BOSTON PROPERTIES INC Form 10-Q August 09, 2007 Table of Contents

# **UNITED STATES**

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q** 

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2007

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to

**Commission File Number 1-13087** 

# **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

04-2473675 (IRS Employer Id. Number)

Prudential Center, 800 Boylston Street, Suite 1900, Boston, Massachusetts 02199-8103

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(617) 236-3300

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

111 Huntington Avenue, Suite 300, Boston, Massachusetts 02199

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(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (617) 236-3300

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer "Non-accelerated filer "Non-accelerated filer "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (Class)

119,034,512 (Outstanding on August 3, 2007)

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

# FORM 10-Q

# for the quarter ended June 30, 2007

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### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1 Financial Statements.

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except for share and par value amounts)

	June 30,	
	2007	December 31, 2006
ASSETS	2007	2000
Real estate, at cost	\$ 9,037,468	\$ 8,819,934
Real estate held for sale, net	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	433,492
Construction in process	584,620	115,629
Land held for future development	189,698	183,403
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,474,771)	(1,392,055)
Total real estate	8,337,015	8,160,403
Cash and cash equivalents	1,885,318	725,788
Cash held in escrows	22,665	25,784
Tenant and other receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,957 and \$2,682, respectively)	48,398	57,052
Accrued rental income (net of allowance of \$530 and \$783, respectively)	296,424	327,337
Deferred charges, net	264,664	274,079
Prepaid expenses and other assets	47,174	40,868
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	92,944	83,711
Total assets	\$ 10,994,602	\$ 9,695,022
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 2,855,889	\$ 2,679,462
Unsecured senior notes (net of discount of \$3,309 and \$3,525, respectively)	1,471,691	1,471,475
Unsecured exchangeable senior notes (net of discount of \$20,478 and \$0, respectively)	1,292,022	450,000
Unsecured line of credit		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	123,910	102,934
Dividends and distributions payable	96,192	857,892
Accrued interest payable	59,105	47,441
Other liabilities	201,406	239,084
Total liabilities	6,100,215	5,848,288
Commitments and contingencies		
Minority interests	731,043	623,508
Stockholders equity:		
Excess stock, \$.01 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding		

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Common stock, \$.01 par value, 250,000,000 shares authorized, 119,106,981 and 117,582,442 issued and		
119,028,081 and 117,503,542 outstanding in 2007 and 2006, respectively	1,190	1,175
Additional paid-in capital	3,263,797	3,119,941
Earnings in excess of dividends	904,417	108,155
Treasury common stock at cost, 78,900 shares in 2007 and 2006	(2,722)	(2,722)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,338)	(3,323)
Total stockholders equity	4,163,344	3,223,226
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 10,994,602	\$ 9,695,022

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

# (Unaudited)

Revenue   Rental     Rental     Rental     Rental     Rental     Rental     Rental     Rental     Rental     Recveries from tenants     Recveries from tenant from tenants     Recveries from tenant from tenants     Recveries from tenant from tenants     Recal estate operating     Recal estate tenant from tenants     Recal estate tenant from tenants     Recal estate tenant from tenants     Recal estate		Jun	Three months ended June 30,		hs ended e 30,
Revnail		2007	2006	2007 for per share :	2006
Rental:         \$ 270,508         \$ 276,208         \$ 543,416         \$ 551,238           Base rent         47,462         45,322         94,504         92,328           Parking and other         16,488         14,146         31,809         27,900           Total rental rental renue         3345         335,666         669,729         672,006           Hotel revenue         9,335         3,366         669,729         672,006           Development and management services         5,130         5,227         9,857         9,600           Interest and other         26,205         8,554         43,193         10,315           Total revenue         375,128         357,911         738,823         705,461           Expenses         8         8,544         31,933         705,461           Expenses         8         8,544         31,933         705,461           Expenses         8         8,79,111         738,823         705,461           Expenses         8         8,79,111         13,823         705,461           Expenses         8         8,241         19,933         227,199         221,844           Hotel         6,417         5,513         12,431         10,52	Revenue	(iii tiious	anus, except i	or per snare a	amounts)
Base rent         \$270,508         \$276,298         \$34,40         \$351,308           Recoveries from tenants         47.46         45.32         94.504         92.32           Parking and other         16.488         14.146         31,809         27.900           Total rental revenue         334,458         335,766         669,729         672,066           Hotel revenue         9.335         8.364         16.04         13.720           Development and management services         5.20         8.554         43.19         10.513           Development and management services         26,005         8.554         43.19         10.513           Total revenue         375,128         35,791         738,823         705,461           Expenses         28         35,131         72,921         70,461           Expenses         28         40,973         227,199         221,844           Hotel         6,417         5,513         12,41         10,521           General and administrative         6,417         5,513         12,41         10,521           Interest and other call of					
Recoveries from tenants         47,402         45,322         94,504         92,328           Parking and other         16,488         14,146         31,809         27,907           Total rental revenue         9334         38,357,666         669,729         672,066           Development and management services         5,130         5,227         9,857         9,00           Interest and other         26,205         8,554         43,193         10,513           Total revenue         375,128         357,911         738,823         705,461           Expenses         8         8,541         13,193         10,513           Real estate operating:         8         113,624         109,733         227,199         221,844           Rental         113,624         109,733         227,199         221,844           Hotel         6,417         5,513         12,431         10,513           Interest         73,743         78,449         147,669         153,669           Depreciation and amortization         74,621         6,077         145,099         133,085           Losses from early extinguishments of debt         31,457         722         31,926           Total expenses         284,696		\$ 270.508	\$ 276.298	\$ 543,416	\$ 551.838
Parking and other         16,488         14,146         31,809         27,902           Total rental revenue         334,458         335,766         669,729         672,068           Hotel revenue         9,335         8,364         16,044         13,279           Development and management services         5,130         5,227         9,875         9,601           Interest and other         26,205         8,554         43,193         10,513           Total revenue         375,128         357,911         738,823         705,461           Expenses         8         8         44,193         10,513           Rental         113,624         109,733         227,199         221,844           Hotel         64,417         5,513         12,431         10,521           General and administrative         16,291         15,796         33,099         30,433           Interest         73,743         78,449         147,669         153,266           Depreciation and amortization         74,621         67,077         145,099         130,885           Losses from early extinguishments of debt         31,457         722         31,922           Total expenses         284,696         308,025         56			·	·	
Total rettal revenue					
Hotel revenue   9.335   8.364   16.044   13.275   1.		20,100	2 1,2 10	2 2,0 0 2	_,,,,,,_
Hotel revenue   9.335   8.364   16.044   13.275   1.	Total rental revenue	334 458	335 766	669 729	672 068
Development and management services					
Interest and other				•	
Total revenue 375,128 357,911 738,823 705,461  Expenses Real estate operating: Rental 113,624 109,733 227,199 221,844 Hotel 64,17 5,513 12,431 10,521 General and administrative 16,291 15,796 33,099 30,438 Interest 73,743 78,449 147,669 153,266 Depreciation and amortization 74,621 67,077 145,099 133,083 Losses from early extinguishments of debt 31,457 722 31,922  Total expenses 284,696 308,025 566,219 581,071  Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,432 49,886 172,604 124,390 Minority interest in operaty partnership 777 2,015 Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,432 49,886 172,604 124,390 Minority interest in operaty partnership 177,7 2,015 Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,432 49,886 172,604 124,390 Minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,628 1,677 18,233 2,967  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,628 41,185 162,571 102,907 Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest 581,302 620,262 585,844  Income before discontinued operations 90,628 622,487 782,833 688,746	ı				
Expenses Real estate operating: Rental 113,624 109,733 227,199 221,844 Hotel 6,6417 5,513 12,431 10,521 General and administrative 16,291 15,796 33,099 30,438 Interest 73,743 78,449 147,669 153,266 Depreciation and amortization 74,621 67,077 145,099 133,082 Losses from early extinguishments of debt 31,457 722 31,924  Total expenses 284,696 308,025 566,219 581,071  Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,432 49,886 172,604 124,399 Minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 17,268 1,677 18,233 2,967  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 107,700 52,340 190,837 129,377  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,070) 52,340 190,837 129,377  Minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,070) 52,340 190,837 129,377  Minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,072) (11,155) (28,266) (26,468)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,628 41,185 162,571 102,907  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest 581,302 620,262 585,844  Income before discontinued operations 90,628 62,487 782,833 688,746  Discontinued operations.  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815	interest and other	20,203	6,554	45,175	10,515
Real estate operating:         Rental         113,624         109,733         227,199         221,844           Hotel         6,417         5,513         12,431         10,521           General and administrative         16,291         15,796         33,099         30,438           Interest         73,743         78,449         147,669         153,266           Depreciation and amortization         74,621         67,077         145,099         133,082           Losses from early extinguishments of debt         31,457         722         31,922           Total expenses         284,696         308,025         566,219         581,071           Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         90,432         49,886         172,604         124,396           Minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         17,268         1,677         18,233         2,967           Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         107,700         52,340         190,837         129,370           Minority interest in Operating Partnership         (17,072)         (11,155)         (28,266)<	Total revenue	375,128	357,911	738,823	705,461
Real estate operating:         Rental         113,624         109,733         227,199         221,844           Hotel         6,417         5,513         12,431         10,521           General and administrative         16,291         15,796         33,099         30,438           Interest         73,743         78,449         147,669         153,266           Depreciation and amortization         74,621         67,077         145,099         133,082           Losses from early extinguishments of debt         31,457         722         31,922           Total expenses         284,696         308,025         566,219         581,071           Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         90,432         49,886         172,604         124,396           Minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         17,268         1,677         18,233         2,967           Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         107,700         52,340         190,837         129,370           Minority interest in Operating Partnership         (17,072)         (11,155)         (28,266)<	Expenses				
Rental   113,624   109,733   227,199   221,844   10,521					
Hotel	Rental	113,624	109,733	227,199	221,840
General and administrative         16,291         15,796         33,099         30,438           Interest         73,743         78,449         147,669         153,266           Depreciation and amortization         74,621         67,077         145,099         133,082           Losses from early extinguishments of debt         31,457         722         31,922           Total expenses         284,696         308,025         566,219         581,071           Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         90,432         49,886         172,604         124,390           Minority interest in property partnership         777         2,013         2,967           Income from unconsolidated joint ventures         17,268         1,677         18,233         2,967           Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         107,700         52,340         190,837         129,370           Minority interest in Operating Partnership         (17,072)         (11,155)         (28,266)         (26,468           Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         90,628         41,185         162,571         102,902 <td>Hotel</td> <td>6,417</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>10,521</td>	Hotel	6,417	•	•	10,521
Depreciation and amortization 74,621 67,077 145,099 133,082 Losses from early extinguishments of debt 31,457 722 31,922  Total expenses 284,696 308,025 566,219 581,071  Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,432 49,886 172,604 124,390  Minority interest in property partnership 777 2,012  Income from unconsolidated joint ventures 17,268 1,677 18,233 2,967  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 107,700 52,340 190,837 129,370  Minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,072) (11,155) (28,266) (26,466)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,628 41,185 162,571 102,902  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest 581,302 620,262 585,844  Income before discontinued operations 90,628 622,487 782,833 688,746  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 3,244 1,282 3,858  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815	General and administrative	16,291			30,438
Depreciation and amortization 74,621 67,077 145,099 133,082 Losses from early extinguishments of debt 31,457 722 31,922  Total expenses 284,696 308,025 566,219 581,071  Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,432 49,886 172,604 124,390  Minority interest in property partnership 777 2,012  Income from unconsolidated joint ventures 17,268 1,677 18,233 2,967  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 107,700 52,340 190,837 129,370  Minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,072) (11,155) (28,266) (26,466)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,628 41,185 162,571 102,902  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest 581,302 620,262 585,844  Income before discontinued operations 90,628 622,487 782,833 688,746  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 3,244 1,282 3,858  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815	Interest		·	·	153,266
Losses from early extinguishments of debt  Total expenses  284,696 308,025 566,219 581,071  Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in property partnership Income from unconsolidated joint ventures  1777 2,012  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,070) 107,00 107,	Depreciation and amortization	74,621			133,082
Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in property partnership  Income from unconsolidated joint ventures  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before discontinued operations  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest	Losses from early extinguishments of debt	·			31,924
minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in property partnership Income from unconsolidated joint ventures  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before discontinued operations  Income before discontinued operations  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest	Total expenses	284,696	308,025	566,219	581,071
minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in property partnership Income from unconsolidated joint ventures  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Income before discontinued operations  Income before discontinued operations  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest	Income before minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures				
Minority interest in property partnership Income from unconsolidated joint ventures Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations Income before discontinued operations Income before discontinued operations Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest		00.432	10.886	172 604	124 300
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures  17,268  1,677  18,233  2,967  Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in Operating Partnership  (17,072)  (11,155)  (28,266)  (26,468)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (28,266)  (26,468)  (26,468)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (17,072)  (11,155)  (28,266)  (26,468)  (26,468)  (26,468)  (26,468)  (26,468)  (27,487)  (28,283)  (28,284)  (28,286)  (28,287)  (28,283)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)  (28,286)		90,432		172,004	
Income before minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Minority interest in Operating Partnership  (17,072) (11,155) (28,266) (26,468)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest  Income before discontinued operations  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  3,244 1,282 3,858  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  11,716 173,815		17 269		19 222	
operations         107,700         52,340         190,837         129,370           Minority interest in Operating Partnership         (17,072)         (11,155)         (28,266)         (26,468)           Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         90,628         41,185         162,571         102,902           Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest         581,302         620,262         585,844           Income before discontinued operations         90,628         622,487         782,833         688,746           Discontinued operations:         3,244         1,282         3,858           Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest         11,716         173,815	income from unconsolidated joint ventures	17,208	1,0//	18,233	2,967
operations         107,700         52,340         190,837         129,370           Minority interest in Operating Partnership         (17,072)         (11,155)         (28,266)         (26,468)           Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations         90,628         41,185         162,571         102,902           Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest         581,302         620,262         585,844           Income before discontinued operations         90,628         622,487         782,833         688,746           Discontinued operations:         3,244         1,282         3,858           Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest         11,716         173,815	To a second of the latest time of the Destruction of the latest and discussions of				
Minority interest in Operating Partnership (17,072) (11,155) (28,266) (26,468)  Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations 90,628 41,185 162,571 102,902  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest 581,302 620,262 585,844  Income before discontinued operations 90,628 622,487 782,833 688,746  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 3,244 1,282 3,858  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815		107.700	52.240	100.927	120.270
Income before gains on sales of real estate and discontinued operations  Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest  Income before discontinued operations  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  3,244  1,282  3,858  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  11,716  173,815	1		•	,	
Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest  581,302  620,262  585,844  Income before discontinued operations  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  11,716  173,815	Minority interest in Operating Partnership	(17,072)	(11,133)	(28,200)	(20,408)
Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest  581,302  620,262  585,844  Income before discontinued operations  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  11,716  173,815	In the first of th	00.629	41 105	162 571	102.002
Income before discontinued operations  Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest  11,716  3,244  1,282  3,858	E I	90,628	·		
Discontinued operations:  Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815	Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest		381,302	020,202	383,844
Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 3,244 1,282 3,858 Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815		90,628	622,487	782,833	688,746
Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest 11,716 173,815	Discontinued operations:				
	Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest		3,244		3,858
Net income available to common shareholders \$102,344 \$625,731 \$957,930 \$692,604	Gain on sale of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority interest	11,716		173,815	
	Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 102,344	\$ 625,731	\$ 957,930	\$ 692,604
Racic earnings per common chara-	Resignarnings per common share:				
	Basic earnings per common share:  Income available to common shareholders before discontinued operations	\$ 0.76	\$ 520	¢ 651	\$ 5.92
	Discontinued operations, net of minority interest				0.03

