FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORF
Form 10-Q
August 07, 2018

UNITED	STATES
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

Commission file number **001-33013**

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11-3209278

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

220 RXR Plaza, Uniondale, New York 11556

(Address of principal executive	e offices)
(718) 961-5400 (Registrant's telephone number	r, including area code)
Securities Exchange Act of 19	er the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the 34 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. X Yes No
any, every Interactive Data Fil	er the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if e required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ing the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required X Yes No
	er the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, y. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting e Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer \underline{X} Non-accelerated filer $\underline{_}$ Emerging growth company $\underline{_}$	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
	ny, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the
Indicate by check mark whether	er the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act)Yes <u>X</u> No
The number of shares of the re	egistrant's Common Stock outstanding as of July 31, 2018 was 28,295,441.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition

(Unaudited)

Item 1. Financial Statements

Assets	June 30, 2018 (Dollars in th except per sh	
Cash and due from banks	\$42,805	\$51,546
Securities held-to-maturity:	÷ .=,000	ΨΟ 1,0 .0
Mortgage-backed securities (including assets pledged of \$4,801 at June 30, 2018 and none pledged at December 31, 2017; fair value of \$7,373 and \$7,810 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	7,963	7,973
Other securities (none pledged; fair value of \$21,281 and \$21,889 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	23,130	22,913
Securities available for sale, at fair value: Mortgage-backed securities (including assets pledged of \$144,942 and \$148,505 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively; \$1,426 and \$1,590 at fair value pursuant to the fair value option at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively) Other securities (including assets pledged of \$25,812 and \$44,052 at June 30, 2018 and	513,868	509,650
December 31, 2017, respectively; \$12,615 and \$12,685 at fair value pursuant to the fair value option at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	214,755	228,704
Loans: Multi-family residential Commercial real estate One-to-four family mixed-use property One-to-four family residential Co-operative apartments Construction Small Business Administration Taxi medallion Commercial business and other Net unamortized premiums and unearned loan fees	2,247,852 1,471,894 564,474 187,741 7,839 33,826 14,405 6,225 783,904 15,647	2,273,595 1,368,112 564,206 180,663 6,895 8,479 18,479 6,834 732,973 16,763
Allowance for loan losses	(20,220)	(20,351)
Net loans Interest and dividends receivable	5,313,587 24,184	5,156,648 21,405
Bank premises and equipment, net	30,658	30,836

Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock, at cost Bank owned life insurance Goodwill Other assets Total assets	57,384 131,429 16,127 91,726 \$6,467,616	60,089 131,856 16,127 61,527 \$6,299,274
Liabilities		
Due to depositors:		
Non-interest bearing	\$388,467	\$385,269
Interest-bearing	4,170,411	3,955,403
Mortgagors' escrow deposits	50,781	42,606
Borrowed funds:		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	1,137,318	1,198,968
Subordinated debentures	73,848	73,699
Junior subordinated debentures, at fair value	39,566	36,986
Total borrowed funds	1,250,732	1,309,653
Other liabilities	69,181	73,735
Total liabilities	5,929,572	5,766,666
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued)	_	-
Common stock (\$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 31,530,595 shares issued		
at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017;28,319,213 shares and 28,588,266 shares	315	315
outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)		
Additional paid-in capital	220,432	217,906
Treasury stock, at average cost (3,211,382 shares and 2,942,329 shares at June 30,2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	(66,656)	(57,675)
Retained earnings	395,960	381,048
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes	(12,007)	•
Total stockholders' equity	538,044	532,608
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$6,467,616	\$6,299,274

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six ended June		
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Interest and dividend income					
Interest and fees on loans	\$57,322	\$51,631	\$112,339	\$102,516	
Interest and dividends on securities:					
Interest	5,616	6,432	11,084	12,527	
Dividends	17	123	31	244	
Other interest income	338	129	625	282	
Total interest and dividend income	63,293	58,315	124,079	115,569	
Interest expense					
Deposits	14,788	9,510	26,898	18,490	
Other interest expense	5,865	5,188	11,932	10,073	
Total interest expense	20,653	14,698	38,830	28,563	
Net interest income	42,640	43,617	85,249	87,006	
Provision for loan losses	-	-	153	_	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	42,640	43,617	85,096	87,006	
Non-interest income					
Banking services fee income	1,000	1,014	1,948	1,888	
Net gain on sale of loans	421	34	158	244	
Net loss from fair value adjustments	(267)	(1,159)	(367)	(1,537)	
Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock dividends	881	643	1,757	1,466	
Gain from life insurance proceeds	-	6	776	1,167	
Bank owned life insurance	776	807	1,538	1,602	
Other income	357	603	558	807	
Total non-interest income	3,168	1,948	6,368	5,637	
Non-interest expense					
Salaries and employee benefits	15,291	15,424	33,746	32,528	
Occupancy and equipment	2,476	2,654	5,053	5,150	
Professional services	2,439	1,919	4,624	3,915	
FDIC deposit insurance	547	503	1,047	829	
Data processing	1,426	1,321	2,827	2,524	
Depreciation and amortization	1,455	1,155	2,844	2,320	

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40 (27) 3,749 27,396	(96) - 3,185 26,065	136 (27 8,440 58,690	255) (50) 8,158 55,629
18,412	19,500	32,774	37,014
3,311	5,576	5,918	10,325
1,178	1,199	1,521	1,704
4,489	6,775	7,439	12,029
\$13,923	\$12,725	\$25,335	\$24,985
\$0.48 \$0.48 \$0.20	\$0.44 \$0.44 \$0.18	\$0.88 \$0.88 \$0.40	\$0.86 \$0.86 \$0.36
	(27) 3,749 27,396 18,412 3,311 1,178 4,489 \$13,923 \$0.48 \$0.48	(27) - 3,749 3,185 27,396 26,065 18,412 19,500 3,311 5,576 1,178 1,199 4,489 6,775 \$13,923 \$12,725 \$0.48 \$0.44 \$0.48 \$0.44	(27 - (27 3,749 3,185 8,440 27,396 26,065 58,690 18,412 19,500 32,774 3,311 5,576 5,918 1,178 1,199 1,521 4,489 6,775 7,439 \$13,923 \$12,725 \$25,335 \$0.48 \$0.44 \$0.88 \$0.48 \$0.44 \$0.88 \$0.48 \$0.44 \$0.88

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	For the themonths end June 30, 2018		For the si ended June 30, 2018	ix months 2017
Net income	\$13,923	\$12,725	\$25,335	\$24,985
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: Amortization of actuarial losses, net of taxes of \$(43) and (\$64) for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and of (\$84) and (\$128) for six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Amortization of prior service credits, net of taxes of \$3 and \$5 for the three	90	87	181	174
months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and of \$6 and \$9 for six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.	(6)	(6	(13)	(13)
Net unrealized (losses) gains on securities, net of taxes of \$1,388 and (\$436) for three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and of \$4,443 and (\$1,247) for six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.	(3,014)	601	(9,654)	1,749
Net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of taxes of (\$961) and \$90 three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and of (\$3,565) and \$90 for six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.	2,085	(124	7,746	(124)
Change in fair value of liabilities related to instrument-specific credit risk,net of taxes of (\$6) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.	13	-	13	-
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(832)	558	(1,727)	1,786
Comprehensive income	\$13,091	\$13,283	\$23,608	\$26,771

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	For the six ended June 30, 2018		nths	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income	\$25,335		24,985	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Provision for loan losses Depreciation and amortization of bank premises and equipment Amortization of premium, net of accretion of discount Net loss from fair value adjustments Net gain from sale of loans Net gain from sale of OREO Income from bank owned life insurance Gain from life insurance proceeds Stock-based compensation expense Deferred compensation Deferred income tax (benefit) provision Increase in other liabilities	(27 (1,538 (776 4,680 (1,815 (415 840	3 1) (()) (()) (()) (2) (1)) 1))))
Decrease (increase) in other assets Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2,747 36,700		(21 (32,684)
Purchases of bank premises and equipment Net redemptions (purchases) of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York shares Purchases of securities held-to-maturity Proceeds from maturities of securities held-to-maturity Purchases of securities available for sale Proceeds from sales and calls of securities available for sale Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of securities available for sale Proceeds from bank owned life insurance Net originations of loans Purchases of loans Proceeds from sale of real estate owned Proceeds from sale of loans Net cash used in investing activities	2,705	() ((1) ((2) (3) (3) (() () () () () () () () () () () () ((2,351 (7,457 (8,030 (13,330 (40,641 (27,500 (38,161 (3,911 (201,43) (58,431 (58,431 (58,431 (58,431)) 8))
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits	3,198	1	16,139	

Net increase in interest-bearing deposits Net increase in mortgagors' escrow deposits Net proceeds from short-term borrowed funds Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long-term borrowings Purchases of treasury stock	214,773 8,175 73,500 25,000 (160,084) (13,889)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	6	-
Cash dividends paid	(11,547)	(10,487)
Net cash provided by financing activities	139,132	193,286
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	(8,741 51,546 \$42,805	12,682 35,857 \$48,539
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE		
Interest paid	\$36,296	\$27,840
Income taxes paid	3,103	10,646
Taxes paid if excess tax benefits were not tax deductible	3,739	9,409
Non-cash activities:		
Loans transferred to Other Real Estate Owned or Other Assets	673	-
Loans held for investment transferred to loans available for sale	-	30,565

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Total	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance at December 31, 2017 Reclassification of the Income Tax Effects of the	\$532,608	\$ 315	\$217,906	\$381,048	\$(57,675)	\$ (8,986)
Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) to Retained	-	-	-	2,073	-	(2,073)
Earnings Impact of adoption of Accounting Standard Update 2016-01	-	-	-	(779)	-	779
Net income	25,335	-	-	25,335	-	-
Award of common shares released from Employee Benefit Trust (120,684 shares)	2,578	-	2,578	-	-	-
Vesting of restricted stock unit awards (248,877 shares)	-	-	(4,731)	(170)	4,901	-
Exercise of stock options (600 shares)	6	-	(1)	-	7	-
Stock-based compensation expense Purchase of treasury shares (445,444 shares)	4,680 (11,838)	-	4,680 -	-	(11,838)	-
Repurchase of shares to satisfy tax obligation (72,869 shares)	(2,051)		-	-	(2,051)	-
Dividends on common stock (\$0.40 per share)	(11,547)	-	-	(11,547)	-	-
Other comprehensive loss	(1,727)		-	-	-	(1,727)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$538,044	\$ 315	\$220,432	\$395,960	\$(66,656)	\$ (12,007)
Balance at December 31, 2016 Net income Award of common shares released from	\$513,853 24,985	\$ 315	\$214,462	\$361,192 24,985	\$(53,754) -	\$ (8,362)
Employee Benefit Trust (111,470 shares)	2,363	-	2,363	-	-	-
Vesting of restricted stock unit awards (258,165 shares)	-	-	(4,562)	(262)	4,824	-

Exercise of stock options (4,400 shares)	-	-	(6) (40)	46	-	
Stock-based compensation expense	4,190	-	4,190	-	-	-	
Purchase of treasury shares (10,000 shares)	(278)	-	-	-	(278)	-	
Repurchase of shares to satisfy tax obligation (80,303 shares)	(2,321)	-	-	-	(2,321)	-	
Dividends on common stock (\$0.36 per share)	(10,487)	-	-	(10,487)	-	-	
Other comprehensive income	1,786	-	-	-	-	1,786	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$534,091	\$ 315	\$216,447	\$375,388	\$(51,483)	\$ (6,576)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The primary business of Flushing Financial Corporation (the "Holding Company"), a Delaware corporation, is the operation of its wholly owned subsidiary, Flushing Bank (the "Bank").

The unaudited consolidated financial statements presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") include the collective results of the Holding Company and its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the Bank, Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, Flushing Service Corporation, and FSB Properties Inc., which are collectively herein referred to as "we," "us," "our" and the "Company."

The Holding Company also owns Flushing Financial Capital Trust II, Flushing Financial Capital Trust III, and Flushing Financial Capital Trust IV (the "Trusts"), which are special purpose business trusts. The Trusts are not included in the Company's consolidated financial statements, as the Company would not absorb the losses of the Trusts if any losses were to occur.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and general practices within the banking industry. The information furnished in these interim statements reflects all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for such presented periods of the Company. Such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed in this Quarterly Report. All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations in the interim statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the instructions to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Article 10, Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial statements. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The unaudited consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

When necessary, certain reclassifications were made to prior-year amounts to conform to the current-year presentation.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to change in the near term are used in connection with the determination of the allowance for loan losses ("ALLL"), the evaluation of goodwill for impairment, the review of the need for a valuation allowance of the Company's deferred tax assets, the fair value of financial instruments and the evaluation of other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") on securities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share have been computed based on the following:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six ended June 30,	t months	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(Dollars in	n thousands,	except per	share data)	
Net income, as reported	\$13,923	\$12,725	\$25,335	\$24,985	
Divided by:					
Weighted average common shares outstanding	28,845	29,135	28,909	29,077	
Weighted average common stock equivalents	1	1	1	3	
Total weighted average common shares outstanding and common stock equivalents	28,846	29,136	28,910	29,080	
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.48	\$0.44	\$0.88	\$0.86	
Diluted earnings per common share (1)	\$0.48	\$0.44	\$0.88	\$0.86	
Dividend payout ratio	41.7 %	40.9 %	45.5 %	41.9 %	

⁽¹⁾ For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no common stock equivalents that were anti-dilutive.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

4. Securities

The Company did not hold any trading securities at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Securities available for sale are recorded at fair value. Securities held-to-maturity are recorded at amortized cost.

The following table summarizes the Company's portfolio of securities held-to-maturity at June 30, 2018:

	Amortize Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses	
	(In thous	ands)			
Securities held-to-maturity: Municipals	\$23,130	\$21,281	\$	-	\$ 1,849
Total other securities	23,130	21,281		-	1,849
FNMA	7,963	7,373		-	590
Total mortgage-backed securities Total	7,963 \$31,093	7,373 \$28,654	\$	-	590 \$ 2,439

The following table summarizes the Company's portfolio of securities held-to-maturity at December 31, 2017:

	Amortize Cost	dFair Value	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses
	(In thousa	ands)		
Securities held-to-maturity: Municipals	\$22,913	\$21,889	\$ -	\$ 1,024
Total other securities	22,913	21,889	-	1,024
FNMA	7,973	7,810	-	163

Total mortgage-backed securities 7,973 7,810 - 163

Total \$30,886 \$29,699 \$ - \$1,187

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the Company's portfolio of securities available for sale at June 30, 2018:

	Amortized		Gross	Gross
	Cost	Fair Value	Unrealized	Unrealized
	Cost		Gains	Losses
	(In thousar	nds)		
Corporate	\$110,000	\$100,532	\$ -	\$ 9,468
Municipals	100,576	101,608	1,063	31
Mutual funds	11,427	11,427	-	-
Other	1,188	1,188	-	-
Total other securities	223,191	214,755	1,063	9,499
REMIC and CMO	342,394	332,381	80	10,093
GNMA	847	898	51	-
FNMA	133,359	129,222	54	4,191
FHLMC	52,925	51,367	12	1,570
Total mortgage-backed securities	529,525	513,868	197	15,854
Total securities available for sale	\$752,716	\$728,623	\$ 1,260	\$ 25,353

The following table summarizes the Company's portfolio of securities available for sale at December 31, 2017:

	Amortized		Gross	Gross
	Cost	Fair Value	Unrealized	Unrealized
	Cost		Gains	Losses
	(In thousar	nds)		
Corporate	\$110,000	\$102,767	\$ -	\$ 7,233
Municipals	101,680	103,199	1,519	-
Mutual funds	11,575	11,575	-	-
Collateralized loan obligations	10,000	10,053	53	-
Other	1,110	1,110	-	-
Total other securities	234,365	228,704	1,572	7,233
REMIC and CMO	328,668	325,302	595	3,961
GNMA	1,016	1,088	72	-
FNMA	136,198	135,474	330	1,054
FHLMC	48,103	47,786	18	335
Total mortgage-backed securities	513,985	509,650	1,015	5,350
Total securities available for sale	\$748,350	\$738,354	\$ 2,587	\$ 12,583

Mortgage-backed securities shown in the table above include one private issue collateralized mortgage obligation ("CMO") that is collateralized by commercial real estate mortgages with an amortized cost and market value of \$21,000 at December 31, 2017. We did not hold any private issue CMO's that are collateralized by commercial real estate mortgages at June 30, 2018.

