

NEWMAN JEFFREY B
Form 4
December 17, 2010

FORM 4 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
NEWMAN JEFFREY B

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
EURONET WORLDWIDE INC
[EFT]

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

(Last) (First) (Middle)

3. Date of Earliest Transaction
(Month/Day/Year)
12/15/2010

____ Director
 Officer (give title below)
____ 10% Owner
____ Other (specify below)
Exec VP and General Counsel

C/O EURONET WORLDWIDE, INC., 4601 COLLEGE BLVD., SUITE 300

(Street)

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)
 Form filed by One Reporting Person
____ Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

LEAWOOD, KS 66211

(City) (State) (Zip)

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)
				(A) or (D)	Amount		
			Code	V	Amount	(D)	Price
Common stock, par value \$0.02 per share					2,683	D	
Common stock, par value \$0.02 per share					1,608	I	By 401(k) Plan

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474
(9-02)

Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned
(e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Pr Deriv Secur (Instr. 3 and 4)	
				Code	V (A) (D)	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date	Title	Amount or Number of Shares
Stock Option (right to buy)	\$ 17.05	12/15/2010		A	36,987	(1)	(1)	Common Stock	36,987

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
NEWMAN JEFFREY B C/O EURONET WORLDWIDE, INC. 4601 COLLEGE BLVD., SUITE 300 LEAWOOD, KS 66211			Exec VP and General Counsel	

Signatures

/s/Jeffrey B. Newman
Date: 12/17/2010

**Signature of Reporting Person Date

Explanation of Responses:

* If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).

** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).

(1) The option vests with respect to 40% of the shares on December 15, 2012 and 20% each anniversary thereafter.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure.

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. Times, Serif"> (Unaudited) (Audited) Current assets Cash \$5,590 \$2,481 Accounts receivable 203,732 — Inventory 15,829 16,595 Due from related party 1,145 1,145 Prepaid expense and other current assets 39,412 14,003 Total current assets 265,708 34,224 Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$329,673 and \$328,369, respectively 6,045 7,349 Intangible and other assets Patents and trademarks, net of

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accumulated amortization of \$146,767 and \$107,941, respectively 259,859 231,441 Total
assets \$531,612 \$273,014 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT Current liabilities Accounts
payable and accrued liabilities \$597,705 \$638,717 Accrued interest payable 68,964 5,150 Loans from related
party 14,735 — Loans payable 31,894 — Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized debt discount of \$-0- and
\$3,477, respectively 60,928 108,965 Convertible notes payable related party, net of unamortized discount of
\$269,149 and \$538,295, respectively 726,497 249,383 Unearned revenue 417,292 302,815 Total current
liabilities 1,918,015 1,305,030 Total liabilities 1,918,015 1,305,030 Stockholders' deficit Common stock;
\$0.001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized 104,841,759 and 97,518,259 shares issued and outstanding at
September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively 104,843 97,520 Additional paid-in
capital 19,056,232 18,628,922 Accumulated deficit (20,547,478) (19,758,458) Total stockholders'
deficit (1,386,403) (1,032,016) Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit \$531,612 \$273,014

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,	September	September 30,	September
	2011	30, 2010	2011	30, 2010
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Revenues	\$31,232	\$23,961	\$177,502	\$211,175
Cost of revenues	328	2,188	766	19,046
Gross profit	30,904	21,773	176,736	192,129
Operating expenses				
Depreciation and amortization	12,686	7,311	40,129	29,625
Selling general and administrative	\$352,683	\$225,711	\$854,896	\$624,428
Total operating expenses	365,369	233,022	895,025	654,053
Loss from operations	(334,465)	(211,249)	(718,289)	(461,925)
Other expense				
Interest expense	(27,156)	(27,006)	(70,731)	(123,342)
Total other expense	(27,156)	(27,006)	(70,731)	(123,342)
Provision for income taxes	—	—	—	—
Net loss	\$(361,621)	\$(238,255)	\$(789,020)	\$(585,267)
Basic loss per common share	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	102,554,925	96,006,954	101,125,757	89,723,482

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(AUDITED)

