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BELDEN CDT INC.  
Form 10-Q  
November 03, 2006

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006

COMMISSION FILE NO. 001-12561

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BELDEN CDT INC.  
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

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DELAWARE  
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF  
INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

36-3601505  
(I.R.S. EMPLOYER  
IDENTIFICATION NO.)

7701 FORSYTH BOULEVARD, SUITE 800  
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63105  
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

(314) 854-8000  
REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE

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The registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

The registrant is a large accelerated filer and is not a shell company.

Following is the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS	OUTSTANDING AT OCTOBER 31, 2006
-----	-----
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value	44,062,159

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Exhibit Index on Page 26

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BELDEN CDT INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	DECEMBER 31, 2005
	-----	
	(UNAUDITED)	
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 190,576	\$ 134,638
Receivables	230,660	195,018
Inventories	251,743	245,481
Deferred income taxes	28,407	27,845
Other current assets	7,748	8,015
Current assets of discontinued operations	--	56,997
	-----	-----
Total current assets	709,134	667,994
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	274,568	287,778
Goodwill, less accumulated amortization	274,185	272,290
Other intangibles, less accumulated amortization	71,245	72,459
Other long-lived assets	19,612	6,214
	-----	-----
	\$1,348,744	\$1,306,735
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 207,571	\$ 216,736
Current maturities of long-term debt	15,000	59,000
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	--	13,342
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	222,571	289,078
Long-term debt	157,000	172,051
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	35,259	33,167
Deferred income taxes	81,954	73,851
Other long-term liabilities	14,143	17,166
Minority interest	7,070	7,914
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock	--	--

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Common stock	503	503
Additional paid-in capital	585,061	540,430
Retained earnings	339,574	290,870
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	17,229	(6,881)
Unearned deferred compensation	--	(336)
Treasury stock	(111,620)	(111,078)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	830,747	713,508
	-----	-----
	\$1,348,744	\$1,306,735
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these  
Consolidated Financial Statements

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BELDEN CDT INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		NINE MONTHS ENDED	
	SEPTEMBER	SEPTEMBER	SEPTEMBER	SEPTEMBER
	24, 2006	25, 2005	24, 2006	25, 2005
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)			
Revenues	\$ 385,581	\$ 316,480	\$1,117,054	\$ 914,180
Cost of sales	(296,208)	(242,478)	(862,089)	(705,120)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Gross profit	89,373	74,002	254,965	209,060
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(51,234)	(47,974)	(150,706)	(152,020)
Asset impairment	(2,522)	(8,010)	(4,883)	(8,010)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating income	35,617	18,018	99,376	49,020
Interest expense	(3,056)	(3,610)	(10,549)	(11,280)
Interest income	1,971	1,367	4,610	3,440
Minority interest	(82)	(215)	(551)	(550)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income from continuing operations before taxes	34,450	15,560	92,886	40,630
Income tax expense	(10,064)	(6,442)	(32,036)	(15,270)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income from continuing operations	24,386	9,118	60,850	25,360
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	--	(3,053)	(1,330)	(2,640)
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax	--	--	(4,298)	15,160
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 24,386	\$ 6,065	\$ 55,222	\$ 37,870
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average number of common shares and equivalents:				
Basic	43,513	45,540	43,044	46,510
Diluted	50,527	52,213	49,964	53,160

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Basic income (loss) per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.20	\$ 1.41	\$ 0.5
Discontinued operations	--	(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.0)
Disposal of discontinued operations	--	--	(0.10)	\$ 0.3
Net income	0.56	0.13	1.28	\$ 0.8
Diluted income (loss) per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.19	\$ 1.26	\$ 0.5
Discontinued operations	--	(0.06)	(0.03)	(0.0)
Disposal of discontinued operations	--	--	(0.08)	0.2
Net income	0.50	0.13	1.15	0.7
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.1
Reconciliation between net income and comprehensive income:				
Net income	\$ 24,386	\$ 6,065	\$ 55,222	\$ 37,87
Adjustments to translation component of equity	5,517	3,810	24,301	(26,83
Adjustments to minimum pension liability	(38)	36	(191)	23
Comprehensive income	\$ 29,865	\$ 9,911	\$ 79,332	\$ 11,27

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

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BELDEN CDT INC.  
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS  
(UNAUDITED)

	NINE MONTHS ENDED	
	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	SEPTEMBER 2
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 55,222	\$ 37,8
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	29,547	27,7
Asset impairment	4,883	12,8
Deferred income tax expense	22,267	16,3
Share-based compensation	4,039	2,7
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible assets	6,170	(23,6
Pension funding in excess of pension expense	(19,474)	(8,7
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of currency exchange rate changes:		
Receivables	(48,199)	(18,7
Inventories	(1,742)	(16,3
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,345	4
Other assets and liabilities, net	4,373	10,2
Net cash provided by operating activities	58,431	40,6
Cash flows from investing activities:		

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Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets	30,688	42,5
Capital expenditures	(10,447)	(19,2)
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by investing activities	20,241	23,2
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	34,265	2,8
Excess tax benefits related to share-based compensation	6,577	
Payments under borrowing arrangements	(59,053)	(17,2)
Cash dividends paid	(6,518)	(6,9)
Debt issuance costs	(1,063)	
Share repurchase program payments	--	(51,6)
	-----	-----
Net cash used for financing activities	(25,792)	(73,0)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		
	3,058	(1,7)
	-----	-----
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	55,938	(10,8)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	134,638	188,7
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$190,576	\$177,9
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

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BELDEN CDT INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY STATEMENTS  
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006 AND SEPTEMBER 25, 2005  
(UNAUDITED)

	COMMON STOCK				TREASURY SHARES		
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	SHARES	AMOUNT	UNEARNED DEFERRED COMPENSATION
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)						
Balance at December 31, 2004	50,211	\$502	\$531,984	\$252,114	(3,009)	\$ --	\$ (2,4
Net income				37,873			
Foreign currency translation							
Minimum pension liability							
Comprehensive income							
Exercise of stock options	122	1	2,925		49	(87)	
Share-based compensation, net of tax withholding forfeitures			686		(14)	(497)	
Share repurchase program					(2,473)	(51,658)	
Amortization of unearned deferred compensation							1,8
Cash dividends (\$.15 per share)				(6,979)			
Other			386	314			
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

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Balance at September 25, 2005	50,333	\$503	\$535,981	\$283,322	(5,447)	\$ (52,242)	\$ (6
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Balance at December 31, 2005	50,346	\$503	\$540,430	\$290,870	(8,010)	\$ (111,078)	\$ (3
Net income				55,222			
Foreign currency translation							
Minimum pension liability							
Comprehensive income							
Exercise of stock options			34,487		1,634	(222)	
Share-based compensation, net							
of tax withholding forfeitures	(11)		10,480		4	(320)	
Adoption of SFAS No. 123(R)			(336)				3
Cash dividends (\$.15 per share)				(6,518)			
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at September 24, 2006	50,335	\$503	\$585,061	\$339,574	(6,372)	\$ (111,620)	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these  
Consolidated Financial Statements

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BELDEN CDT INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include Belden CDT Inc. and all of its subsidiaries (the Company, us, we, or our). We eliminate all significant affiliate accounts and transactions in consolidation.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements presented as of any date other than December 31, 2005:

- Are prepared from the books and records without audit, and
- Are prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete statements, but
- Include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements.

These Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Reporting Periods

Our fiscal year and fiscal fourth quarter both end on December 31. Our fiscal first, second and third quarter each end on the last Sunday falling on or before their respective calendar quarter-end.

Impact of Newly Issued Accounting Standards

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In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. This Interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements. This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. We are required to adopt this Interpretation effective January 1, 2007 and are currently in the process of evaluating both the method of adoption and the impact that adoption will have on our operating results, cash flows and financial condition.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans--an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R). This Statement requires us to recognize the funded status of each of our benefit plans--measured as the difference between plan assets at fair value and the benefit obligation--in our statement of financial position, recognize as a component of other comprehensive income, net of tax, the gains or losses and prior service costs or credits that arise during the period but are not recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost, measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations as of the date of our fiscal year-end statement of financial position, and disclose in the notes to financial statements additional information about certain effects on net periodic benefit cost for the next fiscal year that arise from

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delayed recognition of the gains or losses, prior service costs or credits, and transition asset or obligation. We must adopt the recognition and disclosure requirements of this Statement as of December 31, 2006. We must measure plan assets and obligations as of the date of our fiscal year-end statement of financial position as of December 31, 2008. We have historically measured defined benefit plan assets and obligations as of the date of our fiscal year-end statement of financial position. We will adopt all other requirements of this Statement at December 31, 2006 and are currently in the process of evaluating both the method of adoption and the impact that adoption of this Statement will have on our operating results, cash flows and financial condition.

### NOTE 2: OPERATING SEGMENTS

During the first quarter of 2006, we announced organizational changes that resulted in a change in our reportable segments. We now conduct our operations through four reportable segments--the Belden Americas segment, the Specialty Products segment, the Europe segment, and the Asia Pacific segment. We have reclassified prior year segment disclosures to conform to the new segment presentation.

We evaluate segment performance and allocate resources based on operating income. Operating income of the segments includes all the ongoing costs of operations, but excludes interest and income taxes. Allocations to or from these segments are not significant. Transactions between the segments are conducted on an arms-length basis. With the exception of unallocated goodwill, certain unallocated tax assets, and tangible assets located at the corporate headquarters, substantially all of our assets are utilized by the segments.

### Operating Segment Information

Finance and administration costs reflected in the column entitled F&A in the

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tables below represent corporate headquarters operating and treasury expenses. Amounts reflected in the column entitled Eliminations in the tables below represent the eliminations of affiliate revenues and affiliate cost of sales.

	BELDEN AMERICAS	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS	EUROPE	ASIA PACIFIC	F&A	EL
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)					
THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006						
External customer revenues	\$205,192	\$ 66,244	\$ 95,569	\$18,576	\$ --	\$ --
Affiliate revenues	15,107	8,525	2,618	--	--	(1,000)
Operating income (loss)	35,278	11,746	170	1,386	(8,087)	(1,000)
THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 25, 2005						
External customer revenues	\$159,374	\$ 63,527	\$ 80,845	\$12,734	\$ --	\$ --
Affiliate revenues	16,505	4,940	1,840	--	--	(1,000)
Operating income (loss)	28,820	4,502	(3,959)	1,237	(8,274)	(1,000)
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006						
External customer revenues	\$600,388	\$200,544	\$269,082	\$47,040	\$ --	\$ --
Affiliate revenues	48,821	22,740	6,627	--	--	(1,000)
Operating income (loss)	104,107	28,146	(901)	4,319	(21,128)	(1,000)

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	BELDEN AMERICAS	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS	EUROPE	ASIA PACIFIC	F&A	EL
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)					
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 25, 2005						
External customer revenues	\$454,033	\$179,397	\$244,217	\$36,539	\$ --	\$ --
Affiliate revenues	57,905	13,032	6,367	--	--	(1,000)
Operating income (loss)	66,376	20,552	(492)	1,766	(25,708)	(1,000)

The following table is a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' operating income to consolidated income from continuing operations before taxes:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		NINE MONTHS ENDED
	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	SEPTEMBER 25, 2005	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006
	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)		
Operating income	\$35,617	\$18,018	\$ 99,376
Interest expense	(3,056)	(3,610)	(10,549)
Interest income	1,971	1,367	4,610
Minority interest	(82)	(215)	(551)



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Income from continuing operations before taxes	----- \$34,450 =====	----- \$15,560 =====	----- \$ 92,886 =====
--	----------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

NOTE 3: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the first nine months of 2006, we sold certain assets and liabilities of our telecommunications cable operation in Manchester, United Kingdom for approximately \$28.0 million cash and terminated, without penalty, our supply agreement with British Telecom plc. We recognized a \$4.3 million after-tax loss on the disposal of this discontinued operation.

During the first nine months of 2005, we sold substantially all of the remaining assets of our discontinued operations in Phoenix, Arizona; Skelmersdale, United Kingdom; Auburn, Massachusetts; and Barberton, Ohio, for approximately \$40.0 million cash. We recognized a \$15.2 million after-tax gain (which included no after-tax gain in the third quarter of 2005) on the disposal of the discontinued operation in Phoenix, Arizona. The other three discontinued operations were acquired through the 2004 merger between Belden Inc. and Cable Design Technologies Corporation (CDT). The net proceeds received from the sales of certain assets of these three discontinued operations exceeded the carrying values of the assets by \$0.1 million. Upon the finalization of purchase accounting, we increased the portion of consideration we previously allocated to the tangible assets of these discontinued operations and reduced the portion of consideration we previously allocated to goodwill by this excess amount.

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Results from discontinued operations and gain (loss) from disposal of discontinued operations include the following:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		NINE MONTHS ENDED	
	----- SEPTEMBER 24, 2006 -----	----- SEPTEMBER 25, 2005 -----	----- SEPTEMBER 24, 2006 -----	----- SEPTEMBER 25, 2005 -----
	(IN THOUSANDS)			
Results of Operations				
Revenues	\$--	\$25,916	\$27,644	
Loss before taxes	--	(3,261)	(1,900)	
Income tax benefit	--	208	570	
Net loss	--	(3,053)	(1,330)	
Disposal				
Gain (loss) before taxes	--	--	(6,140)	
Income tax benefit (expense)	--	--	1,842	
Net gain (loss)	--	--	(4,298)	

At September 24, 2006, there were no remaining assets or liabilities belonging to the discontinued operations.

We have included a tabular analysis of 2006 severance and other termination benefits activity related to the discontinued operations in Note 7, Accrued Severance and Other Termination Benefits.

