

TAYLOR DEVICES INC
Form 10-Q
April 14, 2009

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended February 28, 2009

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 0-3498

TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEW YORK
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

16-0797789
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

90 Taylor Drive, North Tonawanda, New York
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

14120-0748
(Zip Code)

716-694-0800
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

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(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X]

As of April 1, 2009, there were outstanding 3,222,095 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.025 per share.

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | (Unaudited) | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|
| | February 28, 2009 | May 31, 2008 |
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 180,781 | \$ 110,720 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 1,248,600 | 2,109,157 |
| Inventory | 6,786,962 | 6,625,168 |
| Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings | 1,972,404 | 1,756,164 |
| Other current assets | 1,238,917 | 1,360,736 |
| Total current assets | 11,427,664 | 11,961,945 |
| Maintenance and other inventory, net | 833,532 | 887,588 |
| Property and equipment, net | 3,718,550 | 3,425,910 |
| Intangible and other assets | 135,857 | 139,207 |
| | \$ 16,115,603 | \$ 16,414,650 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt | \$ 111,151 | \$ 1,016,621 |
| Payables - trade | 941,272 | 1,186,249 |
| Accrued commissions | 527,914 | 392,693 |
| Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings | 318,999 | - |
| Other current liabilities | 1,105,874 | 934,514 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,005,210 | 3,530,077 |
| Long-term liabilities | 286,783 | 335,485 |
| Stockholders' Equity: | | |
| Common stock and additional paid-in capital | 6,464,647 | 6,425,490 |

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| | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Retained earnings | 8,584,028 | 8,348,663 |
| | 15,048,675 | 14,774,153 |
| Treasury stock - at cost | (2,225,065) | (2,225,065) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 12,823,610 | 12,549,088 |
| | \$ 16,115,603 | \$ 16,414,650 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

| | (Unaudited) | | (Unaudited) | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| | For the three months ended | | For the nine months ended | |
| | February 28, 2009 | February 29, 2008 | February 28, 2009 | February 29 2008 |
| Sales, net | \$ 3,718,629 | \$ 4,926,252 | \$ 12,279,862 | \$ 13,610,843 |
| Cost of goods sold | 2,840,825 | 3,169,589 | 9,168,104 | 8,900,234 |
| Gross profit | 877,804 | 1,756,663 | 3,111,758 | 4,710,609 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 821,581 | 1,132,753 | 2,709,750 | 3,257,349 |
| Operating income | 56,223 | 623,910 | 402,008 | 1,453,260 |
| Other expense, net | (9,077) | (20,804) | (32,445) | (76,761) |
| Income before provision for income taxes, equity in net income (loss) of affiliate and minority stockholder's interest | 47,146 | 603,106 | 369,563 | 1,376,499 |
| Provision for income taxes | 15,800 | 232,000 | 134,200 | 527,700 |
| Income before equity in net income (loss) of affiliate and minority stockholder's interest | 31,346 | 371,106 | 235,363 | 848,799 |

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| | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Equity in net income (loss) of affiliate | - | (1,156) | - | 4,963 |
| Income before minority stockholder's interest | 31,346 | 372,262 | 235,363 | 853,762 |
| Minority stockholder's interest | - | (7,253) | - | (27,214) |
| Net income | \$ 31,346 | \$ 365,009 | \$ 235,363 | \$ 826,548 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per common share | \$ 0.01 | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.26 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

| | (Unaudited) | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| For the nine months ended | February 28, 2009 | February 29, 2008 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 235,363 | \$ 826,548 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 302,177 | 270,169 |
| Gain of sale of equipment | (350) | (890) |
| Stock options issued for services | 28,114 | 37,741 |
| Equity in net (income) loss of affiliate | - | (4,963) |
| Deferred income taxes | 300 | - |
| Minority stockholder's interest | - | 27,214 |
| Changes in other assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 860,557 | 1,275,406 |
| Inventory | (107,738) | (1,852,381) |
| Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings | (216,240) | 384,669 |
| Other current assets | 118,190 | (247,589) |
| Payables - trade | (244,977) | 281,793 |
| Accrued commissions | 135,221 | (18,668) |
| Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings | 318,999 | 62,832 |
| Other current liabilities | 171,360 | (276,066) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 1,600,976 | 765,815 |

