INTERGROUP CORP Form 10QSB February 13, 2006

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB
[X] Quarterly Report Under Section 13 Or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2005
[ ] Transition Report Under Section 13 Or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 1-10324
THE INTERCRAID CORROBATION
THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION
(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in Its Charter)
DELAWARE 13-3293645
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)
820 Moraga Drive Los Angeles, CA 90049
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(310) 889-2500
(Issuer's Telephone Number)
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  YES [X] NO []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES [ ] NO [X] $$
The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's Common Stock, \$.01 par value,

as of February 8, 2006 were 2,397,241 shares.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: YES [ ] NO [X]

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THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION  CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  (UNAUDITED)
As of December 31, 2005
ASSETS
Investment in real estate, at cost:
Land \$ 26,649,000 Buildings, improvements and equipment 72,870,000
Less: accumulated depreciation (21,252,000)
78,267,000 Property held for sale or development 1,026,000

Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Investment in marketable securities	79,293,000 596,000 3,108,000 32,242,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets Investment in Justice Investors	6,414,000 7,990,000
Total assets	\$129,643,000 =======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 77,208,000
Due to securities broker	12,863,000
Obligation for securities sold	6,413,000
Line of credit Accounts payable and other liabilities	6,058,000 4,197,000
Deferred income taxes	6,300,000
Defetted income caxes	
Total liabilities	113,039,000
Minority interest	6,053,000
Commitments and contingencies	
Shareholders' equity:	
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 2,500,000 shares authorized; none issued	_
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 4,000,000 shares authorized;	
3,193,745 issued, 2,397,241 outstanding	21,000
Common stock, Class A \$.01 par value, 2,500,000 shares	
authorized; none issued	-
Additional paid-in capital	8,686,000
Retained earnings	10,058,000
Treasury stock, at cost, 796,504 shares	(8,214,000)
Total shareholders' equity	10,551,000
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$129,643,000
	========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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# THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

For the Three Months ended December 31,	2005	2004
Real estate operations:		
Rental income	\$ 3,290,000	\$ 3,263,000
Rental expenses:		
Property operating expense	(1,946,000)	(1,519,000)
Mortgage interest expense	(1,019,000)	(1,026,000)

Real estate taxes Depreciation Amortization - intangible asset		(478,000) (637,000)		(733,000) (666,000) (166,000)
Loss from real estate operations	-	(790,000)		(847,000)
Equity in net loss of Justice Investors		(1,071,000)		
Investment transactions: Net investment gains Impairment loss on other investments Dividend and interest income Margin interest and trading expenses	-		_	(258,000) 199,000 (824,000)
Income from investment transactions	-	598,000	-	5,822,000
Other income(expense): General and administrative expense Other, net		(469,000) (183,000)		(321,000) 8,000
Other expense		(652,000)		(313,000)
<pre>Income(loss) before provision for income taxes and minority interest</pre>		(1,915,000)		
Provision for income tax benefit(expense)		722,000		(1,723,000)
<pre>Income(loss) before minority interest Minority interest benefit(expense), net of tax</pre>		(1,193,000) 193,000		2,582,000 (596,000)
Net income(loss) from continuing operations		(1,000,000)		1,986,000
Discontinued operations:  Net loss on discontinued operations  Gain(loss) on sale of real estate  Provision for income tax benefit(expense)	\$	(31,000) 1,185,000 (439,000)		(99,000) - 40,000
Income(loss) from discontinued operations	\$	715,000	\$	(59,000)
Net income(loss)	\$	(285,000)		1,927,000
Income(loss) per share from continuing operations				
Basic Diluted	\$	(0.42)	\$	0.80 0.70
<pre>Income(loss) per share from discontinued operations   Basic   Diluted</pre>	\$		\$	(0.02)
Income(loss) per share Basic Diluted	\$		\$	0.78
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		2,397,241		2,470,532
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding		2,764,741		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.  $\,$ 

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# THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

For the Six Months ended December 31,	2005	2004
Real estate operations:		
Rental income	\$ 6 654 000	\$ 6,535,000
Rental expenses:	Ψ 0 <b>,</b> 031 <b>,</b> 000	Ψ 0 <b>,</b> 333,000
Property operating expense	(3,631,000)	(2,907,000)
Mortgage interest expense	(2,038,000)	(1,881,000)
Real estate taxes	(963,000)	(1,108,000)
Depreciation		(1,337,000)
Amortization - intangible asset		(333,000)
Loss on early termination of debt	-	(133,000)
Loss from real estate operations	(1,286,000)	(1,164,000)
Equity in net loss of Justice Investors		(280,000)
Investment transactions:		
Net investment gains	1,296,000	2,078,000
Impairment loss on other investments	(299,000)	(258,000)
Dividend and interest income		491,000
Margin interest and trading expenses	(1,150,000)	(1,400,000)
Income from investment transactions		911,000
Other income(expense):		
General and administrative expense	(807,000)	(702,000)
Other, net	(170,000)	94,000
Other expense	(977,000)	(608,000)
Loss before provision for income taxes and		
minority interest	(3,850,000)	(1,141,000)
Provision for income tax benefit	1,464,000	456,000
Loss before minority interest	(2.386.000)	(685,000)
Minority interest benefit, net of tax	514,000	(685,000) 49,000
Net loss from continuing operations	\$ (1,872,000)	\$ (636,000)
Discontinued operations:		
Net loss on discontinued operations	\$ (101,000)	\$ (404,000)
Gain(loss) on sale of real estate	1,161,000	6,006,000
Provision for income tax benefit (expense)	(403,000)	(2,241,000)
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 657,000	\$ 3,361,000
Net income(loss)	\$ (1,215,000)	\$ 2,725,000
	========	========

Loss per share from continuing operations				
Basic	\$	(0.78)	\$	(0.26)
Diluted	\$	(0.78)	\$	(0.26)
	===	======	==	
Income per share from discontinued operations				
Basic	\$	0.27	\$	1.35
Diluted	\$	0.24	\$	1.18
	===	======	==	
Income(loss) per share				
Basic	\$	(0.51)	\$	1.10
Diluted	\$	(0.51)	\$	0.96
	===	======	==	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	2	,400,216		2 402 751
weighted average number of shares outstanding	===	,400,210		2,463,731
Diluted weighted average number of shares				
outstanding	2	,767,716		2,851,251
	===		==	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

