

IVANHOE MINES LTD
Form 6-K
April 19, 2006

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549
FORM 6-K
REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

From: April 18, 2006

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

Suite 654 999 CANADA PLACE, VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA V6C 3E1

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F- Form 40-F-

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

Yes: No:

(If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-_____.)

Enclosed:

Revised year end financial statements to December 31, 2005

CEO Certification

CFO Certification

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Date: April 18, 2006

By: */s/ Beverly A. Bartlett*
BEVERLY A. BARTLETT
Corporate Secretary

Report of Independent Registered Chartered Accountants and Consolidated Financial Statements of
IVANHOE MINES LTD.
December 31, 2005 and 2004
(Revised through the addition of Note 24 and renumbering of Note 25)

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Report of Independent Registered Chartered Accountants

To the Shareholders of
Ivanhoe Mines Ltd.

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. (the Company) as at December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. These standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Independent Registered Chartered Accountants
Vancouver, British Columbia

March 30, 2006 (except for Notes 24 and 25 for which the date is April 10, 2006)

Comment by Independent Registered Chartered Accountants on Canada-United States of America Reporting Difference

The standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) require the addition of an explanatory paragraph (following the opinion paragraph) when there are changes in accounting principles that have a material effect on the comparability of the Company's financial statements, such as the change described in Note 2 (i) to the consolidated financial statements. Our report to the shareholders dated March 30, 2006 (except for Notes 24 and 25 for which the date is April 10, 2006) is expressed in accordance with Canadian reporting standards which do not require a reference to such changes in accounting principles in the report of the independent registered chartered accountants when the change is properly accounted for and adequately disclosed in the financial statements.

Independent Registered Chartered Accountants
Vancouver, British Columbia

March 30, 2006 (except for Notes 24 and 25 for which the date is April 10, 2006)

IVANHOE MINES LTD.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Stated in thousands of U.S. dollars)

December 31,
2005 2004

ASSETS

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

J. Weatherall, Director

K. Thygesen, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Consolidated Statements of Operations****(Stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for share and per share amounts)**

| | Year ended December 31, | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Exploration | \$ (127,165) | \$ (98,174) |
| General and administrative | (23,825) | (22,202) |
| Interest | (354) | (309) |
| Depreciation | (2,558) | (2,027) |
| Mining property care and maintenance costs (Note 9 (a)) | (3,706) | (3,755) |
| Write-down of carrying values of property, plant and equipment | (609) | (142) |
| OPERATING LOSS | (158,217) | (126,609) |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) | | |
| Share of income from joint venture (Note 4) | 23,036 | 21,416 |
| Interest income | 3,421 | 3,126 |
| Foreign exchange gains | 7,751 | 4,631 |
| Share of loss of significantly influenced investees (Note 8 (a) and (b)) | (2,651) | (2,315) |
| Gain on sale of long-term investments (Note 8 (c) and (e)) | 115 | 4,523 |
| Write-down of carrying values of long-term investments (Note 8 (a) and (c)) | (1,438) | (5,277) |
| LOSS BEFORE TAXES AND OTHER ITEMS | (127,983) | (100,505) |
| Provision for income and capital taxes (Note 13) | (433) | (588) |
| Minority interests (Note 15) | 2,714 | 2,103 |
| NET LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | (125,702) | (98,990) |
| NET INCOME AND GAIN ON SALE FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Note 3) | 35,916 | 4,449 |
| NET LOSS | (89,786) | (94,541) |
| BASIC AND DILUTED (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ (0.41) | \$ (0.35) |
| DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | 0.12 | 0.01 |
| | \$ (0.29) | \$ (0.34) |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING (000 s) | 305,160 | 281,640 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity****(Stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for share amounts)**

| | Share Capital | | Special | Additional | Accumulated | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| | Number | Amount | Warrants | Paid-In | Other | Deficit | Total |
| | of Shares | | | Capital | Comprehensive | | |
| | | | | | Income | | |
| Balances, December 31, 2003 | 265,440,052 | \$714,359 | \$ 49,975 | \$ 10,658 | \$ 1,587 | \$(478,749) | \$297,830 |
| Effect of accounting change (Note 2 (i)) | | | | | | (7,628) | (7,628) |
| Net loss | | | | | | (94,541) | (94,541) |
| Other comprehensive income (Note 17): | | | | | 1,292 | | 1,292 |
| Comprehensive loss | | | | | | | (93,249) |
| Shares issued for: | | | | | | | |
| Private placements, net of issue costs of \$5,765 | 20,000,000 | 100,593 | | | | | 100,593 |
| Exercise of special warrants | 5,760,000 | 49,975 | (49,975) | | | | |
| Exercise of stock options | 1,502,554 | 2,233 | | (892) | | | 1,341 |
| Exercise of share purchase warrants | 25,000 | 244 | | | | | 244 |
| Share purchase plan | 17,019 | 102 | | | | | 102 |
| Consulting fees | 126,373 | 1,100 | | | | | 1,100 |
| Stock compensation charged to operations | | | | 6,517 | | | 6,517 |
| Balances, December 31, 2004 | 292,870,998 | \$868,606 | \$ | \$ 16,283 | \$ 2,879 | \$(580,918) | \$306,850 |
| Net loss | | | | | | (89,786) | (89,786) |
| Other comprehensive income (Note 17): | | | | | 3,832 | | 3,832 |
| Comprehensive loss | | | | | | | (85,954) |
| Shares issued for: | | | | | | | |
| Private placement, net of issue costs of \$6,095 | 19,750,000 | 119,801 | | | | | 119,801 |
| Exercise of stock options | 3,213,172 | 5,555 | | (1,835) | | | 3,720 |
| | 50,000 | 362 | | | | | 362 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------|----|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| Property, plant and equipment purchased (Note 19 (b)) | | | | | | | |
| Share purchase plan | 16,498 | 118 | | | | | 118 |
| Dilution gain on issuance of shares by a subsidiary | | | | 3,012 | | | 3,012 |
| Stock compensation charged to operations | | | | 7,714 | | | 7,714 |
| Balances, December 31, 2005 | 315,900,668 | \$994,442 | \$ | \$25,174 | \$ 6,711 | \$(670,704) | \$355,623 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

IVANHOE MINES LTD.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Stated in thousands of U.S. dollars)

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net loss from continuing operations | \$(125,702) | \$ (98,990) |
| Items not involving use of cash | | |
| Depreciation | 2,558 | 2,027 |
| Stock based compensation | 7,714 | 6,517 |
| Accretion expense | 354 | 286 |
| Non-cash exploration expense recovery (Note 8 (a)) | | (3,248) |
| Unrealized foreign exchange gains | (7,691) | (5,443) |
| Share of income from joint venture, net of cash distribution | (13,036) | (21,416) |
| Share of loss of significantly influenced investees | 2,651 | 2,315 |
| Gain on sale of long-term investments (Note 8 (c) and (e)) | (115) | (4,523) |
| Write-down of carrying value of long-term investments (Note 8 (a) and (c)) | 1,438 | 5,277 |
| Deferred income taxes | (15) | 246 |
| Minority interests | (2,714) | (2,103) |
| Write-down of carrying values of property, plant and equipment | 609 | 142 |
| Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment | | 197 |
| Net change in non-cash operating working capital items (Note 19 (a)) | (1,756) | (3,174) |
| Cash used in operating activities of continuing operations | (135,705) | (121,890) |
| Cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations | 2,592 | 3,150 |
| Cash used in operating activities | (133,113) | (118,740) |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations | 15,000 | |
| Redemption of investments | | 50,000 |
| Purchase of long-term investments | (6,310) | (3,846) |
| Purchase of subsidiary, net of cash acquired of \$15,414 | 12,022 | |
| Proceeds from sale of long-term investments | 4,539 | 2,461 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | | 2,720 |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment | (32,180) | (27,846) |
| Expenditures on other assets | (794) | |
| Other | (2,007) | (6,226) |
| Cash (used in) provided by investing activities of continuing operations | (9,730) | 17,263 |
| Cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations | (502) | (4,657) |
| Cash (used in) provided by investing activities | (10,232) | 12,606 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Issue of share capital | 123,639 | 102,280 |

| | | |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| Minority interests investment in subsidiary | 1,104 | |
| Cash provided by financing activities of continuing operations | 124,743 | 102,280 |
| Cash (used in) provided by financing activities of discontinued operations | (37) | 5,431 |
| Cash provided by financing activities | 124,706 | 107,711 |
| | | |
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH | 7,842 | 5,385 |
| | | |
| NET CASH (OUTFLOW) INFLOW | (10,797) | 6,962 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 112,478 | 105,516 |
| | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | \$ 101,681 | \$ 112,478 |
| | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS IS COMPRISED OF: | | |
| Cash on hand and demand deposits | \$ 33,240 | \$ 33,796 |
| Short-term money market instruments | 68,441 | 78,682 |
| | \$ 101,681 | \$ 112,478 |

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Note 19 (b) and (c))

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. (the Company), together with its subsidiaries and joint venture (collectively referred to as Ivanhoe Mines), is an international mineral exploration and development company holding interests in and conducting operations on mineral resource properties principally located in Southeast and Central Asia and Australia.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States of America generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). In the case of the Company, U.S. GAAP differs in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in Canada (Canadian GAAP) as explained in Note 23.