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Cash flows from investing activities:

| | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| Acquisition of property and equipment | (588,517) | (432,455) |
| Other investing activities | 1,031 | 5,164 |
| Net cash flows for investing activities | (587,486) | (427,291) |

Cash flows from financing activities:

| | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|
| Net short-term borrowings and repayments on long-term debt | (975,954) | (188,686) |
| Payables - affiliate | - | (130,933) |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | 21,482 | - |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 11,043 | 20,467 |
| Net cash flows for financing activities | (943,429) | (299,152) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 70,061 | 39,372 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - beginning | 110,720 | 22,748 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - ending | \$ 180,781 | \$ 62,120 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position as of February 28, 2009 and May 31, 2008, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008, and cash flows for the nine months ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ended May 31, 2008. There have been no updates or changes to our audited financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2008.
2. There is no provision nor shall there be any provisions for profit sharing, dividends, or any other benefits of any nature at any time for this fiscal year.
3. For the three and nine month periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008 the net income was divided by 3,221,155 and 3,146,622, respectively, which is net of the Treasury shares, to calculate the net income per share.
4. The results of operations for the nine month period ended February 28, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

5. Effective April 1, 2008, the Company merged with Tayco Developments, Inc. (Developments) following approval from shareholders of both companies. The Company is the surviving corporation. Under the terms of the Plan of Merger, each share of Developments' common stock was converted into one share of the Company's common stock. The Company had approximately a 23% equity investment in Developments prior to the merger.
6. In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157 "Fair Value Measurements," to define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expand disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and for interim periods within those years. The FASB issued FASB Staff Positions (FSP) 157-1 and 157-2 and 157-3. FSP 157-1 amends SFAS 157 to exclude SFAS No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," and its related interpretive accounting pronouncements that address leasing transactions, while FSP 157-2 delays the effective date of the application for SFAS No. 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 for all nonfinancial assets that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the consolidated financial statements on a nonrecurring basis. FSP 157-3 addresses considerations in determining fair value of a financial asset when the market for that asset is not active. The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 as of June 1, 2008 with the exception of the application of the statement to nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The Company does not believe that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 for its nonfinancial assets and liabilities, effective June 1, 2009, will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements. The impact of adopting SFAS No. 157 on our consolidated financial statements was not significant.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities -- an Amendment of SFAS No. 115." This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by mitigating volatility in reporting earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those years. The Company adopted SFAS No. 159 as of June 1, 2008 and elected not to measure any additional financial instruments and other items at fair value, therefore, the adoption of SFAS No. 159 had no effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Other recently issued FASB Statements or Interpretations, SEC Staff Accounting Bulletins, and AICPA Emerging Issue Task Force Consensuses have either been implemented or are not significant to the Company.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cautionary Statement

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. Information in this Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in this 10-Q that does not consist of historical facts, are "forward-looking statements." Statements accompanied or qualified by, or containing, words such as "may," "will," "should," "believes," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "outlook," "forecast," "anticipates," "presume," and "assume" constitute forward-looking statements and, as such, are not a guarantee of future performance. The statements involve factors, risks and uncertainties, the impact or occurrence of which can cause actual results to differ materially from the expected results described in such statements. Risks and uncertainties can include, among others, uncertainty regarding how long the worldwide economic recession will continue and whether the recession will deepen; reductions in capital budgets by our customers and potential customers; changing product demand and industry capacity; increased competition and pricing pressures; advances in technology that can reduce the demand for the Company's products; and other factors, many or all of which are beyond the Company's control. Consequently, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as predictive of future results. The Company disclaims any obligation to release publicly any updates or revisions to the forward-looking statements herein to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with regard thereto, or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which such statement is based.

