

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORP /PA
Form 10-Q
May 13, 2008

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-18676

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

25-1623213
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

900 LIGONIER STREET LATROBE, PA
(Address of principal executive offices)

15650
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:
539-3501

(724)

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock.

| CLASS | OUTSTANDING AT May 1, 2008 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Common Stock, \$2 Par Value | 3,028,813 Shares |

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
(dollars in thousands, except share amounts)

| | March 31, 2008 (unaudited) | December 31, 2007 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 8,681 | \$ 9,836 |
| I n t e r e s t b e a r i n g d e p o s i t s w i t h banks | 23 | 93 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 8,704 | 9,929 |
| | | |
| Federal Funds sold | 3,950 | - |
| Investment securities available for sale | 106,229 | 109,960 |
| Restricted investments in bank stock | 3,000 | 2,375 |
| | | |
| Loans receivable | 220,780 | 227,005 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (1,832) | (1,869) |
| Net loans | 218,948 | 225,136 |
| | | |
| Premises and equipment, net | 3,724 | 3,728 |
| Investment in life insurance | 14,118 | 14,001 |
| Other assets | 2,807 | 2,513 |
| | | |
| Total assets | \$ 361,480 | \$ 367,642 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Deposits (all domestic): | | |
| Non-interest bearing | \$ 66,511 | \$ 64,914 |
| Interest bearing | 212,577 | 228,605 |
| Total deposits | 279,088 | 293,519 |
| | | |
| Short-term borrowings | 20,000 | 13,175 |
| Long- term borrowings | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Other liabilities | 3,321 | 2,487 |
| Total liabilities | 322,409 | 329,181 |
| | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, par value \$2 per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 3,600,000 issued; 3,028,813 shares outstanding | 7,200 | 7,200 |
| Retained earnings | 40,284 | 40,505 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 2,268 | 1,437 |

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| | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Treasury stock, at cost, 571,187 shares | (10,681) | (10,681) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 39,071 | 38,461 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 361,480 | \$ 367,642 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended March 31 2008 (unaudited) | Three Months Ended March 31 2007 (unaudited) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| INTEREST INCOME: | | |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$ 3,376 | \$ 3,421 |
| Interest and dividends on investments: | | |
| Taxable | 1,621 | 1,120 |
| Exempt from federal income tax | 33 | 34 |
| Other | 12 | 22 |
| Total interest income | 5,042 | 4,597 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE | | |
| Interest on deposits | 1,555 | 1,588 |
| Interest on short-term borrowings | 131 | 64 |
| Interest on long- term borrowings | 229 | - |
| Total interest expense | 1,915 | 1,652 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 3,127 | 2,945 |
| PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES | - | 90 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES | 3,127 | 2,855 |
| OTHER INCOME | | |
| Asset management and trust income | 257 | 262 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 150 | 151 |
| Other service charges and fees | 207 | 192 |
| Income from investment in life insurance | 140 | 135 |
| Other income | 45 | 46 |
| Total other income | 799 | 786 |
| OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 1,445 | 1,353 |
| Net occupancy expense | 199 | 194 |
| Furniture and equipment expense | 134 | 113 |
| Pennsylvania shares tax | 133 | 140 |
| Legal and professional | 113 | 120 |
| Other expense | 784 | 735 |
| Total other expenses | 2,808 | 2,655 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES | 1,118 | 986 |
| Income tax expense | 302 | 246 |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| NET INCOME | \$ | 816 | \$ | 740 |
| Average shares outstanding | | 3,028,813 | | 3,044,813 |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE, BASIC | \$ | 0.27 | \$ | 0.24 |
| Dividend declared per share | \$ | 0.20 | \$ | 0.20 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