The significant accounting policies used in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

(a) Principles of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. The principal subsidiaries of the Company are Ivanhoe Mines Mongolia Inc. (B.V.I.), Ivanhoe Mines China (B.V.I.), Ivanhoe Cloncurry Mines Pty Ltd (Australia), and their respective subsidiaries, and Bakyrchik Mining Venture (Kazakhstan) (70% owned) (BMV).

Jinshan Gold Mines Inc. (B.C., Canada) (Jinshan) became a subsidiary of the Company in December 2005 (53% owned). Prior to this the investment in Jinshan was accounted for using the equity method.

Ivanhoe Mines' investment in Asia Gold Corp. (Asia Gold) (B.C., Canada) (47% owned) remains consolidated at December 2005 due to Ivanhoe Mines having control over the operating, financing and strategic decisions of Asia Gold.

Ivanhoe Mines' investment in Myanmar Ivanhoe Copper Company Limited (JVCo) (Myanmar) (50% owned), which is subject to joint control, is accounted for using the equity method.

All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated, where appropriate.

Variable Interest Entities (VIEs), which include, but are not limited to, special purpose entities, trusts, partnerships, and other legal structures, as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 46 (Revised 2003) (FIN 46R) Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities an Interpretation of ARB No. 51, are entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or there is not sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support. VIEs are subject to consolidation by the primary beneficiary who will absorb the majority of the entities' expected losses and/or expected residual returns.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Measurement uncertainties

Generally accepted accounting principles require management to make assumptions and estimates that affect the reported amounts and other disclosures in these consolidated financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Significant estimates used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements include, among other things, the recoverability of accounts receivable and investments, the proven and probable ore reserves, the estimated recoverable tonnes of ore from each mine area, the estimated net realizable value of inventories, the provision for income taxes and composition of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities, the expected economic lives of and the estimated future operating results and net cash flows from property, plant and equipment, and the anticipated costs and timing of asset retirement obligations.

(c) Foreign currencies

The Company considers the U.S. dollar to be its functional currency as it is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate. Accordingly, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date and non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates in effect at the time of acquisition or issue. Revenues and expenses are translated at rates approximating the exchange rates in effect at the time of the transactions. All exchange gains and losses are included in operations.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term money market instruments with terms to maturity, at the date of acquisition, not exceeding 90 days.

(e) Inventories

Mine stores and supplies are valued at the lower of the weighted average cost, less allowances for obsolescence, and replacement cost.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Long-term investments

Long-term investments in companies in which Ivanhoe Mines has voting interests of 20% to 50%, or where Ivanhoe Mines has the ability to exercise significant influence, are accounted for using the equity method. Under this method, Ivanhoe Mines' share of the investees' earnings and losses is included in operations and its investments therein are adjusted by a like amount. Dividends received are credited to the investment accounts.

The other long-term investments are classified as available-for-sale investments. Unrealized gains and losses on these investments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income as a separate component of shareholders' equity, unless the declines in market value are judged to be other than temporary, in which case the losses are recognized in income in the period. Realized gains and losses from the sale of these investments are included in income in the period.

(g) Exploration and development

All direct costs related to the acquisition of mineral property interests are capitalized in the period incurred.

Exploration costs are charged to operations in the period incurred until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable reserves, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized. Exploration costs include value-added taxes incurred in foreign jurisdictions when recoverability of those taxes is uncertain.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost (including development and preproduction costs, capitalized interest, other financing costs and all direct administrative support costs incurred during the construction period, net of cost recoveries and incidental revenues), less accumulated depletion and depreciation including write-downs. Following the construction period, interest, other financing costs and administrative costs are expensed as incurred.

On the commencement of commercial production, depletion of each mining property is provided on the unit-of-production basis, using estimated proven and probable reserves as the depletion basis.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated, following the commencement of commercial production, over their expected economic lives using either the unit-of-production method or the straight-line method (over one to twenty years).

Capital works in progress are not depreciated until the capital asset has been put into operation.

Ivanhoe Mines reviews the carrying values of its property, plant and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying values may not be recoverable. An impairment is considered to exist if total estimated future cash flows, or probability-weighted cash flows on an undiscounted basis, are less than the carrying value of the assets. An impairment loss is measured and recorded based on discounted estimated future cash flows associated with values beyond proven and probable reserves and resources. In estimating future cash flows, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there is identifiable future cash flows that are largely independent of cash flows from other asset groups. Generally, in estimating future cash flows, all assets are grouped at a particular mine for which there is identifiable cash flows.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Stripping costs

On March 30, 2005, the FASB ratified the consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue 04-6 that stripping costs incurred during the production phase of a mine are variable production costs that should be included in the costs of the inventory produced during the period that the stripping costs are incurred. Commencing in the first quarter of 2005, Ivanhoe Mines changed its accounting policy with respect to stripping costs to comply with the consensus reached by the EITF. This change has been applied retrospectively by restating prior period financial statements. In 2004 and prior years, Ivanhoe Mines deferred or accrued stripping costs incurred during production, as appropriate, and charged these costs to operations on the basis of the estimated average stripping ratio for each mine area. The effect of this change was to increase the deficit at January 1, 2004 by \$7,628,000, to increase the net loss for the year ended December 31, 2004 by \$7,889,000 (\$0.03 per share) and to decrease assets of discontinued operations and investment in joint venture at December 31, 2004 by \$13,973,000 and \$1,544,000, respectively. The impact on the year ended December 31, 2005 was to decrease the net loss for the year by \$186,000 (\$0.00 per share) and to increase assets of discontinued operations and decrease investment in joint venture at December 31, 2005 by \$887,000 and \$701,000, respectively.

(j) Asset retirement obligations

Ivanhoe Mines recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual or legal obligations associated with the retirement of property, plant and equipment, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. Initially, a liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at its fair value in the period in which it is incurred. Upon initial recognition of the liability, the corresponding asset retirement cost is added to the carrying amount of that asset and the cost is amortized as an expense over the economic life of the related asset. Following the initial recognition of the asset retirement obligation, the carrying amount of the liability is increased for the passage of time and adjusted for changes to the amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue at JVCo from the sale of metals is recognized, net of related royalties and sales commissions, when: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (ii) the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the purchaser including delivery of the product; (iii) the selling price is fixed or determinable; and (iv) collectibility is reasonably assured. Revenue from copper cathode includes provisional pricing arrangements accounted for as embedded derivative instruments under SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities , as amended.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)***(l) Stock-based compensation*

The Company has an Employees and Directors Equity Incentive Plan which is disclosed in Note 16. The Company records compensation expense using the fair value based method in accordance with SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Accordingly, the fair value of stock options at the date of grant is amortized to operations, with an offsetting credit to additional paid-in capital, on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. If and when the stock options are ultimately exercised, the applicable amounts of additional paid-in capital are transferred to share capital.

(m) Deferred income taxes

The Company computes income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS 109 requires that the provision for deferred income taxes be based on the liability method. Deferred taxes arise from the recognition of the tax consequences of temporary differences by applying statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement's carrying amounts and the tax bases of certain assets and liabilities. The Company records a valuation allowance against any portion of those deferred income tax assets that management believes will, more likely than not, fail to be realized.

(n) Loss per share

The Company follows SFAS No. 128, Earnings Per Share, which requires the presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss attributable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares and Special Warrants outstanding during the year. All stock options and share purchase warrants outstanding at each period end have been excluded from the weighted average share calculation. The effect of potentially dilutive stock options and share purchase warrants was antidilutive in years ending December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Details of potentially dilutive shares excluded from the loss per share calculation due to antidilution:

| | December 31, | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Options | 7,416,700 | 9,890,942 |
| Share purchase warrants | 576,000 | 7,701,000 |
| Total potentially dilutive shares | 7,992,700 | 17,591,942 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation as at and for the year ended December 31, 2005. In particular, the assets and liabilities of ABM Mining Limited (ABM) (owner of the Savage River Project) as at December 31, 2004, and its results of operations and cash flows for the year then ended (Note 3), have been classified as discontinued operations. Accounting for stripping costs has also been retrospectively adjusted (Note 2 (i)).

(p) Recent accounting pronouncements

Recently issued United States accounting pronouncements have been outlined below. Ivanhoe Mines believes the new standards issued by the U.S. FASB will not have a material impact on the Company.

In March 2005, the Emerging Issues Committee issued EITF 04-3, Mining Assets – Impairment and Business Combinations, which states that an entity should include Value Beyond Proven and Probable Reserves and Resources (VBPP) in the value allocated to mining assets in a purchase price allocation to the extent that a market participant would include VBPP in determining the fair value of the asset. EITF 04-3 also states that an entity should include the effects of anticipated fluctuations in the future market price of minerals in determining the fair value of mining assets in a purchase price allocation in a manner that is consistent with the expectations of marketplace participants. In addition, EITF 04-3 states that an entity should include the cash flows associated with VBPP as well as the effects of anticipated fluctuations in the market price of minerals in estimates of future cash flows (both undiscounted and discounted) used for determining whether a mining asset is impaired. The Company's current accounting policy complies with EITF 04-3.