NOTE 4: INCOME PER SHARE

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The following table presents the basis of the income per share computation:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SEPT
	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	SEPTEMBER 25, 2005	
			(IN THOUSANDS)
Numerator for basic income per share:			
Income from continuing operations	\$24,386	\$ 9,118	
Loss from discontinued operations	--	(3,053)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	--	--	
Net income	\$24,386	\$ 6,065	
Numerator for diluted income per share:			
Income from continuing operations	\$24,386	\$ 9,118	
Tax-effected interest expense on convertible subordinated debentures	678	678	
Adjusted income from continuing operations	25,064	9,796	
Loss from discontinued operations	--	(3,053)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	--	--	
Adjusted net income	\$25,064	\$ 6,743	
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic income per share--weighted average shares	43,513	45,540	
Effect of dilutive common stock equivalents	7,014	6,673	
Denominator for diluted income per share--adjusted weighted average shares	50,527	52,213	

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NOTE 5: INVENTORIES

The major classes of inventories were as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006,	DECEMBER 31, 2005
		(IN THOUSANDS)
Raw materials	\$ 75,000	\$ 67,899
Work-in-process	42,732	43,857
Finished goods	148,933	144,659
Perishable tooling and supplies	4,218	3,977
Gross inventories	270,883	260,392

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Obsolescence and other reserves	(19,140)	(14,911)
	-----	-----
Net inventories	\$251,743	\$245,481
	=====	=====

In pursuit of our goal to manage better all aspects of working capital, and especially to reduce our reliance on finished goods inventory, we changed our inventory management process worldwide in 2006. This included a change in the parameters we apply to our allowances for excess and obsolete inventories. We recognized pretax charges of approximately \$11.3 million in cost of sales during the nine months ended September 24, 2006 to reflect a change in accounting estimate related to measurement of our allowances for excess and obsolete inventories. The effect of this change on income from continuing operations and income per diluted share from continuing operations was approximately \$7.5 million and \$.15 per share.

### NOTE 6: LONG-LIVED ASSETS

During the third quarter of 2006, we identified certain tangible long-lived assets related to our manufacturing facility in Budapest, Hungary that would no longer be utilized because of product life-cycle management. We estimated the fair market value of those tangible long-lived assets based upon anticipated net proceeds from their use and eventual sale and recognized an impairment loss of \$2.5 million in the Europe segment based on the difference between the carrying value of those assets and their aggregate estimated fair market value.

During the second quarter of 2006, we identified certain tangible long-lived assets related to our manufacturing facility in Tompkinsville, Kentucky that would no longer be utilized because of our decision to close that facility in late 2007. We estimated the fair market value of those tangible long-lived assets based upon anticipated net proceeds from their use and eventual sale and recognized an impairment loss of \$2.4 million in the Belden Americas segment based on the difference between the carrying value of those assets and their aggregate estimated fair market value.

We recognized total depreciation expense of \$7.5 million, \$27.5 million, \$8.4 million, and \$25.0 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 and September 25, 2005, respectively. These amounts included depreciation expense related to our discontinued operation in Manchester, United Kingdom totaling \$2.7 million, \$0.5 million, and \$1.5 million during the nine months ended September 24, 2006 and the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005, respectively.

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In the third quarter of 2005, we announced our decisions to exit the United Kingdom communications cable market and to restructure European operations in an effort to reduce manufacturing floor space and overhead. We recognized accelerated depreciation of \$1.3 million in cost of sales during the nine months ended September 24, 2006 (all in the first and second quarters of 2006) related to these decisions.

We recognized amortization expense related to our intangible assets of \$0.7 million, \$2.0 million, \$0.6 million, and \$2.7 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 and September 25, 2005, respectively.

### NOTE 7: ACCRUED SEVERANCE AND OTHER TERMINATION BENEFITS

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### North America Restructuring

In the second quarter of 2006, we announced our decision to restructure certain North American operations in an effort to increase our manufacturing presence in lower-labor-cost regions near our major markets, starting with the planned construction of a new manufacturing facility in Nogales, Mexico and upcoming closures of manufacturing facilities in Tompkinsville, Kentucky and Ft. Mill, South Carolina. We expect to recognize estimated severance and other termination benefits costs of approximately \$3.6 million related to this restructuring action during 2006-2007. We recognized severance and other termination benefits costs of \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million in cost of sales within the Belden Americas segment in the third and second quarters of 2006, respectively.

### Europe Restructuring

In 2005 and 2006, we announced various decisions to restructure certain European operations in an effort to reduce manufacturing floor space and overhead. We recognized severance and other termination benefits costs within the Europe segment totaling \$4.4 million (\$4.2 million in cost of sales and \$0.2 million in selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses) in the third quarter of 2006, \$1.8 million (\$1.4 million in cost of sales and \$0.4 million in SG&A expenses) in the second quarter of 2006 and \$1.1 million (\$0.3 million in costs of sales and \$0.8 million in SG&A expenses) in the first quarter of 2006 related to personnel reductions in Sweden, the Netherlands, and Germany because of the restructuring.

We recognized severance and other related benefits costs within the Europe segment totaling \$7.7 million (\$7.5 million in cost of sales and \$0.2 million in SG&A expenses) during the year 2005 related to personnel reductions in the Netherlands, the Czech Republic, and the United Kingdom because of the restructuring.

### Belden CDT Merger Restructuring

In 2004, we initiated plans to reduce personnel at several legacy CDT locations and recognized severance and other related benefits costs of \$14.0 million (\$6.7 million, \$3.3 million, \$2.0 million, \$1.7 million and \$0.3 million in the financial records of F&A, the Europe segment, the Specialty Products segment, the Belden Americas segment, and the Asia Pacific segment, respectively). These costs were recognized as a liability assumed in the Belden CDT merger and were included in the cost to acquire CDT.

During 2005, we decided to terminate certain restructuring plans related to legacy CDT operations because of improved capacity utilization at those operations. We reduced accrued severance and other related benefits recorded within the Specialty Products segment, the Europe segment, and the Belden Americas segment by \$0.8 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, and reduced the portion of the consideration we had previously allocated to goodwill by this same amount.

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### Other Programs

During 2004 and 2005, the Company recognized severance and other related benefits costs because of (1) personnel reductions and the closure of a manufacturing facility within the Belden Americas segment (\$2.8 million in cost of sales and \$0.4 million in SG&A expenses), (2) personnel reductions within the Europe segment (\$9.0 million in cost of sales and \$0.5 million in SG&A

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expenses), and (3) personnel reductions within the Asia Pacific segment (\$0.2 million in SG&A expenses).