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Net income available to common shareholders	\$	0.86	\$	5.33	\$	7.99	\$	5.95
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	1	18,961	1	13,994	1	18,565	1	13,255
Diluted earnings per common share:								
Income available to common shareholders before discontinued operations	\$	0.74	\$	5.20	\$	6.39	\$	5.80
Discontinued operations, net of minority interest		0.10		0.03		1.45		0.03
Net income available to common shareholders	\$	0.84	\$	5.23	\$	7.84	\$	5.83
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding	1	20,984	1	16,176	1:	20,811	1	15,669

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF

# COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,					
	2007	2006 (in tho	2007 usands)	2006		
Net income available to commmon shareholders	\$ 102,344	\$ 625,731	\$ 957,930	\$ 692,604		
Other comprehensive income:						
Effective portion of interest rate contracts		11,867		28,115		
Amortization of interest rate contracts	(99)	175	(15)	349		
Other comprehensive income	(99)	12,042	(15)	28,464		
Comprehensive income	\$ 102,245	\$ 637,773	\$ 957,915	\$ 721,068		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# (Unaudited)

	For the	e six months ended June 30,
	2007	2006
	(i	in thousands)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 957,93	80 \$ 692,604
Adjustments to reconcile net income available to common shareholders to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	145,70	7 134,759
Non-cash portion of interest expense	4,79	3,019
Non-cash compensation expense	6,27	4,531
Losses from early extinguishments of debt	72	22 31,843
Minority interest in property partnership		(2,013)
Distributions in excess of earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	(14,50	00) 880
Minority interest in Operating Partnership	170,61	138,580
Gains on sales of real estate	(936,20	07) (697,231)
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Cash held in escrows	28	3,437
Tenant and other receivables, net	8,65	54 14,187
Accrued rental income, net	(21,60	(24,958)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(6,27	73) (8,114)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(80	00) (4,832)
Accrued interest payable	11,66	54 2,264
Other liabilities	(4,25	52) (15,537)
Tenant leasing costs	(11,16	(16,709)
Total adjustments	(646,07	(435,894)
Net cash provided by operating activities	311,85	256,710
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions/additions to real estate	(622,08	36) (222,140)
Investments in marketable securities		(282,764)
Net investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	5,26	67 (6,867)
Net proceeds from the sale of real estate placed in escrow		(872,063)
Net proceeds from the sales of real estate	1,494,45	1,130,113
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	877,63	31 (253,721)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# (Unaudited)

	Fo	or the six mo June		ended
	2	2007	,	2006
		(in thou	sands	3)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Borrowings on unsecured line of credit	2	260,000		195,000
Repayments of unsecured line of credit	(2	260,000)		(253,000)
Proceeds from mortgage notes payable	9	94,326		28,459
Repayments of mortgage notes payable	(8	384,749)		(162,038)
Proceeds from unsecured exchangeable senior notes	8	340,363		450,000
Proceeds from real estate financing transaction		1,610		22,621
Payments on real estate financing transactions		(5,724)		(1,753)
Dividends and distributions	(9	050,869)		(201,436)
Net proceeds from equity transactions	·	13,526		32,839
Contributions from minority interest holders, net		2,448		11,274
Redemption of minority interest	(	(35,625)		(14,891)
Deferred financing costs	•	(5,263)		(1,164)
200100 manong costs		(0,200)		(1,101)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(	(29,957)		105,911
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1.1	59,530		108,900
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		25,788		261,496
Cush and cush equivalents, beginning of period	,	23,700		201,170
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,8	385,318	\$	370,396
Supplemental disclosures:				
Cash paid for interest	\$ 1	43,459	Ф	150,979
Cash paid for interest	Φ 1	.43,439	Ф	130,979
Interest capitalized	\$	12,252	\$	2,996
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Additions to real estate included in accounts payable	\$	8,677	\$	18,043
The state of the country in the country pay with	Ψ	0,077	Ψ	10,0.0
Dividends and distributions declared but not raid	\$	06 102	¢.	05 920
Dividends and distributions declared but not paid	Φ	96,192	\$	95,839
Conversions of Minority interests to Stockholders equity	\$	23,303	\$	13,840
Basis adjustment to real estate in connection with conversions of Minority interests to Stockholders equity	\$	96,669	\$	35,941
Basis adjustment to lear estate in connection with conversions of Minority interests to stockholders equity	φ	90,009	φ	33,741
Mortgage notes payable assumed in connection with the acquisition of real estate	\$	65,224	\$	
Marketable securities transferred in connection with the legal defeasance of mortgage note payable	\$		\$	282,764
markemore securities transferred in connection with the legal dereasance of moregage note payable	Ψ		Ψ	202,704
Mortgage note payable legally defeased	\$		\$	254,385
			_	
Financing incurred in connection with the acquisition of real estate	\$		\$	45,559

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Issuance of restricted securities to employees and directors

\$ 17,658

\$ 11,054

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Organization

Boston Properties, Inc. (the Company ), a Delaware corporation, is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust (REIT). The Company is the sole general partner of Boston Properties Limited Partnership (the Operating Partnership) and at June 30, 2007 owned an approximate 84.0% (81.4% at June 30, 2006) general and limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership. Partnership interests in the Operating Partnership are denominated as common units of partnership interest (also referred to as OP Units), long term incentive units of partnership interest (also referred to as Preferred Units).

Unit specifically noted otherwise, all references to OP Units exclude units held by the Company. A holder of an OP Unit may present such OP Unit to the Operating Partnership for redemption at any time (subject to restrictions agreed upon at the time of issuance of OP Units to particular holders that may restrict such redemption right for a period of time, generally one year from issuance). Upon presentation of an OP Unit for redemption, the Operating Partnership must redeem such OP Unit for cash equal to the then value of a share of common stock of the Company (Common Stock). In lieu of a cash redemption, the Company may elect to acquire such OP Unit for one share of Common Stock. Because the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding at all times equals the number of OP Units that the Company owns, one share of Common Stock is generally the economic equivalent of one OP Unit, and the quarterly distribution that may be paid to the holder of an OP Unit equals the quarterly dividend that may be paid to the holder of a share of Common Stock. An LTIP Unit is generally the economic equivalent of a share of restricted common stock of the Company. LTIP Units, whether vested or not, will receive the same quarterly per unit distributions as OP Units, which equal per share dividends on Common Stock (See Note 13).

At June 30, 2007, there was one series of Preferred Units outstanding (i.e., Series Two Preferred Units). The Series Two Preferred Units bear a distribution that is set in accordance with an amendment to the partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership. Preferred Units may also be converted into OP Units at the election of the holder thereof or the Operating Partnership in accordance with the amendment to the partnership agreement (See also Note 9).

All references herein to the Company refer to Boston Properties, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, including the Operating Partnership, collectively, unless the context otherwise requires.

#### **Properties**

At June 30, 2007, the Company owned or had interests in a portfolio of 134 commercial real estate properties (131 and 124 properties at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006, respectively) (the Properties ) aggregating approximately 42.7 million net rentable square feet (approximately 43.4 million and 42.1 million net rentable square feet at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006, respectively), including six properties under construction totaling approximately 1.4 million net rentable square feet, and structured parking for approximately 33,758 vehicles containing approximately 10.5 million square feet. At June 30, 2007, the Properties consist of:

130 office properties, including 109 Class A office properties (including six properties under construction) and 21 Office/Technical properties;

one hotel; and

three retail properties.

The Company owns or controls undeveloped land parcels totaling approximately 554.2 acres. In addition, the Company has a 25% interest in the Boston Properties Office Value-Added Fund, L.P. (the Value-Added Fund ), which is a strategic partnership with two institutional investors through which the Company has pursued the acquisition of value-added investments in assets within its existing markets. The Company s investments

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

through the Value-Added Fund are not included in its portfolio information or any other portfolio level statistics. At June 30, 2007, the Value-Added Fund had investments in an office property in Chelmsford, Massachusetts and an office complex in San Carlos, California.

The Company considers Class A office properties to be centrally located buildings that are professionally managed and maintained, that attract high-quality tenants and command upper-tier rental rates, and that are modern structures or have been modernized to compete with newer buildings. The Company considers Office/Technical properties to be properties that support office, research and development, laboratory and other technical uses.

### 2. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Boston Properties, Inc. does not have any other significant assets, liabilities or operations, other than its investment in the Operating Partnership, nor does it have employees of its own. The Operating Partnership, not Boston Properties, Inc., executes all significant business relationships. All majority-owned subsidiaries and affiliates over which the Company has financial and operating control and variable interest entities (VIE s) in which the Company has determined it is the primary beneficiary are included in the consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company accounts for all other unconsolidated joint ventures using the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the Company s share of the earnings of these joint ventures and companies is included in consolidated net income.

The accompanying interim financial statements are unaudited; however, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in conjunction with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring matters) necessary for a fair statement of the financial statements for these interim periods have been included. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for other interim periods or for the full fiscal year. The year end consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosure required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, as revised in the Company s Form 8-K filed on July 25, 2007.

#### 3. Real Estate Activity During the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

#### Acquisitions

In January 2007, the Company acquired 6601 and 6605 Springfield Center Drive, consisting of two office/technical properties aggregating approximately 97,000 net rentable square feet located in Springfield, Virginia for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$16.5 million. On April 11, 2007, the Company acquired an adjacent parcel of land for a purchase price of approximately \$25.6 million. The acquisitions were financed with available cash.

In January and February 2007, the Company acquired parcels of land located at 250 West 55th Street in New York City, through a majority-owned venture, for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$228.8 million. The acquisitions were financed with a \$160.0 million mortgage loan, which bore interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.40% per annum and was scheduled to mature in January 2009, and member capital

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

contributions. On February 26, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to redeem the outside members equity interest in the limited liability company that owns 250 West 55<sup>th</sup> Street for an aggregate redemption price of approximately \$23.4 million (See Note 9). The loan was collateralized by mortgages totaling approximately \$13.6 million. On May 9, 2007, the Company used available cash to repay the mortgage loan.

On January 29, 2007, the Company acquired 103 Fourth Avenue, an approximately 62,000 net rentable square foot office/technical property located in Waltham, Massachusetts, for a purchase price of approximately \$14.3 million. The acquisition was financed with available cash.

On March 30, 2007, the Company acquired Kingstowne Towne Center, a mixed-use property located in Alexandria, Virginia, at a purchase price of approximately \$134.0 million. This property is comprised of two Class A office properties totaling approximately 307,000 net rentable square feet and a retail/movie theater complex totaling approximately 88,000 net rentable square feet. The acquisition was financed with the assumption of mortgage indebtedness totaling \$65.3 million (see Note 5) and available cash.

On March 30, 2007, the Company acquired Russia Wharf, a land parcel located in Boston, Massachusetts, for a purchase price of approximately \$105.5 million. The acquisition was financed with available cash.