In November 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 – The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments. This FSP addresses the determination as to when an investment is considered impaired, whether that impairment is other than temporary, and the measurement of an impairment loss. This FSP also includes accounting considerations subsequent to the recognition of an other-than-temporary impairment and requires certain disclosures about unrealized losses that have not been recognized as other-than-temporary impairments. The guidance in this FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 is applicable to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2005. Management does not expect the adoption of this FSP to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Recent accounting pronouncements (Continued)

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (R), *Share-Based Payment*, which replaces SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. In March 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 *Share-Based Payment*, which provides interpretive guidance related to SFAS No. 123 (R). SFAS No. 123 (R) requires compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions to be recognized in the financial statements. With limited exceptions, the amount of compensation cost is measured based on the grant-date fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. SFAS No. 123 (R) requires liability awards to be re-measured each reporting period and compensation costs to be recognized over the period that an employee provides service in exchange for the award. Management plans to adopt this statement on the modified prospective basis beginning January 1, 2006, and does not expect adoption of this statement to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In October 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position SFAS No. 123 (R)-2, *Practical Accommodation to the Application of Grant Date as Defined in SFAS No. 123 (R)*. FAS 123 (R)-2 provides guidance on the application of grant date as defined in SFAS No. 123 (R). In accordance with this standard a grant date of an award exists if (i) the award is a unilateral grant and (ii) the key terms and conditions of the award are expected to be communicated to an individual recipient within a relatively short time period from the date of approval. The Company will adopt this standard when it adopts SFAS No. 123 (R), and does not anticipate that the implementation of this statement will have a significant impact on its results of operations.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, a replacement of APB Opinion 20 and FASB Statement 3. This Statement changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. It also applies to changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that the pronouncement does not include specific transition provisions. The Statement is effective for accounting changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Management does not expect the adoption of this Statement to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Recent accounting pronouncements (Continued)

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, *Exchanges of Non-monetary Assets*, an amendment of APB Opinion 29. This Statement amends Opinion 29 to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A non-monetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. The Statement is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. Management does not expect the adoption of this Statement to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In November 2005, the FASB concluded that in their proposed *Accounting for Uncertain Tax Positions* an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, a benefit recognition model with a two-step approach would be used, with a more-likely-than-not recognition criterion and a best estimate measure attribute. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more-likely-than-not, based solely on the technical merits, that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the appropriate amount of the benefit to recognize, which will be measured using the best estimate of the amount that will be sustained. The tax position should be derecognized when it is no longer more-likely-than-not of being sustained. In January 2006, the FASB concluded that the final Interpretation will be effective as of the beginning of the first annual period beginning after December 31, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the implications of this Interpretation.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments* an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140. This Statement resolves issues addressed in Statement 133 Implementation Issue No. D1, *Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*. This Statement:

Permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation;

Clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of Statement 133;

Establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation;

Clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives; and

Amends Statement 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Recent accounting pronouncements (Continued)

This Statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of fiscal years that begin after September 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the implications of this Statement.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In November 2004, the Company adopted a plan to dispose of the Savage River Iron Ore Project (the Project). This decision was part of the Company's plan to rationalize its non-core assets as it focuses on the Oyu Tolgoi project in Mongolia. In February 2005, Ivanhoe Mines sold the Project for two initial payments totalling \$21.5 million, plus a series of contingent, annual payments based on annual iron ore pellet tonnes sold and an escalating price formula based on the prevailing annual Nibrasco/JSM pellet price.

Ivanhoe Mines received the first initial payment of \$15.0 million on February 28, 2005. The second payment of \$6.5 million plus an additional \$0.2 million in interest was received on January 31, 2006.

The future payments will be received over five years commencing March 2006. These payments will be calculated at an initial rate of \$1.00 per tonne of iron ore pellets sold if the annual benchmark pellet price exceeds \$30 per tonne, and will escalate to a maximum of \$16.50 per tonne of iron ore pellets sold if the annual price exceeds \$80 per tonne. Based on the tonnes of iron ore sold during the nine months ended December 31, 2005, and the escalating price formula, an amount of \$20.2 million has been accrued as receivable.

At February 28, 2005, the net book value of the Project was \$11.2 million. Therefore, the total income recognized in 2005 reduced the net book value to \$nil and resulted in the excess of \$30.5 million being included in operations during the year.

At December 31, 2005, Ivanhoe Mines had a total of \$26.9 million included in accounts receivable related to the disposition of the Project. The amount was comprised of the second initial payment and related interest of \$6.7 million and the contingent income accrual of \$20.2 million.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)**

| | Years ended December | |
|--|----------------------|-------------|
| | 2005 | 31, 2004 |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | \$ 7,432 |
| Accounts receivable | | 3,985 |
| Inventories | | 21,295 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 882 |
| Other current assets | | 3,042 |
| Current assets of discontinued operations | | 36,636 |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 5,889 |
| Other assets | | 3,738 |
| Non-current assets of discontinued operations | | 9,627 |
| Total assets of discontinued operations | \$ | \$ 46,263 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | \$ 13,870 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | 212 |
| Current liabilities of discontinued operations | | 14,082 |
| Long-term debt (non-recourse to the Company) | | 13,025 |
| Deferred income taxes | | 2,078 |
| Other liabilities | | 11,277 |
| Non-current liabilities of discontinued operations | | 26,380 |
| Total liabilities of discontinued operations | \$ | \$ 40,462 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)**

The following table presents summarized financial information related to discontinued operations:

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2005 ⁽¹⁾ | 2004 |
| REVENUE | \$ 18,031 | \$ 83,898 |
| COST OF OPERATIONS | (11,965) | (78,778) |
| DEPRECIATION AND DEPLETION | | (1,395) |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 6,066 | 3,725 |
| EXPENSES | | |
| General and administrative | (195) | (1,425) |
| Interest expense | (203) | (1,021) |
| INCOME BEFORE THE FOLLOWING | 5,668 | 1,279 |
| Interest income | 16 | 308 |
| Foreign exchange (losses) gains | (285) | 3,745 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES | 5,399 | 5,332 |
| Recovery of (provision for) income and capital taxes | 7 | (883) |
| NET INCOME | 5,406 | 4,449 |
| Contingent income | 20,243 | |
| Gain on sale of ABM | 10,267 | |
| NET INCOME AND GAIN ON SALE FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | \$ 35,916 | \$ 4,449 |

(1) Net income for the year ended December 31, 2005, includes only two months of results for the Project as it was sold on February 28, 2005.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

4. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

Ivanhoe Mines has a 50% interest in JVCo, a joint venture formed to develop open-pit copper mining operations at Monywa in the Union of Myanmar. JVCo completed construction of a mining complex in 1998 to develop the Sabetaung and Kyisintaung (S&K) deposits within the Monywa Copper Project. Commercial production from those deposits commenced during the first quarter of 1999.

In early 2005, the Company announced its intention to expand, in a series of incremental steps, the mine's production capacity to a target of 200,000 tonnes per annum. At that time, mining equipment was ordered to increase the annual copper cathode capacity to 50,000 tonnes per annum by mid-2006 as part of the expansion program.

In the fourth quarter of 2005 and the first quarter of 2006, several circumstances occurred that may potentially have a negative impact on the operations of the mine for 2006 and future years.

Firstly, the economic sanctions imposed against Myanmar by the United States have started to seriously impact the mine's ability to function in a normal way. In the fourth quarter of 2005, both the mine's insurance broker and the off-shore banking institution terminated their relationship with the mine on account of these sanctions. Although the mine had in excess of \$40 million in off-shore bank accounts at December 31, 2005, the operations of the mine were shut-down in March 2006. The mine is expected to resume operations shortly when additional fuel, required to operate mining equipment, and chemicals required for the leaching and electrowinning process, become available. The management of the S&K Mine has established a new banking relationship with an off-shore institution.

Secondly, the mine has not yet been able to obtain from the Myanmar authorities the necessary import permits for its previously ordered mining equipment. The equipment is currently off-shore, awaiting approval for delivery. The Company does not know if or when import permits will be granted for the importation of this equipment. The Company has received recent oral assurances from its joint venture partner that the necessary documentation is nearing finalization. The increase in mining capacity is crucial to allow waste stripping for the Sabetaung deposit and ultimately for the future development of the Kysingtaung and Letpadaung deposits. Without a substantial increase in mining capacity, these two deposits cannot be economically developed. The drop in copper grades at the Sabetaung pit, combined with the mine's potential inability to obtain the necessary importing permits resulted in significant decreases in copper cathode production in the fourth quarter of 2005.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****4. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)**

Thirdly, in the third quarter of 2005, the Company reported its difference of opinion with certain Myanmar tax authorities on a commercial tax issue involving the imposition of an 8% commercial tax on all export sales of JVCo. In the fourth quarter of 2005, Ivanhoe Mines was unable to satisfactorily resolve this issue. The Company's management believes that the tax provisions in the S&K Mine joint venture agreement clearly exempt the mine's copper exports from all tax of a commercial nature. The imposition of such a commercial tax, equivalent to an additional 8% royalty, would have a significant negative impact on future cash flows and any future development plans for the S&K Mine. The commercial tax is being claimed retroactively to January 1, 2003, on all export copper sales. If the Myanmar government's position on this issue prevails, the joint venture's estimated commercial tax liability at December 31, 2005 would total approximately \$22.4 million (net \$11.2 million to the Company). The Company is seeking a written legal opinion from the Attorney General of Myanmar on the applicability of this tax and the Company has received certain assurances that the ruling may be favorable.

The Company is also concerned about the timely approvals for the expansion of the Letpadaung deposit. To date, the expansion of the deposit has been neither approved nor denied by the Government of Myanmar.

