769    | 22%        |
| Other operating expenses    | 16,016                    | 17%        | 16,329    | 18%        |
|                             | \$ 94,229                 | 100%       | \$ 91,393 | 100%       |

Operating costs for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$2.8 million, or 3.0%, to \$91.4 million from \$94.2 million for the same period in 2008. The decrease generally reflects the benefit of our re-engineering and cost reduction programs which began in the last half of 2008. Payroll and payroll related costs declined \$4.3 million, or 16.5%, as a result of the reduction in headcount. This was partially offset by increases in program related costs for new programming and station compensation expense.

We expect our operating costs to decrease in the future after our re-engineering and cost reduction initiatives are completed.



## **Table of Contents**

### ***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$1.9 million, or 48.1%, to \$2.1 million from \$4.0 million for the same period in 2008. The decrease was principally attributable to a reduction in warrant amortization expense as the result of the cancellation on March 3, 2008 of all then outstanding warrants previously granted to CBS Radio.

Overall, we expect depreciation and amortization to increase in 2009 when compared to amounts incurred in 2008 as a result of our investment in systems and infrastructure.

### ***Corporate General and Administrative Expenses***

Corporate, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$700,000, or 20.2%, to \$2.8 million from \$3.5 million for the same period in 2008. The decrease was principally due to decreased stock-based compensation expense offset by increased bad debt expense and bank fees.

### ***Goodwill Impairment***

There were no impairment charges recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008.

### ***Restructuring Charges***

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, we recorded a \$3.4 million restructuring charge in connection with the re-engineering of our traffic operations and the elimination of underperforming programming announced on September 12, 2008. The components of these charges included severance of \$1.7 million and facilities shutdown costs of \$1.8 million. We recorded no restructuring charges during the three months ended March 31, 2008.

### ***Special Charges***

We incurred non-recurring expenses aggregating \$5.8 million and \$8.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Special charges in the first quarter of 2009 were incurred predominantly as part of our Restructuring. Special charges in the first quarter of 2008 consisted of \$5.0 million of contract termination costs and \$3.0 million of associated legal and professional fees incurred in connection with the new CBS Master Agreement.

### ***Operating Loss***

Operating loss for the three months ended March 31, 2009 increased to \$19.6 million from \$3.0 million for the same period in 2008. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decline in our revenue which was impacted by the current overall economic downturn. The decline in revenue was partially offset by the realignment of our cost base as part of our re-engineering initiative and weakness in the advertising market.

Overall, excluding goodwill impairment charges in 2008 we currently anticipate that operating loss will increase in 2009 compared with 2008 principally as a result of an anticipated declining revenue base.

### ***Interest Expense***

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased \$2.1 million, or 39.6%, to \$3.3 million from \$5.4 million for the same period in 2008 reflecting the decrease in the amount of outstanding debt.

**Table of Contents****Provision for Income Taxes**

Income tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2009 was \$7.4 million compared with a benefit of \$3.0 million for the same period in 2008. Our effective tax rate for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 was approximately 32.7% as compared to the 36.1% for the same period in 2008.

**Net Loss**

Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2009 increased to \$15.2 million from a net loss of \$5.3 million for the same period in 2008. Net loss per basic and diluted share was \$0.17 for the three months ended March 31, 2009, compared with net loss per basic and diluted share of \$0.06 for the same period in 2008.

**Weighted Average Shares Outstanding**

Weighted average shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted earnings per share were 98,073,636 shares in the first quarter of 2009 compared with 89,423,045 shares in the first quarter of 2008. The increase in the number of outstanding shares is attributable to restricted stock vesting. Basic and diluted shares outstanding were the same in 2008 as the inclusion of common stock equivalents in the diluted share calculation would be anti-dilutive.

**Comparison of the three years ended December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008****Revenue**

Revenue presented by operating segment is as follows for the years ending December 31:

|          | 2006                      |            | 2007       |            | 2008       |            |
|----------|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
|          | \$                        | % of Total | \$         | % of Total | \$         | % of Total |
|          | (\$ amounts in thousands) |            |            |            |            |            |
| Metro    | \$ 265,768                | 52%        | \$ 232,446 | 51%        | \$ 194,884 | 48%        |
| Network  | 246,317                   | 48%        | 218,938    | 49%        | 209,532    | 52%        |
| Total(1) | \$ 512,085                | 100%       | \$ 451,384 | 100%       | \$ 404,416 | 100%       |

(1) We currently aggregate revenue data based on the operating segment. A number of advertisers purchase both local/regional and national commercial airtime in both segments. Our objective is to optimize total revenue from those advertisers. Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2008 ( 2008 ) decreased \$47.0 million, or 10.4%, to \$404.4 million from \$451.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 ( 2007 ). Revenue in 2007 decreased \$60.7 million, or 11.9%, to \$451.4 million from \$512.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2006 ( 2006 ). The decrease in 2008 was principally attributable to the current economic downturn. Revenue in 2008 and 2007 was also affected by increased competition, lower audience levels and a reduction in our sales force.

Metro business revenue in 2008 decreased \$37.6 million, or 16.2%, to \$194.9 million from \$232.4 million in 2007. Metro business revenue in 2007 decreased \$33.3 million, or 12.5%, to \$232.4 million from \$265.8 million in 2006. The decrease in 2008 was primarily due to the current economic downturn, a weak local advertising marketplace primarily in the automotive, financial services and retail categories, increased competition and a continued reduction in 10 second inventory units available to sell. The decrease in 2007 was principally attributable to a 15% reduction in our sales force from 2006, a reduction in 10 second inventory units to sell as a result of the closure of several second-tier traffic markets in mid to late 2006, cancellation of several representation and affiliation agreements (representing an approximately 18% decrease in inventory units from June 30, 2006 to December 31, 2007) and increased 10 second inventory being sold by radio stations. The reduced demand was experienced in most markets and advertiser categories.



**Table of Contents**

Network business revenue in 2008 decreased \$9.4 million, or 4.3%, to \$209.5 million from \$218.9 million in 2007. Network business revenue in 2007 decreased \$27.4 million, or 11.1%, to \$218.9 million from \$246.3 million in 2006. The decrease in 2008 was primarily the result of the general decline in advertising spending, which started to contract mid-year and which accelerated during the fourth quarter of 2008. Our performance was also impacted by lower revenue from our RADAR inventory and lower barter revenue. The decrease in 2007 was principally attributable to an approximate 23% reduction in our quarterly gross impressions from RADAR rated network inventory (news programming inventory) which resulted from our affiliates experiencing audience declines, lower clearance levels by certain CBS Radio stations and planned reductions in affiliate compensation, the cancellation of certain programs (approximately \$5.5 million) and the non-recurrence of revenue attributable to the 2006 Winter Olympic games (approximately \$5.7 million), partially offset by revenue generated from new program launches (approximately \$6.0 million). Excluding the effect of the non-recurrence of revenue attributable to the 2006 Winter Olympics, national revenue would have declined approximately 8.9%.

**Operating costs**

Operating costs for 2006, 2007 and 2008 were as follows:

|   | 2006       |            | 2007                      |            | 2008       |            |
|---|------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
|   | \$         | % of Total | \$                        | % of Total | \$         | % of Total |
|   |            |            | (\$ amounts in thousands) |            |            |            |
| Programming, production and distribution expenses | \$ 301,562 | 76%        | \$ 274,645                | 78%        | \$ 293,740 | 81%        |
| Selling expenses                                  | 46,814     | 12%        | 34,237                    | 10%        | 34,343     | 10%        |
| Stock-based compensation                          | 6,345      | 2%         | 5,386                     | 2%         | 5,443      | 2%         |
| Other operating expenses                          | 40,475     | 10%        | 36,172                    | 10%        | 26,966     | 7%         |
|   | \$ 395,196 | 100%       | \$ 350,440                | 100%       | \$ 360,492 | 100%       |

Operating costs for 2008 increased \$10.1 million, or 2.9%, to \$360.5 million from \$350.4 million in 2007 due to increased station compensation and salary costs, which were partially offset by the elimination of management fees as a result of the new CBS arrangement. Operating costs in 2007 decreased \$44.8 million, or 11.3%, to \$350.4 million from \$395.2 million in 2006.

Programming, production and distribution expenses for 2008 increased \$19.1 million, or 7.0%, to \$293.7 million from \$274.6 million in 2007. The increase was due to an increase in station compensation costs primarily related to the CBS arrangement. Programming, production and distribution expenses in 2007 decreased \$26.9 million, or 8.9%, to \$274.6 million from \$301.6 million in 2006. The decrease in 2007 was principally attributable to the cancellation of certain programming contracts (approximately \$15.0 million), the non-recurrence of costs associated with the 2006 Winter Olympics and lower payroll and rent costs associated with closing certain traffic information operation centers (approximately \$9.0 million).

Selling expenses in 2008 remained relatively flat at \$34.3 million as compared to \$34.2 million in 2007. Selling expenses in 2007 decreased \$12.6 million, or 26.9%, to \$34.2 million from \$46.8 million in 2006. The 2007 decrease was principally attributable to a reduction in sales staff and commissions of \$7.8 million and a decrease in bad debt expense of approximately \$2.2 million.

Other operating expenses in 2008 declined by \$9.2 million, or 25.5%, to \$27.0 million from \$36.2 million in 2007, the majority of which is the elimination of the CBS management fee. The decrease in other operating expenses also reflects the Metro business re-engineering program and other cost reductions, which led to declines in Metro business-related personnel, facilities and aviation costs. Other operating expenses in 2007 decreased \$4.3 million, or 10.6%, to \$36.2 million from \$40.5 million in 2006. The 2007 decrease was principally attributable to reduction in personnel costs.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization in 2008 decreased \$8.8 million, or 44.3%, to \$11.1 million from \$19.8 million in 2007 primarily as a result of the cancellation of the CBS warrants. Depreciation and amortization in 2007 decreased \$916,000, or 4.4%, to \$19.8 million from \$20.8 million in 2006. The 2007 decrease is principally attributable to certain assets becoming fully depreciated.

### ***Corporate General and Administrative Expenses***

Corporate general and administrative expenses in 2008 increased slightly to \$13.4 million from \$13.2 million in 2007. The increase reflects an increase in salary and wages and stock-based compensation offset by a reduction in legal fees and the CBS management fee. Corporate general and administrative expenses in 2007 decreased \$1.4 million, or 9.9%, to \$13.2 million from \$14.6 million in 2006. The 2007 decrease was principally attributable to reduced stock-based compensation and lower corporate governance costs, partially offset by increased personnel costs.

### ***Goodwill Impairment***

On an annual basis and upon the occurrence of certain interim triggering events, we are required to perform impairment tests on our identified intangible assets with indefinite lives, including goodwill, which testing could impact the value of our business.

Prior to 2008, we operated as a single reportable operating segment: the sale of commercial airtime. As part of our re-engineering initiative, in the fourth quarter of 2008, we installed separate management for the Network and Metro businesses providing discrete financial information and management oversight. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ( FAS 142 ), we have determined that each division is an operating segment. A reporting unit is the operating segment or a business which is one level below the operating segment. Our reporting units are consistent with our operating segments and impairment has been tested at this level.

We employ a third party firm specializing in valuation services to assist us in determining the fair value of the reporting units and goodwill. In connection with the 2008 testing, we have determined that using a discounted cash flow model was the best calculation of our fair value. In prior periods, the fair value was calculated on a consistently applied weighted average basis using a discounted cash flow model and the quoted market price of our common stock.

In 2008, we determined that our goodwill was impaired and recorded impairment charges totaling \$430.1 million (\$206.1 million in the second quarter and \$224.1 million in the fourth quarter). The remaining value of our goodwill is \$34.0 million based upon management's best estimates including a valuation study that was prepared by a third party firm specializing in valuation services and using management's operational forecasts. The goodwill impairment, the majority of which was not deductible for income tax purposes, was primarily due to our declining operating performance and the reduced valuation multiples in the radio industry.

In connection with our annual goodwill impairment testing for 2007, we determined our goodwill was not impaired at December 31, 2007. The conclusion that our fair value was greater than our carrying value at December 31, 2007 was based upon management's best estimates including a valuation study that was prepared using our operational forecasts by a third party firm specializing in valuation services.

In connection with our annual goodwill impairment testing for 2006, based on a similar approach as applied in 2007, we determined our goodwill was impaired and recorded a non-cash charge of \$515.9 million. The goodwill impairment, the majority of which was not deductible for income tax purposes, was primarily due to our declining operating performance and the reduced valuation multiples in the radio industry.

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**Table of Contents**

If actual results differ from our operational forecasts, or if the discount rate used in our calculation increases, future impairment charges may be recorded.

***Restructuring Charges***

In connection with the re-engineering of our traffic operations and other cost reductions implemented to a significant degree in the last half of 2008, we recorded \$14.1 million in restructuring charges for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. Cost reduction initiatives included the consolidation of leased offices, staff reductions and the elimination of underperforming programming. We anticipate further charges of approximately \$9.7 million as additional phases of the original traffic re-engineering and other programs are implemented and finalized in the second quarter of 2009. The total restructuring charges for the traffic re-engineering and other cost savings programs are projected to be approximately \$23.8 million. In addition, we have introduced and will complete new cost reduction programs in 2009. As these programs are implemented, we anticipate that we will incur new incremental costs for severance of approximately \$6.0 million and contract terminations of \$3.1 million. In total, we estimate we will record aggregate restructuring charges of approximately \$32.9 million, consisting of: (1) \$15.5 million of severance, relocation and other employee related costs; (2) \$7.4 million of facility consolidation and related costs; and (3) \$10.0 million of contract termination costs.

***Special Charges***

We incurred non-recurring expenses aggregating \$13.2 million, \$4.6 million and \$1.6 million in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Special charges for 2008 were primarily related to a \$5.0 million payment to CBS Radio as a result of the new arrangement with CBS Radio, legal and advisor costs associated with the new arrangement, consulting costs attributable to our Metro business re-engineering initiative, re-financing transaction costs and costs related to the issuance of Series A Preferred Stock to Gores. The 2007 and 2006 charges relate to the negotiation of a new long-term arrangement with CBS Radio and for severance obligations related to executive officer changes.

***Operating Loss***

We incurred an operating loss of \$438.0 million in 2008. Absent the goodwill impairment charge of \$430.1 million, operating income in 2008 decreased \$71.2 million to an operating loss of \$7.9 million from an operating income of \$63.3 million in 2007. The decline in 2008 reflects a \$47.0 million decrease in revenue and an increase in costs due to restructuring charges for the facilities vacated in connection with the Metro business re-engineering initiative, accrued severance payments, increased personnel costs and costs associated with the new CBS agreement. Operating income in 2007 increased \$499.3 million to \$63.3 million from an operating loss of \$436.0 million in 2006. Excluding the 2006 impairment charge, operating income in 2007 decreased \$16.6 million, or 20.8%, to \$63.3 million from \$79.9 million in 2006. The 2007 decrease was attributable to lower revenue, partially offset by a reduction in operating costs.

***Interest Expense***

Interest expense in 2008 decreased \$7.0 million, or 29.5%, to \$16.7 million from \$23.6 million in 2007 reflecting the decrease in the amount of outstanding debt. Interest expense in 2007 decreased \$2.0 million, or 7.7%, to \$23.6 million from \$25.6 million in 2006. The 2007 decrease was principally attributable to lower average borrowings under our then outstanding credit facility, partially offset by an increase in interest rates, higher amortization of deferred debt costs as a result of amending the then outstanding credit facility in 2006, and a payment to terminate one of our fixed to floating interest rate swap agreements on our aggregate principal amount of then outstanding \$150.0 million notes.

Our weighted average interest rate was 6.5%, 6.3% and 5.9% in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

In January and February 2008, we amended our then outstanding credit facility to increase our leverage ratio and eliminate a provision that deemed the termination of the CBS Radio management agreement an event of default. As a result, our interest rate under the amended agreement for the that facility was increased to LIBOR + 175 basis points from LIBOR + 125 basis points.



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**Table of Contents*****Other Income***

Other income was \$12.4 million, \$411,000 and \$926,000 in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Other income in 2008 was principally due to a gain of \$12.4 million on the sale of securities in the third quarter and in 2007, was principally attributable to interest earned on our invested cash balances. In 2006, in addition to interest income, we received \$529,000 in connection with a recapitalization transaction of POP Radio, LP ( POP Radio ), a company in which we have an investment.

***Provision for Income Taxes***

Income tax expense in 2008 decreased \$30.5 million to a benefit of \$14.8 million from an expense of \$15.7 million in 2007 as a result of a portion of the goodwill impairment charge recorded during the year being tax deductible. Income tax expense in 2007 increased \$6.9 million, or 78.5%, to \$15.7 million from \$8.8 million in 2006. In 2008, our effective income tax rate was 3.3%. The effective 2008 income tax rate was impacted by the 2008 goodwill impairment charge being substantially non-deductible for tax purposes. The 2007 effective income tax rate benefited from a change in New York State tax law on our deferred tax balance (approximately \$100,000). The 2006 income tax provision was impacted by the 2006 goodwill impairment and related deferred tax attributes.

***Net Income (Loss)***

Net income in 2008 decreased \$451.9 million to a loss of \$427.6 million, or \$4.39 per basic and diluted common share, from net income of \$24.4 million, or \$0.28 per basic and diluted common share and \$0.02 per basic and diluted Class B share in 2007. This compares with a net loss of \$469.5 million, or \$5.46 per basic and diluted common share and \$0.26 per basic and diluted Class B share in 2006. Net income in 2008 and 2006 was impacted by goodwill impairment charges of \$430.1 million and \$515.9 million, respectively.

***Weighted-Average Shares***

Weighted-average shares outstanding used to compute basic earnings per share were 98,015,481, 86,111,642 and 86,013,285 shares in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Weighted-average shares outstanding used to compute diluted earnings per share were 98,015,481, 86,425,482 and 86,013,285 shares in 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. Basic and diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding are equivalent, as common stock equivalents from stock options, unvested restricted stock and warrants would be anti-dilutive.

***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

We continually project anticipated cash requirements, which may include potential acquisitions, capital expenditures, principal and interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness, share repurchases, dividends and working capital requirements. To date, funding requirements have been financed through cash flows from operations, the issuance of equity and the issuance of long-term debt.

At December 31, 2008, our principal sources of liquidity were our cash and cash equivalents of \$6.4 million and borrowings under our Old Credit Agreement (as defined below). As previously disclosed and as discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, on February 27, 2009, our outstanding indebtedness under our Old Credit Agreement, which totaled approximately \$41.0 million, matured and became due and payable in its entirety. Additionally, we had not made our most recent interest payment due to holders of the Old Notes (as defined below) on November 30, 2008. The non-payment of such amounts constituted an event of default under the Old Credit Agreement and the Old Notes, respectively. Based upon facts and circumstances that existed as of December 31, 2008, we previously disclosed that there was a substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. We previously disclosed that as of March 30, 2009, we were unable to meet our outstanding debt obligations, which raised substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Absent negotiating and executing definitive documentation with various lenders and Gores, obtaining approximately \$47.0 million in additional capital to satisfy our outstanding

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**Table of Contents**

debt payments and obtaining a waiver of our 4.0 to 1 debt leverage covenant (which we anticipated violating upon delivery of our audited financial statements), our sources of liquidity were anticipated to be inadequate to fund immediate and ongoing operating requirements in the next twelve months.

On April 23, 2009, we completed the Restructuring (see Note 20 to our financial statements – Subsequent Events). As part of the Restructuring, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the “Securities Purchase Agreement”) with: (1) holders of our outstanding Old Notes both of which were issued under the Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002 and (2) lenders under the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004 (the “Old Credit Agreement”).

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, in consideration for releasing all of their respective claims under the Old Notes and the Old Credit Agreement, the debt holders collectively received: (1) \$117.5 million of Senior Notes; (2) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock; and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. Gores purchased at a discount certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement.

In connection with the Restructuring, we also entered into a Credit Agreement (the “Senior Credit Facility”) with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC, as the arranger, administrative agent and initial lender, pursuant to which we obtained a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan, the obligations in respect of which are subordinated to obligations in respect of the Senior Notes. As of the date of this prospectus we have borrowed the entire amount of the term loan and have not made any borrowings under the revolving line of credit. Loans under the Senior Credit Facility will mature on July 15, 2012 and proceeds of the term loan will be used to, among other things, consummate the transactions contemplated by the Restructuring, and pay fees and expenses in connection therewith. Proceeds of the revolving loans are expected to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

In addition, as part of the Restructuring, Gores (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores immediately prior to the Restructuring, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock.

Management has subsequently reviewed the impact of the refinancing and recapitalization, including projected covenant compliance under the new debt, the results of our restructuring plan and our current forecasted results and has concluded that the conditions that gave rise to substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern have been removed. We believe that our sources of liquidity are adequate to fund ongoing operating requirements for next twelve months.

*Existing Indebtedness*

As of the date of this prospectus, we have: \$118.4 million of Senior Notes; a \$20.0 million unsecured, non-amortizing term loan and a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis. The term loan and revolver mature on July 15, 2012 and are guaranteed by our domestic subsidiaries (the “Guarantors”) and Gores. We borrowed the entire amount of the term loan on April 23, 2009 and as of the date of this prospectus have not yet borrowed under the revolving line of credit. The Senior Notes bear interest at 15.0% per annum, payable 10% in cash and 5% in-kind (PIK interest). The PIK interest will be added to principal quarterly, but will not be payable until maturity. The Senior Notes may be prepaid at any time, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty. Payment of the Senior Notes is mandatory upon, among other things, certain asset sales and the occurrence of a change of control (as such term is defined in the Senior Notes). The Senior Notes are guaranteed by

## Table of Contents

the Guarantors and are secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of our assets. Loans under the Senior Credit Facility bear interest at our option at either LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum (with a LIBOR floor of 2.5%) or a base rate plus 4.5% per annum (with a base rate floor of the greater of 3.75% and the one-month LIBOR rate).

Both the Senior Notes and the Senior Credit Facility contain restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to incur debt, incur liens, make investments, make capital expenditures, consummate acquisitions, pay dividends, sell assets and enter into mergers and similar transactions beyond specified baskets and identified carve-outs. Additionally, we may not exceed the maximum senior leverage ratio (the principal amount outstanding under the Senior Notes over our consolidated EBITDA). The Senior Notes contain customary representations and warranties and affirmative covenants. The Senior Credit Facility contains substantially identical restrictive covenants (including a maximum senior leverage ratio calculated in a manner consistent with the Senior Notes), affirmative covenants and representations and warranties as those found in the Senior Notes, subject, in the case of certain covenants, to a cushion on baskets and covenant levels from those contained in the Senior Notes.

As part of the Restructuring, Gores (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores immediately prior to the Restructuring, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock.

### *Indebtedness prior to April 23, 2009*

Prior to April 23, 2009, our debt consisted of an unsecured, five-year \$120.0 million term loan and a five-year \$75.0 million revolving credit facility. Interest on the facility was variable and payable at a maximum of the prime rate plus an applicable margin of up to 0.75% or LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 1.75%, at our option. The facility contained covenants relating to dividends, liens, indebtedness, capital expenditures and restricted payments, as defined, interest coverage and leverage ratios. As a result of an amendment to our facility in the first quarter of 2008, we provided security to our lenders (including holders of our Old Notes (defined below)) on substantially all of our assets and amended our allowable total debt covenant to 4.0 times Annualized Consolidated Operating Cash Flow through the remaining term of the facility.

Prior to April 23, 2009, we also had \$200.0 million in Senior Notes (the Old Notes ) which we issued on December 3, 2002, and consisted of: 5.26% Senior Notes due November 30, 2012 (in an aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million) and 4.64% Senior Notes due November 30, 2009 (in an aggregate principal amount of \$50.0 million). Interest on the Old Notes was payable semi-annually in May and November. The Old Notes contained covenants relating to leverage and interest coverage ratios that were identical to those contained in our facility.

At March 31, 2009, we had approximately \$9.0 million outstanding under our revolving credit facility and actual debt outstanding under the term loan was \$32.0 million. At March 31, 2009, our principal sources of liquidity were cash and cash equivalents of \$7.2 million.

On each of March 3, 2008 and March 24, 2008, we sold 7,142,857 shares (14,285,714 shares in the aggregate) of common stock to Gores for an aggregate purchase price of \$25.1 million. On June 19, 2008, we sold 75,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock with warrants to purchase (1) up to 3,330,000 shares of our Common Stock at a strike price of \$5.00 per share, (2) up to 3,330,000 shares of our Common Stock at a strike price of \$6.00 per share, and (3) up to 3,340,000 shares of our Common Stock at a strike price of \$7.00 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$75 million to Gores. All of such Series A Convertible Preferred Stock was exchanged into Series A-1 Preferred Stock on April 23, 2009, and is

## **Table of Contents**

expected to be converted into shares of common stock prior to the consummation of this offering if our stockholders approve the Charter Amendments. We anticipate that the warrants will be cancelled prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

### *Current Position*

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$(10.8 million) for the three months ended March 31, 2008, an increase of \$12.9 million. The increase was principally attributable to a positive change in our deferred tax assets and decrease in our accounts receivable balance.

Our business does not usually require substantial cash outlays for capital expenditures. Capital expenditures in the first three months of 2009 decreased \$2.5 million to \$1.2 million, from \$3.7 million in the first three months of 2008. The decrease in the first quarter of 2009 is principally attributable to the timing of our expenditures planned for the year. We anticipate an increase in capital expenditures for the remainder of 2009 as we invest in systems and infrastructure.

In May 2007, the Board of Directors elected to discontinue the payment of a dividend on our common stock and does not plan to declare dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. The payment of dividends on our common stock is also restricted by the terms of our indebtedness.

While we are authorized to repurchase up to \$290.5 million of our common stock as of the date of this prospectus, we do not plan on repurchasing any additional shares for the foreseeable future. Such repurchases are also restricted by the terms of our indebtedness.

## **Investments**

### *TrafficLand*

On December 22, 2008, our wholly owned subsidiary Metro Networks Communications, Inc. (Metro) and TrafficLand entered into a License and Services Agreement, which provides us with a three-year license to market and distribute TrafficLand services and products. Concurrent with the execution of the License Agreement, we, TLAC, Inc. (our wholly owned subsidiary formed for such purpose) and TrafficLand entered into an option agreement granting us the right to acquire 100% of the stock of TrafficLand pursuant to the terms of a Merger Agreement, which the parties have negotiated and placed in escrow. As a result of payments previously made under the License Agreement, we have the right to cause the Merger Agreement to be released from escrow at any time on or prior to December 1, 2009. Upon consummation of the closing of the merger, the License Agreement would terminate. Costs of \$800,000 associated with this transaction have been expensed as of December 31, 2008.

### *GTN*

On March 29, 2006, our cost method investment in The Australia Traffic Network Pty Limited was converted into 1,540,195 shares of common stock of Global Traffic Network, Inc. ( GTN ) in connection with the initial public offering of GTN on that date. The investment in GTN was sold during the quarter ended September 30, 2008 and we received proceeds of approximately \$12.7 million and realized a gain of \$12.4 million. Such gain is included as a component of Other Income in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

### *POP Radio*

On October 28, 2005, we became a limited partner of POP Radio pursuant to the terms of a subscription agreement dated as of the same date. As part of the transaction, effective January 1, 2006, we became the exclusive sales representative of the majority of advertising on the POP Radio network for five years, until December 31, 2010, unless earlier terminated by the express terms of the sales representative agreement.

**Table of Contents**

We hold a 20% limited partnership interest in POP Radio. No additional capital contributions are required by any of the limited partners. This investment is being accounted for under the equity method. The initial investment balance was minimal, and our equity in earnings of POP Radio through December 31, 2008 was minimal.

On September 29, 2006, we, along with the other limited partners of POP Radio, elected to participate in a recapitalization transaction negotiated by POP Radio with Alta Communications, Inc. ( Alta ), in return for which we received \$529,000 on November 13, 2006 which was recorded within Other Income in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2006. Pursuant to the terms of the transaction, if and when Alta elects to exercise warrants it received in connection with the transaction, our limited partnership interest in POP Radio will decrease from 20% to 6%.

**Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

The following table lists our future contractual obligations and commitments as of December 31, 2008:

|                                      | Total             | Payments due by Period |                   |                   |                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                      |                   | <1 year                | 1 3 years         | 3 5 years         | >5 years          |
| (\$ amounts in thousands)            |                   |                        |                   |                   |                   |
| <b>Contractual Obligations(1)</b>    |                   |                        |                   |                   |                   |
| Debt                                 | \$ 260,005        | \$ 260,005             | \$                | \$                | \$                |
| Capital Lease Obligations            | 2,560             | 960                    | 1,600             |                   |                   |
| Operating Leases(3)                  | 50,840            | 9,007                  | 11,820            | 11,015            | 18,998            |
| Other Long-term Obligations(2)(4)    | 669,623           | 108,442                | 176,639           | 148,004           | 236,538           |
| <b>Total Contractual Obligations</b> | <b>\$ 983,028</b> | <b>\$ 378,414</b>      | <b>\$ 190,059</b> | <b>\$ 159,019</b> | <b>\$ 255,536</b> |

- (1) The above table excludes our Fin 48 reserves as the future cash flows are uncertain as of December 31, 2008.
- (2) Includes the estimated net interest payments on fixed and variable rate debt. Estimated interest payments on floating rate instruments are computed using our interest rate as of December 31, 2008, and borrowings outstanding are assumed to remain at current levels.
- (3) We have long-term non-cancelable operating lease commitments for office space and equipment and capital leases for satellite transponders.
- (4) Included in Other Long-term Obligations are various contractual agreements to pay for talent, broadcast rights, research and various related party arrangements, including \$575.9 million of payments due under the new CBS Master Agreement and the previous Management Agreement. As discussed in more detail below, on October 2, 2007, we entered into a new Master Agreement with CBS Radio, Inc. which closed on March 3, 2008. As a result of the new arrangement with CBS Radio, total contractual obligations included in the above table are \$575.9 million (\$63.8 million within 1 year; \$133.8 million 1-3 years; \$141.7 million 3-5 years; and, \$236.5 million beyond 5 years).

**Related Parties***Periods Prior to Closing of Master Agreement with CBS Radio which occurred on March 3, 2008*

CBS Radio holds approximately 80,000 shares of our common stock and prior to March 3, 2008, provided ongoing management services to us under the terms of the Management Agreement. In return for receiving services under the Management Agreement, we paid CBS Radio an annual base fee and provided CBS Radio the opportunity to earn an incentive bonus if we exceeded pre-determined targeted cash flows. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, we paid CBS Radio a base fee of \$610,000, \$3.4 million, and \$3.3 million, respectively. However, no incentive bonus was paid to CBS Radio in such years as targeted cash flow levels were not achieved during such periods. On

March 3, 2008, the Management Agreement terminated.

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## **Table of Contents**

Prior to March 3, 2008, we and CBS Radio were also parties to a Representation Agreement to operate what was referred to as the CBS Radio Network. In addition to the Management Agreement and Representation Agreement described above, we also were party to other transactions with CBS Radio and its affiliates, including Viacom, in the normal course of business, including affiliation agreements with many of CBS Radio's radio stations and agreements with CBS Radio and its affiliates for programming rights. Prior to its termination, the Management Agreement provided that all transactions between us and CBS Radio or its affiliates, other than the Management Agreement and Representation Agreement, which agreements were ratified by our stockholders, had to be on a basis at least as favorable to us as if the transaction were entered into with an independent third party. In addition, subject to specified exceptions, the Management Agreement required that all agreements between us, on the one hand, and CBS Radio or any of its affiliates, on the other hand, were to be approved by the independent members of our Board of Directors.

During 2008, we incurred aggregate expenses of approximately \$73.0 million for the Representation Agreement, affiliation agreements and the purchase of programming rights from CBS Radio and its affiliates (such amounts were \$66.6 million in 2007 and \$75.5 million in 2006). The description and amounts regarding related party transactions set forth in this prospectus, and the consolidated financial statements and related notes, also reflect transactions between us and Viacom. Viacom is an affiliate of CBS Radio, as National Amusements, Inc. beneficially owns a majority of the voting powers of all classes of common stock of each of CBS Corporation and Viacom.

In addition to the base fee and incentive compensation described above, we granted to CBS Radio seven fully vested and non-forfeitable warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,500,000 shares of our common stock (comprised of two warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock per warrant and five warrants to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock per warrant). On March 3, 2008, all warrants issued to CBS Radio were cancelled in accordance with the terms of the CBS Master Agreement.

### *Overview of Relationship with CBS*

As described elsewhere in this prospectus, on March 3, 2008, we and CBS Radio closed the arrangement described in the CBS Master Agreement, dated as of October 2, 2007, by and between us and CBS Radio. On such date, the CBS Master Agreement terminated and our Representation Agreement with CBS Radio was replaced by an Amended and Restated News Programming Agreement, an Amended and Restated License Agreement and an Amended and Restated Technical Services Agreement. At the closing, we and CBS Radio entered into various agreements in substantially the form set forth as exhibits to the CBS Master Agreement, including the following: (1) Amended and Restated News Programming Agreement; (2) Amended and Restated Trademark License Agreement; (3) Amended and Restated Technical Services Agreement; (4) Mutual General Release and Covenant Not to Sue; (5) Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement; (6) Lease for 524 W. 57th Street; (7) Lease for 2020 M Street; (8) Sublease for 2000 M Street; (9) Westwood One Affiliation Agreements for certain CBS Radio owned and operated stations ( CBS Stations ); and (10) Metro Networks Affiliation Agreements for CBS Stations (documents 9 and 10, the Station Agreements and documents 1-10 collectively, the New Transaction Documents ). These agreements were discussed in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 4, 2007 and included as part of a definitive proxy statement filed with the SEC on December 21, 2007. The closing under the CBS Master Agreement was described in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2008 and the New Transaction Documents were included as exhibits to such filing. A brief description of certain provisions of the New Transaction Documents was included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, however, such descriptions are qualified entirely by reference to the documents named above.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles that are generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses as well as the

## **Table of Contents**

disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We continually evaluate our estimates and judgments including those related to allowances for doubtful accounts, useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, and other contingencies. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe that of our significant accounting policies, the following may involve a higher degree of judgment or complexity.

### *Revenue Recognition*

Revenue is recognized when earned, which occurs at the time commercial advertisements are broadcast. Payments received in advance are deferred until earned and such amounts are included as a component of Deferred Revenue in the accompanying balance sheet.

We consider matters such as credit and inventory risks, among others, in assessing arrangements with our programming and distribution partners. In those circumstances where we function as the principal in the transaction, the revenue and associated operating costs are presented on a gross basis in the consolidated statement of operations. In those circumstances where we function as an agent or sales representative, our effective commission is presented within Revenue with no corresponding operating expenses.

Barter transactions represent the exchange of commercial announcements for programming rights, merchandise or services. These transactions are recorded at the fair market value of the commercial announcements relinquished, or the fair value of the merchandise and services received. A wide range of factors could materially affect the fair market value of commercial airtime sold in future periods (See the section entitled *Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Industry Data* in the *Risk Factors* section of this prospectus), which would require us to increase or decrease the amount of assets and liabilities and related revenue and expenses recorded from prospective barter transactions. Revenue is recognized on barter transactions when the advertisements are broadcast. Expenses are recorded when the merchandise or service is utilized.

### *Program Rights*

Program rights are stated at the lower of cost, less accumulated amortization, or net realizable value. Program rights and the related liabilities are recorded when the license period begins and the program is available for use, and are charged to expense when the event is broadcast.

### *Valuation of Goodwill and Intangible Assets*

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over fair value of net assets of businesses acquired. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 ( *SFAS 142* ) *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* , the value assigned to goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets is not amortized to expense, but rather the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is compared to its carrying amount on at least an annual basis to determine if there is a potential impairment. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill and intangible assets is less than their carrying value.