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# THE INTEGROUP CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

For the six months ended December 31,	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income(loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income(loss) to cash provided by(cash used) in operating activities:	\$ (1,215,000)	\$ 2,725,000
Depreciation of real estate Depreciation (discontinued operations) Amortization of intangible asset Loss on early termination of debt	1,308,000 17,000 -	1,337,000 173,000 333,000 133,000
Impairment loss on other investments Gain on sale of real estate Net unrealized gains on investments Equity in net loss from Justice Investors Minority interest benefit		(6,006,000) (1,573,000) 280,000
Changes in assets and liabilities: Restricted cash Investment in marketable securities Prepaid expenses and other assets Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to broker Obligation for securities sold Deferred income taxes	(6,789,000) (2,678,000) 686,000 6,137,000 1,156,000	157,000 1,366,000 698,000 971,000 4,428,000 (6,290,000) 1,462,000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,442,000)	403,000
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net proceeds from sale of real estate Investment in real estate	8,240,000	11,850,000 (1,467,000)

Additions to buildings, improvements and equipment		(1,831,000)		(1,813,000)
Purchase of Santa Fe stock		(125,000)		_
Purchase of Portsmouth stock		(260,000)		(44,000)
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	6,024,000	-	8,526,000
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Borrowings from mortgage notes payable		_		1,675,000
Principal payments on mortgage notes payable		(3,224,000)		(10,986,000)
Borrowings from (paydown of) line of credit		(255,000)		1,413,000
Purchase of treasury stock		(375,000)		(803,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(3,854,000)	-	(8,701,000)
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash	_		-	
equivalents		(272,000)		228,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of				
period		868,000		777,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	596 <b>,</b> 000	\$	1,005,000
	=		=	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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# THE INTERGROUP CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### 1. General

The consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, in the opinion of The InterGroup Corporation ("InterGroup" or the "Company"), the interim financial information contains all adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the results for the interim period. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries and should be read in conjunction with the Company's June 30, 2005 audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company had the power to vote 78%, of the voting shares of Santa Fe Financial Corporation ("Santa Fe"), a public company (OTCBB: SFEF). Santa Fe's revenue is primarily generated through the management of its 68.8% owned subsidiary, Portsmouth Square, Inc. ("Portsmouth"), a public company (OTCBB: PRSI), which derives its revenue primarily as a general partner and a 49.8% limited partner in Justice Investors, a California limited partnership ("Justice" or the "Partnership"). Justice owns the land, improvements and leaseholds now known as the Hilton San Francisco Financial District, a 549-room hotel in San Francisco, California (the "Hotel"). Both Santa Fe and Portsmouth are consolidated into the Company's financial statements.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending June 30, 2006.

#### Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The computation of diluted earnings per share is similar to the computation of basic earnings per share except that the weighted-average number of common shares is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potential dilutive common shares had been issued. The Company's only potentially dilutive common shares are stock options. Stock options are included in diluted earnings per share by application of the treasury stock method. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had 367,500 stock options that were considered potentially dilutive common shares and 37,500 stock options that were considered anti-dilutive. As of December 31, 2004, the Company had 367,500 stock options that were considered potentially dilutive common shares and 25,500 stock options that were considered anti-dilutive. These amounts were included in the calculation for diluted earnings per share.

#### Stock-Based Compensation Plans

Effective December 15, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure", which amends Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" (SFAS 148). In accounting for its plans, the Company, as allowable under the provisions of SFAS 148, applies Accounting Principles Board Opinions No. 25, "Accounting for Stock issued to Employees." As a result of this election, the Company does not recognize compensation expense for its stock option plans. During the six

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months ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company granted 12,000 and 15,000 stock options, respectively. Had the Company determined compensation cost based on the fair value for its stock options at grant date, net income(loss) and earnings(loss) per share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts as follows:

For the six months ended December 31,	2	2005	2	004
Net income(loss) Stock based employee	\$(1,	215,000)	\$ 2,	725,000
Compensation expense*		(44,000)		(68,000)
Pro forma net income(loss)		259,000)	\$ 2,	657 <b>,</b> 000
Earnings(loss) per share	====		====	======
Basic as reported	\$	(0.51)	\$	1.10
Basic pro forma	\$	(0.52)	\$	1.07
Diluted as reported	\$	(0.51)	\$	0.96
Diluted pro forma	\$	(0.52)	\$	0.93

\*Determined based on the fair value method for awards net of related tax effects (38%).

The Black-Scholes option pricing model was used with the following weighted-average assumptions for the six months ended December 31, 2005; risk-free interest rate of 4.49%; dividend yield of 0%; expected Common Stock market price volatility factor of 19.95; and a weighted-average expected life of the options of 10 years. The weighted-average fair value of options granted during the six months ended December 31, 2005 was \$6.18 per option. The aggregate

fair value of the options granted in during the six months ended December 31, 2005 was \$74,000. For the six months ended December 31, 2004, the following weighted-average assumptions for December 31, 2004; risk-free interest rate of 3.01%; dividend yield of 0%; expected Common Stock market price volatility factor of 25.89; and a expected life of the options of 10 years. The fair value of options granted in during the six months ended December 31, 2004 were \$6.93 per option. The aggregate fair value of the options granted during the three months ended December 31, 2004, was \$114,000.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of Financial Accounting Standard 123R, "Share-Based Payments" (FAS 123R). FAS 123R requires companies to recognize compensation expense equal to the fair value of stock options or other share-based payments.

#### 2. Investment in Real Estate

In December 2005, the Company sold its 54-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$3,100,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$598,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$2,931,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees.

In November 2005, the Company sold its 5-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California for \$1,620,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$587,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$870,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees and the repayment of the mortgage note in the amount of \$660,000.

In August 2005, the Company sold its 112-unit apartment complex located in Austin, Texas for \$4,400,000 and realized a net loss on the sale real estate of \$24,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$1,664,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees and the repayment of the mortgage note in the amount of \$2,186,000.