Results of Operations

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A summary of the period to period changes in the principal items included in the condensed consolidated statements of income is shown below:

Summary comparison of the nine months ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008

| | Increase / <u>(Decrease)</u> |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Sales, net | \$ (1,331,000) |
| Cost of goods sold | \$ 268,000 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$ (548,000) |
| Other expense, net | \$ (44,000) |
| Income before provision for income taxes, equity in net income of affiliate and minority stockholder's interest | \$ (1,007,000) |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ (394,000) |
| Net income | \$ (591,000) |

Sales under certain fixed-price contracts, requiring substantial performance over several periods prior to commencement of deliveries, are accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting whereby revenues are recognized based on estimates of completion prepared on a ratio of cost to total estimated cost basis. Costs include all material and direct and indirect charges related to specific contracts.

Adjustments to cost estimates are made periodically and any losses expected to be incurred on contracts in progress are charged to operations in the period such losses are determined. However, any profits expected on contracts in progress are recognized over the life of the contract.

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For financial statement presentation purposes, the Company nets progress billings against the total costs incurred on uncompleted contracts. The asset, "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings," represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. The liability, "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings," represents billings in excess of revenues recognized.

For the nine months ended February 28, 2009 (All figures discussed are for the nine months ended February 28, 2009 as compared to the nine months ended February 29, 2008.)

| | Nine months ended | | Change | |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | February 28, 2009 | February 29, 2008 | Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Change |
| Net Revenue | \$12,280,000 | \$13,611,000 | \$(1,331,000) | -10% |
| Cost of sales | 9,168,000 | 8,900,000 | 268,000 | 3% |
| Gross profit | \$ 3,112,000 | \$ 4,711,000 | \$(1,599,000) | -34% |

...as a percentage of net revenues 25% 35%

The Company's consolidated results of operations showed a 10% decrease in net revenues and a decrease in net income of 72%. Revenues recorded in the current period for long-term construction projects were 34% less than the level recorded in the prior year. Revenues recorded in the current period for other-than long-term construction projects (non-projects) were up 15% over the level recorded in the prior year. The gross profit as a percentage of net revenues for the current and prior year periods was 25% and 35%. This fluctuation is attributable to a.) two large, domestic current year projects that have a very low margin and b.) a few of the bigger non-project shipments in the current period had low margins.

Management attributes a large portion of the decrease in revenue to the current economic recession and its effect on the construction markets throughout the world. Several construction projects in the United States and in Asia that had been in the planning stages during the past year or more have been placed "on-hold" by their owners, citing the decline in demand for their buildings or an inability to secure the necessary financing to complete their projects. We maintain contact with these owners / contractors so that we will be in a position to work with them should their project resume activity. It is not possible to determine the amount of contracts which we may have been awarded had the construction projects not been placed "on-hold". A small number of customers have cancelled outstanding purchase orders with the Company.

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We include provisions in our contracts for the building projects that allow us to collect from the customer a pro-rata amount for work completed on a contract at the time of cancellation. These cancelled purchase orders are not expected to have a material impact on our operating results or cash flow. At February 29, 2008, we had 121 open sales orders in our backlog with a total sales value of \$11.6 million. At February 28, 2009, we have 14% fewer open sales orders in our backlog (104 orders) but the total sales value is \$12.4 million or approximately 7% higher than the prior year. In order to remain profitable during this down-turn in the economy, we are carefully watching our expenses to reduce them wherever possible.

The Company's revenues and net income fluctuate from period to period. The fluctuations in comparing the current period to the prior period are not necessarily representative of future results.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

| | Nine months ended | | Change | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | February 28, 2009 | February 29, 2008 | Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Change |
| Outside Commissions | \$ 527,000 | \$ 904,000 | \$ (377,000) | -42% |
| Other SG&A | 2,183,000 | 2,354,000 | (171,000) | -7% |
| Total SG&A | \$2,710,000 | \$3,258,000 | \$ (548,000) | -17% |
| <i>...as a percentage of net revenues</i> | 22% | 24% | | |

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Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by 17% from the prior year. Outside commission expense decreased by 42% from last year's level. As a percentage of sales, outside commissions were 4.3% compared with 6.6% last year. This fluctuation was primarily due to higher than normal commissions on some export orders last year. This year's commissions are slightly lower than historical averages. Other selling, general and administrative expenses remained relatively constant from last year to this.