	Nine months ended	
	September	September
	30, 2011	30, 2010
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(789,020)	\$(585,267)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	23,993	21,549
Stock based compensation	135,000	90,266
Amortization of debt discount	418,591	—
Interest expense paid with common stock	—	69,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in inventory	766	1,034
Increase in accounts receivable	(203,732)	(2,891)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets	(25,409)	(9,930)
Decrease in related party receivable	—	3,061
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	66,564	159,814
Increase in accrued interest	77,051	43,642
Increase in unearned revenue	114,477	220,523
Net cash used in operating activities	(181,719)	10,801
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets and intangible assets	(51,107)	(91,573)
Net cash used in investing activities	(51,107)	(91,573)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of stock	178,000	—
Proceeds from, net of payments to, related parties for loans	14,735	4,999
Proceeds from convertible notes payable	20,000	59,941
Payments on convertible notes payable	(2,000)	—
Proceeds from loans	25,200	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	235,935	64,940
Net change in cash	3,109	(15,832)
Cash, beginning of period	2,481	25,868

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Cash, end of period	\$5,590	\$ 10,036
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SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Non-cash investing and financing activities:

Common stock issued on conversion of debts	\$56,056	\$—
Beneficial conversion feature	\$65,577	\$—

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, HISTORY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES

Description of business – Skinvisible, Inc., (referred to as the “Company”) is focused on the development and manufacture of innovative topical, transdermal and mucosal polymer-based delivery system technologies and formulations incorporating its patent-pending formula/process for combining hydrophilic and hydrophobic polymer emulsions. The technologies and formulations have broad industry applications within the pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, personal skincare and cosmetic arenas. Additionally, the Company’s non-dermatological formulations, offer solutions for a broad spectrum of markets womens health, pain management, and others. The Company maintains executive and sales offices in Las Vegas, Nevada.

History – Skinvisible, Inc. (referred to as the “Company”) was incorporated in Nevada on March 6, 1998 under the name of Microbial Solutions, Inc. The Company underwent a name change on February 26, 1999, when it changed its name to Skinvisible, Inc. The Company’s subsidiary’s name of Manloe Labs, Inc. was also changed to Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Skinvisible, Inc. together with its subsidiary shall herein be collectively referred to as the “Company”.

Going concern – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has incurred cumulative net losses of \$20,547,478 since its inception and requires capital for its contemplated operational and marketing activities to take place. The Company’s ability to raise additional capital through the future issuances of common stock is unknown. The obtainment of additional financing, the successful development of the Company’s contemplated plan of operations, and its transition, ultimately, to the attainment of profitable operations are necessary for the Company to continue operations. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of these aforementioned uncertainties.

Principles of consolidation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Explanation of Responses:

Use of estimates – The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue recognition

Product sales – Revenues from the sale of products (Invisicare® polymers) are recognized when title to the products are transferred to the customer and only when no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive reasonably assured payments for products sold and delivered.

Royalty sales – The Company also recognizes royalty revenue from licensing its patented product formulations only when earned, with no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Distribution and license rights sales – The Company also recognizes revenue from distribution and license rights only when earned (and are amortized over a five year period), with no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Costs of Revenue – Cost of revenue includes raw materials, component parts, and shipping supplies. Shipping and handling costs is not a significant portion of the cost of revenue.

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, HISTORY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES - (continued)

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable is comprised of uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. The carrying amount of accounts receivable is reviewed periodically for collectability. If management determines that collection is unlikely, an allowance that reflects management’s best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected is recorded. Management reviews each accounts receivable balance that exceeds 30 days from the invoice date and, based on an assessment of creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. As of September 30, 2011, the Company had not recorded a reserve for doubtful accounts.

Inventory – Substantially all inventory consists of finished goods and are valued based upon first-in first-out ("FIFO") cost, not in excess of market. The determination of whether the carrying amount of inventory requires a write-down is based on an evaluation of inventory.

Goodwill and intangible assets – The Company follows Financial Accounting Standard Board’s (FASB) Codification Topic 350-10 (“ASC 350-10”), “*Intangibles – Goodwill and Other*”. According to this statement, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are no longer subject to amortization, but rather an annual assessment of impairment by applying a fair-value based test. Fair value for goodwill is based on discounted cash flows, market multiples and/or appraised values as appropriate. Under ASC 350-10, the carrying value of assets are calculated at the lowest level for which there are identifiable cash flows.

ASC 350-10 requires the Company to compare the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount on an annual basis to determine if there is potential impairment. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the fair value of the goodwill within the reporting unit is less than its carrying value. During 2010, the Company completed an impairment review and did not recognize any impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets already included in the financial statements. The Company expects to receive future benefits from previously acquired goodwill over an indefinite period of time. Accordingly, beginning January 1, 2002, the Company has foregone all related amortization expense. Prior to January 1, 2002, the Company amortized goodwill over an estimated useful life ranging from 3 to 15 years using the straight-line method.