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Under the provisions of the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.144, Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, for properties disposed of during the year, the revenues and expenses are accounted for under discontinued operations in the statement of operations. The revenues and expenses from the operation of these properties have been reclassified from continuing operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 and reported as income from discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2005, the Company sold three properties. The revenues and expenses from the operation of these three properties for the three months and six ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 are summarized as follows:

For the three months ended December 31,	2005	2004
Revenues Expenses	\$ 35,000 (66,000)	\$ 245,000 (344,000)
Net loss	(31,000)	(99,000)

Depreciation expense for the three months ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, was \$0\$ and \$45,000, respectively.

	========	========
Net loss	(101,000)	(404,000)
Expenses	(254,000)	(1,242,000)
Revenues	\$ 153,000	\$ 838,000
For the six months ended December 31,	2005	2004

Depreciation expense for the six months ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, was \$17,000 and \$173,000, respectively.

#### 3. Marketable Securities:

The Company's investment portfolio consists primarily of corporate equities. The Company has also invested in corporate bonds and income producing securities, which may include interests in real estate based companies and REITs, where financial benefit could inure to its shareholders through income and/or capital gain.

At December 31, 2005, all of the Company's marketable securities are classified as trading securities. In accordance with SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," the change in the unrealized gains and losses on these investments are included earnings. Trading securities are summarized as follows:

As of December 31, 2005

Investment	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gain	Gross Unrealized Loss	Net Unrealized Gain	Market Value
Corporate Equities	\$28,845,000	\$5,107,000	(\$1,710,000)	\$3,397,000	\$32,242,000

Of the cumulative gross unrealized loss of \$1,710,000,\$537,000 of the loss is related to securities held for over one year.

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Marketable securities are stated at market value as determined by the most recently traded price of each security at the balance sheet date. Marketable securities are classified as trading with net change in unrealized gains or losses included in earnings.

As part of the investment strategies, the Company may assume short positions in marketable securities. Short sales are used by the Company to potentially offset normal market risks undertaken in the course of its investing activities or to provide additional return opportunities. The Company has no naked short positions. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had obligations for securities sold (equities short) of \$6,413,000.

The Company may utilize margin for its marketable securities purchases through the use of standard margin agreements with national brokerage firms. The use of available leverage is guided by the business judgment of management.

Net gains on marketable securities on the statement of operations are comprised of realized and unrealized gains. Below is the composition of the two components for the three and six months ended December 31, 2005 and 2004,

respectively.

For the three months ended December 31,	2005	2004
Realized gain on marketable securities Unrealized gain on marketable securities	\$ 58,000 1,249,000	\$ 381,000 6,324,000
Net gains on marketable securities	1,307,000	\$ 6,705,000
For the six months ended December 31,	2005	2004
Realized gain(loss) on marketable securities Unrealized gain on marketable securities	\$ (123,000) 1,419,000	\$ 505,000 1,573,000
Net gains on marketable securities	1,296,000	\$ 2,078,000

#### 4. Investment in Justice Investors:

The consolidated accounts include a 49.8% interest in Justice Investors, a California limited partnership ("Justice" or the "Partnership"), in which Portsmouth serves as one of the two general partners. The other general partner, Evon Corporation ("Evon"), serves as the managing general partner. Justice owns the land, improvements and leaseholds at 750 Kearny Street, San Francisco, California, formerly known as the Holiday Inn Select Downtown & Spa (the "Hotel"). Portsmouth records its investment in Justice on the equity basis. The Company's investment in Justice is recorded on the equity basis.

The Company amortizes the step up in the asset values which represents the excess purchase price over the underlying book value and is allocable to the depreciable assets of its investment in Justice over 40 years, which approximates the remaining life of the primary asset, the hotel building.

As a general and limited partner, Portsmouth has significant control over the management and operation of the assets of Justice. All significant partnership decisions require the active participation and approval of both general partners. The Company and Evon jointly consult and determine the amount of partnership reserves and the amount of cash to be distributed to the limited partners.

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Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, voting rights of the partners are determined according to the partners' entitlement to share in the net profit and loss of the partnership. The Company is not entitled to any additional voting rights by virtue of its position as a general partner.

The partnership agreement also provides that no portion of the partnership real property can be sold without the written consent of the general and limited partners entitled to more than 72% of the net profit.

Historically, Justice's most significant income source was a lease between the Partnership and Felcor Lodging Trust, Inc. ("Felcor") for the Hotel portion of the property. Pursuant to a Settlement Agreement entered into on May 3, 2004, Felcor agreed to terminate its lease and surrender possession of the Hotel to Justice, on June 30, 2004. Effective July 1, 2004, Justice became the owner-operator of the Hotel, with the assistance of a Management Agreement with Dow Hotel Company, LLC. ("Dow") to perform the day-to day management functions of

the Hotel. The Partnership also derives income from the lease of the garage portion of the property to Evon and from a lease on the lobby level of the Hotel to Tru Spa. The Company also derives revenue from management fees from Justice for actively managing the hotel as a general partner.

On December 10, 2004, Justice entered into a Franchise License Agreement for the right to operate the Hotel property as a Hilton brand hotel. Prior to operating the hotel as a Hilton, the Partnership was required to make substantial renovations to the hotel to meet Hilton standards in accordance with a product improvement plan agreed upon by Hilton and the Partnership, as well as complying with other brand standards. The Agreement requires that those renovations be complete and the Hotel commence operations as a Hilton hotel no later than June 1, 2006. The term of the Agreement is for a period of 15 years commencing on the opening date, with an option to extend the license term for another five years, subject to certain conditions.

The Partnership currently estimates that the total cost of the renovation project will be approximately \$41 million. That amount includes approximately \$35 million for the actual cost of the renovations and approximately \$6 million for construction interest and estimated carrying costs of operations during the renovation period and for the first couple of months of operations after the hotel opens. As of December 31, 2005, the Partnership has incurred approximately \$31,578,000 in construction costs related to the renovation. Of that amount, approximately \$636,000 is related to capitalized interest. Additionally, for the six months ended December 31, 2005, the Partnership had an operating loss of approximately \$3,491,000.

