GSI GROUP INC Form 10-Q/A August 12, 2005

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A
AMENDMENT NO. 1

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended April 1, 2005

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 333-43089

THE GSI GROUP, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 37-0856587

(State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1004 E. ILLINOIS STREET, ASSUMPTION, ILLINOIS 62510 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer: Yes $[\]$ No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 826,948 shares outstanding as of May 13, 2005.

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 * No response to this item is included herein for the reason that it is inapplicable.

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 to The GSI Group Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 1, 2005 includes restated unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of April 1, 2005 and April 2, 2004 and related changes to Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

On May 16, 2005, as reported in our Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 20, 2005, we were acquired by GSI Holdings Corp. Following consummation of this transaction, new management commenced a review of our historical financial condition and results of operations. On July 12, 2005, as reported in our Current Report on Form 8-K of that date, we announced that management, in consultation with our independent auditors, BKD, LLP, had determined that our previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended April 1, 2005 may contain errors and thus should not be relied upon until we were able to ascertain whether a restatement would in fact be required. We have now determined that it is necessary to restate these financial statements, and include that information in this Amendment No. 1.

We have determined that it is necessary to restate to correct for historical errors in inventory accounting. The identified errors relate to three

separate issues:

- 1) capitalization rates of overhead expense in inventory, which were inconsistent with actual spending;
- 2) the capitalization of warranty and R&D costs in inventory, which management believes should be expensed in their entirety; and
- 3) improper application of our policy for establishing reserves for slow moving inventory, which resulted in inadequate historical reserve levels.

Except as described above, this Form 10-Q/A does not update or otherwise amend our Q1 2005 10-Q for changes in events, estimates or other developments subsequent to May 16, 2005 (the date of the original filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for our quarterly period ended April 1, 2005). For a discussion of subsequent events and developments that may be material to investors, please refer to our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission subsequent to May 16, 2005.

Concurrently with the filing of this Form 10-Q/A, we are filing Amendment No. 1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, which contains restatements of our consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002, and related changes, which restatements are being made for the reasons described above.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of terms such as "believes," "anticipates," "intends," or "expects." Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such statements, and such statements should not be regarded as a representation that the stated objectives will be achieved.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE GSI GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

(UNAUDITED)

ASSETS	APRIL 1, 2005	
RESTATED	RESTATED	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 2 24

Inventories, net	51,533	48
Prepaids	1,114	3
Other	3 , 670	3
Total current assets	87 , 579	82
Property, Plant and Equipment, net	32,165	32
Other Assets:		
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	11,586	11
Deferred taxes	1,254	1
Other	2,544	2
Total other assets	15 , 384	15
Total assets	\$ 135,128	\$ 130
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 18,383	\$ 16
Accrued interest	4,374	1
Payroll and payroll related expenses	5 , 737	4
Other accrued expenses	6,811	6
Customer deposits	7,581	7
Current maturities of long-term debt	5,116	,
ourrouse materials of rong corm asset		
Total current liabilities	48 002	42
Total callene flabilities		
Long-Term Debt, less current maturities	130-002	133
long form best, feed current materials		
Minority Interest	1 560	1
MINOTICY INCELESC	1,500	1
Stockholders' Deficit:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, voting (authorized 6,900,000 shares;		
issued 6,633,652 shares; outstanding 626,948 shares)	16	
	10	
Common stock, \$.01 par value, nonvoting (authorized 1,100,000 shares;	0	
issued 1,059,316 shares; outstanding 200,000 shares)	2	_
Paid-in capital	5 , 548	5
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (cumulative currency translation		
adjustment)	(10,674)	(10
Retained earnings	2,231	
Treasury stock, at cost, voting (6,006,704 shares)	(41,550)	(41
Treasury stock, at cost, nonvoting (859,316 shares)	(9)	
Total stockholders' deficit	(44,436	(46
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 135,128	\$ 130

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

THE GSI GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)
(UNAUDITED)

THREE FISCAL MONTHS ENDED

	Al	ESTATED PRIL 1, 2005	AF	2004
Sales	\$	72,674	\$	58,444
Cost of sales		55 , 991		46,143
Gross profit		16,683		12,301
Selling, general and administrative expenses				162
Total operating expenses				
Operating income		7,694		3,434
Other income (expense): Interest expense		(3,581) 474		(284)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense.		4 , 587		75
Income tax expense		614		99
Income (loss) from continuing operations		3 , 973		(24)
Discontinued Operations: Gain (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes .				129
Net income (loss)		3,973 ======		
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	4.80	\$	0.06
Weighted average common shares outstanding		826 , 948		

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part

of these statements.