The corporate securities held by the Company at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are issued by U.S. banking institutions.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following tables detail the amortized cost and fair value of the Company's securities classified as held-to-maturity and available for sale at June 30, 2018, by contractual maturity. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

Securities held-to-maturity:	Amortize Cost (In thous	Value
Due in one year or less	\$1,353	\$1,353
Due after ten years	21,777	19,928
Total other securities	23,130	21,281
Mortgage-backed securities	7,963	7,373
Total	\$31,093	\$28,654

	Amortized	
Securities available for sale:	Cost	Fair Value
	(In thousan	nds)
Due in one year or less	\$-	\$-
Due after one year through five years	4,248	4,269
Due after five years through ten years	125,569	116,201
Due after ten years	81,947	82,858
Total other securities	211,764	203,328
Mutual funds	11,427	11,427
Mortgage-backed securities	529,525	513,868
Total	\$752,716	\$728,623

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following tables show the Company's securities with gross unrealized losses and their fair value, aggregated by category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at the dates indicated:

		une 30, 201 Total nFair Value (Dollars in	Unrealized	Less than 1 Fair Value	I Imma alima d	12 months Fair Value	or more Unrealized Losses
Held-to-maturity securities							
Municipals Total other securities	1 1	\$19,928 19,928	\$ 1,849 1,849	\$- -	\$ -	\$19,928 19,928	\$ 1,849 1,849
Total other securities	•	19,920	1,012			17,720	1,017
FNMA	1	7,373	590	7,373	590	-	-
Total mortgage-backed securities	1	7,373	590	7,373	590	-	-
Total	2	\$27,301	\$ 2,439	\$7,373	\$ 590	\$19,928	\$ 1,849
Available for sale securities Corporate Municipals Total other securities REMIC and CMO FNMA FHLMC Total mortgage-backed securities Total	14 2 16 48 23 2 73 89	\$100,532 5,088 105,620 312,201 126,338 42,830 481,369 \$586,989	\$ 9,468 31 9,499 10,093 4,191 1,570 15,854 \$ 25,353	\$9,394 5,088 14,482 231,236 110,983 39,920 382,139 \$396,621	\$ 606 31 637 5,860 3,445 1,438 10,743 \$ 11,380	\$91,138 - 91,138 80,965 15,355 2,910 99,230 \$190,368	\$ 8,862 - 8,862 4,233 746 132 5,111 \$ 13,973
Held-to-maturity securities	Cou (Do	December 3 Total InFair Value Illars in thou	Unrealized Losses sands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Municipals	1	\$20,844	\$ 1,024	\$20,844	\$ 1,024	\$-	\$ -

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Total other securities	1	20,844	1,024	20,844	1,024	-	-
FNMA Total mortgage-backed securities	1 1	7,810 7,810	163 163	7,810 7,810	163 163	- -	-
Total securities held-to-maturity	2	\$28,654	\$ 1,187	\$28,654	\$ 1,187	\$-	\$ -
Available for sale securities Corporate Total other securities	14 14	\$102,767 102,767	\$ 7,233 7,233	\$9,723 9,723	\$ 277 277	\$93,044 93,044	\$ 6,956 6,956
REMIC and CMO FNMA FHLMC Total mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale	36 17 2 55 69	249,596 120,510 46,829 416,935 \$519,702	3,961 1,054 335 5,350 \$ 12,583	162,781 109,258 43,258 315,297 \$325,020	1,406 850 294 2,550 \$ 2,827	86,815 11,252 3,571 101,638 \$194,682	2,555 204 41 2,800 \$ 9,756

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

OTTI losses on impaired securities must be fully recognized in earnings if an investor has the intent to sell the debt security or if it is more likely than not that the investor will be required to sell the debt security before recovery of its amortized cost. However, even if an investor does not expect to sell a debt security in an unrealized loss position, the investor must evaluate the expected cash flows to be received and determine if a credit loss has occurred. In the event that a credit loss has occurred, only the amount of impairment associated with the credit loss is recognized in earnings in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Amounts relating to factors other than credit losses are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL") within Stockholders' Equity. Unrealized losses on available for sale securities, that are deemed to be temporary, are recorded in AOCL, net of tax.

The Company reviewed each investment that had an unrealized loss at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The unrealized losses in held-to-maturity municipal securities at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were caused by illiquidity in the market and movements in interest rates. The unrealized losses in held-to-maturity FNMA securities at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were caused by movements in interest rates. The unrealized losses in securities available for sale at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were caused by movements in interest rates.

It is not anticipated that these securities would be settled at a price that is less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Each of these securities is performing according to its terms and, in the opinion of management, will continue to perform according to its terms. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of the securities' amortized cost basis. This conclusion is based upon considering the Company's cash and working capital requirements and contractual and regulatory obligations, none of which the Company believes would cause the sale of the securities. Therefore, the Company did not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The Company did not sell any securities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

5. Loans

Loans are reported at their outstanding principal balance net of any unearned income, charge-offs, deferred loan fees and costs on originated loans and unamortized premiums or discounts on purchased loans. Loan fees and certain loan origination costs are deferred. Net loan origination costs and premiums or discounts on loans purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the loans using the level-yield method. Prepayment penalties received

on loans which pay in full prior to their scheduled maturity are included in interest income in the period they are collected.

Interest on loans is recognized on the accrual basis. The accrual of income on loans is generally discontinued when certain factors, such as contractual delinquency of 90 days or more, indicate reasonable doubt as to the timely collectability of such income. Uncollected interest previously recognized on non-accrual loans is reversed from interest income at the time the loan is placed on non-accrual status. A non-accrual loan can be returned to accrual status when contractual delinquency returns to less than 90 days delinquent. Payments received on non-accrual loans that do not bring the loan to less than 90 days delinquent are recorded on a cash basis. Payments can also be applied first as a reduction of principal until all principal is recovered and then subsequently to interest, if in management's opinion, it is evident that recovery of all principal due is likely to occur.

The Company recognizes a loan as non-performing when the borrower has demonstrated the inability to bring the loan current, or due to other circumstances which, in management's opinion, indicate the borrower will be unable to bring the loan current within a reasonable time. All loans classified as non-performing, which includes all loans past due 90 days or more, are classified as non-accrual unless there is, in our opinion, compelling evidence the borrower will bring the loan current in the immediate future. Prior to a loan becoming 90 days delinquent, an updated appraisal is ordered and/or an internal evaluation is prepared.

A loan is considered impaired when, based upon current information, the Company believes it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due, both principal and interest, in accordance with the original terms of the loan. Impaired loans are measured based on the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or at the loan's observable market price or, as a practical expedient, the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. All non-accrual loans are considered impaired.

The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses at an amount, which, in management's judgment, is adequate to absorb probable estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Management's judgment in determining the adequacy of the allowance is based on evaluations of the collectability of loans. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revisions as more information becomes available. An unallocated component may at times be maintained to cover uncertainties that could affect management's estimate of probable losses. When necessary an unallocated component of the allowance will reflect the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio. The allowance is established through charges to earnings in the form of a provision for loan losses based on management's evaluation of the risk inherent in the various components of the loan portfolio and other factors, including historical loan loss experience (which is updated quarterly), current economic conditions, delinquency and non-accrual trends, classified loan levels, risk in the portfolio and volumes and trends in loan types, recent trends in charge-offs, changes in underwriting standards, experience, ability and depth of the Company's lenders, collection policies and experience, internal loan review function and other external factors. Increases and decreases in the allowance other than charge-offs and recoveries are included in the provision for loan losses. When a loan or a portion of a loan is determined to be uncollectible, the portion deemed uncollectible is charged against the allowance, and subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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The determination of the amount of the allowance for loan losses includes estimates that are susceptible to significant changes due to changes in appraisal values of collateral, national and local economic conditions and other factors. We review our loan portfolio by separate categories with similar risk and collateral characteristics. Impaired loans are segregated and reviewed separately.

The Company reviews each impaired loan on an individual basis to determine if either a charge-off or a valuation allowance needs to be allocated to the loan. The Company does not charge-off or allocate a valuation allowance to loans for which management has concluded the current value of the underlying collateral will allow for recovery of the loan balance through the sale of the loan or by foreclosure and sale of the property.

The Company considers fair value of collateral dependent loans to be 85% of the appraised or internally estimated value of the property. The 85% is based on the actual net proceeds the Bank has received from the sale of other real estate owned ("OREO") as a percentage of OREO's appraised value. For collateral dependent taxi medallion loans, the Company considers fair value to be the value of the underlying medallion based upon the most recently reported arm's length sales transaction. When there is no recent sale activity, the fair value is calculated using capitalization rates. For both collateral dependent mortgage loans and taxi medallion loans, the amount by which the loan's book value exceeds fair value is charged-off. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the fair value of Chicago taxi medallion loans was reduced from \$60,000 per medallion to \$25,000 per medallion, based upon recent sales transactions. At June 30, 2018, our exposure to the Chicago taxi medallion portfolio totals \$0.2 million and to all taxi medallion loans held \$6.2 million, which is 0.12% of total loans.

The Company segregated its loans into two portfolios based on year of origination. One portfolio was reviewed for loans originated after December 31, 2009 and a second portfolio for loans originated prior to January 1, 2010. Our decision to segregate the portfolio based upon origination dates was based on changes made in our underwriting standards during 2009. By the end of 2009, all loans were being underwritten based on revised and tightened underwriting standards. Loans originated prior to 2010 have a higher delinquency rate and loss history. Each of the years in the portfolio for loans originated prior to 2010 has a similar delinquency rate. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the Loss Emergence Period ("LEP") used was 1.33 years for the Residential portfolio and 1.58 years for the Commercial portfolio. In the prior quarter, a blended LEP of 1.33 years was used for both portfolios. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis.

The Company evaluates the underlying collateral through a third party appraisal, or when a third party appraisal is not available, the Company will use an internal evaluation. The internal evaluations are prepared using an income approach or a sales approach. The income approach is used for income producing properties and uses current revenues less operating expenses to determine the net cash flow of the property. Once the net cash flow is determined, the value of the property is calculated using an appropriate capitalization rate for the property. The sales approach uses comparable sales prices in the market. When an internal evaluation is used, we place greater reliance on the income approach to value the collateral.

The Company may restructure a loan to enable a borrower experiencing financial difficulties to continue making payments when it is deemed to be in the Company's best long-term interest. This restructure may include reducing the interest rate or amount of the monthly payment for a specified period of time, after which the interest rate and repayment terms revert to the original terms of the loan. We classify these loans as Troubled Debt Restructured ("TDR").

These restructurings have not included a reduction of principal balance. The Company believes that restructuring these loans in this manner will allow certain borrowers to become and remain current on their loans. All loans classified as TDR are considered impaired, however TDR loans which have been current for six consecutive months at the time they are restructured as TDR remain on accrual status and are not included as part of non-performing loans. Loans which were delinquent at the time they are restructured as a TDR are placed on non-accrual status and reported as non-accrual performing TDR loans until they have made timely payments for six consecutive months.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

The allocation of a portion of the allowance for loan losses for a performing TDR loan is based upon the present value of the future expected cash flows discounted at the loan's original effective rate, or for a non-performing TDR loan which is collateral dependent, the fair value of the collateral. At June 30, 2018, there were no commitments to lend additional funds to borrowers whose loans were modified to a TDR. The modification of loans to a TDR did not have a significant effect on our operating results, nor did it require a significant allocation of the allowance for loan losses.

The Company did not modify any loans as TDR during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

The following tables shows loans modified and classified as TDR during the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 Nun Madance Modification description
Taxi medallion Total	5 \$4,289 Three received a below market interest rate and a loan amortization extension, while two received an amortization extension. 5 \$4,289

The recorded investment of the loans modified and classified as TDR presented in the table above, were unchanged as there was no principal forgiven in this modification.

The following table shows our recorded investment for loans classified as TDR that are performing according to their restructured terms at the periods indicated:

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		racts	contracts		
Multi-family residential	9	\$ 2,488	9	\$ 2,518	
Commercial real estate	-	-	2	1,986	
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	5	1,726	5	1,753	
One-to-four family - residential	3	562	3	572	
Taxi medallion	19	5,482	20	5,916	
Commercial business and other	2	351	2	462	
Total performing troubled debt restructured	38	\$ 10,609	41	\$ 13,207	

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we sold one commercial real estate TDR loan totaling \$1.8 million, for a loss of \$0.3 million and foreclosed on one taxi medallion TDR loan of \$35,000, which is included in "Other Assets". There were no TDR loans that defaulted during the period, which were within 12 months of their modification date.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows our recorded investment for loans classified as TDR that are not performing according to their restructured terms at the periods indicated:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
(Dollars in thousands)	Number Recorded of investment contracts	Number Recorded of investment contracts
Multi-family residential	1 \$ 383	1 \$ 383
Total troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted	1 \$ 383	1 \$ 383

There were no TDR loans transferred to non-performing status during the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and the six months ended June 30, 2017.