On March 15, 2005, the Partnership announced its decision to close down its Hotel operations on or about June 1, 2005 to complete renovations of the Hotel as required by the Hilton Agreement. The below ground parking garage and Tru Spa located on the lobby level of the Hotel, both of which are lessees of the Partnership, remained open during the renovation work. The Hotel renovation work was substantially completed on January 12, 2006 at which time the Partnership obtained approval from Hilton to open the Hotel as the "Hilton San Francisco Financial District". The Hotel opened with a limited number of rooms available to rent, which number has increased as the Hotel transitions into full operations and all of the guest rooms, suites and amenities are completed. It is expected that project will be totally finished in February 2006.

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Condensed financial statements for Justice Investors are as follows:

# JUSTICE INVESTORS CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

Total assets	\$ 46,675,000
Land	1,124,000
Construction in progress	31,578,000
accumulated depreciation of \$13,494,000	3,981,000
Property, plant and equipment, net of	
	2,310,000
Other assets	2,518,000
Cash	\$ 7,474,000
Assets	
110 01 2000	2000
As of December 31,	2005

Liabilities and partners' capital	
Total current liabilities	\$ 9,473,000
Long-term debt	36,779,000
Partners' capital	423,000
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 46,675,000
	========

# JUSTICE INVESTORS CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended December 31,	2005	20	04
Hotel revenue	\$ 	\$ 3,4	52,000
Hotel rent Garage rent	- 168,000	2	44,000
Other income(loss)	(488,000)		69,000
Operating expenses	(1,711,000)	(4,4	06,000)
Net loss	\$ (2,031,000)	\$ (6	41,000)
	========	====	=====

# JUSTICE INVESTORS CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the six months ended December 31,		2005		2004
	-			
Hotel revenue	\$	-	\$	7,806,000
Hotel rent		_		_
Garage rent		325,000		549,000
Other income(loss)		(465,000)		129,000
Operating expenses	(	(3,351,000)	(	8,849,000)
	-			
Net loss	\$	(3,491,000)	\$	(365,000)
	=		=:	

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#### 5. Mortgage Note Payable

In May 2004, the Company obtained a construction loan in the amount of \$6,268,000 as part of a major renovation of its 30-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California. In December 2005, the Company entered into a loan modification agreement with the bank and increased the loan amount to \$7,286,000. As of December 31, 2005, the balance on the construction loan was \$3,381,000.

In November 2005, the Company paid off a mortgage in the amount of \$660,000 related to the sale of its 5-unit family apartment located Los Angeles, California.

In August 2005, the Company paid off a mortgage in the amount of \$2,186,000 related to the sale of its 112-unit multi-family apartment located Austin, Texas.

## 6. Related Parties

John V. Winfield serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Company, Portsmouth, and Santa Fe. Depending on certain market conditions and various risk factors, the Chief Executive Officer, his family, Portsmouth and Santa Fe may, at times, invest in the same companies in which the Company invests. The Company encourages such investments because it places personal resources of the Chief Executive Officer and his family members, and the resources of Portsmouth and Santa Fe, at risk in connection with investment decisions made on behalf of the Company.

#### 7. Segment Information

The Company operates in three reportable segments, the operations of its multifamily residential properties, the operation of Justice Investors, and the investment of its cash and securities assets. These three operating segments, as presented in the financial statements, reflect how management internally reviews each segment's performance. Management also makes operational and strategic decisions based on this information.

Information below represents reported segments for the three and six months ended December 31, 2005 and 2004. Operating income(loss) for rental properties consists of rental income. Operating income(loss) from Justice Investors consists of the operations of the hotel and garage included in the equity in net income of Justice Investors. Operating income(loss) for investment transactions consist of net investment gains(losses) and dividend and interest income.

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Three months ended December 31, 2005	Rental Properties	Justice Investors	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income(loss) Operating expenses Real estate taxes	\$ 3,290,000 (1,946,000) (478,000)		\$ 1,188,000 (590,000)	·	\$ 3,407,000 (2,536,000) (478,000)
Net operating income(loss)	866,000	(1,071,000)	598,000	_	393,000
Mortgage interest expense	(1,019,000)	_	-	_	(1,019,000)
Depreciation	(637 <b>,</b> 000)	_	_	_	(637 <b>,</b> 000)
Gain on sale of real estat	e –	_	_	_	
General and administrative					
Expense	_	_	_	(469,000)	(469,000)
Other income	_	_	_	(183,000)	(183,000)
Income tax benefit	-	-	_	722,000	722,000
Minority interest benefit	-	_	_	193,000	193,000
Net income(loss)	\$ (790,000)	(1,071,000)	\$ 598,000	\$ 263,000	\$ (1,000,000)
	========	========	========		========
Total Assets	\$79,293,000	\$ 7,991,000	\$32,242,000	\$10,118,000	\$ 129,644,000
	========	========	========	========	========

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Real Estate

Three months ended December 31, 2004	Rental Properties	Justice Investors	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income(loss) Operating expenses Real estate taxes	\$ 3,263,000 (1,519,000) (733,000)		\$ 6,646,000 (824,000)		\$ 9,552,000 (2,343,000) (733,000)
Net operating income(loss)	1,011,000	(357,000)	5,822,000	-	6,476,000
Mortgage interest expenses Depreciation Amort. of intangible asset General and administrative expenses	(666,000) (166,000)	- - -	- - -	- - - (321,000)	(1,026,000) (666,000) (166,000) (321,000)
Other income Income tax expense Minority interest	- - -	- - -	- - -	8,000 (1,723,000) (596,000)	8,000 (1,723,000) (596,000)
Net income(loss)			\$ 5,822,000		\$ 1,986,000
Total Assets	\$85,916,000 ======		\$68,118,000		\$ 171,017,000
Six months ended December 31, 2005	Real Es Rental Properties		Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income(loss) Operating expenses Real estate taxes	\$ 6,654,000 (3,631,000) (963,000)	\$(1,858,000) - -	\$ 1,421,000 (1,150,000)	\$ -	\$ 6,217,000 (4,781,000) (963,000)
Net operating income(loss)		(1,858,000)	271,000		473,000
Mortgage interest expense Depreciation Gain on sale of real estat General and administrative Expense Other income	(1,308,000) e –	- - -	- - - -	(807,000) (170,000)	(2,038,000) (1,308,000) - (807,000) (170,000)
Income tax benefit Minority interest benefit	- -	- -	- -	1,464,000 514,000	1,464,000 514,000
Net income(loss)	\$(1,286,000) =======	\$(1,858,000) =======		\$ 1,001,000 =======	\$ (1,872,000)
Total Assets	\$79,293,000		\$32,242,000	\$10,118,000	
		Estate			
Six months ended December 31, 2004	Rental Properties	Justice Investors	Investment Transactions	Other	Subtotal
Operating income(loss) Operating expenses	\$ 6,535,000 (2,907,000)	\$ (280,000)	\$ 2,311,000 (1,400,000)	\$ - -	\$ 8,566,000 (4,307,000)