Income taxes – The Company accounts for its income taxes in accordance with FASB Codification Topic ASC 740-10, “*Income Taxes*”, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences attributable

to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and tax credit carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Stock-based compensation – The Company follows the guidelines in FASB Codification Topic ASC 718-10 “*Compensation-Stock Compensation*”, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors including employee stock options and employee stock purchases related to a Employee Stock Purchase Plan based on the estimated fair values.

Stock based compensation expense recognized under ASC 718-10 for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 totaled \$135,000 and \$0, respectively.

Earnings (loss) per share – The Company reports earnings (loss) per share in accordance with FASB Codification Topic ASC 260-10 “*Earnings Per Share*”, Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic earnings (loss) per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Diluted earnings (loss) per share has not been presented since the effect of the assumed exercise of options and warrants to purchase common shares (common stock equivalents) would have an anti-dilutive effect.

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, HISTORY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES - (continued)

Reclassification – The financial statements from 2008 reflect certain reclassifications, which will have no effect on net income, to conform to classifications in the current year.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements –

In January 2010, the FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-07 (ASU 2010-07), Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Not-for-Profit Entities: Mergers and Acquisitions. This amendment to Topic 958 has occurred as a result of the issuance of FAS 164. The Company does not expect the provisions of ASU 2010-07 to have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

In February 2010, the FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-08 (ASU 2010-08), Technical Corrections to Various Topics. This amendment eliminated inconsistencies and outdated provisions and provided the needed clarifications to various topics within Topic 815. The amendments are effective for the first reporting period (including interim periods) beginning after issuance (February 2, 2010), except for certain amendments. The amendments to the guidance on accounting for income taxes in reorganization (Subtopic 852-740) should be applied to reorganizations for which the date of the reorganization is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. For those reorganizations reflected in interim financial statements issued before the amendments in this Update are effective, retrospective application is required. The clarifications of the guidance on the embedded derivatives and hedging (Subtopic 815-15) are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2009, and should be applied to existing contracts (hybrid instruments) containing embedded derivative features at the date of adoption. The Company does not expect the provisions of ASU 2010-08 to have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

In February 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-09 (ASU 2010-09), Subsequent Events (Topic 855), amending guidance on subsequent events to alleviate potential conflicts between FASB guidance and SEC requirements. Under this amended guidance, SEC filers are no longer required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in originally issued and revised financial statements. This guidance was effective immediately and we adopted these new requirements for the period ended May 31, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

Explanation of Responses:

In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-17, "Revenue Recognition - Milestone Method (Topic 605): Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition" (codified within ASC 605 - Revenue Recognition). ASU 2010-17 provides guidance on defining a milestone and determining when it may be appropriate to apply the milestone method of revenue recognition for research or development transactions. ASU 2010-17 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after June 15, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2010-17 is not expected to have any material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2010, the FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-19 (ASU 2010-19), Foreign Currency (Topic 830): Foreign Currency Issues: Multiple Foreign Currency Exchange Rates. The amendments in this Update are effective as of the announcement date of March 18, 2010. The Company does not expect the provisions of ASU 2010-19 to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

2. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets consist of the following as of September 30, 2011:

Machinery and equipment	\$55,463
Furniture and fixtures	113,635
Computers, equipment and software	38,105
Leasehold improvements	12,569
Lab equipment	115,946
Total	335,718
Less: accumulated depreciation	329,673
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$6,045

Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$1,304 and \$1,734, respectively.

3. INTANGIBLE AND OTHER ASSETS

Patents and trademarks are capitalized at its historical cost and are amortized over their useful lives. As of September 30, 2011, patents and trademarks total \$259,858, net of \$146,767 of accumulated amortization. Amortization expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$22,689 and \$27,891, respectively.

License and distributor rights (“agreement”) was acquired by the Company in January 1999 and provides exclusive use distribution of polymers and polymer based products. The Company has a non-expiring term on the license and distribution rights. Accordingly, the Company annually assesses this license and distribution rights for impairment and has determined that no impairment write-down is considered necessary as of September 30, 2011.