| | Common Stock | Retained Earnings | Treasury Stock | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Total Shareholders' Equity |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (unaudited) | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2007 | \$ 7,200 | \$ 40,505 | \$ (10,681) | \$ 1,437 | \$ 38,461 |
| Comprehensive Income | | | | | |
| Net income | - | 816 | - | - | 816 |
| Other comprehensive gain, net of tax: | | | | | |
| Unrealized net gains on securities | - | - | - | 831 | 831 |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | | | | 1,647 |
| Cumulative effect accounting adjustment on benefit plan reserve (See note 1) | | | | | |
| | - | (431) | - | - | (431) |
| Cash dividends declared | | | | | |
| \$0.20 per share | - | (606) | - | - | (606) |
| Balance at March 31, 2008 | \$ 7,200 | \$ 40,284 | \$ (10,681) | \$ 2,268 | \$ 39,071 |
| (unaudited) | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2006 | \$ 7,200 | \$ 39,869 | \$ (10,406) | \$ 566 | \$ 37,229 |
| Comprehensive Income | | | | | |
| Net income | - | 740 | - | - | 740 |
| Other comprehensive loss, net of tax: | | | | | |
| Unrealized net losses on securities | - | - | - | (11) | (11) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | | | | 729 |
| Cash dividends declared | | | | | |
| \$0.20 per share | - | (609) | - | - | (609) |
| Balance at March 31, 2007 | \$ 7,200 | \$ 40,000 | \$ (10,406) | \$ 555 | \$ 37,349 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

| | For Three Months Ended March 31 | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net income | \$ 816 | \$ 740 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 103 | 124 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 24 | 24 |
| Provision for loan losses | - | 90 |
| Net accretion of loans and securities | (79) | (12) |
| Income from investment in life insurance | (140) | (135) |
| Loss on sale of foreclosed real estate | - | 7 |
| Decrease in other liabilities | (88) | (250) |
| Increase in other assets | (209) | (377) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 427 | 211 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Increase in federal funds sold | (3,950) | (5,475) |
| Maturities and calls of securities | 5,076 | 2,389 |
| Purchase of restricted investments in bank stock | (650) | (289) |
| Redemption of restricted investments in bank stock | 25 | 208 |
| Net decrease in loans | 6,155 | 4,455 |
| Proceeds from sale of foreclosed real estate | - | 18 |
| Purchase of premises and equipment | (97) | (85) |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 6,559 | 1,221 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in deposits | (14,430) | 4,223 |
| Increase (decrease) in other short-term borrowings | 6,825 | (5,000) |
| Dividends paid | (606) | (609) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (8,211) | (1,386) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (1,225) | 46 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 9,929 | 10,156 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter | \$ 8,704 | \$ 10,202 |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest | \$ 2,003 | \$ 1,800 |

| | | | | |
|--------------|----|-----|----|----|
| Income Taxes | \$ | 280 | \$ | 75 |
|--------------|----|-----|----|----|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 March 31, 2008

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Commercial National Financial Corporation (the Corporation) and its wholly owned subsidiary, Commercial Bank & Trust of PA. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. However, they do not include all information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2007, including the notes thereto. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of financial position as of March 31, 2008 and the results of operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2008 and 2007. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year.

On January 1, 2008, the Corporation changed its accounting policy and recognized a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings totaling \$431,245 related to accounting for certain endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangements in connection with the adoption of Emerging Issues Task Force (“EITF”) Issue No. 06-4, “Accounting for Deferred Compensation and Postretirement Benefit Aspects of Endorsement Split Dollar Life Insurance Arrangements.” See Note 7 – New Accounting Standards Adopted.

Reclassifications

Certain comparative amounts for the prior year have been reclassified to conform to current year classifications. Such classifications had no effect on net income or equity.

Note 2 Allowance for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is the amount added to the allowance against which actual loan losses are charged. The amount of the provision is determined by management through an evaluation of the size and quality of the loan portfolio, economic conditions, concentrations of credit, recent loan loss trends, delinquencies and other risks inherent within the loan portfolio.

The corporation did not record a provision for the three-month period ended March 31, 2008. By comparison, during the Corporation’s first quarter 2007 the Corporation recorded a \$90,000 provision.