Prior to 2008, we operated as a single reportable operating segment: the sale of commercial time. As part of our re-engineering initiative commenced in the fourth quarter of 2008, we installed separate management for the Network and Metro businesses providing discrete financial information and management oversight. Accordingly, we have determined that each division is an operating segment. A reporting unit is the operating segment or a business which is one level below the operating segment. Our reporting units are consistent with our operating segments and impairment has been tested at this level.

In order to estimate the fair values of assets and liabilities a company may use various methods including discounted cash flows, excess earnings, profit split and income methods. Utilization of any of these methods requires that a company make important assumptions and judgments about future operating



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## **Table of Contents**

results, cash flows, discount rates, and the probability of various scenarios, as well as the proportional contribution of various assets to results and other judgmental allocations. In 2008, we determined that using a discounted cash flow model was the best evaluation of the fair value of our two reporting units. In prior periods, we evaluated the fair value of our reporting unit based on a weighted average of a combination of a discounted cash flow approach and the quoted market price of our stock.

On an annual basis and upon the occurrence of certain interim triggering events, we are required to perform impairment tests on our identified intangible assets with indefinite lives, including goodwill, which testing could impact the value of our business. In 2008, we determined that our goodwill was impaired and recorded impairment charges totaling \$430.1 million (\$206.1 million in the second quarter and \$224.1 million in the fourth quarter). The remaining value of our goodwill is approximately \$34.0 million.

Intangible assets subject to amortization primarily consist of affiliation agreements that were acquired in prior years. Such affiliate contacts, when aggregated, create a nationwide audience that is sold to national advertisers. The intangible asset values assigned to the affiliate agreements for each acquisition were determined based upon the expected discounted aggregate cash flows to be derived over the life of the affiliate relationship. The method of amortizing the intangible asset values reflects, based upon our historical experience, an accelerated rate of attrition in the affiliate base over the expected life of the affiliate relationships. Accordingly, we amortize the value assigned to affiliate agreements on an accelerated basis (period ranging from four to 20 years with a weighted-average amortization period of approximately eight years) consistent with the pattern of cash flows which are expected to be derived. We review the recoverability of our finite-lived intangible assets whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparison to associated undiscounted cash flows. No impairment of intangible assets has been identified in any period presented.

### *Allowance for doubtful accounts*

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses that may result from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We base our allowance on the likelihood of recoverability of accounts receivable by aging category, based on past experience and taking into account current collection trends that are expected to continue. If economic or specific industry trends worsen beyond our estimates, it would be necessary to increase our allowance for doubtful accounts. Alternatively, if trends improve beyond our estimates, we would be required to decrease our allowance for doubtful accounts. Our estimates are reviewed periodically, and adjustments are reflected through bad debt expense in the period they become known. Changes in our bad debt experience can materially affect our results of operations. Our allowance for bad debts requires us to consider anticipated collection trends and requires a high degree of judgment. In addition, as fully described herein, our results in any reporting period could be impacted by relatively few but significant bad debts.

### *Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment*

We estimate the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives, which are disclosed in Note 1 *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the consolidated financial statements, are estimated at the time the asset is acquired and are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as taking into account anticipated technological or other changes. If technological changes were to occur more rapidly than anticipated or in a different form than anticipated, the useful lives assigned to these assets may need to be shortened, resulting in the recognition of increased depreciation and amortization expense in future periods. Alternately, these types of technological changes could result in the recognition of an impairment charge to reflect the write-down in value of the asset.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements Affecting Future Results**

In October 2008, the FASB issued FSP 157-3 ( *FSP 157-3* ) *Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active*. *FSP 157-3* clarifies the applications of SFAS No. 157

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**Table of Contents**

(described in more detail below) in a market that is not active, and addresses application issues such as the use of internal assumptions when relevant observable data does not exist, the use of observable market information when the market is not active, and the use of market quotes when assessing the relevance of observable and unobservable data. FSP 157-3 became effective immediately for all periods presented in accordance with SFAS No. 157. The adoption of FSP 157-3 did not have any significant impact on our consolidated financial statements or the fair values of our financial assets and liabilities

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures About Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 expands quarterly disclosure requirements in SFAS No. 133 about an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. We have included the relevant disclosures in our financial statements beginning with the first quarter of 2009.

In February 2008, FSP 157-1 *Application of FASB Statement No. 157 to FASB Statement No. 13 and Other Accounting Pronouncements That Address Fair Value Measurements for Purposes of Lease Classification or Measurement under Statement 13* was issued. FSP 157-1 removed leasing transactions accounted for under Statement 13 and related guidance from the scope of SFAS No. 157. FSP 157-2 *Partial Deferral of the Effective Date of Statement 157* (FSP 157-2), also issued in February 2008, deferred the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The implementation of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position and results of operation.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141R). SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest acquired and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141R also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141R is effective as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008, and will be adopted by us in the first quarter of fiscal 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* (SFAS No. 160). SFAS No. 160 establishes requirements for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than us (sometimes called *minority interests*) be clearly identified, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent's equity. All changes in the parent's ownership interests are required to be accounted for consistently as equity transactions and any non-controlling equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries must be measured initially at fair value. SFAS No. 160 is effective, on a prospective basis, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. However, presentation and disclosure requirements must be retrospectively applied to comparative financial statements. The implementation of this standard is not anticipated to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position and results of operation.

In September 2006, the FASB issued *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 establishes a common definition of fair value to be applied to US GAAP guidance that requires the use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, except for certain non-financial assets where the effective date will be January 1, 2009. Our adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

**Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

In the normal course of business, we employ established policies and procedures to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates using financial instruments. Previously we used derivative financial instruments (fixed-to-floating interest rate swap agreements) for the purpose of hedging specific exposures and normally hold all derivatives for purposes other than trading. All derivative financial instruments previously held reduced the risk of the underlying hedged item and were designated at inception as hedges

**Table of Contents**

with respect to the underlying hedged item. Hedges of fair value exposure were entered into in order to hedge the fair value of a recognized asset, liability or a firm commitment.

Prior to terminating our interest rate swaps in November 2007 and December 2008, we had entered into a seven-year interest rate swap agreement covering \$25.0 million notional value of our outstanding borrowing to effectively float the majority of the interest rate at three-month LIBOR plus 74 basis points, and two ten-year interest rate swap agreements covering \$75.0 million notional value of our outstanding borrowing to effectively float the majority of the interest rate at three-month LIBOR plus 80 basis points. In total, the swaps initially covered \$100.0 million, which represented 50% of the notional amount of Old Notes. These swap transactions allowed us to benefit from short-term declines in interest rates while having the long-term stability on the other 50% of the Old Notes of fairly low fixed rates. The instruments met all of the criteria of a fair-value hedge and were classified in the same category as the item hedged in the accompanying balance sheet. We had the appropriate documentation, including the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge, identification of the hedged instrument, the hedge item, the nature of the risk being hedged, and how the hedging instrument's effectiveness offsets the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value.

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**Table of Contents**

**BUSINESS**

**Our Company**

We produce and provide traffic, news, weather, sports, talk, music, special events and other programming. Our content is distributed to radio and television stations and digital platforms and reaches over 190 million people. We are one of the largest domestic outsourced providers of traffic reporting services and one of the nation's largest radio networks, delivering content to over 5,000 radio and 170 television stations in the U.S. We exchange our content with radio and television stations for commercial airtime, which we then sell to local, regional and national advertisers. By aggregating and packaging commercial airtime across radio and television stations nationwide, we are able to offer our advertising customers a cost-effective way to reach a broad audience and target their audience on a demographic and geographic basis.

We are organized into two business segments: Metro and Network.

Our Metro business produces and distributes traffic and other local information reports (such as news, sports and weather) to approximately 2,300 radio and television stations, which include stations in over 80 of the top 100 Metro Service Area (MSA) markets in the U.S. Our Metro business generates revenue from the sale of commercial advertising inventory to advertisers (typically 10 and 15 second spots in radio and 30 second spots in television embedded within our information reports). We provide broadcasters a cost-effective alternative to gathering and delivering their own traffic and local information reports and offer advertisers a more efficient, broad reaching alternative to purchasing advertising directly from individual radio and television stations.

Our Network business syndicates proprietary and licensed content to radio stations, enabling them to meet their programming needs on a cost-effective basis. The programming includes national news and sports content, such as CBS Radio News, CNN Radio News and NBC Radio News and major sporting events, including the National Football League (including the Super Bowl), NCAA football and basketball games (including the Men's Basketball Tournament, *i.e.*, March Madness) and The Masters golf tournament. Our Network business features popular shows that we produce with personalities including Dennis Miller, Charles Osgood, Fred Thompson and Billy Bush. We also feature special events such as live concert broadcasts, countdown shows (including MTV and Country Music Television branded programs), music and interview programs. Our Network business generates revenue from the sale of 30 and 60 second commercial airtime, often embedded in our programming, that we bundle and sell to national advertisers who want to reach a large audience across numerous radio stations.

We believe that our market position in both the Metro and Network businesses and our recent turnaround strategies and revenue enhancement initiatives afford us with a number of revenue growth opportunities. We are developing additional potential revenue streams by leveraging our existing resources and accessing new distribution channels for our extensive content. In addition, we believe there is an extensive opportunity to pursue acquisitions, partnerships and joint ventures to consolidate our existing business with competitors and expand into new markets.

**Our Strengths**

We believe our strengths include:

*Large Independent Provider of Content.* We are one of the largest domestic outsourced providers of traffic reporting services and one of the nation's largest radio networks, producing and distributing traffic, news, weather, sports, talk, music, special events and other programming. As an independent provider of content, without any stations under our ownership, we are able to transact with all station groups. We deliver content to over 5,000 radio and 170 television stations in the U.S.

*Developer of High Quality, Original Content.* We create and develop premium content for radio and television stations. The programming includes several nationally known personalities including Dennis

## **Table of Contents**

Miller, Charles Osgood, Fred Thompson and Billy Bush. We also provide stations with targeted programming, including national news, major sporting events and local news and traffic programming that they can generally not afford to develop on their own.

*Multichannel Distributor of Content.* As a producer of original content, we have the ability to utilize multiple media channels by leveraging our existing production capabilities and vast library of content to generate additional revenue without incurring significant costs. For example, much of the same content we distribute to our radio station customers is available to consumers online via podcasting or live streaming.

*Significant Operating Leverage.* Our business model has a relatively fixed cost base leading to significant operating leverage. We have made progress and are working to further reduce our fixed costs which we believe will enhance our profitability if revenue increases in the future due to an economic recovery or organic growth factors.

*Experienced Management Team.* We have brought together a new, experienced management team with extensive strategic, operating and financial expertise. Our management team has an average of 16 years of industry experience. Our relationship with The Gores Group provides us with additional operational, financial and strategic support. We believe this management team has the ability to respond to economic and industry trends and cycles while maximizing revenue growth from the sale of commercial airtime.

## **Our Strategy**

Our goal is to grow the revenue and profitability of our business. Key elements of our strategy to achieve this goal include:

*Complete operational turnaround.* We have recently begun and will continue to increase our operational efficiency with the assistance of The Gores Group. We announced on March 16, 2009, certain re-engineering and cost-cutting initiatives, as described below in Turnaround Strategies and Revenue Enhancement Initiatives, that are collectively anticipated to result in total annual savings of approximately \$55 to \$63 million. These savings will be offset to a limited degree by investments in our sales force, technology and digital capabilities and certain strategic partnerships such as TrafficLand, a provider of traffic video collected from local and state Departments of Transportation.

*Expand our Sales Force.* We have recently begun and plan to continue to build-out and leverage our extensive local and national sales force to generate increased revenue from the sale of commercial airtime. In our Network business, we are adding category management specialists in high-potential segments of the advertising market. In our Metro business, we have added new sales people at various locations across the country to deepen our local market coverage. We are also adding select sales people in our Metro business to expand the distribution of our local content. Additionally, in our Network business we recently began to offer copy-splitting advertising services which enable our advertising clients to reach more than one desired geographic area at the same time.

*Pursue strategic opportunities.* We evaluate acquisitions, partnerships and joint ventures on an ongoing basis and intend to pursue acquisitions of and partnerships or joint ventures with businesses in our industry and related industries that can assist us in achieving our growth strategy. We focus on opportunities with content and services businesses serving the radio, television and digital markets. We approach strategic opportunities in a disciplined manner and, with the assistance of The Gores Group, intend to focus on opportunities that strengthen our competitive position.

*Produce cost-effective, original programming.* We will continue to leverage our national scale to provide radio and television stations with programming and services that they may not be able to cost-effectively produce on their own. We distribute our programming on a barter basis in exchange for commercial airtime in lieu of cash, which allows stations to preserve capital.

*Expand our distribution channels.* We plan to continue expanding our product offerings across radio, television, online and other platforms through initiatives such as on-camera graphics and mobile video. Our Metro business is also expanding into the digital and wireless

categories as a provider of traffic

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**Table of Contents**

information on mobile and personal navigation devices. As part of this strategy, our Metro business recently entered into a License and Services Agreement with TrafficLand. The agreement provides our Metro business with the exclusive right to enter into affiliation agreements with third party broadcasters wanting access to TrafficLand's live video traffic feeds, which (i) provides us with simultaneous access to 4,700 traffic cameras and (ii) enables us to enhance our product offerings to stations that carry our programming and data feeds. We have an option, exercisable through December 1, 2009, to acquire TrafficLand. We have also partnered with AirSage, a provider of digital traffic data, to enhance our real-time road condition and data reports and with TrafficCast, a traffic science company, to collaborate on licensing of integrated data for others. We believe these initiatives will allow us to significantly expand our digital content offerings.

**Industry Overview**

*Radio Broadcasting & Advertising*

According to the FCC, there were 11,213 commercial radio stations serving listeners in the United States as of December 31, 2008. The RAB reported that the market for U.S. radio advertising in 2008 was \$19.5 billion. We compete in the local (\$13.6 billion), national (\$2.9 billion) and network (\$1.2 billion) radio advertising segments which comprise the majority of the total industry.

AM/FM radio is one of the most popular forms of media in terms of audience consumption. According to Arbitron's Spring 2007 study, the average time spent listening to the radio by persons 12+ in the U.S. is 19 hours per week. In April 2009, Arbitron reported that 92% of the 12+ demographic uses AM/FM radio each week.

Network radio listenership remains strong among key demographics. According to Arbitron, network radio reaches nearly 75% of the 12+ U.S. population each week and performs well within the key 18-24, 18-49 and 25-54 year old demographics, reaching 73%, 74% and 74%, respectively. Furthermore, Arbitron reports that 60% of adult consumers over the age of 18 listen to network radio out-of-the-home or approximately 143 million adults each week.

**Weekly Reach Percentage by Age**

Persons 12+

Mon-Sun, 12M-12M

Source: Arbitron, 2008.

To compete for a local audience a radio station selects a style of programming ( format ) that appeals to a target listening group or demographic. There are many formats a station may select, including news, talk, sports and various types of music and entertainment programming. Radio stations generally develop their own programming often with local talent or acquire programming from national sources such as radio networks and syndicators.

**Table of Contents**

In addition to traditional terrestrial radio stations, new technologies and services have entered the marketplace. Recently the radio industry has begun to deploy HD Digital Radio™ technology to deliver digital channels which make more efficient use of spectrum than analog channels and thus enable a radio station to offer multiple digital radio channels and additional services. Internet-based radio services, including our own podcast services, represent an emerging business opportunity. Sirius XM Radio Inc. is a satellite-based broadcaster with programming similar to terrestrial radio.

Radio offers a cost efficient way of reaching diverse audience groups in large numbers. Radio advertising can be purchased by advertisers on a local, regional or national basis. Local and regional purchases allow an advertiser to choose a geographic market for the broadcast of commercial messages. Advertising purchased from a national radio network allows an advertiser to target its commercial messages to a specific demographic within a large national audience. In addition, an advertiser can choose to emphasize its message in a certain market or markets by supplementing a national purchase with local and/or regional purchases.

**CPM (1) Comparison**

Source: Media Dynamics, Inc. 2008.

(1) CPM = cost per thousand impressions.



**Table of Contents**

Radio advertising has historically been cyclical, but with meaningful growth occurring following a recessionary period as depicted below.

**Nominal GDP Growth vs. Radio Advertising Sales Growth**

Source: RAB, Miller, Kaplan, Arase & Co., LLP and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. Recessionary periods (7/90 - 3/91, 3/01 - 11/01 and 12/07 - Current) are shaded. A recession is defined as a significant decline in economic activity spread across the economy, lasting more than a few months, normally visible in real GDP, real income, employment, industrial production, and wholesale-retail sales (NBER).

*Television Broadcasting & Advertising*

According to the Television Bureau of Advertising, total broadcast television advertising revenue in 2008 was \$46.4 billion. Network television is the largest segment within broadcast television representing revenue of \$25.4 billion in 2008 while local revenue represented \$16.5 billion and syndication \$4.4 billion.

During the 2008-09 broadcast season, television was viewed in 114.5 million or 98.9% of all U.S. households according to The Nielsen Company. Television remains the most popular form of media in terms of audience consumption with the average household watching 8 hours and 18 minutes of television each day according to the Television Bureau of Advertising and The Nielsen Company in 2008. This represents a 14% increase from 7 hours and 15 minutes average household viewing in 1998. There were 1,378 commercial full power television stations and 2,852 Class A and low power television stations serving viewers in the U.S. as of December 31, 2008 according to the FCC.

Television's broad reach and visual impact makes it a powerful and attractive medium for advertisers. Television spots are generally 30 to 60 seconds in length and are purchased by advertisers on a local, regional or national basis. Similar to the radio broadcasting industry, local and regional purchases allow an advertiser to choose a geographic market for the broadcast of commercial messages. Advertising purchased from a national television network allows an advertiser to target its commercial messages to a specific demographic within a large national audience.

On June 12, 2009, to the extent they have not already done so, full power broadcast television stations are required by law to terminate their analog broadcast operations and broadcast solely using digital transmissions. Like HD Digital Radio™, digital television transmission uses spectrum allocations more efficiently providing television broadcasters with opportunities to program an HD channel and one or more standard definition ( SD ) channels compared to one SD analog channel. We believe this could lead to increased demand for content and services, such as traffic and digital networks, to program the additional channels.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Our Businesses**

#### *Metro*

The Metro business provides local traffic, news, sports and weather information reports to approximately 2,300 radio and television stations that leverage its extensive information-gathering infrastructure. We believe that our information reports provide station customers with content that appeal to a broad range of demographics. As such, broadcasters across a variety of formats rely on our traffic and news reports, enabling us to serve multiple local stations within a market.

We gather traffic and other data using our information-gathering infrastructure, which includes aircraft (helicopters and airplanes), broadcast-quality remote camera systems positioned at strategically-located fixed positions and on aircraft, mobile units and wireless systems, and by accessing various government-based traffic tracking systems. Through our recent agreement with TrafficLand, we also have real-time access to DOT traffic video from over 4,700 cameras in approximately 50 markets across the United States. In addition to the cameras we access through TrafficLand, we operate approximately 50 helicopters and fixed-wing aircraft, 12 mobile units, 19 airborne camera systems and 130 fixed-position proprietary cameras. In addition, we have 27 broadcast studios and approximately 780 broadcasters and producers. Our local and national news is usually gathered from third parties. The information is converted into broadcast copy by our staff of local writers and producers and is then read on the air by our staff of professional announcers. Additionally, our news and traffic data is converted to online data so that participating stations can incorporate the reports and videos into their websites.

Our production staff works jointly with stations that carry our programming to ensure that the announcer and style of the information match the format of the station. Due to the customized nature of our information reports and the fact that we do not require network stations to identify us as the supplier of the information reports, each network affiliate may present the information reports we provide as if the network affiliate had generated such information report with its own resources. As a result, our on-air announcers often become integral station personalities, including, in many cases, performing services at our affiliate radio stations.

A typical radio advertisement in our Metro business consists of a 10 or 15 second commercial message read by our on-air announcer and presented as a segment of a regularly scheduled information report. By embedding commercials in our reports we believe audience attentiveness is increased with a lower likelihood of tune out or channel flipping.

Our Metro business sales force typically sells advertising locally, regionally and nationally in the form of 10 and 15 second spots which historically did not compete directly with longer-form radio station sales of 30 and 60 second spots, although in recent years some radio stations have begun selling short-form commercial units similar to ours.

Additionally, we provide traffic services to 170 television stations throughout the U.S. by offering our station affiliates a combination of: live traffic video feeds from our aircraft; proprietary fixed-position cameras in selected markets; access to DOT cameras through TrafficLand; use of helicopters on an exclusive and non-exclusive basis; reporting personnel on an exclusive and non-exclusive basis and various television graphics programs (developed in-house and through third party licenses). Television affiliates are given a choice of which services they would like and our deals with them vary from affiliate to affiliate. In exchange for the content we provide them, television stations provide us with either television commercial airtime or cash, or a combination of both. The television commercial airtime is combined with commercial airtime that we represent on behalf of others and packaged into national ad units which we sell. We believe that our television product offers advertisers significant benefits because, unlike traditional television networks and stations, we often deliver reach across multiple stations in major markets.

Through our barter activities in the television arena, we have established morning, evening and late evening television advertising networks for our advertising clients commercials to air. Because we have

## **Table of Contents**

affiliated a large number of network television stations in major markets, our morning, evening and later evening advertising networks deliver significant national household ratings in an efficient and compelling local news and late night entertainment environment. We package our television commercial airtime primarily on a national basis. We have created separate sales forces that exclusively focus on selling our television commercial airtime and our digital inventory.

The Metro business compensates certain radio stations in major markets for carrying specific programming, in order to ensure that our news and information has the desired national coverage, or to maintain a minimum commercial inventory level.

### *Network*

Our Network business is a leading provider of news, sports, talk, entertainment programming, and special events, and is among the three largest radio networks in the United States in terms of market share, along with Citadel Media (formerly ABC Radio Networks) and Premiere Radio Networks, which is owned by Clear Channel Communications.

We produce or have certain exclusive radio distribution rights on many marquee news, sports and entertainment programs, including:

News Charles Osgood, CBS Radio News, CNN Radio News, NBC News Radio and Dow Jones radio properties;

Sports NFL games (including the Super Bowl), NCAA football and basketball games (including March Madness) and The Masters golf tournament;

Talk Dennis Miller and Fred Thompson;

Entertainment Billy Bush, CMT Live with Cody Alan, MTV Radio Network, BET Radio Network, Rachel Ray, Dr. Phil, David Letterman, Jay Leno and Conan O'Brien; and

Special Events Grammy Awards, Academy of Country Music (ACM) Awards, MTV Music Awards and live concerts.

We believe our strong slate of news and sports programs, along with our roster of radio personalities, delivers consistent listenership to stations and creates value for our embedded commercial inventory. In some cases, our Network business compensates certain stations in major markets for carrying specific programming. This is done to ensure that our programming has the desired national coverage, or to maintain a minimum commercial inventory level.

We control most aspects of the production of our programs, including the creative development, and accordingly, are able to refine the programs content to respond to the needs of our listeners, station customers and national advertisers. We determine the content and style of a program based on the target audience we wish to reach. Our news and entertainment programs are produced at our in-house production facilities, while recordings of live concert performances and sports events are produced on location.

As part of our agreement for live concerts and special events, we often retain a copy of the recording of the concert, sporting event, special event and interviews for use in our radio programs and as additions to our extensive audio library, which we believe is a valuable resource for use in future programming. The library contains previously broadcast programs, thousands of live concert performances, over 19,000 artist interviews, daily news programs, Capitol Hill hearings and other special events.

We typically package our Network business radio commercial airtime on a national network basis, covering stations in relevant markets, either locally, regionally or nationally. This packaged airtime typically

## **Table of Contents**

appeals to advertisers seeking a broad demographic reach. Because we generally sell our commercial airtime on a national network basis rather than station-by-station, we generally do not compete for advertising dollars with individual local radio stations. We believe that this is a key factor in maintaining our network relationships.

### **Advertising Sales and Marketing**

Our advertising sales force is comprised of approximately 130 sales representatives and sales managers. We maintain sales offices in all of our operations centers, which are located in several markets throughout the country. Each sales office is able to sell available commercial airtime in any and all of our markets. As an example, an airline advertiser can purchase sponsorship advertising packages in multiple markets from our local sales representative in the city in which the airline is headquartered. We also combine our commercial airtime into multiple sponsorship packages which we sell as an information sponsorship package to advertisers throughout our networks on a local, regional or national basis, primarily during morning and afternoon drive periods.

### **Turnaround Strategies and Revenue Enhancement Initiatives**

Since September 2008, we have implemented a significant number of key turnaround strategies and revenue enhancement initiatives, including:

#### Re-Engineering of Traffic Operations

*Regionalization.* We are in the process of regionalizing 60 operating centers to 13 hubs (scheduled to be completed by July 2009), allowing us to regionalize data gathering, improve the quality and consistency of our products and leverage talent in larger offices.

*Reduction of reliance on aircraft.* We have reduced our reliance on aircraft by using video and speed and flow technology and working with strategic partners.

#### Cost Reduction Programs

*Reduction of salary/headcount.* We have been actively reducing headcount, salaries and redundant overhead.

*Reduction of programming costs.* We have been reviewing the profitability of our program portfolio in order to reduce production and other costs associated with these programs while optimizing affiliate station coverage. These efforts include the elimination of unprofitable programs.

*Reduction of affiliate compensation.* We are in the process of negotiating reductions in the compensation we pay to radio stations that carry certain of our programs.

#### Revenue Initiatives

*Investment in sales force.* We have been selectively building out our sales force to expand our market presence across regions and products, particularly in the radio, television and digital areas of our Metro business.

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*Renewed focus on sales and inventory management.* We are focused on implementing technology and data reporting that allow us to increasingly optimize our advertising including utilization and pricing.

*Expansion of product offerings.* We have developed and are providing product offerings, such as copy splitting, 15 second spots and pre-recorded advertisements.

### Management Reorganization

We have engaged a new, experienced management team to provide greater leadership.

We have reorganized our corporate structure to increase accountability for each of our Network and Metro businesses.

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## **Table of Contents**

### **Restructuring**

On April 23, 2009, we completed a refinancing of substantially all of our outstanding long-term indebtedness (approximately \$241 million in principal amount) and a recapitalization of our equity (the Restructuring).

As part of the Restructuring, our then existing debtholders released all of their respective existing obligations in exchange for (1) \$117.5 million of Senior Notes, (2) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, which will be converted into 5,077,259 shares of common stock if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25 million. We also entered into the Senior Credit Facility, pursuant to which we have a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan. As of the date of this prospectus, we have borrowed the entire amount under the term loan and we have not made any borrowings under the revolving line of credit.

In addition, as part of the Restructuring, Gores (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. In connection with Gores providing the aforementioned guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores immediately prior to the Restructuring, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock with a per share conversion price which provided Gores with an approximately 54.4% interest in the Company after the Restructuring.

Taking into account Gores' Series B Preferred Stock, Series A-1 Preferred Stock and common stock, upon the consummation of the Restructuring, Gores' ownership in the Company increased from approximately 36% to 75.1%. Accordingly, the Restructuring, when considering the ownership held by Gores as well as the ownership held by our then existing debt holders, constituted a change of control transaction that requires the Company to follow the purchase method of accounting, as described by SFAS 141R. We have considered the ownership held by Gores and our then existing debt holders as a collaborative group in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force D-97, Push Down Accounting. As a result, we will follow the acquisition method of accounting, as described by SFAS 141R, Business Combinations and will apply the SEC rules and guidance regarding push down accounting treatment effective April 23, 2009.

### **Recent Events**

On June 4, 2009, we filed a definitive proxy statement for a special meeting of our stockholders. The purpose of the meeting is to consider and vote upon the Charter Amendments. If the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, it will result in the automatic conversion of all shares of preferred stock and Class B stock into common stock and the cancellation of warrants to purchase 10 million shares of common stock issued to Gores as part of their investment in our Series A Preferred Stock. If the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments, there will no longer be issued and outstanding any warrants to purchase our common stock or any shares of our capital stock that have any preference over the common stock with respect to voting, liquidation, dividends or otherwise. Under the Charter Amendments, each of the newly authorized shares of common stock will have the same rights and privileges as currently authorized common stock. Adoption of the Charter Amendments will not affect the rights of the holders of our currently outstanding common stock nor will it change the par value of the common stock.

### **The Gores Group**

The Gores Group owns approximately 75.1% of our common stock. Founded in 1987, Gores is a private equity firm focused on investing in businesses which can benefit from the firm's operating and turnaround expertise. Gores has become a leading investor having demonstrated over time a track record of creating value in its portfolio companies alongside management. The firm's current private equity fund has committed equity capital of \$1.3 billion.

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## **Table of Contents**

### **CBS**

From 1994 to 2008, we were managed by CBS Radio Inc. ( CBS Radio ; previously known as Infinity Broadcasting Corporation), a wholly owned subsidiary of CBS Corporation, pursuant to a management agreement between CBS Radio and us. On October 2, 2007, we entered into a definitive agreement with CBS Radio documenting a long-term arrangement through March 31, 2017, which became effective as of March 3, 2008 following approval by our stockholders. As part of the new arrangement, CBS Radio no longer manages us and has agreed to broadcast our commercial inventory for both the Network and Metro businesses through March 31, 2017 in exchange for certain programming and/or cash compensation.

As part of the new arrangement with CBS, we entered into station agreements that document and extend through March 31, 2017 our distribution of network news, local traffic and news programming to CBS Radio stations and extend our rights to, and levels of, commercial inventory for CBS Radio stations. Our compensation of the CBS Radio stations under these agreements adjusts up or down for changes in audience levels as opposed to our previous affiliation agreements under which we paid fixed compensation regardless of fluctuations in audience levels. Our compensation of CBS Radio stations also adjusts up or down for commercial clearance and, in particular, station compensation is subject to *pro rata* downward adjustment for declining percentages of commercial clearance and we pay no compensation if a station broadcasts 75% or less of our commercial inventory. Additionally, if a particular station fails to achieve commercial clearance of at least 75%, we can exercise our termination right with respect to that station's affiliation agreement and collect liquidated damages. In addition to certain customary termination rights, the CBS Master Agreement and all other ancillary agreements, other than the mutual release, terminate in the event that 15% or more of the station agreements measured by revenue or number are terminated.

The agreements with the CBS Radio stations also provide protections for us in the event that CBS Radio sells its stations to a third-party. In particular, for the first 35 stations sold by CBS Radio, CBS Radio is required to assign the applicable station agreements to the buyer and if the buyer does not assume such contracts, we may terminate the agreements and CBS is required to reallocate the commercial inventory among its remaining stations for the term of the agreements.

We also entered into an arrangement that provides that our subsidiary Metro Networks Communications, Inc. will be the exclusive source, subject to certain limited exceptions, of traffic information on CBS Radio stations' analog and HD1 signals.

Further, among other things, the CBS Master Agreement also sets forth the terms and conditions relating to CBS Radio's ability to sell ten second sponsorships adjacent to traffic reports through March 31, 2010, extended our right of first refusal to syndicate certain CBS Radio programming through March 31, 2017, cancelled all of the then-existing warrants and related registration rights held by CBS, provided for maximum annual bonus of \$4.0 million payable to CBS Radio for commercial clearance of 95% or higher and no annual bonus if clearance was below 90%, provided for a \$2.0 million payment from CBS Radio if commercial clearance in 2008 for CBS' top ten markets was less than 93.75% and provides us with the limited ability to defer up to \$4.0 million in payments to CBS Radio on two occasions through March 2010. The \$2.0 million payment was not paid by CBS Radio, as clearance exceeded targets, and to date, we have made one deferral of \$4.0 million in payments.

Certain other existing agreements between CBS Radio and us, including the News Programming Agreement, the Technical Services Agreement and the Trademark License Agreement were also amended and restated through March 31, 2017.

### **Competition**

In the markets in which we operate, we compete for advertising revenue with other forms of communications media, including print, radio, television, cable, outdoor and out-of-home, direct response, yellow page directories, Internet/new media and point-of-sale.

## **Table of Contents**

Although we are significantly larger than the next largest provider of traffic and local radio information services, there are several multi-market businesses providing local radio and television programming services in various markets. In addition, consolidation in the radio industry has created economies of scale for large radio groups, such as Clear Channel Communications, CBS Radio and Citadel to provide information and programming on their own. Specifically, Clear Channel's Premiere Radio Networks division and Citadel Media (formerly ABC Radio Networks) represent competitors in the network radio business and Clear Channel's Total Traffic represents competition in the traffic business. In addition, new media companies such as Traffic.com (acquired by NAVTEQ which was in turn acquired by Nokia Communications) have represented competition for some of our local traffic services. With the recent introduction of both HD Digital Radio<sup>TM</sup> and digital television we believe demand for high quality national and local programming may increase.

We believe that the quality of our programming and the strength of our affiliate relations and advertising sales forces enable us to compete effectively with other forms of communications media. Our programs are distributed to radio stations and other station affiliates that we believe will have the largest and most desirable listening audience for each of our programs. We believe that in comparison with any other independent radio syndication producer and distributor or radio network, we have a more diversified selection of programming from which national advertisers and radio stations may choose. Since we both produce and distribute our programs, we are able to more effectively respond to the demands of advertisers and radio stations.

The increase in the number of program formats has led to increased competition among local radio stations for audience. As stations attempt to differentiate themselves in an increasingly competitive environment, demand for quality programming may increase, including from outside programming sources. This demand has been intensified by high operating and production costs at local radio stations and increased competition for local advertising revenue. While we compete with radio stations for advertising revenue, we do not compete with such stations directly as our advertising inventory is sold on a network basis and placed within the framework of our programming.

## **FCC Regulation**

Certain of our program origination and distribution activities involve the use of FCC-licensed radio frequencies. We are required to apply for, maintain and renew such licenses in accordance with the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's rules, and to operate our FCC-licensed facilities in accordance with that Act and those rules.

## **Employees**

On March 31, 2009, we had approximately 1,584 employees, including 544 part-time employees. In addition, we maintain continuing relationships with numerous independent writers, program hosts, technical personnel and producers. Approximately 483 of our employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. We believe relations with our employees, unions and independent contractors are satisfactory.

## **Properties**

Our headquarters are located at 40 West 57<sup>th</sup> Street, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, New York, New York 10019. We own three buildings in Culver City, California: (1) a 10,000 square-foot building, which contains administrative, sales and marketing; (2) a 10,000 square-foot building, which contains our two traffic and news reporting divisions, Metro Networks and Shadow Broadcast Services; and (3) a 6,500 square-foot building, which contains our production facilities. In addition, we lease operation centers/broadcast studios and marketing and administrative offices, including our headquarters, across the United States consisting of over 290,000 square feet in the aggregate, pursuant to the terms of various lease agreements.

We believe that our facilities are adequate for our current level of operations.



**Table of Contents**

**Legal Proceedings**

On September 12, 2006, Mark Randall, derivatively on behalf of Westwood One, Inc., filed suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York, against us and certain of our current and former directors and certain former executive officers. The complaint alleges breach of fiduciary duties and unjust enrichment in connection with the granting of certain options to our former directors and executives. Plaintiff seeks judgment against the individual defendants in favor of us for an unstated amount of damages, disgorgement of the options which are the subject of the suit (and any proceeds from the exercise of those options and subsequent sale of the underlying stock) and equitable relief. Subsequently, on December 15, 2006, Plaintiff filed an amended complaint which asserts claims against certain of our former directors and executives who were not named in the initial complaint filed in September 2006 and dismisses claims against other former directors and executives named in the initial complaint. On March 2, 2007, we filed a motion to dismiss the suit. On April 23, 2007, Plaintiff filed its response to our motion to dismiss. On May 14, 2007, we filed our reply in furtherance of its motion to dismiss Plaintiff's amended complaint. On August 3, 2007, the Court granted such motion to dismiss and denied Plaintiff's request for leave to replead and file a further amended complaint. On September 20, 2007, Plaintiff appealed the Court's dismissal of its complaint and moved for renewal under CPLR 2221(e). Oral argument on Plaintiff's motion for renewal occurred on October 31, 2007. On April 22, 2008, Plaintiff withdrew its motion for renewal, without prejudice to renew.