4. UNEARNED REVENUE

Explanation of Responses:

Unearned revenue totaling \$417,292 as of September 30, 2011 relates to a marketing and distribution rights agreement entered into during 2010 for which monies were received and not considered earned. See note 9 “Definitive Agreements”.

5. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Stock options employees and directors – During the years ended December 31, 2010, the Company granted stock options to employees and directors totaling 1,610,000 shares of its common stock with a weighted average strike price of \$0.06. Certain stock options were exercisable upon grant and have a life ranging from 3 months to 5 years. The stock options were valued at \$91,460 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the following assumptions: term of 5 years, risk free interest rates ranging from 1.25% to 2.19%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility rates ranging from 131% to 172%. The Company recorded an expense of \$91,460 for the year ended December 31, 2010. There were no stock options issued to employees or directors during the nine months period ended September 30, 2011.

Stock options non-employees – During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company granted stock options for services totaling 450,000 shares of its common stock with a weighted average strike price of \$0.06 per share. All stock options were exercisable upon grant. The stock options have been valued at \$25,563 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the following assumptions: term of 5 years, risk free interest rates ranging from 1.25% to 3.5%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility rates ranging from 131% to 172%. There were no non-employee stock options issued during the nine months period ended September 30, 2011.

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

5. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS – (continued)

The following is a summary of option activity during the year ended December 31, 2010 and the nine months period ended September 30, 2011:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2010	10,280,000	0.05
Options granted and assumed	—	—
Options expired	300,000	0.04
Options canceled	—	—
Options exercised	—	—
Balance, September 30, 2011	9,980,000	0.05

As of September 30, 2011, 9,980,000 stock options are exercisable.

Stock warrants -

The following is a summary of warrants activity during the year ended December 31, 2010 and the nine months period ended September 30, 2011:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
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Balance, December 31, 2010	5,844,347	0.10
Warrants granted and assumed	2,344,750	0.07
Warrants expired	2,515,179	0.09
Warrants canceled	—	—
Warrants exercised	250,000	—
Balance, September 30, 2011	5,423,918	0.10

All warrants outstanding as of September 30, 2011 are exercisable. The warrants issued during 2011 were issued as part of a series of common stock subscriptions for retirement of debts.

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had an unsecured loan payable due to an officer of the Company bearing no interest, due on demand totaling \$14,735. As of September 30, 2011, all other related party notes have been extinguished or re-negotiated as convertible notes. See note 7.

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

7. CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, convertible notes to two individuals were exercised resulting in a removal of \$56,055 from Convertible notes. These same notes accrued \$6,542 of interest and accounted for \$3,477 of the debt discount amortization for the nine months ended September 30, 2011.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company issued an additional \$20,000 of convertible debt to one individual. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.04 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.06 per share for two years after the conversion date. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the note to be \$20,000. The beneficial conversion feature has been accreted and charged to interest expense in the amount of \$0 as of September 30, 2011. The beneficial conversion feature was valued under the intrinsic value method.

On December 31, 2010, the Company re-negotiated accrued salaries and interest for three employees. Under the terms of the agreements, the salaries due were converted to promissory notes convertible into common stock with a warrant feature. The promissory notes are unsecured, due in one year from issuance, and bear an interest rate of 10%. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.04 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.06 per share for three years after the conversion date. On July 1, 2011, these same three employees re-negotiated another \$107,578 in accrued salaries to convertible debt. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.05 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.08 per share for three years after the conversion date. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the notes to be \$538,295 for the notes negotiated on December 31, 2010 and \$45,557 for the notes negotiated on July 1, 2011. The aggregate beneficial conversion feature has been accreted and charged to general and administrative expenses as a financing expense in the amount of \$418,591 as of September 30, 2011. The beneficial conversion feature is valued under the intrinsic value method.

8. Commitments and contingencies

Lease obligations – The Company has operating leases for its offices. Future minimum lease payments under the operating leases for the facilities as of September 30, 2011 are as follows:

2011 13,687
2012 57,606

Rental expense, resulting from operating lease agreements, approximated \$42,490 for the nine months period ended September 30, 2011.