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THE GSI GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	THREE FISCAL MONTHS ENDED	
	RESTATED APRIL 1, 2005	RESTATED APRIL 2, 2004
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Depreciation and amortization expense	1,622	1,364
Other	5,509	5,088
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	7,131	6,452
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Capital expenditures	(1,268)	(577
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	207	352
Other	2	(30
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,059)	(255
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from shareholder loan		734
Payments on shareholder loan		(530
Payments on long-term debt	(51) (4,030)	 /6 E00
Dividends	(1,538)	(6,589 (250
Other	(725)	(494
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(6,344)	(7,129
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	(45)	1
Decrease In Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (317)	\$ (931
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period	2,304	3,439
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,987	\$ 2,508
		=======

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

THE GSI GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared by The GSI Group, Inc. (the "Company"), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information not misleading. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the Company's December 31, 2004 Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Other than as indicated herein, there have been no significant changes from the data presented in the Company's 2004 Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, the financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of April 1, 2005 and the results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended April 1, 2005. Those adjustments consist only of normal recurring adjustments.

The results of operations for the three-month period ended April 1, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year.

2. RESTATEMENT

FIRST RESTATEMENT

During the Company's 2004 year-end closing process, the Company discovered unintentional accounting errors in prior years' financial statements. The errors were corrected in the 2004 financial statements. A description of the errors and related impact of each on the financial statements follows. Amounts are stated in whole dollars.

At the end of 2001, the Company began the process of shutting down its Mason City, Iowa plant, which served as the headquarters for its DMC subsidiary. As the Company began the revenue cycle process at its corporate headquarters, cost of sales estimates were understated during 2002, while cost accounting records were being developed for the products previously handled by the Mason City employees, which caused the remaining inherited inventory costs to be overstated by approximately \$6,470,000. The Company became aware of the overstatement in early 2003, but erroneously assigned the overstated value to inventory that would flow through the cost of sales over the next few years. This erroneous correction reduced the stated value of the inventory by approximately \$2,206,000 in 2003 and \$4,264,000 in 2004. During the 2004 year-end closing process, this issue was re-examined, and the Company determined that it would be appropriate to restate the 2002 cost of sales and year-end inventory, the period when the overstatement occurred. This adjustment increased the previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$360,000.

In 1997, the Company's majority stockholder began selling non-voting shares to certain employees. The Company's majority stockholder helped finance each employee's purchase with a loan to each employee with the shares as the only collateral for the notes. APB Opinion 25 and its interpretations require that these transactions be imputed to the Company's financial statements and be accounted for as variable stock awards, which practice the Company had not previously followed. Treatment of the transaction as a variable stock award requires the Company to recognize as compensation expense the extent to which

the fair market value of the underlying shares exceeds the original purchase price for such shares. The fair value of the underlying shares first exceeded the price paid for the shares in 2002. The effect of recording the resulting compensation expense reduced previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$448,000. There were no dividends paid to the non-voting stockholders during the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

In 2002, the Company entered into an agreement with the manager of its Brazilian subsidiary whereby the Company agreed to issue him shares of the Brazilian subsidiary's stock primarily based on the financial performance of the Brazilian subsidiary. This agreement constitutes a stock compensation arrangement for which the Company did not previously recognize compensation expense. The effect of recording compensation expense related to this arrangement reduced previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$125,000.

Prior to the 2004 closing process, the Company had been using Mexican Pesos as the functional currency of its Mexican subsidiary. During the 2004 closing process, the Company determined that the correct functional currency of its Mexican subsidiary should be U.S. Dollars rather than Mexican Pesos. The effect of this change reduced previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$6,000.