The following table sets forth severance activity that has occurred during 2006:

	NORTH AMERICA RESTRUCTURING		EUROPE RESTRUCTURING		BELDEN CDT MERGER RESTRUCTURING		DI O
	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	
(In thousands, except number of employees)							
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ --	--	\$ 7,698	151	\$1,978	69	\$ 16
New charges:							
One-time termination benefits	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contractual termination benefits	--	--	634	41	--	--	--
Special termination benefits	--	--	476	1	--	--	--
Cash payments / employee terminations	--	--	(442)	(11)	(549)	(2)	(16)
Foreign currency translation	--	--	181	--	24	--	--
Other adjustments	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Balance at March 26, 2006	--	--	8,547	182	1,453	67	--
New charges:							
One-time termination benefits	141	68	--	--	--	--	--
Contractual termination benefits	--	--	1,320	10	--	--	--
Special termination benefits	--	--	432	2	--	--	--
Cash payments / employee terminations	--	--	(5,802)	(54)	(50)	(1)	--
Foreign currency translation	--	--	225	--	53	--	--
Other adjustments	--	--	--	--	(250)	(28)	--
Balance at June 25, 2006	\$ 141	68	\$ 4,722	140	\$1,206	38	\$ --
New charges:							
One-time termination benefits	708	52	--	--	--	--	--
Contractual termination benefits	--	--	4,466	29	--	--	--
Special termination benefits	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cash payments / employee terminations	(367)	(50)	(2,668)	(74)	(129)	(3)	--
Foreign currency translation	--	--	(10)	--	1	--	--
Other adjustments	--	--	(100)	--	(172)	(8)	--
Balance at September 24, 2006	\$ 482	70	\$ 6,410	95	\$ 906	27	\$ --

We continue to review our business strategies and evaluate further restructuring actions. This could result in additional severance and other related benefits charges in future periods.

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### NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER BORROWING ARRANGEMENTS

#### Revolving Credit Facility

We executed a new credit agreement with a group of 8 banks in January 2006. This new credit agreement provides us with a \$165.0 million secured, variable-rate and revolving credit facility expiring in January 2011. The facility is secured

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by our overall cash flow and our assets in the United States. This new agreement also allows us to increase the facility, at any time and from time to time (subject to certain restrictions), to an aggregate amount not exceeding \$200.0 million. There were no outstanding borrowings at September 24, 2006 under this credit agreement. We had \$154.2 million in borrowing capacity available at September 24, 2006.

### Convertible Subordinated Debentures

At September 24, 2006, we had outstanding \$110.0 million of unsecured subordinated debentures. The debentures are convertible into approximately 6.2 million shares of common stock, at a conversion price of \$17.859 per share, upon the occurrence of certain events. Holders may surrender their debentures for conversion into shares of common stock upon satisfaction of any of the conditions listed in Note 14, Long-Term Debt and Other Borrowing Arrangements, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. At September 24, 2006, one of these conditions--the closing sale price of our common stock must be at least 110% of the conversion price for a minimum of 20 days in the 30 trading-day period prior to surrender--had been satisfied. To date, no holders of the debentures have surrendered their debentures for conversion into shares of our common stock. The 6.2 million shares of common stock that would be issued if the debentures were converted are included in our calculations of diluted income per share.

### Medium-Term Notes

In August 2006, we repaid the second \$15.0 million annual increment of the 1997 placement of 6.92% unsecured medium-term notes. In September 2006, we repaid the 1999 placement of 7.74% medium-term notes totaling \$44.0 million.

### NOTE 9: INCOME TAXES

Tax expense of \$32.0 million for the nine months ended September 24, 2006 resulted from income from continuing operations before taxes of \$92.9 million. The difference between the effective rate reflected in the provision for income taxes on income from continuing operations before taxes and the amounts determined by applying the applicable statutory United States tax rate for the nine months ended September 24, 2006 are analyzed below:

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	AMOUNT	RATE
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT RATE DATA)	
Provision at statutory rate	\$32,510	35.0%
State income taxes	2,450	2.6%
Change in valuation allowance	3,174	3.4%
Resolution of prior period contingencies	(4,725)	(5.1%)
Lower foreign tax rates and other, net	(1,373)	(1.4%)
	-----	----
Total tax expense	\$32,036	34.5%
	=====	====

### NOTE 10: PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

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The following table provides the components of net periodic benefit costs for our pension and other postretirement benefits plans:

	PENSION OBLIGATIONS		OTHER POSTRETI
	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	SEPTEMBER 25, 2005	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006
	(IN THOUSANDS)		
<b>THREE MONTHS ENDED</b>			
Service cost	\$ 1,419	\$ 2,223	\$ 182
Interest cost	1,913	3,136	622
Expected return on plan assets	(2,319)	(3,526)	--
Amortization of prior service cost	(10)	(10)	(27)
Net loss recognition	483	827	189
	-----	-----	-----
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 1,486	\$ 2,650	\$ 966
	=====	=====	=====
<b>NINE MONTHS ENDED</b>			
Service cost	\$ 4,788	\$ 6,932	\$ 537
Interest cost	6,226	9,767	1,845
Expected return on plan assets	(7,349)	(10,962)	--
Amortization of prior service cost	(30)	(30)	(81)
Net loss recognition	1,646	2,569	565
	-----	-----	-----
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 5,281	\$ 8,276	\$2,866
	=====	=====	=====

### NOTE 11: SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

On January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123 (as revised in 2004 and referred to as SFAS No. 123(R)), Share-Based Payment, using the modified prospective method. Results for prior periods have not been restated.

Our operating results and cash flows for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 differ from operating results and cash flows that would have resulted had we continued to account for share-based compensation plans using the intrinsic-value method by the following amounts:

	HIGHER (LOWER)	
	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2006
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)	
Income from continuing operations before taxes	\$ (448)	\$ (1,414)
Income from continuing operations	(317)	(926)
Net income	(317)	(926)
Net income per basic share	(0.01)	(0.02)
Net income per diluted share	(0.01)	(0.02)
Cash provided by operating activities	(2,909)	(6,577)
Cash provided by financing activities	2,909	6,577

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Compensation cost charged against income and the income tax benefit recognized for our share-based compensation arrangements is included below:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		NINE MONTHS ENDED
	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	SEPTEMBER 25, 2005	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006
	(IN THOUSANDS)		
Total share-based compensation			
cost charged to SG&A expenses	\$1,494	\$869	\$4,039
Income tax benefit	574	334	1,551

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and net income per share if we had accounted for stock options using the fair value method in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005. For purposes of this pro forma disclosure, the value of the options is estimated using a Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing formula and amortized to expense over the options' vesting periods.

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 25, 2005		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 25, 2005	
	AS REPORTED	PRO FORMA	AS REPORTED	PRO FORMA
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)			
Share-based employee compensation cost, net of tax	\$ 535	\$ 455	\$ 1,706	\$ 1,795
Net income	6,065	6,145	37,873	37,784
Basic net income per share	0.13	0.13	0.81	0.81
Diluted net income per share	0.13	0.13	0.75	0.75

We currently have outstanding stock appreciation rights (SARs), stock options, restricted stock shares, restricted stock units with service vesting conditions, and restricted stock units with performance vesting conditions. SARs may be converted into shares of our common stock in equal amounts on each of the first 3 anniversaries of the grant date and expire 10 years from the grant date. We grant stock options with an exercise price equal to the market price of our common stock on the grant date. Stock options become exercisable in equal amounts on each of the first 3 anniversaries of the grant date and expire 10 years from the grant date. Certain awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control of the Company. Both restricted stock shares and units with service conditions "cliff vest" in either 3 or 5 years from the grant date. Restricted stock units with performance conditions begin to vest upon satisfaction of certain financial performance conditions on the first anniversary of their grant date and then vest ratably on the second and third anniversaries of their grant date. If the financial performance conditions are not satisfied, the restricted stock units will be forfeited. We believe it is probable that the performance vesting conditions will be satisfied.