The above factors resulted in operating income of \$402,000 for the nine months ended February 28, 2009, down 72% from the \$1,453,000 in the same period of the prior year.

Other expense, net, of \$32,000 is primarily interest expense and is \$44,000 less than in the prior year. The average level of use of the Company's operating line of credit during the period decreased by about \$225,000 from the prior year period. The line of credit is used primarily to fund the production of larger projects that do not allow for advance payments or progress payments. Long-term debt is just under half of what it was as of February 29, 2008. Interest rates on the line of credit and most of the long-term debt is 2.75 percentage points lower than the rates in effect at February 29, 2008. These factors combined to lower our interest expense for the quarter.

Summary comparison of the three months ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008

| | Increase / (Decrease) |
|---|--------------------------|
| Sales, net | \$ (1,208,000) |
| Cost of goods sold | \$ (329,000) |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$ (311,000) |
| Other expense, net | \$ (12,000) |
| Income before provision for income taxes, equity in net income of affiliate and minority stockholder's interest | \$ (556,000) |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ (216,000) |
| Net income | \$ (334,000) |

For the three months ended February 28, 2009 (All figures discussed are for the three months ended February 28, 2009 as compared to the three months ended February 29, 2008.)

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| | Three months ended | | Change | |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | February 28, 2009 | February 29, 2008 | Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Change |
| Net Revenue | \$ 3,719,000 | \$ 4,927,000 | \$(1,208,000) | -25% |
| Cost of sales | 2,841,000 | 3,170,000 | (329,000) | -10% |
| Gross profit | \$ 878,000 | \$ 1,757,000 | \$ (879,000) | -50% |

...as a percentage of net revenues 24% 36%

The Company's consolidated results of operations showed a 25% decrease in net revenues and a decrease in net income of 91%. Revenues recorded in the current period for long-term construction projects were 22% less than the level recorded in the prior year. Revenues recorded in the current period for other-than long-term construction projects (non-projects) were lower by 3% over the level recorded in the prior year. Gross profit decreased by 25%. The gross profit as a percentage of net revenues for the current and prior year periods was 24% and 36%. This fluctuation is attributable to a.) two large, domestic projects that have a very low margin in the current period, b.) a few of the bigger projects in the same period last year had higher than normal margins and c.) a few of the bigger non-project shipments in the quarter had low margins.

Discussions, above, related to the impact from the recent economic conditions, apply to the quarter ended February 28, 2009 as well.

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The Company's revenues and net income fluctuate from period to period. The fluctuations in comparing the current period to the prior period are not necessarily representative of future results.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

| | Three months ended | | Change | |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | February 28, 2009 | February 29, 2008 | Increase / (Decrease) | Percent Change |
| Outside Commissions | \$ 163,000 | \$ 311,000 | \$ (148,000) | -48% |
| Other SG&A | 659,000 | 822,000 | (163,000) | -20% |
| Total SG&A | \$ 822,000 | \$1,133,000 | \$ (311,000) | -27% |

...as a percentage of net revenues 22% 23%

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by 27% from the prior year. Outside commission expense decreased by 48% from last year's level primarily due to a decreased sales volume. Other selling, general and administrative expenses are 20% lower from last year to this mainly due to the collection of receivables previously reserved for as potentially uncollectible.

The above factors resulted in operating income of \$56,000 for the three months ended February 28, 2009, down 91% from the \$624,000 in the same period of the prior year.

Other expense, net, of \$9,000 is primarily interest expense and is \$12,000 less than in the prior year.

Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan which provides for the granting of nonqualified or incentive stock options to officers, key employees and non-employee directors. Options granted under the plan are exercisable over a ten year term. Options not exercised at the end of the term expire.