Real estate taxes	(1,108,000)	_	_		(1,108,000)
Net operating income(loss)	2,520,000	(280,000)	911,000	-	3,151,000
Loss on early term. of deb	t (133,000)	_	-	-	(133,000)
Mortgage interest expenses	(1,881,000)	_	_	_	(1,881,000)
Depreciation	(1,337,000)	_	-	-	(1,337,000)
Amort. of intangible asset	(333,000)	_	-	-	(333,000)
Gain on sale of RE	-	_	-	-	-
General and administrative					
expenses	_	_	_	(702,000)	(702,000)
Other income	_	-	-	94,000	94,000
Income tax expense	-	_	-	456,000	456,000
Minority interest	_	_	_	49,000	49,000
Net income(loss)	\$(1,164,000)	\$ (280,000)	\$ 911,000	\$ (103,000)	\$ (636,000)
Total Assets	\$85,916,000	\$11,048,000	\$68,118,000	\$ 5,935,000	\$ 171,017,000
	========	========	========	========	========

#### 8. Subsequent event

In February 2006, the Company sold approximately 5.4 acres of unimproved land located in Pasadena, Texas for \$467,000.

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Item 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND PROJECTIONS

The discussion below and elsewhere in the Report includes forward-looking statements about the future business results and activities of the Company, which, by their very nature, involve a number of risks and uncertainties. When used in this discussion, the words "estimate", "project", "anticipate" and similar expressions, are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, such as the impact of terrorism and war on the national and international economies, including tourism and the securities markets, changes in general economic conditions, interest rates, local real estate markets, and competition, as well as uncertainties relating to uninsured losses, securities markets, and litigation, including those discussed below and in the Company's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to those forwardlooking statements, which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

#### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

In December 2005, the Company sold its 54-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$3,100,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$598,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$2,931,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees.

In November 2005, the Company sold its 5-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California for \$1,620,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real

estate of \$587,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$870,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees and the repayment of the mortgage note in the amount of \$660,000.

In August 2005, the Company sold its 112-unit apartment complex located in Austin, Texas for \$4,400,000 and realized a net loss on the sale real estate of \$24,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$1,664,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees and the repayment of the mortgage note in the amount of \$2,186,000.

As of January 12, 2006 the Hotel renovation work was substantially completed, at which time the Partnership obtained approval from Hilton to open the Hotel as the "Hilton San Francisco Financial District". The Hotel opened with a limited number of rooms available to rent, which number has increased as the Hotel transitions into full operations and all of the guest rooms, suites and amenities are completed. It is expected that project will be totally finished in February 2006.

The newly opened Hilton hotel will have 549 well appointed guestrooms and luxury suites with bay or city views, featuring large working desks, ergonomic chairs, wired and wireless high-speed Internet access, and "The Suite Dreams" beds by Hilton, complete with duvet, down comforter and jumbo size pillows. The newly redesigned meeting rooms and ballroom will accommodate meetings and events for up to 500 people with video conferencing and premium audio/visual equipment. A new business center and fitness center are additional amenities. The new Hilton hotel also has the only hotel day spa (Tru Spa) in the Financial District. A redesigned entryway is integrated into the lobby and management expects the new restaurant "Seven Fifty" and lounge, with a dramatic fireplace

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treatment, will bring a new level of excitement and service to the guests of the hotel. Management believes that the new Hilton hotel will now be able to directly compete with all hotels in the Financial District.

On January 20, 2006, the Partnership obtained a \$4,500,000 increase in its existing line of credit capacity with United Commercial Bank, raising the total amount available to the Partnership pursuant to that line of credit to \$14,500,000. The increase in the credit line is on the same terms as the existing line of credit with additional loan and documentation fees of \$4,000.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2005 Compared to the Three Months Ended December 31, 2004

The Company had a net loss of \$285,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2005 compared to net income of \$1,927,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2004. As discussed below, the change was primarily attributable to the significant decrease in investment gains from the Company's marketable securities portfolio, the increase in the loss from the Company's equity investment in Justice Investors and the increase in other expenses, partially offset by the gain from the sale of real estate.

The loss from real estate operations decreased to \$790,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2005 from \$847,000 for the three months December 31, 2004. Property operating expenses increased to \$1,946,000 from \$1,519,000 partially due to \$150,000 in consulting fees for professional services provided during the quarter to assist management with the improvement of the Company's real estate operations and to help with the sale of certain non-strategic real

estate properties. In an effort to improve the Company's real estate operations by providing better service to its tenants and to increase the economic occupancy of our properties, the Company also incurred additional leasing, salary, repairs and maintenance expenses and other operating expenses. The real estate portfolio also had an increase in utilities expense. These increases were partially offset by lower property insurance bills. During quarter ended December 31, 2005, the Company sold two properties and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$1,185,000. In December 2005, the Company sold its 54-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$3,100,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$598,000. In November 2005, the Company sold its 5-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California for \$1,620,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$587,000. The gain on the sale of these two properties and the related revenues and expenses are excluded from the real estate operations and are presented under discontinued operations.