We recognize compensation cost for all awards based on their fair values. The fair values for SARs and stock options are estimated on the grant date using the



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Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing formula which incorporates the assumptions noted in the following table. We developed the expected term assumption using our historical exercise and post-vesting cancellation experience. We developed the expected volatility assumption using our monthly historical price data and other economic data trended into future years. The fair value of restricted stock shares and units is the market price of our common stock on the date of grant. Compensation costs for awards with service conditions are amortized to expense using the straight-line method. Compensation costs for awards with performance conditions are amortized to expense using the graded attribution method.

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	THREE MONTHS ENDED		
	SEPTEMBER 24, 2006	SEPTEMBER 25, 2005	SEPTEMBER 24, 2004
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT WEIGHTED AVERAGE FAIR VALUE)		
Weighted-average fair value of SARs and options granted	\$ 14.27	\$ --	\$ 11.00
Total intrinsic value of SARs converted and options exercised	7,595	106	17,100
Cash received for options exercised	13,473	311	34,200
Excess tax benefits realized from SARs converted and options exercised	2,912	--	6,500
Weighted-average fair value of restricted stock shares and units granted	33.00	--	28.00
Total fair value of restricted stock shares and units vested	315	414	900
Expected volatility	36.92%	--	36.00%
Expected term (in years)	6.5	--	6.0
Risk-free rate	4.78%	--	4.00%
Dividend yield	0.61%	--	0.00%

	SARS AND STOCK OPTIONS			RESTRICTED STOCK SHARES AND UNITS	
	NUMBER	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL TERM	NUMBER	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE GRANT DATE FAIR VALUE
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT EXERCISE PRICES, FAIR VALUES, AND CONTRACTUAL TERMS)				
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	4,548	\$24.06		222	\$20.00
Granted	344	26.53		197	28.00
Exercised or converted	(1,642)	21.00		(48)	20.00
Forfeited or expired	(275)	29.96		(2)	20.00
Outstanding at September 24, 2006	2,975	\$25.38	5.2	368	\$24.00
Vested or expected to vest at					

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September 24, 2006	2,941	\$25.40	5.2	\$37,658
Exercisable or convertible at				
September 24, 2006	1,935	26.84	3.5	21,981

At September 24, 2006, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to all nonvested awards was \$14.2 million. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.5 years.

Historically, we have issued treasury shares, if available, to satisfy award conversions and exercises.

### NOTE 12: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### General

Various claims are asserted against us in the ordinary course of business including those pertaining to income tax examinations and product liability, customer, employment, vendor and patent matters. Based on facts currently available, management believes that the disposition of the claims that are pending or asserted will not have a materially adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

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#### Letters of Credit, Bank Guaranties and Surety Bonds

At September 24, 2006, we were party to unused standby letters of credit, unused bank guaranties and surety bonds totaling \$11.0 million, \$4.8 million, and \$3.9 million, respectively.

#### Severance and Other Related Benefits

We completed the sale of part of our business in Germany to a management-led buyout group in October 2003. We will retain liability for severance and other termination benefits estimated at \$1.0 million on September 24, 2006 in the event the buyout group terminates transferred employees within three years of the buyout date. We will be relieved of any remaining contingent liability related to the transferred employees on the third anniversary of the buyout date.

### ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### OVERVIEW

We design, manufacture and market signal transmission products for data networking and a wide range of specialty electronics markets including entertainment, industrial, security, and aerospace applications. We report our operating results in four segments. We consider revenue growth, operating margin, and working capital management to be our key operating performance indicators.

The following trends and events arising during 2006 have had varying and significant effects on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows during the current year.

#### Increased Raw Materials Costs

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The principal raw materials we use in many of our products are copper and plastics derived from petrochemical feedstocks. During the past two years, the prices of these raw materials have risen significantly and rapidly. Generally, we have recovered much of the higher cost of raw materials through higher pricing of our finished products. The majority of our products are sold through channel partners, and we manage the pricing of these products through published price lists which we update from time to time, with new prices generally taking effect a few weeks after they are announced. Some original equipment manufacturer customer contracts have provisions which allow us to pass on raw material cost increases, generally with a lag of a few weeks to three months.

### Restructuring Activities

In 2005, we announced our decisions to exit the United Kingdom communications cable market and restructure certain European operations in an effort to reduce manufacturing floor space and overhead and to streamline administrative processes. In 2006, we sold certain assets and liabilities of our communications cable operation in the United Kingdom and announced (1) the upcoming closure of a plant in Sweden and (2) our decision to cease manufacturing certain products in the Netherlands and Hungary. As a result of these decisions, we recognized severance expense of \$7.3 million (\$4.4 million in the current quarter) and accelerated depreciation of \$1.3 million in the current year. We also recognized asset impairment expense of \$2.5 million in the current quarter.

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In the second quarter of 2006, we announced our decision to restructure certain North American operations in an effort to increase our manufacturing presence in low-cost regions near our major markets, starting with the planned construction of a new plant in Mexico and upcoming closures of two plants in the United States. As a result of these decisions, we recognized asset impairment expense of \$2.4 million and severance expense of \$0.8 million (\$0.7 million during the current quarter).

We may recognize additional restructuring costs during 2006-2007 (including estimated severance and other termination benefits costs associated with the North America restructuring activities of approximately \$2.8 million). We may also recognize additional asset impairment expenses or gains (losses) on the disposal of assets during the restructuring periods.

### Working Capital Management

Our working capital consists of receivables and inventories, net of accounts payable and accrued liabilities. We consider working capital to be an important indicator of our financial health. Working capital turns [(quarterly cost of sales \* 4) / working capital] improved from 3.9 turns in the third quarter of 2005 to 4.3 turns in the third quarter of 2006. Inventory turns [(quarterly cost of sales \* 4) / inventories] improved from 4.0 turns in the third quarter of 2005 to 4.7 turns in the third quarter of 2006 as we made good progress within both our Europe and Asia Pacific segments in reducing finished goods levels and excellent improvement across the Company in reducing raw material and work in process inventory levels. Days sales outstanding on receivables [receivables / (quarterly revenues / days in quarter)] improved from 62.8 days to 54.4 days because of a renewed focus on collections. Days payables outstanding [accounts payable and accrued liabilities / ((quarterly cost of sales + quarterly SG&A expenses) / days in quarter)] deteriorated from 66.8 days in the third quarter of 2005 to 54.4 days in the third quarter of 2006 primarily because of our near-term actions in raw materials and work in process inventory improvement.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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### Consolidated Continuing Operations