The Company changed from a stop-loss workers' compensation insurance policy to a high-deductible self-insured policy in 2000 and did not subsequently accrue a liability for claims incurred but not reported. The effect of accruing for such claims in 2004 reduced previously reported quarterly net income by \$55,000.

The Company also made adjustments in 2004 to correct previous reporting of overhead adjustments in overseas inventories and gain on inter-company sales.

The impact of the above noted adjustments on the Company's financial statements for the first fiscal quarter of 2004 is summarized in the table below. Amounts are stated in thousands of dollars except for per share line items.

SECOND RESTATEMENT

Subsequent to the sale of all of the stock of the Company on May 16, 2005, the new management appointed by the new owner of the Company discovered additional accounting errors in prior years' financial statements. The errors have been corrected in the accompanying 2005 and 2004 financial statements. A description of the errors and related impact on each of the financial statements follows. Amounts are stated in whole dollars.

The Company made adjustments in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and 2004 to correct its allowance for obsolete inventory to conform to the Company's historical policy. The effect of these changes reduced quarterly net income by \$243,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and \$140,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The Company made adjustments in 2004 to expense warranty and research and development costs, which were erroneously included in inventory. The effect of these changes increased quarterly net income by \$ 163,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The Company made adjustments in 2005 and 2004 to correct the amount of overhead that was included in inventory. The previous inventory included an excessive amount of overhead. The effect of these changes reduced quarterly net income by \$998,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and increased quarterly net income by \$547,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The combined effect of these changes reduced quarterly net income by \$1,241,000

in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and increased quarterly net income by \$570,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The impact of the above noted adjustments on the Company's financial statements for the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and 2004 are summarized in the table below. Amounts are stated in thousands of dollars except for per share line items.

FIRST	AS	SECOND	AS
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	AS	PREVIOUSLY	REPORTED	R	ESTATEMENT	RE	STATED	RESTATE
FIRST FISCAL QUARTER 2005 Consolidated Balance Sheet:								
Inventory	\$		56 , 992	\$	(5 , 389)	\$	51 , 533	
Retained earnings			7,620		(5 , 389)		2,231	
Consolidated Statement of Income:								
Cost of sales			54,750		1,241		55,991	
Operating income			8,935		(1,241)		7,694	
Net income			5,214		(1,241)		3 , 973	
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$		6.31	\$	(1.51)	\$	4.80	

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FIRST AS SECOND AS

	AS PREVIOUSLY	REPORTED	RESTA	ATEMENT	RESI
FIRST FISCAL QUARTER 2004					
Consolidated Balance Sheet:					
Inventory	\$	57 , 901	\$	(1, 233)	\$ 56
Retained earnings		12,122		(1,233)	10
Consolidated Statement of Income:					
Cost of sales		47,104		(391)	4 6
Selling, general and administrative expenses		8,161		544	3
Operating income		3,207		(343)	2
Other, net		(179)		(6)	
Net loss		(159)		(306)	
Basic and diluted loss per share		(\$0.09)		(\$0.17)	(\$

3. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The components of comprehensive income (loss) for the periods presented are as follows (in thousands):

(Unaudited) (Restated) Unaudited) (Restated)

	April 1, 2005	April 2, 2004
Net income	3,973	105
Cumulative currency translation adjustment.	(550)	(398)
Comprehensive income (loss)	3,423	(293)

4. DETAIL OF CERTAIN ASSETS

	(UNAUDITED) APRII 200	(RESTATED) DECEMBER 31, 2004			
(IN THOUSANDS)					
Inventories Raw materials Work-in-process. Finished goods .	\$	22,222 14,418 14,893	\$	22,876 7,581 18,196	
Total	\$ =======	51,533	\$ ====	48,653	

5. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Company paid approximately \$0.5 million in interest during the fiscal quarters ended April 1, 2005 and April 2, 2004. The Company paid no income taxes during the first quarters of 2005 and 2004 because it was a subchapter "S" corporation during those periods.

