INTERGROUP CORP Form 10QSB May 08, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB
[X] Quarterly Report Under Section 13 Or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008
[] Transition Report Under Section 13 Or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 1-10324
THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION
(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in Its Charter)
DELAWARE 13-3293645
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)
820 Moraga Drive Los Angeles, CA 90049
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(310) 889-2500
(Issuer's Telephone Number)
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] NO []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES [] NO [X]

.ct). YES [] NO [X]

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's Common Stock, \$.01 par value, as of May 8, 2008 was 2,346,741 shares.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: YES [] NO [X]

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THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	
THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)	
As of March 31,	2008
ASSETS	
	48,653,000 65,634,000 7,037,000 6,886,000 6,745,000

Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Prepaid expenses and other assets Minority interest of Justice Investors	647,000 1,283,000 4,054,000 6,567,000
Total assets	\$147,506,000
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	=======
Liabilities Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to securities broker Obligation for securities sold Lines of credit Mortgage note payable - hotel Mortgage note payable - real estate Mortgage note payable - property held for sale Deferred income taxes Total liabilities	\$ 11,216,000 1,930,000 33,000 4,608,000 47,657,000 61,102,000 10,364,000 1,626,000
Minority interest	3,830,000
Commitments and contingencies	
Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; none issued Common stock, \$.01 par value, 4,000,000 shares authorized; 3,200,093 issued, 2,346,741 outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Treasury stock, at cost, 853,352 shares	21,000 8,802,000 5,468,000 (9,151,000)
Total shareholders' equity	5,140,000
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$147,506,000 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31,	2008	2007
Hotel operations:		
Hotel and garage revenue	\$ 8,799,000	\$ 7,654,000
Operating expenses	(7,352,000)	(7,357,000)
Real estate taxes	(177,000)	(176,000)
Interest expense	(745,000)	(745,000)
Depreciation and amortization	(1,105,000)	(1,042,000)
Loss from hotel operations	(580 , 000)	(1,666,000)

	-		_	
Real estate operations:				
Rental income		3,318,000		
Property operating expense		(1,312,000)		(1,345,000)
Real estate taxes		(362,000)		(382,000)
Mortgage interest expense		(847,000)		(881,000)
Depreciation		(581,000)		(742,000)
Income(loss) from real estate operations		216,000		(561,000)
Investment transactions:			_	
Net (losses)gains on marketable securities		(2,345,000)		1,737,000
Impairment loss on other investments		(1,117,000)		_
Dividend and interest income		32.000		98,000
Margin interest and trading expenses		(456,000)		
Margin interest and trading expenses	-	(430,000)		
Income(loss) from investment transactions		(3,886,000)		1,258,000
General and administrative expense		(407,000)		(549,000)
Loss before income tax and minority interest	_	(4,657,000)	_	(1,518,000)
Minority interest - Justice Investors, pre-tax	_	266,000		879 , 000
Loss before income tax				(639,000)
Income tax benefit		(4,391,000) 1,726,000		274,000
	_		_	
Loss before minority interest		(2,665,000)		(365,000)
Minority interest, net of tax	_	697,000		80,000
Loss from continuing operations		(1,968,000)		(285,000)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	68,000		20,000
Net loss		(1,900,000)		(265,000) ======
Net loss per share from continuing operations				
Basic	\$	(0.84)	\$ _	(0.12)
Diluted	\$	(0.84)	\$	(0.12)
	=			
Net income per share from discontinued operations				
Basic	\$	0.03	\$	0.01
			=	=======
Diluted	\$	0.03	\$	0.01
	=		=	=======
Net loss per share				
Basic	\$	(0.81)	\$	(0.11)
Diluted	\$	(0.81)	\$	(0.11)
	=		=	=======
Weighted average shares outstanding		2,350,916		2,351,246
- J areasy commany	=	=======		=======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended March 31,		2007
Hotel operations:	¢ 20 204 000	¢ 22 262 000
Hotel and garage revenue		\$ 23,362,000
Operating expenses		(20,939,000)
Real estate taxes		(558,000)
Interest expense		(2,180,000)
Depreciation and amortization	(3,306,000)	(3,116,000)
Loss from hotel operations	(1,742,000)	
Real estate operations:		
Rental income	9,442,000	8,140,000
Property operating expense	(3,586,000)	(4,549,000)
Real estate taxes	(1,037,000)	(4,549,000) (1,147,000)
Mortgage interest expense		(2,665,000)
Depreciation		(1,643,000)
Depleciation		
Income(loss) from real estate operations	496,000	(1,864,000)
Investment transactions:		
Net(losses)gains on marketable securities	(2,347,000)	2,167,000
Impairment loss on other investments	(1,242,000)	
Dividend and interest income	144,000	245,000
Margin interest and trading expenses	(1 261 000)	(1,613,000)
Hargin interest and trading expenses		
Income(loss) from investment transactions	(4,706,000)	
General and administrative expense	(1,238,000)	
Loss before income tax and minority interest	(7,190,000)	(5,784,000)
Minority interest - Justice Investors, pre-tax	801,000	1,714,000
Loss before income tax	(6,389,000)	(4,070,000)
Income tax benefit		1,663,000
Loss before minority interest	(3,871,000)	(2,407,000)
Minority interest, net of tax	1,038,000	326,000
Loss from continuing operations	(2,833,000)	(2,081,000)
<pre>Income(loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax</pre>	2,543,000	(12,000)
Net loss	\$ (290,000)	\$ (2,093,000)
	========	=======
Net loss per share from continuing operations		
Basic	\$ (1.20)	\$ (0.88)
DOSTO	\$ (1.20)	\$ (0.88)

	===		=	
Diluted	\$	(1.20)	\$	(0.88)
	===		=	=======
Net income(loss) per share from discontinued operations				
Basic	\$	1.08	\$	(0.01)
	===		=	=======
Diluted	\$	1.08	\$	(0.01)
	===		=	=======
Net loss per share				
Basic	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.89)
	===		=	=======
Diluted	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.89)
	===		=	
Weighted average shares outstanding	,	2,351,889		2,354,703
	===		=	=======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THE INTEGROUP CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended March 31,	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (290,000)	\$ (2,093,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to		
cash (used in)provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,984,000	5,147,000
Impairment loss on other investments	1,242,000	-
Gain on sale of real estate	(4,074,000)	_
Net unrealized loss on investments	2,880,000	586 , 000
Minority interest benefit	(1,839,000)	(2,040,000)
Issuance of stock to directors	72,000	_
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Investment in marketable securities	7,997,000	9,860,000
Other investments	(2,693,000)	(3,600,000)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(135,000)	(444,000)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(1,181,000)	1,914,000
Due to securities broker	(6,205,000)	(1,216,000)
Obligation for securities sold	(1,452,000)	(5,685,000)
Deferred tax liability	(864,000)	(1,672,000)
Net cash (used in)provided by operating activities	(1,558,000)	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net proceeds from sale of real estate Additions to buildings, improvements	7,739,000	_
and equipment	(3,666,000)	(2,110,000)
Purchase of Portsmouth stock	(28,000)	
Purchase of Santa Fe stock		(18,000)
Restricted cash	2,826,000	438,000