The Company reviews the carrying value of its assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset might have been impaired. The Company intends to engage in discussions with its joint venture partner and with the relevant Myanmar government authorities with a view to satisfactorily resolving these issues. If these issues cannot be satisfactorily resolved in a timely manner, the Company may, as part of a future review of the carrying value of its assets, be required to reflect a significant impairment of, and reduce on its financial statements, the carrying value of its investment in the S&K Mine.

The following table summarizes Ivanhoe Mines' investment in JVCo:

| | December 31, | |
|---|-------------------|------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Balance, at beginning of year | \$ 126,911 | \$ 105,425 |
| Share of income from JVCo | 23,036 | 21,416 |
| Writedown of carrying value of investment | (117,857) | |
| Cash distribution | (10,000) | |
| Other | (73) | 70 |
| Balance, at end of year | \$ 22,017 | \$ 126,911 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****4. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)**

The following tables summarize Ivanhoe Mines' 50% share of the financial position and results of operations of JVCo for the years ending December 31, 2005 and 2004.

| | December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 22,843 | \$ 10,099 |
| Accounts receivable | 11,364 | 3,734 |
| Inventories | 16,754 | 13,313 |
| Prepaid expenses | 1,558 | 1,800 |
| Other current assets | | 117 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 128,405 | 130,869 |
| Deferred income tax assets | 432 | 464 |
| Other assets | 1,585 | 1,569 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (14,784) | (10,349) |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | (7,500) |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | (11,321) | (11,429) |
| Other liabilities | (16,962) | (5,776) |
| Share of Net Assets of JVCo | \$ 139,874 | \$ 126,911 |
| | Years ended December 31, | |
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Revenue | \$ 65,801 | \$ 44,091 |
| Cost of operations | (17,768) | (12,137) |
| Depreciation and depletion | (5,657) | (5,177) |
| Operating profit | 42,376 | 26,777 |
| Other income / (expense) | (19,340) | (5,361) |
| Share of Income of JVCo | \$ 23,036 | \$ 21,416 |
| Cash flows | | |
| From operating activities | \$ 24,805 | \$ 25,207 |
| For investing activities | (4,561) | (9,086) |
| For financing activities | (7,500) | (7,500) |
| | \$ 12,744 | \$ 8,621 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2005, included Asia Gold's and Jinshan's cash and cash equivalent balances of \$3.1 million and \$15.4 million, respectively (2004 \$8.2 million and \$nil), which were not available for Ivanhoe Mines' general corporate purposes.

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

| | December 31, | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Contingent income (Note 3) | \$20,243 | \$ |
| Proceeds from sale of Project (Note 3) | 6,500 | |
| Refundable taxes | 4,423 | 4,576 |
| Related parties (Note 18 (b)) | 451 | 414 |
| Accrued interest | 340 | 134 |
| Other | 1,393 | 1,428 |
| | \$33,350 | \$6,552 |

7. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

| | December 31, | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Loan receivable | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |
| Restricted cash | 286 | |
| | \$3,286 | \$3,000 |

In December 2004, Ivanhoe Mines loaned Lepanto Consolidated Mining Company (Lepanto) \$3.0 million, which bore interest at 3.0% per annum. In December 2005, Ivanhoe Mines and Lepanto renegotiated the terms of the loan. The loan now matures in 2006 and bears interest at 6.0% per annum. During 2005, Ivanhoe Mines received \$0.1 million in interest income from Lepanto.

In March 2006, Ivanhoe Mines received a loan and interest repayment of \$1.04 million from Lepanto.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

8. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

| | December 31, 2005 | | | | December 31, 2004 | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Equity Interest | Cost/Equity Basis | Unrealized Gain | Fair/Equity Value | Equity Interest | Cost/Equity Basis | Unrealized Gain | Fair/Equity Value |
| Investment in companies subject to significant influence: | | | | | | | | |
| Jinshan Gold Mines Inc. (a) | N/a | N/a | N/a | N/a | 38.5% | \$ 5,024 | N/a | \$ 5,024 |
| Investments available-for-sale : | | | | | | | | |
| Intec Ltd. (b) | 12.5% | \$ 1,446 | \$ 1,331 | \$ 2,777 | 12.8% | \$ 1,446 | \$ 1,469 | \$ 2,915 |
| Olympus Pacific Minerals Inc.(c) | | | | | 19.6% | 5,862 | (293) | 5,569 |
| Entrée Gold Inc. (d) | 15.0% | 10,157 | 5,380 | 15,537 | 9.0% | 3,846 | 1,703 | 5,549 |
| Other | | 103 | | 103 | | 103 | | 103 |
| | | \$ 11,706 | \$ 6,711 | \$ 18,417 | | \$ 11,257 | \$ 2,879 | \$ 14,136 |
| | | \$ 11,706 | \$ 6,711 | \$ 18,417 | | \$ 16,281 | \$ 2,879 | \$ 19,160 |

- (a) In 2004, Ivanhoe Mines and Jinshan restructured their participating arrangements in respect of certain joint ventures. In consideration for the transaction, Jinshan issued to Ivanhoe Mines 2.5 million common shares with a fair value of \$3,248,000. This amount was included in operations as a recovery of prior exploration expenses.

In November 2005, Ivanhoe Mines and Jinshan further restructured these participating arrangements to simplify Jinshan's corporate structure. Ivanhoe Mines transferred to Jinshan its entire participating interest in the 217 Gold Project, its interests in other joint venture arrangements between the parties, its existing contractual rights to participate in Jinshan projects in China and cash proceeds of \$3,392,000 in exchange for Jinshan issuing Ivanhoe Mines 48,552,948 of its common shares. As a result of this transaction, in December 2005, Ivanhoe Mines ceased equity accounting for its investment in Jinshan as it now holds approximately 53% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Jinshan, thereby making Jinshan a controlled subsidiary, requiring consolidation.

During 2005 and up to the date that it acquired control, Ivanhoe Mines recorded a \$2,651,000 (2004 \$1,974,000) equity loss on this investment. In 2004, Ivanhoe Mines recorded an impairment provision of \$5,277,000 based on an assessment of the underlying book value of Jinshan's net assets.

- (b) In the fourth quarter of 2004, Ivanhoe Mines' interest in Intec Ltd. (Intec) was decreased to 12.8% as a result of the issuance of additional shares by Intec. As a result, Ivanhoe Mines ceased equity accounting for its investment in Intec. During 2004, Ivanhoe Mines recorded a \$341,000 equity loss on this investment.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

8. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- (c) During 2004, the Company sold its 32.6% interest in New Vietnam Mining Corp. (B.V.I.) (NVM) in exchange for shares of Olympus Pacific Minerals Inc. (Olympus), representing a 10.7% equity interest, with a fair value of \$3,275,000. The interest in NVM had been fully written down in prior years, thereby resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$3,275,000 being recognized in operations.

In March 2005, the share price of Olympus deteriorated, with the result that the market value of Ivanhoe Mines' investment in Olympus decreased significantly below carrying value. Accordingly, the Company recorded an other-than-temporary impairment of \$1,438,000, reducing the carrying value of this investment to \$4,424,000.

In May 2005, Ivanhoe Mines sold its investment in Olympus, generating proceeds of \$4,539,000. This transaction resulted in a gain on sale of \$115,000 being recognized in operations.

- (d) During 2004, the Company purchased 4.6 million units of Entrée Gold Inc. (Entrée) at a cost of \$3,846,000 (Cdn\$4,600,000). Each unit consisted of one Entrée common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable until October 2006 to purchase an additional Entrée common share at a price of Cdn\$1.10. In 2005, the Company exercised these share purchase warrants to acquire 4.6 million common shares of Entrée at a cost of \$4,111,000 (Cdn\$5,060,000).

Also during 2005, the Company acquired 1.2 million units in Entrée at a cost of \$2,199,000 (Cdn\$2,718,000). Each unit consisted of one Entrée common share and two share purchase warrants. These share purchase warrants are outstanding at December 31, 2005, and if not exercised will expire in July 2007.

- (e) During 2004, the Company sold its investment in Resource Investment Trust, generating proceeds of \$2,461,000. This transaction resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$1,248,000 being recognized in operations.
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IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | December 31, | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------|-----------|--|-------------------|
| | Cost | 2005 Accumulated Depletion and Depreciation, Including Write-downs | Net Book Value | Cost | 2004 Accumulated Depletion and Depreciation, Including Write-downs | Net Book Value |
| Mining properties | | | | | | |
| Bakyrchik Mining Venture, Kazakhstan (a) | \$ 87,541 | \$ (87,541) | \$ | \$ 87,541 | \$ (87,541) | \$ |
| Mining plant and equipment | | | | | | |
| Bakyrchik Mining Venture, Kazakhstan (a) | \$ 3,107 | \$ (3,107) | \$ | \$ 3,107 | \$ (3,107) | \$ |
| Other mineral property interests | | | | | | |
| Oyu Tolgoi, Mongolia (b) | \$ 43,562 | \$ (6,244) | \$37,318 | \$ 43,097 | \$ (6,185) | \$36,912 |
| Cloncurry, Australia (c) | 6,293 | (1,185) | 5,108 | 6,293 | (696) | 5,597 |
| Other exploration projects | 1,530 | (115) | 1,415 | 1,594 | (308) | 1,286 |
| | \$ 51,385 | \$ (7,544) | \$43,841 | \$ 50,984 | \$ (7,189) | \$43,795 |
| Other capital assets | | | | | | |
| Oyu Tolgoi, Mongolia (b) | \$ 14,334 | \$ (3,326) | \$11,008 | \$ 6,121 | \$ (1,701) | \$ 4,420 |
| Cloncurry, Australia (c) | 1,833 | (174) | 1,659 | 2,399 | (143) | 2,256 |
| Other exploration projects | 2,961 | (1,122) | 1,839 | 1,385 | (936) | 449 |
| | \$ 19,128 | \$ (4,622) | \$14,506 | \$ 9,905 | \$ (2,780) | \$ 7,125 |
| Capital works in progress | | | | | | |
| Oyu Tolgoi, Mongolia (b) | \$ 22,939 | \$ | \$22,939 | \$ 1,784 | \$ | \$ 1,784 |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Bakyrchik Mining Venture, Kazakhstan (a) | 4,420 | | 4,420 | 1,730 | | 1,730 |
| | \$ 27,359 | \$ | \$27,359 | \$ 3,514 | \$ | \$ 3,514 |
| | \$188,520 | \$ (102,814) | \$85,706 | \$155,051 | \$ (100,617) | \$54,434 |

(a) Ivanhoe Mines placed the Bakyrchik Mining Venture on a care and maintenance basis in prior years.