Description of changes:

| | (dollars in thousands) | |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Allowance balance January 1 | \$ 1,869 | \$ 1,806 |
| Provision charged to operating expenses | 0 | 90 |
| Recoveries on previously charged off loans | 9 | 4 |
| Loans charged off | (46) | (20) |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|----|-------|----|-------|
| Allowance balance March 31 | \$ | 1,832 | \$ | 1,880 |
|----------------------------|----|-------|----|-------|

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COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3 Comprehensive Income

The components of other comprehensive income (loss) and related tax effects for the three month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows: (dollars in thousands)

| | For three months ended March 31 | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale | \$ 1,258 | \$ (16) |
| Income tax (expense) benefit | (427) | 5 |
| Net of tax amount | \$ 831 | \$ (11) |

Note 4 Legal Proceedings

Other than proceedings, which occur in the normal course of business, there are no legal proceedings to which either the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries is a party, which, in the opinion of management, will have any material effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Corporation and its subsidiaries.

Note 5 Guarantees

The Corporation does not issue any guarantees that would require liability recognition or disclosure, other than its standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit written are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to secure the performance of a customer to a third party. Of these letters of credit, \$589,000 automatically renews within the next twelve months and \$2,562,000 will expire within thirteen to one hundred and thirty-seven months. The Bank, generally, holds collateral and/or personal guarantees supporting these commitments. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as those that are involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The current amount of the liability as of March 31, 2008 for guarantees under standby letters of credit issued is not material.

Note 6 Earnings per share

The Corporation has a simple capital structure. Basic earnings per share equals net income divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding during each period presented. The weighted average common shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was 3,028,813 and 3,044,813 respectively.

Note 7 New Accounting Standards Adopted

EITF 06-4

In September 2006, the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) issued EITF Issue No. 06-4, "Accounting for Deferred Compensation and Postretirement Benefit Aspects of Endorsement Split Dollar Life Insurance Arrangements" ("EITF 06-4"). EITF 06-4 requires the recognition of a liability related to the postretirement benefits covered by an endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangement. The consensus highlights that the employer (who is also the policyholder) has a liability for the benefit it is providing to its employee. As such, if the policyholder has

agreed to maintain the insurance policy in force for the employee's benefit during his or her retirement, then the liability recognized during the employee's active service period should be based on the future cost of insurance to be incurred during the employee's retirement. Alternatively, if the policyholder has agreed to provide the employee with a death benefit, then the liability for the future death benefit should be recognized by following the guidance in SFAS No. 106 or Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 12, as appropriate. For transition, an entity can choose to apply the guidance using either of the following approaches: (a) a change in accounting principle through retrospective application to all periods presented or (b) a change in accounting principle through a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance in retained earnings at the beginning of the year of adoption. The Company recorded a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings of \$431,245 on January 1, 2008.

The Corporation adopted FASB Statement No.157 “Fair Value Measurements” (SFAS 157) effective January 1, 2008 for financial assets and liabilities that are measured and reported at fair value. There was no impact from the adoption of SFAS 157 on the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. SFAS 157 primary impact on the Corporation’s financial statements was to expand required disclosures pertaining to the methods used to determine fair values.

SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under SFAS 157 are as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical,unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly, forsubstantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement andunobservable (ie., supported with little or no market activity).

For assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurement by level within the fair value hierarchy used at March 31, 2008 are as follows (in thousands).

| (Level 1) Quoted Prices For Identical Assets | (Level 2) Significant Other In active Markets Inputs | (Level 3) Significant Observable Inputs | (Level 3) Unobservable |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Securities available for sale | - | \$ 106,229 | - |

The following valuation techniques were used to measure fair value for available for sale securities as of March 31,2008.