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		6,794,000		(1,690,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:	_		_	
Borrowings from mortgage notes payable		6,850,000		19,325,000
Principal payments on mortgage notes payable	(13,348,000)	(17,246,000)
Borrowings from line of credit		350,000		_
Distributions to minority partners		•		(500,000)
Purchase of treasury stock		(99,000)		(156,000)
Net cash (used in)provided by financing activities	_			1,423,000
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		(1,511,000)		490,000
period		2,158,000		2,935,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		647,000		3,425,000
	_		_	
Supplemental information:				
Interest paid	\$	5,048,000	\$	5,361,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by The InterGroup Corporation ("InterGroup" or the "Company"), without audit, according to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes the disclosures that are made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Further, the consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (which included only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, cash flows and results of operations as of and for the periods indicated.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had the power to vote 79.4% of the common stock of Santa Fe Financial Corporation ("Santa Fe"), a public company (OTCBB: SFEF). This percentage includes the power to vote an approximately 4% interest in the common stock of Santa Fe owned by the Company's Chairman and President pursuant to a voting trust agreement entered into on June 30, 1998.

Santa Fe's operations primarily consist of owning and managing the Company's hotel property through its 68.8%-owned consolidated subsidiary, Portsmouth Square, Inc. ("Portsmouth"), a public company (OTCBB: PRSI), in Justice Investors ("Justice", the Hotel" or the "Partnership"), a California limited

partnership. InterGroup also directly owns approximately 11% of the common stock of Portsmouth.

Portsmouth has a 50.0% limited partnership interest in Justice in which Portsmouth serves as both a general and limited partner. The other general partner, Evon Corporation ("Evon"), serves as the managing general partner of Justice. In accordance with guidance set forth in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") directed Staff Position (FSP) SOP 78-9-1, the Company has applied the principles of accounting applicable for investments in subsidiaries due to its "kick out rights" and "substantive participating rights" arising from its limited partnership and general partnership interests and has consolidated the financial statements of Justice with those of the Company, effective with the first reporting period of its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006.

The Company also derives income from its rental properties and the investment of its cash in marketable securities and other investments.

Minority interest on the balance sheet represents the interest in subsidiaries not owned by the Company. Minority interest on the statement of operations represents the minority owner's share of income(loss). As of March 31, 2008, the Company had a minority interest asset balance on the balance sheet as the result of the accumulated deficit at Justice Investors. Management believes the accumulated deficit is considered temporary as the Hotel was temporary closed to undergo major renovations from May 2005 to January 2006. The Company expects the Hotel to be profitable, thereby reversing the accumulated deficit in the future. Of the total minority interest liability of \$3,830,000 on the balance sheet, \$1,980,000 is related to the minority shareholders of Portsmouth and \$1,850,000 is related to the minority shareholders of Santa Fe.

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Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

The results of operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires that the Company recognize the impact of a tax position in the Company's financial statements if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective as of the beginning of the Company's 2008 fiscal year, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain income tax positions in income tax expense. There were no interest and penalties related to uncertain income tax positions that were accrued as of March 31, 2008 and during the period there were no changes in individual or aggregate unrecognized tax positions. The Company's income tax returns for the years ended June 30, 2004 up to present are subject to examination by certain taxing authorities.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective as of

the beginning of the Company's 2009 fiscal year. In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"), which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS 159 is effective as of the beginning of the Company's 2009 fiscal year. The Company is still evaluating the impact of SFAS 157 and 159 on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141R"), which replaces SFAS No. 141. SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer in a business combination recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any controlling interest; recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase; and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141R is to be applied prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008 (the Company's fiscal year 2010). The Company is currently assessing the impact of SFAS 141R on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, and amendment to Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51," ("SFAS 160"). This standard prescribes the accounting by a parent company for minority interests held by other parties in a subsidiary of the parent company. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 (the Company's fiscal year 2010). The Company is currently assessing the impact of SFAS 160 on its consolidated financial statements.

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Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The computation of diluted net income (loss) per share is similar to the computation of basic income (loss) per share except that the weighted-average number of common shares is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potential dilutive common shares had been issued. The Company's only potentially dilutive common shares are stock options. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had 385,500 stock options that were considered potentially dilutive common shares and 19,500 stock options that were considered anti-dilutive. As of March 31, 2007, the Company had 371,250 stock options that were considered potentially dilutive common shares and 33,750 stock options that were considered anti-dilutive. However, the basic and diluted loss per share are the same as the result of the Company having a net loss from continuing operations for the three and nine months March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation Plans

As of March 31, 2008, the Company has two stock option plans, which are more fully described in Note 1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. On July 1, 2006, the Company implemented Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 123 (Revised 2004), "Share-Based Payments" ("SFAS No. 123R") which replaced SFAS No. 123 and supercedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and the related implementation guidance. SFAS No. 123R addresses

accounting for equity-based compensation arrangements, including employee stock options. The Company adopted the "modified prospective method" where stock-based compensation expense is recorded beginning on the adoption date and prior periods are not restated. Under this method, compensation expense is recognized using the fair-value based method for all new awards granted after July 1, 2006. Additionally, compensation expense for unvested stock options that were outstanding at July 1, 2006 is recognized over the requisite service period based on the fair value of those options as previously calculated at the grant date under the pro-forma disclosures of SFAS 123. The fair value of each grant is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008, there were no options granted or exercised. Accordingly, no stock-based compensation expense was recognized during the period. Since inception of the two stock options plans, there have been no options exercised. For the quarter ended March 31, 2008, 2,250 employee options vested. However, the fair value of the vested options is considered immaterial.