The following table shows our non-performing loans at the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Loans ninety days or more past due and still accruing:		
Commercial real estate	\$-	\$2,424
Construction	730	-
Total	730	2,424
Non-accrual mortgage loans:		
Multi-family residential	2,165	3,598
Commercial real estate	1,448	1,473
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	2,157	1,867
One-to-four family - residential	6,969	7,808
Co-operative apartments	575	-
Total	13,314	14,746

Non-accrual non-mortgage loans:		
Small Business Administration	-	46
Taxi medallion	743	918
Commercial business and other	2	-
Total	745	964
Total non-accrual loans	14,059	15,710
Total non-performing loans	\$14,789	\$18,134

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following is a summary of interest foregone on non-accrual loans and loans classified as TDR for the periods indicated:

	For th month ended	ıs	For th month ended	IS
	June 3	80,	June 3	80,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(In the	ousands	s)	
Interest income that would have been recognized had the loans performed in accordance with their original terms	\$390	\$433	\$798	\$848
Less: Interest income included in the results of operations	156	141	315	268
Total foregone interest	\$234	\$292	\$483	\$580

The following tables show an age analysis of our recorded investment in loans, including loans past maturity, at the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2 30 - 59 Days Past Due	2018 60 - 89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans
Multi-family residential	\$2,887	\$410	\$2,165	\$5,462	\$2,242,390	\$2,247,852
Commercial real estate	4,139	3,206	1,448	8,793	1,463,101	1,471,894
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	2,080	-	2,157	4,237	560,237	564,474
One-to-four family - residential	767	400	6,969	8,136	179,605	187,741
Co-operative apartments	-	-	575	575	7,264	7,839
Construction loans	-	-	730	730	33,096	33,826
Small Business Administration	1,537	-	-	1,537	12,868	14,405
Taxi medallion	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225
Commercial business and other	562	761	2	1,325	782,579	783,904
Total	\$11,972	\$4,777	\$14,046	\$30,795	\$5,287,365	\$5,318,160

(In thousands)	Decemb 30 - 59 Days Past Due	per 31, 20 60 - 89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans
Multi-family residential	\$2,533	\$279	\$3,598	\$6,410	\$2,267,185	\$2,273,595
Commercial real estate	1,680	2,197	3,897	7,774	1,360,338	1,368,112
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	1,570	860	1,867	4,297	559,909	564,206
One-to-four family - residential	1,921	680	7,623	10,224	170,439	180,663
Co-operative apartments	-	-	-	-	6,895	6,895
Construction loans	-	-	-	-	8,479	8,479
Small Business Administration	-	-	-	-	18,479	18,479
Taxi medallion	-	108	-	108	6,726	6,834
Commercial business and other	2	-	-	2	732,971	732,973
Total	\$7,706	\$4,124	\$16,985	\$28,815	\$5,131,421	\$5,160,236

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

The following tables show the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the three month periods indicated:

June 30, 2018 (In thousands)	Commercy Multi-family real residential estate	One-to-four cial One-to-four family - Constr mixed-use residential loans property	Small ruction Taxi Business medall Administration	Commercial business Unalloca fed al ion and other
Allowance for credit losses: Beginning balance Charge-off's Recoveries Provision (Benefit) Ending balance	\$5,750 \$4,602 (28) - (184) 124 \$5,538 \$4,726	\$2,470 \$1,041 \$191 	\$ 675	\$5,813 \$ - \$20,542) (8) - (416) 2 - 94 25 11 - \$5,832 \$ 11 \$20,220
June 30, 2017 (In thousands)	Commerce Multi-family residential residential estate	One-to-four ial One-to-four family - Constru mixed-use residential property	Small action Taxi Business medallio Administration	Commercial business Unallocat Tobtal n and other
Allowance for credit losses: Beginning balance Charge-off's Recoveries Provision (Benefit) Ending balance	\$ 5,907 \$ 4,485 (148) (4) 201 - (43) 207 \$ 5,917 \$ 4,688	\$2,691 \$979 \$94 (1) (170) - 68 (190) 181 36 \$2,568 \$990 \$130	\$ 315 \$ 2,213 (24) - 10 - 5 117 \$ 306 \$ 2,330	\$4,712 \$815 \$22,211 (3) - (350) 17 - 296 (58) (255) - \$4,668 \$560 \$22,157

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following tables show the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the six month periods indicated:

June 30, 2018 (In thousands)	Multi-family real residential estate	One-to-four cial One-to-four family - Constr mixed-use residential property	Small Taxi Business medalli Administration	Commercial business Unalloca Fed al on and other
Allowance for credit losses: Beginning balance Charge-off's Recoveries Provision (Benefit) Ending balance	\$ 5,823 \$ 4,643 (81) - 2 - (206) 83 \$ 5,538 \$ 4,726	\$2,545 \$1,082 \$68 - (1) - 79 112 - (327) (190) 196 \$2,297 \$1,003 \$264	\$ 669	\$5,521 \$ - \$20,351 (14) - (501) 9 - 217 316 11 153 \$5,832 \$ 11 \$20,220
June 30, 2017 (In thousands)	Commerce Multi-family residential residential estate	One-to-four ial One-to-four family - Constru mixed-use residential property	Small ction. Taxi Business medallio Administration	Commercial business Unalloca ted tal and other
Allowance for credit losses: Beginning balance Charge-off's Recoveries Provision (Benefit) Ending balance	\$ 5,923 \$ 4,487 (162) (4) 231 68 (75) 137 \$ 5,917 \$ 4,688	\$2,903 \$1,015 \$92 (35) (170) - 68 (368) 145 38 \$2,568 \$990 \$130	\$ 481 \$ 2,243 (89) (54) 49 - (135) 141 \$ 306 \$ 2,330	\$4,492 \$593 \$22,229 (15) - (529) 41 - 457 150 (33) - \$4,668 \$560 \$22,157

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

The following tables show the manner in which loans were evaluated for impairment at the periods indicated:

I	une	20	``	าก	1	Q
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(In thousands) Financing		y Commercial real estate	One-to-fou family - mixed-use property	One-to-fou family- residential	ur Co-opera apartmen	a tiva struct n ks ans	Small tion Business Administr		Commercia business on and other		11 Acontrold
Receivables: Ending Balance Ending balance:	\$2,247,852	\$1,471,894	\$564,474	\$187,741	\$7,839	\$33,826	\$14,405	\$6,225	\$783,904	\$-	\$5,318
individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance:	\$6,482	\$4,967	\$5,625	\$8,733	\$-	\$730	\$49	\$6,225	\$16,136	\$-	\$48,94
collectively evaluated for impairment		\$1,466,927	\$558,849	\$179,008	\$7,839	\$33,096	\$14,356	\$-	\$767,768	\$-	\$5,269
Allowance for credit losses: Ending balance:											
individually evaluated for impairment Ending	\$147	\$-	\$159	\$53	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$4	\$-	\$363
balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$5,391	\$4,726	\$2,138	\$950	\$-	\$264	\$549	\$-	\$5,828	\$11	\$19,85

December 31, 2017

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(In thousands)	•	Commercial real estate	One-to-fou family - mixed-use property	family-	aCo-oper apartme		Business Administr		Commercial business and other	al	
Financing Receivables: Ending Balance Ending balance:	\$2,273,595	\$1,368,112		\$180,663	\$6,895	\$8,479	\$18,479	\$6,834	\$732,973	\$-	\$5,160,23
individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance:	\$7,311	\$9,089	\$5,445	\$9,686	\$-	\$-	\$137	\$6,834	\$661	\$-	\$39,163
collectively evaluated for impairment	\$2,266,284	\$1,359,023	\$558,761	\$170,977	\$6,895	\$8,479	\$18,342	\$-	\$732,312	\$-	\$5,121,07
Allowance for credit losses: Ending balance:											
individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance:	\$205	\$177	\$198	\$56	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$6	\$-	\$642
collectively evaluated for impairment	\$5,618	\$4,466	\$2,347	\$1,026	\$-	\$68	\$669	\$-	\$5,515	\$-	\$19,709

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table shows our recorded investment, unpaid principal balance and allocated allowance for loan losses for impaired loans at the periods indicated:

	June 30,			Decembe	er 31, 2017	
	Recorded Investme	Unpaid Principal nt Balance	Related Allowance	Recorded Investme	Unpaid Principal	Related Allowance
	(In thous	ands)			Barance	
With no related allowance recorded:	`	,				
Mortgage loans:						
Multi-family residential	\$4,285	\$4,814	\$ -	\$5,091	\$5,539	\$ -
Commercial real estate	4,967	4,967	-	7,103	7,103	-
One-to-four family mixed-use property	4,419	4,676	-	4,218	4,556	-
One-to-four family residential	8,326	9,281	-	9,272	10,489	-
Construction	730	730				
Non-mortgage loans:						
Small Business Administration	49	58	-	137	151	-
Taxi medallion	6,225	17,450	-	6,834	18,063	-
Commercial business and other	15,829	16,198	-	313	682	-
Total loans with no related allowance recorded	44,830	58,174	-	32,968	46,583	-
With an allowance recorded:						
Mortgage loans:						
Multi-family residential	2,197	2,197	147	2,220	2,220	205
Commercial real estate	-	-	_	1,986	1,986	177
One-to-four family mixed-use property	1,206	1,206	159	1,227	1,227	198
One-to-four family residential	407	407	53	414	414	56
Non-mortgage loans:						
Commercial business and other	307	307	4	348	348	6
Total loans with an allowance recorded	4,117	4,117	363	6,195	6,195	642
Total Impaired Loans:						
Total mortgage loans	\$26,537	\$28,278	\$ 359	\$31,531	\$33,534	\$ 636
Total non-mortgage loans	\$22,410	\$34,013	\$ 4	\$7,632	\$19,244	\$ 6

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

The following table shows our average recorded investment and interest income recognized for impaired loans for the three months ended:

With no related allowance recorded:	June 30, 2018 Average Interest Recorded Income InvestmenRecogn (In thousands)	•
Mortgage loans:		
Multi-family residential	\$4,431 \$ 16	\$2,730 \$ 22
Commercial real estate	5,847 52	6,438 59
One-to-four family mixed-use property	4,397 39	5,560 41
One-to-four family residential	8,382 10	10,263 30
Construction	365 10	602 -
Non-mortgage loans:		
Small Business Administration	74 1	160 2
Taxi medallion	6,421 86	4,352 25
Commercial business and other	7,954 308	2,187 43
Total loans with no related allowance recorded	37,871 522	32,292 222
With an allowance recorded:		
Mortgage loans:		
Multi-family residential	2,203 30	2,471 50
Commercial real estate		2,043 24
One-to-four family mixed-use property	1,212 15	1,450 16
One-to-four family residential	409 4	424 4
Non-mortgage loans:		
Small Business Administration		
Taxi medallion		14,216 50
Commercial business and other	318 4	391 6
Total loans with an allowance recorded	4,142 53	20,995 150
Total Impaired Loans:		
Total mortgage loans	\$27,246 \$ 176	\$31,981 \$ 246
Total non-mortgage loans	\$14,767 \$ 399	\$21,306 \$ 126

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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The following table shows our average recorded investment and interest income recognized for impaired loans for the six months ended:

With no related allowance recorded:	June 30, 2018 Average Interest Recorded Income InvestmenRecognized (In thousands)	June 30, 2017 Average Interest Recorded Income InvestmenRecognized
Mortgage loans:		
Multi-family residential	\$4,651 \$ 36	\$3,040 \$ 45
Commercial real estate	6,266 126	5,788 154
One-to-four family mixed-use property	4,337 80	5,851 78
One-to-four family residential	8,678 25	10,028 56
Construction	243 10	401 7
Non-mortgage loans:		
Small Business Administration	95 2	245 4
Taxi medallion	6,559 168	3,679 55
Commercial business and other	5,407 310	2,148 87
Total loans with no related allowance recorded	36,236 757	31,180 486
With an allowance recorded:		
Mortgage loans:		
Multi-family residential	2,208 59	2,401 79
Commercial real estate	662 -	2,049 48
One-to-four family mixed-use property	1,217 24	1,758 34
One-to-four family residential	411 8	425 8
Non-mortgage loans:		
Small Business Administration		507 -
Taxi medallion		14,126 93
Commercial business and other	328 9	401 12
Total loans with an allowance recorded	4,826 100	21,667 274
Total Impaired Loans:		
Total mortgage loans	\$28,673 \$ 368	\$31,741 \$ 509
Total non-mortgage loans	\$12,389 \$ 489	\$21,106 \$ 251

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

In accordance with our policy and the current regulatory guidelines, we designate loans as "Special Mention," which are considered "Criticized Loans," and "Substandard," "Doubtful," or "Loss," which are considered "Classified Loans". If a loan does not fall within one of the previous mentioned categories then the loan would be considered "Pass." Loans that are non-accrual are designated as Substandard, Doubtful or Loss. These loan designations are updated quarterly. We designate a loan as Substandard when a well-defined weakness is identified that may jeopardize the orderly liquidation of the debt. We designate a loan Doubtful when it displays the inherent weakness of a Substandard loan with the added provision that collection of the debt in full, on the basis of existing facts, is highly improbable. We designate a loan as Loss if it is deemed the debtor is incapable of repayment. The Company does not hold any loans designated as Loss, as loans that are designated as Loss are charged to the Allowance for Loan Losses. We designate a loan as Special Mention if the asset does not warrant classification within one of the other classifications, but does contain a potential weakness that deserves closer attention.

The following table sets forth the recorded investment in loans designated as Criticized or Classified at the periods indicated:

	June 30,	2018			
(In thousands)	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Multi-family residential	\$3,432	\$ 3,994	\$ -	\$ -	\$7,426
Commercial real estate	4,475	4,206	-	-	8,681
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	1,223	3,899	-	-	5,122
One-to-four family - residential	883	7,597	-	-	8,480
Co-operative apartments	-	575	-	-	575
Construction loans	-	730	-	-	730
Small Business Administration	879	45	-	-	924
Taxi medallion	-	6,225	-	-	6,225
Commercial business and other	10,927	16,852	-	-	27,779
Total loans	\$21,819	\$ 44,123	\$ -	\$ -	\$65,942
		er 31, 2017			
(In thousands)	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Multi-family residential	\$6,389	\$ 4,793	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,182
Commercial real estate	2,020	8,871	-	-	10,891

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One-to-four family - mixed-use property	2,835	3,691	-	-	6,526
One-to-four family - residential	2,076	9,115	-	-	11,191
Small Business Administration	548	108	-	-	656
Taxi medallion	-	6,834	-	-	6,834
Commercial business and other	14,859	545	-	-	15,404
Total loans	\$28,727	\$ 33,957	\$ _	\$ -	\$62,684

Commitments to extend credit (principally real estate mortgage loans) and lines of credit (principally home equity lines of credit and business lines of credit) amounted to \$25.2 million and \$300.8 million, respectively, at June 30, 2018.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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6. Loans held for sale

Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Bank did not have any loans held for sale.

The Company has implemented a strategy of selling certain delinquent and non-performing loans. Once the Company has decided to sell a loan, the sale usually closes in a short period of time, generally within the same quarter. Loans designated held for sale are reclassified from loans held for investment to loans held for sale. Terms of sale include cash due upon the closing of the sale, no contingencies or recourse to the Company and servicing is released to the buyer. Additionally, at times the Company may sell participating interests in performing loans.

The following tables show loans sold during the period indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the three months ender 30, 2018 Loans Proceeds sold	
Delinquent and non-performing loans		**
Commercial real estate	2 \$ 2,065	\$28
Total	2 \$ 2,065	\$28
Performing loans		
Small Business Administration	9 \$5,671	\$393
Total	9 \$5,671	\$393
	For the three 30, 2017	months ended June
(Dollars in thousands)	Loans sold Proceed	Net charge-offs Net gain (loss)

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Delinquent and non-performing loans					
Commercial	1	\$335	\$ (4)	\$ -
Total	1	\$335	\$ (4)	\$-
Performing loans					
Multi-family residential	2	\$6,080	\$ -		\$(14)
Commercial real estate	5	8,451	-		(21)
Small Business Administration	4	1,519	-		69
Total	11	\$16,050	\$ -		\$34

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

	end	the six moled June 30	30, 2018			
(Dollars in thousands)	Loa solo	ans Proceeds d	gai (los	n		
Delinquent and non-performing loans Multi-family - residential Commercial real estate	3	\$ 964 3,565	\$- (2	235)		
Total	6	\$4,529	\$(2	235)		
Performing loans Small Business Administration	9	\$ 5,671	\$39	93		
Total	9	\$5,671	\$39	93		
	For 201	the six mo	onth	ıs ende	d Ju	
(Dollars in thousands)	Loa solo	ans d Proceeds Cha		et narge-c	offs	Net gain (loss)
D 11						()
Delinquent and non-performing loans One-to-four family- residential Commercial real estate	5 1	\$1,790 335	\$	(33 (4)	\$- -
One-to-four family- residential		•		•))	\$- - \$-
One-to-four family- residential Commercial real estate	1	335		(4)	-

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

7. Other Real Estate Owned

OREO are included in other assets on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The following table shows changes in OREO during the periods indicated:

For the three months ended months on the six months ended June 30, 2018 2017 (In thousands)

Balance at beginning of period \$638 \$ - \$- \$533 Acquisitions - - 638 -Sales (638) - (638) (533)

Balance at end of period \$- \$- \$-

The following table shows the gross gains, gross losses and write-downs of OREO reported in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the periods indicated:

For the three months ended June 30, 2018 2017 2018 2017 (In (In

thousands) thousands)

Gross gains \$ 27 \$ - \$ 27 \$ 50

During the six months ended June 30, 2018 we foreclosed on one residential real estate property for \$0.6 million. During the three months ended June 30, 2018 and the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we did not foreclose

on any consumer mortgages through in-substance repossession. We did not hold any foreclosed residential real estate properties at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Included within net loans as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was a recorded investment of \$9.8 million and \$10.5 million, respectively, of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process according to local requirements of the applicable jurisdiction.