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6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The indenture governing the Company's senior subordinated notes contains certain restrictive covenants. The more significant of these covenants restrict the ability of the Company to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends or make distributions and other payments affecting subsidiaries. The Company was in compliance with the covenants under the indenture as of April 1, 2005. The Company issued a call for redemption of its senior subordinated notes due 2007 on May 16, 2005. See Note 9, "Subsequent Events."

The credit facility with Congress Financial Corporation (Central) (the "Credit Facility") required the Company to maintain a senior debt to EBITDA

ratio and a fixed charge coverage ratio. Borrowings under the Credit Facility were secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. The Company had \$21.1 million of availability under the revolving portion of the Credit Facility as of April 1, 2005. The Company was in compliance with the covenants under the Credit Facility as of April 1, 2005. On May 16, 2005, the Company refinanced the Credit Facility and entered into a new loan and security agreement with Wachovia Capital Finance Corporation (Central). See Note 9, "Subsequent Events."

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Sales of agricultural equipment are seasonal, with farmers traditionally purchasing grain storage bins and grain drying and handling equipment in the summer and fall in conjunction with the harvesting season, and swine and poultry producers purchasing equipment during prime construction periods in the spring, summer and fall. The Company's sales and net income have historically been lower during the first and fourth fiscal quarters as compared to the second and third quarters.

8. BUSINESS SEGMENT

The Company has no separately reportable segments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 131, "Disclosure About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." Under the enterprise wide disclosure requirements of SFAS 131, the Company reports sales by each product line. Amounts for the first fiscal quarters of 2005 and 2004 are as shown in the table below (in thousands).

(UNAUDITED)

	APRI	CATED) LL 1,	(UNAUDITED) APRI 20	L 2,
Grain product line Swine product line Poultry product line Discontinued operations	\$	42,914 12,860 16,900	\$	32,464 9,924 16,246 (190)
Sales	\$	72,674	\$ 	58,444

For the first fiscal quarters of 2005 and 2004, sales in Brazil were \$8.6 million and \$7.3 million, respectively. Long-lived assets in Brazil were \$4.4 million at April 1, 2005.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 16, 2005, the Company completed the offering of \$110.0 million in aggregate principal amount of its 12% senior notes due 2013. In connection with this offering, the Company also refinanced its senior secured credit facility, which new facility includes a \$60.0 million revolving credit facility. Also on this date, the closing of the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock by GSI Holdings Corp. took place.

The proceeds from the notes offering, together with borrowings under the Company's refinanced credit facility and a cash equity contribution from GSI

Holdings Corp., will be used to redeem all of the Company's outstanding 10 % senior subordinated notes due 2007 as well as pay the related redemption premium, repay all outstanding borrowings under the Company's previous credit facility, repay all outstanding loans made to the Company by its former majority stockholder and pay fees and expenses related to the refinancing transactions.

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The Company may redeem all or part of the new senior notes beginning on May 15, 2009 at the redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the new notes. Prior to May 15, 2008, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the new notes at a redemption price of 112% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of the redemption, with the proceeds of certain equity offerings.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes included in Item 1 hereof.

GENERAL

The Company is a major worldwide manufacturer of agricultural equipment. The Company's grain, swine and poultry products are used by producers and purchasers of grain, and by producers of swine and poultry. Demand for our agricultural equipment is driven by the overall level of grain, swine and poultry production, the level of net farm income, agricultural real estate values and producers' increasing focus on improving productivity in their operations. In addition, fluctuations in grain and feed prices affect our sales, with sustained increases in grain and feed prices increasing demand for our grain equipment and decreasing demand for our swine and poultry equipment. We believe that our diversified product offerings mitigate the effects of fluctuations in the price of grain. Sales of our swine and poultry equipment are also affected by long-term trends in consumer demand for pork and poultry both domestically and internationally.

Sales of agricultural equipment are seasonal, with farmers traditionally purchasing grain storage bins and grain conditioning and handling equipment in the summer and fall in conjunction with the harvesting season, and swine and poultry producers purchasing equipment during prime construction periods in the spring, summer and fall. The Company's sales, operating income and net income have historically been lower during the first and fourth fiscal quarters as compared to the second and third quarters. Traditionally, this has caused the Company to have increased working capital needs during the second and third quarters as material is purchased and converted to inventory during the year.