**Table of Contents****MANAGEMENT**

Our current executive officers and directors are as follows:

| <b>Name</b>               | <b>Age</b> | <b>Position</b>   |
|---------------------------|------------|---|
| Norman J. Pattiz          | 66         | Chairman of the Board of Directors  |
| Roderick M. Sherwood, III | 55         | President, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer                   |
| David Hillman             | 40         | Chief Administrative Officer; Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary |
| Steven R. Kalin           | 45         | President, Metro Networks division, and Chief Operating Officer                       |
| Gary Schonfeld            | 57         | President, Network division   |
| Jonathan S. Marshall      | 45         | Executive Vice President, Business Affairs and Strategic Development                  |
| Andrew P. Bronstein       | 50         | Director  |
| Jonathan I. Gimbel        | 30         | Director  |
| Scott M. Honour           | 42         | Director  |
| H. Melvin Ming            | 64         | Director  |
| Michael Nold              | 38         | Director  |
| Emanuel Nunez             | 50         | Director  |
| Mark Stone                | 45         | Director  |
| Ian Weingarten            | 37         | Director  |

**Officer and Director Biographies**

*Norman J. Pattiz* founded Westwood One in 1976 and has held the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors since that time. He was also our Chief Executive Officer until February 3, 1994. From May 2000 to March 2006, Mr. Pattiz served on the Broadcasting Board of Governors (BBG) of the United States of America, which oversees all U.S. non-military international broadcast services. As chairman of the Middle East Committee, Mr. Pattiz was the driving force behind the creation of Radio Sawa, the BBG's 24/7 music, news and information radio network, and Alhurra Television, the U.S. sponsored, Arabic language satellite TV channel to the entire Middle East. Mr. Pattiz has served as a Regent of the University of California since September 2001, and chairs the Regents' Oversight Committee of the Department of Energy Laboratories, including Los Alamos, Lawrence Livermore and Lawrence Berkeley. He is a past president of the Broadcast Education Association, and a member of the Council on Foreign Relations and the Pacific Council on International Policy. He is Director of the Office of Foreign Relations of the Los Angeles Sheriff's Department, and serves on the Region 1, Homeland Security Advisory Council.

*Roderick M. Sherwood, III* was appointed President of Westwood One effective October 20, 2008 and Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Principal Accounting Officer of Westwood One effective September 17, 2008. Mr. Sherwood served as Chief Financial Officer, Operations of The Gores Group, LLC from November 2005 to September 5, 2008, where he was responsible for leading the financial oversight of all Gores portfolio companies. From October 2002 to September 2005, Mr. Sherwood served as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Gateway, Inc., where he was primarily responsible for overseeing financial performance and operational improvements and exercising corporate financial control, planning, and analysis. During his tenure at Gateway, he also oversaw Gateway's acquisition of eMachines. From August 2000 to September 2002, Mr. Sherwood served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Opsware, Inc. (formerly Loudcloud, Inc.), an enterprise software company. Prior to Opsware, Mr. Sherwood also served in a number of operational and financial positions at Hughes Electronics Corporation, including President and General Manager of Spaceway (broadband services), Executive Vice President of DIRECTV International and Chief Financial Officer of Hughes Telecommunications & Space Company. He also served in a number of positions during 14 years at Chrysler Corporation, including Assistant Treasurer and Director of Corporate Financial Analysis.

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**Table of Contents**

*David Hillman* serves as our Chief Administrative Officer; Executive Vice President, Business Affairs and General Counsel. Mr. Hillman joined Westwood One in June 2000 as Vice President, Labor Relations and Associate General Counsel, which positions he held through September 2004, and thereafter became Senior Vice President, General Counsel in October 2004. He became an Executive Vice President in February 2006 and Chief Administrative Officer on July 10, 2007. Mr. Hillman has a B.A. from Dartmouth College and a J.D. from Fordham University School of Law.

*Steven R. Kalin* was appointed our Chief Operating Officer effective July 7, 2008 and President of the Metro Networks division on October 20, 2008. Mr. Kalin has 20 years of media experience, encompassing both traditional and digital platforms and strategic, business development and operational roles. From 2002 to 2007, Mr. Kalin served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Rodale, Inc., a global publisher of health and wellness information. From September 2000 to January 2002, Mr. Kalin was COO and then CEO of Astata, a business to business wireless software company. From September 1998 to June 2000, Mr. Kalin served as Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer of Medscape, a leading online website for physicians. From October 1995 to August 1998, Mr. Kalin was Vice President of Business Development for ESPN Internet Ventures and with ESPN Enterprises. At the start of his career, Mr. Kalin was a consultant with McKinsey & Company in the firm's media practice. Mr. Kalin holds a B.A. from Brown University and an M.B.A. from Harvard Business School.

*Gary Schonfeld* serves as our President, Network division, a position he has held since October 2008. Mr. Schonfeld co-founded radio network MediaAmerica in 1987 and served as President. He became President of Jones MediaAmerica upon the acquisition of MediaAmerica by Jones Media Group in July 1998. He served in that position until the acquisition of Jones Media Group by Triton Radio Network in June 2008. Prior to founding MediaAmerica, Mr. Schonfeld served as Vice-President Eastern Sales Region for Westwood One, an account executive with CBS Radio Networks and in various positions with Fairchild Publications, Y&R Advertising, and ABC Radio. Mr. Schonfeld has a B.A. from the University of Vermont and an M.A. from the University of Michigan.

*Jonathan S. Marshall* serves as our EVP/Business Affairs and Strategic Development, a position he has held since April 2008. Mr. Marshall has experience in both deal making and the broadcast traffic business. From 2005 through 2008, Mr. Marshall was a sole practitioner at JS Marshall & Assoc., an entertainment finance law firm based in Los Angeles. Previous to that he served as COO/General Counsel to RKO Pictures, LLC in Los Angeles from 2001 through 2005 and General Counsel to The Shooting Gallery, Inc. from 1997 through 2001. Mr. Marshall was an associate at Loeb and Loeb, LLP from 1995 through 1997 and at Shearman & Sterling from 1988 through 1995. Mr. Marshall obtained his J.D. from Tulane Law School in 1988 and his undergraduate degree in 1985 from Tulane University. Mr. Marshall has been a member of the California Bar since 1988.

*Andrew P. Bronstein* has been a member of our board of directors since April 23, 2009. Mr. Bronstein is currently a Managing Director of Glendon Partners, the operations affiliate of The Gores Group, LLC, which is the investment manager of Gores Capital Partners L.P., Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and their related investment entities, and the managing member of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Mr. Bronstein is responsible for portfolio company financial oversight and controls and financial due diligence activities for Gores. Before joining Glendon Partners in 2008, Mr. Bronstein was President of APB Consulting LLC, a consulting firm that solved complex financial and accounting issues and led acquisition due diligence for public and private companies. From 1992 to 2006, Mr. Bronstein was Corporate Controller and Principal accounting Officer (and Vice President commencing in 1994) of SunGard Data Systems Inc., a Fortune 500 software and services company. Before 1992, Mr. Bronstein worked for Coopers & Lybrand, a predecessor of PricewaterhouseCoopers, as a senior manager and director of its high technology practice in Philadelphia, PA. Mr. Bronstein graduated with distinction from Northeastern University with a B.S. in Accounting and a concentration in Finance. He is a CPA.

*Jonathan I. Gimbel* has been a member of our board of directors since April 23, 2009. Mr. Gimbel is currently a Vice President of The Gores Group, LLC, which is the investment manager of Gores Capital Partners L.P., Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and their related investment entities, and the managing member

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**Table of Contents**

of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Mr. Gimbel is responsible for the negotiation and execution of certain Gores acquisitions, divestitures and financing activities in addition to originating new investment opportunities. Prior to joining Gores in 2003, Mr. Gimbel was an analyst at Credit Suisse First Boston, where he focused primarily on mergers and acquisitions and leveraged finance transactions in the Media and Telecommunications group. Mr. Gimbel graduated with honors from the University of Texas with a Bachelor of Business Administration in Finance and Accounting and holds an M.B.A. from the Harvard Business School.

*Scott M. Honour* has been a member of our board of directors since June 19, 2008. Mr. Honour joined Gores in 2002 and is currently Senior Managing Director of The Gores Group, LLC, which is the investment manager of Gores Capital Partners L.P., Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and their related investment entities, and the managing member of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. From 2001 to 2002, Mr. Honour served as a Managing Director at UBS Warburg and was an investment banker at Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette from 1991 to 2002. Mr. Honour earned his B.S. in Business Administration and B.A. in Economics, *cum laude*, from Pepperdine University, and his M.B.A. from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania with an emphasis in finance and marketing. Mr. Honour is also a director of various Gores portfolio companies.

*H. Melvin Ming* has been a member of our board of directors since July 7, 2006. Since October 2002, Mr. Ming has been the Chief Operating Officer of Sesame Workshop, the producers of Sesame Street and other children's educational media. Mr. Ming joined Sesame Workshop in 1999 as the Chief Financial Officer. Prior to joining Sesame Workshop, Mr. Ming was the Chief Financial Officer of the Museum of Television and Radio in New York from 1997 to 1999; Chief Operating Officer at WQED in Pittsburgh from 1994-1996; and Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer at Thirteen/WNET New York from 1984 to 1994. Mr. Ming is a CPA and graduated from Temple University in Philadelphia, PA.

*Michael Nold* has been a member of our board of directors since April 23, 2009. Mr. Nold is currently a Managing Director of Glendon Partners, the operations affiliate of The Gores Group, LLC, which is the investment manager of Gores Capital Partners L.P., Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and their related investment entities, and the managing member of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Mr. Nold is responsible for oversight of select Gores portfolio companies and operational due diligence efforts. Before joining Glendon Partners in 2008, Mr. Nold was Vice President Strategy & Corporate Development at Hewlett-Packard, where he worked from 2004-2008. At HP, Mr. Nold focused on the global Services and Technology Solutions divisions and also co-lead Hewlett-Packard's Corporate Strategy group, responsible for prioritizing and driving key transformational initiatives across Hewlett-Packard. Previously, Mr. Nold held leadership positions, in strategy and marketing, at United Technologies and Avanex Corporation from 2001 to 2004. Prior to that, Mr. Nold served as a management consultant with Bain & Company. Mr. Nold earned a B.S.E. in Industrial & Operations Engineering from the University of Michigan and an M.B.A. in Finance and Marketing from The Wharton School.

*Emanuel Nunez* has been a member of our board of directors since June 19, 2008. Mr. Nunez is currently an agent in the Motion Picture department of Creative Artists Agency (CAA), a talent and literary agency based in Los Angeles, where he is involved in the representation of actors, directors, production companies and film financiers with respect to transactions ranging from traditional talent employment and production arrangements, to the territorial sales of motion picture distribution rights worldwide, as well as the structuring of many international co-productions. Prior to joining CAA in 1991, Mr. Nunez was at International Creative Management (ICM) and was an attorney for an entertainment law firm in Los Angeles. In 2006, Nunez was named a Commissioner for the Latin Media & Entertainment Commission, an organization that advises the Mayor of New York City on strategic business development of the Latin Media and Entertainment Industry. Mr. Nunez holds a J.D. from the Pepperdine University School of Law and a B.S. from Rutgers University.

*Mark Stone* has been a member of our board of directors since June 19, 2008. Mr. Stone is currently President, Gores Operations Group, and Senior Managing Director of The Gores Group, LLC, which is the investment manager of Gores Capital Partners L.P., Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and their related

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## **Table of Contents**

investment entities, and the managing member of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Mr. Stone has responsibility for Gores' worldwide operations group, oversight of all Gores portfolio companies and operational due diligence efforts. Mr. Stone joined Gores in 2005 from Sentient Jet, a provider of private jet membership, where he served as CEO from 2002 to 2004. Prior to Sentient Jet, from 1998 to 2002, Mr. Stone served as CEO of Narus, a global telecommunication software company and from 1997 to 1998, as CEO of Sentex Systems, an international security and access control manufacturing company. Mr. Stone holds an M.B.A. in Finance and Multinational Management from The Wharton School and a B.S. in Finance with Computer Science and Mathematics concentrations from the University of Maine. Mr. Stone is also a director of various Gores portfolio companies.

*Ian Weingarten* has been a member of our board of directors since June 19, 2008. Mr. Weingarten is currently a Managing Director of The Gores Group, LLC, which is the investment manager of Gores Capital Partners L.P., Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and their related investment entities, and the managing member of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Prior to joining The Gores Group in 2002, Mr. Weingarten was a director at UBS Investment Bank. Prior thereto, Mr. Weingarten was an investment professional at Apollo Management, L.P. as well as a private investment firm investing capital for two high net worth families. Mr. Weingarten was previously a member of the mergers & acquisitions group within the investment banking division at Goldman Sachs & Co. Mr. Weingarten graduated *summa cum laude* from The Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, with a B.S. in Economics and a dual concentration in Finance and Entrepreneurial Management. Mr. Weingarten is also a director of various Gores portfolio companies and is a member of the Board of Governors at Cedars-Sinai Medical Center.

## **Board Composition**

Our board of directors is set at eleven members. We currently have nine members and two vacancies. We expect to fill one of the vacancies prior to the consummation of this offering. In order to ensure compliance with the independence requirements of the NASDAQ Capital Market, the composition of the board of directors may change prior to and following the offering. It is our intention to be in full and timely compliance with all applicable rules of the NASDAQ Capital Market and applicable law, including with respect to the independence of our directors. We intend to rely on the controlled company exception to the board of directors and committee composition requirements under the rules of the NASDAQ Capital Market. The controlled company exception does not modify the independence requirements for the audit committee, and we intend to comply with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the NASDAQ Capital Market rules which require that our audit committee be composed of at least three independent directors.

## **Board Committees**

Our board of directors has the authority to appoint committees to perform certain management and administration functions. Our board of directors currently has an audit committee and a compensation committee.

The audit committee selects, on behalf of our board of directors, an independent public accounting firm to be engaged to audit our financial statements, discusses with the independent auditors their independence, reviews and discusses the audited financial statements with the independent auditors and management and recommends to our board of directors whether the audited financials should be included in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. Mr. Bronstein is the chairman of our audit committee and the other members of our audit committee are Mr. Ming and Mr. Nunez. In connection with the consummation of this offering, our board of directors intends to replace Mr. Bronstein with an independent director, at which time the audit committee will consist of three members, all of whom will be independent directors.

The compensation committee reviews and either approves, on behalf of our board of directors, or recommends to the board of directors for approval (1) the annual salaries and other compensation of our executive officers and (2) individual stock and stock option grants. The compensation committee also

**Table of Contents**

provides assistance and recommendations with respect to our compensation policies and practices and assists with the administration of our compensation plans. As of the date of this filing, a chairman of our compensation committee has not been elected. The members of our compensation committee are Mr. Bronstein, Mr. Ming, Mr. Nold, Mr. Pattiz and Mr. Stone.

**Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

There are no interlocking relationships requiring disclosure under the applicable rules promulgated under the U.S. federal securities laws.

**Limitation of Liability and Indemnification**

For information concerning limitation of liability and indemnification applicable to our directors, executive officers and, in certain cases, employees, please see [Description of Capital Stock](#) located elsewhere in this prospectus.

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**Table of Contents**

**CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

**Gores**

*Senior Notes*

As part of the Restructuring, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with: (1) holders of our then outstanding Old Notes that were issued under the Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002, as amended, among us and the holders of the notes issued thereunder, and (2) lenders under the Facility (such lenders, collectively with the holders of the Old Notes, the "Debt Holders").

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, including the agreements and instruments attached as exhibits thereto, in consideration for releasing all of their respective claims under the Old Notes and the Old Credit Agreement, the Debt Holders (including Gores with respect to debt purchased by Gores in the Cash Out, as described below) collectively received (1) \$117.5 million of Senior Notes, maturing July 15, 2012, which Senior Notes represent the portion of our indebtedness under the Old Credit Agreement and the Old Notes deemed to be continuing by the Securities Purchase Agreement; (2) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock; and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. Gores purchased at a discount certain debt held by Debt Holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Cash Out"). See "Description of Certain Indebtedness - 15% Senior Secured Notes due 2012."

*Gores Guarantees*

In connection with the Restructuring, we also entered into the Senior Credit Facility with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC as the arranger, administrative agent and initial lender, pursuant to which we obtained a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan. We borrowed the entire amount of the term loan on the closing date and did not make any borrowings of revolving loans. Loans under the Senior Credit Facility will mature on July 15, 2012 and proceeds of the term loan will be used to, among other things, consummate the transactions contemplated by the Restructuring, and pay fees and expenses in connection therewith. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness - Senior Credit Facility." Gores is guaranteeing all indebtedness under the Senior Credit Facility.

Additionally, as contemplated by the Restructuring, Gores is guaranteeing up to \$10.0 million of contractual commitments by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries.

*Master Mutual Release*

In connection with the Restructuring, we and the holders of the Old Notes and loans under the Old Credit Agreement (including Gores with respect to debt purchased by Gores in the Cash Out) entered into an agreement (the "Master Mutual Release"), pursuant to which we, our subsidiaries, the holders of the Old Notes and the lenders under the Old Credit Agreement released all of their respective claims for indemnity, reimbursement, expense and payment of the obligations in respect of the Old Notes and the Old Credit Agreement, except to the extent such obligations were continued under the Senior Notes.

*Purchase Agreement*

In connection with the Restructuring, Gores (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores immediately prior to the Restructuring, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock.

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## **Table of Contents**

### *Investor Rights Agreement*

We also entered into an Investor Rights Agreement (the *Investor Rights Agreement*) with Gores and the Original Investor Stockholders (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement). Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, as long as the Original Investor Stockholders in the aggregate hold at least 60% of the common stock (including the Preferred Stock on an as-converted basis) owned by the Original Investor Stockholders on the date of the Restructuring, immediately after giving effect to the transactions contemplated by the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Board of Directors shall nominate for election as director, one nominee designated in writing to Gores and us by the holders of a majority of the common stock (including Preferred Stock on an as-converted basis) held by such Original Investor Stockholders. Gores has agreed to vote in favor of any such nominee that is reasonably acceptable to Gores. In addition, as part of the Investor Rights Agreement, the Original Investor Stockholders were granted certain pre-emptive rights, tag-along rights, drag-along rights and piggyback registration rights.

### *Gores Registration Rights Agreement*

As part of Gores' original purchase of our stock, Gores is entitled to registration rights under the terms of a Registration Rights Agreement (the *Registration Rights Agreement*) for the common stock owned by Gores, including shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Preferred Stock and/or exercise of the warrants held by Gores (collectively, the *Registrable Securities*). Under such agreement, we will file upon Gores' request a resale shelf registration statement and will also provide Gores up to four (4) demand registrations. We are obligated to keep such shelf registration continuously effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the *Securities Act*), until the earliest of: (i) the fifth (5th) anniversary of such registration statement, (ii) when all Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement have been sold and (iii) the date as of which each of the holders of Registrable Securities is permitted to sell its Registrable Securities without registration pursuant to Rule 144 without volume limitations or any other restrictions.

In connection with the Restructuring, we and Gores amended the Registration Rights Agreement to, among other things, make the piggyback registration rights granted to the Original Investor Stockholders under the Investor Rights Agreement consistent with those contained in the Registration Rights Agreement.

### **Glendon Partners, Inc.**

For consulting services rendered by Glendon Partners ( *Glendon* ), an operating group associated with Gores, in connection with the Restructuring, we paid Glendon on the closing date of the Restructuring (i.e., April 23, 2009) \$650,000. Glendon provides consulting services to various Gores' portfolio companies on a routine basis and we anticipate that Glendon will continue to provide such services during fiscal year 2009. Any payments made to Glendon for consulting services are permitted under our new credit arrangements with the holders of our Senior Notes and Wells Fargo Foothill provided such payments do not exceed \$1.5 million in 2009 for services provided before or during 2009 and \$1 million in each calendar year thereafter for services provided in such year.

### **CBS Radio**

On March 3, 2008, we closed the Master Agreement with CBS Radio which documents a long-term arrangement between the parties through March 31, 2017. On that date, the Management Agreement and CBS Representation Agreement terminated and the CBS warrants were cancelled as described in more detail below. A number of CBS Radio's radio stations are affiliated with our radio networks and we purchase several programs from CBS Radio. See *Business* - CBS.



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**Table of Contents**

Until March 3, 2008, we had a Management Agreement and Representation Agreement with CBS Radio to operate the CBS Radio Networks until March 31, 2009. In return for receiving services under the Management Agreement, we paid CBS Radio an annual base fee and provided CBS Radio the opportunity to earn an incentive bonus if we exceeded pre-determined targeted cash flows. In 2006, 2007 and 2008, we paid CBS Radio a base fee of \$3,273,000, \$3,394,000 and \$609,649, respectively, however, no incentive bonus was paid to CBS Radio in such years as targeted cash flow levels were not achieved during such periods. In addition to the Management Agreement and Representation Agreement, we also entered into other transactions with affiliates of CBS Radio, including Viacom, in the normal course of business, including affiliation agreements with many of CBS Radio's radio stations and agreements with CBS Radio and its affiliates for programming rights.

During 2006, 2007 and 2008, we incurred expenses aggregating approximately \$75,514,000, \$66,633,000 and \$73,049,121, respectively, for the Representation Agreement, affiliation agreements and the purchase of programming rights from CBS Radio and its affiliates. The description and amounts regarding related party transactions set forth in this prospectus also reflect transactions between us and Viacom. Viacom is an affiliate of CBS Radio, as National Amusements, Inc. beneficially owns a majority of the voting powers of all classes of common stock of each of CBS Corporation and Viacom. In addition to the base fee and incentive compensation described above, we granted to CBS Radio seven fully vested and nonforfeitable warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,500,000 shares of common stock (comprised of two warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock per warrant and five warrants to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock per warrant). On March 3, 2008, all warrants issued to CBS Radio were cancelled in accordance with the terms of the CBS Master Agreement. The registration rights agreement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants was also terminated on March 3, 2008, however, we and CBS Radio entered into a new registration rights agreement which provides registration rights to the 80,000 shares of common stock held by CBS Radio and its affiliates.

In addition to the foregoing, CBS Radio enters into other agreements with us in the ordinary course to purchase programming rights and affiliate stations with our network and traffic operations.

During 2006 and 2007, when the Management Agreement was still in place, CBS Radio provided to us the services of a chief executive officer and a chief financial officer.

**Gerald Greenberg**

Gerald Greenberg, one of our directors from May 1994 to June 2008, through his company Mirage Music Entertainment, Inc. ( *Mirage* ) entered into a two-year consulting agreement with us on July 1, 2008 in connection with our active review of its audio archives, including the development of a plan to monetize such assets. Under the terms of the agreement, Mr. Greenberg, who has extensive contacts and relationships in the music industry, will serve as a consultant to us in connection with the aforementioned archive project, and will provide assistance to us in connection with negotiating exploitation rights to certain archive material. *Mirage* will also be compensated for any unique opportunities originated and presented by it to us, as further set forth in the consulting agreement. In connection with such agreement, on the effective date thereof (i.e., July 1, 2008), Mr. Greenberg received a stock option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 (the closing price of the common stock on July 1, 2008). *Mirage* received a minimum annual retainer of \$100,000 in year one and \$88,000 in year two ( *Retainer* ) and will receive a project fee equal to 10% of net profit in excess of the *Retainer* for projects in which *Mirage* undertakes an active and integral role. If the programming for which the idea, concept and talent originates solely from *Mirage*, it will receive 20% (not 10%) of net profit in excess of the *Retainer*.

**Norman J. Pattiz**

Norm Pattiz, our founder, Chairman of the Board of Directors and a director since our founding in 1974, intends to form a production company ( *NPC* ), which he would wholly own and over which he would exercise operating control. *NPC* would only produce programming that we have considered and evaluated,

**Table of Contents**

and determined that we should not produce at our own cost and expense ( NPC Programming ). To date, we and Mr. Pattiz have discussed, but not finalized, the terms of an arrangement whereby NPC would produce NPC Programming at NPC s sole cost and expense for our exclusive distribution/exploitation in certain media. As currently contemplated, we would be responsible for: (1) arranging distribution of the NPC Programming to its customers, including radio station affiliates (in certain cases, NPC would deliver to us an initial group of radio station affiliates to broadcast the NPC Programming) and (2) selling advertising for broadcast within the NPC Programming. In return, we would pay a distribution fee to NPC and enter into a revenue-sharing arrangement for revenue generated by us from the NPC Programming. We believe that if we reach this arrangement with NPC, we will benefit by expanding the breadth of programming offerings we have the opportunity to distribute to our customers while mitigating the financial commitment and downside risk associated with the fixed cost of programming production.

Previously, the Board of Directors authorized Mr. Pattiz to pursue a particular NPC Programming opportunity but to date, no definitive terms with respect thereto have been agreed upon by the parties. Any agreement and transaction contemplated thereby would require the approval of the Board of Directors.

**Table of Contents****PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK**

On June 15, 2009, there were approximately 350 holders of record of our common stock, several of which represent street accounts of securities brokers. Based upon the number of proxies requested by brokers in conjunction with our special meeting of stockholders to be held on June 26, 2009, we estimate that the total number of beneficial holders of our common stock exceeds 4,200.

Prior to November 24, 2008, our common stock traded on the NYSE under the symbol WON. As a result of the decline in our stock price, our common stock was delisted from the New York Stock Exchange as of November 24, 2008. Effective November 24, 2008, our common stock was quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol WWON.OB .

The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices per share of our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board and NYSE, as applicable, for the periods indicated. The over-the-counter market quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily reflect actual transactions. On , 2009, the last reported sales price of our common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board was \$ per share.

|  | <b>High</b> | <b>Low</b> |
|--|-------------|------------|
| <b>2009</b>                            |             |            |
| First Quarter                          | \$ 0.12     | \$ 0.02    |
| Second Quarter (through June 19, 2009) | \$ 0.12     | \$ 0.05    |
| <b>2008</b>                            | <b>High</b> | <b>Low</b> |
| First Quarter                          | \$ 2.39     | \$ 1.46    |
| Second Quarter                         | 2.42        | 1.02       |
| Third Quarter                          | 1.45        | 0.41       |
| Fourth Quarter                         | 0.54        | 0.02       |
| <b>2007</b>                            | <b>High</b> | <b>Low</b> |
| First Quarter                          | \$ 7.33     | \$ 6.00    |
| Second Quarter                         | 8.38        | 6.34       |
| Third Quarter                          | 7.38        | 2.23       |
| Fourth Quarter                         | 3.03        | 1.76       |

The amounts in the table for the periods ending prior to , 2009 do not reflect the 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our outstanding common stock and the conversion of all shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock, Series B Preferred Stock and Class B stock into common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

**Table of Contents****PRINCIPAL AND SELLING STOCKHOLDERS**

The following table shows the beneficial ownership of our common stock on March 31, 2009 by:

each person who we know beneficially owns more than 5% of our common stock;

our directors and named executive officers;

all of our directors and officers as a group; and

the selling stockholders.

Beneficial ownership, which is determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, means the sole or shared power to vote or direct the voting or to dispose or direct the disposition of our common stock. The number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by a person includes shares of common stock issuable with respect to options held by the person that are exercisable within 60 days. The percentage of our common stock beneficially owned by a person assumes that the person has exercised all options the person holds that are exercisable within 60 days, and that no other persons exercised any of their options. Except as otherwise indicated, the business address for each of the following persons is 40 West 57th Street, 5th Floor, New York, New York 10019. Except as otherwise indicated in the footnotes to the table or in cases where community property laws apply, we believe that each person identified in the table possesses sole voting and investment power over all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by the person. Percentage of beneficial ownership before the offering is based on 20,307,684 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2009. Percentage of beneficial ownership after the offering is based on shares of common stock outstanding after the completion of this offering. Amounts shown for before and after this offering reflect a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our outstanding common stock and the conversion of all shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock, Series B Preferred Stock and Class B stock into common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

| Name and Address of Beneficial Owner(1)         | Before the Offering |                                  | Common Stock<br>Number of<br>Shares<br>Being Sold<br>in the<br>Offering | As Adjusted for Offering, |                                  |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
|   | Number of<br>Shares | Percentage<br>of Common<br>Stock |   | Number of<br>Shares       | Percentage<br>of Common<br>Stock |
| <b>5% Stockholders and Selling Stockholders</b> |                     |                                  |   |                           |                                  |
| Gores Radio Holdings, LLC(2)                    | 15,257,509          | 75.1                             |   |                           |                                  |
| <b>Directors and Named Executive Officers</b>   |                     |                                  |   |                           |                                  |
| Norman J. Pattiz(3)                             | 7,492               | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Roderick Sherwood(4)                            | 6,250               | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| David Hillman(5)                                | 1,185               | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Jonathan Marshall                               | 1,150               | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Andrew P. Bronstein(4)                          |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Jonathan I. Gimbel(4)                           |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Scott M. Honour(4)                              |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| H. Melvin Ming(6)                               | 96                  | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Michael F. Nold(4)                              |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Emanuel Nunez                                   |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Mark Stone(4)                                   |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| Ian Weingarten(4)                               |                     | *                                |   |                           |                                  |
| All directors and officers as a group(7)        | 16,173              | *                                |   |                           |                                  |

\* Indicates less than 1%.

- (1) The persons in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock, unless otherwise indicated. The numbers presented above do not include unvested and/or deferred RSUs which have no voting rights until shares are distributed in accordance with their terms.

**Table of Contents**

All dividend equivalents on vested RSUs and shares of restricted stock (both vested and unvested) are included in the numbers reported above. Tabular information for the entities listed above is based on information contained in the most recent Schedule 13D/13G filings and other filings made by such persons with the Securities and Exchange Commission as well as other information made available to us.

- (2) Gores Radio Holdings, LLC is managed by The Gores Group, LLC. Gores Capital Partners II, L.P. and Gores Co-Invest Partnership II, L.P. (collectively, the Gores Funds ) are members of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Each of the members of Gores Radio Holdings, LLC has the right to receive dividends from, or proceeds from, the sale of investments by Gores Radio Holdings, LLC, including the shares of common stock, in accordance with their membership interests in Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. Gores Capital Advisors II, LLC ( Gores Advisors ) is the general partner of the Gores Funds. Alec E. Gores is the managing member of The Gores Group, LLC. Each of the members of Gores Advisors (including The Gores Group, LLC and its members) has the right to receive dividends from, or proceeds from, the sale of investments by the Gores Entities, including the shares of common stock, in accordance with their membership interests in Gores Advisors. Under applicable law, certain of these individuals and their respective spouses may be deemed to be beneficial owners having indirect ownership of the securities owned of record by Gores Radio Holdings, LLC by virtue of such status. Each of the foregoing entities and the partners, managers and members thereof disclaim ownership of all shares reported herein in excess of their pecuniary interests, if any.
  
- (3) Includes vested and unexercised stock options for 1,153 shares granted under the 1989 Stock Incentive Plan, the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan and the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Includes 42 vested RSUs (including dividend equivalents) granted under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Also includes 2,250 shares of common stock pledged by Mr. Pattiz to Merrill Lynch in connection with a contract that Mr. Pattiz entered into on September 27, 2004 with Merrill Lynch. Under the contract with Merrill Lynch, in exchange for a lump-sum cash payment of \$7,182,000, Mr. Pattiz agreed to deliver upon the earlier of September 2009 or the termination of such contract, a pre-determined number of shares of common stock pursuant to formulas set forth in the contract. Mr. Pattiz may also settle the amount in cash. When Mr. Pattiz entered into the contract in September 2004, he converted 2,059 of his shares of Class B stock into common stock and pledged the aforementioned 2,250 shares of common stock. Also includes 1,500 shares of common stock held indirectly by the Pattiz Family Trust.
  
- (4) Each of Messrs. Bronstein, Gimbel, Honour, Nold, Sherwood, Stone and Weingarten disclaims beneficial ownership of our securities owned by Gores Radio Holdings, LLC, except to the extent of any pecuniary interest therein.
  
- (5) Includes 940 vested and unexercised options granted under the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan and 2005 Equity Incentive Plan and 94 unvested shares of restricted stock (including dividend equivalents) granted under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Includes 3 shares of common stock held in the Company 401(k) account.
  
- (6) Represents vested RSUs granted under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Does not include deferred and/or unvested RSUs which have no voting rights until shares are distributed in accordance with their terms.
  
- (7) Gary Schonfeld and Steven Kalin, who were appointed President, Network division and President, Metro Networks division and Chief Operating Officer, respectively, are included in the number of executive officers described above. As such individuals were not appointed until October and May 2008, respectively, they were not named executive officers for fiscal year 2008.

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**Table of Contents**

**DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK**

The below description reflects a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our outstanding common stock and the conversion of all shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock, Series B Preferred Stock and Class B stock into common stock that we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments.

We are currently authorized to issue 5,000,000,000 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 3,000,000 shares of our Class B stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. Except as expressly set forth in our certificate of incorporation as summarized below or as otherwise required by the Delaware General Corporation Law, or the DGCL, each share of our common stock and Class B stock shall have identical powers, preference and rights, including rights in liquidation. As of \_\_\_\_\_, 2009, we had outstanding 20,307,684 shares of common stock and there were no shares of our Class B stock or our Preferred Stock outstanding.

On \_\_\_\_\_, 2009, we effected a 200 for 1 reverse stock split of our common stock, pursuant to which each 200 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding on \_\_\_\_\_, 2009 were automatically converted into one share of common stock. To avoid the existence of fractional shares of common stock, fractional shares were rounded up to the next whole share, including fractional shares that constituted less than one half of one share. On \_\_\_\_\_, 2009, after giving effect to the reverse stock split, Gores beneficially owned 15,257,509 shares of our common stock.

The following summary description of our capital stock is based on our certificate of incorporation and bylaws in effect as of the date of this prospectus and the applicable provisions of the DGCL. For more information on how you can obtain copies of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, see [Where You Can Find More Information and Incorporation by Reference](#). We urge you to read the certificate of incorporation and bylaws in their entirety.

**Common Stock and Class B Stock**

*Dividend Rights*

The holders of common stock and Class B stock are entitled to receive dividends and other distributions as may be declared by our Board of Directors out of assets or funds legally available for that purpose, subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock, and any other provision of our certificate of incorporation. Our certificate of incorporation provides that no cash dividend may be declared and paid to holders of Class B stock unless at the same time the Board of Directors shall also declare and pay to the holders of our common stock a per share dividend of at least 25% greater than the per share dividend declared and paid to holders of Class B stock. The Board of Directors may declare and pay dividends to the holders of our common stock without declaring and paying dividends to the holders of our Class B stock. Our common stock and Class B stock are equal in respect of rights to dividends (other than cash) and distributions, when and as declared, in the form of stock or other of our property.

Our certificate of incorporation provides that if shares of common stock are paid on common stock and shares of Class B stock are paid on Class B stock in an equal amount per share of common stock and Class B stock, such payment will be deemed to be a like dividend or other distribution.

The terms of our Senior Credit Facility and Senior Notes currently restrict us from paying dividends or making distributions, except in limited circumstances.

*Conversion of Class B Stock*

In the event that, (i) the voting power of the Class B stockholders as a group (such voting power to include the voting power of our common stock held by holders of Class B stock) falls below 10% of the aggregate voting power of issued and outstanding shares of our common stock and Class B stock, or (ii) the Board of Directors and the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock and Class B stock approve the conversion of all of the Class B stock into shares of common stock, then, without

## **Table of Contents**

further action on the part of the Class B stockholders or us, all shares of Class B stock then issued and outstanding will be deemed to be converted into shares of common stock, and stock certificates formerly representing such shares of Class B stock will from that time be deemed to represent the like number of shares of common stock. In addition, each share of Class B stock is convertible, at the option of its record holder, into one validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable share of common stock at any time.