8. Stock-Based Compensation

For the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company's net income, as reported, includes \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation costs and \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million of income tax benefits, respectively, related to the stock-based compensation plans in each of the periods. For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company's net income, as reported, includes \$4.6 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation costs and \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million of income tax benefits, respectively, related to the stock-based compensation plans in each of the periods. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the Company granted 5,600 restricted stock units. The Company did not grant any restricted stock units during the three months ended June 30, 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company granted 280,590 and 276,900 restricted stock units, respectively. There were 600 stock options exercised during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 4,400 stock options exercised during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 4,400 stock options exercised during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The Company has not granted stock options since 2009. At June 30, 2018, the Company had 600 stock options, all 100% vested, outstanding, at an average exercise price of \$8.44 per share.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The Company uses the fair value of the common stock on the date of award to measure compensation cost for restricted stock unit awards. Compensation cost is recognized over the vesting period of the award using the straight-line method.

The following table summarizes the Company's restricted stock unit ("RSU") awards at or for the six months ended June 30, 2018:

	Shares	Gr	eighted-Average rant-Date ir Value
Non-vested at December 31, 2017	497,322	\$	22.46
Granted	280,590		28.19
Vested	(239,599)		23.64
Forfeited	(7,110)		25.27
Non-vested at June 30, 2018	531,203	\$	24.91
Vested but unissued at June 30, 2018	234,799	\$	25.14

As of June 30, 2018, there was \$10.8 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to RSU awards granted. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.1 years. The total fair value of awards vested for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$28,000 and \$40,000, respectively. The total fair value of awards vested for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$6.7 and \$4.8 million, respectively. The vested but unissued RSU awards consist of awards made to employees and directors who are eligible for retirement. According to the terms of these awards, which provide for vesting upon retirement, these employees and directors have no risk of forfeiture. These shares will be issued at the original contractual vesting and settlement dates.

Phantom Stock Plan: The Company maintains a non-qualified phantom stock plan as a supplement to its profit sharing plan for officers who have achieved the designated level and completed one year of service. The Company adjusts its liability under this plan to the fair value of the shares at the end of each period.

The following table summarizes the Phantom Stock Plan at or for the six months ended June 30, 2018:

Phantom Stock Plan	Shares	Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2017 Granted	89,180 8,946	\$27.50 27.75
Forfeited	-	-
Distributions	(32)	27.18
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	98,094	\$26.10
Vested at June 30, 2018	97,515	\$26.10

The Company recorded stock-based compensation benefit for the Phantom Stock Plan of \$0.1 million for the each of the three month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The total fair value of the distributions from the Phantom Stock Plan was less than \$1,000 for each of the three month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the company recorded stock-based compensation benefit for the Phantom Stock Plan of \$0.1 million for each of the six month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The total fair value of the distributions from the Phantom Stock Plan was \$1,000 and \$6,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

9. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The following table sets forth information regarding the components of net expense for the pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

	Three months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,
(In thousands)	2018 2017	2018 2017
Employee Pension Plan: Interest cost Amortization of unrecognized loss	\$195 \$216 156 174	\$390 \$432 311 348
Expected return on plan assets Net employee pension (benefit) expense	(363) (348) \$(12) \$42	(726) (696) \$(25) \$84
Outside Director Pension Plan: Service cost Interest cost Amortization of unrecognized gain Amortization of past service liability Net outside director pension expense	\$11 \$10 20 23 (23) (23) 3 10 \$11 \$20	\$22 \$20 40 46 (46) (46) 6 20 \$22 \$40
Other Postretirement Benefit Plans: Service cost Interest cost Amortization of past service credit Net other postretirement expense	\$88 \$79 77 76 (12) (21) \$153 \$134	\$176 \$158 154 152 (25) (42) \$305 \$268

The Company previously disclosed in its Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 that it expects to contribute \$0.2 million to each of the Outside Director Pension Plan (the "Outside Director Pension Plan") and the other postretirement benefit plans (the "Other Postretirement Benefit Plans"), during the year ending December 31, 2018. The Company does not expect to make a contribution to the Employee Pension Plan (the "Employee Pension Plan"). As of June 30, 2018, the Company has contributed \$48,000 to the Outside Director Pension Plan and \$56,000 in contributions were made to the Other Postretirement Benefit Plans. As of June 30, 2018, the Company has not revised its expected contributions for the year ending December 31, 2018.

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company carries certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value in accordance with GAAP which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. GAAP permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. At June 30, 2018, the Company carried financial assets and financial liabilities under the fair value option with fair values of \$14.0 million and \$39.6 million, respectively. At December 31, 2017, the Company carried financial assets and financial liabilities under the fair value option with fair values of \$14.3 million and \$37.0 million, respectively. The Company did not elect to carry any additional financial assets or financial liabilities under the fair value option during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table presents the financial assets and financial liabilities reported at fair value under the fair value option, and the changes in fair value included in the Consolidated Statement of Income – Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustments, at or for the periods ended as indicated:

	Fair Value	Fair Value	Changes in Fair Values For Items Measured at Fair Value			
	Measurements	Measurements	Pursuant to Election of the Fair Value Option			e Fair
	at June 30,	at December 31,	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ende	
(In thousands)	2018	2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 1,426	\$ 1,590	\$-	\$(3)	\$(11)	\$(10)
Other securities	12,615	12,685	(62)	112	(200)	144
Borrowed funds	39,566	36,986	(867)	(595)	(2,548)	(1,165)
Net loss from fair value adjustments (1)(2)			\$(929)	\$(486)	\$(2,759)	\$(1,031)

The net loss from fair value adjustments presented in the above table does not include net gains (losses) of \$0.7 (1) million and (\$0.7) million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, from the change in the fair value of interest rate swaps.

The net loss from fair value adjustments presented in the above table does not include net gains (losses) of \$2.4 (2) million and (\$0.5) million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, from the change in the fair value of interest rate swaps.

Included in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities selected for the fair value option is the accrued interest receivable or payable for the related instrument. The Company reports as interest income or interest expense in the Consolidated Statement of Income, the interest receivable or payable on the financial instruments selected for the fair value option at their respective contractual rates.

The borrowed funds had a contractual principal amount of \$61.9 million at both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The fair value of borrowed funds includes accrued interest payable of \$0.2 million at June 30, 2018 and

December 31, 2017.

The Company generally holds its earning assets, other than securities available for sale, to maturity and settles its liabilities at maturity. However, fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time and are based on relevant market information. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular instrument. Accordingly, as assumptions change, such as interest rates and prepayments, fair value estimates change and these amounts may not necessarily be realized in an immediate sale.

Disclosure of fair value does not require fair value information for items that do not meet the definition of a financial instrument or certain other financial instruments specifically excluded from its requirements. These items include core deposit intangibles and other customer relationships, premises and equipment, leases, income taxes and equity.

Further, fair value disclosure does not attempt to value future income or business. These items may be material and accordingly, the fair value information presented does not purport to represent, nor should it be construed to represent, the underlying "market" or franchise value of the Company.

Financial assets and financial liabilities reported at fair value are required to be measured based on either: (1) quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1); (2) significant other observable inputs (Level 2); or (3) significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

A description of the methods and significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

Level 1 – where quoted market prices are available in an active market. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Level 1 included one mutual fund.

Level 2 – when quoted market prices are not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar financial instruments and adjusted for differences between the quoted instrument and the instrument being valued. Fair value can also be estimated by using pricing models, or discounted cash flows. Pricing models primarily use market-based or independently sourced market parameters as inputs, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, equity or debt prices and credit spreads. In addition to observable market information, models also incorporate maturity and cash flow assumptions. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Level 2 included mortgage related securities, corporate debt, municipals and interest rate swaps.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Level 3 – when there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, financial instruments are classified as Level 3. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Level 3 included trust preferred securities owned and junior subordinated debentures issued by the Company.

The methods described above may produce fair values that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While the Company believes, its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those of other market participants, the use of different methodologies, assumptions and models to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could produce different estimates of fair value at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth the assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis and their respective category in the fair value hierarchy, at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Quoted P in Active		Significant Other		Significant Other				
	for Identical Assets		Observable Inputs		Unobservable Inputs		Total carried at fair value		
	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	(Level 3)		on a recurring basis	
	2018 (In thousa	2017 ands)	2018	2018 2017		2017	2018	2017	
Assets:									
Mortgage-backed Securities	\$-	\$-	\$513,868	\$509,650	\$-	\$-	\$513,868	\$509,650	
Other securities	11,427	11,575	202,140	216,019	1,188	1,110	214,755	228,704	
Interest rate swaps	-	-	27,398	7,388	-	-	27,398	7,388	
Total assets	\$11,427	\$11,575	\$743,406	\$733,057	\$1,188	\$1,110	\$756,021	\$745,742	
Liabilities:									
Borrowings	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$39,566	\$36,986	\$39,566	\$36,986	
Interest rate swaps	-	-	1,128	3,758	-	-	1,128	3,758	
Total liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$1,128	\$3,758	\$39,566	\$36,986	\$40,694	\$40,744	

The following tables sets forth the Company's assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis, classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy for the periods indicated:

	For the three months ended					
	June 30	, 2018	June 30	, 2017		
	Trust Junior		Trust	Junior		
	preferre	dsubordinate	d preferre	edsubordinated		
	securiti	esdebentures	securiti	esdebentures		
	(In thou	isands)				
Beginning balance	\$1,162	\$ 38,692	\$7,394	\$ 34,536		
Net gain from fair value adjustment of financial assets (1)	25	-	48	-		
Net loss from fair value adjustment of financial liabilities (1)	-	867	-	594		
Increase in accrued interest receivable	1	-	-	-		
Increase in accrued interest payable	-	26	-	7		
Change in unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income	-	(19) 2	-		
Ending balance	\$1,188	\$ 39,566	\$7,444	\$ 35,137		
Changes in unrealized gains (losses) held at period end	\$-	\$ (19	\$2	\$ -		

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	For the six months ended June 30, 2018 Trust Junior preferredsubordinated securitiesdebentures (In thousands) June 30, 2017 Trust Junior preferredsubordinated securitiesdebentures (In thousands)					
Beginning balance	\$1,110	\$ 36,986	\$7,361	\$ 33,959		
Net gain from fair value adjustment of financial assets (1)	77	-	81	-		
Net loss from fair value adjustment of financial liabilities (1)		2,548	-	1,165		
Increase in accrued interest receivable	1	-	-	-		
Increase in accrued interest payable	-	51	-	13		
Change in unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income	-	(19)	2	-		
Ending balance	\$1,188	\$ 39,566	\$7,444	\$ 35,137		
Changes in unrealized gains (losses)held at period end	\$-	\$ (19)	\$2	\$ -		

Totals in the table above are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Income under net gains (losses) from fair value adjustments.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3.

The following tables present the quantitative information about recurring Level 3 fair value of financial instruments and the fair value measurements at the periods indicated:

Assets:	June 30, Fair Value (Dollars		Unobservable Input	Range	Weigl Avera	
Trust preferred securities	\$1,188	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	n/a	5.5	%

Liabilities:

Junior subordinated debentures \$39,566 Discounted cash flows Discount rate n/a 5.5 %

December 31, 2017

Fair Value Valuation Technique Unobservable Input Range Weighted Average

(Dollars in thousands)

Assets:

Trust preferred securities \$1,110 Discounted cash flows Discount rate n/a 5.7 %

Liabilities:

Junior subordinated debentures \$36,986 Discounted cash flows Discount rate n/a 5.7 %

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's trust preferred securities and junior subordinated debentures valued under Level 3 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, are the effective yields used in the cash flow models. Significant increases or decreases in the effective yield in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the Company's assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a non-recurring basis and their respective category in the fair value hierarchy at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Quoted							
	Prices							
	in Active	e Significant		Cianifica	nt Other			
	Markets	Markets Other		Significant Other				
	for Identical Assets	Obser		Unobservable Inputs		Total carried at fair value		
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Level 3)		on a recurring basis		
	201&017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(In thousa	ands)						
Assets:								
Impaired loans	\$- \$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$14,102	\$16,027	\$14,102	\$16,027	
Other repossesed assets		-	-	35	-	35	-	
Total assets	\$- \$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$14,137	\$16,027	\$14,137	\$16,027	

The following tables present the qualitative information about non-recurring Level 3 fair value of financial instruments and the fair value measurements at the periods indicated:

Assets:	June 30, Fair Value (Dollars	Valuation Technique in thousands)	Unobservable Input	Range			Weigh Avera	
Assets:								
Impaired loans	\$1,531	Income approach	Capitalization rate	6.5%	to	7.5%	7.0	%
			Reduction for planned expedited disposal	15.0%			15.0	%
			Adjustment to sales comparison value	- 0.0.				
Impaired loans	\$8,655 Sales approach	Sales approach	to reconcile differences between comparable sales		6 to	16.2%	-1.5	%
				-40.6%	6 to	15.0%	10.4	%

			Reduction for planned expedited disposal					
Impaired loans	\$3,916	Blended income and sales approach	Adjustment to sales comparison value to reconcile differences between comparable sales	-30.0% to		25.0%	-0.8	%
			Capitalization rate	5.0%	to	9.8%	7.1	%
			Reduction for planned expedited disposal	15.0%		6	15.0	%
Other repossesed assets	\$35	Sales approach	Reduction for planned expediated disposal		15.0%	6	15.0	%

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

	Decembe	er 31, 2017							
	Fair	Valuation	Unobservable Input	Range			Weigh	ited	
	Value	Technique	Chooservable input				Average		
	(Dollars	in thousands)							
Assets:									
Impaired									
loans	\$1,818	Income approach	Capitalization rate	6.5%	to	7.5%	6.8	%	
			Reduction planned for expedited disposal		15.0%		15.0	%	
			Adjustment to sales comparison value to						
Impaired loans	\$10,003	Sales approach	reconcile differences between comparable sales	-50.0%	to to	16.2%	-0.8	%	
			Reduction planned for expedited disposal	-30.9%	to to	15.0%	8.7	%	
			A divistment to color commercican value to						
Impaired loans	\$4,206	Blended income and sales approach	Adjustment to sales comparison value to reconcile differences between comparable sales	-30.0%	to to	25.0%	-1.2	%	
			Capitalization rate	5.0%	to	9.8%	7.2	%	
			Reduction planned for expedited disposal		15.0%		15.0	, -	

The Company did not have any liabilities that were carried at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Securities:

The fair values of securities are contained in Note 4 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities and adjusted for differences between the quoted instrument and the instrument being valued. When there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, securities are valued using discounted cash flows.

Impaired Loans:

For non-accruing loans, fair value is generally estimated by discounting management's estimate of future cash flows with a discount rate commensurate with the risk associated with such assets or, for collateral dependent loans, 85% of the appraised or internally estimated value of the property, except for taxi medallion loans. The fair value of the underlying collateral of taxi medallion loans is the most recent reported arm's length transaction. When there is no recent sale activity, the fair value is calculated using capitalization rates.

Other Real Estate Owned and Other Repossessed Assets:

OREO and other repossessed assets are carried at fair value less selling costs. The fair value for OREO is based on appraised value through a current appraisal, or sometimes through an internal review, additionally adjusted by the estimated costs to sell the property. The fair value for other repossessed assets are based upon the most recently reported arm's length sales transaction. When there is no recent sale activity, the fair value is calculated using capitalization rates.

Junior Subordinated Debentures:

The fair value of the junior subordinated debentures was developed using a credit spread based on the subordinated debt issued by the Company adjusting for differences in the junior subordinated debt's credit rating, liquidity and time to maturity. The unrealized net gain/loss attributable to changes in our own credit risk was determined by adjusting the fair value as determined in the proceeding sentence by the average rate of default on debt instruments with a similar debt rating as our junior subordinated debentures, with the difference from the original calculation and this calculation resulting in the instrument-specific unrealized gain/loss.