(b) Ivanhoe Mines has a 100% interest in the Oyu Tolgoi copper-gold project located in Mongolia. In 2003, Ivanhoe Mines converted its four exploration licences on the project into 60-year mining licences, which are renewable for an additional 40 years.

Capital works in progress at December 31, 2005 consisted mainly of surface assets being constructed for the exploration shaft at Oyu Tolgoi (\$21.4 million).

(c) Ivanhoe Mines owns certain copper-gold and

uranium mining
and exploration
leases in
Queensland,
Australia.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****10. OTHER ASSETS**

| | December 31, | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Advances to suppliers | \$ 1,711 | \$ 917 |
| Environmental bond (Queensland, Australia) | 2,683 | 2,847 |
| | \$ 4,394 | \$ 3,764 |

11. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

| | December 31, | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Accounts payable | \$ 11,902 | \$ 10,970 |
| Payroll and other employee related payables | 546 | 157 |
| Accrued construction costs | 7,044 | |
| Amounts payable to related parties (Note 18 (b)) | 1,102 | 3,285 |
| | \$ 20,594 | \$ 14,412 |

12. LOANS PAYABLE TO RELATED PARTIES

These loans are payable to the Chairman of the Company or a company controlled by him. They are non-interest bearing, unsecured and repayable in U.S. dollars. Repayment of these loans has been postponed until Ivanhoe Mines receives an aggregate of \$111,055,000 from the sale of the Savage River Project. At December 31, 2005, \$15.0 million has been received from the sale with a further \$26.7 million accrued as receivable (Note 3 and 6).

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****13. INCOME TAXES**

As referred to in Note 2(b), Ivanhoe Mines must make significant estimates in respect of its provision for income taxes and the composition of its deferred income tax assets and liabilities. Ivanhoe Mines' operations are, in part, subject to foreign tax laws where interpretations, regulations and legislation are complex and continually changing. As a result, there are usually some tax matters in question that may, on resolution in the future, result in adjustments to the amount of deferred income tax assets and liabilities, and those adjustments may be material to Ivanhoe Mines' financial position and results of operations.

Ivanhoe Mines' provision for income and capital taxes for continuing operations consists of the following:

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Deferred income taxes | \$ (15) | \$ 246 |
| Capital taxes | 448 | 342 |
| | \$ 433 | \$ 588 |

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities for continuing operations at December 31, 2005 and 2004 arise from the following:

| | December 31, | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Deferred income tax assets | | |
| Long-term investments | \$ 279 | \$ 2,441 |
| Loss carry-forwards | 133,562 | 86,691 |
| Other | 10,107 | 10,978 |
| | 143,948 | 100,110 |
| Valuation allowance | (143,777) | (99,792) |
| Net deferred income tax assets | 171 | 318 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 315 | 476 |
| | 315 | 476 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities, net | \$ 144 | \$ 158 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)**

A reconciliation of the provision for income and capital taxes for continuing operations is as follows:

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Recovery of income taxes based on the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory tax rates of 34.9% in 2005 and 35.6% in 2004 applied to the loss before taxes and other items (Deduct) add | \$ 44,666 | \$ 35,780 |
| Lower foreign tax rates | (7,109) | (734) |
| Tax benefit of losses not recognized | (34,703) | (33,831) |
| Change in valuation allowance for deferred income tax assets | (147) | 749 |
| Capital taxes | (448) | (342) |
| Other, including non-deductible expenses | (2,692) | (2,210) |
| Provision for income and capital taxes | \$ (433) | \$ (588) |

At December 31, 2005, Ivanhoe Mines had deductible temporary differences aggregating approximately \$24,554,000 and the following unused tax losses from continuing operations, for which no deferred income tax assets had been recognized:

| | Local Currency | U.S. Dollar Equivalent (i) | Expiry Dates |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Non-capital losses: | | | |
| Canada | Cdn. \$ 124,078 | \$ 106,780 | 2006 to 2012 |
| Australia | A \$ 8,349 | \$ 6,118 | (a) |
| Mongolia | Mongolian Tugrik 316,819,140 | \$ 282,370 | (b) |
| Kazakhstan | Kazakhstan Tenge 11,354,394 | \$ 84,958 | 2006 to 2012 |
| Capital losses: | | | |
| Canada | Cdn. \$ 90,210 | \$ 77,633 | (c) |

(i) Translated using the year-end exchange rate.

(a) These losses are carried forward indefinitely, subject to continuity of ownership and business tests.

(b) These losses are carried forward indefinitely until production from a mine commences; thereafter, they can be amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of five years.

(c) These losses are carried forward indefinitely for utilization against any future net realized capital gains.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)**

Ivanhoe Mines also has deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses in certain other foreign jurisdictions that are not disclosed above, as it is currently highly unlikely that these items will be utilized.

14. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

| | December 31, | |
|--|-----------------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 5,267 | \$ 4,709 |
| Increase in obligations for: | | |
| Amounts incurred | 610 | 660 |
| Amounts extinguished on disposal of mineral property interests | | (388) |
| Accretion expense | 354 | 286 |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 6,231 | \$ 5,267 |

The total undiscounted amount of estimated cash flows required to settle the obligations is \$20,458,000 (2004-\$12,179,000), which has been discounted using credit adjusted risk free rates ranging from 5.6% to 8.4%. All reclamation obligations are not expected to be paid for several years and will be funded from Ivanhoe Mines' cash balances at the time of mine closures.

15. MINORITY INTERESTS

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, there were minority interests in the BMV, Asia Gold and Jinshan. Currently, losses applicable to the minority interest in the BMV are being allocated to Ivanhoe Mines since those losses exceed the minority interest in the net assets of the BMV.

The minority interests are comprised of the following:

| | December 31, | |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 3,713 | \$ 5,816 |
| Minority interests' share of loss of Asia Gold | (2,714) | (2,103) |
| Increase in minority interest arising from share issuances by Asia Gold | 582 | |
| Initial interest arising from acquisition of Jinshan in December 2005 | 7,347 | |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 8,928 | \$ 3,713 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

16. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Equity Incentive Plan

The Company has an Employees and Directors Equity Incentive Plan (the Equity Incentive Plan), which includes three components: (i) a Share Option Plan; (ii) a Share Bonus Plan; and (iii) a Share Purchase Plan.

(i) The Share Option Plan authorizes the Board of Directors of the Company to grant options, which vest over a period of years, to directors and employees of Ivanhoe Mines to acquire Common Shares of the Company at a price based on the weighted average trading price of the Common Shares for the five days preceding the date of the grant. The Share Option Plan also provides that these options may, upon approval of the Board of Directors, be converted into stock appreciation rights.

(ii) The Share Bonus Plan permits the Board of Directors of the Company to authorize the issuance, from time to time, of Common Shares of the Company to employees of the Company and its affiliates.

(iii) The Share Purchase Plan entitles each eligible employee of Ivanhoe Mines to contribute up to seven percent of each employee's annual basic salary in semi-monthly instalments. At the end of each calendar quarter, each employee participating in the Share Purchase Plan is issued Common Shares of the Company equal to 1.5 times the aggregate amount contributed by the participant, based on the weighted average trading price of the Common Shares during the preceding three months.

The Company is authorized to issue a maximum of 29,000,000 Common Shares pursuant to the Equity Incentive Plan. At December 31, 2005, an aggregate of 8,305,936 Common Shares were available for future grants of awards under the plan.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****16. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)***(a) Equity Incentive Plan (Continued)*

A summary of stock option activity and information concerning outstanding and exercisable options at December 31, 2005 is as follows:

| | Options Outstanding Options Available for Grant | Number of Common Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price (Expressed in Canadian dollars) |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Balances, December 31, 2003 | 3,215,126 | 8,589,894 | 3.26 |
| Options granted | (3,089,000) | 3,089,000 | 7.91 |
| Options exercised | | (1,665,952) | 1.58 |
| Options cancelled | 122,000 | (122,000) | 2.93 |
| Shares issued for consulting fees | (126,373) | | |
| Shares issued under share purchase plan | (17,019) | | |
| Balances, December 31, 2004 | 104,734 | 9,890,942 | 5.02 |
| Increase in amount authorized | 9,000,000 | | |
| Options granted | (1,125,000) | 1,125,000 | 8.86 |
| Options exercised | | (3,256,542) | 1.48 |
| Options cancelled | 342,700 | (342,700) | 2.41 |
| Shares issued under share purchase plan | (16,498) | | |
| Balances, December 31, 2005 | 8,305,936 | 7,416,700 | \$ 7.27 |

At December 31, 2005, the U.S. dollar equivalent of the weighted average exercise price was \$6.26.