Although the Company's sales are primarily denominated in U.S. dollars and are not generally affected by currency fluctuations (except for transactions from the Company's Brazilian operation), the production costs, profit margins and competitive position are affected by the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to the strength of the currencies in countries where its products are sold.

The Company's international sales have historically comprised a significant portion of our total sales. In the first fiscal quarters of 2005 and 2004, the Company's international sales accounted for 28% and 31% of total sales, respectively. International operations generally are subject to various risks

that are not present in domestic operations, including restrictions on dividends, restrictions on repatriation of funds, unexpected changes in tariffs and other trade barriers, difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations, political instability, fluctuations in currency exchange rates, reduced protection for intellectual property rights in some countries, seasonal reductions in business activity and potentially adverse tax consequences, any of which could adversely impact our international operations.

The primary raw materials we use to manufacture our products are steel and polymers. Fluctuations in the prices of steel and, to a lesser extent, polymer materials can impact our cost of sales.

On May 16, 2005, in connection with the closing of the purchase of all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock by GSI Holdings Corp., the Company was converted from a subchapter "S" corporation to a subchapter "C" corporation, which means that it will now be a taxable entity for federal and state income tax purposes. For the portion of the Company's fiscal year preceding that date, the Company has made a tax distribution to its stockholders in an amount sufficient to allow them to pay their resulting income taxes for such period.

RESTATEMENT

FIRST RESTATEMENT

During the Company's 2004 year-end closing process, the Company discovered unintentional accounting errors in prior years' financial statements. The errors were corrected in the 2004 financial statements. A description of the errors and related impact of each on the financial statements follows. Amounts are stated in whole dollars.

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At the end of 2001, the Company began the process of shutting down its Mason City, Iowa plant, which served as the headquarters for its DMC subsidiary. As the Company began the revenue cycle process at its corporate headquarters, cost of sales estimates were understated during 2002, while cost accounting records were being developed for the products previously handled by the Mason City employees, which caused the remaining inherited inventory costs to be overstated by approximately \$6,470,000. The Company became aware of the overstatement in early 2003, but erroneously assigned the overstated value to inventory that would flow through the cost of sales over the next few years. This erroneous correction reduced the stated value of the inventory by approximately \$2,206,000 in 2003 and \$4,264,000 in 2004. During the 2004 year-end closing process, this issue was re-examined, and the Company determined that it would be appropriate to restate the 2002 cost of sales and year-end inventory, the period when the overstatement occurred. This adjustment increased the previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$360,000.

In 1997, the Company's majority stockholder began selling non-voting shares to certain employees. The Company's majority stockholder helped finance each employee's purchase with a loan to each employee with the shares as the only collateral for the notes. APB Opinion 25 and its interpretations require that these transactions be imputed to the Company's financial statements and be accounted for as variable stock awards, which practice the Company had not previously followed. Treatment of the transaction as a variable stock award requires the Company to recognize as compensation expense the extent to which the fair market value of the underlying shares exceeds the original purchase price for such shares. The fair value of the underlying shares first exceeded the price paid for the shares in 2002. The effect of recording the resulting compensation expense reduced previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$448,000. There were no dividends paid to the non-voting stockholders during the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

In 2002, the Company entered into an agreement with the manager of its Brazilian subsidiary whereby the Company agreed to issue him shares of the Brazilian subsidiary's stock primarily based on the financial performance of the Brazilian subsidiary. This agreement constitutes a stock compensation arrangement for which the Company did not previously recognize compensation expense. The effect of recording compensation expense related to this arrangement reduced previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$125,000.

Prior to the 2004 closing process, the Company had been using Mexican Pesos as the functional currency of its Mexican subsidiary. During the 2004 closing process, the Company determined that the correct functional currency of its Mexican subsidiary should be U.S. Dollars rather than Mexican Pesos. The effect of this change reduced previously reported 2004 quarterly net income by \$6,000.