The loss from the Company's equity investment in Justice Investors increased to \$1,071,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2005 from \$357,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2004. Effective, May 31, 2005, the Partnership elected to close down its Hotel operations to complete the renovations of the Hotel as required by the Hilton Franchise Agreement. Thus, the Partnership net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2005 did not include any operating results from the Hotel, while the three months ended December 31, 2004 included the direct operating results of the Hotel. The net operating loss from the Hotel for the three months ended December 31, 2004, was approximately \$490,000. The overall increase in Partnership's net loss was attributable to a decrease in garage rent to approximately \$168,000 from approximately \$244,000 related to the closing of the Hotel, and increased costs in the current quarter related to higher interest expenses, property taxes, insurance costs, professional fees, security personnel and other costs for the repositioning of the Hotel, including additional costs to meet governmental code and permitting requirements.

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Management believed that the hotel could not continue to be competitive under the conditions it operated as a Holiday Inn Select brand hotel. Average daily room rates for the hotel had decreased to approximately \$90 in fiscal 2005 from approximately \$92 in fiscal 2004, while average monthly occupancy rates had decreased to approximately 65% in fiscal 2005 from approximately 71% in fiscal 2004. While the hotel had traditionally enjoyed a favorable year-round occupancy rate, both occupancy and average daily room rates have suffered since fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 and the hotel has lagged far behind its competitors. Newer and more upscale properties opened in or near the Financial District, which provided greater amenities to their guests, making it difficult for the Partnership's hotel to compete. Those competitors were much better positioned to attract both the business traveler and tourists and to achieve higher occupancy and room rates. The Partnership believes that the major renovations to the Hotel, coupled with the strength of the Hilton brand and reservation system, along with the hotel management expertise of Dow, will allow the Hotel to directly compete with all hotels in the Financial District.

Net gains on marketable securities decreased to \$1,307,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2005 from \$6,705,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2004. For the three months ended December 31, 2005, the Company had net realized gains of \$58,000 and net unrealized gains of \$1,249,000. For the three months ended December 31, 2004, the Company had net realized gains of \$381,000 and net unrealized gains of \$6,324,000. Gains and losses on marketable securities may fluctuate significantly from period to period in the future and could have a significant impact on the Company's net income. However, the amount of gain or loss on marketable securities for any given

period may have no predictive value and variations in amount from period to period may have no analytical value. For a more detailed description of the composition of the Company's marketable securities please see the Marketable Securities section below.

Dividend and interest income decreased to \$122,000 from \$199,000 as the result of the decreased investment in dividend yielding securities.

Margin interest and trading expenses decreased to \$590,000 from \$824,000 primarily as the result of the \$320,000 performance-based compensation earned by the Company's CEO for his management of the Company's portfolio for the quarter ended December 31, 2004. There were no bonuses earned during the quarter ended December 31, 2005. Margin interest expense also decreased to \$148,000 from \$209,000 as the result of maintaining lower margin balances during the current period.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$469,000 from \$321,000 as the result of the increase in accounting related expenses, tax consulting and preparation fees and the expense of improving the Company's corporate computer and communications systems.

Other income (expense) changed to an expense of \$183,000 from income of \$8,000 as a result of the \$189,000 in litigation expenses and reserves recorded in the current period related to the Company's operations.

The provision for income tax benefit (expense) changed to a benefit of \$283,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2005 from an expense of \$1,683,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2004 due to the pre-tax loss incurred by the Company in the current quarter as compared to pre-tax income of generated during the quarter ended December 31, 2004.

Minority interest benefit (expense) changed to a benefit of \$193,000 from an expense of \$596,000 as the result of the losses incurred by the Company's subsidiary, Santa Fe, in the current quarter as compared to income generated in the comparable quarter.

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For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2005 Compared to the Six Months Ended December 31, 2004

The Company had a net loss of \$1,215,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2005 compared to net income of \$2,725,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2004. As discussed below, the change was primarily attributable to the decrease in the gain from the sale of real estate, to the increase in the loss from the Company's equity investment in Justice Investors and the decrease in income from investment transactions.

The loss from real estate operations increased to \$1,286,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2005 from \$1,164,000 for the six months December 31, 2004. Property operating expenses increased to \$3,631,000 from \$2,907,000 partially due to \$250,000 in consulting fees for professional services provided during the six months ended December 31, 2005 to assist management with the improvement of the Company's real estate operations and to help with the sale of certain non-strategic real estate properties. In an effort to improve the Company's real estate operations by providing better service to our tenants and to increase the economic occupancy of our properties, the Company also incurred additional salary, leasing, repairs and maintenance expenses and other operating expenses. The real estate portfolio also had an increase in utilities expense. These increases were partially offset by lower property insurance bills. During six months ended December 31, 2005, the Company sold

three properties and realized a net gain on the sale of real estate of \$1,161,000. In December 2005, the Company sold its 54-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$3,100,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$598,000. In November 2005, the Company sold its 5-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California for \$1,620,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$587,000. In August 2005, the Company sold its 112-unit apartment complex located in Austin, Texas for \$4,400,000 and realized a net loss on the sale real estate of \$24,000. The gain on the sale of these three properties and the related revenues and expenses are excluded from the real estate operations and are presented under discontinued operations.

The loss from the Company's equity investment in Justice Investors increased to \$1,858,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2005 from \$280,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2004. Effective, May 31, 2005, the Partnership elected to close down its Hotel operations to complete the renovations of the Hotel as required by the Hilton Franchise Agreement. Thus, the Partnership net loss for the six months ended December 31, 2005 did not include any operating results from the Hotel, while the six months ended December 31, 2004 included the direct operating results of the Hotel. The net operating loss from the Hotel for the six months ended December 31, 2004, was approximately \$185,000. The overall increase in Partnership's net loss was attributable to a decrease in garage rent to approximately \$325,000 from approximately \$549,000 related to the closing of the Hotel, and increased costs in the current quarter related to higher interest expenses, property taxes, insurance costs, professional fees, security personnel and other costs for the repositioning of the Hotel, including additional costs to meet governmental code and permitting requirements.