In the period subsequent to December 31, 2005, the Company granted 6,685,000 stock options with an exercise price of Cdn\$9.73. These options have lives of seven years and vest over periods up to four years. Also, during this period, 744,800 options were exercised for proceeds of \$2.3 million.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****16. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)***(a) Equity Incentive Plan (Continued)*

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable options at December 31, 2005:

| Range of Exercise Prices (Expressed in Canadian dollars) | Options Outstanding Number Outstanding | Options Outstanding | | Options Exercisable | |
|---|--|--|---|---------------------------|---|
| | | Weighted Average Remaining Life (in years) | Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share (Expressed in Canadian dollars) | Number Exercisable | Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share (Expressed in Canadian dollars) |
| \$1.20 to \$3.50 | 2,002,200 | 1.54 | \$ 2.75 | 1,645,300 | \$ 2.64 |
| \$3.51 to \$6.75 | 293,500 | 2.67 | 6.75 | 181,500 | 6.75 |
| \$6.76 to \$7.69 | 1,051,000 | 3.26 | 7.46 | 471,330 | 7.37 |
| \$7.70 to \$8.20 | 1,430,000 | 6.78 | 7.91 | 572,000 | 7.91 |
| \$8.21 to \$8.99 | 1,140,000 | 4.09 | 8.62 | 295,000 | 8.63 |
| \$9.00 to \$10.51 | 500,000 | 4.26 | 9.56 | 75,000 | 9.67 |
| \$10.52 to \$12.70 | 1,000,000 | 7.84 | 12.70 | 750,000 | 12.70 |
| | 7,416,700 | 4.26 | \$ 7.27 | 3,990,130 | \$ 6.61 |

The weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options granted during 2005 and 2004 was Cdn\$4.95 and Cdn\$4.77, respectively. The fair value of these options was determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, recognizing forfeitures as they occur, using the following weighted average assumptions:

| | 2005 | 2004 |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 3.76% | 4.29% |
| Expected life | 5.0 years | 6.6 years |
| Expected volatility | 61% | 64% |
| Expected dividends | \$Nil | \$Nil |

(b) Share Purchase Warrants

At December 31, 2005, the Company had 5,760,000 share purchase warrants outstanding that were issued in 2004. These warrants entitle the holder to acquire one-tenth of a common share of the Company at any time on or before February 15, 2007, at a price of \$8.68 per common share.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

17. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | December 31, | |
|---|--------------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 2,879 | \$ 1,587 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year: | | |
| Changes in fair value of long-term investments | 3,539 | 2,124 |
| Reclassification for losses (gains) recorded in earnings | 293 | (1,025) |
| Other comprehensive income before tax: | 3,832 | 1,099 |
| Income tax recovery related to other comprehensive income | | 193 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax: | 3,832 | 1,292 |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 6,711 | \$ 2,879 |

18. OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) Ivanhoe Mines incurred the following expenses, primarily on a cost recovery basis, with an officer of Ivanhoe Mines, a company subject to significant influence by Ivanhoe Mines, or with companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common:

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Exploration | \$ 1,122 | \$ 2,198 |
| Legal | 823 | 468 |
| Office and administrative | 2,216 | 2,057 |
| Salaries and benefits | 2,904 | 2,239 |
| Travel (including aircraft rental) | 3,421 | 3,001 |
| | \$ 10,486 | \$ 9,963 |

The above noted transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

- (b) Accounts receivable and accounts payable at December 31, 2005, included \$451,000 and \$1,102,000, respectively (December 31, 2004 \$414,000 and \$3,285,000, respectively), which were due from/to a company under common control or companies related by way of directors in common.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****19. CASH FLOW INFORMATION***(a) Net change in non-cash operating working capital items*

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | |
| Accounts receivable | \$ 522 | \$ (3,254) |
| Inventories | (1,355) | (1,689) |
| Prepaid expenses | (5,132) | (795) |
| Other current assets | | (1,010) |
| Increase in: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 4,209 | 3,574 |
| | \$ (1,756) | \$ (3,174) |

(b) Supplementary information regarding other non-cash transactions

The non-cash investing and financing activities relating to continuing operations not already disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity or the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows were as follows:

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Investing activities: | | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | \$ 440 | \$ |
| <i>(c) Other supplementary information</i> | | |

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Interest paid | \$ | \$ |
| Income taxes paid | \$ 448 | \$ 342 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

20. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES

Ivanhoe Mines has one operating segment; its exploration division with projects located primarily in Mongolia. The iron ore division located in Australia was sold in February 2005 and has been reported as discontinued operations (Note 3).

| Year ended | Exploration | Corporate | Consolidated |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| December 31, 2005 | Division | | |
| Operating expenses | | | |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****20. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (Continued)**

| Year ended December 31, 2004 | Exploration Division | Corporate | Consolidated |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Operating expenses | | | |
| Exploration | \$ (98,174) | \$ | (98,174) |
| General and administrative | | (22,202) | (22,202) |
| Interest | (134) | (175) | (309) |
| Depreciation | (2,002) | (25) | (2,027) |
| Mining property care and maintenance costs | | (3,755) | (3,755) |
| Write-down of carrying values of property, plant and equipment | | (142) | (142) |
| Operating loss | (100,310) | (26,299) | (126,609) |
| Other income (expenses) | | | |
| Share of income from joint venture | | 21,416 | 21,416 |
| Interest income | 232 | 2,894 | 3,126 |
| Foreign exchange gains | 48 | 4,583 | 4,631 |
| Share of loss of significantly influenced investees | | (2,315) | (2,315) |
| Gain on sale of long-term investments | | 4,523 | 4,523 |
| Write-down of carrying value of long-term investments | | (5,277) | (5,277) |
| Loss before taxes and other items | (100,030) | (475) | (100,505) |
| Provision for income and capital taxes | (184) | (404) | (588) |
| Minority interests | 2,103 | | 2,103 |
| Net loss from continuing operations | \$ (98,111) | \$ (879) | \$ (98,990) |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment | \$ 6,039 | \$ 1,807 | \$ 7,846 |
| Total assets | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ 84,242 | \$245,763 | \$ 330,005 |
| Discontinued operations | | 46,263 | 46,263 |
| | \$ 84,242 | \$292,026 | \$ 376,268 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements****(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)****20. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (Continued)**

| | December 31, | |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Property, plant and equipment at the end of the year: | | |
| Mongolia | \$ 71,666 | \$ 43,308 |
| Inner Mongolia, China | 2,459 | 1,293 |
| Australia | 6,767 | 7,853 |
| Kazakhstan | 4,419 | 1,730 |
| Canada | 131 | 144 |
| Other | 264 | 106 |
| | \$ 85,706 | \$ 54,434 |

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ivanhoe Mines has, in the normal course of its business, entered into various long-term contracts, which include commitments for future operating payments under contracts for drilling, engineering, equipment rentals and other arrangements as follows:

| | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 2006 | \$16,345 |
| 2007 | 2,406 |
| 2008 | 883 |
| 2009 onwards | |
| | \$19,634 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

22. DISCLOSURES REGARDING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) The estimated fair value of Ivanhoe Mines' financial instruments was as follows:

| | December 31, | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2005 | | 2004 | |
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| Cash | \$101,681 | \$101,681 | \$112,478 | \$112,478 |
| Accounts receivable | 33,350 | 33,350 | 6,552 | 6,552 |
| Other current assets | 3,286 | 3,286 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Current assets of discontinued operations (Note 3) | | | 36,636 | 36,636 |
| Long-term investments | 18,417 | 18,417 | 19,160 | 24,404 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 20,594 | 20,594 | 14,412 | 14,412 |
| Current liabilities of discontinued operations (Note 3) | | | 14,082 | 14,082 |
| Loans payable to related parties | 5,088 | 3,733 | 5,088 | 3,393 |

The fair value of Ivanhoe Mines' long-term investments was determined by reference to published market quotations, which may not be reflective of future values.