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SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

9. DEFINITIVE AGREEMENTS

During the nine months ended September 30 2011, the Company amended two license agreements previously entered into with RHEI Pharmaceuticals HK Ltd. previously amended October 12, 2010. The amendment canceled what was previously referred to as the “Three Products Agreement” and modified the “DermSafe Agreement” to include license rights to Europe only. The DermSafe Agreement allows for the exclusive manufacturing, marketing and distribution rights to the Companies patent pending hand sanitizer using Chlorhexidine Gluconate as the active ingredient and trademarked DermSafe for Europe. All amounts previously paid for the license agreement were applied to the “DermSafe Agreement”. On July 26, 2011 the DermSafe Agreement was amended, deferring the remaining \$200,000 payment until December 15th, 2011 and all other agreements with RHEI were cancelled, with the option to renegotiate (provided the “Three Products” were not licensed to another company) once the balance payment for DermSafe was received. The cash received has been considered deferred revenue and is amortized over a 5 year period (the term of the license).

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Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives, and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words “believes,” “project,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “estimates,” “intends,” “strategy,” “plan,” “may,” “will,” “would,” “will be,” “will continue,” “will likely result,” and similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe-harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for purposes of complying with those safe-harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse affect on our operations and future prospects on a consolidated basis include, but are not limited to: changes in economic conditions, legislative/regulatory changes, availability of capital, interest rates, competition, and generally accepted accounting principles. These risks and uncertainties should also be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Further information concerning our business, including additional factors that could materially affect our financial results, is included herein and in our other filings with the SEC.

Overview

We develop innovative polymer delivery vehicles and related compositions that hold active ingredients on the skin for extended periods of time when applied topically. We designed a process for combining water soluble and insoluble polymers that is specifically formulated to carry water insoluble and certain cationic active ingredients in water-based products without the use of alcohol, silicones, waxes, or other organic solvents. This enables active agents the ability to perform their intended functions for an extended period of time. Our polymer delivery vehicles, trademarked Invisicare®, allow normal skin respiration and perspiration. The polymer compositions we develop wear off as part of the natural exfoliation process of the skin's outer layer cells.

We believe Invisicare® offers the following benefits:

§ Displays superior skin adherence for extended time periods

Explanation of Responses:

- § Non-occlusive yet resists water wash-off, respiration and perspiration
- § Increased efficacy of active ingredients
- § Allows for lower use levels of actives with increased persistence of effect
- § Offers advantage of controlled and/or sustained time-release
- § Highly compatible with a variety of actives and bases
- § Easy to emulsify
- § Formulates well at a cream, lotion, or spray viscosity
- § Non-irritating emulsion dries quickly with no greasy after-feel
- § Non-occlusive film forms protective barrier against environmental irritants
- § Broad polymer selection to meet application requirements
- § Offers “Life Cycle” management to core products with potential for new patent
- § Simplified manufacturing process

Products that successfully incorporate Invisicare to date include acne, antimicrobial hand sanitizer lotions, suncare products, skincare moisturizers, sunless tanning products as well as various dermatology, women’s health, pain management and other pharmaceutical products for various disorders. On an ongoing basis, we are seeking to develop polymer formulations that can successfully be incorporated into other products.

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Our primary objective is to license Invisicare to established brand manufacturers and marketers of prescription and over-the-counter products in the dermatological, medical, cosmetic, and other pharmaceutical markets. With the exception of sales to one vendor, our management's policy is to only sell Invisicare to vendors that have executed a license agreement with us. We conduct our research and development in-house. We engage an outside party that currently handles all of our manufacturing and distribution needs.

Recent Developments

Pharmaceutical Development

In February of this year, we entered into a feasibility agreement with Novartis, AG. This project continues to progress and has been extended for a further six month period with results scheduled to be received by the second quarter of 2012.

European Patent

The European Patent Office (EPO) has issued a Notice of Intent to Grant European patent application number 02752847.0 pertaining to our drug delivery system, Invisicare. The comprehensive patent protects Invisicare in three main areas: its composition, its method of combining polymers to make the Invisicare complex and the skin / medical conditions Invisicare is used for.

Launch of Hand Sanitizer in Canada

Our DermSafe antimicrobial hand sanitizer was officially launched by Alto Pharmaceuticals ("Alto") in Canada on September 1, 2011. Alto, a Toronto-based dermatology focused company, has licensed the exclusive rights to DermSafe for commercial use in Canada. Alto will market the product under the name DermSafePC and initially target institutions like schools, police forces, and penitentiaries seeking for an alternative to alcohol due to safety and long-term efficacy concerns.