Securities Available for Sale: The Corporation utilizes a third party in determining the fair values for securities held as available for sale. For the Corporation’s agency mortgage backed securities, the third party utilizes market data, pricing models that vary based on asset class and include available trade, bid and other market information. Methodology includes broker quotes, proprietary modes, vast descriptive terms and conditions. The third party uses their own proprietary valuation Matrices in determining fair values for municipal bonds. These Matrices utilize comprehensive municipal bond interest rate tables daily to determine market price, movement and yield relationships.

The Corporation’s adoption of SFAS 157 applies only to its financial instruments required to be reported at fair value. The adoption did not apply to those non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities for which the adopted was delayed until January1, 2009 in accordance with FSP- FAS 157-2.

Note 8 New Accounting Standards
SFAS 159

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115." SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected will be recognized in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for our Corporation on January 1, 2008. This statement, which did not have a material effect on the Corporation's financial condition or operations, was adopted as of January 1, 2008.

In February 2008, the FASB issued a FASB Staff Position (FSP FAS 140-3), "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets and Repurchase Financing Transactions". This FSP addresses the issue of whether or not these transactions should be viewed as two separate transactions or as one "linked" transactions. The FSP includes a "rebuttable presumptions" that presumes linkage of the two transactions unless the presumption can be overcome by meeting certain criteria. The FSP will be effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and will apply only to original transfers made after that date; early adoption will not be allowed. The Corporation is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Note 9 Subsequent event

On May 2, 2008, Commercial National Financial Corporation entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with all of the shareholders of Ridge Properties, Inc., a Pennsylvania corporation, for the purchase of all of the shares of Ridge Properties, Inc. The primary assets of Ridge Properties, Inc. consist of 131,760 shares of Commercial National's common stock. Commercial National will pay \$1,317,600 for all of the Ridge Properties, Inc. shares. See 8-K filed on May 5, 2008 for additional information.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

Forward-looking statements (statements which are not historical facts) in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. For this purpose, any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may," "will," "to," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "would," "estimate," or "continue" or the negative or other variations thereof or comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on information currently available to the Corporation, and the Corporation assumes no obligation to update these statements as circumstances change. Investors are cautioned that all forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainties, including changes in general economic and financial market conditions, unforeseen credit problems, and the Corporation's ability to execute its business plans. The actual results of future events could differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statements herein.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Disclosure of the Corporation's significant accounting policies is included in Note 1 to the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 (the 2007 Annual Report). Some of these policies are particularly sensitive, requiring that significant judgments, estimates and assumptions be made by management. Additional information is contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the 2007 Annual Report for the most sensitive of these issues, including the provision and allowance for loan losses.

Significant estimates are made by management in determining the allowance for loan losses. Management considers a variety of factors in establishing these estimates, including current economic conditions, diversification of the loan portfolio, delinquency statistics, results of internal loan reviews, financial and managerial strengths of borrowers, adequacy of collateral (if collateral dependent) and other relevant factors. Estimates related to the value of collateral also have a significant impact on whether or not the Corporation continues to accrue income on delinquent loans and on the amounts at which foreclosed real estate is recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Management discussed the development and selection of critical accounting estimates and related Management and Discussion and Analysis disclosure with the Corporation's Audit Committee. There were no material changes made to the critical accounting estimates during the periods presented within.

OVERVIEW

The Corporation had net income of \$816,000 or \$0.27 per share, for the first quarter ended March 31, 2008 compared to \$740,000 or \$0.24 per share for the quarter ended March 31, 2007. The Corporation's return on average assets for

the first quarter of 2008 and 2007 was 0.90% and 0.88%, respectively. Return on average equity for the same two periods was 8.44% and 7.95%, respectively.