The fair value of Ivanhoe Mines' remaining financial instruments was estimated to approximate their carrying value, due primarily to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

- (b) Ivanhoe Mines is exposed to credit risk with respect to its accounts receivable. The significant concentrations of credit risk are situated in Mongolia and Australia. Ivanhoe Mines does not mitigate the balance of this risk in light of the credit worthiness of its major debtors.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

As indicated in Note 2, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which, in the case of the Company, conform in all material respects with Canadian GAAP, except as set forth below.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | December 31, | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Total assets in accordance with U.S. GAAP | \$ 396,779 | \$ 376,268 |
| Reverse equity accounting for investment in joint venture (a) | 43,067 | 35,054 |
| Increase in fair value of the Savage River Project assets acquired (b) | | 5,634 |
| Adjustment arising from reversal of write-down of the Savage River Project (c) | | 14,058 |
| Reversal of amortization of other mineral property interests (d) | 6,329 | 6,521 |
| Adjustment to carrying value of long-term investments (e) | (6,711) | (2,879) |
| Total assets in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ 439,464 | \$ 434,656 |
| Total liabilities in accordance with U.S. GAAP | \$ 32,228 | \$ 65,705 |
| Reverse equity accounting for investment in joint venture (a) | 43,067 | 35,054 |
| Income tax effect of U.S. GAAP adjustments for: | | |
| Amortization of other mineral property interests (d) | 882 | 882 |
| Total liabilities in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ 76,177 | \$ 101,641 |
| Total minority interests in accordance with U.S. and Canadian GAAP | \$ 8,928 | \$ 3,713 |
| Total shareholders' equity in accordance with U.S. GAAP | \$ 355,623 | \$ 306,850 |
| Increase in fair value of shares issued to acquire ABM (b) | | 4,930 |
| (Increase) decrease in the deficit for: | | |
| Amortization of deferred stock compensation (b) | | 704 |
| Adjustment arising from write-down of the Savage River Project (c) | | 14,058 |
| Amortization of other mineral property interests (d) | 5,447 | 5,639 |
| Other comprehensive income (f) | (6,711) | (2,879) |
| Total shareholders' equity in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ 354,359 | \$ 329,302 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)**Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Net (loss) from continuing operations in accordance with U.S. GAAP | \$ (125,702) | \$ (98,990) |
| Dilution gain on issuance of shares by a subsidiary (i) | 3,012 | |
| Net (loss) from continuing operations in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ (122,690) | \$ (98,990) |
| Net income from discontinued operations in accordance with U.S. GAAP | \$ 35,916 | \$ 4,449 |
| Adjustment arising from write-down of the Savage River Project (c) | | (2,974) |
| Write-down of other mineral property interests (d) | (192) | |
| Gain on sale of Savage River Project (h) | (19,692) | |
| Net income from discontinued operations in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ 16,032 | \$ 1,475 |
| Net (loss) in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ (106,658) | \$ (97,515) |
| Weighted-average number of shares outstanding under Canadian GAAP (in thousands) | 305,160 | 281,640 |
| Basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share in accordance with Canadian GAAP from: | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ (0.40) | \$ (0.35) |
| Discontinued operations | 0.05 | |
| | \$ (0.35) | \$ (0.35) |

Under Canadian GAAP, the components of shareholders' equity would be as follows:

| | December 31, | |
|----------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Share capital | \$ 999,372 | \$ 873,536 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 17,952 | 12,073 |
| Deficit | (662,965) | (556,307) |
| | \$ 354,359 | \$ 329,302 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

| | Years ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|
| | 2005 | 2004 |
| Cash used in operating activities in accordance with U.S. GAAP | \$ (133,113) | \$ (118,740) |
| Reverse equity accounting for investment in joint venture (a) | 24,805 | 25,207 |
| Cash used in operating activities in accordance with Canadian GAAP | (108,308) | (93,533) |
| Cash (used in) provided by investing activities in accordance with U.S. GAAP | (10,232) | 12,606 |
| Reverse equity accounting for investment in joint venture (a) | (4,561) | (9,086) |
| Cash (used in) provided by investing activities in accordance with Canadian GAAP | (14,793) | 3,520 |
| Cash provided by (used in) financing activities in accordance with U.S. GAAP | 124,706 | 107,711 |
| Reverse equity accounting for investment in joint venture (a) | (7,500) | (7,500) |
| Cash provided by financing activities in accordance with Canadian GAAP | 117,206 | 100,211 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | 7,842 | 5,385 |
| Net cash inflow in accordance with Canadian GAAP | 1,947 | 15,583 |
| Cash, beginning of year in accordance with Canadian GAAP | 122,577 | 106,994 |
| Cash, end of year in accordance with Canadian GAAP | \$ 124,524 | \$ 122,577 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(a) Investment in Joint Venture

Under U.S. GAAP, Ivanhoe Mines has accounted for its joint venture interest in JVCo (Note 4) using the equity method. Under Canadian GAAP, interests in joint ventures are accounted for on a proportionate consolidation basis.

Under Canadian GAAP, the carrying amount of the Ivanhoe Mines investment and its share of equity of JVCo is eliminated. Ivanhoe Mines proportionate share of each line item of JVCo's assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses is included in the corresponding line items of Ivanhoe Mines financial statements. All intercompany balances and transactions would be eliminated. Note 4 discloses the asset, liabilities, revenues and expenses of JVCo that would have been included in the corresponding line items on Ivanhoe Mines financial statements had Canadian GAAP been applied.

(b) Acquisition of ABM

Under U.S. GAAP, the fair value of the shares issued in 2000 to effect the acquisition of ABM were measured at the date the acquisition was announced and the terms agreed to, whereas, under Canadian GAAP, the shares issued would have been measured at the transaction date. This difference would have resulted in the cost of the acquisition under Canadian GAAP being \$4,930,000 higher than under U.S. GAAP.

Under U.S. GAAP, the Company included in the cost of the acquisition of ABM the intrinsic value of the unvested options granted by the Company in 2000 as consideration for the acquisition of all of the outstanding stock options of ABM. Under U.S. GAAP, the deferred stock compensation was recognized as a compensation cost over the remaining future vesting period of the options. Under Canadian GAAP, the Company would have included in the cost of acquisition of ABM the \$1,750,000 fair value of the stock options. This difference would have resulted in the cost of the acquisition in 2000 under Canadian GAAP being \$704,000 higher than under U.S. GAAP.

ABM was sold in February 2005 (Note 3).

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(c) Impairment of long-lived assets

Under U.S. GAAP, impairment charges are recorded based on the discounted, estimated future net cash flows, whereas, under Canadian GAAP, impairment charges on long-lived assets in 2002 and prior years were recorded as the excess of their carrying amount over their recoverable amount, which was determined based on the undiscounted estimated future net cash flows.

Under U.S. GAAP, the Savage River Project was fully written off as at December 31, 2002. However, under Canadian GAAP only an \$18 million write-down would have been taken. In 2003, additional amounts capitalized under U.S. GAAP were written off; however, these would have been capitalized under Canadian GAAP. As a result, under Canadian GAAP, these assets would need to be depreciated and depleted. In 2005, additional depreciation recorded under Canadian GAAP was \$nil (2004: \$2,974,000).

(d) Other mineral property interests

Under U.S. GAAP, where the mineral property interests are, at the date of acquisition, without economically recoverable reserves, these costs are generally considered to be exploration costs that are expensed as incurred. Under Canadian GAAP, the costs of the acquisition of mineral property interests are capitalized.

In accordance with EITF 04-02, Whether Mining Rights are Tangible or Intangible Assets, the Company classifies its mineral exploration licenses as tangible assets and there is no difference between Canadian and U.S. GAAP. Prior to January 2004, the costs of acquisition of Ivanhoe Mines mineral exploration licenses were classified as intangible assets under U.S. GAAP and amortized over the term of the licenses. As a result, for Canadian GAAP purposes, the \$6,329,000, net of deferred income taxes of \$882,000, in amortization or write-offs of other mineral property interests under U.S. GAAP needs to be reversed.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(e) Long-term investments

Under U.S. GAAP, portfolio investments are classified as available-for-sale securities, which are carried at market value. The resulting unrealized gains or losses are included in the determination of comprehensive income, net of income taxes where applicable. Under Canadian GAAP, these investments would be carried at their original cost less provisions for impairment.

(f) Other comprehensive income

U.S. GAAP requires that a statement of comprehensive income be displayed with the same prominence as other financial statements and that the aggregate amount of comprehensive income, excluding the deficit, be disclosed separately in shareholders' equity. Comprehensive income, which incorporates the net loss, includes all changes in shareholders' equity during a period except those resulting from investments by, and distributions to, owners. Under Canadian GAAP, companies do not report comprehensive income or loss.

(g) Income taxes

Under U.S. GAAP, deferred income taxes are calculated based on enacted tax rates applicable to future years. Under Canadian GAAP, future income taxes are calculated based on enacted or substantively enacted tax rates applicable to future years. This difference in GAAP did not have any effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004.

(h) Gain on Sale of ABM

Under U.S. GAAP, the net book value of ABM when it was sold in February 2005 was \$11.2 million, whereas under Canadian GAAP the carrying value was \$30.9 million. During 2005, total proceeds from the sale were \$41.7 million, representing cash instalments including interest of \$21.5 million, plus escalating payments of \$20.2 million. Therefore, under Canadian GAAP the gain on sale was \$19.7 million less than under U.S. GAAP.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

23. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(i) Dilution gain on investment in subsidiary

Under U.S. GAAP the \$3.0 million dilution gain on investment in a subsidiary was accounted for as part of additional paid-in capital. Under Canadian GAAP, the dilution gain would have been included in the net loss for 2005.

(j) Recently released Canadian accounting standards

In January 2005, the CICA issued Section 1530, Comprehensive Income, Section 3251, Equity, Section 3855, Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement, and Section 3865, Hedges. The new standards increase harmonization with US GAAP and will require the following measures:

Financial assets will be classified as held-to-maturity, held-for-trading or available-for-sale. Held-to-maturity classification will be restricted to fixed maturity instruments that the Company intends, and is able, to hold to maturity and will be accounted for at amortized cost. Held-for-trading instruments will be recorded at fair value, with realized and unrealized gains and losses reported in net income. Available-for-sale financial assets will be recorded at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported in a new category in shareholders equity, called other comprehensive income.