	Three Months Ended			Nin
	September 24, 2006	September 25, 2005	%	
	(in thousands, except percentage)			
Revenues	\$385,581	\$316,480	21.8%	\$1,117,054
Gross profit	89,373	74,002	20.8%	254,965
Operating income	35,617	18,018	97.7%	99,376
Income from continuing operations				
before taxes	34,450	15,560	121.4%	92,886
Income from continuing operations	24,386	9,118	167.4%	60,850

Revenues generated in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 increased from revenues generated in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005 because of increased selling prices, favorable product mix, and favorable foreign currency translation on international revenues. Increased unit sales volume also contributed to the favorable revenue comparison between the first nine months of 2006 and 2005. However, decreased unit sales volume had a negative impact on the revenue comparison between the third quarters of 2006 and 2005. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of sales price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increases in the costs of copper and commodities derived from petrochemical feedstocks and improved pricing practices at certain of our operations. Price improvement contributed approximately 22.2 and 18.0 percentage points of the revenue increase in the three- and nine-month periods ended

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September 24, 2006. Favorable currency translation contributed 2.3 and 0.8 percentage points of revenue increase in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006. During the nine months ended September 24, 2006, higher unit sales of products with industrial, video/sound/security (VSS), and transportation/defense (TD) applications were partially offset by a decrease in unit sales of products with communications/networking (CN) applications, but still contributed approximately 3.4 percentage points of revenue increase. Unit sales of products with industrial, VSS, and TD applications improved because facilities manufacturing these products improved their order fill rates and reduced their backlog. Unit sales of products with CN applications declined in 2006 as a result of our product portfolio management initiatives. Although unit sales of products with CN applications decreased from the third quarter of 2005 to the third quarter of 2006, gross margins improved. During the three months ended September 24, 2006, lower unit sales of products with CN applications were partially offset by higher unit sales of products with industrial and TD applications. Unit sales of products with VSS applications were relatively unchanged from the comparable period in 2005. The aggregate unit sales volume decrease in the current quarter negatively affected the revenue comparison by approximately 2.7 percentage points.

Gross profit increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of the revenue increase discussed above. Higher cost of sales in the current quarter resulted from (1) the increase in certain raw materials costs, (2) severance and other

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termination benefits costs resulting primarily from restructuring actions that exceeded those recognized in the third quarter of 2005 by \$3.7 million, and (3) increased excess and obsolete inventory charges. Higher cost of sales in the nine months ended September 24, 2006 resulted from (1) increased variable production costs necessary to support improved unit sales, (2) an increase in certain raw materials costs, (3) increased excess and obsolete inventory charges, (4) severance and other termination benefits costs resulting primarily from restructuring actions that exceeded those recognized in the first nine months of 2005 by \$5.0 million, and (5) accelerated depreciation totaling \$1.3 million also related to the restructuring actions. These negative factors impacting the gross profit comparisons were partially offset by the positive impact of manufacturing cost reduction initiatives, primarily the closure of three plants in the second quarter of 2005. Additional discussion regarding the events and trends that significantly impacted gross profit is included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

SG&A expenses decreased by \$1.3 million in the nine months ended September 24, 2006 from the comparable period in 2005 primarily because of the impact of cost reduction initiatives (including 2005 personnel reductions), nonrecurring executive succession costs recognized in 2005 totaling \$6.0 million, and nonrecurring merger-related costs totaling \$2.1 million recognized in 2005. These positive factors impacting the SG&A expense comparison were partially offset by incentive compensation costs, consulting costs, severance and other termination benefits costs, travel costs, and sales commission costs recognized in the first nine months of 2006 that exceeded those recognized in the first nine months of 2005 by \$2.8 million, \$2.1 million, \$1.4 million, \$1.4 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Incentive compensation and commission costs were higher primarily because of our improved financial performance in 2006 and, in the case of share-based incentive compensation costs, the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) in the current year. Consulting, severance and other termination benefits, and travel costs were higher primarily because of the current year development and deployment of our strategic plan.

SG&A expenses increased by \$3.3 million in the third quarter of 2006 from the third quarter of 2005 primarily because incentive compensation costs, consulting costs, sales commission costs, and travel costs recognized in the current quarter exceeded those recognized in the comparable period of 2005 by \$2.6 million, \$1.4 million, \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The costs were higher for the same reasons as discussed in our analysis of SG&A expenses for the first nine months of 2006 above. These negative factors impacting the SG&A expense comparison were

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partially offset by the impact of cost reduction initiatives (including 2005 personnel reductions), nonrecurring executive succession costs recognized in 2005 totaling \$0.9 million, and nonrecurring merger-related costs recognized in 2005 totaling \$0.3 million.

Operating income increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year because of the favorable gross profit comparison and asset impairment charges recognized in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005 that exceeded those recognized in the comparable periods of the current year by \$5.5 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. Decreased SG&A expenses also contributed to the favorable operating income comparison between the first nine months of 2006 and 2005. However, increased SG&A expenses had a negative impact on the operating income comparison between the third quarters of 2006 and 2005. Additional discussion regarding the events and trends that significantly impacted operating income is

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included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Company's effective annual tax rate changed from 41.4% and 37.6% in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005 to 29.2% and 34.5% in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006. These changes are primarily attributable to the favorable resolution of prior period contingencies in the amount of \$4.7 million in the third quarter of 2006.

Income from continuing operations increased in the nine months ended September 24, 2006 from the comparable period in the prior year because of higher operating income partially offset by higher income tax expense. Income from continuing operations increased in the three months ended September 24, 2006 from the comparable period in 2005 because of higher operating income and lower income tax expense.

### Belden Americas Segment

	Three Months Ended		%	Nine Months Ended
	September 24, 2006	September 25, 2005	Change	September 24, 2006
	(in thousands, except percentage)			
Total revenues	\$220,299	\$175,879	25.3%	\$649,209
Operating income	35,278	28,820	22.4%	104,107
as a percent of total revenues	16.0%	16.4%		16.0%

Belden Americas total revenues (which includes affiliate revenues) increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased selling prices, favorable product mix, increased unit sales volume, and favorable foreign currency translation on international revenues. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increased raw materials costs and to improved pricing practices at certain of our operations. Higher unit sales resulted from increased demand from customers in the fossil fuels, power generation, and broadcast industries coupled with improved order fill rates and reduced backlog at plants manufacturing these products. Operating income increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of the favorable product mix, improved unit sales volume, improved factory utilization that resulted from a 2005 restructuring action, and the impact of 2005 cost reduction initiatives (including a plant closure in the second quarter of 2005). These positive factors affecting the operating income comparison were partially offset by increased variable production costs necessary to support improved unit sales, rising raw materials costs, and asset impairment charges of \$2.4 million recognized in the second quarter of 2006.