Interest Rate Swaps:

The fair value of interest rate swaps is based upon broker quotes.

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(Unaudited)

The following tables set forth the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of selected financial instruments based on the assumptions described above used by the Company in estimating fair value at the periods indicated:

Assets:	June 30, 201 Carrying Amount (In thousand	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and due from banks Securities held-to-maturity	\$42,805	\$42,805	\$42,805	\$-	\$-
Mortgage-backed securities	7,963	7,373	_	7,373	-
Other securities	23,130	21,281	-	-	21,281
Securities available for sale					
Mortgage-backed securities	513,868	513,868	-	513,868	-
Other securities	214,755	214,755	11,427	202,140	1,188
Loans	5,333,807	5,291,398	-	-	5,291,398
FHLB-NY stock	57,384	57,384	-	57,384	-
Accrued interest receivable	24,184	24,184	38	1,980	22,166
Interest rate swaps	27,398	27,398	-	27,398	-
Liabilities:					
Deposits	\$4,609,659	\$4,601,283	\$3,157,643	\$1,443,640	
Borrowings	1,250,732	1,241,294	-	1,201,728	39,566
Accrued interest payable	4,573	4,573	-	4,573	-
Interest rate swaps	1,128	1,128	-	1,128	-

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(Unaudited)

Assets:	December 3 Carrying Amount (In thousand	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets.					
Cash and due from banks	\$51,546	\$51,546	\$51,546	\$-	\$-
Securities held-to-maturity					
Mortgage-backed securities	7,973	7,810	-	7,810	-
Other securities	22,913	21,889	-	-	21,889
Securities available for sale					
Mortgage-backed securities	509,650	509,650	-	509,650	-
Other securities	228,704	228,704	11,575	216,019	1,110
Loans	5,176,999	5,169,108	-	-	5,169,108
FHLB-NY stock	60,089	60,089	-	60,089	-
Accrued interest receivable	21,405	21,405	16	1,916	19,473
Interest rate swaps	7,388	7,388	-	7,388	-
Liabilities:					
Deposits	\$4,383,278	\$4,380,174	\$3,031,345	\$1,348,829	\$-
Borrowings	1,309,653	1,310,487	-	1,273,501	36,986
Accrued interest payable	2,659	2,659	-	2,659	-
Interest rate swaps	3,758	3,758	-	3,758	-

11. Derivative Financial Instruments

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company's derivative financial instruments consist of interest rate swaps. The Company's interest rate swaps are used for three purposes: 1) to mitigate the Company's exposure to rising interest rates on a portion (\$18.0 million) of its floating rate junior subordinated debentures that have a contractual value of \$61.9 million, at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017; 2) to mitigate the Company's exposure to rising interest rates on certain fixed rate loans totaling \$279.8 million and \$280.2 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively; and 3) to mitigate exposure to rising interest rates on certain short-term advances totaling \$441.5 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we held derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, fair value hedges and certain derivatives not designated as hedges.

The Company's derivative instruments are carried at fair value in the Company's financial statements as part of Other Assets for derivatives with positive fair values and Other Liabilities for derivatives with negative fair values. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative instrument is dependent upon whether or not it qualifies and has been designated as a hedge for accounting purposes, and further, by the type of hedging relationship.

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, derivatives with a combined notional amount of \$36.3 million were not designated as hedges. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, derivatives with a combined notional amount of \$261.4 million and \$261.9 million were designated as fair value hedges. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, derivatives with a combined notional amount of \$441.5 million were designated as cash flow hedges.

For cash flow hedges, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is reported in AOCL, net of tax, with the ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized directly in earnings. Amounts in accumulated other comprehensive income are reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged forecasted transaction effects earnings. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, was reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense.

Changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps not designated as hedges are reflected in "Net gain/loss from fair value adjustments" in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's derivative financial instruments at the periods indicated:

	June 30, 20	018	December 31, 2017			
(In thousands)	Notional Amount	Net Carrying Value (1)	Notional Amount	Net Carrying Value (1)		
Interest rate swaps (fair value hedge)	\$259,747	\$15,677	\$199,341	\$6,971		
Interest rate swaps (fair value hedge)	1,694	(12)	62,564	(921)		
Interest rate swaps (cash flow hedge)	441,500	11,721	250,000	417		
Interest rate swaps (cash flow hedge)	-	-	191,500	(7)		
Interest rate swaps (non-hedge)	36,321	(1,116)	36,321	(2,830)		
Total derivatives	\$739,262	\$26,270	\$739,726	\$3,630		

(1) Derivatives in a net positive position are recorded as "Other assets" and derivatives in a net negative position are recorded as "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

The following table sets forth the effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods indicated:

For the three months ended months ended June 30, June 30, 2018 2017

Financial Derivatives:

(In thousands)

Interest rate swaps (non-hedge)	\$438	\$(493) \$1,714	\$(260)
Interest rate swaps (fair value hedge)	224	(180) 678	(246)
Net gain (1)	\$662	\$(673) \$2,392	\$(506)

(1) Net gains and losses are recorded as part of "Net gain/loss from fair value adjustments" in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company did not record any hedge ineffectiveness.

The Company's interest rate swaps are subject to master netting arrangements between the Company and its two designated counterparties. The Company has not made a policy election to offset its derivative positions.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

The following tables present the effect of the master netting arrangements on the presentation of the derivative assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Condition as of the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2018									
					Ar Of Co Sta	ross noun fset i onsoli ateme	n t ida ent	he ted		
(In thousands)	Gross A Amount C of th Recognize Assets o	tatement	of Pr in St of	Mount Assets resented the atement	Τ.	Cas nanci Co	sh al	eral ts ved	Net Amou	int
Interest rate swaps	\$27,398 \$	-	\$ 2	27,398	\$-	\$ 2:	5,4	40	\$ 1,95	68
				Not		Not Con	Of sol em	idate ent c	in the	
(In thousands)	Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amoun Offset i the Stateme of Conditi	n ent	Net Amoun Liabilit Present in the Stateme of Conditi	ies ed ent	Fina		('Al	h lateral dged	Net Amount
Interest rate swaps	\$ 1,128	\$ -		\$ 1,128	}	\$ -		\$	-	\$1,128

	Decemb	er 31	1, 2017				
					Gro	SS	
					Am	ounts Not	
					Off	set in the	
					Con	solidated	
					Stat	ement of	
					Con	dition	
(In thousands)	Gross Amount of Recogni Assets	Offs the zsetat of	ount set in	Net Amount of Assets Presented in the Statement of Condition	Fina Inst	Cash ancial Collateral ruments Received	Net Amount
Interest rate swaps	\$7,388	\$	_	\$ 7,388	\$ -	\$ 3,660	\$3,728

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(Unaudited)

				Gross A Not Of Consol Statem Condit	fset i lidate ent c	in the	
(In thousands)	Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amount Offset in the Statement of Condition		Financ Instrum	('01	lateral	Net Amount
Interest rate swaps	\$ 3,758	\$ -	\$ 3,758	\$ -	\$	-	\$3,758

12. Income Taxes

Flushing Financial Corporation files consolidated Federal and combined New York State and New York City income tax returns with its subsidiaries, with the exception of the Company's trusts, which file separate Federal income tax returns as trusts, and Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, which files a separate Federal income tax return as a real estate investment trust. Additionally, the Bank files New Jersey State tax returns.

Income tax provisions are summarized as follows:

	For the three months		For the six months		
		20			
	ended Ju	ine 30,	ended June 30,		
(In thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Federal:					
Current	\$3,755	\$6,653	\$6,165	\$9,605	
Deferred	(444)	(1,077)	(247)	720	
Total federal tax provision	3,311	5,576	5,918	10,325	
State and Local:					
Current	1,499	1,618	1,689	1,419	

Deferred	(321)	(419)	(168)	285
Total state and local tax provision	1,178	1,199	1,521	1,704

Total income tax provision \$4,489 \$6,775 \$7,439 \$12,029

13. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):

The following tables sets forth the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the periods indicated:

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

	For the thr Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available for Sale Securities (In thousan	Gains (Losses) on Cash flow Hedges	Defined Benefit Pension	Fair Value Option Elected on Liabilities	Total
Beginning balance, net of tax	\$(13,487)	\$ 5,942	\$(4,409)	\$ 779	\$(11,175)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of tax	(3,014)	1,898	-	13	(1,103)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	187	84	-	271
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(3,014)	2,085	84	13	(832)
Ending balance, net of tax	\$(16,501)	\$ 8,027	\$(4,325)	\$ 792	\$(12,007)

	For the three months ended June 30, 2017 Unrealized Gains Gains Defined (Losses) On Pension Available for Sale Hedges Securities (In thousands)
Beginning balance, net of tax Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of tax	\$(2,711) \$ - \$(4,423) \$(7,134) 601 (124) - 477
	81 81

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax

Net current period other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax 601 (124) 81 558

Ending balance, net of tax \$(2,110) \$ (124) \$(4,342) \$(6,576)

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

	For the six Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available for Sale Securities (In thousan	Gains (Losses) on Cash flow Hedges	Defined Benefit Pension	Fair Value Option Elected on Liabilities	Total
Beginning balance, net of tax Reclassification of the Income Tax Effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from AOCL to Retained Earnings Impact of adoption of Accounting Standard Update 2016-01	\$(5,522) (1,325)		\$(3,695) (798)		\$(8,986) (2,073) 779
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of tax	(9,654)	7,505	-	13	(2,136)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	-	241	168	-	409
Net current period other comprehensive income, net of tax	(9,654)	7,746	168	13	(1,727)
Ending balance, net of tax	\$(16,501)	\$ 8,027	\$(4,325)	\$ 792	\$(12,007)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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	Unrealize Gains (Losses) on Available for Sale	Unrealiz Gains (Losses) on Cash flo Hedges	zed	Defined Benefit Pension	30, 2017 Total
Beginning balance, net of tax Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of tax				\$(4,503) -	\$(8,362) 1,625
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-		161	161
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	1,749	(124)	161	1,786
Ending balance, net of tax	\$(2,110)	\$ (124)	\$(4,342)	\$(6,576)

The following tables set forth significant amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the periods indicated:

For the three months ended June 30, 2018

Details about Accumulated Other
Comprehensive Loss Components

Reclassified
from
Accumulated
Other
Comprehensive
Loss

Affected Line Item in the Statement
Where Net Income is Presented
Loss

Amounts

(In thousands)

Cash flow hedges:			
Interest rate swaps	\$ (273)	Other interest expense
	86		Tax expense
	\$ (187)	Net of tax
Amortization of defined benefit pension items:			
Actuarial losses	\$ (133)(1)	Other operating expense
Prior service credits	9	(1)	Other operating expense
	(124)	Total before tax
	40		Tax expense
	\$ (84)	Net of tax

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(Unaudited)

For the three months ended June 30, 2017

Amounts Reclassified

from

Details about Accumulated Other

Accumulated Comprehensive Loss Components

Other

Comprehensive

Loss

(In thousands)

Amortization of defined benefit pension items:

Actuarial losses Prior service credits \$ (151 (1)11 (1)

Other operating expense Other operating expense

Affected Line Item in the Statement

Where Net Income is Presented

Total before tax (140)

Tax benefit 59 \$ (81) Net of tax

For the six months ended June 30, 2018

Amounts

Reclassified

from

Details about Accumulated Other

Comprehensive Loss Components

Accumulated

Other

Comprehensive

Loss

(In thousands)

Affected Line Item in the Statement Where Net Income is Presented

Cash flow hedges:

Interest rate swaps

\$ (351 Interest expense)

Tax benefit 110 \$ (241) Net of tax

Amortization of defined benefit pension items:

Actuarial losses

\$ (265) (1) Other operating expense

Prior service credits

19 (1))

Other operating expense

(246

Total before tax

78 Tax benefit \$ (168) Net of tax

For the six months ended June 30, 2017

Amounts Reclassified

from

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Components

Accumulated

Other

Comprehensive

Loss

(In thousands)

Amortization of defined benefit pension items:

Actuarial losses Prior service credits \$ (302)(1) Other operating expense 22 (1) Other operating expense (280) Total before tax

Affected Line Item in the Statement

Where Net Income is Presented

119 Tax benefit \$ (161) Net of tax

These accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net periodic pension (1)cost (See Note 9 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements "Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans".)

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14. Regulatory Capital

Under current capital regulations, the Bank is required to comply with four separate capital adequacy standards. As of June 30, 2018, the Bank continues to be categorized as "well-capitalized" under the prompt corrective action regulations and continues to exceed all regulatory capital requirements. In 2016, a Capital Conservation Buffer ("CCB") requirement became effective for banks. The CCB is designed to establish a capital range above minimum capital requirements and impose constraints on dividends, share buybacks and discretionary bonus payments when capital levels fall below prescribed levels. The minimum CCB in 2018 is 1.875% and increases 0.625% annually through 2019 to 2.5%. The CCB for the Bank at June 30, 2018 was 5.79%.

December 31 2017

Set forth below is a summary of the Bank's compliance with banking regulatory capital standards.

June 30, 2018

	June 30, 20	018 December		31, 2017
		Percent		Percent
	Amount	of	Amount	of
		Assets		Assets
	(Dollars in	thousand	s)	
Tier I (leverage) capital:				
Capital level	\$644,880	9.90 %	\$631,285	10.11%
Requirement to be well capitalized	325,697	5.00	312,343	5.00
Excess	319,183	4.90	318,942	5.11
Common Equity Tier I risk-based capital:				
Capital level	\$644,880	13.37%	\$631,285	13.87%
Requirement to be well capitalized	313,524	6.50	295,937	6.50
Excess	331,356	6.87	335,348	7.37
Tier 1 risk-based capital:				
Capital level	\$644,880	13.37%	\$631,285	13.87%
Requirement to be well capitalized	385,876	8.00	364,230	8.00
Excess	259,004	5.37	267,055	5.87
Total risk-based capital:	A 6 6 7 4 0 0	4.0 = 0 ~	A = 1 = 2 = 2	4494~
Capital level	\$665,100		\$651,636	14.31%
Requirement to be well capitalized	482,345	10.00	455,288	10.00

Excess 182,755 3.79 196,348 4.31

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(Unaudited)

The Holding Company is subject to the same regulatory capital requirements as the Bank. As of June 30, 2018, the Holding Company continues to be categorized as "well-capitalized" under the prompt corrective action regulations and continues to exceed all regulatory capital requirements. The CCB for the Holding Company at June 30, 2018 was 5.84%.

Set forth below is a summary of the Holding Company's compliance with banking regulatory capital standards.