The Company changed from a stop-loss workers' compensation insurance policy to a high-deductible self-insured policy in 2000 and did not subsequently accrue a liability for claims incurred but not reported. The effect of accruing for such claims in 2004 reduced previously reported quarterly net income by \$55,000.

The Company also made adjustments in 2004 to correct previous reporting of overhead adjustments in overseas inventories and gain on inter-company sales.

The impact of the above noted adjustments on the Company's financial statements for the first fiscal quarter of 2004 is summarized in the table below. Amounts are stated in thousands of dollars except for per share line items.

SECOND RESTATEMENT

Subsequent to the sale of all of the stock of the Company on May 16, 2005, the new management appointed by the new owner of the Company discovered additional accounting errors in prior years' financial statements. The errors have been corrected in the accompanying 2005 and 2004 financial statements. A description of the errors and related impact on each of the financial statements follows. Amounts are stated in whole dollars.

The Company made adjustments in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and 2004 to correct its allowance for obsolete inventory to conform to the Company's historical policy. The effect of these changes reduced quarterly net income by \$243,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and \$140,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The Company made adjustments in 2004 to expense warranty and research and development costs, which were erroneously included in inventory. The effect of these changes increased quarterly net income by \$163,000\$ in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

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The Company made adjustments in 2005 and 2004 to correct the amount of overhead that was included in inventory. The previous inventory included an excessive amount of overhead. The effect of these changes reduced quarterly net income by \$998,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and increased quarterly net income by \$547,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The combined effect of these changes reduced quarterly net income by \$1,241,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and increased quarterly net income by \$570,000 in the first fiscal quarter of 2004.

The impact of the above noted adjustments on the Company's financial statements for the first fiscal quarter of 2005 and 2004 are summarized in the table below. Amounts are stated in thousands of dollars except for per share line items.

	AS	PREVIOUSLY	REPORTED	RES'	TATEMENT	RE	STATED	RESTATE
FIRST FISCAL QUARTER 2005 Consolidated Balance Sheet: Inventory	\$		56,992 7,620		(5,389) (5,389)	-	51,533 2,231	
Consolidated Statement of Income: Cost of sales	\$		54,750 8,935 5,214 6.31		1,241 (1,241) (1,241) (1.51)	\$	55,991 7,694 3,973 4.80	

FIRST AS SECOND AS

FIRST AS SECOND AS

	AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED		RESTATEMENT		REST	
FIRST FISCAL QUARTER 2004 Consolidated Balance Sheet:						
Inventory	\$	•	\$	(1,233)	\$	56
Retained earnings		12,122		(1,233)		10
Consolidated Statement of Income:						
Cost of sales		47,104		(391)		46
Selling, general and administrative expenses		8,161		544		8
Operating income		3,207		(343)		2
Other, net		(179)		(6)		
Net loss		(159)		(306)		
Basic and diluted loss per share		(\$0.09)		(\$0.17)		(\$

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (AFTER SECOND RESTATEMENT)

Three Months Ended April 1, 2005 Compared to Three Months Ended April 2, 2004

Sales increased 24.4% or \$14.3 million to \$72.7 million in the first quarter of 2005 compared to \$58.4 million in the first quarter of 2004. Grain sales increased 32% in the first quarter 2005 to \$42.9 million primarily as a result of strong grain storage demand and market share penetration of new products such as grain transportation equipment. Strong sales of grain equipment in our Brazilian subsidiary also contributed to the increase. Swine sales increased 29.6% due to an improved swine production market that allows producers to upgrade equipment. Poultry equipment sales were essentially flat year over year.

Gross profit increased to \$16.7 million in the first quarter of 2005 or 23.0% of sales from \$12.3 million or 21.1% of sales in the same period of 2004. This increase was primarily due to increased volume, which allowed the company to leverage its fixed expenses.

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Operating expenses increased 2.9% or \$0.2 million to \$9.0 million in the first quarter of 2005 from \$8.9 million in the same period of 2004. This increase was primarily the result of increased selling expenses related to the increased volume.

Operating income increased to \$7.7 million in the first quarter of 2005 from \$3.4 million in the first quarter of 2004. Operating income margins increased to 10.6% of sales in 2005 from 5.9% in 2004.