Hand Sanitizer DermSafe receives Dermatology Seal of Approval

DermSafe Hand Sanitizing Lotion has received the “Seal of Approval” from the Dermatology Review Panel™ (“DRP”). DRP is an independent panel of dermatologists that reviews scientific data for non-prescription products in order to authenticate the product’s claims. The DRP dermatologists evaluated our scientific data and validated the following claims for DermSafe Hand Sanitizer: DermSafe is alcohol-free, it offers protection from harmful bacteria for up to four hours, it resists wash-off and it provides a moisture barrier for the hands. DermSafe, marketed by Alto Pharmaceuticals in Canada, will soon display the DRP Seal on its promotional materials and packaging. Claims made by over-the-counter products can be confusing to the consumer so the DRP program was formed to provide an independent, arms-length review of a product’s scientific data in support of its claims. The DRP Seal of Approval helps consumers and medical professionals easily identify products that meet the panel's approval standards.

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Launch of Hand Sanitizer in the EU

In July of 2011, we entered into a revised agreement with RHEI Pharmaceuticals, NV, a global pharmaceutical business development firm, with special focus on bringing core medicines from the U.S., Europe and Japan into the fast-growing South-East Asian marketplace. We licensed the commercial rights to our patent pending DermSafe hand sanitizer to RHEI for the commercial rights for the EU for \$500,000 of which \$300,000 has been received. RHEI received regulatory approval in Belgium this year to begin marketing in the EU. RHEI will now submit marketing applications for DermSafe (called HandSafe™ in Europe) under Europe's mutual recognition procedure which utilizes the marketing authorization already granted in Belgium. RHEI will also undertake clinical studies for the product in Belgium to use to promote HandSafe's benefits through the healthcare market. Due to the added expenses to be incurred for the clinical trial(s) the revised agreement allows RHEI to delay payment of the balance due of \$200,000 until December 15 of this year. We will have full access to this new data and we will leverage the data collected by RHEI in order to secure new licensees in other territories. Additionally, an agreement has been made allowing RHEI to import DermSafe from Skinvisible's Canadian licensee, Alto Pharmaceuticals, Inc., who is now manufacturing product Alto has also agreed to supply other territories globally with finished product, giving new licensees a very quick to market option.

Launch of First Prescription Product in US Market

In July of 2011, our licensee, Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals LLC, a specialty pharmaceutical company based in Gilbert, Arizona, launched ProCort, Skinvisible's first prescription product in the United States. ProCort is a topical treatment for hemorrhoids formulated with our patented polymer delivery system Invisicare. ProCort is made of a combination of hydrocortisone acetate and pramoxine hydrochloride. ProCort is a prescription product focused on the women's health market.

Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals has been granted the exclusive rights to commercialize our product within the United States. We have received a development fee and now will receive a license fee paid in milestones plus on-going royalties based on product sales. First quarter sales for July, August and September exceed \$200,000 and they are on line for first year (12 month period) sales of \$2 million to \$2.5 million. Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals' revenue forecast for ProCort is \$20 million by its third year.

Results of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

Revenues

Our total revenue reported for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was \$31,232, an increase from \$23,961 for the same period ended September 30, 2010. Our total revenue reported for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$177,502, a decrease from \$211,175 for the same period ended September 30, 2010. The increase in sales for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from the prior period is attributable to the amortized sale of licenses. The decrease in revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from the prior periods is attributable to lower sales of polymers to our licensees.

Cost of Revenues

Our cost of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2011 decreased to \$328, as compared with \$2,188 for the three months ended September 30, 2010. Our cost of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 decreased to \$766 from the same period ended September 30, 2010, when cost of revenues was \$19,046. The decrease in our cost of revenues for three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 from the prior periods is attributable to lower sales of product materials.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was \$30,904, or approximately 99% of sales. Gross profit for three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$21,773, or approximately 91% of sales. Gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$176,736, or approximately 99% of sales. Gross profit for nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$192,129, or approximately 91% of sales.

Table of Contents***Operating Expenses***

Operating expenses increased to \$365,369 for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$233,022 for the same period ended September 30, 2010. Our operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2011 consisted of depreciation and amortization expenses of \$12,686 and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$352,683. Our operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2010 consisted of depreciation and amortization expenses of 7,311, and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$225,711.