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		
		Percent		Percent	
	Amount	of	Amount	of	
		Assets		Assets	
	(Dollars in	thousand	ls)		
Tier I (leverage) capital:					
Capital level	\$572,189	8.79 %	\$563,426	9.02 %	
Requirement to be well capitalized	325,615		312,278	5.00	
Excess	246,574		251,148	4.02	
Common Equity Tier I risk-based capital:					
Capital level	\$534,036	11.07%	\$527,727	11.59%	
Requirement to be well capitalized	313,460		295,865	6.50	
Excess	220,576	4.57	231,862	5.09	
Tier 1 risk-based capital:					
Capital level	\$572,189	11 87%	\$563,426	12.38%	
Requirement to be well capitalized	385,797		364,141	8.00	
Excess	186,392	3.87	199,285	4.38	
Total risk-based capital:					
Capital level	\$667,409	13 84%	\$658,777	14.47%	
Requirement to be well capitalized	482,246		455,177	10.00	
Excess	185,163	3.84	203,600	4.47	
Literation	100,100	2.01	200,000	,	

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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15. New Authoritative Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2018:

In February 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2018-02, "Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)." As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA"), concerns arose regarding the guidance which requires deferred tax assets and liabilities to be adjusted for the effect of a change in tax laws or rates with the effect included in income from continuing operations in the reporting period that includes the enactment date. The amendments in this ASU require a reclassification for stranded tax effects from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings, furthermore eliminating the stranded tax effects resulting from the TCJA. The amount of the reclassification is the difference between the previous corporate income tax rate of 35% and the newly enacted corporate income tax rate of 21%. The amendments of this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted in any interim period or fiscal year before the effective date. We have elected to early adopt this guidance as of January 1, 2018. Our Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition reflect adoption of this ASU and reclassification of \$2.1 million in stranded tax effects from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. See Note 12 "Income Taxes" for additional information.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15 "Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments", to clarify how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statements of cash flows. The amendments are intended to reduce diversity in practice by clarifying whether the following items should be categorized as operating, investing or financing in the statement of cash flows: (i) debt prepayments and extinguishment costs, (ii) settlement of zero-coupon debt, (iii) settlement of contingent consideration, (iv) insurance proceeds, (v) settlement of corporate-owned life insurance (COLI) and bank-owned life insurance (BOLI) policies, (vi) distributions from equity method investees, (vii) beneficial interests in securitization transactions, and (viii) receipts and payments with aspects of more than one class of cash flows. The ASU will be effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. This ASU was adopted on January 1, 2018 and did not have a significant impact on the presentation of our cash flows.

In January 2016, FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01 "Financial Instruments" which requires an entity to: (i) measure equity investments at fair value through net income, with certain exceptions; (ii) present in other comprehensive income the

changes in instrument-specific credit risk for financial liabilities measured using the fair value option; (iii) present financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset; (iv) calculate the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes based on an exit price and; (v) assess a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets related to unrealized losses of available for sale debt securities in combination with other deferred tax assets. The ASU provides an election to subsequently measure certain nonmarketable equity investments at cost less any impairment and adjusted for certain observable price changes. The ASU also requires a qualitative impairment assessment of such equity investments and amends certain fair value disclosure requirements. This ASU became effective for us on January 1, 2018. The adoption of the guidance resulted in a cumulative-effect adjustment totaling \$0.8 million and did not have a significant impact on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)". This ASU establishes a comprehensive revenue recognition standard for virtually all industries under GAAP, including those that previously followed industry-specific guidance such as real estate, construction and software industries. The revenue standard's core principle is built on the contract between a vendor and a customer for the provision of goods and services. It attempts to depict the exchange of rights and obligations between the parties in the pattern of revenue recognition based on the consideration to which the vendor is entitled. The guidance in this ASU for public companies is effective for the annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods therein. In August 2015, the FASB approved a one-year delay of the effective date of this standard to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. This ASU allows for either full retrospective adoption or modified retrospective adoption. This ASU became effective for us on January 1, 2018. We adopted this standard through the modified retrospective transition method. The modified retrospective method requires application of ASU 2014-09 to uncompleted contracts at the date of adoption; however, periods prior to the date of adoption have not been retrospectively revised as the impact of the new standard on uncompleted contracts as the date of adoption was not material as such a cumulative effective adjustment to opening retained earnings was not deemed necessary.

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Topic 606 does not apply to the majority of our revenue streams which are primarily comprised of interest and dividend income and associated fees within those revenue streams. The revenue streams derived by the Company that are within the scope of Topic 606 are primarily certain banking service fees, including wire transfer fees, ATM fees, account maintenance fees, overdraft fees and other deposit fees. We generally satisfy our performance obligations on contracts with customers as services are rendered, and the transaction prices are typically fixed and charged either on a periodic basis or based on activity. Being that performance obligations are satisfied as services are rendered and the transaction prices are fixed, there is little judgment involved in applying Topic 606 that significantly affects the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers. Additionally, the Company will receive revenue from the sale of investment products through a third party as part of a revenue sharing agreement. This revenue is included in "Other Income" in the Consolidated Statements of Income. These fees are remitted to the Company monthly as our performance obligation is satisfied. We have evaluated the nature of our contracts with customers and determined that further disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers into more granular categories beyond what is present in the Consolidated Statements of Income was not necessary.

Accounting Standards Pending Adoption:

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815)" providing targeted improvements to the accounting for hedging activities, which is effective January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted in any interim period or fiscal year before the effective date. The guidance introduces a number of amendments, several of which are optional, that are designed to simplify the application of hedge accounting, improve financial statement transparency and more closely align hedge accounting with an entity's risk management strategies. This ASU eliminates the requirement to separately measure and report hedge ineffectiveness and changes the presentation so that all items that affect earnings are in the same income statement line as the hedged item. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this new guidance on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-08, "Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities" which shortens the amortization period for premiums on purchased callable debt securities to the earliest call date, rather than amortizing over the full contractual term. The ASU does not change the accounting for securities held at a discount. The amendments in this ASU require companies to reset the effective yield using the payment terms of the debt security if the call option is not exercised on the earliest call date. If the security has additional future call dates, any excess of the amortized cost basis over the amount repayable by the issuer at the next call date should be amortized to the next call date. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as

of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The guidance is not expected to have an impact on the Company's financial positions, results of operations or disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." The ASU simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill and eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Under this ASU, the Company should perform its goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An impairment charge should be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. The impairment charge is limited to the amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The guidance is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial positions, results of operations or disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses" which sets forth a "current expected credit loss" ("CECL") model which requires the Company to measure all expected credit losses for financial instruments held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable supportable forecasts. This replaces the existing incurred loss model and will apply to the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost and to some off-balance sheet credit exposures. This ASU will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company has begun collecting and evaluating data and system requirements to implement this standard. The adoption of this update could have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The extent of the impact is still unknown and will depend on many factors, such as the composition of the Company's loan portfolio and expected loss history at adoption. Management has engaged consultants to assess the preparedness of the Company and has developed inter-departmental steering and working committees to evaluate and implement CECL.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases". From the lessee's perspective, the new standard establishes a right-of-use ("ROU") model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement for a lessee. From the lessor's perspective, the new standard requires a lessor to classify leases as either sales-type, finance or operating. A lease will be treated as a sale if it transfers all of the risks and rewards, as well as control of the underlying asset, to the lessee. If risks and rewards are conveyed without the transfer of control, the lease is treated as a financing. If the lessor doesn't convey risks and rewards or control, an operating lease results. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessors for sales-type, direct financing, and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. The Company has not adopted a new accounting policy as of the filing date. Management is continuing to evaluate the standard and the Company's outstanding inventory of leases determining the effect of recognizing most operating leases on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition is expected to be material. The Company expects to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for substantially all of its operating lease commitments based on the present value of unpaid lease payments as of the date of adoption.

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of

Financial Condition and Results of Operations

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Quarterly Report should be read in conjunction with the more detailed and comprehensive disclosures included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. In addition, please read this section in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained herein.

As used in this Quarterly Report, the words "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" are used to refer to Flushing Financial Corporation and its direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries, Flushing Bank (the "Bank"), Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, Flushing Service Corporation, and FSB Properties Inc.

Statements contained in this Quarterly Report relating to plans, strategies, objectives, economic performance and trends, projections of results of specific activities or investments and other statements that are not descriptions of historical facts may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking information is inherently subject to risks and uncertainties and actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, which include, but are not limited to, factors discussed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report and in other documents filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, including, without limitation, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Forward-looking statements may be identified by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expects," "plans," "intends," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "fore "potential" or "continue" or similar terms or the negative of these terms. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. We have no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

Executive Summary

We are a Delaware corporation organized in May 1994. The Bank was organized in 1929 as a New York State-chartered mutual savings bank. Today the Bank operates as a full-service New York State commercial bank. The Bank's primary regulator is the New York State Department of Financial Services, and its primary federal regulator is the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Deposits are insured to the maximum allowable amount by the

FDIC. Additionally, the Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank system. The primary business of Flushing Financial Corporation has been the operation of the Bank. The Bank owns three subsidiaries: Flushing Preferred Funding Corporation, Flushing Service Corporation, and FSB Properties Inc. The Bank also operates an internet branch, which operates under the brands of iGObanking.com® and BankPurely® (the "Internet Branch"). The activities of Flushing Financial Corporation are primarily funded by dividends, if any, received from the Bank, issuances of subordinated debt, junior subordinated debt, and issuances of equity securities. Flushing Financial Corporation's common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "FFIC."

Our principal business is attracting retail deposits from the general public and investing those deposits together with funds generated from ongoing operations and borrowings, primarily in (1) originations and purchases of multi-family residential loans, commercial business loans, commercial real estate mortgage loans and, to a lesser extent, one-to-four family loans (focusing on mixed-use properties, which are properties that contain both residential dwelling units and commercial units); (2) Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans and other small business loans; (3) construction loans, primarily for residential properties; (4) mortgage loan surrogates such as mortgage-backed securities; and (5) U.S. government securities, corporate fixed-income securities and other marketable securities. We also originate certain other consumer loans including overdraft lines of credit. Our results of operations depend primarily on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on our interest-earning assets and the cost of our interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income is the result of our interest rate margin, which is the difference between the average yield earned on interest-earning assets and the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities, adjusted for the difference in the average balance of interest-earning assets as compared to the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities. We also generate non-interest income primarily from loan fees, service charges on deposit accounts, mortgage servicing fees, and other fees, income earned on Bank Owned Life Insurance ("BOLI"), dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock and net gains and losses on sales of securities and loans. Our operating expenses consist principally of employee compensation and benefits, occupancy and equipment costs, other general and administrative expenses and income tax expense. Our results of operations also can be significantly affected by changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities for which changes in value are recorded through earnings, our periodic provision for loan losses and specific provision for losses on real estate owned.

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Our strategy is to continue our focus on being an institution serving consumers, businesses, and governmental units in our local markets. In furtherance of this objective, we intend to:

- · increase core deposits and continue to improve funding mix to manage cost of funds;
- · increase net interest income by leveraging loan pricing opportunities and portfolio mix;
 - enhance earnings power by improving scalability and efficiency;
 - manage credit risk;
 - remain well capitalized;

increase our commitment to the multi-cultural marketplace, with a particular focus on the Asian community in Queens;

manage enterprise-wide risk.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to effectively implement this strategy. Our strategy is subject to change by the Board of Directors.

Our investment policy, which is approved by the Board of Directors, is designed primarily to manage the interest rate sensitivity of our overall assets and liabilities, to generate a favorable return without incurring undue interest rate risk and credit risk, to complement our lending activities and to provide and maintain liquidity. In establishing our investment strategies, we consider our business and growth strategies, the economic environment, our interest rate risk exposure, our interest rate sensitivity "gap" position, the types of securities to be held and other factors. We classify our investment securities as available for sale or held-to-maturity.

We carry a portion of our financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value and record changes in their fair value through earnings in non-interest income on our Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. A description of the financial assets and financial liabilities that are carried at fair value through earnings can be found in Note 10 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

One of the Company's strategic objectives is the emphasis of rate over volume regarding loan originations. To that end, we decided to allow over \$70 million of loan participations with another financial institution to prepay as the rates being offered through the refinancing process did not meet our lending criteria. Consequently, during the three months ended June 30, 2018, our loan growth was 0.4% compared to loan growth of 2.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2018. We believe emphasizing rate over volume is a long-term winning strategy and we are beginning to see tangible results as the yield in the loan portfolio has risen 10 basis points to 4.31% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 4.21% for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

However during the three months ended June 30, 2018, deposit pressures outstripped the gains on the loan side as net interest margin pressure continued. The cost of funds increased 14 basis points to 1.41% for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from 1.27% for the three months ended March 31, 2018. However the combination of improved loan yields and mitigation strategies that we put in place on the liability side of the balance sheet have decelerated the pace of net interest margin compression from 11 basis points experienced in the first quarter of 2018 compared to the fourth quarter of 2017, to three basis points experienced in the three months ended June 30, 2018, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2018.

As we've continued to improve loan yields we have retained our focus on credit quality. Non-performing assets decreased by 18.3% since December 31, 2017. At June 30, 2018, the allowance for loan losses to gross loans was 0.38% while the allowance for loan losses to non-performing was 136.7%. The loan-to-value ratio on our non-performing real estate loans at June 30, 2018 remains conservative at 35.1%. The net charge offs of \$322,000 for the quarter reflect the change in the fair value of Chicago taxi medallions from \$60,000 to \$25,000 per medallion, based upon recent sales transactions. Currently, the Chicago taxi medallion portfolio totals \$0.2 million. Our exposure to taxi medallion loans in Chicago and NYC totals \$6.2 million, which is 0.12% of total loans.

The Bank and Company are subject to the same regulatory capital requirements. See Note 14 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements "Regulatory Capital."

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COMPARISON OF OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED

JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

General. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$13.9 million, an increase of \$1.2 million, or 9.4%, compared to \$12.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Diluted earnings per common share were \$0.48 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$0.04, or 9.1%, from \$0.44 for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Return on average equity increased to 10.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 9.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Return on average assets increased to 0.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 0.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Interest Income. Total interest and dividend income increased \$5.0 million, or 8.5%, to \$63.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$58.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in interest income was primarily attributable to an increase of 16 basis points in the yield of interest-earning assets to 4.10% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 3.94% in the comparable prior year period, combined with an increase of \$262.2 million in the average balance of interest-earning assets to \$6,181.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$5,919.0 million for the comparable prior year period. The increase in the yield on interest-earning assets of 16 basis points was primarily due to an increase of 15 basis points in the yield of total loans, net to 4.31% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 4.16% for the comparable prior year period. Additionally, interest income increased due to an increase of \$353.3 million in the average balance of total loans, net, which have a higher yield than the yield of total interest-earning assets. Excluding prepayment penalty income and recovered interest from loans, the yield on total loans, net, would have increased 14 basis points to 4.19% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 4.05% for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$6.0 million, or 40.5%, to \$20.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$14.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in interest expense was primarily due to an increase of 39 basis points in the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities to 1.50% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 1.11% for the three months ended June 30, 2017, combined with an increase of \$227.9 million in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities to \$5,515.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$5,287.7 million for the comparable prior year period. The 39 basis point increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities was primarily due to the Bank raising the rates we pay on some of our deposit products to

stay competitive within our market and an increase in borrowing costs from recent increases in the Fed Funds rate.

Net Interest Income. For the three months ended June 30, 2018, net interest income was \$42.6 million, a decrease of \$1.0 million, or 2.2%, from \$43.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease in net interest income was primarily due to the 39 basis point increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities to 1.50% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 1.11% for the comparable prior year period, partially offset by an increase of 16 basis points in the yield of interest-earning assets to 4.10% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to 3.94% for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The effects of the above on both the net interest spread and net interest margin were decreases of 23 basis points to 2.60% and 19 basis points to 2.76%, respectively, for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2017. Included in net interest income was prepayment penalty income from loans for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 totaling \$1.6 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, recovered interest from non-accrual loans totaling \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. Without the prepayment penalty income, recovered interest and accelerated discount upon call, the net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2018 would have been 2.64%, a decrease of 19 basis points, as compared to 2.83% for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Provision for Loan Losses. There was no provision for loan losses recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. No provision was recorded due to the Company's analysis of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses indicating that the reserve was at an appropriate level. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the Bank recorded net charge-offs totaling \$0.3 million, while non-accrual loans decreased \$1.7 million to \$14.1 million at June 30, 2018 from \$15.7 million at December 31, 2017. The current average loan-to-value ratio for our non-performing loans collateralized by real estate was 35.1% at June 30, 2018. The Bank continues to maintain conservative underwriting standards. We anticipate that we will continue to see low loss content in our loan portfolio. See Note 5 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements "Loans" and "ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES."

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Non-Interest Income. Non-interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$3.2 million, an increase of \$1.2 million, or 62.6%, from \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in non-interest income was primarily due to a decline of \$0.9 million in net losses from fair value adjustments to \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$1.2 million for the comparable prior year period and an increase in net gains from the sale of loans of \$0.4 million to \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$34,000 for the comparable prior year period.