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### Specialty Products Segment

	Three Months Ended		%	Nine Months Ended	
	September 24,	September 25,	%	September 24,	September 25,

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	2006	2005	Change	2006	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(in thousands, except percentages)				
Total revenues	\$74,769	\$68,467	9.2%	\$223,284	\$1
Operating income	11,746	4,502	160.9%	28,146	
as a percent of total revenues	15.7%	6.6%		12.6%	

Specialty Products total revenues increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased selling prices and favorable product mix partially offset by decreased unit sales volume. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increased raw materials costs and to improved pricing practices at certain of our operations manufacturing networking products. Decreased unit sales volume resulted from our product portfolio management initiative. Although unit sales volume decreased from the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005 to the comparable periods in 2006, gross margins improved. Operating income increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of improved revenues partially offset by rising raw material costs and excess and obsolete inventory charges.

Europe Segment

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended	
	September 24,	September 25,	%	September 24,	September 25,
	2006	2005	Change	2006	2005
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(in thousands, except percentages)				
Total revenues	\$98,187	\$ 82,685	18.7%	\$ 275,709	\$ 275,709
Operating income (loss)	170	(3,959)	104.3%	(901)	(901)
as a percent of total revenues	0.2%	-4.8%		-0.3%	-0.3%

Europe total revenues increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of increased selling prices and favorable product mix partially offset by decreased unit sales volume. For the three months ended September 24, 2006, the revenue comparison also benefited from the impact of currency translation. For the nine months ended September 24, 2006, the revenue comparison was negatively affected by the impact of currency translation. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increased raw materials costs. Decreased unit sales volume resulted from our product portfolio management initiative. Although unit sales volume decreased from the three- and nine-month periods ended September 25, 2005 to the comparable periods in 2006, gross margins improved. Europe operating results declined in the nine months ended September 24, 2006 from the comparable period in 2005 primarily because of rising raw materials costs, severance and other termination benefits costs recognized in 2006 that exceeded those recognized in 2005 by \$7.3 million, and accelerated depreciation of \$1.3 million. These negative factors affecting the operating results comparison were partially offset by improved revenues and asset impairment charges recognized in 2005 that exceeded those recognized in 2006 by \$3.1 million. Europe operating results increased in the three months ended September 24, 2006 from the comparable period in 2005 primarily because of improved revenues and asset impairment charges recognized in the third quarter

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of 2005 that exceeded those recognized in the current quarter by \$3.1 million. These positive factors affecting the operating results comparison were partially offset by rising raw materials costs, and severance and other termination

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benefits costs recognized in the current quarter that exceeded those recognized in the comparable quarter in 2005 by \$4.5 million.

### Asia Pacific Segment

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months En	
	September 24, 2006	September 25, 2005	%	September 24, 2006	Sept
			Change		
	(in thousands, except percentages)				
Total revenues	\$18,576	\$12,734	45.9%	\$47,040	\$3
Operating income	1,386	1,237	12.0%	4,319	
as a percent of total revenues	7.5%	9.7%		9.2%	

Asia Pacific total revenues increased in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased unit sales volume and increased selling prices. Higher unit sales resulted from increased demand for products in all our served markets primarily because of improvement in sales representation over the past year, several large casino and hotel construction projects, and sales of excess inventory totaling approximately \$1.0 million from our warehouses in China and Australia at discounted prices. Price increases were implemented during 2005-2006 in response to rising raw material costs. Operating income increased during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of the favorable revenue comparison partially offset by excess and obsolete inventory charges recognized in the three-and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006 that each exceeded those recognized in the comparable periods of 2005 by \$0.6 million.

Additional discussion regarding the events and trends that significantly impacted revenues and operating income for all our operating segments is included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### Discontinued Operations

During each of the periods presented we reported the operations listed in Note 3, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements as discontinued operations. Loss from discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 24, 2006 included \$27.6 million of revenues and \$1.9 million of loss before tax (\$1.3 million after tax). We recognized a loss on the disposal of discontinued operations in the amount of \$6.1 million before tax (\$4.3 million after tax) during the first quarter of 2006 related to our operation in Manchester, United Kingdom. Loss from discontinued operations for the quarter ended September 25, 2005 included \$25.9 million of revenues and \$3.3 million of loss before tax (\$3.1 million after tax). Loss from discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 25, 2005 included \$77.1 million of revenues and \$2.9 million of loss before tax (\$2.6 million after tax). We recognized gains on



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the disposal of discontinued operations related to our Phoenix operation in the amount of \$13.7 million before tax (\$8.8 million after tax) and \$10.0 million before tax (\$6.4 million after tax), respectively, during the second and first quarters of 2005.

At September 24, 2006, there were no remaining assets or liabilities belonging to the discontinued operations.

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### FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Significant factors affecting our cash liquidity include (1) cash provided by operating activities, dispositions of tangible assets, and the exercise of stock options, (2) cash used for business acquisitions, capital expenditures, and dividends, and (3) the adequacy of our available credit facilities and other borrowing arrangements. We believe the sources listed above are sufficient to fund the current requirements of working capital, to make scheduled contributions for our retirement plans, to fund scheduled debt maturity payments, to fund quarterly dividend payments, and to support our short-term operating strategies. Customer demand, competitive market forces, commodities pricing, customer acceptance of our product mix or economic conditions worldwide could affect our ability to continue to fund our future needs from business operations.

#### Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities in the first nine months of 2006 totaled \$58.4 million and included \$66.9 million of non-cash operating expenses, a \$44.2 million cash outflow resulting from movement in operating assets and liabilities balances, and pension funding that exceeded pension expense recognized during the period by \$19.5 million. Non-cash operating expenses consisted of depreciation, amortization, asset impairment, deferred tax expense, share-based compensation, and a loss on the disposal of tangible assets. The cash outflow resulting from movement in operating assets and liabilities balances can be attributed to cash outflow resulting from movement in receivables and inventories balances partially offset by cash inflow results from movement in both accounts payable and accrued liabilities and other operating assets and liabilities balances.

Cash outflow resulted from the movements in receivables and inventories balances between December 31, 2005 and September 24, 2006 mainly because of higher sales levels and the increased costs for copper and commodities derived from petrochemical feedstocks. Days sales outstanding on receivables at September 24, 2006 was largely unchanged from December 31, 2005. Inventory turns increased from December 31, 2005 to September 24, 2006 primarily because of our working capital management process. Cash inflow resulted from movements in the accounts payable and accrued liabilities balances between December 31, 2005 and September 24, 2006 primarily because of significant increases in accrued payroll partially offset by significant decreases in pension liabilities, accrued severance, and accrued interest. Days payables outstanding decreased from December 31, 2005 to September 24, 2006 as trade accounts payable were relatively unchanged despite an increase in cost of sales.

#### Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities totaled \$20.2 million in the first

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nine months of 2006. We received proceeds on the sale of certain tangible assets totaling \$30.7 million (including \$28.0 million on the sale of certain tangible assets of our discontinued Manchester, United Kingdom operation) during the current year. This cash source was partially offset by capital expenditures totaling \$10.4 million during the current year.

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### Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used for financing activities during the first nine months of 2006 totaled \$25.8 million. During the current year, we repaid approximately \$59.1 million of debt, paid dividends of \$.15 per share to stockholders, which resulted in cash outflow of \$6.5 million, and paid debt issuance costs in the amount of \$1.1 million. These cash outflows were partially offset by proceeds received during the current year from the exercise of stock options totaling \$34.3 million and excess tax benefits related to share-based compensation recognized during the current year in the amount of \$6.6 million.