### *Transfer of Class B Stock*

Our certificate of incorporation provides that no person holding record or beneficial ownership of shares of Class B stock, each referred to in this prospectus as a Class B stockholder, may transfer, and we will not register the transfer of, such shares of Class B stock, except to a permitted transferee of such Class B stockholder as defined in our certificate of incorporation. In certain circumstances set forth in our certificate of incorporation, changes in ownership or control of a Class B stockholder will also result in the conversion of such holder's Class B stock into common stock. Upon any purported transfer of shares of our Class B stock not permitted under our certificate of incorporation, all shares of Class B stock purported to be transferred will be deemed to be converted into shares of common stock, and stock certificates formerly representing such shares of Class B stock will from that time be deemed to represent the like number of shares of common stock.

### *Voting Rights*

Each share of common stock entitles the holder to one vote and each share of Class B stock entitles the holder to 50 votes at each annual or special meeting of our stockholders and for all other purposes on all matters being voted on by our stockholders, provided that, at such time as shares of Class B stock become outstanding, holders of the common stock, voting separately as a class with each holder of the outstanding shares of common stock being entitled to one vote in person or by proxy for each share of the common stock standing in his name, shall have the right to elect directors to the Board of Directors such that one-fifth (calculated to the nearest whole number, rounding fractional number of five-tenths (.5) to the next highest whole number) of the total number of directors on the Board of Directors shall have been elected by the holders of the common stock. The holders of our common stock and Class B stock vote as a single class on all matters submitted to a vote of our stockholders, except as otherwise set forth in our certificate of incorporation or as provided by law. Except as otherwise may be required by applicable law, neither the holders of common stock nor the holders of Class B stock have cumulative voting rights.

### *Right to Receive Liquidation Distributions*

In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of our common stock and the holders of Class B stock will be entitled to receive assets and funds available for distribution after payments to creditors and to the holders of any preferred stock that may at the time be outstanding, in proportion to the number of shares held by them, respectively, without regard to class.

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Computershare Trust Company, N.A. Our common stock is traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol `WWON.OB`. We intend to apply to list our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol `WWON`.

## **Preferred Stock**

Assuming the conversion of all shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock, Series B Preferred Stock and Class B stock into common stock (which we anticipate will occur prior to the consummation of this offering if the stockholders approve the Charter Amendments), no shares of our preferred stock are outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. However, pursuant to our certificate of incorporation our Board of Directors has the authority to cause up to 10,000,000 shares of our preferred stock to be issued from time to time in one or more series, with the powers, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations and restrictions pertaining to our preferred stock, or any series thereof to be fixed by our Board of Directors. The ability of our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock without stockholder approval could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us or the removal of our existing management.



## **Table of Contents**

### **Anti-takeover Effects of Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Section 203 of the DGCL**

The DGCL and our Certificate of Incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that could make it more difficult for a potential acquiror to acquire us by means of a tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise. These provisions are expected to discourage certain coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to negotiate first with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of these provisions outweigh the potential disadvantages of discouraging any such acquisition proposals because, among other things, the negotiation of such proposals may improve their terms.

#### *Section 203 of the DGCL*

Section 203 of the DGCL provides, in general, that a stockholder acquiring more than 15% of the voting power of a corporation subject to the statute (referred to in this prospectus as an Interested Stockholder), but less than 85% of the voting power of such corporation, may not engage in certain business combinations (as defined in Section 203 of the DGCL) with the corporation for a period of three years subsequent to the date on which the stockholder became an Interested Stockholder unless (i) prior to such time the corporation's board of directors approved either the business combination or the transaction in which the stockholder became an Interested Stockholder or (ii) the business combination is approved by the corporation's board of directors and authorized by a vote of at least 66<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the voting power of the corporation not owned by the Interested Stockholder. We are subject to the anti-takeover provisions of Section 203 of the DGCL.

#### *Classified Board of Directors*

Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms, with the term of office of only one of the three classes expiring each year. A classified board may render a change in control of us or removal of our incumbent management more difficult. We believe, however, that the longer time required to elect a majority of a classified board of directors helps to ensure the continuity and stability of our management and policies.

#### *Election of Directors*

Our Certificate of Incorporation and bylaws provide that the affirmative vote of the holders of a plurality of votes cast in the election of directors at an annual meeting will be required to elect a director. Pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, our board of directors may amend the bylaws to alter the vote required to elect directors.

#### *Number of Directors; Vacancies; Removal*

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that the number of directors will be determined in accordance with our bylaws. Our bylaws provide that a majority of our entire board of directors may at any time increase or decrease the number of directors. However, unless our bylaws are amended, the number of directors may never be less than three nor more than thirteen. Pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, our board of directors may amend the bylaws. Except as may be provided by the board of directors in setting the terms of any class or series of preferred stock, any and all vacancies on the board of directors may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors in office, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum, and any director elected to fill a vacancy will serve for the remainder of the full term of the directorship in which the vacancy occurred and until a successor is elected and qualifies.

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that a director may be removed only for cause and then only by the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors; provided, that the affirmative vote of only a majority of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors is required for such removal if such removal is approved by a majority of the continuing directors.

## **Table of Contents**

### *Action by Stockholders*

Under our Certificate of Incorporation, stockholder action can be taken only at an annual or special meeting of stockholders unless such action is approved by a majority of the continuing directors in which case such action may be taken by written consent of the stockholders having not less than the minimum voting power that would be necessary to take such action at a meeting of stockholders at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted, provided all other requirements of applicable law and the Certificate of Incorporation have been satisfied. These provisions, combined with the requirements of our bylaws regarding the calling of a stockholder-requested special meeting of stockholders discussed below, may have the effect of delaying consideration of a stockholder proposal until the next annual meeting.

### *Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations and Stockholder Proposals*

Our bylaws provide that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of individuals for election to the board of directors and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only (1) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (2) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (3) by a stockholder who is a stockholder of record both at the time of giving the advance notice required by the bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated or on any such other business and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of the bylaws.

The purpose of requiring stockholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford our board of directors a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by our board of directors, to inform stockholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to provide a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of stockholders. Although our bylaws do not give our board of directors any power to disapprove stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain action, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of stockholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our stockholders.

### *Calling of Special Meetings of Stockholders*

Our bylaws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called only by our board of directors and certain of our officers.

## **Limitation of Liability and Indemnification Matters**

Under our Certificate of Incorporation, directors have no personal liability to us or our any of our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability: (1) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders; (2) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (3) under Section 174 of the DGCL; (4) or for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Our provide that we will indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, as it now exists or may in the future be amended. Our bylaws provide that we shall advance the expenses incurred by a director or officer in advance of the final disposition of an action or proceeding. Our bylaws also authorize the board of directors to provide indemnification rights and advancement of expenses to any of our employees or agents similar to that provided to the directors and officers under the bylaws.

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**Table of Contents**

**SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE**

Upon the closing of this offering, we will have outstanding an aggregate of \_\_\_\_\_ shares of common stock. Of these shares, \_\_\_\_\_ shares of common stock to be sold in this offering, or \_\_\_\_\_ shares if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full, will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, unless the shares are held by any of our affiliates, as that term is defined in Rule 144 of the Securities Act. Certain remaining shares were issued and sold by us in private transactions and are eligible for public sale only if registered under the Securities Act or sold in accordance with Rule 144 or Rule 701, each of which is discussed below. In addition, we have outstanding stock options held by employees and directors for the purchase of \_\_\_\_\_ shares of common stock.

The holders of substantially all of our currently outstanding stock are subject to lock-up agreements under which they have agreed not to transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of common stock, for a period of either 120 or 180 days after the date of this prospectus, which is subject to extension in some circumstances, as discussed below.

As a result of the lock-up agreements described below and the provisions of Rule 144 and Rule 701 under the Securities Act, the shares of our common stock (excluding the shares to be sold in this offering) will be available for sale in the public market as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_ shares will be available for sale on the date of this prospectus;

\_\_\_\_\_ shares of common stock shares will be eligible for sale upon the expiration of the lock-up agreements, as more particularly and except as described below, beginning after expiration of the lock-up period pursuant to Rule 144 or Rule 701.

**Rule 144**

In general, under Rule 144, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is not our affiliate, has not been our affiliate for the previous three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned restricted shares of our common stock for at least six months (including any period of consecutive ownership of preceding non-affiliated holders) may sell all such shares. An affiliate or a person who has been our affiliate within the previous 90 days, and who has beneficially owned shares of our common stock for at least six months, may sell within any three-month period a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of:

\_\_\_\_\_ one percent of the number of shares of our common stock then outstanding, which will equal approximately \_\_\_\_\_ shares immediately after this offering; and

\_\_\_\_\_ the average weekly trading volume of our common stock during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale.

All sales under Rule 144 are subject to the availability of current public information about us. Sales under Rule 144 by affiliates or persons who have been affiliates within the previous 90 days are also subject to manner of sale provisions and notice requirements. Upon expiration of the applicable lock-up period, subject to any extension of the lock-up period under circumstances described below, approximately \_\_\_\_\_ shares of our outstanding restricted securities will be eligible for sale under Rule 144.

**Rule 701**

Rule 701 generally allows a stockholder who purchased shares of our common stock pursuant to a written compensatory plan or contract and who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of our company during the immediately preceding 90 days to sell these shares in reliance upon Rule 144, but without being required to comply with the public information and holding period provisions of Rule 144. Rule 701 also permits affiliates of our company to sell their Rule 701 shares under Rule 144 without complying with the holding period requirements of Rule 144.

**Table of Contents**

**Lock-Up Agreements**

For a description of the lock-up agreements with the underwriters that restrict sales of shares by us, or directors, executive officers, and stockholders, see the information under the heading Underwriting.

**Registration Rights**

After the closing of this offering, stockholders holding \_\_\_\_\_ shares of our common stock have the right, subject to various conditions and limitations, to include their shares in registration statements relating to our securities. By exercising their registration rights and causing a large number of shares to be registered and sold in the public market, these holders could cause the price of the common stock to fall. In addition, any demand to include such shares in our registration statements could have a material adverse effect on our ability to raise needed capital.

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**Table of Contents**

**DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS**

**Existing Indebtedness**

As of the date of this prospectus, we have the following outstanding long term debt:

*15% Senior Secured Notes due 2012*

We currently have outstanding \$118.4 million of Senior Notes, maturing July 15, 2012. The Senior Notes bear interest at 15.0% per annum payable 10% in cash and 5% in-kind (PIK interest). The PIK interest will be added to principal quarterly, but will not be payable until maturity. The Senior Notes may be prepaid at any time, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty. The Senior Notes are mandatorily prepayable upon, among other things, certain asset sales and the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined in the Senior Notes).

The Senior Notes are guaranteed by our domestic subsidiaries (the Guarantors and, together with us, the Loan Parties ) and are secured, pursuant to an amendment to our security agreement with the Debt Holders, by a first priority lien on substantially all of the assets of the Loan Parties, including a pledge of all of the outstanding capital stock of the Guarantors.

The Loan Parties are subject to restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit their ability to incur debt, incur liens, make investments, make capital expenditures, consummate acquisitions, pay dividends, sell assets and enter into mergers and similar transactions. Additionally, we may not exceed a maximum senior leverage ratio (the principal amount outstanding under the Senior Notes over our Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the Senior Notes)), which is a 6.25 to 1.0 ratio on December 31, 2009 but begins to decline on a quarterly basis thereafter, including to a 4.5 to 1.0 ratio on December 31, 2010 and a 3.5 to 1.0 ratio on December 31, 2011. The Senior Notes contain customary representations and warranties and affirmative covenants.

The Senior Notes also contain customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment of principal or other amounts when due; breach of covenants, inaccuracy of representations and warranties, cross-default to other indebtedness of the Company or its subsidiaries, certain ERISA-related events, certain voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy events, certain judgment related defaults and invalidity or imperfect liens on collateral. The Guarantors' obligations under the guaranty will be triggered upon the occurrence of an event of default.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Senior Notes, any holder or holders of more than 50% in principal amount of the Senior Notes may accelerate all of our obligations under the Senior Notes. For events of default related to nonpayment of principal or interest, any two holders of the Senior Notes (other than Gores) holding at least 15% (in the aggregate) of principal amount of the Senior Notes affected by the event of default, may accelerate our obligations under the Senior Notes held by them. For other events of default, the obligations under the Senior Notes are automatically accelerated.

*Senior Credit Facility*

In connection with the Restructuring, we also entered into the Senior Credit Facility with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC as the arranger, administrative agent and initial lender, pursuant to which we obtained a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan, the obligations in respect of which are subordinated to obligations in respect of the Senior Notes. As of the date of this prospectus, we have borrowed the entire amount of the term loan and have not made any borrowings of revolving loans. Loans under the Senior Credit Facility will mature on July 15, 2012.

Our obligations under the Senior Credit Facility are guaranteed by the Guarantors and Gores. Loans under the Senior Credit Facility are, subject to restrictions in the Senior Notes, mandatorily prepayable upon, among other things, certain asset sales and a change of control.

**Table of Contents**

Loans under the Senior Credit Facility bear interest, at our option, at either LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum (with a LIBOR floor of 2.5%) or a base rate plus 4.5% per annum (with a base rate floor of the greater of 3.75% and the one-month LIBOR rate). The Senior Credit Facility contains substantially identical restrictive covenants (including a maximum senior leverage ratio calculated in a manner consistent with the Senior Notes), affirmative covenants and representations and warranties as those found in the Senior Notes, subject, in the case of certain covenants, to a cushion on baskets and covenant levels from those contained in the Senior Notes.

The Senior Credit Facility contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment of principal or other amounts when due; breach of covenants; inaccuracy of representations and warranties; cross-acceleration to other indebtedness of the Company or its subsidiaries; certain ERISA-related events; certain voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy events; certain judgment related defaults; and certain events related to Gores, including defaults by Gores under the Gores guaranty and defaults by Gores under their other agreements with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC and other third parties unrelated to us. The Guarantors' obligations under the guaranty will be triggered upon demand by the agent following our failure to timely comply with our obligations under any loan document to which we are a party.

**Table of Contents**

**UNDERWRITING**

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an underwriting agreement, each of the underwriters named below has severally agreed to purchase from us and the selling stockholders the aggregate number of shares of common stock set forth opposite their respective names below:

| Underwriters               | Number of Shares |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Thomas Weisel Partners LLC |                  |
|                            |                  |

Total

Of the \_\_\_\_\_ shares to be purchased by the underwriters, \_\_\_\_\_ will be purchased from us and \_\_\_\_\_ will be purchased from the selling stockholders.

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the several underwriters are subject to various conditions, including approval of legal matters by counsel. The nature of the underwriters' obligations commits them to purchase and pay for all of the shares of common stock listed above if any are purchased.

Thomas Weisel Partners LLC expects to deliver the shares of common stock to purchasers on or about \_\_\_\_\_, 2009.

**Over-Allotment Option**

We and the selling stockholders named in this prospectus have granted a 30-day option to the underwriters to purchase up to \_\_\_\_\_ additional shares of our common stock at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. If the underwriters exercise this option in whole or in part, then each of the underwriters will be separately committed, subject to the conditions described in the underwriting agreement, to purchase the additional shares of our common stock in proportion to their respective commitments set forth in the table above.

**Commissions and Discounts**

The underwriters propose to offer the shares of common stock directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and at this price less a concession not in excess of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share of common stock to other dealers specified in a master agreement among underwriters who are members of the Financial Industry Regulatory Association. The underwriters may allow, and the other dealers specified may re-allow, concessions not in excess of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per share of common stock to these other dealers. After this offering, the offering price, concessions and other selling terms may be changed by the underwriters. Our common stock is offered subject to receipt and acceptance by the underwriters and to the other conditions, including the right to reject orders in whole or in part.

The following table summarizes the compensation to be paid to the underwriters by us and the proceeds, before expenses, payable to us and the selling stockholders:

|  | Per Share | Without<br>Over-Allotment | Total<br>With<br>Over-Allotment |
|--|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Public offering price                                  | \$        | \$                        | \$                              |
| Underwriting discount                                  | \$        | \$                        | \$                              |
| Proceeds, before expenses, to us                       | \$        | \$                        | \$                              |
| Proceeds, before expenses, to the selling stockholders | \$        | \$                        | \$                              |

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## **Table of Contents**

### **Indemnification of Underwriters**

We and the selling stockholders will indemnify the underwriters against some civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. If we or the selling stockholders are unable to provide this indemnification, we and the selling stockholders will contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

### **No Sales of Similar Securities**

All of our directors, certain of our executive officers and Gores have agreed not to offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase, make any short sale or otherwise transfer or dispose of, either directly or indirectly, any shares of common stock, any options or warrants to purchase any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock, owned directly by them or with respect to which they have beneficial ownership and whether owned as of the date of this prospectus or hereafter acquired, without the prior written consent of Thomas Weisel Partners LLC for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus. Holders who received our common stock in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement and CBS Radio have agreed to the above restrictions for a period of 120 days after the date of this prospectus. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (a) during the period that begins on the date that is 17 calendar days before the last day of the 180-day period or the 120-day period, as applicable, and ends on the last day of the 180-day period or the 120-day period, as applicable, we issue an earnings release or publicly announce material news or if a material event relating to us occurs, or (b) prior to the expiration of the 180-day period or the 120-day period, as applicable, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the 180-day period or the 120-day period, as applicable, the above restrictions will continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period after the date we issued the earnings release, publicly announced the material news or the material event occurred unless otherwise waived by Thomas Weisel Partners LLC. Thomas Weisel Partners LLC has advised us that it does not have any pre-established conditions to shortening or waiving the terms of lock-up agreements and that it would consider doing so after evaluating the facts and circumstances of each person's request. We do not anticipate requesting a waiver or shortening of the lock-up agreements from Thomas Weisel Partners LLC and have no reason to believe that any person who has or will enter into a lock-up agreement with Thomas Weisel Partners LLC in connection with the offering will make such a request.

The restrictions described in the immediately preceding paragraph do not apply to:

sales of shares of common stock offered in this offering;

transactions relating to shares of common stock acquired in open market transactions after the completion of the offering;

exercises of options or warrants by the holders thereof;

sales to us;

the transfer of shares of common stock by gift, will or intestacy;

the transfer of shares to any trust for the stockholder's direct or indirect benefit or a member of the immediate family of the stockholder;  
and

the distribution of shares of common stock to partners, members, stockholders or affiliates of our stockholders;  
provided that in the case of each of the last three types of transactions, subject to limited exceptions, each donee, distributee, transferee and recipient agrees to be subject to the restrictions described in the immediately preceding paragraph and no filing under Section 16 of the Exchange Act is required or shall be made voluntarily in connection with these transactions. In addition, our directors and officers are permitted under certain circumstances to enter into a written plan or agreement that meets the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange



Act.

## **Table of Contents**

We have agreed that for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, we will not, without the prior written consent of Thomas Weisel Partners LLC, offer, sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of common stock, except for:

the shares of common stock offered in this offering;

the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options outstanding on the date of this prospectus; and

the shares of our common stock that are issued under the equity incentive plans described in this prospectus. These restrictions will remain in effect beyond the 180-day period under the same circumstances described above.

### **NASDAQ Capital Market Listing**

We intend to apply to list our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the trading symbol WWON.

### **Short Sales, Stabilizing Transactions and Penalty Bids**

In order to facilitate this offering, persons participating in this offering may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of our common stock during and after this offering. Specifically, the underwriters may engage in the following activities in accordance with SEC rules.

*Short sales.* Short sales involve the sales by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering. Covered short sales are short sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' over-allotment option to purchase additional shares from us and the selling stockholders in this offering. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their over-allotment option to purchase shares or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares through the over-allotment option. Naked short sales are any short sales in excess of such over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering.

*Stabilizing transactions.* The underwriters may make bids for or purchases of the shares for the purpose of pegging, fixing or maintaining the price of the shares, so long as stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum.

*Penalty bids.* If the underwriters purchase shares in the open market in a stabilizing transaction or syndicate covering transaction, they may reclaim a selling concession from the underwriters and selling group members who sold those shares as part of this offering. Stabilization and syndicate covering transactions may cause the price of the shares to be higher than it would be in the absence of these transactions. The imposition of a penalty bid might also have an effect on the price of the shares if it discourages presales of the shares.

The transactions above may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our common stock or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our common stock. As a result, the price of our common stock may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market. The transactions above may occur on the NASDAQ Capital Market or otherwise. Neither we nor the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the shares. If these transactions are commenced, they may be discontinued without notice at any time.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Discretionary Sales**

The underwriters have informed us that they do not intend to confirm sales to discretionary accounts that exceed 5% of the total number of shares offered by them.

### **Stamp Taxes**

If you purchase shares of common stock offered in this prospectus, you may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges under the laws and practices of the country of purchase, in addition to the public offering price listed on the cover page of this prospectus.

### **Relationships**

The underwriters may in the future perform investment banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they may in the future receive customary fees and expenses. The underwriters may, from time to time, engage in transactions with or perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business.

## **Table of Contents**

### **LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus has been passed upon for us by Proskauer Rose LLP and for the underwriters by Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP.

### **EXPERTS**

The audited financial statements as of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008 included in this prospectus and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Westwood One, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2008 have been so included or incorporated in reliance on the report (which contains a paragraph relating to certain actions taken by management to remove substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern) of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

### **WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION AND INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE**

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of common stock we are offering. This prospectus and the information incorporated by reference herein contains all information about us and our common stock that may be material to an investor in this offering. The registration statement includes exhibits to which you should refer for additional information about us.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information is available free of charge by calling us collect at (212) 641-2000, by written request directed to us at Westwood One, Inc., 40 West 57th Street, 5th Floor, New York, NY or on our website at [www.westwoodone.com](http://www.westwoodone.com). You also may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC's Internet site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference documents we file with the SEC into this prospectus, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered part of this prospectus. Any statement in this prospectus or incorporated by reference into this prospectus shall be automatically modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in a subsequently filed document that is incorporated by reference into this prospectus modifies or supersedes such prior statement. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering.

The following documents have been filed by us with the SEC and are incorporated by reference into this prospectus:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (filed with the SEC on March 30, 2009)(the financial statements included therein have been updated in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 22, 2009);

**Table of Contents**

Amendment No. 1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (filed with the SEC on April 30, 2009);

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2009 (filed with the SEC on May 11, 2009; and

Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2009, April 6, 2009, April 27, 2009 (two reports), June 18, 2009 and June 22, 2009 (with the exception of any information contained in such documents which has been furnished under Item 2.02 and/or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, which information is not deemed filed and which is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus).

Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on June 4, 2009.

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**Table of Contents**

**INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE**

|  | <b>Page</b> |
|--|-------------|
| <b>Audited Consolidated Financial Statements</b>   |             |
| <u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>   | F-2         |
| <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2008 and 2007</u>   | F-4         |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006</u>  | F-5         |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' (Deficit) Equity for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006</u>  | F-6         |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006</u>  | F-7         |
| <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>  | F-8         |
| <b>Financial Statement Schedule:</b>   |             |
| Schedule II <u>Valuation and Qualifying Accounts</u>   | F-38        |
| <p>All other schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable, the required information is immaterial, or the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.</p> |             |
| <b>Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements</b>   |             |
| <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2009</u>   | F-39        |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008</u>  | F-40        |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008</u>  | F-41        |
| <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>  | F-42        |

**Table of Contents**

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Westwood One, Inc:

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the accompanying index present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Westwood One, Inc. and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedule, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, appearing under Item 9A of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 (not presented herein). Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, on the financial statement schedule, and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

We previously concluded that there was substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1, management has subsequently taken certain actions which we have concluded remove that substantial doubt.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New York, New York

March 30, 2009, except with respect to our opinion on the consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to (i) the disclosures under the heading Basis of Presentation, Going Concern and Management Plans Update in Note 1 and (ii) discussion of the April 23, 2009 refinancing and recapitalization transaction in Note 6 and Note 20, as to which the date is June 22, 2009.

F-3



**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET****(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)**

|   | <b>December 31,<br/>2008</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2007</b> |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                              |                              |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>  |                              |                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 6,437                     | \$ 6,187                     |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,632 (2008) and \$3,602 (2007)  | 94,273                       | 108,271                      |
| Warrants, current portion   |                              | 9,706                        |
| Prepaid and other assets  | 18,758                       | 13,990                       |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>   | <b>119,468</b>               | <b>138,154</b>               |
| Property and equipment, net   | 30,417                       | 33,012                       |
| Goodwill  | 33,988                       | 464,114                      |
| Intangible assets, net  | 2,660                        | 3,443                        |
| Deferred tax asset  | 14,220                       | 12,916                       |
| Other assets  | 4,335                        | 18,118                       |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>   | <b>\$ 205,088</b>            | <b>\$ 669,757</b>            |
| <b>LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>  |                              |                              |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>   |                              |                              |
| Accounts payable  | \$ 27,807                    | \$ 17,378                    |
| Amounts payable to related parties  | 22,680                       | 30,859                       |
| Deferred revenue  | 2,397                        | 5,815                        |
| Income taxes payable  |                              | 7,246                        |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities  | 25,565                       | 29,562                       |
| Current maturity of long-term debt  | 249,053                      |                              |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>  | <b>327,502</b>               | <b>90,860</b>                |
| Long-term debt  |                              | 345,244                      |
| Other liabilities   | 6,993                        | 6,022                        |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>  | <b>334,495</b>               | <b>442,126</b>               |
| Commitments and Contingencies   |                              |                              |
| Redeemable preferred stock: \$.01 par value, authorized: 10,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 75 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock; liquidation preference \$1,000 per share, plus accumulated dividends | 73,738                       |                              |
| <b>SHAREHOLDERS (DEFICIT) EQUITY</b>  |                              |                              |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value: authorized: 300,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 101,253 (2008) and 87,105 (2007)   | 1,013                        | 872                          |
| Class B stock, \$.01 par value: authorized: 3,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 292 (2008 and 2007)   | 3                            | 3                            |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 293,120                      | 290,786                      |
| Net unrealized gain   | 267                          | 5,955                        |
| Accumulated deficit   | (497,548)                    | (69,985)                     |

|  |            |            |
|--|------------|------------|
| <b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS (DEFICIT) EQUITY</b>   | (203,145)  | 227,631    |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b> | \$ 205,088 | \$ 669,757 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

F-4

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(In thousands, except per share amounts)**

|   | Year Ended December 31, |            |              |
|---|-------------------------|------------|--------------|
|   | 2008                    | 2007       | 2006         |
| <b>NET REVENUE</b>  | \$ 404,416              | \$ 451,384 | \$ 512,085   |
| Operating Costs (includes related party expenses of \$73,049, \$66,633 and \$75,514 respectively)                           | 360,492                 | 350,440    | 395,196      |
| Depreciation and Amortization (includes related party warrant amortization of \$1,618, \$9,706 and \$9,706 respectively)    | 11,052                  | 19,840     | 20,756       |
| Corporate General and Administrative Expenses (includes related party expenses of \$610, \$3,394 and \$3,273, respectively) | 13,442                  | 13,171     | 14,618       |
| Goodwill Impairment   | 430,126                 |            | 515,916      |
| Restructuring Charges   | 14,100                  |            |              |
| Special Charges (includes related party expenses of \$5,000, \$0 and \$0, respectively)                                     | 13,245                  | 4,626      | 1,579        |
|   | 842,457                 | 388,077    | 948,065      |
| <b>OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME</b>  | (438,041)               | 63,307     | (435,980)    |
| Interest Expense  | 16,651                  | 23,626     | 25,590       |
| Other Income  | (12,369)                | (411)      | (926)        |
| INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE  | (14,760)                | 15,724     | 8,809        |
| <b>NET (LOSS) INCOME</b>  | \$ (427,563)            | \$ 24,368  | \$ (469,453) |
| <b>NET (LOSS) INCOME attributable to Common Shareholders</b>  | \$ (427,563)            | \$ 24,368  | \$ (469,453) |
| <b>(LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE</b>  |                         |            |              |
| <b>COMMON STOCK</b>   |                         |            |              |
| BASIC   | \$ (4.39)               | \$ 0.28    | \$ (5.46)    |
| DILUTED   | \$ (4.39)               | \$ 0.28    | \$ (5.46)    |
| <b>CLASS B STOCK</b>  |                         |            |              |
| BASIC   | \$                      | \$ 0.02    | \$ 0.26      |
| DILUTED   | \$                      | \$ 0.02    | \$ 0.26      |
| <b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:</b>   |                         |            |              |
| <b>COMMON STOCK</b>   |                         |            |              |
| BASIC   | 98,015                  | 86,112     | 86,013       |
| DILUTED   | 98,015                  | 86,426     | 86,013       |
| <b>CLASS B STOCK</b>  |                         |            |              |
| BASIC   | 292                     | 292        | 292          |
| DILUTED   | 292                     | 292        | 292          |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

F-5

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS (DEFICIT) EQUITY**

(In thousands)

|  | Common Stock  |               | Class B Stock |             | Additional Paid-in Capital | (Accumulated Deficit) Retained Earnings | Unrealized Gain on Available for Sale Securities | Treasury Stock |                   | Total Shareholders Equity | Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|---|--|----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | Shares        | Amount        | Shares        | Amount      |                            |   |  | Shares         | Amount            |                           |                             |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2005</b>                         | <b>86,674</b> | <b>\$ 867</b> | <b>292</b>    | <b>\$ 3</b> | <b>\$ 300,419</b>          | <b>\$ 402,740</b>                       | <b>\$</b>  | <b>\$</b>      | <b>\$ 704,029</b> |                           |                             |
| Net loss for 2006  |               |               |               |             |                            | (469,453)                               |  |                | (469,453)         | (469,453)                 |                             |
| Comprehensive income   |               |               |               |             |                            |   | 4,570  |                | 4,570             | 4,570                     |                             |
| Equity based compensation                                      |               |               |               |             | 12,269                     |   |  |                |                   | 12,269                    |                             |
| Issuance common stock under equity based compensation plans    | 387           | 4             |               |             | 388                        |   |  |                |                   | 392                       |                             |
| Excess windfall (shortfall) benefits on stock option exercises |               |               |               |             | (131)                      |   |  |                |                   | (131)                     |                             |
| Cancellations of vested equity grants                          |               |               |               |             | (10,351)                   |   |  |                |                   | (10,351)                  |                             |
| Cancellation of warrants                                       |               |               |               |             | 290                        |   |  |                |                   | 290                       |                             |
| Cash dividend paid   |               |               |               |             |                            | (27,640)                                |  |                |                   | (27,640)                  |                             |
| Purchase of treasury stock                                     |               |               |               |             |                            |   |  | (750)          | (11,044)          | (11,044)                  |                             |
| Retirement of treasury stock                                   | (750)         | (7)           |               |             | (11,037)                   |   |  | 750            | 11,044            |                           |                             |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2006</b>                         | <b>86,311</b> | <b>\$ 864</b> | <b>292</b>    | <b>\$ 3</b> | <b>\$ 291,847</b>          | <b>\$ (94,353)</b>                      | <b>\$ 4,570</b>                                  | <b>\$</b>      | <b>\$ 202,931</b> | <b>\$ (464,883)</b>       |                             |
| Net income for 2007  |               |               |               |             |                            | 24,368                                  |  |                | 24,368            | 24,368                    |                             |
| Comprehensive income   |               |               |               |             |                            |   | 1,385  |                | 1,385             | 1,385                     |                             |
| Equity based compensation                                      |               |               |               |             | 9,606                      |   |  |                |                   | 9,606                     |                             |
| Issuance common stock under equity based compensation plans    | 794           | 8             |               |             | (344)                      |   |  |                |                   | (336)                     |                             |
| Cancellations of vested equity grants                          |               |               |               |             | (7,099)                    |   |  |                |                   | (7,099)                   |                             |
| Cancellation of warrants                                       |               |               |               |             | (1,561)                    |   |  |                |                   | (1,561)                   |                             |
| Cash dividend paid   |               |               |               |             | (1,663)                    |   |  |                |                   | (1,663)                   |                             |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2007</b>                         | <b>87,105</b> | <b>\$ 872</b> | <b>292</b>    | <b>\$ 3</b> | <b>\$ 290,786</b>          | <b>\$ (69,985)</b>                      | <b>\$ 5,955</b>                                  | <b>\$</b>      | <b>\$ 227,631</b> | <b>\$ 25,753</b>          |                             |
| Net loss for 2008  |               |               |               |             |                            | (427,563)                               |  |                | (427,563)         | (427,563)                 |                             |
| Comprehensive income   |               |               |               |             |                            |   | (5,688)  |                | (5,688)           | (5,688)                   |                             |
| Equity based compensation                                      |               |               |               |             | 5,443                      |   |  |                |                   | 5,443                     |                             |
| Issuance common stock under equity based compensation plans    | 110           | 1             |               |             | (1,727)                    |   |  |                |                   | (1,726)                   |                             |

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|                                       |        |     |          |          |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-----|----------|----------|
| Issuance of common stock              | 14,038 | 140 | 22,471   | 22,611   |
| Issuance of warrants                  |        |     | 440      | 440      |
| Cancellations of vested equity grants |        |     | (4,722)  | (4,722)  |
| Cancellation of warrants              |        |     | (19,571) | (19,571) |

|  |                |                 |                            |                     |               |           |                     |                     |
|--|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2008</b> | <b>101,253</b> | <b>\$ 1,013</b> | <b>292 \$ 3 \$ 293,120</b> | <b>\$ (497,548)</b> | <b>\$ 267</b> | <b>\$</b> | <b>\$ (203,145)</b> | <b>\$ (433,251)</b> |
|--|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

F-6

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands)

|  | Year Ended December 31, |                 |                 |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|  | 2008                    | 2007            | 2006            |
| <b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                         |                 |                 |
| Net (loss) income  | \$ (427,563)            | \$ 24,368       | \$ (469,453)    |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                         |                 |                 |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 11,052                  | 19,840          | 20,756          |
| Goodwill Impairment  | 430,126                 |                 | 515,916         |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment   | 1,257                   |                 |                 |
| Deferred taxes   | (13,907)                | (6,480)         | (20,546)        |
| Non-cash stock compensation  | 5,443                   | 9,606           | 12,269          |
| Gain on sale of marketable securities  | (12,420)                |                 |                 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs   | 1,674                   | 481             | 359             |
|  | (4,338)                 | 47,815          | 59,301          |
| Changes in assets and liabilities:   |                         |                 |                 |
| Decrease in Accounts receivable  | 13,998                  | 7,234           | 17,278          |
| (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid and other assets  | (2,515)                 | (990)           | 6,367           |
| (Decrease) in Deferred revenue   | (3,418)                 | (2,335)         | (936)           |
| (Decrease) Increase in Income taxes payable  | (7,246)                 | 1,097           | (15,724)        |
| Increase (Decrease) in Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities          | 13,736                  | (29,435)        | 32,813          |
| (Decrease) Increase in Amounts payable to related parties                                | (8,179)                 | 4,515           | 5,152           |
| <b>Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities</b>   | <b>2,038</b>            | <b>27,901</b>   | <b>104,251</b>  |
| <b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                         |                 |                 |
| Capital expenditures   | (7,313)                 | (5,849)         | (5,880)         |
| Proceeds from sale of marketable securities  | 12,741                  |                 |                 |
| Collection of loan receivable  |                         |                 | 2,000           |
| Acquisition of companies and other   |                         |                 | 75              |
| <b>Net Cash Provided (Used) In Investing Activities</b>                                  | <b>5,428</b>            | <b>(5,849)</b>  | <b>(3,805)</b>  |
| <b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                         |                 |                 |
| Issuance of common stock   | 22,760                  |                 | 392             |
| Issuance of series A convertible preferred stock and warrants                            | 74,168                  |                 |                 |
| Debt repayments and payments of capital lease obligations                                | (104,737)               | (25,730)        | (60,685)        |
| Termination of swap contracts  | 2,150                   |                 |                 |
| Dividend payments  |                         | (1,663)         | (27,640)        |
| Repurchase of common stock   |                         |                 | (11,044)        |
| Deferred financing costs   | (1,556)                 |                 | (352)           |
| Excess windfall tax benefits from stock option exercises                                 |                         |                 | 12              |
| <b>Net Cash Used in Financing Activities</b>   | <b>(7,216)</b>          | <b>(27,393)</b> | <b>(99,317)</b> |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS                                     | 250                     | (5,341)         | 1,129           |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD   | 6,187                   | 11,528          | 10,399          |

|   |          |          |           |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b> | \$ 6,437 | \$ 6,187 | \$ 11,528 |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

F-7



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**Table of Contents**

**NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

**Nature of Business**

In this report, Westwood One, Company, registrant, we, us and our refer to Westwood One, Inc. We are a provider of programming, information services and content to the radio, TV and digital sectors. We are one of the largest domestic outsource providers of traffic reporting services and one of the nation's largest radio networks, producing and distributing national news, sports, talk, music and special event programs, in addition to local news, sports, weather, video news and other information programming. We deliver our content to over 5,000 radio and television stations in the U.S. The commercial airtime that we sell to our advertisers is acquired from radio and television affiliates in exchange for our programming, content, information, and in certain circumstances, cash compensation.