The Corporation's largest segment of operating results is dependent upon net interest income. Net interest income is interest earned on interest-earning assets less interest paid on interest-bearing deposits. For the first quarter ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, net interest income was \$3.1 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Corporation's total assets decreased by \$6.2 million, or 1.7%, from December 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008. Federal funds sold increased by \$4.0 million and investment securities available for sale decreased by \$3.7 million. The decrease in investments was mainly due to \$5.1 million in principal pay-downs on mortgage-backed securities and a \$1.3 million increase in fair value of securities. Net loans outstanding decreased by \$6.2 million. The decrease in loans was a result of declines in the following categories; \$830,000 in lines of credits, \$950,000 in commercial loans, \$1.1 million in commercial mortgages, \$1.5 million in installment loans and \$1.7 million in mortgages. The Corporation attributes the loan declines to consumer and commercial customers being cautious in the first quarter of 2008.

The Corporation's total deposits decreased \$14.4 million from December 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008. Non-interest bearing deposits increased by \$1.6 million and interest-bearing deposits decreased by \$16.0 million. The increase in non-interest deposits is considered a normal fluctuation in our customer's checking accounts. The decline in the interest-bearing deposits was due to decreases in certificates of deposits of \$12.9 million, a \$2.7 million decline in savings accounts. The decrease in the savings was mainly due to the closing of a \$5.2 savings account for trust customers, which was a non-core, rate sensitive deposit account. The loss of the trust deposit was partially offset by a \$2.5 million increase in regular savings accounts. The Corporation made the decision within the quarter not to match higher rates on certificates of deposits or the trust account within our trust department, which led to the decrease in interest bearing deposits.

Shareholders' equity was \$39.1 million on March 31, 2008 compared to \$38.5 million on December 31, 2007. Total shareholders equity increased due to the \$816,000 in net income and an \$831,000 net of tax increase in other comprehensive income due to increases in fair value of securities available for sale. These increases were offset by \$606,000 paid in dividends to shareholders and an adjustment (decrease) to retained earnings to account for post retirement benefits expenses (see Note 1). Book value per common share increased from \$12.70 at December 31, 2007 to \$12.90 at March 31, 2008.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

First Three Months of 2008 as compared to the First Three Months of 2007

Net income for the first three months of 2008 was \$816,000 compared to \$740,000 for the same period of 2007, representing a 10.3% increase.

Interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was \$5.0 million, an increase of 9.67% from interest income of \$4.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007. Loan income decreased slightly, \$45,000 in 2008 due to lower average loan balances in 2008 and lower yields. The yield on the loan portfolio for the first three months of 2008 decreased one (1) basis point to 6.02% from 6.03% in 2007. In addition, average loan balances decreased 1.17% in 2008 compared with the averages for the first quarter 2007. Security income for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was \$1.7 million, an increase of 41.70% or \$500,000 in comparison to \$1.2 million security income in 2007. The yield on the securities portfolio for the first three months of 2008 increased seventeen (17) basis points to 6.03%. In addition, average securities balances increased 37.74% in 2008 compared to 2007. The yield increased mainly due to the corporation's ability to purchase higher yielding securities between first quarter 2007 and first quarter 2008. The securities purchased were mortgage-backed securities. The yield on total average earning assets for the first three months of 2008 increased three (3) basis points from 2007 to 6.02%.

Total interest expense of \$1.9 million for the first three months of 2008 increased by \$264,000 or 15.96% from the first three months of 2007. In the first quarter of 2008, the average interest bearing liabilities increased 14.28% and the cost of these liabilities increased to 2.96% in 2008 from 2.93% in 2007. The cost of interest-bearing deposits declined slightly in the first quarter 2008. The Corporation has borrowed from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) to fund mortgage backed-securities, these borrowings increased overall liability cost slightly in 2008.

As a result of the foregoing, net interest income for the first three months of 2008 was \$3.1 million compared to \$2.9 million for the first three months of 2007.

The Corporation did not record a provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to a \$90,000 provision for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The Corporation's high credit quality and the decrease in loan balances led to the determination that no provision was necessary for the first three months of 2008.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Non-interest income for the first three months of 2008 was \$799,000, an increase from \$786,000 in 2007. The increase in income is primarily the result of a decrease in Asset Management and Trust income of \$5,000 offset by a \$15,000 increase in other service charge and fees and a \$5,000 increase in investment in life insurance income.