The Company applies the stock option expensing rules of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123R, "Share Based Payment," using the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." The Company recognized \$28,000 and \$38,000 of compensation cost for the nine month periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008.

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The fair value of each stock option grant has been determined using the Black-Scholes model. The model considers assumptions related to exercise price, expected volatility, risk-free interest rate, and the weighted average expected term of the stock option grants. Expected volatility assumptions utilized in the model were based on volatility of the Company's stock price for the thirty month period ending on the date of grant. The risk-free interest rate is derived from the U.S. treasury yield. The Company used a weighted average expected term. The following assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes model in estimating the fair market value of the Company's stock option grants:

| | <u>2008</u> | <u>2007</u> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Risk-free interest rate: | 5.000% | 3.625% |
| Expected life of the options: | 2.5 years | 2.5 years |
| Expected share price volatility: | 44.62% | 61.47% |
| Expected dividends: | zero | zero |

These assumptions resulted in:

| | | |
|---|--------|--------|
| Estimated fair-market value per stock option: | \$1.94 | \$2.47 |
|---|--------|--------|

The ultimate value of the options will depend on the future price of the Company's common stock, which cannot be forecast with reasonable accuracy.

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A summary of changes in the stock options outstanding during the nine month period ended February 28, 2009 is presented below:

| | <u>Number of Options</u> | <u>Weighted- Average Exercise Price</u> |
|---|------------------------------|---|
| Options outstanding and exercisable at May 31, 2008: | 120,500 | \$ 5.30 |
| Options granted: | 14,500 | \$ 6.04 |
| Options exercised: | none | - |
| Options expired: | none | - |
| Options outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2009: | 135,000 | \$ |
| 5.38 | | |
| Closing value per share on NASDAQ at February 28, 2009: | | \$2.40 |

Capital Resources, Line of Credit and Long-Term Debt

The Company's primary liquidity is dependent upon the working capital needs. These are mainly inventory, accounts receivable, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, accounts payable, accrued commissions, billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings, and debt service. The Company's primary sources of liquidity have been operations and bank financing.

Capital expenditures for the nine months ended February 28, 2009 were \$589,000 compared to \$432,000 in the same period of the prior year. As of February 28, 2009, the Company has commitments for capital expenditures totaling \$50,000 during the next twelve months.

The Company has a \$5,000,000 line of credit with a bank. There is a \$34,000 principal balance outstanding as of February 28, 2009, compared to the \$879,000 balance outstanding as of May 31, 2008. The outstanding balance on the line of credit will fluctuate as the Company's various long-term projects progress. The Company is in compliance with restrictive covenants under the line of credit and other financing arrangements, including Niagara County Industrial Development Agency Bond financing. In these covenants, the Company agrees to maintain the following minimum or maximum levels of the stated item:

| <u>Covenant</u> | <u>Minimum / Maximum</u> | <u>Current Actual</u> |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Minimum level working capital | \$2,000,000 | \$8,422,000 |
| Minimum tangible net worth | \$6,000,000 | \$12,822,000 |

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| | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Maximum annual capital expenditures | \$800,000 | \$589,000 |
| Minimum debt service ratio | 1:1 | 3.8:1 |

The covenants also require the Company to advise the bank of any litigation where the claim amount is \$100,000 or greater. Please refer to Part II, Item 1 of this report - Legal Proceedings, for more discussion regarding litigation.

All of the \$4,966,000 unused portion of our line of credit is available without violating any of our debt covenants.

Principal maturities of long-term debt for the remainder of the current fiscal year and the subsequent five years are as follows: 2009 - \$8,000; 2010 - \$77,000; 2011 - \$32,000; 2012 - \$32,000; and 2013 - \$24,000.