From 1994 to 2008, Westwood One was managed by CBS Radio, Inc. ( CBS Radio , previously known as Infinity Broadcasting Corporation ( Infinity ), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CBS Corporation, pursuant to a management agreement between us and CBS Radio (then Infinity) which was scheduled to expire on March 31, 2009 (the Management Agreement )). On October 2, 2007, we entered into a new arrangement with CBS Radio that was approved by shareholders on February 12, 2008 and became effective on March 3, 2008. On such date, the Management Agreement terminated. See Note 2 Related Party Transactions for additional information with respect to the new arrangement.

**Basis of Presentation, Going Concern and Management Plans Update**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming we will continue as a going concern. We have incurred significant declines in operating results since 2002. In the fourth quarter of 2008, we failed to pay our most recent semi-annual interest payment due in respect of the existing Senior Notes and were not in compliance with our maximum leverage ratio covenant under the existing Facility and the Senior Notes at December 31, 2008. Both of these events constitute a separate default under the existing Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility (collectively the Facility ) and the Senior Notes. In addition, on February 27, 2009, our outstanding Facility matured and became due and payable in its entirety. We did not pay such amount, which also constitutes an event of default under the Facility and the Senior Notes. As of March 30, 2009, our lenders had not sought to exercise remedies that were available to them under applicable law or their respective existing debt agreements. The parties were working on negotiating definitive documentation relating to a refinancing of all of our outstanding indebtedness (approximately \$247,000, including unpaid interest see Note 6). Based on the facts and circumstances that existed at March 30, 2009 we concluded that if we were unable to consummate the refinancing or the lenders chose to exercise the remedies available to them, we would have been forced to seek the protection of the bankruptcy laws and that these factors raised substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

On April 23, 2009, we completed the refinancing of our outstanding long-term indebtedness and the recapitalization of our equity (see Note 20 Subsequent Events). As part of the recapitalization, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement ( Securities Purchase Agreement ) with: (1) holders of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes both of which were issued under the Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002 and (2) lenders under the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004 (the Old Credit Agreement ).

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, in consideration for releasing all of their respective claims under the Senior Notes and the Old Credit Agreement, the debt holders collectively received: (1) \$117.5 million of new senior secured notes maturing July 15, 2012 (the New Senior Notes ); (2) 34,962 shares of 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the Series B Preferred Stock ); and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. Gores purchased at a discount certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the New Senior Notes as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement.

## **Table of Contents**

In connection with the Debt Restructuring, we also entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC, as the arranger, administrative agent and initial lender, pursuant to which we obtained a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan, the obligations in respect of which are subordinated to obligations in respect of the New Senior Notes. We borrowed the entire amount of the term loan on the Closing Date and did not make any borrowings under the revolving line of credit. Loans under the Credit Agreement will mature on July 15, 2012 and proceeds of the term loan will be used to, among other things, consummate the transactions contemplated by the Restructuring, and pay fees and expenses in connection therewith. Proceeds of the revolving loans are expected to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

In connection with the Equity Restructuring, Gores (1) agreed to purchase, at a discount, certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the Senior Notes, (2) agreed to guarantee the Senior Credit Facility and a \$10.0 million contractual commitment by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries and (3) invested \$25.0 million in the Company for 25,000 shares of 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series B Convertible Preferred Stock"). In connection with Gores providing the guarantees and purchasing the debt from non-participating holders, the 75,000 shares of 7.0% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series A Preferred Stock") held by Gores immediately prior to the Restructuring, which then had a liquidation preference of approximately \$79.0 million, were exchanged for 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series A-1 Preferred Stock").

As described above, based on the facts and circumstances that existed on March 30, 2009, the Company had previously disclosed there was substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Management has subsequently reviewed the impact of the refinancing and recapitalization, including projected covenant compliance under the new debt, the results of our restructuring plan and our current forecasted results and has concluded that the conditions that gave rise to substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern have been removed.

## **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries.

## **Geographic and Segment Information**

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" requires disclosure of financial and descriptive information about reportable operating segments, revenue by products or services, and revenue and assets by geographic areas. We established a new organizational structure in the fourth quarter of 2008, pursuant to which we manage and report our business in two operating segments: Network and Metro/Traffic. We evaluated performance based on segment operating (loss) income. Administrative functions such as finance, human resources and information systems are centralized. However, where applicable, portions of the administrative function costs are allocated between the operating segments. The operating segments do not share programming or report distribution.

## **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized when earned, which occurs at the time commercial advertisements are broadcast. Payments received in advance are deferred until earned and such amounts are included as a component of Deferred Revenue in the accompanying Balance Sheet.

We considered matters such as credit and inventory risks, among others, in assessing arrangements with our programming and distribution partners. In those circumstances where we function as the principal in the transaction, the revenue and associated operating costs are presented on a gross basis in the consolidated statement of operations. In those circumstances where we function as an agent or sales representative, our effective commission is presented within Revenue with no corresponding operating expenses.

**Table of Contents**

Barter transactions represent the exchange of commercial announcements for programming rights, merchandise or services. These transactions are recorded at the fair market value of the commercial announcements relinquished, or the fair value of the merchandise and services received. A wide range of factors could materially affect the fair market value of commercial airtime sold in future periods (See the section entitled Cautionary Statement regarding Forward-Looking Statements in Item 1 and Item 1A Risk Factors ), which would require us to increase or decrease the amount of assets and liabilities and related revenue and expenses recorded from prospective barter transactions.

Revenue is recognized on barter transactions when the advertisements are broadcast. Expenses are recorded when the merchandise or service is utilized. Barter revenue of \$13,152, \$15,854 and \$22,923 has been recognized for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and barter expenses of \$12,740, \$16,116 and \$19,433 have been recognized for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

**Equity-Based Compensation**

We account for equity based compensation under Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share-Based Payment ( SFAS 123R ) which requires that companies record expense for stock compensation on a fair value based method.

**Depreciation**

Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

|  |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Buildings                                    | 40 years                      |
| Leasehold Improvements                       | Shorter of life or lease term |
| Recording, broadcasting and studio equipment | 5 - 10 years                  |
| Furniture and equipment and other            | 3 - 10 years                  |

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Management continually evaluates its estimates and judgments including those related to allowances for doubtful accounts, useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets and the valuation of such, barter inventory, fair value of stock options granted, forfeiture rate of equity based compensation grants, income taxes and valuation allowances on such and other contingencies. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and other factors that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

**Cash Equivalents**

We consider all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

**Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses which may result from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We base our allowance on the likelihood of recoverability of accounts receivable by aging category, based on past experience and taking into account current collection trends that are expected to continue. If economic or specific industry trends worsen beyond our estimates,

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## **Table of Contents**

we would be required to increase our allowance for doubtful accounts. Alternatively, if trends improve beyond our estimates, we would be required to decrease our allowance for doubtful accounts. Our estimates are reviewed periodically, and adjustments are reflected through bad debt expense in the period they become known. Changes in our bad debt experience can materially affect our results of operations. Our allowance for bad debts requires us to consider anticipated collection trends and requires a high degree of judgment. In addition, as fully described herein, our results in any reporting period could be impacted by relatively few but significant bad debts.

### **Program Rights**

Program rights are stated at the lower of cost, less accumulated amortization, or net realizable value. Program rights and the related liabilities are recorded when the license period begins and the program is available for use, and are charged to expense when the event is broadcast.

### **Financial Instruments**

We use derivative financial instruments (fixed-to-floating interest rate swap agreements) for the purpose of hedging specific exposures and hold all derivatives for purposes other than trading. All derivative financial instruments held reduce the risk of the underlying hedged item and are designated at inception as hedges with respect to the underlying hedged item. Hedges of fair value exposure are entered into in order to hedge the fair value of a recognized asset, liability or a firm commitment. Derivative contracts are entered into with major creditworthy institutions to minimize the risk of credit loss and are structured to be 100% effective. In 2007, we had designated the interest rate swaps as a fair value hedge. Accordingly pursuant to SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended, the fair value of the swaps were included in other current assets (liabilities) on the consolidated balance sheet with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying value of the underlying debt at December 31, 2007. In December 2008 we terminated the remaining interest rate swaps, resulting in cash proceeds of \$2,150, which has been classified as a financing cash inflow in our Statement of Cash Flows. The resulting gain of \$2,150 from the termination of the derivative contracts is being amortized over the life of the debt.

### **Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over fair value of net assets of businesses acquired. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 ( SFAS 142 ) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets , the value assigned to goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets is not amortized to expense, but rather the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is compared to its carrying amount on at least an annual basis to determine if there is a potential impairment. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill and intangible assets is less than their carrying value.

Prior to 2008, we operated as a single reportable operating segment: the sale of commercial time. As part of our re-engineering initiative implemented in the second half of 2008, we installed separate management for the Network and Metro/Traffic divisions providing discrete financial information and management oversight. Accordingly, we have determined that each division is an operating segment. A reporting unit is the operating segment or a business which is one level below the operating segment. Our reporting units are consistent with our operating segments and impairment has been tested at this level.

In order to estimate the fair values of assets and liabilities a company may use various methods including discounted cash flows, excess earnings, profit split and income methods. Utilization of any of these methods requires that a company make important assumptions and judgments about future operating results, cash flows, discount rates, and the probability of various scenarios, as well as the proportional contribution of various assets to results and other judgmental allocations. In conjunction with the change to two reporting units, we determined that using the discounted cash flow model in its entirety to be the best evaluation of the fair value of our two reporting units. In prior periods, we evaluated the fair value of our one reporting unit based on a weighted average of seventy-five percent from a discounted cash flow approach and twenty-five percent from the quoted market price of our stock.

## **Table of Contents**

On an annual basis and upon the occurrence of certain events, we are required to perform impairment tests on our identified intangible assets with indefinite lives, including goodwill, which testing could impact the value of our business. In 2008, we determined that our goodwill was impaired and recorded impairment charges totaling \$430,126 (\$206,053 in the second quarter and \$224,073 in the fourth quarter as a result of our annual impairment test). The remaining value of our goodwill is approximately \$33,988.

Intangible assets subject to amortization primarily consist of affiliation agreements that were acquired in prior years. Such affiliate contracts, when aggregated, create a nationwide audience that is sold to national advertisers. The intangible asset values assigned to the affiliate agreements for each acquisition were determined based upon the expected discounted aggregate cash flows to be derived over the life of the affiliate relationship. The method of amortizing the intangible asset values reflects, based upon our historical experience, an accelerated rate of attrition in the affiliate base over the expected life of the affiliate relationships. Accordingly, we amortized the value assigned to affiliate agreements on an accelerated basis (periods ranging from 4 to 20 years with a weighted-average amortization period of approximately 8 years) consistent with the pattern of cash flows which are expected to be derived. We review the recoverability of our finite-lived intangible assets for recoverability whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparison to associated undiscounted cash flows. No impairment of intangible assets has been identified in any period presented.

## **Income Taxes**

We use the asset and liability method of financial accounting and reporting for income taxes required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 ( SFAS 109 ), Accounting for Income Taxes . Under SFAS 109, deferred income taxes reflect the tax impact of temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and the amounts recognized for tax purposes.

Effective January 1, 2007, we adopted FIN No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes which resulted in no material adjustment in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits. We classified interest expense and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109 and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with this interpretation is a two-step process. The first step is recognition, in which the enterprise determines whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step is measurement. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is measured to determine the amount of benefit to recognize in the financial statements.

We determined, based upon the weight of available evidence, that it is more likely than not that our deferred tax asset will be realized. We have experienced a long history of taxable income which would enable us to carryback any potential future net operating losses and taxable temporary differences that can be used as a source of income. As such, no valuation allowance was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2008. We will continue to assess the need for a valuation allowance at each future reporting period.

## **Earnings per Share**

We have outstanding two classes of common stock (common stock and Class B stock) and a class of preferred stock (7.50% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, referred to herein as the Series A Preferred Stock ). Both the Class B stock and the Series A Preferred Stock are convertible to common stock. With respect to dividend rights, the common stock is entitled to cash dividends of at least ten percent higher

**Table of Contents**

than those declared and paid on our Class B stock, and the Series A Preferred Stock is also entitled to dividends as discussed in Note 3 The Series A Preferred Stock is therefore considered a participating security requiring use of the two-class method for the computation of basic net income (loss) per share in accordance with EITF 03-06. Losses are not allocated to the Series A Preferred Stock in the computation of basic earnings per share as the Series A Preferred Stock is not obligated to share in losses. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the if-converted method.

Basic earnings per share ( EPS ) excludes the effect of common stock equivalents and is computed using the two-class computation method, which divides the sum of distributed earnings to common and Class B stockholders and undistributed earnings allocated to Common stockholders and Series A Preferred stockholders on a pro rata basis, after Series A Preferred Stock dividends, by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could result if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Diluted earnings per common share assumes the exercise of stock options using the treasury stock method and the conversion of Class B stock and Series A Preferred Stock using the if-converted method.

**Table of Contents**

The following is a reconciliation of our shares of common stock and Class B stock outstanding for calculating basic and diluted net (loss) income per share:

|  | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |             |              |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>                    | <b>2007</b> | <b>2006</b>  |
| <b>Net (Losses) Income</b>                                 | \$ (427,563)                   | \$ 24,368   | \$ (469,453) |
| Less: Accumulated Preferred Stock dividends                | (3,081)                        |             |              |
| Less: distributed earnings to Common shareholders          |                                | 1,658       | 27,565       |
| Less: distributed earnings to Class B shareholders         |                                | 5           | 75           |
| <b>Undistributed earnings</b>                              | \$ (430,644)                   | \$ 22,705   | \$ (497,093) |
| <b>Earnings - Common stock</b>                             |                                |             |              |
| <i>Basic</i>   |                                |             |              |
| Distributed earnings to Common shareholders                | \$                             | \$ 1,658    | \$ 27,565    |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to Common shareholders    | (430,644)                      | 22,705      | (497,093)    |
| <b>Total Earnings - Common stock, basic</b>                | \$ (430,644)                   | \$ 24,363   | \$ (469,528) |
| <i>Diluted</i>   |                                |             |              |
| Distributed earnings to Common shareholders                | \$                             | \$ 1,658    | \$ 27,565    |
| Distributed earnings to Class B shareholders               |                                | 5           |              |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to Common shareholders    | (430,644)                      | 22,705      | (497,093)    |
| <b>Total Earnings - Common stock, diluted</b>              | \$ (430,644)                   | \$ 24,368   | \$ (469,528) |
| <b>Weighted average Common shares outstanding, basic</b>   | 98,015                         | 86,112      | 86,013       |
| Share-based compensation                                   |                                | 22          |              |
| Warrants   |                                |             |              |
| <b>Weighted average Class B shares</b>                     | 292                            | 292         | 292          |
| <b>Weighted average Common shares outstanding, diluted</b> | 98,307                         | 86,426      | 86,305       |
| <b>(Loss) Earnings per Common share, basic</b>             |                                |             |              |
| Distributed earnings, basic                                | \$                             | \$ 0.02     | \$ 0.32      |
| Undistributed earnings - basic                             | (4.39)                         | 0.26        | (5.78)       |
| <b>Total</b>   | \$ (4.39)                      | \$ 0.28     | \$ (5.46)    |
| <b>(Loss) Earnings per Common share, diluted</b>           |                                |             |              |
| Distributed earnings, diluted                              | \$                             | \$ 0.02     | \$ 0.32      |
| Undistributed earnings - diluted                           | (4.39)                         | 0.26        | (5.78)       |
| <b>Total</b>   | \$ (4.39)                      | \$ 0.28     | \$ (5.46)    |
| <b>Earnings per share - Class B Stock</b>                  |                                |             |              |
| <i>Basic</i>   |                                |             |              |
| Distributed earnings to Class B shareholders               | \$                             | \$ 5        | \$ 75        |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to Class B shareholders   |                                |             |              |
| <b>Total Earnings - Class B Stock, basic</b>               | \$                             | \$ 5        | \$ 75        |
| <i>Diluted</i>   |                                |             |              |
| Distributed earnings to Class B shareholders               | \$                             | \$ 5        | \$ 75        |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to Class B shareholders   |                                |             |              |

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|   |                               |    |     |    |      |     |      |
|---|-------------------------------|----|-----|----|------|-----|------|
| <b>Total Earnings</b>                                       | <b>Class B Stock, diluted</b> | \$ | \$  | 5  | \$   | 75  |      |
| <b>Weighted average Class B shares outstanding, basic</b>   |                               |    | 292 |    | 292  | 292 |      |
| Share-based compensation                                    |                               |    |     |    |      |     |      |
| Warrants  |                               |    |     |    |      |     |      |
| <b>Weighted average Class B shares outstanding, diluted</b> |                               |    | 292 |    | 292  | 292 |      |
| <b>Earnings per Class B share, basic</b>                    |                               |    |     |    |      |     |      |
| Distributed earnings, basic                                 |                               | \$ |     | \$ | 0.02 | \$  | 0.26 |
| Undistributed earnings                                      | basic                         |    |     |    |      |     |      |
| <b>Total</b>  |                               | \$ |     | \$ | 0.02 | \$  | 0.26 |
| <b>Earnings per Class B share, diluted</b>                  |                               |    |     |    |      |     |      |
| Distributed earnings, diluted                               |                               | \$ |     | \$ | 0.02 | \$  | 0.26 |
| Undistributed earnings                                      | diluted                       |    |     |    |      |     |      |
| <b>Total</b>  |                               | \$ |     | \$ | 0.02 | \$  | 0.26 |

F-14



**Table of Contents**

Common equivalent shares are excluded in periods in which they are anti-dilutive. The following options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and warrants were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because the combined exercise price, unamortized fair value, and excess tax benefits were greater than the average market price of our common stock for the years presented:

|                        | 2008   | 2007  | 2006  |
|------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Options                | 7,000  | 6,426 | 6,993 |
| Restricted Stock       | 364    | 971   | 326   |
| Restricted Stock Units | 1,216  | 203   | 226   |
| Warrants               | 10,000 | 3,000 | 3,500 |

The per share exercise prices of the options excluded were \$0.05-\$38.34 in 2008, \$1.87-\$38.34 in 2007 and \$9.13-\$38.34 in 2006. The per share exercise prices of the warrants excluded were \$5-\$7 in 2008, and \$43.11-\$67.98 in 2007 and 2006.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In October 2008, the FASB issued FSP 157-3 ( FSP 157-3 ) Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active. FSP 157-3 clarifies the applications of SFAS No. 157 in a market that is not active, and addresses application issues such as the use of internal assumptions when relevant observable data does not exist, the use of observable market information when the market is not active, and the use of market quotes when assessing the relevance of observable and unobservable data. FSP 157-3 is effective immediately for all periods presented in accordance with SFAS No. 157 (defined below). The adoption of FSP 157-3 did not have any significant impact on our consolidated financial statements or the fair values of our financial assets and liabilities.

In February 2008, FSP 157-1 Application of FASB Statement No. 157 to FASB Statement No. 13 and Other Accounting Pronouncements That Address Fair Value Measurements for Purposes of Lease Classification or Measurement under Statement 13 was issued. FSP 157-1 removed leasing transactions accounted for under Statement 13 and related guidance from the scope of SFAS No. 157. FSP 157-2 Partial Deferral of the Effective Date of Statement 157 (FSP 157-2), also issued in February 2008, deferred the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The implementation of this standard is not anticipated to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position and results of operation.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Fair Value Measurements ( SFAS No. 157 ). SFAS No. 157 establishes a common definition of fair value to be applied to US GAAP guidance that requires the use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, except for certain non-financial assets where the effective date will be January 1, 2009. Our adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, Disclosures About Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 expands quarterly disclosure requirements in SFAS No. 133 about an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. We will include the relevant disclosures in our financial statements beginning with the first quarter of 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations ( SFAS 141R ). SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in our financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141R also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141R is effective as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008, and will be adopted by us in the first quarter of fiscal 2009.

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**Table of Contents**

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* (SFAS No. 160). SFAS No. 160 establishes requirements for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent (sometimes called *minority interests*) to be clearly identified, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent's equity. All changes in the parent's ownership interests are required to be accounted for consistently as equity transactions and any non-controlling equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries must be measured initially at fair value. SFAS No. 160 is effective, on a prospective basis, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. However, presentation and disclosure requirements must be retrospectively applied to comparative financial statements.

***Reclassifications and Revisions***

In 2008, we recorded various adjustments related to prior periods including a reduction of stock-based compensation expense of \$1,225, an increase to salary expense to record unused vacation time of \$1,107, a write-off of fixed assets of \$705 and an unrealized gain of \$665.

Certain amounts reported in 2006 have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Revenue from certain contracts were previously recorded net of expenses paid to third party partners. In 2007, we had determined that we should be recording the related revenue and expense gross in our statement of operations. Accordingly, revenue and operating costs for 2006 were increased by \$18,089. In addition, a portion of a health care cost credit previously reflected entirely within corporate general and administrative expenses has been reclassified to operating costs. As a result, operating costs for 2006 decreased and corporate general and administrative expenses increased by \$1,413.

We conducted an analysis of the impact of such errors and adjustments on various line items of our financial statements and concluded that such errors and adjustments are not material to our Consolidated Financial Statements at December 31, 2008, and did not have any impact on any key trend or indicator of us, including our debt covenants. Accordingly, we determined the adjustments described above are not material to our Consolidated Financial Statements for 2008 or for any prior periods Consolidated Financial Statements. As a result, we have not restated any prior period amounts.

**NOTE 2 Related Party Transactions:*****CBS Radio***

On March 3, 2008, we closed on the Master Agreement entered into on October 2, 2007 with CBS Radio, which documents a long-term agreement through March 31, 2017. As part of the new agreement, CBS Radio agreed to broadcast certain of our local/regional and national commercial inventory through March 31, 2017 in exchange for certain programming and/or cash compensation. Additionally, the News Programming Agreement, the Technical Services Agreement and the Trademark License Agreement were amended and restated and extended through March 31, 2017. The previous Management Agreement and Representation Agreement were cancelled on March 3, 2008 and \$16,300 of compensation previously paid to CBS Radio under those agreements were added to the maximum potential compensation CBS Radio could earn pursuant to its station affiliation with us. In addition, all warrants previously granted to CBS Radio were cancelled on March 3, 2008.

CBS Radio owns 16,000 shares of our common stock and prior to March 3, 2008 provided ongoing management services to us under the terms of the Management Agreement. As payment for services received under the previous Management Agreement, we compensated CBS Radio via an annual base fee and provided CBS Radio the opportunity to earn an incentive bonus if we exceeded pre-determined targeted cash flows. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, we paid CBS Radio a base fee of \$610, \$3,394 and \$3,273, respectively. No incentive bonus was paid to CBS Radio in such years as targeted cash flow levels were not achieved during such periods.

**Table of Contents**

Additionally, we granted to CBS Radio seven fully vested and non-forfeitable warrants to purchase 4,500 shares of our common stock in the aggregate (comprised of two warrants to purchase 1,000 shares of common stock per warrant and five warrants to purchase 500 shares of common stock per warrant). Of the seven warrants issued, two 1,000 share warrants had an exercise price of \$43.11 and \$48.36, respectively, and become exercisable: (A) if the average price of our common stock reaches a price of \$64.67 and \$77.38, respectively, for at least 20 out of 30 consecutive trading days for any period throughout the ten year term of the warrants or (B) upon the termination of the Management Agreement by us in certain circumstances as described in the terms of such warrants.

The exercise prices for the five remaining warrants were equal to \$38.87, \$44.70, \$51.40, \$59.11 and \$67.98, respectively. These warrants each had a term of 10 years (only if they become exercisable) and were exercisable on January 2, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, and 2009, respectively, subject to a trading price condition. The trading price condition specified that the average price of our common stock for each of the 15 trading days prior to January 2 of the applicable year (commencing on January 2, 2005 with respect to the first 500 warrant tranche and each January 2 thereafter for each of the remaining four warrants) must be equal to at least both the exercise price of the warrant and 120% of the corresponding prior year 15 day trading average. Our stock price did not equal or exceed the predetermined levels with respect to the 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008 warrants, and therefore, the warrants never became exercisable. In connection with the cancellation of these warrants, on March 3, 2008 we reduced the related deferred tax asset, resulting in a reduction of additional paid in capital of \$9,056.

In connection with the issuance of warrants to CBS Radio in May 2002, we originally reflected the fair value of the warrant issuance of \$48,530 as a component of Other Assets with a corresponding increase to Additional Paid in Capital in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet. Upon commencement of the term of the service period to which the warrants relate (April 1, 2004), we commenced amortizing the cost of the warrants ratably over the five-year service period. At December 31, 2007, the unamortized value of the May 2002 warrants was \$12,132, of which \$9,706 was included as a component of Prepaid and Other Assets and \$2,426 was included as a component of Other Assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet. Related Amortization Expense was \$1,618 in 2008 and \$9,706 in 2007 and 2006.

In addition to the Management Agreement described above, we also entered into other transactions with CBS Radio and affiliates of CBS Radio, including Viacom, in the normal course of business. Such arrangements include a Representation Agreement (including a related news programming agreement, a license agreement and a technical services agreement with an affiliate of CBS Radio collectively referred to as the Representation Agreement ) to operate the CBS Radio Networks, affiliation agreements with many of CBS Radio's owned and operated radio stations and the purchase of programming rights from CBS Radio and affiliates of CBS Radio. The Management Agreement provided that all transactions between us and CBS Radio or its affiliates, other than the Management Agreement and Representation Agreement which were ratified by our shareholders, must be on a basis that is at least as favorable to us as if the transactions were entered into with an independent third party. In addition, subject to specified exceptions, all agreements between us and CBS Radio or any of its affiliates must be approved by our Board of Directors.

We incurred the following expenses as a result of transactions with CBS Radio or its affiliates in the following years:

|   | 2008      | 2007      | 2006      |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Representation Agreement                              | \$ 15,440 | \$ 27,319 | \$ 27,142 |
| Programming and Affiliations                          | 57,609    | 39,314    | 48,372    |
| Management Agreement (excluding warrant amortization) | 610       | 3,394     | 3,273     |
| Warrant Amortization                                  | 1,618     | 9,706     | 9,706     |
| Payment upon closing of Master Agreement              | 5,000     |           |           |
|   | \$ 80,277 | \$ 79,733 | \$ 88,493 |

**Table of Contents**

Expenses incurred for the Representation Agreement and programming and affiliate arrangements are included as a component of Operating Costs in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. Expenses incurred for the Management Agreement (excluding warrant amortization) and amortization of the warrants granted to CBS Radio under the Management Agreement (through March 3, 2008) were included as a component of Corporate, General and Administrative Expenses and Depreciation and Amortization, respectively, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. The description and amounts regarding related party transactions set forth in these consolidated financial statements and related notes also reflect transactions between us and Viacom. Viacom is an affiliate of CBS Radio, as National Amusements, Inc. beneficially owns a majority of the voting powers of all classes of common stock of each of CBS Corporation and Viacom.

**POP Radio**

We also have a related party relationship, including a sales representation agreement, with our investee, POP Radio, L.P., which is described in Note 5 Acquisitions and Investments.

**NOTE 3 Property and Equipment:**

|  | <b>December 31,</b> |                   |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>         | <b>2007</b>       |
| Property and equipment is recorded at cost and is summarized as follows: |                     |                   |
| Land, buildings and improvements   | \$ 11,999           | \$ 12,188         |
| Recording, broadcasting and studio equipment                             | 75,907              | 71,090            |
| Furniture, equipment and other   | 18,445              | 19,274            |
|  | <b>\$ 106,351</b>   | <b>\$ 102,552</b> |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization                          | 75,934              | 69,540            |
| Property and equipment, net  | <b>\$ 30,417</b>    | <b>\$ 33,012</b>  |

Depreciation expense was \$8,652, \$9,134 and \$9,693 for the year ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. In 2001, we entered into a capital lease for satellite transponders totaling \$6,723. Accumulated amortization related to the capital lease was \$4,949 and \$4,258 as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

**NOTE 4 Goodwill and Intangible Assets:**

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over fair value of net assets of businesses acquired. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ( SFAS 142 ), the value assigned to goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets is not amortized to expense, but rather the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is compared to its carrying amount on at least an annual basis to determine if there is a potential impairment. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill and intangible assets is less than their carrying value.

Prior to the fourth quarter 2008, we operated as a single reportable operating segment: the sale of commercial time. As part of our Metro/Traffic re-engineering initiative implemented in the fourth quarter of 2008, we installed separate management for the Network and Metro/Traffic divisions providing discreet financial information and management oversight. Accordingly, we have determined that each division is an operating segment. A reporting unit is the operating segment or a business which is one level below the operating segment. Our reporting units are consistent with our operating segments and impairment has been tested at this level.

## **Table of Contents**

In the fourth quarter 2008, in conjunction with the change to two reporting units, we determined that solely using the income approach was the best evaluation of the fair value of our two reporting units. In prior periods, we evaluated the fair value of our reporting unit based on a weighted average of the income approach (75% weight) and the quoted market price of our stock (25% weight).

In 2008, we determined that our goodwill was impaired and recorded impairment charges totaling \$430,126 (\$206,053 in the second quarter and \$224,073 in the fourth quarter). The remaining value of our goodwill is \$33,988.

In using the income approach to test goodwill for impairment as of December 31, 2008, we made the following assumptions: (a) the discount rate was 14%; (b) market growth rates were based upon management's estimates of future performance and (c) terminal growth rates were in the 2% to 3% range. The discount rate reflects the volatility of our operating performance and our common stock. The market growth rates and operating performance estimates reflect the current general economic pressures impacting both the national and a number of local economies, and specifically, national and local advertising revenues in the markets in which our affiliates operate.

Earlier in 2008, as a result of a continued decline in our operating performance and stock price, caused in part by reduced valuation multiples in the radio industry, we determined a triggering event had occurred and as a result performed an interim test to determine if our goodwill was impaired at June 30, 2008. The interim test resulted in an impairment of goodwill and accordingly, we recorded a non-cash charge of \$206,053. The majority of the goodwill impairment charge is not deductible for income tax purposes.

In connection with the income approach portion of the goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2008, we used the following assumptions: (a) the discount rate was 12%; (b) market growth rates that were based upon management's estimates of future performance of our operations and (c) terminal growth rates were in the 2% to 3% range. The discount rate reflects the volatility of our operating performance and our common stock. The market growth rates and operating performance estimates used reflected the general economic pressures impacting both the national and a number of local economies, and specifically, national and local advertising revenues in the markets in which our affiliates operate as of June 30, 2008.

Determining the fair value of our reporting units requires our management to make a number of judgments about assumptions and estimates that are highly subjective and that are based on unobservable inputs. The actual results may differ from these assumptions and estimates; and it is possible that such differences could have a material impact on our financial statements. In addition to the various inputs (i.e. market growth, discount rates) that we use to calculate the fair value of our reporting units, we evaluate the reasonableness of our assumptions by comparing the total fair value of all our reporting units to our total market capitalization; and by comparing the fair value of our reporting units to recent or proposed transactions.

As noted above, we are required under SFAS 142 to test our goodwill on an annual basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that these assets might be impaired. As a result, if the current economic trends continue and the credit and capital markets continue to be disrupted, it is possible that we may record further impairments in 2009.

In connection with our annual goodwill impairment testing for 2007, we determined goodwill was not impaired at December 31, 2007.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, we determined there was an impairment of goodwill and recorded a non-cash charge of \$515,916.

**Table of Contents**

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

|                                   | 2008             | 2007              |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Balance as of January 1,          | \$ 464,114       | \$ 464,114        |
| Impairment (Metro/Traffic)        | (303,703)        |                   |
| Impairment (Network)              | (126,423)        |                   |
| <b>Balance as of December 31,</b> | <b>\$ 33,988</b> | <b>\$ 464,114</b> |

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the gross value of our amortizable intangible assets was approximately \$28,380, with accumulated amortization of approximately \$25,720 and \$24,937, respectively. Amortization expense was \$783, \$783 and \$783 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. We estimated aggregate amortization expense for intangibles for fiscal year 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 will be \$783, \$734, \$634, \$134 and \$134, respectively.

**NOTE 5 Acquisitions and Investments:**

On December 22, 2008, we entered into a License and Services Agreement with TrafficLand which provides us with a three-year license to market and distribute TrafficLand services and products. Concurrent with the execution of the License Agreement, we entered into an option agreement with TrafficLand granting us the right to acquire 100% of the stock of TrafficLand pursuant to the terms of a merger agreement which the parties have negotiated and placed in escrow. Specifically, if we pay the first \$3,000 of fees under the License Agreement on or before February 20, 2009, we will have the right to cause the merger agreement to be released from escrow at any time between that payment date and March 31, 2009. Since we have made the minimum Payments required under the License Agreement, we may elect on our own to exercise our option to have the Merger Agreement released from escrow on or prior to April 15, 2009, at which time the Merger Agreement would have been deemed executed. The release of the Merger Agreement does not require that we close the merger, which remains subject to additional closing conditions, including the consent of our lenders. Upon consummation of the closing of the merger, the License Agreement would terminate. Costs of \$800 associated with this transition have been expensed as of December 31, 2008.

As TrafficLand qualifies as a variable interest entity, we considered qualitative and quantitative factors to determine if we are the primary beneficiary pursuant to FIN 46(R) of this variable interest entity. In connection with the TrafficLand arrangement, as of December 31, 2008 we do not hold an equity interest or a debt interest in the variable interest entity, and we did not absorb a majority of the expected losses or residual returns. Therefore we do not qualify as the primary beneficiary and, accordingly, we have not consolidated this entity.

On March 29, 2006, our cost method investment in The Australia Traffic Network Pty Limited ( ATN ) was converted to 1,540 shares of common stock of Global Traffic Network, Inc. ( GTN ) in connection with the initial public offering of GTN on that date. The investment in GTN was sold during the quarter ended September 30, 2008 and we received proceeds of approximately \$12,741 and realized a gain of \$12,420. Such gain is included as a component of Other Income/(Loss) in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

On October 28, 2005, we became a limited partner of POP Radio, LP ( POP Radio ) pursuant to the terms of a subscription agreement dated as of the same date. As part of the transaction, effective January 1, 2006, we became the exclusive sales representative of the majority of advertising on the POP Radio network for five years, until December 31, 2010, unless earlier terminated by the express terms of the sales representative agreement. We hold a 20% limited partnership interest in POP Radio. No additional capital contributions are required by any of the limited partners. This investment is being accounted for under the equity method. The initial investment balance was *de minimis*, and our equity in earnings of POP Radio through December 31, 2008 was *de minimis*.

**Table of Contents**

On September 29, 2006, we, along with the other limited partners of POP Radio, elected to participate in a recapitalization transaction negotiated by POP Radio with Alta Communications, Inc. ( Alta ), in return for which we received \$529 on November 13, 2006 which was recorded within Other Income in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2006. Pursuant to the terms of the transaction, if and when Alta elects to exercise warrants it received in connection with the transaction, our limited partnership interest in POP Radio will decrease from 20% to 6%.