Management believed that the hotel could not continue to be competitive under the conditions it operated as a Holiday Inn Select brand hotel. Average daily room rates for the hotel had decreased to approximately \$90 in fiscal 2005 from approximately \$92 in fiscal 2004, while average monthly occupancy rates had decreased to approximately 65% in fiscal 2005 from approximately 71% in fiscal 2004. While the hotel had traditionally enjoyed a favorable year-round occupancy rate, both occupancy and average daily room rates have suffered since fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 and the hotel has lagged far behind its

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competitors. Newer and more upscale properties opened in or near the Financial District, which provided greater amenities to their guests, making it difficult for the Partnership's hotel to compete. Those competitors were much better positioned to attract both the business traveler and tourists and to achieve higher occupancy and room rates. The Partnership believes that the major renovations to the Hotel, coupled with the strength of the Hilton brand and reservation system, along with the hotel management expertise of Dow, will allow the Hotel to directly compete with all hotels in the Financial District.

Net gains on marketable securities decreased to \$1,296,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2005 from \$2,078,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2004. For the six months ended December 31, 2005, the Company had net realized losses of \$123,000 and net unrealized gains of \$1,419,000. For the six months ended December 31, 2004, the Company had net realized gains of \$505,000 and net unrealized gains of \$1,573,000. Gains and losses on marketable securities may fluctuate significantly from period to period in the future and could have a significant impact on the Company's net income. However, the amount of gain or loss on marketable securities for any given period may have no predictive value and variations in amount from period to period may have no analytical value. For a more detailed description of the composition of the Company's marketable securities please see the Marketable Securities section below.

During the six months ended December 31, 2005, the Company recorded an impairment loss on other investments (private placement investments) of \$299,000 compared to \$258,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2004. The Company reviews its other investments for impairment on a periodic basis.

Dividend and interest income decreased to \$424,000 from \$491,000 as the result of the decreased investment in dividend yielding securities.

Margin interest and trading expenses decreased to \$1,150,000 from \$1,400,000 as the result of the decrease in margin interest to \$321,000 from \$461,000 due to the maintenance of lower margin balances during the current period and the decrease in administrative, staff and trading research related expenses. Included in the six months ended December 31, 2004 trading expenses was the \$320,000 performance-based compensation earned by the Company's CEO for his management of the Company's portfolio. There were no bonuses earned during the six months ended December 31, 2005.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$807,000 from \$702,000 as the result of the increase in accounting related expenses, tax consulting and preparation fees and the expense of improving the Company's corporate computer and communications systems.

Other income (expense) changed to an expense of \$170,000 from income of \$94,000 primarily as the result of the \$189,000 in litigation expenses and reserves recorded in the current period related to the Company's operations and the receipt of \$69,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2004 from Justice Investors for management's involvement in the positioning of the hotel.

The provision for income tax benefit (expense) changed to a benefit of \$1,061,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2005 from an expense of \$1,785,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2004 due to the pre-tax loss incurred by the Company during the six months ended December 31, 2005 as compared to pre-tax income of generated during the six months ended December 31, 2004.

Minority interest benefit increase to \$514,000 from \$49,000 as the result of the higher losses incurred by the Company's subsidiary, Santa Fe, during the six months ended December 31, 2005 as compared to the six months ended December 31, 2004.

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#### MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company's investment portfolio is diversified with 96 different equity positions. The portfolio contains five individual equity securities that are more than 5% of the equity value of the portfolio with the largest security being 9.1% of the value of the portfolio. The amount of the Company's investment in any particular issuer may increase or decrease, and additions or deletions to its securities portfolio may occur, at any time. While it is the internal policy of the Company to limit its initial investment in any single equity to less than 5% of its total portfolio value, that investment could eventually exceed 5% as a result of equity appreciation or reduction of other positions. Marketable securities are stated at market value as determined by the most recently traded price of each security at the balance sheet date.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company had investments in marketable equity securities of \$32,242,000. The following table shows the composition of the Company's marketable securities portfolio by selected industry groups as of December 31, 2005.

Industry Group	М	arket Value	% of Total Investment Securities
Internet and technology	\$	5,139,000	15.9%
Telecommunications and media		4,669,000	14.5%
Insurance, banks and brokers		4,097,000	12.7%
Services		3,705,000	11.5%
Paper mills, steel mills, metals			
and chemicals		3,421,000	10.6%
Real estate investment trusts(RE	ITs)	3,004,000	9.3%
Pharmaceuticals and healthcare		2,591,000	8.0%
Restaurants and consumer goods		1,735,000	5.4%
Automobiles and motor vehicle pa	rts	1,568,000	4.9%
Electric and energy		683,000	2.1%
Other		1,630,000	5.1%
	\$	32,242,000	100.0%

The following table shows the investment gain(loss) on the Company's marketable securities and the associated margin interest and trading expenses for the three and six months ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

For the three months ended	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004
Net gains on marketable securities Impairment loss on other investments Dividend & interest income Margin interest expense Trading and management expenses	\$ 1,307,000 (241,000) 122,000 (148,000) (442,000)	\$ 6,705,000 (258,000) 199,000 (209,000) (615,000)
Investment income	\$ 598,000 ========	\$ 5,822,000 =======

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For the six months ended	December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004	
Net gains on marketable securities	\$	1,296,000	\$	2,078,000
Impairment loss on other investments		(299,000)		(258,000)
Dividend & interest income		424,000		491,000
Margin interest expense		(321,000)		(461,000)
Trading and management expenses		(829 <b>,</b> 000)		(939,000)
Investment income	\$	271,000	\$	911,000
	=========		=========	

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

The Company's cash flows are generated primarily from its real estate activities, sales of investment securities and borrowings related to both. During the six months ended December 31, 2005, operating activities used cash of \$2,442,000, investing activities provided cash of \$6,024,000 and financing activities used cash of \$3,854,000.

During the six months ended December 31, 2005, the Company made property

improvements in the aggregate amount of \$1,831,000. Management believes the improvements to its properties will enhance market values, maintain the competitiveness of the Company's properties and potentially enable the Company to obtain a higher yield through higher rents.

In December 2005, the Company sold its 54-unit apartment complex located in Irving, Texas for \$3,100,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$598,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$2,931,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees.

In November 2005, the Company sold its 5-unit apartment complex located in Los Angeles, California for \$1,620,000 and realized a gain on the sale of real estate of \$587,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$870,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees and the repayment of the mortgage note in the amount of \$660,000.