The following table summarizes the stock option activity for the periods indicated:

	Number of Shares	Weighted-average Exercise Price
Unexercised options		
Outstanding at July 1, 2007	405,000	\$9.91
Granted	_	_
Exercised	_	_
Forfeited	-	_
Unexercised options		
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	405,000	\$9.91
	=======	=========

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As of March 31, 2008, of the total 405,000 unexercised options outstanding, 4,500 were not yet vested.

Unexercised	Range of	Weighted Average	Weighted Average
Options	Exercise Price	Exercise Price	Remaining Life
March 31, 2008	\$7.92-\$29.63	\$ 9.91	1.75 years

On February 21, 2007, the stockholders of the Company approved The InterGroup Corporation 2007 Stock Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the "2007 Plan"), which was thereafter adopted by the Board of Directors. The 2007 Plan was adopted to replace the 1998 Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors. Pursuant to the 2007 Plan, each non-employee director is entitled to an annual grant of a number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal in value to \$18,000 based on the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant and a grant of 600 shares of Common Stock upon the formal adoption of the 2007 Plan by the Board. The 2007 Plan is more fully described in Note 15 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the four non-employee directors of the Company each received a grant of 987 shares of Common Stock pursuant to the 2007 Plan. The Company recorded an expense of approximately \$72,000 related to the issuance of the 3,948 shares of the Company's common stock.

NOTE 2 - INVESTMENT IN HOTEL, NET

Justice owns a 544 room hotel property located at 750 Kearny Street, San Francisco, California 94108, known as the "Hilton San Francisco Financial District" (the "Hotel") and related facilities, including a five level underground parking garage. Justice serves as the owner/operator of the Hotel with the assistance of a third party management company. The Partnership also derives income from a lease of the garage with Evon and from a lease with Tru Spa for a portion of the lobby level of the Hotel.

Land, property and equipment as of March 31, 2008 consisted of the following:

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
Land	\$ 2,738,000	\$ -	\$ 2,738,000
Furniture and equipment	16,267,000	(7,178,000)	9,089,000
Building and improvements	52,964,000	(16,138,000)	36,826,000
	\$ 71,969,000	\$(23,316,000)	\$ 48,653,000

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENT IN REAL ESTATE

As of March 31, 2008, investment in real estate included the following:

Land	\$ 24,735,000
Buildings, improvements and equipment	60,546,000
Accumulated depreciation	(19,647,000)
	\$ 65,634,000

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In August 2007, the Company refinanced its \$7,203,000 construction loan on its 30-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California and obtained a mortgage note payable in the amount of \$6,850,000. The term of the note is 15 years, with interest only for the first two years. The interest is fixed at 5.97%.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE

In August 2007, the Company sold its 224-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$8,050,000 and recognized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$4,074,000. The Company received net proceeds after selling costs of \$7,739,000 and paid off the related outstanding mortgage note payable of \$4,007,000.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the Company had listed for sale its 249-unit apartment building located in Austin, Texas and its 132-unit apartment located in San Antonio, Texas (both classified as Held for Sale on the balance sheet). Under the provisions of the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, for properties disposed of or listed for sale during the year, the revenues and expenses are accounted for under discontinued operations in the statement of operations. The revenues and expenses from the operation of these two properties have been reclassified from continuing operations for the

three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 and are reported as income(loss) from discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations.

The revenues and expenses from the operation of these three properties during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, are summarized as follows:

For the three months ended March 31,	2008	2007
Revenues Expenses	\$ 652,000 (555,000)	\$ 921,000 (888,000)
Income	\$ 97,000 ======	\$ 33,000 ======
For the nine months ended March 31,	2008	2007
Revenues Expenses	\$2,145,000 (2,022,000)	\$ 2,837,000 (2,858,000)
Income(loss)	\$ 123,000 ======	\$ (21,000) ======

NOTE 5 - INVESTMENT IN MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company's investment in marketable securities consists primarily of corporate equities. The Company has also invested in corporate bonds and income producing securities, which may include interests in real estate based companies and REITs, where financial benefit could inure to its shareholders through income and/or capital gain.

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At March 31, 2008, all of the Company's marketable securities are classified as trading securities. In accordance with SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," the change in the unrealized gains and losses on these investments are included earnings. Trading securities are summarized as follows:

As of Marc	ch 31, 2008	Gross	Gross	Net.	Market.
Investment	Cost	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	Unrealized Gain	Value
Equities	\$ 5,526,000	\$2,435,000	(\$1,075,000)	\$1,360,000	\$6,886,000

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had \$238,000 of unrealized losses related to securities held for over one year.

As part of the investment strategies, the Company may assume short positions against its long positions in marketable securities. Short sales are used by the Company to potentially offset normal market risks undertaken in the course of its investing activities or to provide additional return opportunities. The Company has no naked short positions. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had

obligations for securities sold (equities short) of \$33,000.

Net gains(losses) on marketable securities on the statement of operations are comprised of realized and unrealized gains(losses). Below is the composition of the net gains(losses) for the three and Nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

For the three months ended March 31,	2008	2007
Realized gains on marketable securities Unrealized (losses)gains on marketable securities	\$ 422,000 (2,767,000)	\$ 455,000 1,282,000
Net (losses) gains on marketable securities	\$(2,345,000)	\$ 1,737,000 ======
For the nine months ended March 31,	2008	2007
Realized gains on marketable securities Unrealized losses on marketable securities	\$ 533,000 (2,880,000)	\$ 2,753,000 (586,000)
Net (losses) gains on marketable securities	\$(2,347,000) ======	\$ 2,167,000 ======

NOTE 6 - OTHER INVESTMENTS

As a part of its investment strategy, the Company may also invest, with the approval of the Securities Investment Committee, in unlisted securities, such as debt instruments, convertible notes, through private placements including private equity investment funds. Those investments in non-marketable securities are carried at cost on the Company's balance sheet as part of other investments and reviewed for impairment on a periodic basis. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008, the Company determined that two of its investments had an other than temporary impairment and recorded an impairment loss of \$1,117,000 and \$1,242,000, respectively, on other investments. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had other investments of \$6,745,000.

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NOTE 7 - LINES OF CREDIT

During the quarter ended March 31, 2008, the Company utilized \$650,000 from its \$3,000,000 revolving line of credit to meet its cash flow needs. The annual interest rate is the LIBOR Rate plus 2% (4.75% as of March 31, 2008). The line of credit matures February 2, 2009. Borrowings under this line of credit contain certain financial covenants that require, among other things, maintenance of minimum amounts and ratios of working capital and debt-coverage. These financial covenants have not been met and Justice is in the process of obtaining a waiver of noncompliance from the bank. Justice believes that the bank will waive such noncompliance.