**NOTE 6 Debt:**

|  | 2008       | 2007       |
|--|------------|------------|
| Revolving Credit Facility/Term Loan            | \$ 41,000  | \$ 145,000 |
| 4.64% Senior Notes<br>due on November 30, 2009 | 51,475     | 50,000     |
| 5.26% Senior Notes<br>due on November 30, 2012 | 154,503    | 150,000    |
| Deferred derivative gain                       | 2,075      |            |
| Fair market value of Swap                      |            | 244        |
|  | \$ 249,053 | \$ 345,244 |

On October 31, 2006 we amended our existing senior loan agreement with a syndicate of banks led by JP Morgan Chase Bank and Bank of America. The Facility, as amended, is comprised of an unsecured five-year \$120,000 term loan and a five-year \$150,000 revolving credit facility which was automatically reduced to \$125,000 effective September 28, 2007. In connection with the original closing of the Facility on March 3, 2004, we borrowed the full amount of the term loan, the proceeds of which were used to repay the outstanding borrowings under a prior facility. Interest on the Facility is variable and is payable at a maximum of the prime rate plus an applicable margin of up to .25% or LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 1.25%, at our option. The applicable margin is determined by our Total Debt Ratio, as defined in the underlying agreements. The Facility contains covenants relating to dividends, liens, indebtedness, capital expenditures and restricted payments, as defined, interest coverage and leverage ratios.

On December 3, 2002 we issued, through a private placement, \$150,000 of ten year Senior Notes due November 30, 2012 (interest at a fixed rate of 5.26%) and \$50,000 of seven year Senior Notes due November 30, 2009 (interest at a fixed rate of 4.64%, collectively referred to as Senior Notes or Notes ). Interest on the Notes is payable semi-annually in May and November. The Notes, which were unsecured, contain covenants relating to leverage and interest coverage ratios that are identical to those contained in our Facility. The Notes may be prepaid at the option of us upon proper notice and by paying principal, interest and an early payment penalty.

In addition, we entered into a seven-year interest rate swap agreement covering \$25,000 notional value of our outstanding borrowings under the Senior Notes to effectively float the interest rate at three-month LIBOR plus 74 basis points and two ten-year interest rate swap agreements covering \$75,000 notional value of our outstanding borrowings under the Senior Notes to effectively float the interest rate at three-month LIBOR plus 80 basis points. In total, the swaps covered \$100,000 which represented 50% of the notional amount of Senior Notes. In November 2007, one of the ten-year interest rate swap agreements covering \$50,000 notional value was cancelled, resulting in a payment of \$576 to the counter-party. In December 2008, we terminated the remaining interest rate swaps, resulting in cash proceeds of \$2,150, which has been classified as a financing cash inflow in our Statement of Cash Flows. The resulting gain of \$2,150 from the termination of the derivative contracts is being amortized over the life of the debt.

On December 31, 2007, we had available borrowings under the Facility, subject to the restrictions of our covenants, of approximately \$44,000. Additionally, at December 31, 2007, we had borrowed \$145,000 under the Facility at a weighted-average interest rate of 6.8% (including the applicable margin of LIBOR plus 1.125%).

**Table of Contents**

Effective February 28, 2008 (with the exception of clause (v) which was effective March 3, 2008), we amended the Facility to: (1) provide security to our lenders (including holders of our Notes); (2) reduce the amount of the revolving facility to \$75,000; (3) increase the applicable margin on LIBOR loans to 1.75% and on prime rate loans to 0.75%; (4) change the allowable Total Debt Ratio to 4.0 times our Annualized Consolidated Operating Cash Flow through the remaining term of the Facility; (5) eliminate the provision that deemed the termination of the CBS Radio Management Agreement an event of default; and (6) include covenants prohibiting the payment of dividends and restricted payments. As noted above, as a result of providing the banks in the Facility with a security interest in our assets, the note holders were also provided with security pursuant to the terms of the Note Purchase Agreement.

As discussed in Note 1, in the fourth quarter of 2008, we failed to pay our most recent semi-annual interest payment due in respect of the existing Senior Notes and were not in compliance with our maximum leverage ratio covenant at December 31, 2008. Both of these events constitute a separate default under the Facility and the Senior Notes. In addition, on February 27, 2009, our outstanding Facility matured and became due and payable in its entirety. We did not pay such amount, which also constitutes an event of default under the Facility and the Senior Notes. Our lenders did not seek to exercise remedies that were available to them under applicable law or their respective existing debt agreements. As of March 31, 2009 the parties were working towards a refinancing of all of our outstanding indebtedness (approximately \$247,000), however, there was no assurance that the parties would consummate the refinancing or that our lenders would not seek to exercise remedies that were available to them prior to any such consummation. Accordingly, the debt is classified as current in the accompanying financial statements. The total debt obligation included in the balance sheet as of December 31, 2008 includes unpaid interest due in respect to the existing Senior Notes of \$5,900.

On April 23, 2009, we completed the refinancing of our outstanding long-term indebtedness and the recapitalization of our equity (see Note 20 Subsequent Events).

The aggregate maturities of debt for the next four years and thereafter, pursuant to our debt agreements including unpaid interest as in effect at December 31, 2008, are as follows (excludes market value adjustments):

| Year |            |
|------|------------|
| 2009 | \$ 246,978 |
| 2010 |            |
| 2011 |            |
| 2012 |            |
|      | \$ 246,978 |

**NOTE 7 Financial Instruments:*****Interest Rate Risk Management***

In order to achieve a desired proportion of variable and fixed rate debt, we entered into a seven-year interest rate swap agreement covering \$25,000 notional value of our outstanding borrowing to effectively float the majority of the interest rate at three-month LIBOR plus 74 basis points and two ten year interest rate swap agreements covering \$75,000 notional value of our outstanding borrowing to effectively float majority of the interest rate at three-month LIBOR plus 80 basis points. In total, the swaps initially covered \$100,000, which represented 50% of the notional amount of Senior Notes. These swap transactions allow us to benefit from short-term declines in interest rates while having the long-term stability of the other 50% of Senior Notes of fairly low fixed rates. In November 2007, we cancelled one of the ten-year swap agreements covering \$50,000 notional value, by paying the counter-party \$576. The instruments meet all of the criteria of a fair-value hedge and are classified in the same category as the item being hedged in the accompanying balance sheet. We have the appropriate documentation, including the risk management



**Table of Contents**

objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge, identification of the hedged instrument, the hedge item, the nature of the risk being hedged, and how the hedging instrument's effectiveness offsets the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value. In December 2008, we terminated the remaining interest rate swaps, resulting in cash proceeds of \$2,150, which has been classified as a financing cash inflow in our Statement of Cash Flows. The resulting gain of \$2,150 from the termination of the derivative contracts is being amortized over the life of the debt.

At December 31, 2007, prior to the unwinding of the swaps as described above, we had the following interest rate swaps:

| Maturity Dates | Notional<br>Principal<br>Amount | Interest Rate |          | Variable Rate |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
|                |                                 | Paid(1)       | Received | Index         |
| November 2009  | \$ 25,000                       | 5.08          | 3.91     | 3 Month LIBOR |
| November 2012  | \$ 25,000                       | 5.08          | 4.41     | 3 Month LIBOR |

(1) The interest rate paid at December 31, 2006 was 5.37%.

The estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps at December 31, 2007 was \$244. This balance was included in other assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Our financial instruments include cash, cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable, borrowings and interest rate contracts. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable approximated carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. In 2008, the estimated fair values of the borrowings were valued based on the current agreement in principle related to the refinancing as discussed in more detail in Note 20 - Subsequent Events. In 2007, the estimated fair values of other financial instruments subject to fair value disclosures, determined based on broker quotes or market quotes or rates for the same or similar instruments, and the related carrying amounts are as follows:

|                                  | December 31, 2008  |               | December 31, 2007  |               |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
|                                  | Carrying<br>Amount | Fair<br>Value | Carrying<br>Amount | Fair<br>Value |
| Borrowings (Short and Long Term) | 249,053            | 158,100       | 345,000            | 345,732       |
| Risk management contracts:       |                    |               |                    |               |
| Interest rate swaps              |                    |               | 244                | 244           |
| Series A Preferred Stock         | 75,000             | 50,000        |                    |               |

**Credit Concentrations**

We continually monitor our positions with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions that are counterparties to our financial instruments, and do not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparties.

Our receivables do not represent a significant concentration of credit risk at December 31, 2008, due to the broad variety of customers and markets in which we operate.

**NOTE 8 Fair Value Measurements:**

SFAS No. 157 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to U.S. GAAP requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial assets and financial liabilities for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007.



**Table of Contents**

We endeavor to utilize the best available information in measuring fair value. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

***Fair Value Hierarchy***

SFAS No. 157 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) or reflect a company's own assumptions of market participant valuation (unobservable inputs). In accordance with SFAS No. 157, these two types of inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets that are unadjusted and accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2 Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or financial instruments for which significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly;

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable. SFAS No. 157 requires the use of observable market data if such data is available without undue cost and effort.

***Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis***

The following table sets forth our financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for, at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2008. These amounts are included in the Other Assets in the accompanying Balance Sheet.

|              | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Assets:      |         |         |         |
| Investments  | \$ 433  | \$      | \$      |
| Total Assets | \$ 433  | \$      | \$      |

**NOTE 9 Shareholders Equity and Series A Preferred Stock:**

Our authorized capital stock consists of common stock, Class B stock and Series A Preferred Stock. Our common stock is entitled to one vote per share while Class B stock is entitled to 50 votes per share. Class B stock is convertible to common stock on a share-for-share basis.

In 2005, our Board of Directors authorized us to repurchase shares of common stock to enhance shareholder value. We did not purchase any shares in 2008 or 2007.

In May 2007, the Board of Directors elected to discontinue the payment of a dividend. On March 6, 2007, our Board of Directors declared cash dividends of \$0.02 for each issued and outstanding share of common stock and \$0.016 for each issued and outstanding share of Class B stock. Dividends were not declared in 2008.

On March 3, 2008 and March 24, 2008, we announced the closing of the sale and issuance of 7,143 shares (14,286 shares in the aggregate) of our common stock to Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (together with certain related entities, Gores ), an entity managed by The Gores Group, LLC at a price of \$1.75 per share for an aggregate purchase amount of \$25,000.



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**Table of Contents**

On June 19, 2008, we completed a \$75,000 private placement of the Series A Preferred Stock with an initial conversion price of \$3.00 per share and four-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 10,000 shares of our common stock in three approximately equal tranches with exercise prices of \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00 per share, respectively, to Gores Radio Holdings, LLC.

The holders of Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to receive dividends at a rate of 7.5% per annum, compounded quarterly, which are accrued daily and added to the liquidation preference (initially equal to \$1,000 per share, plus accrued dividends). We may redeem the Series A Preferred Stock in whole or in part four years and six months after the original date of issuance. Thereafter, if the Series A Preferred Stock remains outstanding on the fifth anniversary of the original date of issuance, the dividend rate will increase to 15.0% per annum. If the Series A Preferred Stock remains outstanding on the 66th month anniversary of the original issue date, the liquidation preference increases by 50%. In addition to the dividends specified above, if dividends are declared or paid by us on the common stock, then such dividends shall be declared and paid on the Series A Preferred Stock on a pro rata basis. As such the Series A Preferred Stock is considered a participating security as defined in SFAS No. 128 Earnings Per Share.

The Series A Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holders, at any time and from time to time, into a number of shares of common stock equal to the Liquidation Preference divided by the conversion price (initially, \$3.00 per share, subject to adjustment for stock dividends, subdivisions, reclassifications, combinations or similar type events). After December 20, 2010, we may cause the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock if the per share closing price of common stock equals or exceeds \$4.00 for 60 trading days in any 90 trading day period or if we sell \$50,000 or more of our common stock to a third party at a price per share equal to or greater than \$4.00.

The Series A Preferred Stock was issued with a deemed liquidation clause that provides that the security becomes redeemable at the election of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock in the event of a consolidation or merger by us, as defined, or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company. In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) D-98, the Series A Preferred Stock is required to be classified as mezzanine equity because a change of our control could occur without our approval and thus redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock is not solely under our control. In addition, as it is not probable the Series A Preferred Stock will become redeemable; we have not adjusted the initial carrying amount of the Series A Preferred Stock to its redemption amount or accreted the 7.5% cumulative dividend at the balance sheet date. Through December 31, 2008, the Series A Preferred Stock accumulated dividends were \$3,081 and as a result, the Liquidation Preference as defined was \$78,081 at December 31, 2008.

The warrants had a fair value of \$440 on the date of issuance. The proceeds from the sale were allocated to the Series A Preferred Stock and warrants based upon their relative fair values at the date of issuance. Accordingly, the fair value of the warrants is included in Additional Paid-in Capital.

On March 16, 2009, we were delisted from the NYSE and at this time, we do not have any immediate plans to list on an alternate exchange such as Nasdaq or Amex, which means our common stock will continue to be lightly traded.

**NOTE 10 Equity-Based Compensation:**

***Equity Compensation Plans***

We established stock option plans in 1989 (the 1989 Plan ) and 1999 (the 1999 Plan ) which allow us to grant options to directors, officers and key employees to purchase our common stock at its market value on the date the options are granted. Under the 1989 Plan, 12,600 shares were reserved for grant through March 1999. The 1989 Plan expired, but certain grants made under the 1989 Plan remain outstanding at December 31, 2008. On September 22, 1999, the shareholders ratified the 1999 Plan, which authorized us to

**Table of Contents**

grant up to 8,000 shares of common stock. Options granted under the 1999 Plan generally become exercisable after one year in 33% to 20% increments per year and expire within ten years from the date of grant.

On May 19, 2005, the Board modified the 1999 Plan by deleting the provisions of the 1999 Plan that provided for a mandatory annual grant of 10 stock options to outside directors. Also, on May 19, 2005, our shareholders approved the 2005 Equity Compensation Plan (the 2005 Plan). Among other things, the 2005 Plan allows us to grant restricted stock and restricted stock units (RSUs). When it was adopted, a maximum of 9,200 shares of common stock was authorized for the issuance of awards under the 2005 Plan.

Beginning on May 19, 2005, outside directors automatically receive a grant of RSUs equal to \$100 in value on the date of each Company annual meeting of shareholders. Newly appointed outside directors receive an initial grant of RSUs equal to \$150 in value on the date such director is appointed to our Board. These awards are governed by the 2005 Plan.

Options and restricted stock granted under the 2005 Plan vest in 25%, 33% or 50% increments per year, commencing on the anniversary date of each grant, and options expire within ten years from the date of grant. RSUs awarded to directors generally vest over a three-year period in equal 33% increments per year. Directors' RSUs vest automatically, in full, upon a change in control or upon their retirement, as defined in the 2005 Plan. RSUs are payable in newly issued shares of our common stock. Recipients of restricted stock and RSUs are entitled to receive dividend equivalents (subject to vesting) when and if we pay a cash dividend on our common stock. Such dividend equivalents are payable, in newly issued shares of common stock, only upon the vesting of the related restricted shares.

Restricted stock has the same cash dividend and voting rights as other common stock and, once issued, is considered to be currently issued and outstanding (even when unvested). Restricted stock and RSUs have dividend equivalent rights equal to the cash dividend paid on common stock. RSUs do not have the voting rights of common stock, and the shares underlying the RSUs are not considered to be issued and outstanding until they vest.

**Stock Options**

The following table summarizes stock option activity for 2008:

|                                 | 2008    |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|
|                                 | Shares  | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
| Outstanding, beginning of year  | 3,888   | \$ 21.86                        |
| Granted                         | 6,588   | \$ 1.36                         |
| Exercised                       |         |                                 |
| Cancelled, forfeited or expired | (3,476) | \$ 11.76                        |
| Outstanding, end of year        | 7,000   | \$ 7.52                         |

At December 31, 2008, there were 1,743 vested and exercisable options with a weighted average exercise price of \$24.28, aggregate intrinsic value of \$0, and weighted average remaining contractual term of 3.60 years. Additionally, at December 31, 2008, 4,655 options were expected to vest with a weighted average exercise price of \$2.05, and weighted average remaining term of 8.64 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of these options was \$0. The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, was \$0, \$0, and \$74, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of options represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between our closing stock price on the last trading day of fiscal 2008 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on December 31, 2008. This amount changed based on the fair market value of our common stock.

**Table of Contents**

As of December 31, 2008, there was \$3,573 of unearned compensation cost related to stock options granted under all three of our equity compensation plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.48 years. Total compensation expense related to stock options was \$2,662, \$6,835 and \$10,170 in 2008, 2007 and 2006 respectively. Of that expense, \$2,502, \$3,933 and \$5,651, respectively, was included in operating costs in the Statement of Operations and \$160, \$2,902, and \$4,519, respectively, was included in corporate, general and administrative expense in the Statement of Operations.

In the second quarter of 2008, we determined we had incorrectly continued to expense stock-based equity compensation for certain directors and officers who had resigned. We determined that this error was not significant to any prior period results and accordingly reduced non-cash, stock-based compensation by \$1,496.

The aggregate estimated fair value of options vesting was \$2,360 during the year ended December 31, 2008. The weighted average fair value of the options granted was \$0.52, \$2.39 and \$5.37 during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The estimated fair value of options granted was measured on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

|                         | Year Ended December 31, |        |        |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|
|                         | 2008                    | 2007   | 2006   |
| Risk-Free Interest Rate | 2.64%                   | 4.52%  | 4.53%  |
| Expected Term           | 4.8                     | 5.7    | 6.2    |
| Expected Volatility     | 55.99%                  | 40.12% | 45.05% |
| Expected Dividend Yield | 0.00%                   | 0.79%  | 2.80%  |

The risk-free interest rate for periods within the life of the option is based on a blend of U.S. Treasury bond rates. Beginning with options granted after January 1, 2006, the expected term assumption has been calculated based on historical data. Prior to January 1, 2006, we set the expected term equal to the applicable vesting period. The expected volatility assumption used by us is based on the historical volatility of our stock. The dividend yield represents the expected dividends on our common stock for the expected term of the option.

Additional information related to options outstanding at December 31, 2008, segregated by grant price range, is summarized below:

|   | Number of<br>Options | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price | Remaining<br>Weighted<br>Average<br>Contractual<br>Life (In Years) |
|---|----------------------|--|--|
| Options Outstanding at Exercise Price of: |                      |  |  |
| \$0.00 - \$1.87                           | 3,878                | \$ 0.96                                  | 8.75   |
| \$1.87 - \$6.16                           | 1,166                | 2.14                                     | 9.16   |
| \$6.37 - \$9.88                           | 28                   | 6.63                                     | 7.90   |
| \$10.09 - \$19.93                         | 495                  | 15.35                                    | 4.43   |
| \$20.25 - \$26.96                         | 733                  | 21.28                                    | 3.93   |
| \$30.19 - \$38.34                         | 700                  | 32.72                                    | 3.43   |
|   | 7,000                | \$ 7.50                                  | 7.47   |

**Restricted Stock**

We have awarded shares of restricted stock to certain key employees. The awards vest over periods ranging from 2 to 4 years. The cost of these restricted stock awards, calculated as the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant, net of estimated forfeitures, is expensed ratably over the vesting period.

**Table of Contents**

The following table summarized the restricted stock activity for 2008:

|                             |        | 2008  |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|
|                             |        | Weighted Avg<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value<br>Per Share |
|                             | Shares |   |
| Unvested, beginning of year | 950    | \$ 7.56   |
| Granted                     | 41     | \$ 0.63   |
| Coverted to Common Stock    | (363)  | \$ 6.65   |
| Forfeited                   | (264)  | \$ 7.67   |
| Unvested, end of year       | 364    | \$ 7.55   |

As of December 31, 2008, there was \$2,173 of unearned compensation cost related to restricted stock grants. The unearned compensation is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.11 years. Total compensation expense recognized in 2008, 2007 and 2006 related to restricted stock is \$2,162 (\$1,772 included in operating costs and \$390 in corporate, general and administrative expense), \$1,921 (\$1,453 included in operating costs and \$468 in corporate, general and administrative expense) and \$795 (\$694 included in operating costs and \$101 in corporate, general and administrative expense), respectively.

**RSUs**

We have awarded RSUs to Board members and certain key executives, which vest over three and four years, respectively. The cost of the RSUs, which is determined to be the fair market value of the shares at the date of grant, net of estimated forfeitures, is expensed ratably over the vesting period, or period to retirement eligibility (in the case of directors) if shorter.

The following table summarizes RSU activity for 2008:

|                                |        | 2008  |
|--------------------------------|--------|---|
|                                |        | Weighted Avg<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value<br>Per Share |
|                                | Shares |   |
| Outstanding, beginning of year | 230    | \$ 9.15   |
| Granted                        | 1,093  | \$ 0.69   |
| Dividend equivalents           |        |   |
| Coverted to Common Stock       | (107)  | \$ 8.52   |
| Forfeited                      |        |   |
| Outstanding, end of year       | 1,216  | \$ 1.60   |
| Vested, end of year            | 31     |   |
| Unvested, end of year          | 1,185  |   |

As of December 31, 2008, there was \$1,010 of unearned compensation cost. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.67 years. Total compensation expense recognized related to RSUs in 2008, 2007 and 2006 was \$618, \$850 and \$1,304, respectively. These costs are included in corporate, general and administrative expense in the accompanying Statement of Operations.

**NOTE 11 Other Income/(Loss):**



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During the year ended December 31, 2008, we sold marketable securities for total proceeds of approximately \$12,741 and realized a gain of \$12,420. Such gain is included as a component of other income/(loss) in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

F-28

**Table of Contents****NOTE 12 Comprehensive Income (Loss):**

Comprehensive income (loss) reflects the change in equity of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. Comprehensive net income (loss) represents net income or loss adjusted for net unrealized gains or losses on available for sale securities. Comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

|   | Year Ended December 31, |           |              |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|
|   | 2008                    | 2007      | 2006         |
| Net (Loss) Income   | \$ (427,563)            | \$ 24,368 | \$ (469,453) |
| Unrealized gain on marketable securities net effect of income taxes | 6,732                   | 1,385     | 4,570        |
| Adjustment for gains included in net income                         | (12,420)                |           |              |
| Comprehensive (Loss) Income   | \$ (433,251)            | \$ 25,753 | \$ (464,883) |

**NOTE 13 Income Taxes:**

The components of the provision for income taxes are as follows:

|                              | Year Ended December 31, |           |           |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                              | 2008                    | 2007      | 2006      |
| <b>Current</b>               |                         |           |           |
| Federal                      | \$ (1,220)              | \$ 18,466 | \$ 26,304 |
| State                        | 367                     | 3,738     | 3,588     |
|                              | \$ (853)                | \$ 22,204 | \$ 29,892 |
| <b>Deferred</b>              |                         |           |           |
| Federal                      | (11,790)                | (5,542)   | (18,537)  |
| State                        | (2,117)                 | (938)     | (2,546)   |
|                              | (13,907)                | (6,480)   | (21,083)  |
| Income (Benefit) Tax Expense | \$ (14,760)             | \$ 15,724 | \$ 8,809  |

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities on our balance sheet and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of our deferred tax assets and liabilities follow:

|                                  | 2008     | 2007     |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b> |          |          |
| Property and equipment           | \$ 5,076 | \$ 2,404 |
| Investment                       | 166      | 3,709    |
| Other                            | 295      | 488      |
| Total deferred tax liabilities   | \$ 5,537 | \$ 6,601 |
| <b>Deferred tax assets:</b>      |          |          |
| Goodwill, intangibles and other  | 6,487    | 6,673    |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts  | 1,379    | 1,321    |

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|                                     |           |           |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Deferred Compensation               | 1,444     | 1,443     |
| Equity Based Compensation           | 8,460     | 11,401    |
| Accrued expenses and other          | 4,016     |           |
| Total deferred tax assets           | \$ 21,786 | \$ 20,838 |
| Net deferred tax assets             | \$ 16,249 | \$ 14,237 |
| Net deferred tax asset    current   | \$ 2,029  | \$ 1,321  |
| Net deferred tax asset    long term | \$ 14,220 | \$ 12,916 |

F-29

**Table of Contents**

We determined, based upon the weight of available evidence, that it is more likely than not that our deferred tax asset will be realized. We have experienced a long history of taxable income which would enable us to carryback any potential future net operating losses and taxable temporary differences that can be used as a source of income. As such, no valuation allowance was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2008. We will continue to assess the need for a valuation allowance at each future reporting period.

The reconciliation of the federal statutory income tax rate to our effective income tax rate is as follows:

|   | Year Ended December 31, |              |               |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|
|   | 2008                    | 2007         | 2006          |
| Federal statutory rate                        | 35.0%                   | 35.0%        | 35.0%         |
| State taxes net of federal benefit            | 0.3                     | 3.3          | (0.2)         |
| Non-deductible portion of goodwill Impairment | (31.8)                  |              | (36.6)        |
| Other   | (0.2)                   | 0.9          | (0.1)         |
| <b>Effective tax rate</b>                     | <b>3.3%</b>             | <b>32.2%</b> | <b>(1.9)%</b> |

The 2008 effective income tax rate was impacted by the 2008 goodwill impairment charge being substantially non-deductible for tax purposes. The 2007 effective income tax rate benefited from a change in New York State tax law on our deferred tax balance (approximately \$100). The 2006 income tax provision was impacted by the 2006 goodwill impairment and related deferred tax attributes.

In 2008, 2007 and 2006, \$0, \$0 and \$12, respectively, of windfall tax benefits attributable to employee stock exercises were allocated to shareholders' equity.

We adopted FIN No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* effective January 1, 2007 that resulted in no material adjustment in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits. At December 31, 2008, we had \$6,402 of unrecognized tax benefits. We classified interest expense and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. As of December 31, 2007, we had \$2,105 of accrued interest and penalties. The accrued interest and penalties increased to \$2,510 at December 31, 2008. For the year-ended December 31, 2008, we recognized in our consolidated statement of earnings \$405 of interest and penalties.

|  | Unrecognized<br>Tax Benefit |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007                                 | \$ 7,513                    |
| Additions for current year tax positions                   | 119                         |
| Settlements  | (456)                       |
| Reductions related to expiration of statute of limitations | (706)                       |
| <b>Balance at December 31, 2007</b>                        | <b>\$ 6,470</b>             |
| Additions for tax positions                                | 533                         |
| Settlements  | (444)                       |
| Reductions related to expiration of statute of limitations | (157)                       |
| <b>Balance at December 31, 2008</b>                        | <b>\$ 6,402</b>             |

We believe it is reasonably possible that within the next twelve months, the entire unrecognized tax benefits balance will reverse.

Substantially all of our unrecognized tax benefits, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate.

We are no longer subject to U.S. federal income examinations for years before 2005.

With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2002.



**Table of Contents**

During 2008 we reported a federal net operating loss of approximately \$2,700, for which we intend to prepare a Federal carryback claim. Accordingly, we have recorded an income tax receivable of \$900. The states in which we operate generally do not permit the carryback of net operating losses. As a result, we must carry any related 2008 state net operating losses forward to be applied against future taxable income. We have recorded a deferred tax benefit of approximately \$100 to reflect the expected utilization of these states and local net operating losses in future periods.

**NOTE 14 Commitments and Contingencies:**

We have various non-cancelable, long-term operating leases for office space and equipment. In addition, we are committed under various contractual agreements to pay for talent, broadcast rights, research, news and other services. The approximate aggregate future minimum obligations under such operating leases and contractual agreements for the five years after December 31, 2008 and thereafter, are set forth below:

| Year       | Leases  |           |         | Total   |
|------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|
|            | Capital | Operating | Other   |         |
| 2009       | 960     | 9,007     | 108,442 | 118,409 |
| 2010       | 960     | 6,175     | 91,724  | 98,859  |
| 2011       | 640     | 5,645     | 84,915  | 91,200  |
| 2012       |         | 5,546     | 76,089  | 81,635  |
| 2013       |         | 5,469     | 71,915  | 77,384  |
| Thereafter |         | 18,998    | 236,538 | 255,536 |
|            | 2,560   | 50,840    | 669,623 | 723,023 |

Rent expense charged to operations for 2008, 2007 and 2006 was \$10,686, \$8,523 and \$9,295, respectively.

Included in Other in the table above is \$575,902 of commitments due to CBS Radio and its affiliates pursuant to the agreements described in Note 2 Related Party Transactions .

**NOTE 15 Supplemental Cash Flow and Other Information:**

Supplemental information on cash flows, is summarized as follows:

|                | Year Ended December 31, |           |           |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                | 2008                    | 2007      | 2006      |
| Cash paid for: |                         |           |           |
| Interest       | \$ 10,146               | \$ 24,239 | \$ 24,642 |
| Income Taxes   | 10,179                  | 21,814    | 44,676    |

**NOTE 16 Restructuring Charges:**

In the third quarter of 2008, we announced a plan to restructure the traffic operations of the Metro/Traffic operating segment and to take actions to address underperforming programming and to implement other cost reductions. The modifications to the traffic business are part of a series of reengineering initiatives identified by management to improve the operating and financial performance in the near term, while setting the foundation for profitable long-term growth. In connection with the re-engineering of our traffic operations and other cost reductions, which included the consolidation of leased offices, staff reductions and the elimination of underperforming programming, and was implemented to a significant degree in the last half of 2008, we recorded \$14,100 in restructuring charges for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. We anticipate further charges of approximately \$9,700 as additional phases of the original traffic re-engineering and other programs are implemented and finalized in the second quarter of 2009. The total restructuring charges for the traffic re-engineering and other cost savings programs are projected to be approximately \$23,800. In addition, we have introduced and will complete new cost reduction programs in

**Table of Contents**

2009. As these programs are implemented, we anticipate that we will incur new incremental costs for severance of approximately \$6,000 and contract terminations of \$3,100. In total, we estimate we will record aggregate restructuring charges of approximately \$32,900, consisting of: (1) \$15,500 of severance, relocation and other employee related costs; (2) \$7,400 of facility consolidation and related costs; and (3) \$10,000 of contract termination costs.

Restructuring charges have been recorded in accordance with SFAS No. 146, Accounting for the Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities and SFAS No. 88, Employer's Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Pension Plans and for Termination Benefit. We account for one-time termination benefits, contract terminations, asset write-offs, and/or costs to terminate lease obligations less assumed sublease income in accordance with SFAS No. 146, which addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with restructuring activities. Under SFAS No. 146, we establish a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity, including severance and lease termination obligations and other related costs, when the liability is incurred, rather than at the date that we commit to an exit plan.

In determining the charges related to the restructuring, we had to make estimates related to the expenses associated with the restructuring. These estimates may vary from actual costs depending, in part, upon factors that may be beyond our control. We will continue to review the status of our restructuring obligations on a quarterly basis and, if appropriate, record changes to these obligations based on management's most current estimates.

The restructuring charges identified in the Consolidated Statement of Operations are comprised of the following:

| <b>Restructuring Liability</b> | <b>Severance<br/>Termination<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Facilities<br/>Consolidation<br/>Related Costs</b> | <b>Contract<br/>Termination</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Charges                        | 6,765                                     | 831   | 6,504                           | 14,100       |
| Payments                       | (3,487)                                   | (41)  | (1,108)                         | (4,636)      |
| Non-Cash utilization           | (80)                                      |   | (1,600)                         | (1,680)      |
| Balance at December 31, 2008   | 3,198                                     | 790   | 3,796                           | 7,784        |

**NOTE 17 Special Charges:**

During 2008, we incurred costs relating to the negotiation of a new long-term arrangement with CBS Radio, legal and professional expenses attributable to negotiations relating to refinancing our debt, and consultancy expenses associated with developing a cost savings and re-engineering initiative designed to improve our traffic information and reporting operations. We incurred costs aggregating \$4,626 and \$1,579 in 2007 and 2006, respectively, related to the negotiation of a new long-term arrangement with CBS Radio and for severance obligations related to executive officer changes.

The special charges identified on the Consolidated Statement of Operations are comprised of the following:

|   | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |             |             |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | <b>2008</b>                    | <b>2007</b> | <b>2006</b> |
| Professional and other fees related to the new CBS agreements,<br>Gores Investment and debt refinancing | \$ 6,624                       | \$ 3,626    | \$ 1,579    |
| Closing Payment to CBS related to the new CBS agreements  |                                | 5,000       |             |
| Severance obligations related to executive officer changes  |                                | 1,000       |             |
|   | 1,621                          |             |             |
| Re-engineering expenses   | \$ 13,245                      | \$ 4,626    | \$ 1,579    |

**NOTE 18 Segment Information:**

We established a new organizational structure in the fourth quarter of 2008, pursuant to which, we manage and report our business in two operating segments: Network and Metro/Traffic. We evaluated segment performance based on segment revenue and segment operating (loss)/income. Administrative

**Table of Contents**

functions such as finance, human resources and information systems are centralized. However, where applicable, portions of the administrative function costs are allocated between the operating segments. The operating segments do not share programming or report distribution. In the event any materials and/or services are provided to one operating segment by the other, the transaction is valued at fair market value. Operating costs and total assets are captured discretely within each segment.

Previously reported results of operations are presented to reflect these changes. Revenue, segment operating (loss)/income, depreciation, unusual items, capital expenditures and identifiable assets at December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, are summarized below according to these segments. This change did not impact the total consolidated results of operations. We continue to report certain administrative activities under corporate. We are domiciled in the United States with limited international operations comprising less than one percent of our revenue. No one customer represented more than 10% of our consolidated revenue.

Our Network Division produces and distributes regularly scheduled and special syndicated programs, including exclusive live concerts, music and interview shows, national music countdowns, lifestyle short features, news broadcasts, talk programs, sporting events and sports features.