Derivatives will be classified as held-for-trading unless designated as hedging instruments. All derivatives, including embedded derivatives that must be separately accounted for, will be recorded at fair value on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. For derivatives that hedge the changes in fair value of an asset or liability, changes in the derivatives fair value will be reported in net income and substantially offset by changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability attributable to the risk being hedged. For derivatives that hedge variability in cash flows, the effective portion of the changes in the derivatives fair value will be initially recognized in other comprehensive income and the ineffectiveness will be recorded in net income. The amounts temporarily recorded in other comprehensive income subsequently will be reclassified to net income in the periods net income is affected by the variability in the cash flows of the hedged item.

The guidance will apply for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2006. Earlier adoption is permitted only as of the beginning of a fiscal year. The Company will adopt these new standards on January 1, 2006.

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

24. CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company commenced reporting under U.S. GAAP. As a result of this conversion the following 2004 Canadian comparative financial statements have been restated under U.S. GAAP.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

| (Stated in U.S. \$000 s) | Prior Year Comparative Restated (U.S. GAAP) | Prior Year Comparative Restated (Note 2 (i)) (Canadian GAAP) |
|--|--|--|
| ASSETS | | |
| CURRENT | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 112,478 | \$ 122,577 |
| Accounts receivable | 6,552 | 10,286 |
| Broken ore on leach pads | | 9,929 |
| Inventories | 2,192 | 5,576 |
| Prepaid expenses | 1,196 | 2,996 |
| Other current assets | 3,000 | 3,117 |
| Current assets of discontinued operations | 36,636 | 36,636 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 162,054 | 191,117 |
| INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE | 126,911 | |
| LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS | 19,160 | 16,281 |
| PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 54,434 | 191,824 |
| DEFERRED INCOME TAXES | 318 | 782 |
| OTHER ASSETS | 3,764 | 5,333 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | 9,627 | 29,319 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 376,268 | \$ 434,656 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| CURRENT | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 14,412 | \$ 24,764 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | 7,500 |
| Current liabilities of discontinued operations | 14,082 | 14,082 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 28,494 | 46,346 |
| LOANS PAYABLE TO RELATED PARTIES | 5,088 | 5,088 |

| | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 5,267 | 11,040 |
| DEFERRED INCOME TAXES | 476 | 12,787 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | 26,380 | 26,380 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 65,705 | 101,641 |
| | | |
| MINORITY INTERESTS | 3,713 | 3,713 |
| | | |
| SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| | | |
| SHARE CAPITAL | 868,606 | 873,536 |
| ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL | 16,283 | 12,073 |
| ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | 2,879 | |
| DEFICIT | (580,918) | (556,307) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | 306,850 | 329,302 |
| | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, MINORITY INTERESTS AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | \$ 376,268 | \$ 434,656 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

24. CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**Consolidated Statements of Operations**

| (Stated in U.S. \$000 s) | Prior Year Comparative Restated (U.S. GAAP) \$ | Prior Year Comparative Restated (Note 2 (i)) (Canadian GAAP) \$ |
|--|--|--|
| REVENUE | | 44,091 |
| COST OF OPERATIONS | | (12,137) |
| DEPRECIATION AND DEPLETION | | (5,177) |
| OPERATING PROFIT | | 26,777 |
| EXPENSES | | |
| Exploration | (98,174) | (98,174) |
| General and administrative | (22,202) | (22,866) |
| Interest | (309) | (1,105) |
| Depreciation | (2,027) | (2,027) |
| Mining property care and maintenance costs | (3,755) | (3,755) |
| Write-down of property, plant and equipment | (142) | (142) |
| LOSS BEFORE THE FOLLOWING | (126,609) | (101,292) |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) | | |
| Share of income from joint venture | 21,416 | |
| Interest income | 3,126 | 3,177 |
| Foreign exchange gains | 4,631 | 4,441 |
| Share of loss of significantly influenced investees | (2,315) | (2,315) |
| Gain on sale of long-term investments | 4,523 | 4,523 |
| Write-down of carrying value of long-term investment | (5,277) | (5,277) |
| LOSS BEFORE TAXES AND OTHER ITEMS | (100,505) | (96,743) |
| Provision for income and capital taxes | (588) | (4,350) |
| Minority interest | 2,103 | 2,103 |
| NET LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ (98,990) | \$ (98,990) |
| NET INCOME AND GAIN ON SALE FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | 4,449 | 1,475 |
| NET LOSS | \$ (94,541) | \$ (97,515) |

BASIC AND DILUTED (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM

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| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ (0.35) | \$ (0.35) |
| DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | 0.01 | |
| | \$ (0.34) | \$ (0.35) |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING (000 s) | 281,640 | 281,640 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

24. CANADIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

| (Stated in U.S. \$000 s) | Prior Year Comparative Restated (U.S. GAAP) | Prior Year Comparative Restated (Note 2 (i)) (Canadian GAAP) |
|--|---|--|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES OF CONTINUING OPERATIONS | | |
| Net loss from continuing operations | \$ (98,990) | \$ (98,990) |
| Items not involving use of cash | | |
| Depreciation | 2,027 | 7,204 |
| Stock based compensation | 6,517 | 6,517 |
| Accretion expense | 286 | 519 |
| Non-cash exploration expense recovery | (3,248) | (3,248) |
| Unrealized foreign exchange gains | (5,443) | (5,443) |
| Share of income from joint venture | (21,416) | |
| Share of loss of significantly influenced investees | 2,315 | 2,315 |
| Gain on sale of long-term investments | (4,523) | (4,523) |
| Write-down of carrying value of long-term investment | 5,277 | 5,277 |
| Deferred income taxes | 246 | 695 |
| Minority interests | (2,103) | (2,103) |
| Decrease in non-current royalty payable | | (756) |
| Write-down of property, plant and equipment | 142 | 142 |
| Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment | 197 | 197 |
| Net change in non-cash operating working capital items | (3,174) | (7,584) |
| Cash used in operating activities of continuing operations | (121,890) | (99,781) |
| Cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations | 3,150 | 3,150 |
| Cash used in operating activities | (118,740) | (96,631) |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Redemption of investments | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Purchase of long-term investment | (3,846) | (3,846) |
| Proceeds from sale of long-term investments | 2,461 | 2,461 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 2,720 | 2,720 |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment | (27,846) | (33,751) |
| Expenditures on other assets | | (60) |
| Other | (6,226) | (6,249) |
| Cash provided by investing activities of continuing operations | 17,263 | 11,275 |
| Cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations | (4,657) | (4,657) |

| | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Cash provided by investing activities | 12,606 | 6,618 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Issue of share capital | 102,280 | 102,280 |
| Repayment of long-term debt | | (7,500) |
| Cash provided by financing activities of continuing operations | 102,280 | 94,780 |
| Cash provided by financing activities of discontinued operations | 5,431 | 5,431 |
| Cash provided by financing activities | 107,711 | 100,211 |
| | | |
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH | 5,385 | 5,385 |
| | | |
| NET CASH INFLOW | 6,962 | 15,583 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 105,516 | 106,994 |
| | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | \$ 112,478 | \$ 122,577 |
| | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS IS COMPRISED OF: | | |
| Cash on hand and demand deposits | \$ 33,796 | \$ 33,796 |
| Short-term money market instruments | 78,682 | 88,781 |
| | \$ 112,478 | \$ 122,577 |

IVANHOE MINES LTD.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

25. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 29, 2006, Ivanhoe Mines announced that it had entered into a financing that consists of 16 million common shares at a price of \$8.77 per common share (Cdn\$10.28), representing an aggregate amount of \$140.3 million (Cdn\$164.5 million). Ivanhoe Mines has granted the underwriters an option, exercisable at the issue price for a period of 30 days following the closing of this offering, to purchase up to an additional 15% of the issue size, representing 2,400,000 common shares. Closing is expected on or about April 25, 2006. A preliminary short form prospectus was filed on April 4, 2006.

Certification of Annual Filings

I, Robert M. Friedland, Chief Executive Officer of Ivanhoe Mines Ltd., certify that:

1. I have reviewed the annual filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers Annual and Interim Filings*) of Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. (the issuer) for the period ending December 31, 2005;
2. Based on my knowledge, the annual filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the annual filings;
3. Based on my knowledge, the revised annual financial statements together with the other financial information included in the annual filings fairly present in all material respects the financial conditions, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the annual filings; and
4. The issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the issuer, and we have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the annual filings are being prepared; and
 - b. evaluated the effectiveness of the issuer's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by the annual filings and have caused the issuer to disclose in the annual MD&A our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by the annual filings based on such evaluation.

Date: April 13, 2006

By: *Robert M. Friedland*

Robert M. Friedland
Chief Executive Officer

Certification of Annual Filings

I, Peter Meredith, Chief Financial Officer of Ivanhoe Mines Ltd., certify that:

1. I have reviewed the annual filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers Annual and Interim Filings*) of Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. (the issuer) for the period ending December 31, 2005;
2. Based on my knowledge, the annual filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the annual filings;
3. Based on my knowledge, the annual financial statements together with the other financial information included in the annual filings fairly present in all material respects the financial conditions, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the annual filings; and
4. The issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the issuer, and we have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the annual filings are being prepared; and
 - b. evaluated the effectiveness of the issuer's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by the annual filings and have caused the issuer to disclose in the annual MD&A our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by the annual filings based on such evaluation.

Date: April 13, 2006

By: *Peter Meredith*

Peter Meredith
Chief Financial Officer