#### **Dispositions**

On February 15, 2007, the Company sold the long-term leasehold interest in 5 Times Square in New York City and related credits, for approximately \$1.28 billion in cash. 5 Times Square is a fully-leased Class A office tower that contains approximately 1,101,779 net rentable square feet. Net cash proceeds totaled approximately \$1.23 billion, resulting in a gain on sale of approximately \$604.9 million (net of minority interest share of approximately \$108.7 million). In conjunction with the sale, the Company has agreed to provide to the buyer monthly revenue support from the closing date until December 31, 2008. The aggregate amount of the revenue support payments was approximately \$1.6 million and has been recorded as a purchase price adjustment and included in Other Liabilities within the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of June 30, 2007, the revenue support obligation totaled approximately \$0.4 million. As part of the transaction, the buyer has agreed to engage the Company as the property manager for 5 Times Square for a five-year term. Either party will have the right to terminate this relationship at any time after four years upon giving the other party six (6) months advance notice. If not terminated, the agreement will automatically renew for successive one-year terms unless terminated by either party upon ninety (90) days advance notice. The Company will recognize management fees on a fair value basis over the term of the agreement. As a result, the recognized gain on sale of the property has been reduced by approximately \$4.7 million, representing the difference between the management fees to be received by the Company and the fair value of the management fees. Such amount has been deferred and recorded in Other Liabilities in the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets and will be recognized as management services revenue over the term of the management agreement. Due to the Company s continuing involvement through an agreement with the buyer to manage the property for a fee after the sale and the financial obligations discussed above, this property has not been categorized as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations (See Note 11).

On March 23, 2007, the Company sold the Long Wharf Marriott, a 402-room hotel located in Boston, Massachusetts, for approximately \$231.0 million. Net cash proceeds totaled approximately \$225.6 million, resulting in a gain on sale of approximately \$162.2 million (net of minority interest share of approximately \$28.7 million). This property has been categorized as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations (See Note 11). The sale of this property was completed as part of a like-kind exchange under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code.

On April 5, 2007, the Company sold Newport Office Park, an approximately 172,000 net rentable square foot Class A office property located in Quincy, Massachusetts, for approximately \$37.0 million. Net cash proceeds totaled approximately \$33.7 million, resulting in a gain on sale of approximately \$11.5 million (net of

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

minority interest share of approximately \$2.1 million). This property has been categorized as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations (See Note 11).

On April 12, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement for the sale of a parcel of land located in Washington, D.C. for approximately \$33.7 million. In addition, the Company entered into a development management agreement with the buyer to develop a Class A office property on the parcel totaling approximately 165,000 net rentable square feet. The sale is subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions and there can be no assurance that the sale will be consummated on the terms currently contemplated or at all.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company signed a new qualifying lease for approximately 22,000 net rentable square feet of its remaining 47,659 net rentable square foot master lease obligation related to the 2006 sale of 280 Park Avenue resulting in the recognition of approximately \$15.4 million (net of minority interest share of approximately \$2.6 million) as additional gain on sale of real estate. The Company had deferred approximately \$67.3 million of the gain on sale of 280 Park Avenue, which amount represented the maximum obligation under the master lease. As of June 30, 2007, the remaining master lease obligation totaled approximately \$26.9 million.

#### 4. Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

The investments in unconsolidated joint ventures consist of the following at June 30, 2007:

Entity	Properties	Nominal % Ownership
Square 407 Limited Partnership	Market Square North	50.0%
The Metropolitan Square Associates LLC	Metropolitan Square	51.0%(1)
BP/CRF 901 New York Avenue LLC	901 New York Avenue	25.0%(2)
KEG Associates I, LLC	505 9th Street	50.0%(3)
Wisconsin Place Entities	Wisconsin Place	23.9%(3)(4)
Eighth Avenue and 46 <sup>th</sup> Street Entities	Eighth Avenue and 46th Street	50.0%(3)
Boston Properties Office Value-Added Fund, L.P.	300 Billerica Road and	
	One & Two Circle Star Way	25.0%(2)

- (1) This joint venture is accounted for under the equity method due to participatory rights of the outside partner.
- (2) The Company s economic ownership can increase based on the achievement of certain return thresholds.
- (3) These properties are not in operation (i.e., under construction or assembled land).
- (4) Represents the Company s effective ownership interest. The Company has a 66.67%, 5% and 0% interest in the office, retail and residential joint venture entities, respectively, which each own a 33.33% interest in the entity developing and owning the land and infrastructure of the project.

Certain of the Company s joint venture agreements include provisions whereby, at certain specified times, each partner has the right to initiate a purchase or sale of its interest in the joint ventures at an agreed upon fair value. Under these provisions, the Company is not compelled to purchase the interest of its outside joint venture partners.

On March 29, 2007, the Wisconsin Place joint venture entity, which owns and is developing the retail component of the project (the Retail Entity ) (a joint venture entity in which the Company owns a 5% interest), obtained construction financing totaling \$66.0 million collateralized by the retail property. Wisconsin Place is a mixed-use development project consisting of office, retail and residential properties located in Chevy Chase, Maryland. The construction financing bears interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 1.375% per annum and matures on March 29, 2010 with two, one-year extension options. On March 29, 2007, the Wisconsin Place joint venture entity, which owns and is developing the land and infrastructure components of the project (the

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Land and Infrastructure Entity ) (a joint venture entity in which the Company owns an effective interest of approximately 23.89%) executed an amendment to its construction loan agreement. The construction financing consisted of a \$96.5 million commitment, bearing interest at a per annum variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 1.50% and maturing on March 11, 2009. The outstanding balance on the construction loan was approximately \$53.6 million on the \$96.5 million commitment. The amended agreement provides for a reduction in the loan commitment amount to \$69.1 million. The reduction relates to the repayment of the retail portion of the outstanding balance totaling approximately \$15.9 million and an additional reduction in the borrowing capacity of approximately \$11.5 million with a corresponding release of collateral in conjunction with the retail entity obtaining new construction financing.

On June 1, 2007, the Company s Value-Added Fund sold Worldgate Plaza located in Herndon, Virginia for approximately \$109.0 million. Worldgate Plaza is an office complex consisting of approximately 322,000 net rentable square feet. Net cash proceeds totaled approximately \$50.5 million, of which the Company s share was approximately \$20.3 million, after the repayment of the mortgage indebtedness of \$57.0 million and closing costs of approximately \$1.5 million, resulting in a gain on sale of approximately \$32.8 million. The Company s share of the gain on sale was approximately \$15.5 million, which amount reflects the achievement of certain return thresholds as provided for in the joint venture agreement. The Company s share of the gain on sale has been included in Income from Unconsolidated Joint Ventures in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. In connection with the repayment of the mortgage indebtedness on the property, the joint venture recognized a loss from early extinguishment of debt totaling approximately \$0.1 million, consisting of the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs. The mortgage loan bore interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.89% per annum and was scheduled to mature on December 1, 2007.

On June 22, 2007, a joint venture in which the Company has a 50% interest entered into agreements to complete the assemblage for its development site at Eighth Avenue and 46th Street consisting of an approximately 840,000 net rentable square foot Class A office property.

The combined summarized balance sheets of the unconsolidated joint ventures are as follows:

	June 30, 2007 (in th	cember 31, 2006 nds)
ASSETS		
Real estate and development in process, net	\$ 745,947	\$ 760,139
Other assets	104,210	87,759
Total assets	\$ 850,157	\$ 847,898
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS /PARTNERS EQUITY		
Mortgage and notes payable(1)	\$ 602,768	\$ 630,254
Other liabilities	30,513	36,991
Members /Partners equity	216,876	180,653
Total liabilities and members /partners equity	\$ 850,157	\$ 847,898
Company s share of equity	\$ 90,316	\$ 81,053
Basis differentials(2)	2,628	2,658
Carrying value of the Company s investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$ 92,944	\$ 83,711

(1)

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The Company and its third-party joint venture partners in the Wisconsin Place Entities have guaranteed the seller financing totaling \$7.5 million related to the acquisition of the land by the Land and Infrastructure Entity. The fair value of the Company s stand-ready obligations related to the issuance of these guarantees is immaterial.

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(2) This amount represents the aggregate difference between the Company's historical cost basis and the basis reflected at the joint venture level, which is typically amortized over the life of the related asset. Basis differentials occur primarily upon the transfer of assets that were previously owned by the Company into a joint venture. In addition, certain acquisition, transaction and other costs may not be reflected in the net assets at the joint venture level.

The combined summarized statements of operations of the joint ventures are as follows:

		For the three months ended June 30,		nonths ended te 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(in the	ousands)	(in tho	usands)
Total revenue	\$ 25,224	\$ 26,588	\$ 49,006	\$ 51,804
Expenses				
Operating	8,925	8,548	17,523	17,087
Interest	8,101	9,035	16,522	17,603
Depreciation and amortization	5,240	5,987	10,824	12,053
Loss from early extinguishment of debt	146		146	
Total expenses	22,412	23,570	45,015	46,743
Income before gain on sale of real estate	2,812	3,018	3,991	5,061
Gain on sale of real estate	32,777		32,777	
	·		·	
Net income	\$ 35,589	\$ 3,018	\$ 36,768	\$ 5,061
	\$ 55,507	\$ 3,010	Ψ 2 3,7 0 0	Ψ 5,001
Company s share of net income	\$ 17.268	\$ 1.677	\$ 18.233	\$ 2,967

#### 5. Mortgage Notes Payable

On January 9, 2007, in connection with the acquisition of land parcels located at or adjacent to 250 West 55th Street in New York City, the Company obtained financing totaling \$160.0 million. The loan was collateralized by mortgages totaling approximately \$13.6 million. The mortgage loan bore interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.40% per annum and was scheduled to mature on January 9, 2009 with two, six-month extension options. On May 9, 2007, the Company used available cash to repay the mortgage loan.

On February 12, 2007, the Company refinanced its mortgage loan collateralized by 599 Lexington Avenue located in New York City. The new mortgage financing totaling \$750.0 million bears interest at a fixed interest rate of 5.57% per annum and matures on March 1, 2017. On December 19, 2006, the Company had terminated its forward-starting interest rate swap contracts and received approximately \$10.9 million, which amount will reduce the Company s interest expense over the ten-year term of the financing, resulting in an effective interest rate of 5.38% per annum for the financing. The net proceeds of the new loan were used to refinance the \$225.0 million mortgage loan on 599 Lexington Avenue and the \$475.0 million mortgage loan on Times Square Tower. In connection with the refinancing, the lien of the Times Square Tower mortgage was spread to 599 Lexington Avenue and released from Times Square Tower so that Times Square Tower is no longer encumbered by any mortgage debt. The Times Square Tower mortgage loan bore interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.50% per annum and was scheduled to mature on July 9, 2008. There was no prepayment penalty associated with the repayment. The Company recognized a loss from early extinguishment of debt totaling approximately \$0.7 million consisting of the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs.

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In connection with the acquisition of Kingstowne Towne Center in Alexandria, Virginia on March 30, 2007, the Company assumed two mortgage loans collateralized by the properties aggregating approximately \$65.3 million. Pursuant to the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board s (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141 Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141), the assume mortgage loans of approximately \$44.9 million and \$20.4 million, which bear contractual interest at fixed rates of 5.99% and 5.96% and mature on January 1, 2016 and May 5, 2013, respectively, were recorded at their fair values of approximately \$46.2 million and \$20.8 million, respectively, using an effective interest rate of 5.50% per annum.

On May 17, 2007, the Company obtained mortgage financing totaling \$25.0 million collateralized by its Montvale Center property located in Gaithersburg, Maryland. Montvale Center is a Class A office property consisting of approximately 123,000 net rentable square feet. The mortgage financing requires interest-only payments at a fixed rate equal to 5.93% per annum until maturity and matures on June 6, 2012.

#### 6. Unsecured Exchangeable Senior Notes

On February 6, 2007, the Company s Operating Partnership completed an offering of \$862.5 million in aggregate principal amount (including \$112.5 million as a result of the exercise by the initial purchasers of their over-allotment option) of its 2.875% exchangeable senior notes due 2037. The notes were priced at 97.433333% of their face amount, resulting in an effective interest rate of approximately 3.438% per annum and net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$840.0 million. The notes mature on February 15, 2037, unless earlier repurchased, exchanged or redeemed.

Upon the occurrence of specified events, holders of the notes may exchange their notes prior to the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding February 20, 2012 into cash and, at the Operating Partnership's option, shares of the Company's common stock at an initial exchange rate of 6.6090 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (or an initial exchange price of approximately \$151.31 per share of the Company's common stock). On and after February 20, 2012, the notes will be exchangeable at any time prior to the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date at the option of the holder at the applicable exchange rate. The initial exchange rate is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances.

Prior to February 20, 2012, the Operating Partnership may not redeem the notes except to preserve the Company s status as a REIT. On or after February 20, 2012, the Operating Partnership may redeem all or a portion of the notes for cash at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest. Note holders may require the Operating Partnership to repurchase all or a portion of the notes on February 15 of 2012, 2017, 2022, 2027 and 2032 at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the repurchase date. The Operating Partnership will pay cash for all notes so repurchased.

If the Company undergoes a fundamental change, note holders will have the option to require the Operating Partnership to purchase all or any portion of the notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. The Operating Partnership will pay cash for all notes so purchased. In addition, if a fundamental change occurs prior to February 20, 2012, the Operating Partnership will increase the exchange rate for a holder who elects to exchange its notes in connection with such a fundamental change under certain circumstances. The notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Operating Partnership and will rank equally in right of payment to all existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior to any future subordinated indebtedness of the Operating Partnership. The notes will be structurally subordinated to all liabilities of the subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership.