Our Metro/Traffic Division provides traffic reports and local news, weather and sports information programming to radio and television affiliates and their websites.

| <b>Net Revenue</b>       | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |                   |                   |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                          | <b>2008</b>                    | <b>2007</b>       | <b>2006</b>       |
| Network                  | \$ 209,532                     | \$ 218,939        | \$ 246,317        |
| Metro/Traffic            | 194,884                        | 232,445           | 265,768           |
| <b>Total Net Revenue</b> | <b>\$ 404,416</b>              | <b>\$ 451,384</b> | <b>\$ 512,085</b> |

| <b>Segment Operating (Loss) Income</b>   | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |                  |                     |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>                    | <b>2007</b>      | <b>2006</b>         |
| Network                                  | \$ 14,562                      | \$ 30,943        | \$ 38,192           |
| Metro/Traffic                            | 24,577                         | 64,033           | 73,173              |
| <b>Total Segment Operating Income</b>    | <b>\$ 39,139</b>               | <b>\$ 94,976</b> | <b>\$ 111,365</b>   |
| Corporate Expenses                       | (19,709)                       | (27,043)         | (29,850)            |
| Restructuring and Special Charges        | (27,345)                       | (4,626)          | (1,579)             |
| Goodwill Impairment                      | (430,126)                      |                  | (515,916)           |
| <b>Operating (Loss) Income</b>           | <b>\$ (438,041)</b>            | <b>\$ 63,307</b> | <b>\$ (435,980)</b> |
| Interest Expense                         | (16,651)                       | (23,626)         | (25,590)            |
| Other Income                             | 12,369                         | 411              | 926                 |
| <b>(Loss) Income Before Income Taxes</b> | <b>\$ (442,323)</b>            | <b>\$ 40,092</b> | <b>\$ (460,644)</b> |

| <b>Depreciation and Amortization</b>       | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |                  |                  |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>                    | <b>2007</b>      | <b>2006</b>      |
| Network                                    | \$ 3,139                       | \$ 3,152         | \$ 3,571         |
| Metro/Traffic                              | 6,120                          | 6,955            | 7,453            |
| Corporate                                  | 1,793                          | 9,732            | 9,733            |
| <b>Total Depreciation and Amortization</b> | <b>\$ 11,052</b>               | <b>\$ 19,839</b> | <b>\$ 20,757</b> |



**Table of Contents**

| Assets        | Year Ended December 31, |            |            |
|---------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
|               | 2008                    | 2007       | 2006       |
| Network       | \$ 92,109               | \$ 218,276 | \$ 217,700 |
| Metro/Traffic | 80,079                  | 399,144    | 417,817    |
| Corporate     | 32,900                  | 52,337     | 61,186     |
| Total Assets  | \$ 205,088              | \$ 669,757 | \$ 696,703 |

| Capital Expenditures       | Year Ended December 31, |          |          |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
|                            | 2008                    | 2007     | 2006     |
| Network                    | \$ 5,634                | \$ 1,800 | \$ 751   |
| Metro/Traffic              | 1,538                   | 4,042    | 4,059    |
| Corporate                  | 141                     | 7        | 1,071    |
| Total Capital Expenditures | \$ 7,313                | \$ 5,849 | \$ 5,881 |

**NOTE 19 Quarterly Results of Operations (unaudited):**

The following is a tabulation of the unaudited quarterly results of operations. The quarterly results are presented for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

|                       | First<br>Quarter | Second<br>Quarter | Third<br>Quarter | Fourth<br>Quarter | For the<br>Year |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 2008                  |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Net revenue           | \$ 106,627       | \$ 100,372        | \$ 96,299        | \$ 101,118        | \$ 404,416      |
| Operating (loss)      | (3,000)          | (195,609)         | (7,555)          | (231,877)         | (438,041)       |
| Net (loss)            | (5,338)          | (199,744)         | (10)             | (222,471)         | (427,563)       |
| Net (loss) per share: |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Basic                 |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Common Stock          | (0.06)           | (1.98)            | (0.01)           | (2.22)            | (4.39)          |
| Class B Stock         |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Diluted               |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Common Stock          | (0.06)           | (1.98)            | (0.01)           | (2.22)            | (4.39)          |
| Class B Stock         |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| 2007                  |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Net revenue           | \$ 113,959       | \$ 111,025        | \$ 108,083       | \$ 118,317        | \$ 451,384      |
| Operating Income      | 7,262            | 16,618            | 19,686           | 19,741            | 63,307          |
| Net income            | 715              | 6,897             | 8,452            | 8,304             | 24,368          |
| Net income per share: |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Basic                 |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Common Stock          | 0.01             | 0.08              | 0.10             | 0.10              | 0.28            |
| Class B Stock         | 0.02             |                   |                  |                   | 0.02            |
| Diluted               |                  |                   |                  |                   |                 |
| Common Stock          | 0.01             | 0.08              | 0.10             | 0.10              | 0.28            |
| Class B Stock         | 0.02             |                   |                  |                   | 0.02            |

In the fourth quarter of 2008 we recorded net adjustments of approximately \$2,391 of expense for unused vacation time, a write-off of fixed assets and other miscellaneous items related to other periods. Additionally, in the second quarter of 2008, we recorded a decrease to our operating loss of approximately \$1,496 for an adjustment to stock-based compensation.

In the third quarter and second quarter of 2007, we recorded net adjustments of approximately \$1,000 that had the effect of increasing net income, and net adjustments of approximately \$1,000 that had the



## **Table of Contents**

effect of reducing net income, respectively. These adjustments were primarily comprised of the reversal of expense accruals offset by predominantly billing/revenue adjustments in the third quarter and overaccruals in the second quarter. In the fourth quarter, we recorded an adjustment of approximately \$500 that had the effect of increasing net income related to an error in calculating our health care accrual in the fourth quarter, with no impact on the full year results.

We do not believe these adjustments are material to our Consolidated Financial Statements in any quarter or year of any prior period's Consolidated Financial Statements. As a result, we have not restated any prior period amounts.

### **NOTE 20 Subsequent Events:**

On February 27, 2009, the debt outstanding under our Facility matured and became due and payable in its entirety (See Note 6 Debt). We have not paid such amount, which constitutes an event of default under the credit agreement. In addition, we failed to pay our most recent semi-annual interest payment due in respect of the Senior Notes, which constitutes an event of default under the Note Purchase Agreement for the Senior Notes.

On March 3, 2009, we reached an agreement in principle with our existing lenders to refinance all of our outstanding indebtedness (approximately \$241,000 in principal amount plus unpaid interest) in exchange for: (1) \$25,000 in cash; (2) a series of new senior secured notes in an expected aggregate principal amount of \$117,500; and (3) 25% of our pro forma common stock. The new notes are expected to mature on July 15, 2012.

On April 23, 2009 (the Closing Date), we completed the refinancing of our outstanding long-term indebtedness and the recapitalization of our equity.

### **Debt Restructuring**

#### ***Securities Purchase Agreement***

As part of the recapitalization, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (Securities Purchase Agreement) with: (1) holders of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes both of which were issued under the Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002 and (2) lenders under the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004 (the Old Credit Agreement).

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, in consideration for releasing all of their respective claims under the Senior Notes and the Old Credit Agreement, the debt holders collectively received: (1) \$117.5 million of new senior secured notes maturing July 15, 2012 (the New Senior Notes); (2) 34,962 shares of 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the Series B Preferred Stock); and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. Gores purchased at a discount certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the New Senior Notes as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement.

The New Senior Notes bear interest at 15.0% per annum, payable 10% in cash and 5% in-kind (PIK interest). The PIK interest will be added to principal quarterly but will not be payable until maturity. The New Senior Notes may be prepaid at any time, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty. Payment of the New Senior Notes is mandatory upon, among other things, certain asset sales and the occurrence of a change of control (as such term is defined in the Securities Purchase Agreement).

The New Senior Notes are guaranteed by our domestic subsidiaries (the Guarantors) and are secured, pursuant to an amendment of our security agreement with the debt holders, by a first priority lien on substantially all of our assets.

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## **Table of Contents**

We are subject to restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to incur debt, incur liens, make investments, make capital expenditures, consummate acquisitions, pay dividends, sell assets and enter into mergers and similar transactions beyond specified baskets and identified carve-outs. Additionally, we may not exceed the maximum senior leverage ratio (the principal amount outstanding under the New Senior Notes over our consolidated EBITDA). The Securities Purchase Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and affirmative covenants.

The Securities Purchase Agreement also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment of principal or other amounts when due; breach of covenants; inaccuracy of representations and warranties; cross-default to our other indebtedness or our subsidiaries; certain ERISA-related events; certain voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy events; certain judgment related defaults; and invalidity or imperfect liens on collateral. The Guarantors' obligations under the guaranty will be triggered upon the occurrence of an event of default.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Securities Purchase Agreement, any holder or holders of more than 50% in principal amount of the New Senior Notes may accelerate all of our obligations under the New Senior Notes. For events of default related to nonpayment of principal or interest, any two holders of the New Senior Notes (other than Gores) holding at least 15% (in the aggregate) of principal amount of the New Senior Notes affected by the event of default, may accelerate our obligations under the New Senior Notes held by them. For other events of default, the obligations under the New Senior Notes are automatically accelerated.

### ***New Credit Agreement***

In connection with the Debt Restructuring, we also entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC, as the arranger, administrative agent and initial lender, pursuant to which we obtained a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan, the obligations in respect of which are subordinated to obligations in respect of the New Senior Notes. We borrowed the entire amount of the term loan on the Closing Date and did not make any borrowings under the revolving line of credit. Loans under the Credit Agreement will mature on July 15, 2012 and proceeds of the term loan will be used to, among other things, consummate the transactions contemplated by the Restructuring, and pay fees and expenses in connection therewith. Proceeds of the revolving loans are expected to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by the Guarantors and Gores. Payment of the loans, under the Credit Agreement, is mandatory upon, among other things, certain asset sales and the occurrence of a change of control.

Loans under the Credit Agreement bear interest at our option at either LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum (with a LIBOR floor of 2.5%) or a base rate plus 4.5% per annum (with a base rate floor of the greater of 3.75% and the one-month LIBOR rate). The Credit Agreement contains substantially similar restrictive covenants (including a maximum senior leverage ratio calculated in a manner consistent with the Securities Purchase Agreement), affirmative covenants and representations and warranties as those found in the Securities Purchase Agreement, subject, in the case of certain covenants, to a cushion on baskets and covenant levels from those contained in the Securities Purchase Agreement.

The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default including, without limitation, nonpayment of principal or other amounts when due; breach of covenants; inaccuracy of representations and warranties; cross-acceleration to our other indebtedness; certain ERISA-related events; certain voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy events; certain judgment-related defaults; and certain events related to Gores, including defaults by Gores under the Gores guarantee and defaults by Gores under their other agreements with Wells Fargo Foothill unrelated to us. The Guarantors' obligations under the guaranty will be triggered upon the occurrence of an event of default.

## **Table of Contents**

If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Credit Agreement, the lenders may, among other things, terminate their obligations (including the revolver commitments) under the Credit Agreement and accelerate our obligations.

### **Equity Restructuring**

#### ***Purchase Agreement***

In connection with the Equity Restructuring, we entered into a Purchase Agreement (the *Purchase Agreement*) with Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. In exchange for the then outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores, we issued 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the *Series A-1 Preferred Stock*). In addition Gores purchased 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock (together with the Series A-1 Preferred Stock, the *Preferred Stock*), for an aggregate purchase price of \$25.0 million.

#### ***Terms of Series A-1 Preferred Stock***

Holders of the Series A-1 Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive dividends at a rate of 7.50% per annum, compounded quarterly, which will be added to the liquidation preference (initially equal to \$1,065 per share). The Series A-1 Preferred Stock ranks *pari passu* with the Series B Preferred Stock. If the Series A-1 Preferred Stock remains outstanding after June 19, 2013, the dividend rate will increase to 15.00% per annum. Holders of the Series A-1 Preferred Stock will also be entitled to receive dividends declared or paid on our common stock on an as-converted basis.

The Series A-1 Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holders into a number of shares of common stock by dividing the number of shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock to be converted by the multiple of the liquidation preference and the conversion price in effect at the close of business on the conversion date.

After March 19, 2013, we have the sole option to redeem the Series A-1 Preferred Stock at any time provided we concurrently offer to redeem the same proportion (based on liquidation preference) of the Series B Preferred Stock on the same terms and conditions and at the same time. If the Series A-1 Preferred Stock remains outstanding after December 19, 2013, the liquidation preference per share will increase by 50%.

#### ***Terms of Series B Preferred Stock***

Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive dividends at a rate of 8.0% per annum, compounded quarterly, which will be added to the liquidation preference (initially equal to \$1,000 per share). The Series B Preferred Stock ranks *pari passu* with the Series A-1 Preferred Stock. If the Series B Preferred Stock remains outstanding after June 19, 2013, the dividend rate will increase to 15.00% per annum. Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock will also be entitled to receive dividends declared or paid on the Common Stock on an as-converted basis.

The Series B Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holders into a number of shares of Common Stock by dividing the number of shares of Series B Preferred Stock to be converted by the multiple of the liquidation preference and the conversion price in effect at the close of business on the conversion date.

**Table of Contents****Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts****Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

|      | <b>Balance at<br/>Beginning of<br/>Period</b> | <b>Additions<br/>Charged to<br/>Costs<br/>And Expenses</b> | <b>Deductions<br/>Write-offs and<br/>Other<br/>Adjustments</b> | <b>Balance at<br/>End of<br/>Period</b> |
|------|---|--|--|---|
| 2008 | \$ 3,602                                      | \$ 439   | \$ (409)   | \$ 3,632                                |
| 2007 | \$ 4,387                                      | \$ 139   | \$ (924)   | \$ 3,602                                |
| 2006 | \$ 2,797                                      | \$ 2,323   | \$ (733)   | \$ 4,387                                |

F-38

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(In thousands, except per share amounts)**

|  | <b>March 31,<br/>2009<br/>(unaudited)</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2008<br/>(audited)</b> |
|--|---|--|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |   |  |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>   |   |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 7,199                                  | \$ 6,437                                   |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,952 (2009) and \$3,632 (2008)   | 81,080                                    | 94,273                                     |
| Prepaid and other assets   | 14,629                                    | 18,758                                     |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>  | <b>102,908</b>                            | <b>119,468</b>                             |
| Property and equipment, net  | 29,546                                    | 30,417                                     |
| Goodwill   | 33,988                                    | 33,988                                     |
| Intangible assets, net   | 2,477                                     | 2,660                                      |
| Deferred tax asset   | 19,712                                    | 14,220                                     |
| Other assets   | 2,765                                     | 4,335                                      |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>  | <b>\$ 191,396</b>                         | <b>\$ 205,088</b>                          |
| <b>LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>   |   |  |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>  |   |  |
| Accounts payable   | \$ 20,770                                 | \$ 27,807                                  |
| Amounts payable to related parties   | 24,225                                    | 22,680                                     |
| Deferred revenue   | 2,587                                     | 2,397                                      |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities   | 29,797                                    | 25,565                                     |
| Current maturity of long-term debt   |   | 249,053                                    |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>   | <b>77,379</b>                             | <b>327,502</b>                             |
| Long-term debt   | 251,446                                   |  |
| Other liabilities  | 7,049                                     | 6,993                                      |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>   | <b>335,874</b>                            | <b>334,495</b>                             |
| Commitments and Contingencies  |   |  |
| Redeemable Preferred Stock: \$.01 par value, authorized: 10,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 75 shares of 7.5% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock; liquidation preference \$1,000 per share, plus accumulated dividends | 79,545                                    | 73,738                                     |
| <b>SHAREHOLDERS (DEFICIT) EQUITY</b>   |   |  |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value: authorized: 300,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 101,259 (2009) and 101,253 (2008)   | 1,013                                     | 1,013                                      |
| Class B stock, \$.01 par value: authorized: 3,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 292 (2009 and 2008)  | 3   | 3  |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 287,293                                   | 293,120                                    |
| Net unrealized gain  | 402                                       | 267  |
| Accumulated deficit  | (512,734)                                 | (497,548)                                  |
| <b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>   | <b>(224,023)</b>                          | <b>(203,145)</b>                           |

|  |            |            |
|--|------------|------------|
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK AND SHAREHOLDERS<br/>EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b> | \$ 191,396 | \$ 205,088 |
|--|------------|------------|

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

F-39



**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)****(unaudited)**

|  | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|--|---|-------------|
|  | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| <b>NET REVENUE</b>   | \$ 85,867                               | \$ 106,627  |
| Operating Costs (includes related party expenses of \$20,020 and \$17,827, respectively)         | 91,393                                  | 94,229      |
| Depreciation and Amortization (includes related party warrant amortization in 2008 of \$1,618)   | 2,063                                   | 3,976       |
| Corporate General and Administrative Expenses (includes related party expenses in 2008 of \$656) | 2,766                                   | 3,466       |
| Restructuring Charges  | 3,440                                   |             |
| Special Charges (includes related party expenses of \$1,713 in 2009 and \$5,000 in 2008)         | 5,809                                   | 7,956       |
|  | 105,471                                 | 109,627     |
| <b>OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME</b>   | (19,604)                                | (3,000)     |
| Interest Expense   | 3,263                                   | 5,399       |
| Other Income   | (300)                                   | (41)        |
| <b>INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>   | (22,567)                                | (8,358)     |
| <b>INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE</b>  | (7,381)                                 | (3,020)     |
| <b>NET (LOSS) INCOME</b>   | \$ (15,186)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| <b>NET (LOSS) INCOME attributable to Common Stockholders</b>                                     | \$ (16,650)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| <b>(LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE</b>   |   |             |
| <b>COMMON STOCK</b>  |   |             |
| BASIC  | \$ (0.17)                               | \$ (0.06)   |
| DILUTED  | \$ (0.17)                               | \$ (0.06)   |
| <b>CLASS B STOCK</b>   |   |             |
| BASIC  | \$                                      | \$          |
| DILUTED  | \$                                      | \$          |
| <b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:</b>  |   |             |
| <b>COMMON STOCK</b>  |   |             |
| BASIC  | 98,074                                  | 89,423      |
| DILUTED  | 98,074                                  | 89,423      |
| <b>CLASS B STOCK</b>   |   |             |
| BASIC  | 292                                     | 292         |

DILUTED

292

292

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

F-40

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(In thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |                 |
|---|---|-----------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b>     |
| <b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                       |   |                 |
| Net (loss)  | \$ (15,186)                             | \$ (5,338)      |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: |   |                 |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 2,063                                   | 3,977           |
| Deferred taxes  | (6,698)                                 | 522             |
| Non-cash stock compensation   | 1,352                                   | 2,123           |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs  | 308                                     | 352             |
| Net change in assets and liabilities:   | 20,295                                  | (12,392)        |
| <b>Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities</b>                           | <b>2,134</b>                            | <b>(10,756)</b> |
| <b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                       |   |                 |
| Capital expenditures  | (1,169)                                 | (3,664)         |
| <b>Net Cash (Used) In Investing Activities</b>                                    | <b>(1,169)</b>                          | <b>(3,664)</b>  |
| <b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>                                       |   |                 |
| Issuance of common stock  |   | 22,750          |
| Debt repayments and payments of capital lease obligations                         | (203)                                   | (7,049)         |
| Deferred financing costs  |   | (1,537)         |
| <b>Net Cash (Used) Provided in Financing Activities</b>                           | <b>(203)</b>                            | <b>14,164</b>   |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS                              | 762                                     | (256)           |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD                                  | 6,437                                   | 6,187           |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>                                 | <b>\$ 7,199</b>                         | <b>\$ 5,931</b> |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**NOTE 1 Basis of Presentation:**

In this report, Westwood One, Company, registrant, we, us and our refer to Westwood One, Inc. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by us pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ). These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and footnotes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

On April 23, 2009, we completed the refinancing of our outstanding long-term indebtedness and the recapitalization of our equity (see Note 17 Subsequent Events). Based upon facts and circumstances that existed as of December 31, 2008, we previously disclosed that there was a substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Management has subsequently reviewed the impact of the refinancing and recapitalization, including projected covenant compliance under the new debt, the results of our restructuring plan (see Note 14 Restructuring Charges) and our current forecasted results and has concluded that the conditions that gave rise to substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern have been removed.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented have been recorded. The results of operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for a full fiscal year.

**NOTE 2 Earnings Per Share:**

We have outstanding two classes of common stock (common stock and Class B stock) and a class of preferred stock (7.5% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, referred to herein as the Series A Preferred Stock ). Both the Class B stock and the Series A Preferred Stock are convertible to common stock. With respect to dividend rights, the common stock is entitled to cash dividends of at least ten percent higher than those declared and paid on our Class B stock, and the Series A Preferred Stock is also entitled to dividends. The Series A Preferred Stock is therefore considered a participating security requiring use of the two-class method for the computation of basic net income (loss) per share in accordance with EITF Issue No. 03-6, Participating Securities and the Two-Class Method under FASB Statement No. 128, Earnings per Share ( EITF 03-06 ). Losses are not allocated to the Series A Preferred Stock in the computation of basic earnings per share as the Series A Preferred Stock is not obligated to share in losses. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the if-converted method.

Basic earnings per share ( EPS ) excludes the effect of common stock equivalents and is computed using the two-class computation method, which divides the sum of distributed earnings to common and Class B stockholders and undistributed earnings allocated to common stockholders and Series A Preferred stockholders on a pro rata basis, after Series A Preferred Stock dividends, by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could result if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Diluted earnings per common share assumes the exercise of stock options using the treasury stock method and the conversion of Class B stock and Series A Preferred Stock using the if-converted method.

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

The following is a reconciliation of our shares of common stock and Class B stock outstanding for calculating basic and diluted net (loss) income per share:

|  | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|--|---|-------------|
|  | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| <b>Net (Losses) Income</b>                                 | \$ (15,186)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| Less: Accumulated Preferred Stock dividends                | (1,464)                                 |             |
| Less: distributed earnings to common stockholders          |   |             |
| Less: distributed earnings to Class B stockholders         |   |             |
| <b>Undistributed earnings</b>                              | \$ (16,650)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| <b>Earnings common stock</b>                               |   |             |
| <i>Basic</i>   |   |             |
| Distributed earnings to common stockholders                | \$                                      | \$          |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to common stockholders    | (16,650)                                | (5,338)     |
| <b>Total Earnings common stock, basic</b>                  | \$ (16,650)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| <i>Diluted</i>   |   |             |
| Distributed earnings to common stockholders                | \$                                      | \$          |
| Distributed earnings to Class B stockholders               |   |             |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to common stockholders    | (16,650)                                | (5,338)     |
| <b>Total Earnings common stock, diluted</b>                | \$ (16,650)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| <b>Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic</b>   | 98,074                                  | 89,423      |
| Share-based compensation                                   |   |             |
| Warrants   |   |             |
| Weighted average Class B shares                            |   |             |
| <b>Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted</b> | 98,074                                  | 89,423      |
| <b>(Loss) Earnings per common share, basic</b>             |   |             |
| Distributed earnings, basic                                | \$                                      | \$          |
| Undistributed earnings basic                               | (0.17)                                  | (0.06)      |
| <b>Total</b>   | \$ (0.17)                               | \$ (0.06)   |
| <b>(Loss) Earnings per common share, diluted</b>           |   |             |
| Distributed earnings, diluted                              | \$                                      | \$          |
| Undistributed earnings diluted                             | 0.17                                    | (0.06)      |
| <b>Total</b>   | \$ (0.17)                               | \$ (0.06)   |
| <b>Earnings per share Class B Stock</b>                    |   |             |
| <i>Basic</i>   |   |             |

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|   |         |         |
|---|---------|---------|
| Distributed earnings to Class B stockholders                | \$      | \$      |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to Class B stockholders    |         |         |
| <b>Total Earnings Class B Stock, basic</b>                  | \$ 0    | \$ 0    |
| <b>Diluted</b>  |         |         |
| Distributed earnings to Class B stockholders                | \$      | \$      |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to Class B stockholders    |         |         |
| <b>Total Earnings Class B Stock, diluted</b>                | \$ 0    | \$ 0    |
| <b>Weighted average Class B shares outstanding, basic</b>   | 292     | 292     |
| Share-based compensation                                    |         |         |
| Warrants  |         |         |
| <b>Weighted average Class B shares outstanding, diluted</b> | 292     | 292     |
| <b>Earnings per Class B share, basic</b>                    |         |         |
| Distributed earnings, basic                                 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 |
| Undistributed earnings basic                                |         |         |
| <b>Total</b>  | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 |
| <b>Earnings per Class B share, diluted</b>                  |         |         |
| Distributed earnings, diluted                               | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 |
| Undistributed earnings diluted                              |         |         |
| <b>Total</b>  | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 |

F-43

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

Common equivalent shares are excluded in periods in which they are anti-dilutive. The following options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and warrants (see Note 9 Shareholders Equity and Series A Preferred Stock and Note 3 -Related Party Transactions, for more information) and Series A Preferred Stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because the conversion price, combined exercise price, unamortized fair value and excess tax benefits were greater than the average market price of our common stock for the periods presented:

|                        | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|------------------------|---|-------------|
|                        | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| Options                | 7,021                                   | 6,636       |
| Restricted Stock       | 185                                     | 978         |
| Restricted Stock Units | 1,212                                   | 205         |
| Warrants               | 10,000                                  |             |
|                        | 18,418                                  | 7,819       |

The per share exercise price of the options excluded were \$0.05 \$38.34 and \$1.63 \$38.34 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

On June 19, 2008, warrants to purchase up to 10,000 shares were issued to Gores Radio Holding, LLC. The per share prices of the Gores warrants excluded were \$5.00 \$7.00. In addition, the Series A Preferred Stock, including accrued dividends, is convertible to common stock at the price of \$3.00 per share.

**NOTE 3 Related Party Transactions:**

On March 3, 2008, we closed on the new Master Agreement with CBS Radio, which documents a long-term arrangement through March 31, 2017. As part of the new arrangement, CBS Radio agreed to broadcast certain of our local/regional and national commercial inventory through March 31, 2017 in exchange for certain programming and/or cash compensation. Additionally, the News Programming Agreement, the Technical Services Agreement and the Trademark License Agreement were amended and restated and extended through March 31, 2017. The previous Management Agreement and Representation Agreement were cancelled on March 3, 2008 and \$16,300 of compensation previously paid to CBS Radio under those agreements, was added to the maximum potential compensation CBS Radio affiliate stations could earn pursuant to their affiliations with us. In addition, all warrants previously granted to CBS Radio were cancelled on March 3, 2008.

We incurred the following expenses relating to transactions with CBS Radio and/or its affiliates for the three months ended March 31:

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|---|---|-------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| Representation Agreement                              | \$ 3,247                                | \$ 5,698    |
| Programming and Affiliate Arrangements                | 16,773                                  | 12,129      |
| Management Agreement (excluding warrant amortization) |   | 610         |
| Warrant Amortization                                  |   | 1,617       |
| Payment upon closing of Master Agreement              |   | 5,000       |

F-44



**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

Expenses incurred for the Representation Agreement and programming and affiliate arrangements are included as a component of operating costs in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. Expenses incurred for the Management Agreement (excluding warrant amortization) and amortization of the warrants granted to CBS Radio under the Management Agreement are included as a component of corporate general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization, respectively, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. The expense incurred upon closing of the Master Agreement is included as a component of special charges in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. The description and amounts regarding related party transactions set forth in these consolidated financial statements and related notes, also reflect transactions between the Company and Viacom. Viacom is an affiliate of CBS Radio, as National Amusements, Inc. beneficially owns a majority of the voting power of all classes of common stock of each of CBS Corporation and Viacom.

**Gores Radio Holdings**

We have a related party relationship with Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (together with certain related entities – Gores ), an entity managed by the Gores Group, LLC. For the three months ended March 31, 2009, we recorded \$1,713 in fees related to consultancy and advisory services including \$650 in fees paid to Glendon Partners, an operating group associated with Gores.

**POP Radio**

We also have a related party relationship, including a sales representation agreement, with our investee, POP Radio, L.P. We recorded \$331 in fees paid to POP Radio for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

**NOTE 4 Property and Equipment:**

Property and equipment is recorded at cost and is summarized as follows:

|   | March 31,<br>2009 | December 31,<br>2008 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Land, buildings and improvements                | \$ 12,007         | \$ 11,999            |
| Recording, broadcasting and studio equipment    | 72,749            | 75,907               |
| Furniture, equipment and other                  | 18,454            | 18,445               |
|   | \$ 103,210        | \$ 106,351           |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization | 73,664            | 75,934               |
| Property and equipment, net                     | \$ 29,546         | \$ 30,417            |

Depreciation expense was \$2,063 for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 and \$3,976 for the quarter ended March 31, 2008. In 2001, we entered into a capital lease for satellite transponders totaling \$6,723. Accumulated amortization related to the capital lease was \$5,103 for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 and \$4,426 for the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

**NOTE 5 Goodwill Impairment:**

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over fair value of net assets of businesses acquired. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 – Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ( SFAS 142 ), the value assigned to goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets is not amortized to expense, but rather the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is compared to its carrying amount on at least an

annual

F-45

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

basis to determine if there is a potential impairment. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill and intangible assets is less than their carrying value.

Prior to the fourth quarter 2008, we operated as a single reportable operating segment: the sale of commercial time. As part of our Metro/Traffic re-engineering initiative implemented in the fourth quarter of 2008, we installed separate management for the Network and Metro/Traffic divisions providing discrete financial information and management oversight. Accordingly, we have determined that each division is an operating segment. A reporting unit is the operating segment or a business which is one level below the operating segment. Our reporting units are consistent with our operating segments and impairment is assessed at this level.

On an annual basis and upon the occurrence of certain events, we are required to perform impairment tests on our identified intangible assets with indefinite lives, including goodwill, which testing could impact the value of our business. The balance of goodwill at March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008 was \$33,988.

**NOTE 6 Acquisitions and Investments:*****TrafficLand***

On December 22, 2008, Metro Networks Communications, Inc. entered into a License and Services Agreement with TrafficLand which provides us with a three-year license to market and distribute TrafficLand services and products. Concurrent with the execution of the License Agreement, Westwood One, Inc. (Metro's parent), TLAC, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westwood formed for such purpose) and TrafficLand entered into an option agreement with TrafficLand granting us the right to acquire 100% of the stock of TrafficLand pursuant to the terms of a Merger Agreement which the parties have negotiated and placed in escrow. As a result of payments previously made under the License Agreement, we have the right to cause the Merger Agreement to be released from escrow at any time on or prior to May 15, 2009 (such date has been extended from the original date of March 31, 2009), at which time the Merger Agreement is deemed executed. The release of the Merger Agreement does not require that we close the merger, which remains subject to additional closing conditions, including the consent of our lenders. Upon consummation of the closing of the merger, the License Agreement would terminate.

As TrafficLand qualifies as a variable interest entity, we have considered qualitative and quantitative factors to determine if we are the primary beneficiary pursuant to FIN 46(R) of this variable interest entity. In connection with the TrafficLand arrangement, as of March 31, 2009, we did not hold an equity interest or a debt interest in the variable interest entity, and we did not absorb a majority of the expected losses or residual returns. Therefore, we do not qualify as the primary beneficiary and, accordingly, we have not consolidated TrafficLand.

**NOTE 7 Debt:**

Prior to the refinancing of such debt on April 23, 2009, long-term debt consisted of the following at:

|   | March 31,<br>2009 | December 31,<br>2008 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Revolving Credit Facility/Term Loan         | \$ 41,000         | \$ 41,000            |
| 4.64% Senior Notes due on November 30, 2009 | 52,069            | 51,475               |
| 5.26% Senior Notes due on November 30, 2012 | 156,526           | 154,503              |
| Deferred derivative gain                    | 1,851             | 2,075                |
|   | \$ 251,446        | \$ 249,053           |



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**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

Effective February 28, 2008 (with the exception of clause (v) which became effective March 3, 2008), we amended the then existing Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility (collectively the Facility ) to: (1) provide security to our lenders (including holders of our 5.26% Senior Notes due November 30, 2012 and 4.64% Senior Notes due November 30, 2009 (collectively, Senior Notes or Notes )); (2) reduce the amount of the Revolving Credit Facility to \$75,000; (3) increase the applicable margin on LIBOR loans to 1.75% and on prime rate loans to 0.75%; (4) change the allowable Total Debt Ratio to 4.0 times our Annualized Consolidated Operating Cash Flow through the remaining term of the Facility; (5) eliminate the provision that deemed the termination of the CBS Radio Management Agreement an event of default; and (6) include covenants prohibiting the payment of dividends and restricted payments. As a result of providing the banks in the Facility with a security interest in our assets, the Note holders were also provided with security pursuant to the terms of the Note Purchase Agreement governing the Notes.

On April 23, 2009, we completed the refinancing of our outstanding long-term indebtedness and the recapitalization of our equity with our existing lenders and the Gores Group (see Note 17 Subsequent Events). Consequently, the balance of existing debt at March 31, 2009, classified as current at December 31, 2008, has been reclassified as long-term debt.

As of March 31, 2009 and 2008, our weighted average interest rate was 6.5% for both periods.

**NOTE 8 Fair Value Measurements:**

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ( SFAS 157 ) establishes a common definition of fair value to be applied to U.S. GAAP requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007.

There was no change recorded in our opening balance of Retained Earnings as of January 1, 2009 as we did not have any financial instruments requiring retroactive application per the provisions of SFAS 157.

We endeavor to utilize the best available information in measuring fair value. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

***Fair Value Hierarchy***

SFAS 157 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) or reflect our own assumptions of market participant valuation (unobservable inputs). In accordance with SFAS 157, these two types of inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets that are unadjusted and accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2 Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or financial instruments for which significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly;

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.



**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

SFAS 157 requires the use of observable market data if such data is available without undue cost and effort.

***Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis***

The following table sets forth our financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for, at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2009:

|              | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Assets:      |         |         |         |
| Investments  | \$ 651  | \$      | \$      |
| Total Assets | \$ 651  | \$      | \$      |

**NOTE 9 Shareholders Equity and Series A Preferred Stock:**

On each of March 3, 2008 and March 24, 2008, respectively, we announced the closing of the sale and issuance of 7,143 shares (14,286 shares in the aggregate) of our common stock to Gores Radio Holdings, LLC at a price of \$1.75 per share for an aggregate purchase amount of \$25,000 less issuance costs of \$2,250.

On June 19, 2008, we completed a \$75,000 private placement of our Series A Preferred Stock with an initial conversion price of \$3.00 per share and four-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 10,000 shares of our common stock in three, approximately equal tranches with exercise prices of \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00 per share, respectively to Gores Radio Holdings, LLC.

The Series A Preferred Stock was issued with a deemed liquidation clause that provides that the security becomes redeemable at the election of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock in the event of a consolidation or merger of the Company, as defined, or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company. In accordance with Emergency Issues Task Force (EITF) D-98, the Series A Preferred Stock is required to be classified as mezzanine equity because a change of control of the Company could occur without our approval and thus redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock is not solely under the control of the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2009, management concluded that it is probable the Series A Preferred Stock will become redeemable. Accordingly, we have adjusted the initial carrying amount of the Series A Preferred Stock to its redemption amount at the balance sheet date.

On April 23, 2009, we completed the refinancing of our outstanding debt and the re-capitalization of our equity.

On March 16, 2009, we were delisted from the NYSE and at this time we do not have any immediate plans to list on an alternate exchange such as Nasdaq or Amex, which means our common stock will continue to be lightly traded.

**NOTE 10 Equity-Based Compensation:*****Equity Compensation Activity***

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, we awarded 25 shares of common stock to certain employees. The awards have restriction periods tied solely to employment and vest over three years. The cost of common stock awards, which is determined to be the fair market value of the shares on the date of





**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

grant net of estimated forfeitures, is expensed ratably over the related vesting period. Our common stock activity during the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 is as follows:

|                               | <b>2009<br/>Shares</b> | <b>Weighted<br/>Average<br/>Exercise<br/>Price</b> |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Unvested at December 31, 2008 | 7,000                  | \$ 7.58  |
| Granted during the period     | 25                     | 0.06   |
| Forfeited during the period   | (4)                    | 18.12  |
| Unvested at March 31, 2009    | 7,021                  | \$ 7.56  |

Total compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 related to stock-based compensation was \$1,352 and \$2,123, respectively. Of that expense, \$918 and \$1,154, respectively, was included in operating costs in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and \$434 and \$969, respectively, was included in corporate, general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

**NOTE 11 Other Income/(Loss):**

During the quarter ended March 31, 2009, we recorded \$224 in derivative contract gain. Such gain is included as a component of other income/(loss) in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

**NOTE 12 Comprehensive Income (Loss):**

Comprehensive income (loss) reflects the change in equity of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. Our comprehensive net income (loss) represents net income or loss adjusted for unrealized gains or losses on available for sale securities. Comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|---|---|-------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| Net (loss) Income   | \$ (15,186)                             | \$ (5,338)  |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities net of income taxes | 135                                     | 2,548       |
| Comprehensive (loss) Income   | \$ (15,051)                             | \$ (2,790)  |

**NOTE 13 Income Taxes:**

We use the asset and liability method of financial accounting and reporting for income taxes required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 Accounting for Income Taxes ( SFAS 109 ). Under SFAS 109, deferred income taxes reflect the tax impact of temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and the amounts recognized for tax purposes.

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We classified interest expense and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes- an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 ( FIN 48 ). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise s financial statements in accordance with

F-49

**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

SFAS 109 and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with this interpretation is a two-step process. The first step is recognition, in which the enterprise determines whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step is measurement. A tax position that meets the more likely than not recognition threshold is measured to determine the amount of benefit to recognize in the financial statements.

We determined, based upon the weight of available evidence, that it is more likely than not that our deferred tax asset will be realized. We have experienced a long history of taxable income which would enable us to carryback any potential future net operating losses and taxable temporary differences that can be used as a source of income. As such, no valuation allowance was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2009 or 2008. We will continue to assess the need for a valuation allowance at each future reporting period.

**NOTE 14 Restructuring Charges:**

In the third quarter of 2008, we announced a plan to restructure the traffic operations of the Metro/Traffic operating segment and to take actions to address underperforming programming and to implement other cost reductions. The modifications to the traffic business are part of a series of re-engineering initiatives identified by management to improve the operating and financial performance in the near term, while setting the foundation for profitable long-term growth.