Inventory and Maintenance Inventory

| | | | | February 28, 2009 | | May 31, 2008 | Increase / (Decrease) |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------|--|--------------------------|------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Raw Materials | \$ 576,000 | | | \$ 436,000 | | \$ 140,000 | 32% |
| Work in process | 5,655,000 | | | 5,811,000 | | (156,000) | -3% |
| Finished goods | 556,000 | | | 378,000 | | 178,000 | 47% |
| Inventory | 6,787,000 | 89% | | 6,625,000 | 88% | 162,000 | 2% |
| Maintenance and other inventory | 834,000 | 11% | | 888,000 | 12% | (54,000) | -6% |
| Total | \$7,621,000 | 100% | | \$7,513,000 | 100% | \$ 108,000 | 1% |
| Inventory turnover | 1.6 | | | 1.9 | | | |

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NOTE: Inventory turnover is annualized for the nine month period ended February 28, 2009.

Inventory, at \$6,787,000 as of February 28, 2009, is 2% higher than the prior year-end. Of this, approximately 83% is work in process, 8% is finished goods, and 9% is raw materials. Current inventory increased by \$162,000 or two percent over the May 31, 2008 level of \$6,625,000. While this increase is not significant, it is one factor in the decrease in the inventory turnover rate. The inventory turnover is calculated by dividing the annualized cost of sales by the average inventory level. The average level of inventory for the nine months ended February 28, 2009 was \$7,567,000. This is \$887,000 higher than the average level for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2008. This increase is primarily due to the following: a.) We have increased the amount of machined components sourced from foreign vendors. There is a longer lead time to receive these products from the vendors so we maintain a higher level of inventory to meet our requirements. The cost of maintaining this higher level of inventory is offset by the lower landed cost to purchase the components with the same high level of quality demanded from domestic suppliers. b.) In an attempt to reduce the lead time to our customers, we have increased the level of inventory of certain seismic components in standard sizes. While the level of inventory will fluctuate from time to time due to the stage of completion of the non-project sales orders in progress at the time, we do not expect that the inventory level will increase significantly from current levels for a sustained period of time.

Maintenance and other inventory represent stock that is estimated to have a product life cycle in excess of twelve months. This stock represents certain items the Company is required to maintain for service of products sold and items that are generally subject to spontaneous ordering. This inventory is particularly sensitive to technological obsolescence in the near term due to its use in industries characterized by the continuous introduction of new product lines, rapid technological advances and product obsolescence. The maintenance inventory decreased slightly since May 31, 2008. Management of the Company has recorded an allowance for potential inventory obsolescence. The provision for potential inventory obsolescence was \$135,000 for each of the nine month periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008. The Company continues to rework slow-moving inventory, where applicable, to convert it to product to be used on customer orders.

Accounts Receivable, Costs and Estimated Earnings in Excess of Billings ("CIEB"), and Billings in Excess of Costs and Estimated Earnings ("BIEC")

| February 28, 2009 | May 31, 2008 | Increase / (Decrease) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|

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| | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 1,249,000 | \$ 2,109,000 | \$ (860,000) | -41% |
| CIEB | 1,972,000 | 1,756,000 | 216,000 | 12% |
| Less: BIEC | 319,000 | - | 319,000 | |
| Net | \$ 2,902,000 | \$ 3,865,000 | \$ (963,000) | -25% |

Number of an average day's sales
outstanding in accounts receivable 30 38

The Company combines the totals of accounts receivable, the current asset CIEB, and the current liability, BIEC, to determine how much cash the Company will eventually realize from revenue recorded to date. As the accounts receivable figure rises in relation to the other two figures, the Company can anticipate increased cash receipts within the ensuing 30-60 days.

Accounts receivable of \$1,249,000 as of February 28, 2009 includes approximately \$137,000 of amounts retained by customers on long-term construction projects ("Project(s)"). It also includes \$42,000 of an allowance for doubtful accounts ("Allowance"). The accounts receivable balance as of May 31, 2008 of \$2,109,000 included an Allowance of \$72,000. The Allowance increased by \$180,000 from May 31, 2008 to November 30, 2008 due to increasing uncertainty regarding the collectibility of amounts past due from a foreign customer. Subsequent to November 30, 2008, the Company has received full payment for these past due amounts from this customer and, as a consequence, has reduced the amount of the Allowance by \$210,000 to reflect management's assessment of the current risk of uncollectible accounts receivable. The Company expects to collect the net accounts receivable balance of \$1,249,000, including the retainage, during the next twelve months. The number of an average day's sales outstanding in accounts receivable decreased from 38 days at May 31, 2008 to 30 at February 28, 2009. This is primarily due to the collection during the current period of one old, large receivable that was outstanding at May 31, 2008.