In April 2004, the Company obtained a revolving \$5,000,000 line of credit ("LOC"). The LOC carries a variable interest rate(lender's base rate plus 1%). Interest is paid on a monthly basis. As of March 31, 2008, the balance of the LOC was \$3,958,000 with the interest rate at 6.25%. In April 2008, the terms of the LOC were modified to provide for an interest rate floor of 6.25%, limited the LOC to the current balance of \$3,958,000 and changed the LOC from

revolving to non-revolving with a maturity date of August 21, 2008.

NOTE 8 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in three reportable segments, the operation of the hotel, the operation of its multi-family residential properties and the investment of its cash in marketable securities and other investments. These three operating segments, as presented in the financial statements, reflect how management internally reviews each segment's performance. Management also makes operational and strategic decisions based on this information.

Information below represents reported segments for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007. Operating income for rental properties consists of rental income. Operating income(loss) from Justice Investors consists of the operations of the hotel and garage. Operating income(loss) for investment transactions consist of net investment gains(losses) and dividend and interest income.

As of and for the Three months ended March 31, 2008	Hotel Operations	Real Estate Operations	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income Operating expenses	\$ 8,799,000 (9,379,000)	\$ 3,318,000 (3,102,000)	\$(3,430,000) (456,000)	\$ -	\$ 8,687,000 (12,937,000)
Net operating income(loss)	(580,000)	216,000	(3,886,000)	-	(4,250,000)
General and administrative				(407,000)	(407, 000)
Expense	_	_	_	, ,	(407,000)
Income tax expense	-	_	_		1,726,000
Minority interest	266 , 000			697 , 000	963 , 000
Net income(loss)	\$ (314,000)	216,000	\$(3,886,000)	\$ 2,016,000	\$ (1,968,000)
Total Assets	\$51,684,000 ======	\$65,634,000 =======	\$13,631,000 =======	\$ 9,520,000 =======	\$ 140,469,000

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As of and for the Three months ended March 31, 2007	Hotel Operations	Real Estate Operations	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income Operating expenses	\$ 7,654,000 (9,320,000)	\$ 2,789,000 (3,350,000)	\$ 1,835,000 (577,000)	\$	\$ 12,278,000 (13,247,000)
Net operating income(loss)	(1,666,000)	(561,000)	1,258,000		(969,000)
General and administrative Expense Income tax benefit Minority interest	- - 879,000	- - -	- - -	(549,000) 274,000 80,000	(549,000) 274,000) 959,000

Net income(loss)	\$ (787,000)		\$ 1,258,000		\$ (285,000)
Total Assets	\$46,679,000 ======	\$66,891,000	\$26,684,000 ======	\$18,782,000 =====	\$ 159,036,000 ======
As of and for the Nine months ended March 31, 2008	Hotel Operations	Real Estate Operations	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income Operating expenses	\$28,204,000 (29,946,000)	\$ 9,442,000 (8,946,000)	\$(3,445,000) (1,261,000)	\$ - -	\$ 34,201,000 (40,153,000)
Net operating income(loss) Gain on sale of real estat	(1,742,000) e –	496 , 000	(4,706,000)		(5,952,000)
General and administrative Expense Income tax expense Minority interest	- 801,000	- - -	- - -	(1,238,000) 2,518,000 1,038,000	2,518,000 1,839,000
Net income(loss)	\$ (941,000)	496,000	\$(4,706,000)	\$ 2,318,000	\$ (2,833,000)
Total Assets	\$51,684,000		\$13,631,000 =======	\$ 9,520,000	\$ 140,469,000 =======
As of and for the Nine months ended March 31, 2007	Hotel Operations	Real Estate Operations	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income Operating expenses	\$23,362,000 (26,793,000)	\$ 8,140,000 (10,004,000)	\$ 2,412,000 (1,613,000)	\$ - -	\$ 33,914,000 (38,410,000)
Net operating loss	(3,431,000)	(1,864,000)	799,000	-	(4,496,000)
General and administrative Expense Income tax benefit Minority interest	- - 1,714,000	- - -	- - -	(1,288,000) 1,663,000 326,000	(1,288,000) 1,663,000 2,040,000
Net income(loss)	\$(1,717,000)	(1,864,000)	\$ 799,000	\$ 701,000 ======	\$ (2,081,000)
Total Assets	\$46,679,000	\$66,891,000	\$26,684,000	\$18,782,000 ======	\$ 159,036,000

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NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTIES

John V. Winfield serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Company, Portsmouth, and Santa Fe. Depending on certain market conditions and various risk factors, the Chief Executive Officer, his family, Portsmouth and Santa Fe may, at times, invest in the same companies in which the Company invests. The Company encourages such investments because it places personal resources of the

Chief Executive Officer and his family members, and the resources of Portsmouth and Santa Fe, at risk in connection with investment decisions made on behalf of the Company.

The garage lessee, Evon, is the Partnership's managing general partner. Under the terms of the lease agreement, Evon paid the Partnership \$393,000 and \$348,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. For the nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, Evon paid the Partnership \$1,229,000 and \$1,159,000, respectively.

NOTE 10 - RESTATEMENTS

As disclosed in Item 4.02(a) of the Company's Form 8-K dated February 13, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 19, 2008, the Company detected an error in the calculation and presentation of the tax effects on the minority interest related to Justice Investors in the comparative three and six month periods ended December 31, 2007 as presented in the Company's previously issued Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended December 31, 2006. Specifically, the minority interest line item in the Consolidated Statement of Operations was mistakenly recorded and presented as "net of tax" instead of pre-tax. The errors resulted in an overstatement of the tax benefit related to the minority interest for the reported periods ended September 30, 2007, December 31, 2007 and March 31, 2007. The Company subsequently filed amendments to its quarterly reports for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2007 and September 30, 2007 on Form 10-QSB/A.

The errors did not affect the Company's reported revenues, expenses, income (loss) before income taxes or cash flows, and did not impact the Company's operations. There were no such errors in the Company's audited financial statements included in its Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and, as such, that Annual Report was not amended.

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2007 in this report reflects the restatements as reported in the Company's amended report on Form 10-QSB/A for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007 as filed on February 27, 2008.