Non-Interest Expense. Non-interest expense was \$27.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$1.3 million, or 5.1%, from \$26.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in non-interest expense was primarily due increased legal consulting and depreciation expense due to the growth of the Bank.

Income before Income Taxes. Income before the provision for income taxes decreased \$1.1 million, or 5.6%, to \$18.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$19.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, for the reasons discussed above.

Provision for Income Taxes. The provision for income taxes was \$4.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$2.3 million, or 33.7%, from \$6.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The effective tax rate decreased to 24.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from 34.7% in the comparable prior year period primarily due to the impact of the top federal tax rate declining to 21% in 2018 from 35% in 2017, as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA").

COMPARISON OF OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED

JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

General. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$25.3 million, an increase of \$0.4 million, or 1.4%, compared to \$25.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Diluted earnings per common share were \$0.88 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$0.02, or 2.3%, from \$0.86 for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Return on average equity was 9.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Return on average assets was 0.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Interest Income. Total interest and dividend income increased \$8.5 million, or 7.4%, to \$124.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$115.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in interest income was primarily attributable to an increase of \$243.7 million in the average balance of interest-earning assets to \$6,140.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$5,896.5 million for the comparable prior year period, combined with an increase of 12 basis points in the yield of interest-earning assets to 4.04% for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase in the yield on interest-earning assets was primarily due to a nine basis point increase in the yield of total loans, net to 4.26% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 4.17% for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The yield on interest-earning assets was also positively impacted by an increase of \$358.3 million in the average balance of total loans, net, which have a higher yield than the yield of total interest-earning assets, combined with a decrease of \$126.2 million in the average balance of total securities, which have a lower yield than the yield of total interest-earning assets. In addition, the yield of interest-earning assets improved due to increases of three basis points in the yield of total securities to 2.85% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 2.82% for the comparable prior year period and 70 basis points in the yield of interest-earning deposits and federal funds sold to 1.45% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 0.75% for the comparable prior year period. The nine basis point increase in the yield on the total loans, net was primarily due to new loans being originated at a higher rate than the average yield of the existing loan portfolio and adjustable rate loans repricing higher. Excluding prepayment penalty income and recovered interest from loans, the yield on total loans, net, would have increased nine basis points to 4.15% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 4.06% for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$10.3 million, or 35.9%, to \$38.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$28.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in interest expense was primarily due to an increase of 34 basis points in the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities to 1.42% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 1.08% for the six months ended June 30, 2017, combined with an increase of \$208.0 million in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities to \$5,479.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$5,271.3 million for the comparable prior year period. The 34 basis point increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities was primarily due to the Bank raising the rates we pay on some of our deposit products to stay competitive within our market and an increase in borrowing costs from recent increases in the Fed Funds rate.

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Net Interest Income. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, net interest income was \$85.2 million, a decrease of \$1.8 million, or 2.0%, from \$87.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease in net interest income was primarily due to the 34 basis point increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities to 1.42% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 1.08% for the comparable prior year period, partially offset by an increase of 12 basis points in the yield of interest-earning assets to 4.04% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to 3.92% for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The effects of the above on both the net interest spread and net interest margin were decreases of 22 basis points to 2.62% and 17 basis points to 2.78%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017. Included in net interest income was prepayment penalty income from loans and securities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 totaling \$2.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, recovered interest from non-accrual loans totaling \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. Without the prepayment penalty income, recovered interest and accelerated discount upon call, the net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2018 would have been 2.67%, a decrease of 17 basis points, as compared to 2.84% for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Provision for Loan Losses. During the six month ended June 30, 2018, a provision of \$0.2 million was recorded compared to no provision for loan losses recorded during the comparable prior year period. The \$0.2 million provision was recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2018 due to the quarterly analysis of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses indicating that the provision was necessary to maintain the reserve at an appropriate level. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Bank recorded net charge-offs totaling \$0.3 million, while non-accrual loans decreased \$1.7 million to \$14.1 million at June 30, 2018 from \$15.7 million at December 31, 2017. The current average loan-to-value ratio for our non-performing loans collateralized by real estate was 35.1% at June 30, 2018. The Bank continues to maintain conservative underwriting standards. We anticipate that we will continue to see low loss content in our loan portfolio. See Note 5 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements "Loans" and "ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES."

Non-Interest Income. Non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$6.4 million, an increase of \$0.7 million, or 13.0%, from \$5.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in non-interest income was primarily due to a decline of \$1.2 million in net losses from fair value adjustments to \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$1.5 million for the comparable prior year period, partially offset by a decrease of \$0.4 million in gains from life insurance claims to \$0.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$1.2 million for the comparable prior year period.

Non-Interest Expense. Non-interest expense was \$58.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 5.5%, from \$55.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in non-interest

expense was primarily due to increases in salaries and benefits, legal, consulting, depreciation, data processing and FDIC insurance premiums all due to the growth of the Bank.

Income before Income Taxes. Income before the provision for income taxes decreased \$4.2 million, or 11.5%, to \$32.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$37.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 for the reasons discussed above.

Provision for Income Taxes. The provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$7.4 million, a decrease of \$4.6 million, or 38.2%, from \$12.0 million for the comparable prior year period. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the effective tax rate to 22.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from 32.5% in the comparable prior year period and the \$4.2 million decrease in income before income taxes. The decrease in the effective tax rate reflects the impact of the TCJA on the tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Assets. Total assets at June 30, 2018 were \$6,467.6 million, an increase of \$168.3 million, or 2.7%, from \$6,299.3 million at December 31, 2017. Total loans, net increased \$156.9 million, or 3.0%, during the six months ended June 30, 2018 to \$5,313.6 million from \$5,156.6 million at December 31, 2017. Loan originations and purchases were \$597.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$69.5 million, or 13.2%, from \$527.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we continued to focus on the origination of multi-family residential, commercial real estate and commercial business loans with a full banking relationship. The loan pipeline totaled \$322.9 million at June 30, 2018 compared to \$359.8 million at December 31, 2017.

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The following table shows loan originations and purchases for the periods indicated:

	For the three months		For the six months	
	ended June 30,		ended June 30,	
(In thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017
Multi-family residential (1)	\$70,972	\$63,469	\$152,153	\$190,177
Commercial real estate (2)	64,890	123,559	136,444	159,291
One-to-four family – mixed-use property ⁽³⁾	12,294	13,656	28,362	32,198
One-to-four family – residential ⁴⁾	6,974	4,860	23,942	10,780
Co-operative apartments	1,500	-	1,500	-
Construction	9,940	4,429	24,619	6,973
Small Business Administration	228	1,870	2,195	2,511
Commercial business and other (5)	88,612	49,312	228,019	125,796
Total	\$255,410	\$261,155	\$597,234	\$527,726

Includes purchases of \$0.8 million and \$15.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017,

- (1) respectively. Includes purchases of \$14.1 million and \$22.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- (2) Includes purchases of \$5.8 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and \$25.9 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively.
 - (3) Includes purchases of \$0.7 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

 (4) Includes purchases of \$0.9 million for six months ended June 30, 2018.

Includes purchases of \$34.0 million and \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017,

The Bank maintains its conservative underwriting standards that include, among other things, a loan-to-value ratio of 75% or less and a debt coverage ratio of at least 125%. Multi-family residential (excluding underlying co-operative mortgages), commercial real estate and one-to-four family mixed-use property mortgage loans originated and purchased during the three months ended June 30, 2018 had an average loan-to-value ratio of 46.3% and an average debt coverage ratio of 186%.

The Bank's non-performing assets totaled \$14.8 million at June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$3.3 million, or 18.3%, from \$18.1 million at December 31, 2017. Total non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets were 0.23% at June 30, 2018 compared to 0.29% at December 31, 2017. The ratio of allowance for loan losses to total non-performing

⁽⁵⁾ respectively. Includes purchases of \$88.7 million and \$10.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

loans was 136.72% at June 30, 2018 and 112.23% at December 31, 2017.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, mortgage-backed securities including held-to-maturity increased \$4.2 million, or 0.8%, to \$521.8 million from \$517.6 million at December 31, 2017. The increase in mortgage-backed securities during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was primarily due to purchases of \$57.1 million at an average yield of 3.39%, partially offset by principal repayments of \$40.8 million and a decline in the fair value of \$11.3 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, other securities, including held-to-maturity, decreased \$13.7 million, or 5.5%, to \$237.9 million from \$251.6 million at December 31, 2017. The decrease in other securities during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was primarily due to the call of one CLO security at par for \$10.0 million and a decline in fair value of \$3.0 million. At June 30, 2018, other securities primarily consist of securities issued by mutual or bond funds that invest in government and government agency securities, municipal bonds and corporate bonds.

Liabilities. Total liabilities were \$5,929.6 million at June 30, 2018, an increase of \$162.9 million, or 2.8%, from \$5,766.7 million at December 31, 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, due to depositors increased \$218.2 million, or 5.0%, to \$4,558.9 million, due to increases of \$118.1 million in non-maturity deposits and \$100.1 million in certificates of deposit. The increase in non-maturity deposits was due to increases of \$89.9 million, \$89.5 million and \$3.2 million in money market, NOW and demand accounts, respectively, partially offset by a decrease of \$64.5 million savings accounts. Borrowed funds decreased \$58.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease in borrowed funds was primarily due to a decrease in FHLB short-term borrowings as funding needs were provided by increased deposits.

Equity. Total stockholders' equity increased \$5.4 million, or 1.0%, to \$538.0 million at June 30, 2018 from \$532.6 million at December 31, 2017. Stockholders' equity increased primarily due to net income of \$25.3 million and the net impact of vesting and exercising of shares of employee and director stock plans totaling \$5.2 million. These increases were partially offset by the purchase of 445,444 treasury shares, at an average cost of \$26.58 per share, totaling \$11.8 million, the declaration and payment of dividends on the Company's common stock of \$0.40 per common share totaling \$11.5 million and a decrease of \$3.0 million in other comprehensive loss. Book value per common share was \$19.00 at June 30, 2018 compared to \$18.63 at December 31, 2017.

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Cash flow. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, funds provided by the Company's operating activities amounted to \$36.7 million. These funds, combined with \$139.1 million provided from financing activities and \$51.5 million available from the beginning of the period, were utilized to fund net investing activities of \$184.6 million. The Company's primary business objective is the origination and purchase of multi-family residential loans, commercial business loans and commercial real estate mortgage loans and to a lesser extent one-to-four family (including mixed-use properties) and SBA loans. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the net total of loan originations and purchases less loan repayments and sales was \$181.4 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company also funded \$57.3 million in purchases of securities available for sale and \$0.4 million of securities held-to-maturity. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, funds were provided by net increases in total deposits of \$226.1 million and short-term borrowed funds of \$73.5 million, as well as proceeds from new long-term borrowing of \$25.0 million. In addition to funding loan growth, these funds were used to repay \$160.1 million in long-term borrowings. The Company also used funds of \$13.9 million and \$11.6 million for purchases of treasury stock and dividend payments, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2018.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Consolidated Statements of Financial Position have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, which require the measurement of financial position and operating results in terms of historical dollars without considering the changes in fair value of certain investments due to changes in interest rates. Generally, the fair value of financial investments such as loans and securities fluctuates inversely with changes in interest rates. As a result, increases in interest rates could result in decreases in the fair value of the Company's interest-earning assets which could adversely affect the Company's results of operations if such assets were sold, or, in the case of securities classified as available for sale, decreases in the Company's stockholders' equity, if such securities were retained.

The Company manages the mix of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities on a continuous basis to maximize return and adjust its exposure to interest rate risk. On a quarterly basis, management prepares the "Earnings and Economic Exposure to Changes in Interest Rate" report for review by the Asset Liability Committee of the Board of Directors, as summarized below. This report quantifies the potential changes in net interest income and net portfolio value should interest rates go up or down (shocked) 200 basis points, assuming the yield curves of the rate shocks will be parallel to each other. The Company's regulators currently place focus on the net portfolio value, focusing on a rate shock up or down of 200 basis points. Net portfolio value is defined as the market value of assets net of the market value of liabilities. The market value of assets and liabilities is determined using a discounted cash flow calculation. The net portfolio value ratio is the ratio of the net portfolio value to the market value of assets. All changes in income and value are measured as percentage changes from the projected net interest income and net

portfolio value at the base interest rate scenario. The base interest rate scenario assumes interest rates at June 30, 2018. Various estimates regarding prepayment assumptions are made at each level of rate shock. However, prepayment penalty income is excluded from this analysis. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. At June 30, 2018, the Company was within the guidelines set forth by the Board of Directors for each interest rate level.

The following table presents the Company's interest rate shock as of June 30, 2018:

	Projected						
	Percentage						
	Change In						
	Net	Net	Net				
	Interest	Portfolio	Portfolio				
Change in Interest Rate	Income	Value	Value Ratio				
-200 Basis points	4.90 %	9.97 %	13.41 %				
-100 Basis points	3.17	3.81	13.06				
Base interest rate	0.00	0.00	12.92				
+100 Basis points	-4.04	-4.87	12.63				
+200 Basis points	-7.93	-9.44	12.34				

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AVERAGE BALANCES

Net interest income represents the difference between income on interest-earning assets and expense on interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income depends upon the relative amount of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the interest rate earned or paid on them. The following tables sets forth certain information relating to the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and reflects the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the periods indicated. Such yields and costs are derived by dividing income or expense by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods shown. Average balances are derived from average daily balances. The yields include amortization of fees which are considered adjustments to yields.

	For the three months ended June 30,					
	2018			2017		
	Average		Yield/	Average		Yield/
	Balance	Interest	Cost	Balance	Interest	Cost
Assets	(Dollars in the	nousands)				
Interest-earning assets:						
Mortgage loans, net	\$4,509,778	47,673	4.23%	\$4,297,697	\$44,879	4.18%
Other loans, net	806,255	9,649	4.79	665,037	6,752	4.06
Total loans, net (1)	5,316,033	57,322	4.31	4,962,734	51,631	4.16
Taxable securities:						
Mortgage-backed securities	533,088	3,754	2.82	532,938	3,418	2.57
Other securities	122,601	1,023	3.34	217,599	2,171	3.99
Total taxable securities	655,689	4,777	2.91	750,537	5,589	2.98
Tax-exempt securities: (2)						
Other securities	124,058	856	2.76	145,812	966	2.65
Total tax-exempt securities	124,058	856	2.76	145,812	966	2.65
Interest-earning deposits and						
federal funds sold	85,406	338	1.58	59,898	129	0.86
Total interest-earning assets	6,181,186	63,293	4.10	5,918,981	58,315	3.94
Other assets	303,696			299,091		
Total assets	\$6,484,882			\$6,218,072		
Liabilities and Equity						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Deposits:						
Savings accounts	\$235,564	285	0.48	\$279,723	399	0.57

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NOW accounts Money market accounts Certificate of deposit accounts Total due to depositors Mortgagors' escrow accounts Total deposits Borrowed funds Total interest-bearing liabilities Non interest-bearing deposits Other liabilities Total liabilities Equity Total liabilities and equity	1,444,889 1,110,690 1,519,348 4,310,491 77,343 4,387,834 1,127,746 5,515,580 370,790 66,485 5,952,855 532,027 \$6,484,882	3,364 3,983 7,118 14,750 38 14,788 5,865 20,653	0.93 1.43 1.87 1.37 0.20 1.35 2.08 1.50	1,517,726 858,066 1,410,295 4,065,810 73,838 4,139,648 1,148,072 5,287,720 336,036 64,865 5,688,621 529,451 \$6,218,072	2,331 1,651 5,099 9,480 30 9,510 5,188 14,698	0.61 0.77 1.45 0.93 0.16 0.92 1.81 1.11
Net interest income / net interest rate spread		\$42,640	2.60%		\$43,617	2.83%
Net interest-earning assets / net interest margin	\$665,606		2.76%	\$631,261		2.95%
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities			1.12X			1.12X

Loan interest income includes loan fee income (which includes net amortization of deferred fees and costs, late (1)charges, and prepayment penalties) of approximately \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

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⁽²⁾ Interest income on tax-exempt securities does not include the tax benefit of the tax-exempt securities.