In connection with the re-engineering of our traffic operations and other cost reductions (which included the consolidation of leased offices, staff reductions and the elimination of underperforming programming and was implemented to a significant degree in the last half of 2008), in 2008, we recorded \$14,100 of restructuring charges and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 we recorded \$3,440 in restructuring charges. We anticipate further charges of approximately \$6,260 as additional phases of the original traffic re-engineering and other cost-reduction programs are implemented and finalized in the second quarter of 2009. The total restructuring charges for the traffic re-engineering and other cost-reduction programs are projected to be approximately \$23,800. In addition, we have introduced and will complete new cost reduction programs in 2009. As these programs are implemented, we anticipate that we will incur new incremental costs for severance of approximately \$6,000 and contract terminations of \$3,100. In total, we estimate we will record aggregate restructuring charges of approximately \$32,900, consisting of: (1) \$15,500 of severance, relocation and other employee related costs; (2) \$7,400 of facility consolidation and related costs; and (3) \$10,000 of contract termination costs.

Restructuring charges have been recorded in accordance with SFAS No. 146, Accounting for the Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities ( SFAS 146 ) and SFAS No. 88, Employer's Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Pension Plans and for Termination Benefit ( SFAS 88 ). We account for one-time termination benefits, contract terminations, asset write-offs and/or costs to terminate lease obligations less assumed sublease income in accordance with SFAS 146, which addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with restructuring activities. Under SFAS 146, we establish a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity, including severance and lease termination obligations and other related costs, when the liability is incurred, rather than at the date that we commit to an exit plan.

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

In determining the charges related to the restructuring, we had to make estimates related to the expenses associated with the restructuring. These estimates may vary from actual costs depending, in part, upon factors that may be beyond our control. We will continue to review the status of our restructuring obligations on a quarterly basis and, if appropriate, record changes to these obligations based on management's most current estimates.

The restructuring charges are comprised as follows:

| <b>Restructuring Liability</b> | <b>Severance<br/>Termination<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Facilities<br/>Consolidation<br/>Related Costs</b> | <b>Contract<br/>Termination</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2008   | 3,198                                     | 790   | 3,796                           | 7,784        |
| Charges                        | 1,658                                     | 1,782   |                                 | 3,440        |
| Payments                       | (884)                                     | (115)   | (360)                           | (1,359)      |
| Non-Cash utilization           |   |   |                                 |              |
| Balance at March 31, 2009      | 3,972                                     | 2,457   | 3,436                           | 9,865        |

**NOTE 15 Special Charges:**

The special charges line item on the Consolidated Statement of Operations is comprised of the following:

|  | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |                 |
|--|---|-----------------|
|  | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b>     |
| Professional fees related to the new CBS arrangement                             |   | 2,956           |
| Closing payment to CBS related to cancelling the previous CBS agreement          |   | 5,000           |
| Facilities shutdown costs  | 96                                      |                 |
| Fees related to the Gores investment and the debt refinancing / recapitalization | 5,713                                   |                 |
|  | <b>\$ 5,809</b>                         | <b>\$ 7,956</b> |

**NOTE 16 Segment Information:**

We established a new organizational structure in the fourth quarter of 2008, pursuant to which we manage and report our business in two operating segments: Network and Metro/Traffic. We evaluated segment performance based on segment revenue and segment operating (loss)/income. Administrative functions such as finance, human resources and information systems are centralized. However, where applicable, portions of the administrative function costs are allocated between the operating segments. The operating segments do not share programming or report distribution. In the event any materials and/or services are provided to one operating segment by the other, the transaction is valued at fair market value. Operating costs and total assets are captured discretely within each segment.

Previously reported results of operations are presented to reflect these changes. Revenue, segment operating (loss)/income, depreciation, unusual items, capital expenditures and identifiable assets at March 31, 2009 and March 31, 2008 are summarized below according to these segments. This change did not impact the total consolidated results of operations. We continue to report certain administrative activities under corporate.

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We are domiciled in the United States with limited international operations comprising less than one percent of our revenue. No one customer represented more than 10% of our consolidated revenue.

F-51

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

Our Network Division produces and distributes regularly scheduled and special syndicated programs, including exclusive live concerts, music and interview shows, national music countdowns, lifestyle short features, news broadcasts, talk programs, sporting events and sports features.

Our Metro/Traffic Division provides traffic reports and local news, weather and sports information programming to radio and television affiliates and their websites.

|                                     | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|
|                                     | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| Net Revenue                         |   |             |
| Network                             | \$ 51,184                               | \$ 59,185   |
| Metro/Traffic                       | 34,683                                  | 47,442      |
| Total Net Revenue                   | \$ 85,867                               | \$ 106,627  |
|                                     |   |             |
|                                     | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|                                     | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| Segment Operating (Loss) Income     |   |             |
| Network                             | \$ (4,465)                              | \$ 8,073    |
| Metro/Traffic                       | (5,512)                                 | 3,335       |
| Total Segment Operating Income      | \$ (9,977)                              | \$ 11,408   |
| Corporate Expenses                  | (9,626)                                 | (14,408)    |
| Operating (Loss) Income             | \$ (19,603)                             | \$ (3,000)  |
| Interest Expense                    | (3,263)                                 | (5,399)     |
| Other Income                        | 300                                     | 41          |
| (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes   | \$ (22,567)                             | \$ (8,358)  |
|                                     |   |             |
|                                     | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|                                     | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b> |
| Depreciation and Amortization       |   |             |
| Network                             | \$ 871                                  | \$ 756      |
| Metro/Traffic                       | 1,185                                   | 1,596       |
| Corporate                           | 7                                       | 1,624       |
| Total Depreciation and Amortization | \$ 2,063                                | \$ 3,976    |

**Three Months Ended  
March 31,**

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|                 | 2009       | 2008       |
|-----------------|------------|------------|
| Assets          |            |            |
| Network         | \$ 76,368  | \$ 132,645 |
| Metro/Traffic   | 71,650     | 467,502    |
| Corporate       | 43,379     | 43,864     |
| Total Assets(1) | \$ 191,396 | \$ 644,011 |

F-52

**Table of Contents****WESTWOOD ONE, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

|                                   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |                 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
|                                   | <b>2009</b>                             | <b>2008</b>     |
| Capital Expenditures              |   |                 |
| Network                           | \$ 494                                  | \$ 3,365        |
| Metro/Traffic                     | 675                                     | 299             |
| Corporate                         |   |                 |
| <b>Total Capital Expenditures</b> | <b>\$ 1,169</b>                         | <b>\$ 3,664</b> |

(1) An impairment charge of \$206,053 in the second quarter of 2008 and \$224,073 in the fourth quarter of 2008 reduced the balance of Goodwill.

**NOTE 17 Subsequent Events:**

On April 23, 2009 (the Closing Date), we completed the refinancing of our outstanding long-term indebtedness and the recapitalization of our equity.

**Debt Restructuring*****Securities Purchase Agreement***

As part of the recapitalization, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (Securities Purchase Agreement) with: (1) holders of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes both of which were issued under the Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002 and (2) lenders under the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004 (the Old Credit Agreement).

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, in consideration for releasing all of their respective claims under the Senior Notes and the Old Credit Agreement, the debt holders collectively received: (1) \$117.5 million of new senior secured notes maturing July 15, 2012 (the New Senior Notes); (2) 34,962 shares of 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the Series B Preferred Stock); and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. Gores purchased at a discount certain debt held by debt holders who did not wish to participate in the New Senior Notes as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement.

The New Senior Notes bear interest at 15.0% per annum, payable 10% in cash and 5% in-kind (PIK interest). The PIK interest will be added to principal quarterly but will not be payable until maturity. The New Senior Notes may be prepaid at any time, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty. Payment of the New Senior Notes is mandatory upon, among other things, certain asset sales and the occurrence of a change of control (as such term is defined in the Securities Purchase Agreement).

The New Senior Notes are guaranteed by our domestic subsidiaries (the Guarantors) and are secured, pursuant to an amendment of our security agreement with the debt holders, by a first priority lien on substantially all of our assets.

We are subject to restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to incur debt, incur liens, make investments, make capital expenditures, consummate acquisitions, pay dividends, sell assets and enter into mergers and similar transactions beyond specified baskets and identified carve-outs. Additionally, we may not exceed the maximum senior leverage ratio (the principal amount outstanding under the New Senior Notes over our consolidated EBITDA). The Securities Purchase Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and affirmative covenants.





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**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

The Securities Purchase Agreement also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment of principal or other amounts when due; breach of covenants; inaccuracy of representations and warranties; cross-default to our other indebtedness or our subsidiaries; certain ERISA-related events; certain voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy events; certain judgment related defaults; and invalidity or imperfect liens on collateral. The Guarantors' obligations under the guaranty will be triggered upon the occurrence of an event of default.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Securities Purchase Agreement, any holder or holders of more than 50% in principal amount of the New Senior Notes may accelerate all of our obligations under the New Senior Notes. For events of default related to nonpayment of principal or interest, any two holders of the New Senior Notes (other than Gores) holding at least 15% (in the aggregate) of principal amount of the New Senior Notes affected by the event of default, may accelerate our obligations under the New Senior Notes held by them. For other events of default, the obligations under the New Senior Notes are automatically accelerated.

***New Credit Agreement***

In connection with the Debt Restructuring, we also entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC, as the arranger, administrative agent and initial lender, pursuant to which we obtained a \$15.0 million revolving line of credit (which includes a \$1.5 million letter of credit sub-facility) on a senior unsecured basis and a \$20.0 million unsecured non-amortizing term loan, the obligations in respect of which are subordinated to obligations in respect of the New Senior Notes. We borrowed the entire amount of the term loan on the Closing Date and did not make any borrowings under the revolving line of credit. Loans under the Credit Agreement will mature on July 15, 2012 and proceeds of the term loan will be used to, among other things, consummate the transactions contemplated by the Restructuring, and pay fees and expenses in connection therewith. Proceeds of the revolving loans are expected to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by the Guarantors and Gores. Payment of the loans, under the Credit Agreement, is mandatory upon, among other things, certain asset sales and the occurrence of a change of control.

Loans under the Credit Agreement bear interest at our option at either LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum (with a LIBOR floor of 2.5%) or a base rate plus 4.5% per annum (with a base rate floor of the greater of 3.75% and the one-month LIBOR rate). The Credit Agreement contains substantially similar restrictive covenants (including a maximum senior leverage ratio calculated in a manner consistent with the Securities Purchase Agreement), affirmative covenants and representations and warranties as those found in the Securities Purchase Agreement, subject, in the case of certain covenants, to a cushion on baskets and covenant levels from those contained in the Securities Purchase Agreement.

The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default including, without limitation, nonpayment of principal or other amounts when due; breach of covenants; inaccuracy of representations and warranties; cross-acceleration to our other indebtedness; certain ERISA-related events; certain voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy events; certain judgment-related defaults; and certain events related to Gores, including defaults by Gores under the Gores guarantee and defaults by Gores under their other agreements with Wells Fargo Foothill unrelated to us. The Guarantors' obligations under the guaranty will be triggered upon the occurrence of an event of default.

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**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Credit Agreement, the lenders may, among other things, terminate their obligations (including the revolver commitments) under the Credit Agreement and accelerate our obligations.

**Equity Restructuring**

***Purchase Agreement***

In connection with the Equity Restructuring, we entered into a Purchase Agreement (the *Purchase Agreement*) with Gores Radio Holdings, LLC. In exchange for the then outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Gores, we issued 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the *Series A-1 Preferred Stock*). In addition Gores purchased 25,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock (together with the Series A-1 Preferred Stock, the *Preferred Stock*), for an aggregate purchase price of \$25.0 million.

***Terms of Series A-1 Preferred Stock***

Holders of the Series A-1 Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive dividends at a rate of 7.50% per annum, compounded quarterly, which will be added to the liquidation preference (initially equal to \$1,065 per share). The Series A-1 Preferred Stock ranks *pari passu* with the Series B Preferred Stock. If the Series A-1 Preferred Stock remains outstanding after June 19, 2013, the dividend rate will increase to 15.00% per annum. Holders of the Series A-1 Preferred Stock will also be entitled to receive dividends declared or paid on our common stock on an as-converted basis.

The Series A-1 Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holders into a number of shares of common stock by dividing the number of shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock to be converted by the multiple of the liquidation preference and the conversion price in effect at the close of business on the conversion date.

After March 19, 2013, we have the sole option to redeem the Series A-1 Preferred Stock at any time provided we concurrently offer to redeem the same proportion (based on liquidation preference) of the Series B Preferred Stock on the same terms and conditions and at the same time. If the Series A-1 Preferred Stock remains outstanding after December 19, 2013, the liquidation preference per share will increase by 50%.

***Terms of Series B Preferred Stock***

Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive dividends at a rate of 8.0% per annum, compounded quarterly, which will be added to the liquidation preference (initially equal to \$1,000 per share). The Series B Preferred Stock ranks *pari passu* with the Series A-1 Preferred Stock. If the Series B Preferred Stock remains outstanding after June 19, 2013, the dividend rate will increase to 15.00% per annum. Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock will also be entitled to receive dividends declared or paid on the Common Stock on an as-converted basis.

The Series B Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holders into a number of shares of Common Stock by dividing the number of shares of Series B Preferred Stock to be converted by the multiple of the liquidation preference and the conversion price in effect at the close of business on the conversion date.

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**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**Black Line Division**

As a result of the debt and equity restructuring completed on April 23, 2009, in the future we will follow the purchase method of accounting, as described by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 141R, *Business Combinations* and expect to apply the SEC rules and guidance regarding push down accounting treatment in the second quarter. Accordingly, in future filings our Consolidated Financial Statements and transactional records prior to the closing of the debt and equity restructuring will reflect the historical accounting basis in our assets and liabilities and be labeled predecessor company, while such records subsequent to the debt and equity restructuring will be labeled successor company and will reflect the push down basis of accounting for the new fair values in our financial statements. This will be presented in our Consolidated Financial Statements by a vertical black line division which will appear between the columns entitled predecessor company and successor company on the Consolidated Financial Statements and relevant notes. The black line signifies that the amounts shown for the periods prior to and subsequent to the debt and equity restructuring are not comparable. Since the completion of the debt and equity restructuring occurred on April 23, 2009, there was insufficient time to complete a valuation of the successor company for disclosure in the March 31, 2009 financial statements.

**NOTE 18 Recent Accounting Pronouncements:**

In March 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued FSP FAS 141(R)-1, *Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination ( FSP FAS 141(R)-1 )*, which amends the guidance in SFAS 141R, for the initial recognition and measurement, subsequent measurement, and disclosures of assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in a business combination. In addition, FSP FAS 141(R)-1 amends the existing guidance related to accounting for pre-existing contingent consideration assumed as part of the business combination. FSP FAS 141(R)-1 is effective for the Company January 1, 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations ( SFAS 141R )*. SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in our financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141R also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141R is effective as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 141R and FSP FAS 141(R)-1 did not have a significant impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2008, the EITF issued Issue No. 08-6, *Equity Method Investment Accounting Considerations ( EITF 08-6 )*, which is effective for the Company January 1, 2009. EITF 08-6 addresses the impact that SFAS 141R and SFAS 160 might have on the accounting for equity method investments, including how the initial carrying value of an equity method investment should be determined, how an impairment assessment of an underlying indefinite-lived intangible asset of an equity method investment should be performed and how to account for a change in an investment from the equity method to the cost method. The adoption of this guidance does not have a significant impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures About Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 expands quarterly disclosure requirements in SFAS No. 133 about an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The relevant disclosures have been included in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents**

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except per share amounts)**

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* (SFAS No. 160). SFAS No. 160 establishes requirements for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent (sometimes called *minority interests*) to be clearly identified, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent's equity. All changes in the parent's ownership interests are required to be accounted for consistently as equity transactions and any non-controlling equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries must be measured initially at fair value. SFAS No. 160 is effective, on a prospective basis, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. However, presentation and disclosure requirements must be retrospectively applied to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

F-57

**Table of Contents**

Shares

Common Stock

PROSPECTUS

## **Thomas Weisel Partners LLC**

Neither we nor any of the underwriters have authorized anyone to provide information different from that contained in this prospectus. When you make a decision about whether to invest in our common stock, you should not rely upon any information other than the information in this prospectus. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor the sale of our common stock means that information contained in this prospectus is correct after the date of this prospectus. This prospectus is not an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy these shares of common stock in any circumstances under which the offer or solicitation is unlawful.

Through and including \_\_\_\_\_, 2009 (the 25<sup>th</sup> day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

**Table of Contents****PART II****INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS****Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.**

|                                   |             |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| SEC registration fees             | \$ 2,790    |
| FINRA filing fee                  | *           |
| NASDAQ Capital Market listing fee | *           |
| Printing and distributing         | *           |
| Legal fees and expenses           | *           |
| Accounting fees and expenses      | *           |
| Transfer agent fees and expenses  | *           |
| Miscellaneous                     | *           |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>\$ *</b> |

Each of the amounts set forth above, other than the SEC registration fees, the FINRA filing fee and the NASDAQ listing fee, is an estimate.

\* To be filed by amendment.

**Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.***Indemnification of Directors and Officers*

The registrant is incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware. Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, or DGCL, provides that a Delaware corporation may indemnify any person who was or is, or is threatened to be made, a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of such corporation), by reason of the fact that such person is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of such corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, provided such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation's best interests and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful, except that no indemnification is permitted without judicial approval if such person is adjudged to be liable to the corporation. Where a present or former officer or director is successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of any action referred to above, the corporation must indemnify him or her against the expenses (including attorneys' fees) which such officer or director has actually and reasonably incurred.

Section 145 further provides that the indemnification provisions of Section 145 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in such person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office. The registrant's restated certificate of incorporation as currently in effect, or Certificate of Incorporation, contains a provision eliminating the liability of a director to the registrant and its stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of fiduciary duty as a director. However, neither the DGCL nor the registrant's Certificate of Incorporation currently allows such provision to limit the liability of a director for: (i) any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the registrant or its stockholders; (ii) acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (iii) payment of dividends, stock purchases or redemptions that violate the DGCL; or (iv) any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit. Such limitation of liability also does not affect the availability of equitable remedies such as injunctive relief or rescission.

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**Table of Contents**

Section 145 further authorizes a corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would otherwise have the power to indemnify such person under Section 145.

The registrant's amended and restated bylaws as currently in effect, or the Bylaws, provide that, the registrant shall indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by applicable law, as now or hereafter in effect, and the Certificate of Incorporation, and such right to indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director or officer of the registrant and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and personal and legal representatives; provided, however, that, except for proceedings to enforce rights to indemnification, the registrant shall not be obligated to indemnify any director or officer (or his or her heirs, executors or personal or legal representatives) in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person unless such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized or consented to by the board of directors. The right to indemnification conferred by the Bylaws shall include the right to be paid by the registrant the expenses incurred in defending or otherwise participating in any proceeding in advance of its final disposition upon receipt by the registrant of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director or officer receiving advancement to repay the amount advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the registrant under the Bylaws.

The Bylaws also provide that, to the extent authorized from time to time by the Board of Directors, the registrant may provide rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses to employees and agents of the registrant similar to those conferred in the Bylaws to directors and officers of the registrant and that the rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses conferred in Bylaws shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws, any statute, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Under the Bylaws, any repeal or modification of the provisions of the Bylaws relating to indemnification by the stockholders of the registrant shall not adversely affect any rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses of a director, officer, employee or agent of the registrant existing at the time of such repeal or modification with respect to any acts or omissions occurring prior to such repeal or modification.

**Item 15. Sales of Unregistered Securities.**

(a) On each of March 3, 2008 and March 24, 2008, we sold 7,142,857 shares (14,285,714 shares in the aggregate) of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ( Common Stock ) to Gores Radio Holdings, LLC ( Gores ), an entity managed by The Gores Group, LLC, at a price of \$1.75 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000,000. Gores is an accredited investor as defined under Regulation D of the Securities Act, of 1933 as amended and the foregoing shares of our Common Stock sold to Gores were issued pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

(b) On June 19, 2008, we sold to Gores 75,000 shares of our 7.50% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ( Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ), and warrants to purchase (1) up to 3,330,000 shares of our Common Stock at a strike price of \$5.00 per share, (2) up to 3,330,000 shares of our Common Stock at a strike price of \$6.00 per share, and (3) up to 3,340,000 shares of our Common Stock at a strike price of \$7.00 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$75,000,000, in each case pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. Gores is an accredited investor as defined under Regulation D of the Securities Act, of 1933 as amended and the foregoing shares of our Common Stock sold to Gores were issued pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.



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**Table of Contents**

(c) On April 23, 2009, we consummated the Restructuring. In connection therewith:

(i) Gores purchased for an aggregate of \$1.4 million, \$5.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 5.26% Series B Senior Guaranteed Notes due November 30, 2012 (the Series B Notes ), from a holder of the Series B Notes and purchased for an aggregate of \$4.9 million approximately \$17.6 million aggregate principal amount of loans from certain lenders under our Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004, as amended (the Old Credit Agreement ).

(ii) Gores (i) exchanged all of our 7.50% Series A Preferred Stock that it previously purchased in June 2008 for 75,000 shares of 7.50% Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock (the Series A-1 Preferred Stock ) and (ii) purchased 25,000 shares of our 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the Series B Preferred Stock and, together with the Series A-1 Preferred Stock, the Preferred Stock ) for a per share purchase price of \$1,000 and an aggregate purchase price of \$25.0 million.

(iii) Holders of our then outstanding 4.64% Series A Senior Guaranteed Notes due November 30, 2009 and Series B Notes and lenders under the Old Credit Agreement, in consideration for releasing all of their respective claims under the such notes and the Old Credit Agreement, collectively received (1) \$117.5 million of new senior secured notes (the Senior Notes ), maturing July 15, 2012; (2) 34,962 shares of Series B Preferred Stock; and (3) a one-time cash payment of \$25.0 million. As a result of such transactions, Gores, as a holder of such indebtedness, received approximately \$10.8 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes, 3,201 additional shares of Series B Preferred Stock and approximately \$2.3 million in cash.

(iv) Each of Gores and the other holders of our Senior Notes is an accredited investor as defined under Regulation D of the Securities Act, of 1933 as amended and the foregoing shares of our Preferred Stock and Senior Notes were issued pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The purchasers of the securities described in paragraphs (a) (c) received written disclosures that the securities had not been registered under the Securities Act and that any resale must be made pursuant to a registration or an available exemption from registration. The sales of these securities were made without general solicitation or advertising.

**Item 16. Exhibits.**

The exhibits to this Registration Statement are listed on the Exhibit Index, which is incorporated by reference in this Item 16.

**Item 17. Undertakings.**

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

(1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and

**Table of Contents**

contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b) (1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

(2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

**Table of Contents****SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of New York, State of New York, on June 22, 2009.

**WESTWOOD ONE, INC.**

By: /s/ RODERICK M. SHERWOOD, III  
 Name: **Roderick M. Sherwood, III**  
 Title: **President and Chief Financial Officer**

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, the undersigned hereby severally constitute and appoint Roderick M. Sherwood, III, Norman J. Pattiz, David Hillman and Melissa Garza and each of them singly, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, each with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this Registration Statement, or any related registration statement filed pursuant to Rule 462 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and to file the same, with exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that each of said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

| <b>Signature</b>                 | <b>Title</b>                       | <b>Date</b>   |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| /s/ NORMAN J. PATTIZ             | Chairman of the Board of Directors | June 22, 2009 |
| <b>Norman J. Pattiz</b>          |                                    |               |
| /s/ RODERICK M. SHERWOOD, III    | President, Chief Financial Officer | June 22, 2009 |
| <b>Roderick M. Sherwood, III</b> | and Principal Accounting Officer   |               |
| /s/ ANDREW P. BRONSTEIN          | Director                           | June 22, 2009 |
| <b>Andrew P. Bronstein</b>       |                                    |               |
| /s/ JONATHAN I. GIMBEL           | Director                           | June 22, 2009 |
| <b>Jonathan I. Gimbel</b>        |                                    |               |
| /s/ SCOTT M. HONOUR              | Director                           | June 22, 2009 |
| <b>Scott M. Honour</b>           |                                    |               |
| /s/ H. MELVIN MING               | Director                           | June 22, 2009 |
| <b>H. Melvin Ming</b>            |                                    |               |
| /s/ MICHAEL F. NOLD              | Director                           | June 22, 2009 |

**Michael F. Nold**

II-5

**Table of Contents**

| <b>Signature</b>                            | <b>Title</b> | <b>Date</b>   |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| /s/ EMANUEL NUNEZ<br><b>Emanuel Nunez</b>   | Director     | June 22, 2009 |
| /s/ MARK STONE<br><b>Mark Stone</b>         | Director     | June 22, 2009 |
| /s/ IAN WEINGARTEN<br><b>Ian Weingarten</b> | Director     | June 22, 2009 |

**Table of Contents****EXHIBIT INDEX**

| <b>Exhibit<br/>Number</b> | <b>Description of Documents</b>  |
|---------------------------|--|
| 1.1**                     | Form of Underwriting Agreement   |
| 3.1                       | Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Westwood One, Inc. as currently in effect (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Westwood One, Inc. s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008).   |
| 3.2                       | Amended and Restated By-Laws of Westwood One, Inc. as currently in effect (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 27, 2009).   |
| 4.1**                     | Specimen Common Stock Certificate.   |
| 4.2                       | Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002, between Westwood One, Inc. and the noteholders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 4, 2002).   |
| 4.2.1                     | First Amendment, dated as of February 28, 2008, to Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2002, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and the noteholders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 28, 2008).                        |
| 4.3                       | Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2009, by and among Westwood One, Inc. and the other parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).  |
| 4.4                       | Certificate of Designations for the 7.50% Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on April 23, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).  |
| 4.5                       | Certificate of Designations for the 8.0% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on April 23, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).   |
| 4.6                       | First Amendment to Security Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2009, by and among Westwood One, Inc., each of the subsidiaries of Westwood One, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, as collateral trustee (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009). |
| 5.1**                     | Opinion of Proskauer Rose LLP.   |
| 10.1                      | Employment Agreement, dated April 29, 1998, between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998).   |
| 10.2                      | Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated October 27, 2003, between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003).  |
| 10.2.1                    | Amendment No. 2 to Employment Agreement, dated November 28, 2005, between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 28, 2005).  |
| 10.2.2                    | Amendment No. 3, effective January 8, 2008, to the employment agreement by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 8, 2008).   |
| 10.2.3                    | Amendment No. 4, effective December 31, 2008, to the employment agreement by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 18, 2009).   |

[Exhibit Index]

**Table of Contents**

**Exhibit**

| <b>Number</b> | <b>Description of Documents</b>  |
|---------------|--|
| 10.2.4        | Amendment No. 5, effective June 11, 2008, to the employment agreement by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 18, 2009).   |
| 10.3          | Form of Indemnification Agreement between Westwood One, Inc. and its directors and executive officers (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s proxy statement dated September 25, 1986).  |
| 10.4          | Credit Agreement, dated March 3, 2004, between Westwood One, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors parties thereto, the Lenders parties thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003).   |
| 10.4.1        | Amendment No. 1, dated as of October 31, 2006, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004, between Westwood One, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors parties thereto, the Lenders parties thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 6, 2006).                                |
| 10.4.2        | Amendment No. 2, dated as of January 11, 2008, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004, between Westwood One, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors parties thereto, the Lenders parties thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 11, 2008).                                |
| 10.4.3        | Amendment No. 3, dated as of February 25, 2008, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2004, between Westwood One, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors parties thereto, the Lenders parties thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 25, 2008 (filed on February 29, 2008)). |
| 10.5          | Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 24, 1987, between Westwood One, Inc. and National Broadcasting Company, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 4, 1987).  |
| 10.6          | Agreement and Plan of Merger among Westwood One, Inc., Copter Acquisition Corp. and Metro Networks, Inc. dated June 1, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 4, 1999).   |
| 10.7          | Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 20, 1999, by and among Westwood One, Inc., Copter Acquisition Corp. and Metro Networks, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 1, 1999).   |
| 10.8          | Employment Agreement, effective May 1, 2003, between Westwood One, Inc. and Paul Gregrey, as amended by Amendment 1 to Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005).  |
| 10.8.1        | Amendment No. 2 to Employment Agreement, dated May 4, 2007, between Westwood One, Inc. and Paul Gregrey (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007).  |
| 10.9          | Employment Agreement, effective October 16, 2004, between Westwood One, Inc. and David Hillman, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006).  |
| 10.9.1        | Amendment No. 2 to the Employment Agreement, effective July 10, 2007, between Westwood One, Inc. and David Hillman (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 10, 2007).   |

[Exhibit Index]

**Table of Contents**

| <b>Exhibit<br/>Number</b> | <b>Description of Documents</b>  |
|---------------------------|--|
| 10.10                     | Westwood One, Inc. Amended 1999 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s proxy statement dated April 30, 1999).   |
| 10.11                     | Amendment to Westwood One, Inc. Amended 1999 Stock Incentive Plan, effective May 25, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 25, 2005).   |
| 10.12                     | Westwood One, Inc. 1989 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s proxy statement dated March 27, 1992).   |
| 10.13                     | Amendments to Westwood One, Inc. s Amended 1989 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s proxy statement dated July 20, 1994 and proxy statement dated April 29, 1996).   |
| 10.14                     | Leases, dated August 9, 1999, between Lefrak SBN LP and Westwood One Radio Networks, Inc. and between Infinity and Westwood One Radio Networks, Inc. relating to New York, New York offices (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999). |
| 10.15                     | Form of Stock Option Agreement under Westwood One, Inc. s Amended 1999 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 12, 2004).   |
| 10.16                     | Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, between Westwood One, Inc. and Andrew Zaref (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004).  |
| 10.16.1                   | Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2006, between Westwood One, Inc. and Andrew Zaref (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 30, 2006).  |
| 10.17                     | Westwood One, Inc. 2005 Equity Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 25, 2005).  |
| 10.18                     | Form Amended and Restated Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under Westwood One, Inc. 2005 Equity Compensation Plan for outside directors (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 17, 2006).  |
| 10.19                     | Form Stock Option Agreement under Westwood One, Inc. 2005 Equity Compensation Plan for directors (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 5, 2005).  |
| 10.20                     | Form Stock Option Agreement under Westwood One, Inc. 2005 Equity Compensation Plan for non-director participants (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 5, 2005).  |
| 10.21                     | Form Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under Westwood One, Inc. 2005 Equity Compensation Plan for non-director participants (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 17, 2006).   |
| 10.22                     | Form Restricted Stock Agreement under Westwood One, Inc. 2005 Equity Compensation Plan for non-director participants (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 17, 2006).  |
| 10.23                     | Employment Agreement, effective as of July 16, 2007, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Gary Yusko (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 10, 2007).  |
| 10.24                     | Master Agreement, dated as of October 2, 2007, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 2, 2007).  |

[Exhibit Index]



**Table of Contents**

**Exhibit**

| <b>Number</b> | <b>Description of Documents</b>   |
|---------------|---|
| 10.25         | Employment Agreement, effective as of January 8, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Thomas F.X. Beusse (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 8, 2008).   |
| 10.26         | Consent Agreement, dated as of January 8, 2008, made by and among CBS Radio Inc., Westwood One, Inc., and Thomas F.X. Beusse (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 8, 2008).  |
| 10.27         | Stand-Alone Stock Option Agreement, dated as of January 8, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Thomas F.X. Beusse (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 8, 2008).   |
| 10.28         | Letter Agreement, dated February 25, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Norman J. Pattiz (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 25, 2008 (filed on February 27, 2008)).  |
| 10.29         | Purchase Agreement, dated February 25, 2008, between Westwood One, Inc. and Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 25, 2008 (filed on February 27, 2008)).  |
| 10.30         | Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 3, 2008, between Westwood One, Inc. and Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).  |
| 10.31         | Intercreditor and Collateral Trust Agreement, dated as of February 28, 2008, by and among Westwood One, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors parties thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, the financial institutions that hold the Notes and The Bank of New York, as Collateral Trustee (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 28, 2008). |
| 10.32         | Shared Security Agreement, dated as of February 28, 2008, by and among Westwood One, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors parties thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and The Bank of New York, as Collateral Trustee (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 28, 2008).   |
| 10.33         | Shared Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing, dated as of February 28, 2008, by Westwood One, Inc., to First American Title Insurance Company, as Trustee, for the benefit of The Bank of New York, as Beneficiary (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 28, 2008).  |
| 10.34         | Mutual General Release and Covenant Not to Sue, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).   |
| 10.35         | Amended and Restated News Programming Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).  |
| 10.36         | Amended and Restated Technical Services Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).  |
| 10.37         | Amended and Restated Trademark License Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).   |
| 10.38         | Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).   |

[Exhibit Index]

**Table of Contents**

| <b>Exhibit<br/>Number</b> | <b>Description of Documents</b>  |
|---------------------------|--|
| 10.39                     | Lease for 524 W. 57 <sup>th</sup> Street, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and CBS Broadcasting Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).   |
| 10.40                     | Form Westwood One Affiliation Agreement, dated February 29, 2008, between Westwood One, Inc. on its behalf and on behalf of its affiliate, Westwood One Radio Networks, Inc. and CBS Radio Inc., on its behalf and on behalf of certain CBS Radio stations (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008). |
| 10.41                     | Form Metro Affiliation Agreement, dated as of February 29, 2008, by and between Metro Networks Communications, Limited Partnership, and CBS Radio Inc., on its behalf and on behalf of certain CBS Radio stations (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 3, 2008).  |
| 10.42                     | Employment Agreement, dated as of July 7, 2008, between Westwood One, Inc. and Steven Kalin (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008).   |
| 10.43                     | Employment Agreement, effective as of September 17, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Roderick M. Sherwood, III (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 18, 2008).   |
| 10.44                     | Employment Agreement, effective as of October 20, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Gary Schonfeld (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 24, 2008).  |
| 10.45                     | Separation Agreement, effective as of October 31, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Thomas F.X. Beusse (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 30, 2008).  |
| 10.46                     | Separation Agreement, effective as of October 31, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Paul Gregrey (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008).  |
| 10.47                     | License and Services Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2008, by and between Metro Networks Communications, Inc. and TrafficLand, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 22, 2008).  |
| 10.48                     | Employment Agreement, dated as of May 12, 2008, between Westwood One, Inc. and Andrew Hersam (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008).  |
| 10.49                     | Employment Agreement, effective as of April 14, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Jonathan Marshall (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008).   |
| 10.50                     | Form of Amendment to Employment Agreement for senior executives, amending terms in a manner intended to address Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008).   |
| 10.51                     | Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2008, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Steven Kalin, amending terms in a manner intended to address Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008).  |
| 10.52                     | Credit Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2009, by and among Westwood One, Inc., Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC, and the lenders signatory thereto (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).   |

[Exhibit Index]

**Table of Contents**

**Exhibit**

| <b>Number</b> | <b>Description of Documents</b>  |
|---------------|--|
| 10.53         | Master Mutual Release, dated as of April 23, 2009, by and among Westwood One, Inc. and the other parties party to the Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).   |
| 10.54         | Purchase Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2009, by and among Westwood One, Inc. and Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).   |
| 10.55         | Amendment No. 1 to Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2009, between Westwood One, Inc. and Gores Radio Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009).  |
| 10.56         | Investor Rights Agreement, dated as of April 23, 2009, among Westwood One, Inc., Gores Radio Holdings, LLC and the other investors signatory thereto and the parties executing a Joinder Agreement in accordance with the terms thereto (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 27, 2009). |
| 10.57         | Separation Agreement, effective as of March 31, 2009, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Andrew Hersam (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009).  |
| 10.58         | Consulting Agreement made as of April 27, 2009, by and between Westwood One, Inc. and Andrew Hersam (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009).  |
| 21            | List of Subsidiaries (incorporated by reference to Westwood One, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008).   |
| 23.1*         | Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  |
| 23.2**        | Consent of Proskauer Rose LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).   |
| 24.1          | Power of Attorney (included on signature page hereto).   |

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* To be filed by amendment prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or incorporated by reference from documents filed with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

[Exhibit Index]