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In connection with the closing, the Company and the Operating Partnership entered into a Registration Rights Agreement (the Registration Rights Agreement) with the initial purchasers, under which the Company and the Operating Partnership agreed, for the benefit of the holders of the notes, to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and maintain a shelf registration statement providing for the sale by the holders of the notes and the Company s common stock, if any, issuable upon exchange of the notes. The Operating Partnership will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of specified additional interest to the holders of the notes if they fail to comply with the obligations; provided that the Operating Partnership will not be required to pay liquidated damages with respect to any note after it has been exchanged for any of the Company s common stock. On March 13, 2007, the Company and the Operating Partnership filed with the SEC a registration statement covering the resale of the notes and shares of common stock issuable upon exchange of the notes. The registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on April 20, 2007.

#### 7. Unsecured Line of Credit

On August 3, 2006, the Company modified its \$605.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the Unsecured Line of Credit ) by extending the maturity date from October 30, 2007 to August 3, 2010, with a provision for a one-year extension at the option of the Company, subject to certain conditions, and by reducing the per annum variable interest rate on outstanding balances from Eurodollar plus 0.65% to Eurodollar plus 0.55% per annum. The Unsecured Line of Credit is a recourse obligation of the Company s Operating Partnership. Under the Unsecured Line of Credit, a facility fee equal to 15 basis points per annum is payable in quarterly installments. The interest rate and facility fee are subject to adjustment in the event of a change in the Operating Partnership s unsecured debt ratings. Effective March 22, 2007, the per annum variable interest rate was reduced to Eurodollar plus 0.475% and the facility fee was reduced to 12.5 basis points per annum as a result of an increase in the Operating Partnership s unsecured debt rating. The Unsecured Line of Credit involves a syndicate of lenders. The Unsecured Line of Credit contains a competitive bid option that allows banks that are part of the lender consortium to bid to make loan advances to the Company at a negotiated LIBOR-based rate. The Company had an outstanding balance on the Unsecured Line of Credit of \$225.0 million at December 31, 2006, which was collateralized by the Company s 599 Lexington Avenue property and therefore was included in Mortgage Notes Payable in the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets. On February 12, 2007, the Company repaid the \$225.0 million draw that was collateralized by the Company s 599 Lexington Avenue. As of June 30, 2007, there were no outstanding borrowings under the Unsecured Line of Credit

The terms of the Unsecured Line of Credit require that the Company maintain a number of customary financial and other covenants on an ongoing basis, including: (1) a leverage ratio not to exceed 60%, however, the leverage ratio may increase to no greater than 65% provided that it is reduced back to 60% within 180 days, (2) a secured debt leverage ratio not to exceed 55%, (3) a fixed charge coverage ratio of at least 1.40, (4) an unsecured debt leverage ratio not to exceed 60%, however, the unsecured debt leverage ratio may increase to no greater than 65% provided that it is reduced back to 60% within 180 days, (5) a minimum net worth requirement, (6) an unsecured debt interest coverage ratio of at least 1.75 and (7) limitations on permitted investments, development, partially owned entities, business outside of commercial real estate and commercial non-office properties. At June 30, 2007, the Company was in compliance with each of these financial and other covenant requirements.

### 8. Commitments and Contingencies

#### General

In the normal course of business, the Company guarantees its performance of services or indemnifies third parties against its negligence.

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Company has letter of credit and performance obligations of approximately \$28.2 million related to lender and development requirements.

The Company and its third-party joint venture partners have guaranteed the seller financing totaling \$7.5 million related to the acquisition of land by WP Project Developer LLC, the Land and Infrastructure Entity of the Wisconsin Place joint venture entities.

Certain of the Company s joint venture agreements include provisions whereby, at certain specified times, each partner has the right to initiate a purchase or sale of its interest in the joint ventures. Under these provisions, the Company is not compelled to purchase the interest of its outside joint venture partners.

#### Insurance

The Company carries insurance coverage on its properties of types and in amounts and with deductibles that it believes are in line with coverage customarily obtained by owners of similar properties. In response to the uncertainty in the insurance market following the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, the Federal Terrorism Risk Insurance Act, or TRIA, was enacted in November 2002 to require regulated insurers to make available coverage for certified acts of terrorism (as defined by the statute) through December 31, 2004, which date was extended to December 31, 2005 by the United States Department of Treasury on June 18, 2004 and which date was further extended to December 31, 2007 by the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005 (the TRIA Extension Act ). TRIA expires on December 31, 2007, and the Company cannot currently anticipate whether it will be extended. Effective as of March 1, 2007, the Company s property insurance program per occurrence limits were increased from \$800 million to \$900 million, including (i) coverage for certified acts of terrorism by TRIA of \$900 million per occurrence and (ii) coverage for non-certified acts of terrorism by TRIA of \$500 million per occurrence, and an additional \$400 million of coverage for non-certified acts of terrorism by TRIA on a per occurrence and annual aggregate basis. The Company also carries nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological terrorism insurance coverage ( NBCR Coverage ) for certified acts of terrorism as defined by TRIA, which is provided by IXP, LLC as a direct insurer. Effective as of March 1, 2007, the Company extended the NBCR Coverage to March 1, 2008, excluding the Company s Value-Added Fund properties. Effective as of March 1, 2007, the per occurrence limit for NBCR Coverage was increased from \$800 million to \$900 million. Under TRIA, after the payment of the required deductible and coinsurance the NBCR Coverage is backstopped by the Federal Government if the aggregate industry insured losses resulting from a certified act of terrorism exceed a program trigger. Under the TRIA Extension Act (a) the program trigger is \$100 million from January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007 and (b) the coinsurance is 15% from January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007. The Company may elect to terminate the NBCR Coverage if there is a change in its portfolio or for any other reason. In the event TRIA is not extended beyond December 31, 2007 (i) the NBCR coverage provided by IXP will terminate and (ii) the Company will have some gaps in its coverage for acts of terrorism that would have constituted both certified and non-certified acts of terrorism had TRIA not expired and the Company may obtain the right to replace a portion of such coverage. The Company intends to continue to monitor the scope, nature and cost of available terrorism insurance and maintain insurance in amounts and on terms that are commercially reasonable.

The Company also currently carries earthquake insurance on its properties located in areas known to be subject to earthquakes in an amount and subject to self-insurance that the Company believes are commercially reasonable. In addition, this insurance is subject to a deductible in the amount of 5% of the value of the affected property. Specifically, the Company currently carries earthquake insurance which covers its San Francisco region with a \$120 million per occurrence limit and a \$120 million annual aggregate limit, \$20 million of which is provided by IXP, LLC, as a direct insurer. The amount of the Company s earthquake insurance coverage may not be sufficient to cover losses from earthquakes. The Company may discontinue earthquake insurance on some or all of its properties in the future if the premiums exceed the Company s estimation of the value of the coverage.

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In January 2002, the Company formed a wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, IXP, Inc., to act as a captive insurance company and be one of the elements of the Company's overall insurance program. On September 27, 2006, IXP, Inc. was merged into IXP, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary, and all insurance policies issued by IXP, Inc. were cancelled and reissued by IXP, LLC. The term IXP refers to IXP, Inc. for the period prior to September 27, 2006 and to IXP, LLC for the period on and subsequent to September 27, 2006. IXP acts as a direct insurer with respect to a portion of the Company's earthquake insurance coverage for its Greater San Francisco properties and the Company's NBCR Coverage for certified acts of terrorism under TRIA. Insofar as the Company owns IXP, it is responsible for its liquidity and capital resources, and the accounts of IXP are part of the Company's consolidated financial statements. In particular, if a loss occurs which is covered by the Company's NBCR Coverage but is less than the applicable program trigger under TRIA, IXP would be responsible for the full amount of the loss without any backstop by the Federal Government. If the Company experiences a loss and IXP is required to pay under its insurance policy, the Company would ultimately record the loss to the extent of IXP's required payment. Therefore, insurance coverage provided by IXP should not be considered as the equivalent of third-party insurance, but rather as a modified form of self-insurance.

The Company continues to monitor the state of the insurance market in general, and the scope and costs of coverage for acts of terrorism in particular, but the Company cannot anticipate what coverage will be available on commercially reasonable terms in future policy years. There are other types of losses, such as from wars or the presence of mold at the Company s properties, for which the Company cannot obtain insurance at all or at a reasonable cost. With respect to such losses and losses from acts of terrorism, earthquakes or other catastrophic events, if the Company experiences a loss that is uninsured or that exceeds policy limits, the Company could lose the capital invested in the damaged properties, as well as the anticipated future revenues from those properties. Depending on the specific circumstances of each affected property, it is possible that the Company could be liable for mortgage indebtedness or other obligations related to the property. Any such loss could materially and adversely affect the Company s business and financial condition and results of operations.

#### 9. Minority Interests

Minority interests relate to the interest in the Operating Partnership not owned by the Company and interests in property partnerships not wholly-owned by the Company. As of June 30, 2007, the minority interest in the Operating Partnership consisted of 20,285,414 OP Units, 676,752 LTIP Units and 1,277,463 Series Two Preferred Units (or 1,676,461 OP Units on an as converted basis) held by parties other than the Company.

The minority interests in property partnerships consist of the outside equity interests in ventures that are consolidated with the financial results of the Company because the Company exercises control over the entities that own the properties. The equity interests in these ventures that are not owned by the Company, totaling approximately \$4.3 million at June 30, 2007, are included in Minority Interests on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

On February 26, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to redeem the outside members equity interest in the limited liability company that owns 250 West 55<sup>th</sup> Street for an aggregate redemption price of approximately \$23.4 million. The Company paid \$17.0 million on February 26, 2007, with \$3.0 million payable on February 26, 2008 and the balance of approximately \$3.4 million payable in monthly installments from March 1, 2007 through August 1, 2009. The redemption was accounted for using the purchase method in accordance with SFAS No. 141 Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141). The difference between the aggregate book value of the outside members equity interest totaling approximately \$10.6 million and the purchase price increased the recorded value of the property s net assets.

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On May 31, 2007 and June 15, 2007, the Company paid an aggregate of \$25.0 million in connection with the agreement entered into in May 2006 to redeem the outside members equity interests in the limited liability company that owns Citigroup Center. The remaining unpaid redemption price which is to be paid on May 31, 2008 is reflected at its fair value in Other Liabilities in the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets and totaled \$23.6 million at June 30, 2007.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, 441,767 Series Two Preferred Units of the Operating Partnership were converted by the holders into 579,747 OP Units. In addition, the Company paid the accrued preferred distributions due to the holders of Preferred Units that were converted.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, 1,112,446 OP Units (including the 579,747 OP Units issued upon conversion of the Series Two Preferred Units discussed above) were presented by the holders for redemption and were redeemed by the Company in exchange for an equal number of shares of Common Stock. The aggregate book value of the OP Units that were redeemed, as measured for each OP Unit on the date of its redemption, was approximately \$23.3 million. The difference between the aggregate book value and the purchase price of these OP Units was approximately \$96.7 million, which increased the recorded value of the Company s net assets.

The Preferred Units at June 30, 2007 consist solely of 1,277,463 Series Two Preferred Units, which bear a preferred distribution equal to the greater of (1) the distribution which would have been paid in respect of the Series Two Preferred Unit had such Series Two Preferred Unit been converted into an OP Unit (including both regular and special distributions) or (2) an increasing rate, ranging from 5.00% to 7.00% per annum (7.00% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006) on a liquidation preference of \$50.00 per unit, and are convertible into OP Units at a rate of \$38.10 per Preferred Unit (1.312336 OP Units for each Preferred Unit). Distributions to holders of Preferred Units are recognized on a straight-line basis that approximates the effective interest method.

On January 30, 2007, the Operating Partnership paid a distribution on the OP Units and LTIP Units in the amount of \$0.68 per unit to holders of record as of the close of business on December 29, 2006. In addition, the Operating Partnership paid a special cash distribution on the OP Units and LTIP Units in the amount of \$5.40 per unit to holders of record as of the close of business on December 29, 2006. On April 30, 2007, the Operating Partnership paid a distribution on the OP Units and LTIP Units in the amount of \$0.68 per unit to holders of record as of the close of business on March 30, 2007.

Holders of Series Two Preferred Units participated in the \$5.40 per unit special cash distribution on an as-converted basis in connection with their regular May 2007 distribution payment as provided for in the Operating Partnership s partnership agreement. At December 31, 2006, the Company had accrued approximately \$12.2 million related to the \$5.40 per unit special cash distribution payable to holders of the Series Two Preferred Units. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized an adjustment of approximately \$3.1 million to the special cash distribution accrual and allocation of earnings to the Series Two Preferred Units, as a result of conversions of Series Two Preferred Units, which amount has been reflected in Minority Interest in Operating Partnership within the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

On February 15, 2007, the Operating Partnership paid a distribution on its outstanding Series Two Preferred Units of \$0.89239 per unit. On May 15, 2007, the Operating Partnership paid a distribution on its outstanding Series Two Preferred Units of \$7.979 per unit, which amount included the impact of the special cash distribution on the OP Units and LTIP Units declared by Boston Properties, Inc., as general partner of the Operating Partnership, on December 15, 2006 and paid on January 30, 2007.