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	For the six months ended June 30, 2018 2017					
	Average		Yield/	Average		Yield/
	Balance	Interest	Cost	Balance	Interest	Cost
Assets	(Dollars in th					
Interest-earning assets:		,				
Mortgage loans, net	\$4,476,509	93,785	4.19%	\$4,255,822	\$89,308	4.20%
Other loans, net	797,430	18,554	4.65	659,830	13,208	4.00
Total loans, net (1)	5,273,939	112,339	4.26	4,915,652	102,516	4.17
Taxable securities:	, ,	,		, ,	,	
Mortgage-backed securities	528,922	7,261	2.75	531,448	6,784	2.55
Other securities	126,816	2,144	3.38	228,412	4,053	3.55
Total taxable securities	655,738	9,405	2.87	759,860	10,837	2.85
Tax-exempt securities: (2)						
Other securities	124,091	1,710	2.76	146,155	1,934	2.65
Total tax-exempt securities	124,091	1,710	2.76	146,155	1,934	2.65
Interest-earning deposits and						
federal funds sold	86,405	625	1.45	74,847	282	0.75
Total interest-earning assets	6,140,173	124,079	4.04	5,896,514	115,569	3.92
Other assets	304,191			297,082		
Total assets	\$6,444,364			\$6,193,596		
Liabilities and Equity						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Deposits:						
Savings accounts	\$250,646	674	0.54	\$267,059	706	0.53
NOW accounts	1,492,413	6,512	0.87	1,542,857	4,538	0.59
Money market accounts	1,068,443	7,058	1.32	859,415	3,150	0.73
Certificate of deposit accounts	1,432,342	12,581	1.76	1,407,528	10,039	1.43
Total due to depositors	4,243,844	26,825	1.26	4,076,859	18,433	0.90
Mortgagors' escrow accounts	68,202	73	0.21	64,280	57	0.18
Total deposits	4,312,046	26,898	1.25	4,141,139	18,490	0.89
Borrowed funds	1,167,222	11,932	2.04	1,130,132	10,073	1.78
Total interest-bearing liabilities	5,479,268	38,830	1.42	5,271,271	28,563	1.08
Non interest-bearing deposits	367,903			333,142		
Other liabilities	66,531			65,525		
Total liabilities	5,913,702			5,669,938		
Equity	530,662			523,658		
Total liabilities and equity	\$6,444,364			\$6,193,596		

Net interest income /

net interest rate spread		\$85,249	2.62%	\$87,006	2.84%
Net interest-earning assets / net interest margin	\$660,905		2.78% \$625,243		2.95%
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities			1.12X		1.12X

Loan interest income includes loan fee income (which includes net amortization of deferred fees and costs, late (1)charges, and prepayment penalties) of approximately \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(2) Interest income on tax-exempt securities does not include the tax benefit of the tax-exempt securities.

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LOANS

The following table sets forth the Company's loan originations (including the net effect of refinancing) and the changes in the Company's portfolio of loans, including purchases, sales and principal reductions for the periods indicated.

(In thousands)	For the six n June 30, 2018	nonths ended
Mortgage Loans		
At beginning of period	\$4,401,950	\$4,187,818
Mortgage loans originated: Multi-family residential Commercial real estate One-to-four family – mixed-use property One-to-four family – residential Co-operative apartments Construction Total mortgage loans originated	138,064 130,644 27,677 23,067 1,500 24,619 345,571	167,647 133,364 32,198 10,780 - 6,973 350,962
Mortgage loans purchased: Multi-family residential Commercial real estate One-to-four family – mixed-use property One-to-four family – residential Total mortgage loans purchased	14,089 5,800 685 875 21,449	22,530 25,927 - - 48,457
Less: Principal and other reductions Loans transferred to held for sale Loans transferred to OREO Sales	249,996 - 638 4,710	184,858 30,565 - 16,508
At end of period	\$4,513,626	\$4,355,306

Non-Mortgage Loans

At beginning of period	\$758,286	\$631,316
Other loans originated:		
Small Business Administration	2,195	2,511
Commercial business	138,229	114,628
Other	1,099	1,194
Total other loans originated	141,523	118,333
Other loans purchased:		
Commercial business	88,691	9,974
Total other loans purchased	88,691	9,974
Less:		
Principal and other reductions	178,640	81,764
Sales	5,266	4,703
Other	60	-
At end of period	\$804,534	\$673,156

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TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCUTURED ("TDR") AND NON-PERFORMING ASSETS

The following table shows loans classified as TDR that are performing according to their restructured terms at the periods indicated:

	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,
(In thousands)	2018	2018	2017
Accrual Status:			
Multi-family residential	\$2,488	\$2,503	\$2,518
Commercial real estate	-	-	1,986
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	1,726	1,740	1,753
One-to-four family - residential	562	567	572
Commercial business and other	351	407	462
Total	5,127	5,217	7,291
Non-Accrual Status:			
Taxi medallion	5,482	5,712	5,916
Total	5,482	5,712	5,916
Total performing troubled debt restructured	\$10,609	\$10,929	\$13,207

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The following table shows non-performing assets at the periods indicated:

	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,
(In thousands)	2018	2018	2017
Loans 90 days or more past due	2010	2010	_01,
and still accruing:			
Commercial real estate	\$-	\$1,668	\$2,424
Construction	730	-	-
Total	730	1,668	2,424
Non-accrual loans:			
Multi-family residential	2,165	2,193	3,598
Commercial real estate	1,448	1,894	1,473
One-to-four family - mixed-use property	2,157	2,396	1,867
One-to-four family - residential	6,969	7,542	7,808
Co-operative apartments	575	-	-
Small business administration	-	41	46
Taxi medallion	743	906	918
Commercial business and other	2	-	-
Total	14,059	14,972	15,710
Total non-performing loans	14,789	16,640	18,134
Other non-performing assets:			
Real estate acquired through foreclosure	-	638	-
Other assets acquired through foreclosure	35	106	-
Total	35	744	-
Total non-performing assets	\$14,824	\$17,384	\$18,134
Non-performing assets to total assets	0.23 %		
Allowance for loan losses to non-performing loans	136.72%	123.45%	112.23%

Included in loans over 90 days past due and still accruing were one loan for \$0.7 million, two loans totaling \$1.7 million and three loans totaling \$2.4 million at June 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, which are past their respective maturity dates and are still remitting payments. The Bank actively works with borrowers to extend the loans maturity or have the loan repaid when loans go past their contractual maturity date.

Included in non-performing loans was one multi-family loan totaling \$0.4 million at June 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 which was restructured as TDR and not performing in accordance with its restructured terms.

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CRITICIZED AND CLASSIFIED ASSETS

Our policy is to review our assets, focusing primarily on the loan portfolio, OREO and the investment portfolios, to ensure that credit quality is maintained at the highest levels. See Note 5 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements "Loans" for a description of how loans are determined to be criticized or classified and a table displaying criticized and classified loans at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The Company had classified other assets acquired through foreclosure totaling \$35,000 at June 30, 2018 and none at December 31, 2017. The Company did not hold any criticized or classified investment securities at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Our total Criticized and Classified assets were \$65.9 million at June 30, 2018, an increase of \$3.3 million from \$62.7 million at December 31, 2017.

On a quarterly basis, all collateral dependent loans that are classified as Substandard or Doubtful are internally reviewed for impairment, based on updated cash flows for income producing properties, or updated independent appraisals. The loan balances of collateral dependent loans reviewed for impairment are then compared to the loans updated fair value. We consider fair value of collateral dependent loans to be 85% of the appraised or internally estimated value of the property, except for taxi medallion loans. The fair value of the underlying collateral of taxi medallion loans is the value of the underlying medallion based upon the most recently reported arm's length transaction. When there is no recent sale activity, the fair value is calculated using the income approach. All taxi medallion loans are classified impaired. For collateral dependent mortgage loans and taxi medallion loans, the portion of the loan balance which exceeds fair value is generally charged-off. At June 30, 2018, the current average loan-to-value ratio on our collateral dependent loans reviewed for impairment was 46.5%.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The ALL represents the expense charged to earnings based upon management's quarterly analysis of credit risk. The amount of the ALL is based upon multiple factors that reflect management's assessment of the credit quality of the loan portfolio. The factors are both quantitative and qualitative in nature including, but not limited to, historical losses, economic conditions, trends in delinquencies, value and adequacy of underlying collateral, volume and portfolio mix, and internal loan processes.

Management has developed a comprehensive analytical process to monitor the adequacy of the ALL. The process and guidelines were developed using, among other factors, the guidance from federal banking regulatory agencies and GAAP. The results of this process, along with the conclusions of our independent loan review officer, support management's assessment as to the adequacy of the ALL at each balance sheet date. See Note 5 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements "Loans" for a detailed explanation of management's methodology and policy.

As a component of the credit risk assessment, the Bank has established an Asset Classification Committee which carefully evaluates loans which are past due 90 days and/or are classified. The Asset Classification Committee thoroughly assesses the condition and circumstances surrounding each loan meeting the criteria. The Bank also has a Delinquency Committee that evaluates loans meeting specific criteria. The Bank's loan policy requires loans to be placed into non-accrual status once the loan becomes 90 days delinquent unless there is, in our opinion, compelling evidence the borrower will bring the loan current in the immediate future.

During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the portion of the ALL related to the loss history declined, while the qualitative factors increased slightly, primarily due to growth in the loan portfolio. Charge-offs recorded in the past twelve quarters were minimal, with the exception of taxi medallion charge-offs recorded in the fourth quarter of 2017, as credit conditions remained stable. The percentage of loans originated prior to 2009, compared to the total loan portfolio, decreased as scheduled amortization and repayments occurred. As disclosed in Note 5 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements "Loans", the loans originated prior to 2009 have a higher delinquency and loss rate. The impact from the above resulted in the ALL totaling \$20.2 million, a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 0.6%, from December 31, 2017. Based upon management consistently applying the ALL methodology and review of the loan portfolio, management concluded a charge to earnings to increase the ALL was not warranted. The ALL at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, represented 0.38% and 0.39% of gross loans outstanding, respectively. The ALL represented 136.7% of non-performing loans at June 30, 2018 compared to 112.2% at December 31, 2017.

Management recommends to the Board of Directors the amount of the ALL quarterly. The Board of Directors approves the ALL.

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The following table sets forth the activity in the Company's allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At or for months 30, 2018		ne six led June 2017	
Balance at beginning of period	\$20,35	1	\$22,22	9
Provision for loan losses	153		-	
Loans charged-off: Multi-family residential Commercial real estate One-to-four family – mixed-use property One-to-four family – residential Small Business Administration Taxi medallion Commercial business and other Total loans charged-off	(81 - - (1 (52 (353 (14 (501)))))	(162 (4 (35 (170 (89 (54 (15 (529))))))
Recoveries: Multi-family residential Commercial real estate One-to-four family – mixed-use property One-to-four family – residential Small Business Administration Commercial business and other Total recoveries	2 -79 112 15 9 217		231 68 68 - 49 41 457	
Net charge-offs	(284)	(72)
Balance at end of period	\$20,22	0	\$22,15	7
Ratio of net charge-offs during the period to average loans outstanding during the period Ratio of allowance for loan losses to gross loans at end of period Ratio of allowance for loan losses to non-performing assets at end of period	0.01 0.38 136.4	% % 0%	0.44	% % 3%

Ratio of allowance for loan losses to non-performing loans at end of period

136.72% 143.33%

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For a discussion of the qualitative and quantitative disclosures about market risk, see the information under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Interest Rate Risk."

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company carried out, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2018, the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures were effective. During the period covered by this Quarterly Report, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATIOMTION

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a defendant in various lawsuits. Management of the Company, after consultation with outside legal counsel, believes that the resolution of these various matters will not result in any material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table sets forth information regarding the shares of common stock repurchased by the Company during the three months ended June 30, 2018:

				Maximum
			Total Number of	Number of
	Total		Shares	Shares That
	Total		Purchased	May
	Number		as Part of	Yet Be
	Nullioci		Publicly	Purchased
	of Shares	Average	Announced	Under the
	of Shares	Price	Plans	Plans
Period	Purchased	Paid per	or	or
renod ruichased	Share	Programs	Programs	
April 1 to April 30, 2018	24,422	\$26.28	24,422	1,011,995
May 1 to May 31, 2018	193,348	25.97	193,348	818,647
June 1 to June 30, 2018	9,811	26.75	9,811	808,836
Total	227,581	26.04	227,581	

During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, the Company repurchased 227,581 shares of the Company's common stock at an average cost of \$26.04 per share. On June 30, 2018, 808,836 shares may still be repurchased under the currently authorized stock repurchase program. Stock will be purchased under the current stock repurchase programs from time to time, in the open market or through private transactions, subject to market conditions. There is no expiration or maximum dollar amount under these authorizations.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES
None.
ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES
Not applicable.
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION
None.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATIOMTION

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

September 30, 2002.

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1 P	Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (1)
<u>3.2</u>	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (3)
<u>3.3</u>	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (5)
<u>3.4</u>	Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of Flushing Financial Corporation (4)
<u>3.5</u>	Certificate of Increase of Shares Designated as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of Flushing Financial Corporation (2)
<u>3.6</u>	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Flushing Financial Corporation (6)
4.1	Flushing Financial Corporation has outstanding certain long-term debt. None of such debt exceeds ten percent of Flushing Financial Corporation's total assets; therefore, copies of constituent instruments
4.1	defining the rights of the holders of such debt are not included as exhibits. Copies of instruments with
	respect to such long-term debt will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
<u>31.1</u>	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer
<u>51.1</u>	(filed herewith)
31.2	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer
	(filed herewith)
<u>32.1</u>	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer (furnished herewith)
	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley
<u>32.2</u>	Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer (furnished herewith)
101 INS	XBRL Instance Document (filed herewith)
	I XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (filed herewith)
	LXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (filed herewith)
	SXBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document (filed herewith)
	3XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (filed herewith)
	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (filed herewith)
	porated by reference to Exhibits filed with the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed
Septemb	er 1, 1995, Registration No. 33-96488. (P: Indicates a filing submitted in paper)
(2) Incorp	porated by reference to Exhibit filed with Form 8-K filed September 27, 2006.
(3) Incorp	porated by reference to Exhibits filed with Form S-8 filed May 31, 2002.

(4) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits filed with Form 10-Q for the quarter ended

(5) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit filed with Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.(6) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit filed with Form 10-Q for the guarter ended June 30, 2014.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Flushing Financial Corporation,

Dated: August 7, 2018 By: /s/John R. Buran

John R. Buran

President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 7, 2018 By: /s/Susan K. Cullen

Susan K. Cullen

Senior Executive Vice President, Treasurer and

Chief Financial Officer

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FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1 P 3.2 3.3	Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (1) Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (3) Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Flushing Financial Corporation (5)
<u>3.4</u>	Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of Flushing Financial Corporation (4)
<u>3.5</u>	Certificate of Increase of Shares Designated as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of Flushing Financial Corporation (2)
<u>3.6</u>	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Flushing Financial Corporation (6)
4.1	Flushing Financial Corporation has outstanding certain long-term debt. None of such debt exceeds ten percent of Flushing Financial Corporation's total assets; therefore, copies of constituent instruments defining the rights of the holders of such debt are not included as exhibits. Copies of instruments with respect to such long-term debt will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
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