Operating expenses increased to \$895,025 for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$654,053 for the same period ended September 30, 2010. Our operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 consisted of depreciation and amortization expenses of \$40,129 and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$854,896. Our operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 consisted of depreciation and amortization expenses of \$29,625, and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$624,428. Operating expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 were significantly higher as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2010 primarily due to amortization of debt discounts calculated on convertible notes payable. Other notable comparisons of selling, general and administrative expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 with the same period ended 2010 are in the table below:

Item	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010
Accounting and Audit	\$ 35,930	\$ 35,700
Amortization Expense	38,825	27,891
Automobile	13,687	9,215
Commissions	24,927	819
Consulting	45,247	30,860
Legal Fees	19,273	13,698
Rent	42,490	38,404
Travel	22,375	17,264
Salaries & Wages	25,645	133,714
Accrued Salaries & Wages	109,893	173,955
Bonuses	16,128	8,925
Discount Amortization	272,623	0
Royalties Paid	0	54,000
Payroll Tax Expense	2,690	12,756

Other Expenses

We paid slightly more in interest expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2011 than in the prior period ended 2010, resulting in total other expenses of \$27,156 as compared with 27,006 for the prior period. We had total other expenses, also exclusively of interest expenses, of \$70,731 for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 as compared with \$123,342 for the prior period ended 2010.

Net Loss

We recorded a net loss of \$361,621 for the three months ended September 30, 2011, as compared with a net loss of 238,255 for the three months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded a net loss of \$789,020 for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, as compared with a net loss of \$585,267 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2011, we had total current assets of \$265,708 and total assets in the amount of \$531,612. Our total current liabilities as of September 30, 2011 were \$1,918,015. We had a working capital deficit of \$1,652,307 as of September 30, 2011.

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Operating activities used \$181,719 in cash for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. Our net loss of \$789,020 and an increase in accounts receivable of \$203,732 were the main components of our negative operating cash flow, offset mainly by amortization of debt discount of \$418,591, an increase in unearned revenue of \$114,477, and stock based compensation of \$135,000.

Cash flows used by investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$51,107 as a result of the purchase of fixed and intangible assets.

Cash flows provided by financing activities during the three months ended September 30, 2011 amounted to \$235,935 and consisted primarily of \$178,000 in proceeds from the issuance of stock, \$25,200 in proceeds from loans, \$20,000 in proceeds from convertible notes payable, and \$14,735 in proceeds from related party loans.

Based upon our current financial condition, we do not have sufficient cash to operate our business at the current level for the next twelve months. We intend to fund operations through increased sales and debt and/or equity financing arrangements, which may be insufficient to fund expenditures or other cash requirements. We plan to seek additional financing in a private equity offering to secure funding for operations. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in raising additional funding. If we are not able to secure additional funding, the implementation of our business plan will be impaired. There can be no assurance that such additional financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or at all.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2011, there were no off balance sheet arrangements.

Critical Accounting Policies

In December 2001, the SEC requested that all registrants list their most “critical accounting policies” in the Management Discussion and Analysis. The SEC indicated that a “critical accounting policy” is one which is both important to the portrayal of a company’s financial condition and results, and requires management’s most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Going concern – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company

Explanation of Responses:

has incurred cumulative net losses of \$20,547,478 since its inception and requires capital for its contemplated operational and marketing activities to take place. The Company's ability to raise additional capital through the future issuances of common stock is unknown. The obtainment of additional financing, the successful development of the Company's contemplated plan of operations, and its transition, ultimately, to the attainment of profitable operations are necessary for the Company to continue operations. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of these aforementioned uncertainties.

Product sales – Revenues from the sale of products are recognized when title to the products are transferred to the customer and only when no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive reasonably assured payments for products sold and delivered.

Royalty sales – The Company also recognizes royalty revenue from licensing its patent and trademarks, only when earned, with no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Distribution and license rights sales – The Company also recognizes revenue from distribution and license rights only when earned, with no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

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Costs of Revenue – Cost of revenue includes raw materials, component parts, and shipping supplies. Shipping and handling costs is not a significant portion of the cost of revenue.