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

On June 18, 2007, Boston Properties, Inc., as general partner of the Operating Partnership, declared a distribution on the OP Units and LTIP Units in the amount of \$0.68 per unit payable on July 31, 2007 to holders of record as of the close of business on June 29, 2007.

The Series Two Preferred Units may be converted into OP Units at the election of the holder thereof at any time. A holder of an OP Unit may present such OP Unit to the Operating Partnership for redemption at any time (subject to restrictions agreed upon at the time of issuance of OP Units to particular holders that may restrict such redemption right for a period of time, generally one year from issuance). Upon presentation of an OP Unit for redemption, the Operating Partnership must redeem such OP Unit for cash equal to the then value of a share of common stock of the Company. In lieu of a cash redemption, the Company may elect to acquire such OP Unit for one share of Common Stock. The value of the OP Units (not owned by the Company and including LTIP Units assuming that all conditions have been met for the conversion thereof) and Series Two Preferred Units had such units been redeemed at June 30, 2007 was approximately \$2,140.9 million and \$171.2 million, respectively, based on the closing price of the Company s common stock of \$102.13 per share on June 29, 2007.

#### 10. Stockholders Equity

As of June 30, 2007, the Company had 119,028,081 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 1,112,446 shares of its Common Stock in connection with the redemption of an equal number of OP Units.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 418,885 shares of its Common Stock upon the exercise of options to purchase Common Stock by certain employees.

On January 30, 2007, the Company paid a dividend in the amount of \$0.68 per share of Common Stock to shareholders of record as of the close of business on December 29, 2006. In addition, the Company paid a special cash dividend of \$5.40 per share of Common Stock to shareholders of record as of the close of business on December 29, 2006. On April 30, 2007, the Company paid a dividend in the amount of \$0.68 per share of Common Stock to shareholders of record as of the close of business on March 30, 2007.

On June 18, 2007, the Company s Board of Directors declared a dividend in the amount of \$0.68 per share of Common Stock payable on July 31, 2007 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 29, 2007.

#### 11. Discontinued Operations

The Company applies the provisions of SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS No. 144 requires that long-lived assets that are to be disposed of by sale be measured at the lesser of (1) book value or (2) fair value less cost to sell. In addition, it requires that one accounting model be used for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale and broadens the presentation of discontinued operations to include more disposal transactions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company sold the following operating properties:

5 Times Square, a Class A office tower that contains approximately 1,101,779 net rentable square feet located in New York City; and

The Long Wharf Marriott, a 402-room hotel located in Boston, Massachusetts.

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Newport Office Park, a Class A office property that contains approximately 172,000 net rentable square feet located in Quincy, Massachusetts.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company sold 280 Park Avenue, a Class A office property totaling approximately 1,179,000 net rentable square feet located in midtown Manhattan.

Due to the Company s continuing involvement in the management, for a fee, of 280 Park Avenue and 5 Times Square through agreements with the buyers and other financial obligations to the buyers, 280 Park Avenue and 5 Times Square have not been categorized as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. As a result, the gains on sales related to 5 Times Square and 280 Park Avenue have been reflected under the caption Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company has presented the other properties listed above as discontinued operations in its Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, as applicable.

The following table summarizes income from discontinued operations (net of minority interest) and the related realized gains on sales of real estate from discontinued operations (net of minority interest) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands):

		For the three months ended June 30,		nonths ended e 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Total revenue	\$ 48	\$ 12,438	\$ 9,222	\$ 20,992
Operating expenses	48	7,756	7,110	14,732
Depreciation and amortization		835	608	1,677
Minority interest in Operating Partnership		603	222	725
Income from discontinued operations (net of minority interest)	\$	\$ 3,244	\$ 1,282	\$ 3,858
Realized gains on sales of real estate	\$ 13,829	\$	\$ 204,623	\$
Minority interest in Operating Partnership	(2,113)		(30,808)	
Realized gains on sales of real estate (net of minority interest)	\$ 11,716	\$	\$ 173,815	\$

The Company s application of SFAS No. 144 results in the presentation of the net operating results of these qualifying properties sold or held for sale during 2007 as income from discontinued operations. The application of SFAS No. 144 does not have an impact on net income available to common shareholders. SFAS No. 144 only impacts the presentation of these properties within the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

### 12. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ( EPS ) has been computed pursuant to the provisions of SFAS No. 128. The following table provides a reconciliation of both the net income and the number of common shares used in the computation of basic EPS, which is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. During 2004, the Company adopted EITF 03-6 Participating Securities and the Two-Class Method under FASB 128 ( EITF 03-6 ), which provides further guidance on the definition of participating securities. Pursuant to EITF 03-6, the Operating Partnership s Series Two Preferred Units, which are reflected as Minority Interests in the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets, are considered participating securities and are included in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

of the Company if the effect of applying the if-converted method is dilutive. The terms of the Series Two Preferred Units enable the holders to obtain OP Units of the Operating Partnership, as well as Common Stock of the Company. Accordingly, for the reporting periods in which the Operating Partnership is net income is in excess of distributions paid on the OP Units, LTIP Units and Series Two Preferred Units, such income is allocated to the OP Units, LTIP Units and Series Two Preferred Units in proportion to their respective interests and the impact is included in the Company is consolidated basic and diluted earnings per share computation due to its holding of the Operating Partnership is securities. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, approximately \$285,000 and \$17.7 million, respectively, were allocated to the Series Two Preferred Units in excess of distributions paid during the reporting period and are included in the Company is computation of basic and diluted earnings per share. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, approximately \$10.5 million and \$18.3 million, respectively, were allocated to the Series Two Preferred Units in excess of distributions paid during the reporting period and are included in the Company is computation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Other potentially dilutive common shares, including stock options, restricted stock and other securities of the Operating Partnership that are exchangeable for the Company is Common Stock, and the related impact on earnings, are considered when calculating diluted EPS.

	For the three months ended June 30					
	Income	Shares	Per	r Share		
	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	A	mount		
	(in thousand	s, except for per share	e amou	ints)		
Basic Earnings:						
Income available to common shareholders before discontinued operations and allocation						
of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	\$ 90,628	118,961	\$	0.76		
Discontinued operations, net of minority interest	11,716			0.10		
Allocation of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	(285)			(0.00)		
Net income available to common shareholders	102,059	118,961		0.86		
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Stock Based Compensation		1,789		(0.01)		
Exchangeable Senior Notes		234		(0.01)		
Diluted Earnings:						
Net income	\$ 102,059	120,984	\$	0.84		
	•	,				

	Income (Numerator)	ee months ended June Shares (Denominator) ls, except for per share	Per Ar	Share nount
Basic Earnings:				
Income available to common shareholders before discontinued operations and allocation				
of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	\$ 622,487	113,994	\$	5.46
Discontinued operations, net of minority interest	3,244			0.03
Allocation of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	(17,652)			(0.16)
Net income available to common shareholders	608,079	113,994		5.33
Effect of Dilutive Securities:				
Stock Based Compensation		2,182		(0.10)
Diluted Earnings:				

Net income \$608,079 116,176 \$ 5.23

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#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Income (Numerator)	x months ended June Shares (Denominator) ls, except for per shar	Pe A	r Share mount
Basic Earnings:				
Income available to common shareholders before discontinued operations and allocation				
of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	\$ 782,833	118,565	\$	6.60
Discontinued operations, net of minority interest	175,097			1.48
Allocation of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	(10,520)			(0.09)
Net income available to common shareholders	947,410	118,565		7.99
Effect of Dilutive Securities:				
Stock Based Compensation		1,890		(0.12)
Exchangeable Senior Notes		356		(0.03)
Diluted Earnings:				
Net income	\$ 947,410	120,811	\$	7.84

	For the six months ended June 30, 200					
	Income	Shares	Pe	r Share		
	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	A	mount		
	(in thousand	ls, except for per share	e amou	ints)		
Basic Earnings:						
Income available to common shareholders before discontinued operations and allocation						
of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	\$ 688,746	113,255	\$	6.08		
Discontinued operations, net of minority interest	3,858			0.03		
Allocation of undistributed earnings of Series Two Preferred Units	(18,254)			(0.16)		
Net income available to common shareholders	674,350	113,255		5.95		
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Stock Based Compensation		2,414		(0.12)		
Diluted Earnings:						
Net income	\$ 674,350	115,669	\$	5.83		

### 13. Stock Option and Incentive Plan

At the Company s 2007 annual meeting of stockholders held on May 15, 2007, the Company s stockholders approved an amendment and restatement of the Company s 1997 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (the Plan ) that, among other things, (1) increased the limit on full value shares (i.e., awards other than stock options) that may be issued under the Plan by 2,500,000 shares, (2) extended the term of the Plan to May 15, 2017 and (3) added provisions that allow the Company to qualify certain grants under the Plan as performance-based compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 6,536 shares of restricted stock and 156,161 LTIP Units under its stock option and incentive plan. The shares of restricted stock were valued at approximately \$0.8 million (\$125.46 per share weighted-average). The LTIP Units were valued at approximately \$18.0 million (\$115.47 per unit weighted-average fair value) using an option pricing model in accordance with

#### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

the provisions of SFAS No. 123R. The per unit fair value of each LTIP Unit granted was estimated on the date of grant using the following assumptions: an expected life of 5.3 years, a risk-free interest rate of 4.82% and an expected price volatility of 18.0%. An LTIP Unit is generally the economic equivalent of a share of restricted stock in the Company. The aggregate value of the LTIP Units is included in Minority Interests in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The restricted stock and LTIP Units granted to employees between January 1, 2004 and November 2006 vest over a five-year term. Grants of restricted stock and LTIP Units made in and after November 2006 vest in four equal annual installments. Restricted stock and LTIP Units are measured at fair value on the date of grant based on the number of shares or units granted, as adjusted for forfeitures and the price of the Company s Common Stock on the date of grant as quoted on the New York Stock Exchange. Such value is recognized as an expense ratably over the corresponding employee service period. Dividends paid on both vested and unvested shares of restricted stock are charged directly to Earnings in Excess of Dividends in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Stock-based compensation expense associated with restricted stock and LTIP Units was approximately \$2.8 million and \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and \$5.8 million and \$4.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. At June 30, 2007, there was \$31.2 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock and LTIP Units that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 3.1 years.

#### 14. Segment Information

The Company s segments are based on the Company s method of internal reporting which classifies its operations by both geographic area and property type. The Company s segments by geographic area are Greater Boston, Greater Washington, D.C., Midtown Manhattan, Greater San Francisco and New Jersey. Segments by property type include: Class A Office, Office/Technical and Hotel.

Asset information by segment is not reported because the Company does not use this measure to assess performance. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expense is not allocated among segments. Interest and other income, development and management services, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, depreciation and amortization expense, minority interest in property partnership, income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in Operating Partnership, gains on sales of real estate (net of minority interest), income from discontinued operations (net of minority interest), and losses from early extinguishments of debt are not included in Net Operating Income as the internal reporting addresses these items on a corporate level.

Net Operating Income is not a measure of operating results or cash flows from operating activities as measured by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and it is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs and should not be considered an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. All companies may not calculate Net Operating Income in the same manner. The Company considers Net Operating Income to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income because it helps both investors and management to understand the core operations of the Company s properties.

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# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Information by geographic area and property type (dollars in thousands):

Three months ended June 30, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

					(	Greater			
	Greater Boston		Greater nington, D.C.	Midtown Manhattan	San	Francisco	Ne	w Jersey	Total
Rental Revenue:									
Class A	\$ 82,558	\$	64,968	\$ 108,226	\$	50,791	\$	16,448	\$ 322,991
Office/Technical	7,204		4,263						11,467
Hotel	9,335								9,335
Total	99,097		69,231	108,226		50,791		16,448	343,793
% of Total	28.82%		20.14%	31.48%		14.78%		4.78%	100.00%
Real Estate Operating Expenses:									
Class A	31,534		17,961	33,530		19,876		7,506	110,407
Office/Technical	2,359		858						3,217
Hotel	6,417								6,417
Total	40,310		18,819	33,530		19,876		7,506	120,041
% of Total	33.58%		15.68%	27.93%		16.56%		6.25%	100.00%
Net Operating Income	\$ 58,787	\$	50,412	\$ 74,696	\$	30,915	\$	8,942	\$ 223,752
% of Total Three months ended June 30, 2006 (do	26.27% ollars in thousands	):	22.53%	33.38%		13.82%		4.00%	100.00%

Three months ended June 30, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

			Greater			
	Greater Boston	Greater Washington, D.C.	Midtown Manhattan	San Francisco	New Jersey	Total
Rental Revenue:						
Class A	\$ 76,685	\$ 55,479	\$ 132,303	\$ 44,933	\$ 15,780	\$ 325,180
Office/Technical	6,787	3,799				10,586
Hotel	8,364					8,364
Total	91,836	59,278	132,303	44,933	15,780	344,130
% of Total	26.69%	17.23%	38.44%	13.06%	4.58%	100.00%
Operating Expenses:						
Class A	28,675	14,515	40,239	17,598	6,735	107,762
Office/Technical	1,210	761				1,971
Hotel	5,513					5,513

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Total	35,398	15,276	40,239	17,598	6,735	115,246
% of Total	30.72%	13.25%	34.92%	15.27%	5.84%	100.00%
Net Operating Income	\$ 56,438	\$ 44,002	\$ 92,064	\$ 27,335	\$ 9,045	\$ 228,884
% of Total	24.66%	19.22%	40.22%	11.95%	3.95%	100.00%

# BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Six months ended June 30, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

			Greater						
	Greater Boston	Greater hington, D.C.	Midtown Manhattan	Sar	ı Francisco	New Jersey	Total		
Rental Revenue:									
Class A	\$ 162,766	\$ 124,731	\$ 224,228	\$	100,341	\$ 34,916	\$ 646,982		
Office/Technical	14,225	8,522					22,747		
Hotels	16,044						16,044		
Total	193,035	133,253	224,228		100,341	34,916	685,773		
	,	,	,		,	,	,		
% of Total	28.15%	19.43%	32.70%		14.63%	5.09%	100.00%		
Operating Expenses:									
Class A	62,866	35,261	69,129		38,587	14,810	220,653		
Office/Technical	4,726	1,820					6,546		
Hotel	12,431						12,431		
Total	80,023	37,081	69,129		38,587	14,810	239,630		
% of Total	33.40%	15.47%	28.85%		16.10%	6.18%	100.00%		
Net Operating Income	\$ 113,012	\$ 96,172	\$ 155,099	\$	61,754	\$ 20,106	\$ 446,143		
% of Total Six months ended June 30, 2006 (dollar	25.33%	21.56%	34.76%		13.84%	4.51%	100.00%		

	Greater							
	Greater Boston		Greater ington, D.C.	Midtown Manhattan	San	Francisco	New Jersey	Total
Rental Revenue:								
Class A	\$ 150,846	\$	108,814	\$ 267,572	\$	91,407	\$ 32,542	\$ 651,181
Office/Technical	13,281		7,606					20,887
Hotels	13,279							13,279
Total	177,406		116,420	267,572		91,407	32,542	685,347
% of Total	25.88%		16.99%	39.04%		13.34%	4.75%	100.00%
Operating Expenses:								
Class A	57,588		28,955	82,999		34,150	14,000	217,692
Office/Technical	2,633		1,515					4,148
Hotel	10,521							10,521
Total	70,742		30,470	82,999		34,150	14,000	232,361

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% of Total	30.44%	13.11%	35.72%	14.70%	6.03%	100.00%
Net Operating Income	\$ 106,664	\$ 85,950	\$ 184,573	\$ 57,257	\$ 18,542	\$ 452,986
% of Total	23.55%	18.97%	40.75%	12.64%	4.09%	100.00%

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### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a reconciliation of net operating income to net income available to common shareholders:

			Six mont	hs ended
	Three mor		June	e 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
N	A 222 552	,	ousands)	A 150 006
Net operating income	\$ 223,752	\$ 228,884	\$ 446,143	\$ 452,986
Add:				
Development and management services income	5,130	5,227	9,857	9,601
Interest and other income	26,205	8,554	43,193	10,513
Minority interest in property partnership		777		2,013
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures	17,268	1,677	18,233	2,967
Gains on sales of real estate, net of minority interest		581,302	620,262	585,844
Income from discontinued operations, net of minority interest		3,244	1,282	3,858
Gains on sales of real estate from discontinued operations, net of minority				
interest	11,716		173,815	
Less:				
General and administrative expense	(16,291)	(15,796)	(33,099)	(30,438)
Interest expense	(73,743)	(78,449)	(147,669)	(153,266)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(74,621)	(67,077)	(145,099)	(133,082)
Losses from early extinguishments of debt		(31,457)	(722)	(31,924)
Minority interest in Operating Partnership	(17,072)	(11,155)	(28,266)	(26,468)
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 102,344	\$ 625,731	\$ 957,930	\$ 692,604

### 15. Newly Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN No. 48). FIN No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN No. 48 also provides guidance on description, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN No. 48 was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. FIN No. 48, which was adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2007, did not have a material impact on the Company s cash flows, results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 157 to have a material impact on the Company s cash flows, results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses shall

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### **BOSTON PROPERTIES, INC.**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

be reported on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating and assessing the impact of this statement.

### 16. Subsequent Events

On July 16, 2007, the Company entered into a joint venture with an unrelated third party to develop a Class A office complex aggregating approximately 425,000 net rentable square feet located in Anne Arundel County, Maryland. The joint venture partner contributed the land for a 50% interest. The Company will contribute cash of approximately \$14.9 million for its 50% interest in the joint venture. The joint venture has commenced construction on an approximately 114,000 net rentable square foot Class A office property on the site.

On July 25, 2007, the Company, together with the Operating Partnership, filed a combined so-called universal shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to update and replace a series of existing registration statements covering the possible issuance by either the Company or the Operating Partnership of various equity and debt securities. This registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on August 6, 2007 and will give the Company and/or the Operating Partnership flexibility to offer and sell from time to time, in one or more offerings, up to \$2.0 billion of senior and subordinated debt securities (including Operating Partnership notes exchangeable for Company common stock and Company convertible notes), as well as Company common stock, preferred stock and warrants.

On July 27, 2007 and August 3, 2007, the Company entered into four treasury lock contracts with a weighted-average fixed rate of 4.782% on notional amounts aggregating \$200.0 million. The contracts expire on April 1, 2008.

On August 6, 2007, the Company used available cash to repay the mortgage loan collateralized by its Embarcadero Center Four property located in San Francisco, California totaling approximately \$131.2 million. There was no prepayment penalty associated with the repayment. The mortgage loan bore interest at a fixed rate of 6.79% per annum and was scheduled to mature on February 1, 2008.

On August 7, 2007, the Company sold Democracy Center in Bethesda, Maryland, for approximately \$280.5 million. Democracy Center is a Class A office complex that contains an aggregate of approximately 685,000 net rentable square feet. The sale price for the property exceeded its carrying value. In conjunction with the sale, the Company repaid the mortgage financing collateralized by the property totaling approximately \$94.6 million. The Company paid a prepayment fee of approximately \$2.6 million associated with the repayment. The mortgage loan bore interest at a fixed rate equal to 7.05% per annum and was scheduled to mature on April 1, 2009.

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### ITEM 2 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

As used herein, the terms we, us, our and the Company refer to Boston Properties, Inc., a Delaware corporation organized in 1997, individually or together with its subsidiaries, including Boston Properties Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, and our predecessors.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. We caution investors that any forward-looking statements presented in this report, or which management may make orally or in writing from time to time, are based on beliefs and assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, intend, may, might, plan, project, result, should, will and similar expressions which do not relate solely to historical matt to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected by the forward-looking statements. We caution you that while forward-looking statements reflect our good-faith beliefs when we make them, they are not guarantees of future performance and are impacted by actual events when they occur after we make such statements. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Some of the risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:

general risks affecting the real estate industry (including, without limitation, the inability to enter into or renew leases, dependence on tenants financial condition, and competition from other developers, owners and operators of real estate);

failure to manage effectively our growth and expansion into new markets and sub-markets or to integrate acquisitions and developments successfully;

risks and uncertainties affecting property development and construction (including, without limitation, construction delays, cost overruns, inability to obtain necessary permits and public opposition to such activities);

risks associated with the availability and terms of financing and the use of debt to fund acquisitions and developments, including the risk associated with interest rates impacting the cost and/or availability of financing;

risks associated with forward interest rate contracts and the effectiveness of such arrangements;

risks associated with downturns in the national and local economies, increases in interest rates, and volatility in the securities markets;

risks associated with actual or threatened terrorist attacks;

risks associated with the impact on our insurance program if TRIA, which expires on December 31, 2007, is not extended or is extended on different terms:

costs of compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and other similar laws;

potential liability for uninsured losses and environmental contamination;

risks associated with our potential failure to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

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possible adverse changes in tax and environmental laws;

risks associated with possible state and local tax audits;

risks associated with our dependence on key personnel whose continued service is not guaranteed; and

the other risk factors identified in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K, including those described under the caption Risk Factors.

The risks set forth above are not exhaustive. Other sections of this report may include additional factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all risk factors, nor can it assess the impact of all risk factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. Investors should also refer to our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for future periods and Current Reports on Form 8-K as we file them with the SEC, and to other materials we may furnish to the public from time to time through Forms 8-K or otherwise, for a discussion of risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update any forward-looking statements to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, new information, future events, or otherwise, and you should not rely upon these forward-looking statements after the date of this report.

#### Overview

We are a fully integrated self-administered and self-managed REIT and one of the largest owners and developers of Class A office properties in the United States. Our properties are concentrated in five markets Boston, midtown Manhattan, Washington, D.C., San Francisco and Princeton, NJ. We generate revenue and cash primarily by leasing our Class A office space to our tenants. Factors we consider when we lease space include the creditworthiness of the tenant, the length of the lease, the rental rate to be paid, the costs of tenant improvements, current and anticipated operating costs and real estate taxes, our current and anticipated vacancy, current and anticipated future demand for office space generally and general economic factors. We also generate cash through the sale of assets, which may be either non-core assets or core assets that command premiums from real estate investors.

Our core strategy has always been to operate in supply constrained markets, so given the combination of strong demand, increasing replacement costs and scarcity of supply, we expect our assets to continue to appreciate over time. Over the past few years there has been a significant change in the ownership of high-quality real estate as foreign buyers, private equity funds and private individuals have purchased public companies, portfolios and major assets. We continue to experience strong rent growth and a reduction of high-quality space alternatives in Boston, New York, Washington, D.C. and San Francisco, and we expect that the aggressive pricing efforts of these new owners will help to continue this favorable trend for sometime. The impact on our rental revenues will be felt gradually, however, given the modest amount of our 2007 lease expirations.

Given current market conditions, we generally believe that the returns we can generate from development will be significantly greater than those we can expect to realize from acquisitions. As a result, our strategy remains unchanged as we continue operating in 2007; we intend to selectively sell assets, reduce the overall size of the in-service portfolio and replace the sold assets with substantial investments in new development opportunities. In August 2007, we sold Democracy Center, a Class A office property in Bethesda, Maryland, for approximately \$280.5 million. With the addition of this sale, we have completed over \$4.1 billion of asset sales over the past two years. Excluding 5 Times Square, we have already sold or have under contract for sale in 2007, an additional \$582 million of assets compared to our stated expectation for a minimum of \$500 million of asset

sales during the year. During 2006, we started more than \$300 million of developments and, in 2007, we anticipate starting approximately \$1.7 billion of developments, including commencing construction on our approximately 1.0 million square foot office tower in New York City on West 55th Street. While the asset sales will have the impact of dampening our short-term, year-to-year earnings growth rate, we believe our intensive focus on new development will enhance our long-term return on equity and earnings growth as these developments are placed in-service in 2009, 2010 and 2011.

The highlights of the three months ended June 30, 2007 included the following:

On April 5, 2007, we sold our Newport Office Park located in Quincy, Massachusetts, for approximately \$37.0 million. Newport Office Park is a Class A office property consisting of approximately 172,000 net rentable square feet. Net cash proceeds totaled approximately \$33.7 million.

On April 11, 2007, we acquired a parcel of land located in Springfield, Virginia, for a purchase price of approximately \$25.6 million.

On April 12, 2007, we entered into an agreement for the sale of a parcel of land located in Washington, D.C. for approximately \$33.7 million. In addition, we entered into a development management agreement with the buyer to develop on the parcel a Class A office property totaling approximately 165,000 net rentable square feet. The sale is subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions and there can be no assurance that the sale will be consummated on the terms currently contemplated or at all.

On May 9, 2007, we used available cash to repay the mortgage loan collateralized by our 250 West 55th Street project located in New York City totaling approximately \$160.0 million. There was no prepayment penalty associated with the repayment. The mortgage loan bore interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.40% per annum and was scheduled to mature in January 2009.

On May 17, 2007, we obtained mortgage financing totaling \$25.0 million collateralized by our Montvale Center property located in Gaithersburg, Maryland. Montvale Center is a Class A office property consisting of approximately 123,000 net rentable square feet. The mortgage financing bears interest at a fixed rate equal to 5.93% per annum and matures on June 6, 2012.

On June 1, 2007, our Value-Added Fund sold Worldgate Plaza located in Herndon, Virginia for approximately \$109.0 million. Worldgate Plaza is an office complex consisting of approximately 322,000 net rentable square feet. Net cash proceeds totaled approximately \$50.5 million, of which our share was approximately \$20.3 million, after the repayment of the mortgage indebtedness of \$57.0 million. The mortgage loan bore interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.89% per annum and was scheduled to mature on December 1, 2007.

On June 11, 2007, we entered into a lease agreement with The Trustees of Princeton University for a build-to-suit project with approximately 120,000 net rentable square feet of Class A office space which we have the rights to acquire on land located in Princeton, New Jersey. We expect that the building will be complete and available for occupancy during the fourth quarter of 2009.

On June 22, 2007, a joint venture in which we have a 50% interest entered into agreements to complete the assemblage for its development site at Eighth Avenue and 46th Street in New York City consisting of an approximately 840,000 net rentable square foot Class A office property.

Transactions completed subsequent to June 30, 2007:

On July 16, 2007, we entered into a joint venture with an unrelated third party to develop a Class A office complex aggregating approximately 425,000 net rentable square feet located in Anne Arundel County, Maryland. The joint venture partner contributed the land for a 50% interest. We will contribute cash of approximately \$14.9 million for our 50% interest in the joint venture. The joint venture has commenced construction on an approximately 114,000 net rentable square foot Class A office property on the site.