### Capital Resources

Our capital structure consists primarily of current maturities of long-term debt, long-term debt and stockholders' equity. Our capital structure increased 6.2% during the first nine months of 2006 because of a 16.4% increase in stockholders' equity partially offset by a 25.6% decrease in debt.

Debt decreased from December 31, 2005 to September 24, 2006 primarily because of our scheduled repayment of \$59.0 million in medium-term notes in the third quarter of 2006. The agreements for our revolving credit facility and medium-term notes contain various customary affirmative and negative covenants and other provisions, including restrictions on the incurrence of debt, maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio, maintenance of a fixed charge coverage ratio, and minimum net worth. We were in compliance with these covenants at September 24, 2006. Additional discussion regarding our various borrowing arrangements is included in Note 8, Long-Term Debt and Other Borrowing Arrangements, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Stockholders' equity increased from December 31, 2005 to September 24, 2006 primarily because of increases in additional paid-in capital and retained earnings and improvement in accumulated other comprehensive income. Additional paid-in capital increased primarily because of stock option exercises. Retained earnings increased primarily because of net income partially offset by dividends. Accumulated other comprehensive income improved primarily because of the positive effect of currency exchange rates on financial statement translation.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We were not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements at September 24, 2006.

### IMPACT OF NEWLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Discussions regarding our pending adoptions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans--an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R), are included in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to

the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During the three- and nine-month periods ended September 24, 2006:

- We did not change any of our existing critical accounting policies;
- No existing accounting policies became critical accounting policies because of an increase in the materiality of associated transactions or changes in the circumstances to which associated judgments and estimates relate;
- There were no significant changes in the manner in which critical accounting policies were applied or in which related judgments and estimates were developed, except for our change in estimate regarding allowances for excess and obsolete inventories, as described below; and
- We did adopt one new critical accounting policy, share-based compensation, as described below.

#### Allowances for Excess and Obsolete Inventories

In 2006, we changed the parameters we apply to our allowances for excess and obsolete inventories. Further discussion regarding this change is included in Note 5, Inventories, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Share-Based Compensation

We compensate certain employees with various forms of share-based payment awards and recognize compensation cost for these awards based on their fair values. The fair values of certain awards are estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing formula which incorporates certain assumptions regarding the expected term of an award, stock volatility, dividend yield, and risk-free interest rates. We develop the expected term assumption based on the vesting period and contractual term of an award, our historical exercise and post-vesting cancellation experience, our stock price history, plan provisions that require exercise or cancellation of awards after employees terminate, and the extent to which currently available information indicates that the future is reasonably expected to differ from past experience. We develop the expected volatility assumption based on monthly historical price data for our stock and other economic data trended into future years. The dividend yield is the ratio of historical per-annum dividends paid per share of our common stock to the market price of our common stock on the grant date. The assumption made with regard to dividend yield is that current dividend payment practices will continue in the future. After calculating the aggregate fair value of an award, we use an estimated forfeiture rate to discount the amount of share-based payments compensation cost to be recognized in our operating results over the service period of the award. We developed the forfeiture assumption based on our historical pre-vesting cancellation experience.

Discussion regarding the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) is included in Note 11, Share-Based Compensation Plans, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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### OUTLOOK

Although we remain in a volatile material cost environment and it continues to be a challenge to manage pricing so as to maintain our profitability, we expect the general economic conditions in our served markets to remain healthy in the fourth quarter of 2006. We expect diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the fourth quarter between \$.43 and \$.48; however, further charges related to our ongoing restructuring initiatives might reduce that estimate. We expect that our diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the year will be between \$1.69 and \$1.74. This range includes estimated restructuring charges of \$.16 for the year.

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### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this report, including those noted in the "Outlook" section, other than historical facts are forward-looking statements made in reliance upon the safe harbor of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on forecasts and projections about the industries which we serve and about general economic conditions. They reflect management's beliefs and assumptions. They are not guarantees of future performance and they involve risk and uncertainty. Our actual results may differ materially from these expectations. Some of the factors that may cause actual results to differ from our expectations include:

- Demand and acceptance of our products by customers and end users;
- Changes in the cost and availability of raw materials (specifically, copper, commodities derived from petrochemical feedstocks, and other materials);
- The degree to which we will be able to respond to raw materials cost fluctuations through the pricing of our products;
- Energy costs;
- Our ability to successfully rationalize production capacity as we reduce working capital;
- The ability to successfully implement our announced restructuring plans (for which we may incur additional costs); and
- Other factors noted in this report and our other Securities Exchange Act of 1934 filings.

For a more complete discussion of risk factors, please see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2006. We disclaim any duty to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future developments, or otherwise, or to continue the practice of providing earnings guidance such as that found under the "Outlook" section.

### ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 provides more information as to the practices and instruments we use to manage market risks. There were no material changes in our exposure to market risks since December

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31, 2005 other than increases in certain raw materials costs discussed in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are a party to various legal proceedings and administrative actions that are incidental to our operations in which the claimant alleges injury from exposure to heat-resistant asbestos fiber, generally contained in a small number of products manufactured by our predecessors. These proceedings include personal injury cases (about 144 of which we were aware at October 30, 2006) in which we are one of many defendants, 36 of which are scheduled for trial for the remainder of 2006 and for 2007. Electricians have filed a majority of these cases, primarily in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Plaintiffs in these cases generally seek compensatory, special and punitive damages. Through October 30, 2006, we have been dismissed (or reached agreement to be dismissed) in approximately 179 similar cases without any going to trial, and with only 10 of these involving any payment to the claimant. We have insurance that we believe should cover a significant portion of any defense or settlement costs borne by us in these types of cases. In our opinion, the proceedings and actions in which we are involved should not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

### ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes with respect to risk factors as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

### ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

- Exhibit 10.1 Executive Employment Agreement dated as of July 16, 2006, between Belden CDT Inc. and Peter F. Sheehan.
- Exhibit 10.2 Executive Employment Agreement dated as of July 16, 2006, between Belden CDT Inc. and Robert Canny.
- Exhibit 10.3 Executive Employment Agreement dated as of August 24, 2006, between Belden CDT Inc. and Gray Benoist.
- Exhibit 10.4 Consent of September 22, 2006, related to Credit Agreement, dated

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as of January 24, 2006, among Belden CDT Inc., the Lenders from time to time parties thereto, and Wachovia Bank, National Association, as administrative agent.

- Exhibit 31.1 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 31.2 Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 32.1 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 32.2 Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BELDEN CDT INC.

Date: November 3, 2006

By: /s/ John S. Stroup

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John S. Stroup  
President, Chief Executive Officer  
and Director

Date: November 3, 2006

By: /s/ Gray G. Benoist

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Gray G. Benoist  
Vice President, Finance and Chief  
Financial Officer

Date: November 3, 2006

By: /s/ John S. Norman

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John S. Norman  
Controller and Chief Accounting  
Officer

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