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Item 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND PROJECTIONS

The Company may from time to time make forward-looking statements and projections concerning future expectations. When used in this discussion, the words "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "may," "could," "might" and similar expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, such as the impact of terrorism and war on the national and international economies, including tourism and securities markets, natural disasters, general economic conditions and competition in the hotel industry in the San Francisco area, seasonality, labor relations and labor disruptions, partnership distributions, the ability to obtain financing at favorable interest rates and terms, securities markets, regulatory factors, litigation and other factors discussed below in this Report and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as to the date hereof. The Company undertakes no

obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to those forward-looking statements, which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company's principal sources of revenue continue to be derived from the investment of its 68.8% owned subsidiary, Portsmouth, in the Justice Investors limited partnership ("Justice" or the "Partnership"), rental income from the operations of its multi-family real estate properties and income derived from investment of its cash in marketable securities and other investments. Portsmouth has a 50.0% limited partnership interest in Justice and serves as one of the general partners. Justice owns the land, improvements and leaseholds at 750 Kearny Street, San Francisco, California, known as the Hilton San Francisco Financial District (the "Hotel"). The financial statements of Justice have been consolidated with those of the Company, effective as of July 1, 2006. See Note 1 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Hotel is operated by the Partnership as a full service Hilton brand hotel pursuant to a Franchise License Agreement with Hilton Hotels Corporation. The term of the Agreement is for a period of 15 years commencing on January 12, 2006, with an option to extend the term for another five years, subject to certain conditions. Justice also has a Management Agreement with Prism Hospitality L.P. ("Prism") to perform the day-to-day management functions of the Hotel.

The Partnership also derives income from the lease of the garage portion of the property to Evon Corporation ("Evon"), the managing general partner of Justice, and from a lease with Tru Spa for a portion of the lobby level of the Hotel. Portsmouth also receives management fees as a general partner of Justice for its services in overseeing and managing the Partnership's assets. Those fees are eliminated in consolidation.

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007

The Company had a net loss of \$1,900,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to a net loss \$265,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. As discussed below, the increase in the net loss is primarily due to the significant net losses on marketable securities partially offset by the significant decrease in the loss from the hotel operations and the improvement in the Company's real estate operations.

The loss from hotel operations was \$580,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 on revenues of \$8,779,000, compared to a loss of \$1,666,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007 on revenues of \$7,654,000. Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$1,105,000 and \$1,042,000 for the respective periods. The decrease in the loss was primarily attributable to greater income generated from the operations of the Hotel during the third quarter and a reduction in operating expenses as a percentage of revenues.

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the operations of the Hotel on a standalone basis generated operating income of approximately \$816,000 on operating revenues of approximately \$8,337,000, compared to operating income of approximately \$500,000 on operating revenues of approximately \$7,271,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. That increase in Hotel operating income is primarily due to a higher average daily room rate and an increase in occupancy percentage.

The following table sets forth the average daily room rate, average occupancy percentage and room revenue per available room ("RevPar") of the Hotel for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007.

Three Months Ended	Average	Average	
March 31,	Daily Rate	Occupancy%	RevPar
2008	\$175.80	77.4%	\$136.09
2007	\$164.42	70.6%	\$116.22

Average daily room rates and occupancy have continued to improve since the Hotel's reopening in January 2006 as the Hotel approaches full stabilization and gets further penetration into the Financial District hotel market. As a result, the Hotel was able to achieve an approximately \$20 increase in RevPar for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared the three months ended March 31, 2007. While we expect that operating revenues of the Hotel to continue to grow, that growth will probably be at a slower pace. The Hotel's food and beverage operations remain challenging, especially in the banquet and catering department. Management will continue to focus in this area in an effort to improve its operations.

With an uncertain economy and the possibility of a decline in business, group and leisure travel, management will continue to focus on ways to improve efficiencies and reduce operating costs and other expenses in its efforts to increase the operating income of the Hotel. For the current quarter, we have already seen an improvement in operating costs of the Hotel as a percentage Hotel revenues as well as a reduction general and administrative costs at the Partnership level for legal and consulting fees. If cash flows from the Hotel operations continue to improve, the Partnership could make additional distributions to its limited partners in fiscal 2008.

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Real estate operations improved significantly to income of \$216,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from a loss of \$561,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The improvement was primarily attributable to the increase in rental income. Rental income from the Company's properties located outside of California increased by \$394,000 while income from the Company's California portfolio increased by \$135,000. The increase in the rental income from the properties located outside of California was primarily due to improved occupancy and rental rates as the result of management's efforts to improve the competitiveness of the Company's properties through interior and exterior improvements. The overall rental market has also improved across the country. The increase the rental income from the California real estate portfolio is primary attributable to the significant increase in the occupancy of the Company's newly renovated 30-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California and the improvement in the occupancy and rental rates in the Los Angeles area.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company had listed for sale its 249-unit apartment complex located in Austin, Texas and its 132-unit apartment complex located in San Antonio, Texas for sale. The operations of these properties are classified under discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Company had net losses on marketable securities of \$2,345,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to net gains of \$1,737,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company had net realized gains of \$422,000 and net unrealized losses of \$2,767,000. For the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Company had net

realized gains of \$455,000 and net unrealized gains of \$1,282,000. Gains and losses on marketable securities may fluctuate significantly from period to period in the future and could have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. However, the amount of gain or loss on marketable securities for any given period may have no predictive value and variations in amount from period to period may have no analytical value. For a more detailed description of the composition of the Company's marketable securities please see the Marketable Securities section below.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company performed an impairment analysis of its other investments and determined that two of its investments had an other than temporary impairment and recorded an impairment loss on other investments of \$1,117,000. There was no impairment loss recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

Dividend and interest income decreased to \$32,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$98,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the decrease in the investment in income yielding securities during the most recent third quarter.

Margin interest and trading expenses decreased to \$456,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$577,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the decrease in margin interest expense to \$71,000 from \$192,000 due to the decrease in the average margin balance.

Minority interest related to Justice Investors decreased to \$266,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$879,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The decrease is due to the reduced loss from the hotel operations to \$580,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$1,666,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

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The provision for income tax benefit increased to \$1,697,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$261,000 for the three months end March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the higher pre-tax loss incurred during the most recent third quarter.

Minority interest related to Portsmouth and Santa Fe increased to \$697,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$80,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007 primarily due to the higher loss incurred by Portsmouth and Santa Fe during the most recent third quarter.