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As noted above, CIEB represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Whenever possible, the Company negotiates a provision in sales contracts to allow the Company to bill, and collect from the customer, payments in advance of shipments. Unfortunately, provisions such as this are often not possible. The \$1,972,000 balance in this account at February 28, 2009 is 12% more than the prior year-end. Generally, if progress billings are permitted under the terms of a Project sales agreement, the more complete the Project is, the more progress billings will be permitted. The Company expects to bill the entire amount during the next twelve months. 41% of the CIEB balance as of the end of the last fiscal quarter, November 30, 2008, was billed to those customers in the current fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2009. The remainder will be billed as the projects progress, in accordance with the terms specified in the various contracts.

The balances in this account are comprised of the following components:

| | <u>February 28, 2009</u> | <u>November 30, 2008</u> | <u>May 31, 2008</u> |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Costs | \$ 3,274,000 | \$ 3,076,000 | \$ 1,711,000 |
| Estimated earnings | 490,000 | 494,000 | 372,000 |
| Less: Billings to customers | 1,792,000 | 1,419,000 | 327,000 |
| CIEB | \$ 1,972,000 | \$ 2,151,000 | \$ 1,756,000 |
| Number of Projects in progress | 9 | 9 | 7 |

Summary of factors affecting the balances in CIEB and BIEC:

| | <u>February 28, 2009</u> | <u>November 30, 2008</u> | <u>May 31, 2008</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Number of Projects in progress | 10 | 9 | 7 |
| Aggregate percent complete | 69% | 77% | 45% |
| Average total sales value of Projects in progress | \$589,000 | \$538,000 | \$667,000 |
| Percentage of total value invoiced to customer | 38% | 29% | 7% |

Other Balance Sheet Items

The Company's backlog of sales orders at February 28, 2009 is \$12.4 million, up from the \$11.4 million backlog value at the end of the prior year. \$2.0 million of the current backlog is on long-term construction projects already in progress.

Other current assets, which is primarily comprised of deferred taxes and prepaid expenses, decreased by 9% to \$1,239,000. This change is mostly due to a reduction in the prepaid expenses as they are expensed in the normal course of business. Accounts payable, at \$941,000 as of February 28, 2009, is 21% lower than the prior year-end. This reduction is primarily due to a lower level of purchases (by approximately

one-third) from the two month period ended May 31, 2008 to the two month period ended February 28, 2009. Fewer purchases are required to support the lower level of sales.

Commission expense on applicable sales orders is recognized at the time revenue is recognized. The commission is paid following receipt of payment from the customers. Accrued commissions as of February 28, 2009 are \$528,000, up 34% from the \$393,000 accrued at the prior year-end. This increase is primarily due to more Projects in process at February 28, 2009, at a later stage of completion. The Company expects the current accrued amount to be paid during the next twelve months. Other current liabilities increased slightly from the prior year-end, to \$1,106,000. Payments on these liabilities will take place as scheduled within the next twelve months.

Management believes the Company's cash flows from operations and borrowing capacity under the bank line of credit is sufficient to fund ongoing operations, capital improvements and share repurchases for the next twelve months.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information called for by this item.

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

(a) *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.*

The Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of February 28, 2009 and have concluded that as of the evaluation date, the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms and that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) *Changes in internal controls.*

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2009 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's control over financial reporting.