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable is comprised of uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. The carrying amount of accounts receivable is reviewed periodically for collectability. If management determines that collection is unlikely, an allowance that reflects management’s best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected is recorded. Management reviews each accounts receivable balance that exceeds 30 days from the invoice date and, based on an assessment of creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had not recorded a reserve for doubtful accounts.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-07 (ASU 2010-07), Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Not-for-Profit Entities: Mergers and Acquisitions. This amendment to Topic 958 has occurred as a result of the issuance of FAS 164. The Company does not expect the provisions of ASU 2010-07 to have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

In February 2010, the FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-08 (ASU 2010-08), Technical Corrections to Various Topics. This amendment eliminated inconsistencies and outdated provisions and provided the needed clarifications to various topics within Topic 815. The amendments are effective for the first reporting period (including interim periods) beginning after issuance (February 2, 2010), except for certain amendments. The amendments to the guidance on accounting for income taxes in reorganization (Subtopic 852-740) should be applied to reorganizations for which the date of the reorganization is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. For those reorganizations reflected in interim financial statements issued before the amendments in this Update are effective, retrospective application is required. The clarifications of the guidance on the embedded derivatives and hedging (Subtopic 815-15) are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2009, and should be applied to existing contracts (hybrid instruments) containing embedded derivative features at the date of adoption. The Company does not expect the provisions of ASU 2010-08 to have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

In February 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-09 (ASU 2010-09), Subsequent Events (Topic 855), amending guidance on subsequent events to alleviate potential conflicts between FASB guidance and SEC requirements. Under this amended guidance, SEC filers are no longer required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in originally issued and revised financial statements. This guidance was effective immediately and we adopted these new requirements for the period ended May 31, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-17, “Revenue Recognition – Milestone Method (Topic 605): Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition” (codified within ASC 605 – Revenue Recognition). ASU 2010-17 provides guidance on defining a milestone and determining when it may be appropriate to apply the milestone method of revenue recognition for research or development transactions. ASU 2010-17 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after June 15, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2010-17 is not expected to have any material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2010, the FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-19 (ASU 2010-19), Foreign Currency (Topic 830): Foreign Currency Issues: Multiple Foreign Currency Exchange Rates. The amendments in this Update are effective as of the announcement date of March 18, 2010. The Company does not expect the provisions of ASU 2010-19 to have a material effect on the Company’s financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of September 30, 2011. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, Terry Howlett. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2011, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2011.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls

Our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will necessarily prevent all fraud and material error. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving our objectives and our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at that reasonable assurance level. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the internal control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On September 30, 2011, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada (the “Court”), against Sunless Beauty, Ltd., Angie Trelstad, TMTA, LLC, and Norvell Skin Solutions, LLC (collectively, the “Defendants”), alleging patent infringement on the Company’s patents: U.S. Patent 6,756,059 B2, 7,674,471 B2, and 6,582,683 B2 (the “Patents”), trademark infringement, misappropriation of trade secrets, and breach of the License Agreement we entered into October 31, 2007 with Sunless Beauty, Ltd. We are seeking, among other things, the following relief from the Court against the Defendants:

§ For an order declaring that Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the Patents;

§ For an order declaring that Defendants have infringed on the Company’s trademarks;

§ For an order declaring that Defendants have willfully misappropriated the Company’s trade secrets;

§ A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants prohibiting each of them from further infringement of the Patents and the Company’s trademarks and trade secrets;

§ For an order declaring that Sunless Beauty Ltd. and Angie Trelstad have breached the License Agreement;

§ An award of damages the Company has suffered by reason of the allegations charged in the complaint;

§ An award to the Company of its costs and attorneys’ fees;

§ Such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Item 1A: Risk Factors

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the three months ended September 30, 2011, we entered into a debt settlement agreement with Terry Howlett, Doreen McMorran and a shareholder of our company. The agreement provides an option to purchase shares of our common stock at \$0.05 per share to retire an aggregate of \$107,578 in debt. The agreement further provides warrants to the debtholders to purchase 1,075,780 shares of our common stock at a strike price of \$0.08 per share.

During the three months ended September 30, 2011, we issued 2,000,000 shares of our common stock to subscribers for an aggregate of \$100,000 in proceeds. We also issued two year warrants to the subscribers to purchase an aggregate amount of 1,000,000 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.08 per share.

During the three months ended September 30, 2011 we issued 588,000 restricted shares of our common stock as a result of entering into debt conversion agreements with lenders to convert total principal balances and interest of \$30,900 into equity.

These securities were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and/or Rule 506 promulgated thereunder. The holders represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view towards distribution. The investors were given adequate information about us to make an informed investment decision. We did not engage in any general solicitation or advertising. We directed our transfer agent to issue the stock certificates with the appropriate restrictive legend affixed to the restricted stock.

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Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Removed and Reserved

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Skinvisible, Inc.

Date: November 14, 2011

By: /s/ Terry Howlett

Terry Howlett

Title: Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director