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2008 Compared to the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2007

The Company had a net loss of \$290,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 compared to a net loss \$2,093,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007. As discussed below, the significant decrease in the net loss is due to the large gain recognized on the sale of real estate, the improvement in the real estate operations and the reduction in the loss from the hotel operations, partially offset by the loss from investment transactions.

The loss from hotel operations was \$1,742,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 compared to a loss of \$3,431,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007. The decrease in the loss was primarily attributable to greater income generated from the operations of the Hotel during the current period.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the operations of the Hotel on a standalone basis generated operating income of approximately \$3,428,000 on

operating revenues of approximately \$26,811,000, compared to operating income of approximately \$1,964,000 on operating revenues of approximately \$22,013,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007. That increase in Hotel operating income is primarily due to a higher average daily room rate and an increase in occupancy percentage.

The following table sets forth the average daily room rate, average occupancy percentage and room revenue per available room ("RevPar") of the Hotel for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007.

Nine Months Ended	Average	Average	
March 31,	Daily Rate	Occupancy%	RevPar
2008	\$174.49	83.8%	\$146.57
2007	\$158.41	74.5%	\$118.42

Average daily room rates and occupancy have continued to improve since the Hotel's reopening in January 2006 as the Hotel approaches full stabilization and gets further penetration into the Financial District hotel market. As a result, the Hotel was able to achieve an approximately \$28 increase in RevPar for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 compared the nine months ended March 31, 2007. While we expect that operating revenues of the Hotel to continue to grow, that growth will probably be at a slower pace. The Hotel's food and beverage operations remain challenging, especially in the banquet and catering department. Management will continue to focus in this area in an effort to improve its operations.

With an uncertain economy and the possibility of a decline in business, group and leisure travel, management will continue to focus on ways to improve efficiencies and reduce operating costs and other expenses in its efforts to increase the operating income of the Hotel. We have already seen an

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improvement, primarily in the last three months, in operating costs of the Hotel as a percentage Hotel revenues as well as a reduction general and administrative costs at the Partnership level for legal and consulting fees. If cash flows from the Hotel operations continue to improve, the Partnership could make additional distributions to its limited partners in fiscal 2008.

Real estate operations improved significantly to income of \$496,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from a loss of \$1,864,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the increase in rental income coupled with the decrease in property operating expenses. Rental income from the Company's properties located outside of California increased by \$670,000 while income from the Company's California portfolio increased by \$632,000. The increase in the rental income from the properties located outside of California was primarily due to improved occupancy and rental rates as the result of management's efforts to improve the competitiveness of the Company's properties through interior and exterior improvements. The overall rental market has also improved across the country. The increase the rental income from the California real estate portfolio is primary attributable to the significant increase in the occupancy of the Company's newly renovated 30-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California and the improvement in the occupancy and rental rates in the Los Angeles area. Property operating expenses decreased to \$3,586,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$4,549,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007 as the result of \$560,000 in real estate related legal expenses incurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2007 and management's overall effort to reduce property operating expenses across the Company's entire real estate portfolio and run the operations more efficiently.

During the nine months March 31, 2008, the Company had listed for sale its 249-unit apartment complex located in Austin, Texas and its 132-unit apartment complex located in San Antonio, Texas for sale. In August 2007, the Company sold its 224-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$8,050,000 and received net proceeds of approximately \$3,665,000 after the payment of the related mortgage of approximately \$4,007,000. The Company recognized a gain related to this sale of real estate of \$4,074,000. The operations of these three properties are classified under discontinued operations in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company had net losses on marketable securities of \$2,347,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 compared to net gains of \$2,167,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007. For the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the Company had net realized gains of \$533,000 and net unrealized losses of \$2,880,000. For the nine months ended March 31, 2007, the Company had net realized gains of \$2,753,000 and net unrealized losses of \$586,000. Gains and losses on marketable securities may fluctuate significantly from period to period in the future and could have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. However, the amount of gain or loss on marketable securities for any given period may have no predictive value and variations in amount from period to period may have no analytical value. For a more detailed description of the composition of the Company's marketable securities see the Marketable Securities section below.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the Company performed an impairment analysis of its other investments and determined that two of its investments had an other than temporary impairment and recorded an impairment loss on other investments of \$1,242,000. There was no impairment loss recorded for the nine months ended March 31, 2007.

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Dividend and interest income decreased to \$144,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$245,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the decrease in the investment in income yielding securities during the nine months ended March 31, 2008.

Margin interest and trading expenses decreased to \$1,261,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$1,613,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the decrease in margin interest expense to \$253,000 from \$516,000 due to the decrease in the average margin balance.

Minority interest related to Justice Investors decreased to \$801,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$1,714,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007. The decrease is due to the reduced loss from the hotel operations to \$1,742,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$3,431,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007.

The provision for income tax benefit decreased to \$864,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$1,672,000 for the nine months end March 31, 2007 primarily as the result of the lower pre-tax loss incurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2008.

Minority interest related to Portsmouth and Santa Fe increased to \$1,038,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 from \$326,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2007 primarily due to the higher loss incurred by Portsmouth and Santa Fe during the most recent third quarter.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company's investment portfolio is diversified with 22 different equity positions. The portfolio contains five individual equity securities that are more than 5% of the equity value of the portfolio with the largest security being 17.5% of the value of the portfolio. The amount of the Company's investment in any particular issuer may increase or decrease, and additions or deletions to its securities portfolio may occur, at any time. While it is the internal policy of the Company to limit its initial investment in any single equity to less than 5% of its total portfolio value, that investment could eventually exceed 5% as a result of equity appreciation or reduction of other positions. Marketable securities are stated at market value as determined by the most recently traded price of each security at the balance sheet date.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had investments in marketable equity securities of \$6,886,000. The following table shows the composition of the Company's marketable securities portfolio by selected industry groups as of March 31, 2008.

Industry Group	Market Value	% of Total Investment Securities
		0.5.4.0
Insurance, banks and brokers	\$ 1 , 727 , 000	25.1%
Dairy products	1,203,000	17.5%
Technology	912,000	13.2%
Services	679,000	9.9%
REITs and builders	532,000	7.7%
Other	1,833,000	26.6%
	\$ 6,886,000	100.0%
	=========	========

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The following table shows the net gain or loss on the Company's marketable securities and the associated margin interest and trading expenses for the indicated periods.