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

Part II - Other Information

ITEM 1 Legal Proceedings

The State of New York Workers' Compensation Board ("Board") commenced a lawsuit against the Company and 264 other entities in May 2008, seeking to recover funds allegedly owed in connection with the Company's participation in the Manufacturing Self-Insurance Trust ("Trust"). Among the Board's claims are that (i) the Trust provided workers' compensation self-insurance to its participating members, including the Company, from April 22, 1997 to November 30, 2006; (ii) the Board has assumed control of the Trust; (iii) the Trust's liabilities exceed its assets by approximately \$29,000,000; and (iv) the Company and the other participating members are jointly and severally liable for the alleged deficit. The Board claims that it has calculated a rough estimate of each participating member's current share of the deficit, which, for the Company, is alleged to be in excess of \$79,555. The Board also claims, however, that the Company and the other 264 participating members could be jointly and severally responsible for sums substantially in excess of the Board's rough estimates.

The Company denies the Board's claims that the Company owes the amounts sought. The lawsuit is proceeding slowly, and the Company's investigation into the factual allegations of the lawsuit continues. It appears that the Board is performing additional forensic audits regarding the Trust, in order to more accurately determine the amounts allegedly owed by the participating members.

Management intends to vigorously defend the claim and has joined with other participating members in a joint defense against the lawsuit. It is anticipated that the Company, together with other defendants, will conduct an independent forensic audit of the Trust's liabilities and assets. It is also anticipated that the Company will challenge the legal and contractual basis for the Board's claims.

There are no other legal proceedings except for routine litigation incidental to the business.

ITEM 1A Risk Factors

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information called for by this item.

ITEM 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) The Company sold no equity securities during the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2009 that were not registered under the Securities Act.

(b) Use of proceeds following effectiveness of initial registration statement:

Not Applicable

| <i>Period</i> | (c) Repurchases of Equity Securities | | <i>(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</i> | <i>(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</i> |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | <i>(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased</i> | <i>(b) Average Price Paid Per Share</i> | | |
| December 1, 2008 - December 31, 2008 | - | - | - | |
| January 1, 2009 - January 31, 2009 | - | - | - | |
| February 1, 2009 - February 28, 2009 | - | - | - | |
| Total | - | - | - | \$160,802 (1) |

(1) In 1998, the Company initiated a plan to purchase shares of its outstanding common stock through open market purchases, with an initial deposit to the program of \$225,000. Additional deposits totaling \$435,000 have been made to the plan, with expenditures of \$499,198. To date, a total of 164,696 shares have been purchased at an average price per share of \$3.03.

(d) Under the terms of the Company's credit arrangements with its primary lender, the Company is prohibited from issuing cash dividends. In addition, the credit arrangements require the Company to maintain net working capital of at least \$2,000,000 and tangible net worth of at least \$6,000,000, as such terms are defined in the credit documents. On February 28, 2009, under such definitions the Company's net working capital and tangible net worth were significantly in excess of such limits. Additional information regarding the Company's line of credit and restrictive covenants appears under the caption "Capital Resources, Lines of Credit and Long-Term Debt" in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

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| | | |
|--------|---|--|
| ITEM 3 | Defaults Upon Senior Securities | |
| | None | |
| ITEM 4 | Submission of Matters to Vote of Securities Holders | |
| | None | |
| ITEM 5 | Other Information | |
| | (a) | Information required to be disclosed in a Report on Form 8-K, but not reported |
| | | None |
| | (b) | Material changes to the procedures by which Security Holders may recommend nominees to the Registrant's Board of Directors |
| | | None |

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| | | |
|--------|----------|--|
| ITEM 6 | Exhibits | |
| | 20 | News from Taylor Devices, Inc. Shareholder Letter, Spring 2009 |
| | 31(i) | Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer. |
| | 31(ii) | Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer. |
| | 32(i) | Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer. |
| | 32(ii) | Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer. |

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Taylor Devices, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Taylor Devices, Inc. and Subsidiary as of February 28, 2009, the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008 and cash flows for the nine months ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

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Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated August 1, 2008, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2008 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Lumsden & McCormick, LLP
Buffalo, New York
April 13, 2009

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

Signatures

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: April 14, 2009

s/Douglas P. Taylor
Douglas P. Taylor
President
Chairman of the Board of Directors
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: April 14, 2009

s/Mark V. McDonough
Mark V. McDonough
Chief Financial Officer

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