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On July 25, 2007, we, together with our Operating Partnership, filed a combined so-called universal shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to update and replace a series of existing registration statements covering the possible issuance by us or our Operating Partnership of various equity and debt securities. This registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on August 6, 2007 and will give us and/or our Operating Partnership flexibility to offer and sell from time to time, in one or more offerings, up to \$2.0 billion of senior and subordinated debt securities (including notes of our Operating Partnership exchangeable for our common stock and convertible notes), as well as our common stock, preferred stock and warrants.

On July 27, 2007 and August 3, 2007, we entered into four treasury lock contracts with a weighted-average fixed rate of 4.782% on notional amounts aggregating \$200.0 million. The contracts expire on April 1, 2008.

On August 6, 2007, we used available cash to repay the mortgage loan collateralized by our Embarcadero Center Four property located in San Francisco, California totaling approximately \$131.2 million. There was no prepayment penalty associated with the repayment. The mortgage loan bore interest at a fixed rate of 6.79% per annum and was scheduled to mature on February 1, 2008.

On August 7, 2007, we sold Democracy Center in Bethesda, Maryland, for approximately \$280.5 million. Democracy Center is a Class A office complex that contains an aggregate of approximately 685,000 net rentable square feet. The sale price for the property exceeded its carrying value. In conjunction with the sale, we repaid the mortgage financing collateralized by the property totaling approximately \$94.6 million. We paid a prepayment fee of approximately \$2.6 million associated with the repayment. The mortgage loan bore interest at a fixed rate equal to 7.05% per annum and was scheduled to mature on April 1, 2009.

## **Update on Recent Regulatory Initiatives**

On July 25, 2007, the FASB authorized a FASB Staff Position (the proposed FSP) that would require the liability and equity components of convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion (including partial cash settlement) to be separately accounted for in a manner that reflects the issuer—s nonconvertible debt borrowing rate. If issued as currently contemplated, the proposed FSP would require that the initial debt proceeds from the sale of our \$862.5 million of 2.875% exchangeable senior notes due 2037 and \$450.0 million of 3.75% exchangeable senior notes due 2036 be allocated between a liability component and an equity component in a manner that reflects interest expense at the interest rate of similar nonconvertible debt. To allocate the proceeds in this manner, the issuer would first need to determine the carrying amount of the liability component, which would be based on the fair value of a similar liability (excluding the embedded conversion option). The resulting debt discount would be amortized over the period during which the debt is expected to be outstanding as additional non-cash interest expense. The proposed FSP would be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The proposed FSP would be applied retrospectively to our outstanding exchangeable senior notes for all periods presented. Based on our current understanding of the application of the proposed FSP, this would result in an aggregate of approximately \$18 million of additional non-cash interest expense for fiscal 2007. The additional expense will increase in subsequent reporting periods through the first optional redemption date as the debt accretes to its par value over the same period. There can be no assurance that the proposed FSP will be issued in the form currently contemplated by the FASB, or at all, and therefore its ultimate impact on our interest expense may differ materially from the aforementioned estimates.

Legislation was recently introduced in Congress that would treat publicly traded partnerships as corporations for federal income tax purposes if the partnership directly or indirectly derives income from certain investment adviser or asset management services. Because certain of Boston Properties Limited Partnership s current activities could constitute investment adviser or asset management services as defined for these purposes, unless transfers of ownership of interests in Boston Properties Limited Partnership are limited in a manner that complies with certain regulatory safe harbors or another exception applies, it is possible that this legislation, if

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enacted, could cause Boston Properties Limited Partnership to be taxable as a corporation. Classification of Boston Properties Limited Partnership as a corporation would also cause Boston Properties, Inc. to fail to qualify as a REIT. Under a transitional rule contained in one version of the proposed legislation, Boston Properties Limited Partnership would be exempt from the new rules until its taxable year beginning January 1, 2013. An alternative proposal, however, would shorten the transition period to make the new law applicable to existing publicly-traded partnerships beginning January 1, 2008, and it is possible that any legislation ultimately enacted could be effective immediately or possibly even retroactively.

Congress is also considering legislative proposals to treat all or part of certain income allocated to a partner by a partnership in respect of certain services provided to or for the benefit of the partnership (carried interest revenue) as ordinary income for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While the current legislative proposal provides that such income will nevertheless retain its original character for purposes of the REIT qualification tests, it is not clear what form any such final legislation would take. Furthermore, under the proposed legislation, carried interest revenue could be treated as non-qualifying income for purposes of the qualifying income exception to the publicly-traded partnership rules. If enacted, this could result in Boston Properties Limited Partnership being taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes if the amount of any such carried interest revenue plus any other non-qualifying income earned by Boston Properties Limited Partnership exceeds 10% of its gross income in any taxable year.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP, requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. From time to time, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. In the event estimates or assumptions prove to be different from actual results, adjustments are made in subsequent periods to reflect more current information. Below is a discussion of accounting policies that we consider critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain.

## Real Estate

Upon acquisitions of real estate, we assess the fair value of acquired tangible and intangible assets, including land, buildings, tenant improvements, above- and below-market leases, origination costs, acquired in-place leases, other identified intangible assets and assumed liabilities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, Business Combinations and allocate the purchase price to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities, including land at appraised value and buildings at replacement cost. We assess and consider fair value based on estimated cash flow projections that utilize discount and/or capitalization rates that we deem appropriate, as well as available market information. Estimates of future cash flows are based on a number of factors including the historical operating results, known and anticipated trends, and market and economic conditions. The fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property considers the value of the property as if it were vacant. We also consider an allocation of purchase price of other acquired intangibles, including acquired in-place leases that may have a customer relationship intangible value, including (but not limited to) the nature and extent of the existing relationship with the tenants, the tenants credit quality and expectations of lease renewals. Based on our acquisitions to date, our allocation to customer relationship intangible assets has been immaterial.

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We record acquired above- and below-market leases at their fair values (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) equal to the difference between (1) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to each in-place lease and (2) management s estimate of fair market lease rates for each corresponding in-place lease, measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above-market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options for below-market leases. Other intangible assets acquired include amounts for in-place lease values that are based on our evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant s lease. Factors to be considered include estimates of carrying costs during hypothetical expected lease-up periods considering current market conditions, and costs to execute similar leases. In estimating carrying costs, we include real estate taxes, insurance and other operating expenses and estimates of lost rentals at market rates during the expected lease-up periods, depending on local market conditions. In estimating costs to execute similar leases, we consider leasing commissions, legal and other related expenses.

Real estate is stated at depreciated cost. The cost of buildings and improvements includes the purchase price of property, legal fees and other acquisition costs. Costs directly related to the development of properties are capitalized. Capitalized development costs include interest, internal wages, property taxes, insurance, and other project costs incurred during the period of development.

Management reviews its long-lived assets used in operations for impairment when there is an event or change in circumstances that indicates an impairment in value. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of its assets is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. If such impairment is present, an impairment loss is recognized based on the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over its fair value. The evaluation of anticipated cash flows is highly subjective and is based in part on assumptions regarding future occupancy, rental rates and capital requirements that could differ materially from actual results in future periods. Since cash flows on properties considered to be long-lived assets to be held and used as defined by SFAS No. 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, (SFAS No. 144) are considered on an undiscounted basis to determine whether an asset has been impaired, our established strategy of holding properties over the long term directly decreases the likelihood of recording an impairment loss. If our strategy changes or market conditions otherwise dictate an earlier sale date, an impairment loss may be recognized and such loss could be material. If we determine that impairment has occurred, the affected assets must be reduced to their fair value. No such impairment losses have been recognized to date.

SFAS No. 144 requires that qualifying assets and liabilities and the results of operations that have been sold, or otherwise qualify as held for sale, be presented as discontinued operations in all periods presented if the property operations are expected to be eliminated and we will not have significant continuing involvement following the sale. The components of the property s net income that is reflected as discontinued operations include the net gain (or loss) upon the disposition of the property held for sale, operating results, depreciation and interest expense (if the property is subject to a secured loan). We generally consider assets to be held for sale when the transaction has been approved by our Board of Directors, or a committee thereof, and there are no known significant contingencies relating to the sale, such that the property sale within one year is considered probable. Following the classification of a property as held for sale, no further depreciation is recorded on the assets.

A variety of costs are incurred in the acquisition, development and leasing of properties. After the determination is made to capitalize a cost, it is allocated to the specific component of a project that is benefited. Determination of when a development project commences and capitalization begins and when a development project is substantially complete and capitalization must cease involves a degree of judgment. Our capitalization policy on development properties is guided by SFAS No. 34 Capitalization of Interest Cost and SFAS No. 67 Accounting for Costs and the Initial Rental Operations of Real Estate Projects. The costs of land and buildings under development include specifically identifiable costs. The capitalized costs include pre-construction costs necessary to the development of the property, development costs, construction costs, interest costs, real estate taxes, salaries and related costs and other costs incurred during the period of development. We begin the capitalization of costs during the pre-construction period which we define as activities that are necessary to the development of the property. We consider a construction project as substantially completed and held available

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for occupancy upon the completion of tenant improvements, but no later than one year from cessation of major construction activity. We cease capitalization on the portion (1) substantially completed and (2) occupied or held available for occupancy, and we capitalize only those costs associated with the portion under construction.

### Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

review relevant financial information, including:

(2) the tenant s credit is such that we require collateral, in which case we:

Except for ownership interests in variable interest entities, we account for our investments in joint ventures under the equity method of accounting because we exercise significant influence over, but do not control, these entities. These investments are recorded initially at cost, as Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures, and subsequently adjusted for equity in earnings and cash contributions and distributions. Any difference between the carrying amount of these investments on our balance sheet and the underlying equity in net assets is amortized as an adjustment to equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures over the life of the related asset. Under the equity method of accounting, our net equity is reflected within the Consolidated Balance Sheets, and our share of net income or loss from the joint ventures is included within the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The joint venture agreements may designate different percentage allocations among investors for profits and losses, however, our recognition of joint venture income or loss generally follows the joint venture s distribution priorities, which may change upon the achievement of certain investment return thresholds. For ownership interests in variable interest entities, we consolidate those in which we are the primary beneficiary.

### Revenue Recognition

Base rental revenue is reported on a straight-line basis over the terms of our respective leases. In accordance with SFAS No. 141, we recognize rental revenue of acquired in-place above- and below-market leases at their fair values over the terms of the respective leases. Accrued rental income as reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets represents rental income recognized in excess of rent payments actually received pursuant to the terms of the individual lease agreements.

Our leasing strategy is generally to secure creditworthy tenants that meet our underwriting guidelines. Furthermore, following the initiation of a lease, we continue to actively monitor the tenant s creditworthiness to ensure that all tenant related assets are recorded at their realizable value. When assessing tenant credit quality, we:

financial ratios;
net worth;
debt to market capitalization; and
liquidity;
evaluate the depth and experience of the tenant s management team; and
assess the strength/growth of the tenant s industry.  As a result of the underwriting process, tenants are then categorized into one of three categories:
(1) low risk tenants;

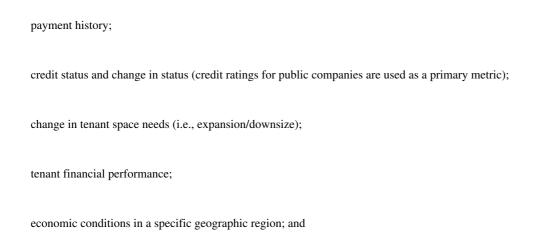
require a security deposit; and/or

reduce upfront tenant improvement investments; or (3) the tenant s credit is below our acceptable parameters.

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We maintain a rigorous process of monitoring the credit quality of our tenant base. We provide an allowance for doubtful accounts arising from estimated losses that could result from the tenant sinability to make required current rent payments and an allowance against accrued rental income for future potential losses that we deem to be unrecoverable over the term of the lease.

Tenant receivables are assigned a credit rating of 1-4 with a rating of 1 representing the highest possible rating with no allowance recorded and a rating of 4 representing the lowest credit rating, recording a full reserve against the receivable balance. Among the factors considered in determining the credit rating include:



industry specific credit considerations.

If our estimates of collectibility differ from the cash received, the timing and amount of our reported revenue could be impacted. The average remaining term of our in-place tenant leases was approximately 7.3 years as of June 30, 2007. The credit risk is mitigated by the high quality of our existing tenant base, reviews of prospective tenants—risk profiles prior to lease execution and frequent monitoring of our portfolio to identify potential problem tenants.

Recoveries from tenants, consisting of amounts due from tenants for common area maintenance, real estate taxes and other recoverable costs, are recognized as revenue in the period the expenses are incurred. Tenant reimbursements are recognized and presented in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force, or EITF, Issue 99-19 Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent, or Issue 99-19. Issue 99-19 requires that these reimbursements be recorded on a gross basis, as we are generally the primary obligor with respect to purchasing goods and services from third-party suppliers, have discretion in selecting the supplier and have credit risk. We also receive reimbursement of payroll and payroll related costs from third parties which we reflect on a net basis in accordance with Issue 99-19.

Our hotel revenues are derived from room rentals and other sources such as charges to guests for long-distance telephone service, fax machine use, movie and vending commissions, meeting and banquet room revenue and laundry services. Hotel revenues are recognized as earned.