Interest expense increased \$0.5 million in the first quarter of 2005 as compared to the first quarter of 2004 due to higher borrowing costs.

Net income increased by \$3.9 million to \$4.0 million for the first quarter of 2005 from net income of \$ 0.1 million in the same period of 2004.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has historically funded capital expenditures, working capital requirements, debt service, stockholder dividends and stock repurchases from cash flow from its operations, augmented by borrowings made under the Company's credit facility and the sale of the Company's notes.

The Company's working capital requirements for its operations are seasonal, with investments in working capital typically building in the second and third quarters and then declining in the first and fourth quarters. The Company defines working capital as current assets less current liabilities. As of April 1, 2005, the Company had \$39.6 million of working capital, a decrease of \$0.8 million from working capital as of December 31, 2004. The decrease in working capital was primarily due to increases in payroll related expenses, accrued expenses, accrued interest, customer deposits and accounts payable and decreases in prepaids of \$8.8 million, partially offset by increases in accounts receivable and inventory of \$7.9 million.

Operating activities provided \$7.1 million and \$6.4 million in cash flow in the first quarters of 2005 and 2004, respectively. This \$0.7 million increase in cash flow was primarily the result of an increase in net income, depreciation and amortization, inventory, deferred taxes and other current assets of \$7.6 million, partially offset by a decrease in accounts receivable, accounts payable and customer deposits of \$6.7 million compared to the first quarter of 2004.

Investing activities used \$1.1\$ million and \$0.3\$ million in cash flow in the first quarters of 2005 and 2004, respectively. The cash was used primarily for machinery and equipment purchases.

Financing activities used \$6.3 million and \$7.1 million in cash flow in the first quarters of 2005 and 2004, respectively. The cash was used primarily for payments on the Company's credit facility.

The Company believes that existing cash, cash flow from operations and available borrowings under its refinanced revolving credit facility will be sufficient to support its working capital, capital expenditures and debt service requirements for the foreseeable future.

On May 16, 2005, the Company entered into a five-year credit facility with lenders led by Wachovia Capital Finance Corporation (Central) to provide up to a maximum amount of \$60.0 million, subject to various conditions including borrowing base availability to replace the Company's then-existing senior credit facility, which provided for maximum outstanding borrowings of \$75.0 million. Up to \$15.0 million of the facility will be available for issuances of letters of credit. The availability of revolving loans and letters of credit are based

on a borrowing base, which includes accounts receivable, inventory and fixed assets. In addition, subject to the fulfillment of certain conditions, including the consent of the Export-Import Bank of the United States ("Exim Bank") and any changes that may be required to our exiting agreements with Exim Bank, we expect to be able to borrow revolving loans and obtain letters of credit of up to \$2.5 million based on the value of certain foreign subsidiary accounts receivable and inventory under the Exim Bank working capital guaranty program. Revolving loan borrowings bear interest at a rate per annum as elected by the Company equal to 1.5% to 2.0% over LIBOR or 0.0% to 0.50% over the Prime Rate, both being based on excess availability under the borrowing base.

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INFLATION

The Company believes that inflation has not had a material effect on its results of operations or financial condition during recent periods.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no material changes to the critical accounting policies since December 31, 2004.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is subject to market risk associated with adverse changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does not hold any market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes. At April 1, 2005, principal exposed to interest rate risk was limited to \$35.8 million in variable rate debt. The interest rates on the Company's various debt instruments range from 4.5% to 12.25%. The Company measures its interest rate risk by estimating the net amount by which potential future net earnings would be impacted by hypothetical changes in market interest rates related to all interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. A 1% change in interest rates would have a \$0.4 million impact on the Company's results of operations.