In August 2005, the Company sold its 112-unit apartment complex located in Austin, Texas for \$4,400,000 and realized a net loss on the sale real estate of \$24,000. The Company received net proceeds of \$1,664,000 after selling costs and attorney's fees and the repayment of the mortgage note in the amount of \$2,186,000. A portion of the net proceeds from the sale was used to pay down the Company's line of credit by \$255,000.

On December 10, 2004, Justice entered into a Franchise License Agreement for the right to operate the Hotel property as a Hilton brand hotel. Prior to operating the Hotel as a Hilton, the Partnership was required to make substantial renovations to the Hotel to meet Hilton standards in accordance with a product improvement plan agreed upon by Hilton and the Partnership, as well as complying with other brand standards. The Partnership currently estimates that the total cost of the renovation project will be approximately \$41 million. That amount includes approximately \$35 million for the actual cost of the renovations and approximately \$6 million for construction interest and estimated carrying costs of operations during the renovation period and for the first couple of months of operations after the hotel opens. That amount reflects an increase in the Partnership's prior estimates primarily due to increased renovation and design costs related to additional governmental code and permitting requirements.

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To meet its substantial financial commitments for the renovation project, Justice has relied on additional borrowings to meet its obligations. On July 27, 2005, Justice entered into a first mortgage loan (the "Prudential Loan") with The Prudential Insurance Company of America in a principal amount of \$30,000,000. The term of the Loan is for 120 months at a fixed interest rate of 5.22% per annum. The Loan calls for monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of approximately \$165,100, calculated on a 360 month amortization schedule. The Loan is collateralized by a first deed of trust on the Partnership's Hotel property, including all improvements and personal property thereon and an assignment of all present and future leases and rents. The Loan is without recourse to the limited and general partners of Justice.

On July 27, 2005, Justice also obtained a \$10,000,000 Revolving Line of Credit ("LOC") from United Commercial Bank. The term of the LOC is for 60 months at an annual interest rate based on the index selected by Justice at the time of the request for each advance. The interest rate will either be a variable rate equal to The Wall Street Journal Prime Rate or the Libor Rate plus 2%, fixed for the period selected by the Partnership. The LOC is collateralized by a second deed of trust on the Hotel property. Interest only is payable monthly with principal and accrued interest due at maturity. As of December 31, 2005, \$6,778,000 of the LOC was utilized by the Partnership.

On January 20, 2006, the Partnership obtained a \$4,500,000 increase in its existing line of credit capacity with United Commercial Bank, raising the total amount available to the Partnership pursuant to that line of credit to \$14,500,000. The increase in the credit line is on the same terms as the existing line of credit with additional loan and documentation fees of \$4,000.

Justice believes that the Prudential Loan and the LOC will provide sufficient financial resources for the Partnership to complete the substantial renovations to the Hotel required by its Franchise License Agreement with Hilton and to meet its debt service requirements and operating capital needs through the reopening of the Hotel and to sustain its operating cash needs until the Hotel begins generating net income which the Partnership expects to be in the Spring of 2006. The Partnership believes that the revenues expected to be generated from the Hotel operations will be sufficient to meet all of its current and future obligations and financial requirements.

The Company has invested in short-term, income-producing instruments and in equity and debt securities when deemed appropriate. The Company's marketable securities are classified as trading with unrealized gains and losses recorded through the statement of operations.

Management believes that the net cash flow generated from future operating activities and its capital resources will be adequate to meet its current and future obligations.

#### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off balance sheet arrangements.

The Company also does not have any material contractual obligations or commercial commitments.

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#### IMPACT OF INFLATION

The Company's residential and commercial rental properties provide income from short-term operating leases and no lease extends beyond one year. Rental increases are expected to offset anticipated increased property operating expenses.

Hotel room rates are typically impacted by supply and demand factors, not inflation, since rental of a hotel room is usually for a limited number of nights. Room rates can be, and usually are, adjusted to account for inflationary cost increases. To the extent that the hotel lessee is able to adjust room rates, there should be minimal impact on partnership revenues due to inflation. Partnership revenues are also subject to interest rate risks, which may be influenced by inflation. For the two most recent fiscal years, the impact of inflation on the Company's income is not viewed by management as material.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company reviews its long-lived assets and other investments for impairment when circumstances indicate that a potential loss in carrying value may have occurred. To the extent that projected future undiscounted cash flows from the operation of the Company's hotel property, owned through the Company's investment in Justice Investors, and rental properties are less than the

carrying value of the asset, the carrying value of the asset is reduced to its fair value. For other investments, the Company reviews the investment's operating results, financial position and other relevant factors to determine whether the estimated fair value of the asset is less than the carrying value of the asset.

Marketable securities are stated at market value as determined by the most recently traded price of each security at the balance sheet date. Marketable securities are classified as trading with net unrealized gains or losses included in earnings.

#### Item 3. Controls and Procedures

(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the fiscal period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. Based upon such evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed in this filing is accumulated and communicated to management and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner and in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations.

(b) Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the last quarterly period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) None.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) There were no purchases of equity securities by the small business issuer or affiliates during the period covered by this report.

The Company currently has only one stock repurchase program. The program was initially announced on January 13, 1998 and was first amended on February 10, 2003. The total number of shares authorized to be repurchased was 720,000, adjusted for stock splits. On October 12, 2004, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to purchase up to an additional 150,000 shares of Company's common stock. The program has no expiration date and can be amended from time to time in the discretion of the Board of Directors. No plan or program expired during the period covered by this report. As of December 31, 2005, there were 73,496 shares remaining under the existing plan that may be repurchased.

Item 5. Other Information.

Director Mildred Bond Roxborough has informed the Company that she will be retiring from the Board of Directors at the expiration of her term as a Class C Director at the Company's annual meeting of shareholders, which will be held on February 22, 2006. As permitted by the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, the Board has determined to reduce the number of directors to five and to not propose another Class C Director to replace Ms. Roxborough. Ms. Roxborough's decision to retire was not the result of any disagreements with the Company.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

#### (a) Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K:

Date: February 13, 2006

The Company did not file any reports on Form 8-K during the last quarter of the period covered by this Report.

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

by /s/ David T. Nguyen
----David T. Nguyen, Treasurer

and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)