We receive management and development fees from third parties. Management fees are recorded and earned based on a percentage of collected rents at the properties under management, and not on a straight-line basis, because such fees are contingent upon the collection of rents. We review each development agreement and record development fees on a straight-line basis or percentage of completion depending on the risk associated with each project. Profit on development fees earned from joint venture projects is recognized as revenue to the extent of the third party partners ownership interest.

Gains on sales of real estate are recognized pursuant to the provisions of SFAS No. 66, Accounting for Sales of Real Estate. The specific timing of the sale is measured against various criteria in SFAS No. 66 related to the terms of the transactions and any continuing involvement in the form of management or financial assistance associated with the properties. If the sales criteria are not met, we defer gain recognition and account for the continued operations of the property by applying the finance, installment or cost recovery methods, as appropriate, until the sales criteria are met.

Depreciation and Amortization

We compute depreciation and amortization on our properties using the straight-line method based on estimated useful asset lives. In accordance with SFAS No. 141, we allocate the acquisition cost of real estate to land, building, tenant improvements, acquired above and below-market leases, origination costs and

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acquired in-place leases based on an assessment of their fair value and depreciate or amortize these assets over their useful lives. The amortization of acquired above- and below-market leases and acquired in-place leases is recorded as an adjustment to revenue and depreciation and amortization, respectively, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For purposes of disclosure, we calculate the fair value of our mortgage notes payable and unsecured senior notes. We discount the spread between the future contractual interest payments and future interest payments on our mortgage debt and unsecured notes based on a current market rate. In determining the current market rate, we add our estimate of a market spread to the quoted yields on federal government treasury securities with similar maturity dates to our own debt. Because our valuations of our financial instruments are based on these types of estimates, the fair value of our financial instruments may change if our estimates do not prove to be accurate.

### **Results of Operations**

The following discussion is based on our Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

At June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006, we owned or had interests in a portfolio of 134 and 124 properties, respectively (in each case, the Total Property Portfolio). As a result of changes within our Total Property Portfolio, the financial data presented below shows significant changes in revenue and expenses from period-to-period. Accordingly, we do not believe that our period-to-period financial data with respect to the Total Property Portfolio are necessarily meaningful. Therefore, the comparison of operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 show separately the changes attributable to the properties that were owned by us throughout each period compared (the Same Property Portfolio) and the changes attributable to the Total Property Portfolio.

In our analysis of operating results, particularly to make comparisons of net operating income between periods meaningful, it is important to provide information for properties that were in-service and owned by us throughout each period presented. We refer to properties acquired or placed in-service prior to the beginning of the earliest period presented and owned by us through the end of the latest period presented as our Same Property Portfolio. The Same Property Portfolio therefore excludes properties placed in-service, acquired or repositioned after the beginning of the earliest period presented or disposed of prior to the end of the latest period presented.

Net operating income, or NOI, is a non-GAAP financial measure equal to net income available to common shareholders, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, plus minority interest in Operating Partnership, losses from early extinguishment of debt, depreciation and amortization, interest expense, general and administrative expense, income from discontinued operations (net of minority interest), less gains on sales of real estate (net of minority interest), gains on sales of real estate from discontinued operations (net of minority interest), income from unconsolidated joint ventures, minority interest in property partnership, interest and other income and development and management services revenue. We use NOI internally as a performance measure and believe NOI provides useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operations because it reflects only those income and expense items that are incurred at the property level. Therefore, we believe NOI is a useful measure for evaluating the operating performance of our real estate assets.

Our management also uses NOI to evaluate regional property level performance and to make decisions about resource allocations. Further, we believe NOI is useful to investors as a performance measure because, when compared across periods, NOI reflects the impact on operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs and acquisition and development activity on an unleveraged basis, providing perspective not immediately apparent from net income. NOI excludes certain components from net income in order to provide results that are more closely related to a property s results of operations. For example, interest expense is not necessarily linked to the operating performance of a real estate asset and is often incurred at the corporate

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level as opposed to the property level. In addition, depreciation and amortization, because of historical cost accounting and useful life estimates, may distort operating performance at the property level. NOI presented by us may not be comparable to NOI reported by other REITs that define NOI differently. We believe that in order to facilitate a clear understanding of our operating results, NOI should be examined in conjunction with net income as presented in our consolidated financial statements. NOI should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions.

# Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2007 to the six months ended June 30, 2006.

The table below shows selected operating information for the Same Property Portfolio and the Total Property Portfolio. The Same Property Portfolio consists of 111 properties totaling approximately 27.8 million net rentable square feet of space. The Same Property Portfolio includes properties acquired or placed in-service on or prior to January 1, 2006 and owned through June 30, 2007. In addition, the Same Property Portfolio includes our Cambridge Center Marriott hotel property, but does not include the Long Wharf Marriott hotel property, which was sold on March 23, 2007. The Total Property Portfolio includes the effects of the other properties either placed in-service, acquired or repositioned after January 1, 2006 or disposed of on or prior to June 30, 2007. This table includes a reconciliation from the Same Property Portfolio to the Total Property Portfolio by also providing information for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 with respect to the properties which were acquired, placed in-service, repositioned or sold.

During July 2006, we placed in-service our Capital Gallery expansion project, consisting of a ten-story addition totaling approximately 319,000 net rentable square feet of Class A office space located in Washington, D.C. The project entailed removing a three-story, low-rise section of the property from in-service status and developing it into a ten-story office building resulting in a total complex size of approximately 615,000 net rentable square feet. In April 2006, tenants began to take initial occupancy. This property is included in Properties Repositioned for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006.

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ontinued ations, net

	S	ame Prop	oerty Portfoli Increase/	io	Proper	ties Sold	Prope Acqu		Pre	operties In-Ser	s Placed vice	Prope Reposi			Total Prop	erty Portfoli Increase/	0
	2007	2006	(Decrease) 9	% Change	2007	2006	2007	2006	2	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	(Decrease)	% Chang
				S .				(dollars	in tł	nousano	ds)					,	S
al Revenue:		+				+	* *					* . * *	+		+	+ (+ (0.0)	
al Revenue	\$ 607,969	\$ 581,794	4 \$ 26,175	4.49%	\$ 9,771	\$ 69,335	\$ 21,191	\$ 12	\$ 1	14,300 \$	\$ 10,390	\$ 13,219	\$ 8,325	\$ 666,450	\$ 669,856	\$ (3,406)	(0.5
nination me	3,279	2,212	2 1,067	48.24%										3,279	2,212	1,067	48.2
l Rental																	
enue	611,248	584,006	6 27,242	4.66%	9,771	69,335	21,191	12	1	4,300	10,390	13,219	8,325	669,729	672,068	(2,339)	(0.3
Estate rating enses	211,907	196,618	8 15,289	7.78%	1,690	21,342	6,650	5		3,460	1,685	3,492	2,190	227,199	221,840	5,359	2.4
Operating																	
me,																	
uding hotels	399,341	387,388	8 11,953	3.09%	8,081	47,993	14,541	7	1	0,840	8,705	9,727	6,135	442,530	450,228	(7,698)	(1.7
el Net rating me (1)	3,613	2,758	8 855	31.00%										3,613	2,758	855	31.
solidated																	
Operating me (1)	402,954	390,146	6 12,808	3.29%	8,081	47,993	14,541	7	1	0,840	8,705	9,727	6,135	446,143	452,986	(6,843)	(1.5
er Revenue:																	
elopment Management ices	t													9,857	9,601	256	2.6
rest and er														43,193	10,513	32,680	310.8
l Other enue														53,050	20,114	32,936	163.7
er Expenses: eral and																	
inistrative																	
ense														33,099	30,438	2,661	8.7
est														147,669	153,266	(5,597)	(3.6
reciation and rtization		119,837	7 7,717	6.44%		8,768	11,320			4,049	3,342	2 176	1,135	145,099	133,082	12,017	9.0
from early aguishments		119,63	7,717	0.44%		8,708	11,320			4,049	3,342	2,170	1,133	722	31,924	(31,202)	(97.7
																(-1,202)	(>
l Other enses	127,554	119,837	7 7,717	6.44%		8,768	11,320			4,049	3,342	2,176	1,135	326,589	348,710	(22,121)	(6.3
me before																	
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ests me from onsolidated	\$ 275,400	\$ 270,309	9 \$ 5,091	1.88%	\$ 8,081	\$ 39,225	\$ 3,221	\$ 7	\$	6,791 S	\$ 5,363	\$ 7,551	\$ 5,000	\$ 172,604	\$ 124,390	\$ 48,214	38.7
ventures me from	\$ 18,191 \$	\$ 3,313 \$	3 \$ 14,878 \$	449.08%		\$ (167) \$ 3,858		\$ (179) \$	\$ \$			\$ \$	\$ \$	18,233 1,282	2,967 3,858	15,266 (2,576)	514.5 (66.7
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prity interest				
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perating				
nership	(28,266)	(26,468)	(1,798)	6.7
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estate, net of				
prity interest	620,262	585,844	34,418	5.8
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est	173,815		173,815	100.
Income				
able to				
mon				
eholders	\$ 957.930	\$ 692,604	\$ 265,326	38.3
	+ / / /	+	+,	

<sup>(1)</sup> For a detailed discussion of NOI, including the reasons management believes NOI is useful to investors, see page 34. Hotel Net Operating Income for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 are comprised of Hotel Revenue of \$16,044 and \$13,279 less Hotel Expenses of \$12,431 and \$10,521 respectively per the Consolidated Income Statement.

#### Rental Revenue

The decrease of approximately \$3.4 million in the Total Property Portfolio is comprised of increases and decreases within the five categories that comprise our Total Property Portfolio. Rental revenue from the Same Property Portfolio increased approximately \$26.2 million, Properties Sold decreased approximately \$59.6 million, Properties Acquired increased approximately \$21.2 million, Properties Placed In-Service increased approximately \$3.9 million and Properties Repositioned increased approximately \$4.9 million.

We incur certain tenant specific property costs for which we are reimbursed from our tenants. Starting in 2007, we have included these reimbursements in rental revenue and included the tenant specific operating cost within real estate operating expenses. This income and expense classification in 2007 results in a presented increase to comparable rental revenue and real estate operating expenses, however does not impact our consolidated net operating income. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the rental income and real estate operating expense gross up was approximately \$4.5 million and \$5.1 million, respectively.

Rental revenue from the Same Property Portfolio increased approximately \$26.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to 2006. Included in rental revenue is an overall increase in base rental revenue of approximately \$15.0 million. Approximately \$9.2 million of the increase from the Same Property Portfolio was due to an increase in recoveries from tenants which correlates with the increase in operating expenses. We collected almost \$2.0 million in connection with a modification to the calculation of a tenant s real estate tax operating expense obligation from a lease that commenced in 1999 and was adjusted for the last six years. The remaining \$1.6 million increase related to parking and other income. We expect occupancy to remain level and same property net operating income to grow approximately 3% over our same property net operating income in 2006. In addition, we expect straight-line rents and FAS 141 adjustments for the remainder of 2007 to contribute between \$8 million and \$10 million to rental revenue per quarter.

The acquisitions of 6601 & 6605 Springfield Center Drive, 103 Fourth Avenue and Kingstowne Towne Center during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as well as the acquisitions during 2006 increased rental revenue from Properties Acquired by approximately \$21.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 as detailed below:

		Rental Revenue for the months ended June				
Property	Date Acquired	2007	2006	Change		
		(in	thousand	ls)		
Four and Five Cambridge Center	November 30, 2006	\$ 8,473		\$ 8,473		
3200 Zanker Road	August 10, 2006	5,358		5,358		
Kingstowne Towne Center	March 30, 2007	3,335		3,335		
303 Almaden Avenue	June 30, 2006	3,190	12	3,178		
6601 & 6605 Springfield Center Drive	January, 2007	491		491		
103 Fourth Avenue	January 29, 2007	344		344		
	•					
Total		\$ 21.191	\$ 12	\$ 21,179		

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The increase in rental revenue from Properties Placed In-Service relates to placing in-service our Seven Cambridge Center development project in the first quarter of 2006 and our 12290 Sunrise Valley development project in the second quarter of 2006. Rental revenue from Properties Placed In-Service increased approximately \$3.9 million, as detailed below:

			Rental Revenue for the six months ended June 30			
Property	Date Placed In-Service	2007	2006 (in thousands)	Change		
Seven Cambridge Center	First Quarter, 2006	\$ 11,140	\$ 9,083	\$ 2,057		
12290 Sunrise Valley	Second Quarter, 2006	3,160	1,307	1,853		
Total		\$ 14.300	\$ 10.390	\$ 3,910		

Rental revenue from Properties Repositioned for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased approximately \$4.9 million over the six months ended June 30, 2006. Our Capital Gallery expansion project is included in Properties Repositioned for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006. In April 2006, tenants began to take occupancy and we placed our Capital Gallery expansion project in-service in July 2006.

The aggregate increase in rental revenue was offset by the sales of 5 Times Square in February 2007 and 280 Park Avenue in June 2006. These properties have not been classified as discontinued operations due to our continuing involvement as the property manager for each property. Rental Revenue from Properties Sold decreased by approximately \$59.6 million, as detailed below:

		Renta	Rental Revenue for the six			
		months ended June 30				
Property	Date Sold	2007	2006	Change		
			(in thousand	s)		
5 Times Square	February 15, 2007	\$ 9,771	\$ 36,994	\$ (27,223)		
280 Park Avenue	June 6, 2006		32,341			