At April 1, 2005, approximately 13.8% of sales were derived from international operations with exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk. The Company mitigates its foreign currency exchange rate risk principally by establishing local production facilities in the markets it serves and by invoicing customers in the same currency as the source of the products. The Company also monitors its foreign currency exposure in each country and implements strategies to respond to changing economic and political environments. The Company's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk relates primarily to the financial position and the results of operations of its Brazilian and South African subsidiaries. The Company's exposure to such exchange rate risk as it relates to the Company's financial position and results of operations would be adversely impacted by further devaluation of the Brazilian Real per U.S. dollar and the South African Rand per U.S. dollar. These amounts are difficult to accurately estimate due to factors such as the inherent fluctuation of inter-company account balances, balance sheet accounts and the existing economic uncertainty and future economic conditions in the international marketplace.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

OVERVIEW

In connection with the preparation of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, the Company's management identified material weaknesses in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting. As defined by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB") in Auditing Standard No. 2, a material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

The identified material weaknesses in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting have resulted in insufficient controls relating to inventory accounting, the treatment of foreign currency matters, accounting matters relating to differences between U.S. and foreign accounting principles and practices, accounting for non-operating expenses, the accounting treatment of purchases and sales of the Company's debt securities, executive salary accrual methodology, the identification and treatment of relevant workers' compensation reserves and minority interest reserves and the treatment of stock based compensation expense issues. In addition, the Company has determined that the Company's control environment at December 31, 2004 lacked certain controls related to the prevention of improper accounting entries. These material weaknesses resulted in restatements being recorded in the Company's financial statements for the first fiscal quarters ended April 2, 2004 and April 1, 2005. The Company's management has discussed the material weaknesses with its independent registered public accounting firm, BKD LLP, and the Company's Board of Directors, and more recently the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, which was recently created. BKD LLP issued a "material weakness" letter in connection with its audit of the Company's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Vice President of Finance, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. The Company's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Vice President of Finance, has performed an evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of April 1, 2005, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, which included an review of the matters discussed above, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Vice President of Finance concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS

There were no changes to the Company's internal controls made during the first quarter of 2005. The Company's management believes, however, that substantial remediation measures are required in order to improve the Company's internal controls. The Company believes that the material weaknesses identified above resulted in part from inadequate staffing and training within the Company's finance and accounting group, and the Company believes that the

process of preparing this Annual Report on Form 10-K and the related review of the Company's financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 has resulted in a significant improvement in the finance and accounting staff's familiarity with the accounting and financial treatment of the issues identified above. The Company's management is in the process of reviewing whether additional accounting and financial management staff should be retained, and intends to review the question of whether it should utilize additional, or different, outside resources. Although the Company believes that progress has been made in addressing the material weaknesses in its internal controls discussed above, the Company's management intends to continue to work to improve its internal controls.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

There are no legal proceedings pending against the Company, which, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse affect on the Company's business, financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

(a) EXHIBITS:

A list of the exhibits included as part of this Form 10-Q is set forth in the Index to Exhibits that immediately precedes such exhibits, which is incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURES

PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, THE REGISTRANT HAS DULY CAUSED THIS AMENDMENT NO.1 TO THIS REPORT TO BE SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY THE UNDERSIGNED THEREUNTO DULY AUTHORIZED.

The GSI Group, Inc.

By: /s/ Randall Paulfus

Interim Chief Financial Officer

DATE: AUGUST 11, 2005

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EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, William Branch, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Amendment No.1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QA of The GSI Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a

material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) [Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release nos. 33-8392 and 34-49313.]
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's first fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2005

/s/ William Branch

Interim Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board and President.

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EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Randall Paulfus, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Amendment No.1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QA of The GSI Group, Inc.;

- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) [Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release nos. 33-8392 and 34-49313.]
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's first fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2005

/s/ Randall Paulfus

Interim Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATION

PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of The GSI Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), for the quarter ended April 1, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), and pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, William Branch, as Interim Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Randall Paulfus, as Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 11, 2005

/s/ WILLIAM BRANCH
----William Branch

Interim Chief

Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board and President.

/s/ RANDALL PAULFUS

Randall Paulfus

Randall Paulius

Interim Chief Financial Officer

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In addition, this certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT

NO. DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION

- 3.1* Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of The GSI Group, Inc., as amended as of
- 3.2 By-Laws of The GSI Group, Inc, as adopted on September 4, 2001.
- 31.1 Certification of Interim Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board and President
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Section 906 Certification.

^{*} Incorporated by reference from the Company's Registration Statement of Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-43089) filed with the Commission pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.