For the three months ended March 31,	2008		2007
Net (losses)gains on marketable securities\$	 \$ (2,345,000)	\$	1,737,000
Impairment loss on other investments	(1,117,000)		_
Dividend & interest income	32,000		98,000
Margin interest expense	(71,000)		(192,000)
Trading and management expenses	(385,000)		(385,000)
	(3,886,000) ======	- \$ =	1,258,000
For the nine months ended March 31,	2008		2007
Net (losses) gains on marketable securities	\$ (2,347,000)	\$	2,167,000
Impairment loss on other investments	(1,242,000)		_
Dividend & interest income	144,000		245,000
Margin interest expense	(253,000)		(516,000)
Trading and management expenses	(1,008,000)		(1,097,000)
	\$ (4,706,000)	\$	799 , 000

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

The Company's cash flows are primarily generated from the hotel operations. The Company also generates revenues from its real estate operations and from the investment of its cash and marketable securities. Since the operations of the Hotel were temporarily suspended on May 31, 2005, and significant amounts of money were expended to renovate and reposition the Hotel as a Hilton, Justice did not pay any partnership distributions until the end of March 2007. As a result, the Company had to depend more on the revenues generated from its real estate operations and the investment of its cash and marketable securities during that transition period.

The Hotel started to generate cash flows from its operations in June 2006, which have continued to improve since that time. As a result, Justice was able to pay a special limited partnership distribution in a total amount of \$1,000,000 on March 28, 2007, of which Portsmouth received \$500,000. The general partners believed that operations of the Hotel had stabilized under the Hilton brand and new management, and that cash flows were sufficient to warrant that special distribution, especially with financings in place to meet any additional capital needs. On October 1, 2007, Justice paid a second special limited partnership distribution in the amount of \$400,000 and an additional special limited partnership distribution in the amount of \$600,000 on November 23, 2007, of which Portsmouth received \$200,000 and \$300,000 respectively. The general partners expect to conduct regular reviews to set the amount of any future distributions that may be appropriate based on the results of operations of the Hotel and other factors. If cash flows from the Hotel operations continue to improve, the Partnership could be in a position to make additional distributions to its limited partners in fiscal 2008.

To meet its substantial financial commitments for the renovation and transition of the Hotel to a Hilton, Justice had to rely on borrowings to meet its obligations. On July 27, 2005, Justice entered into a first mortgage loan

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with The Prudential Insurance Company of America in a principal amount of \$30,000,000 (the "Prudential Loan"). The term of the Prudential Loan is for 120 months at a fixed interest rate of 5.22% per annum. The Prudential Loan calls for monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of approximately \$165,000, calculated on a 30 year amortization schedule. The Prudential Loan is collateralized by a first deed of trust on the Partnership's Hotel property, including all improvements and personal property thereon and an assignment of all present and future leases and rents. The Prudential Loan is without recourse to the limited and general partners of Justice. As of March 31, 2008, the Prudential Loan balance was approximately \$28,854,000.

On March 27, 2007, Justice entered into a second mortgage loan with Prudential (the "Second Prudential Loan") in the principal amount of \$19,000,000. The term of the Second Prudential Loan is for approximately 100 months and matures on August 5, 2015, the same date as the first Prudential Loan. The Second Prudential Loan is at a fixed interest rate of 6.42% per annum and calls for monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of approximately \$119,000, calculated on a 30-year amortization schedule. The Second Prudential Loan is collateralized by a second deed of trust on the Partnership's Hotel property, including all improvements and personal property thereon and an assignment of all present and future leases and rents. The Second Prudential Loan is without recourse to the limited and general partners of Justice. As of March 31, 2008, the Second Prudential Loan balance was approximately

\$18,803,000.

From the proceeds of the Second Prudential Loan, Justice retired its existing line of credit facility with United Commercial Bank ("UCB") paying off the outstanding balance of principal and interest of approximately \$16,403,000 on March 27, 2007. The Partnership also obtained a new unsecured \$3,000,000 revolving line of credit facility from UCB to be utilized by the Partnership to meet any emergency or extraordinary cash flow needs. The new line of credit facility matures on February 2, 2009 and the annual interest rate is based on an index selected by Justice at the time of advance, equal to the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate or the LIBOR Rate plus 2%. As of March 31, 2008, there was a balance of \$650,000 drawn by Justice under the new line of credit, with an annual interest rate at LIBOR plus two percent (4.75% as of March 2008). Justice has also utilized \$1,750,000 of the amount available under the line of credit in the form of a standby letter of credit related to the Allied Litigation. The annual fee for the letter of credit is one and one half percent of \$1,750,000, which fee is to be paid in quarterly installments for the periods in which the letter of credit is in effect.

While the debt service requirements related to the two Prudential loans, as well as any utilization of the UCB line of credit, may create some additional risk for the Company and its ability to generate cash flows in the future since the Partnership's assets had been virtually debt free for an number of years, management believes that cash flows from the operations of the Hotel and the garage lease will continue to be sufficient to meet all of the Partnership's current and future obligations and financial requirements. Management also believes that there is sufficient equity in the Hotel assets to support future borrowings, if necessary, to fund any new capital improvements and other requirements.

In April 2004, the Company obtained a revolving \$5,000,000 line of credit ("LOC"). The LOC carries a variable interest rate(lender's base rate plus 1%). Interest is paid on a monthly basis. As of March 31, 2008, the balance of the LOC was \$3,958,000 with the interest rate at 6.25%. In April 2008, the terms of the LOC were modified to provide for an interest rate floor of 6.25%, limited the LOC to the current balance of \$3,958,000 and changed the LOC from revolving to non-revolving with a maturity date of August 21, 2008.

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In August 2007, the Company sold its 224-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$8,050,000 and recognized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$4,074,000. The Company received net proceeds after selling costs of \$7,739,000 and paid off the related outstanding mortgage note payable of \$4,007,000 and made a \$3,000,000 payment to reduce its outstanding line of credit to \$1,258,000 from \$4,258,000. In October 2007, the Company utilized \$2,700,000 of its line of credit for investments, increasing the outstanding balance to \$3,958,000 as of March 31, 2008.

In August 2007, the Company refinanced its \$7,203,000 construction loan on its 30-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California and obtained a mortgage note payable in the amount of \$6,850,000. The term of the note is 15 years, with interest only for the first two years. The interest is fixed at 5.97%.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the Company made property improvements in the aggregate amount of \$3,666,000. Management believes the improvements to its properties will enhance market values, maintain the competitiveness of the Company's properties and potentially enable the Company to obtain a higher yield through higher rents.

The Company has invested in short-term, income-producing instruments and in equity and debt securities when deemed appropriate. The Company's marketable securities are classified as trading with unrealized gains and losses recorded through the consolidated statements of operations.

Management believes that its cash, marketable securities, and the cash flows generated from those assets and from its real estate operations, partnership distributions and management fees, will be adequate to meet the Company's current and future obligations.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off balance sheet arrangements.

MATERIAL CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Company does not have any material contractual obligations or commercial commitments other than the mortgages of its rental properties, its line of credit and Justice Investors' mortgage loans with Prudential and its revolving line of credit facility with UCB.

IMPACT OF INFLATION

The Company's residential and commercial rental properties provide income from short-term operating leases and no lease extends beyond one year. Rental increases are expected to offset anticipated increased property operating expenses.

Hotel room rates are typically impacted by supply and demand factors, not inflation, since rental of a hotel room is usually for a limited number of nights. Room rates can be, and usually are, adjusted to account for inflationary cost increases. Since Prism has the power and ability under the terms of its management agreement to adjust hotel room rates on an ongoing basis, there should be minimal impact on partnership revenues due to inflation. Partnership revenues are also subject to interest rate risks, which may be influenced by inflation. For the two most recent fiscal years, the impact of inflation on the Company's income is not viewed by management as material.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Critical accounting policies are those that are most significant to the portrayal of our financial position and results of operations and require judgments by management in order to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts in our consolidated financial statements. We evaluate our estimates on an on-going basis, including those related to the consolidation of our subsidiaries, to our revenues, allowances for bad debts, accruals, asset impairments, other investments, income taxes and commitments and contingencies. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. The actual results may differ from these estimates or our estimates may be affected by different assumptions or conditions.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures

(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the fiscal period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB.

As discussed in Note 10, the Company had detected certain errors in the calculation and presentation of the tax effects on the minority interest related to Justice Investors in previously issued unaudited financial statements for the periods ended December 31, 2006, March 31, 2007 and September 30, 2007. As disclosed in Part I. Item 3 "Controls and Procedures" of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2007 and its amendments to its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-QSB/A for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2007 and September 31, 2007, the Company's management determined that there were material weaknesses in its internal controls over financial reporting in the areas of accounting for minority interest and tax provisions related to the consolidation of a partnership entity. To address those material weaknesses, the Company has taken the following steps to improve its internal controls and procedures over financial reporting:

- * The Company's tax consultants have reviewed and reconciled the Company's tax position and tax accounts;
- * The Company has engaged a separate tax consultant to review the Company's tax provisions and tax consolidation processes on a quarterly and annual basis;
- * The Company has also engaged a consultant to review staffing levels, job assignments, and processes to identify other process weaknesses, if any, in order to mitigate the risk of reporting errors.

Based upon such evaluation and the steps taken by the Company to address the previously reported material weaknesses, the Company's management has concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's

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disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed in this filing is accumulated and communicated to management and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner and in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations.

(b) Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

Except for the affirmative changes discussed above, there have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the last quarterly period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Management will continue to monitor internal control over financial reporting and will modify or implement if necessary, any additional controls or procedures that may be required to ensure the continued integrity of our financial statements.

PART II.

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Bacon Plumbing Co., Inc. and Golden Electric Company v. Allied Construction, et al., San Francisco County Superior Court, Case No. 06-455401 (the "Allied Litigation").

This is to update matters previously reported in the Company's Form 10-KSB for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and its reports on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, and December 30, 2007 regarding the litigation and lien claims filed by Allied Construction Management, Inc. ("Allied") and eight subcontractors arising out of the renovation work performed on the San Francisco hotel property.

As previously reported, Justice Investors entered into settlements with all of the subcontractors that filed liens against the hotel property. The settlement amounts were paid by Justice in November 2007 and the subcontractor liens were released, leaving only the Allied lien claims to be determined. As a result of the settlements with the subcontractors, the court also reduced the lien claim of Allied from \$2,061,544 to \$1,166,649. The balance of the dispute between Justice and Allied has been submitted to arbitration pursuant to the terms of the construction contract. A hearing in that arbitration proceeding has now been set to begin on June 16, 2008. Justice, Evon and Portsmouth dispute the amounts alleged to be owed to Allied and intend to vigorously defend the balance of this action.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) None.
- (b) Not applicable.

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(c) Purchases of equity securities by the small business issuer and affiliated purchasers.

SMALL BUSINESS ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

2008 Period	(a)Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid Per Share	(c)Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d)Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Month #1 (Jan. 1- Jan. 31)	400	\$18.05	400	21,823
Month #2 (Feb. 1- Feb. 28)	500	\$17.54	500	21,323

Month #3

(Mar. 1- Mar. 31)	4,675	\$17.29	4,675	16,648
Total	5 , 575	\$17.37	5,575	16,648

The Company currently has only one stock repurchase program. The program was initially announced on January 13, 1998 and was first amended on February 10, 2003. The total number of shares authorized to be repurchased was 720,000, adjusted for stock splits. On October 12, 2004, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to purchase up to an additional 150,000 shares of Company's common stock, increasing the total remaining number of shares authorized for repurchase to 152,941. The program has no expiration date and can be amended from time to time in the discretion of the Board of Directors. No plan or program expired during the period covered by the table.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

The Fiscal 2007 Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company was held on February 20, 2008 at the Hilton San Francisco Financial District, 750 Kearny Street, San Francisco, California. At that meeting, Gary N. Jacobs and William J. Nance were elected as Class B Directors, each to serve a three year term expiring at the Fiscal 2010 Annual Meeting. Directors John V. Winfield, Josef A. Grunwald and John C. Love continue their terms as the Company's other directors. At the Annual Meeting, the shareholders also voted in favor of the ratification of the Audit Committee's selection of Burr, Pilger & Mayer LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. A tabulation of the vote follows:

Proposal (1) - Class B Directors:	Votes For	Withheld	
Gary N. Jacobs	2,029,829	70,249	
William J. Nance	2,066,536	33,642	
Proposal (2) - Accountants:	Votes For	Against	Abstained
Burr, Pilger & Mayer LLP	2,062,578	30,990	6 , 510

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Item 6. Exhibits.

(a) Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a).
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

		THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION (Registrant)
Date: May 8, 2008	by	/s/ John V. Winfield
		John V. Winfield, President, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
Date: May 8, 2008	by	/s/ David Nguyen
		David Nguyen, Treasurer and Controller (Principal Financial Officer)