Non-interest expense for the first three months of 2008 was \$2.8 million, an increase of \$153,000 from non-interest expense for the first three months of 2007. Personnel costs increased \$92,000 due to normal wage increases, net occupancy increased \$5,000, furniture and equipment expense increased \$21,000 mainly due a \$17,000 increase in maintenance cost in 2008. PA shares tax decreased slightly by \$7,000 and legal and audit decreased by \$7,000. Other expenses increased by \$49,000; mainly due to a \$17,000 increase in Internet banking expenses, a \$10,000 increase debit card fraud and a \$10,000 increase in post retirement benefit expense in 2008.

Federal income tax for the first three months of 2008 was \$302,000 compared to \$246,000 for the same period in 2007. The effective tax rates for the first three months of 2008 and 2007 were 26.9% and 24.9%, respectively.

LIQUIDITY

Liquidity measurements evaluate the Corporation's ability to meet the cash flow requirements of its depositors and borrowers. The most desirable source of liquidity is deposit growth. Additional liquidity is provided by the maturity of investments in loans and securities and the principal and interest received from those earning assets. Another source of liquidity is represented by the Corporation's ability to sell both loans and securities. The Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) system. The FHLB provides an additional source for liquidity for long- and short-term funding. Additional sources of funding from financial institutions have been established for short-term funding needs.

The statement of cash flows for the first three months of 2008, indicates cash provided by the decrease in loan balances and the maturities and calls of securities, along with cash from increase in short term borrowings was used to pay down deposit liabilities and increase federal funds sold.

As of March 31, 2008 the Corporation had available funding of approximately \$173 million at the FHLB, with an additional \$20 million of short term funding available through other lines of credit. The Corporations maximum borrowing capacity with the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) as of March 31, 2008 was \$ 213 million, with \$40 million borrowed resulting in the \$173 million as available.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Corporation's financial statements do not reflect off balance sheet arrangements that consist of commitments to purchase securities or commitments to extend credit. Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Corporation evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral, if any, which the Corporation obtains from the customer upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer or other obligor. The types of collateral obtained by the Corporation may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment and income-producing commercial

properties.

Standby letters of credit, financial standby letters of credit and commercial letters of credit written are conditional commitments issued by the Corporation to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table identifies the Corporation's commitments to extend credit and obligations under letters of credit as of March 31, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

| | TOTAL AMOUNT COMMITTED |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Financial instruments whose contractual amounts represent credit risk: | |
| Commitments to extend credit | \$38,824 |
| Standby letters of credit | 589 |
| Financial standby letters of credit | 2,562 |

CREDIT QUALITY RISK

The following table presents a comparison of loan quality as of March 31, 2008 with that as of December 31, 2007. Cash payments received on non-accrual loans are recognized as interest income as long as the remaining balance of the loan is deemed to be fully collectible. When doubt exists as to the collectibility of a loan in non-accrual status, any payments received are applied to principal to the extent the doubt is eliminated. Once a loan is placed on non-accrual status, any unpaid interest is charged against income.

| | At or For the Three month ended March 31, 2008 | At or For the Year ended December 31, 2007 |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| | (dollars in thousands) | |
| Non-performing loans: | | |
| Loans on non-accrual basis | \$ 60 | \$ 156 |
| Past due loans > 90 days | - | - |
| Renegotiated loans | 115 | 350 |
| Total non-performing loans | 175 | 506 |
| Foreclosed real estate | 628 | 554 |
| Total non-performing assets | \$ 803 | \$ 1,060 |
| Loans outstanding at end of period | \$ 220,780 | \$ 227,005 |
| Average loans outstanding (year-to-date) | \$ 223,816 | \$ 226,713 |

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| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-------|----|---------|
| Non-performing loans as a percent of total loans | | 0.08% | | 0.22% |
| Provision for loan losses | \$ | 0 | \$ | 90 |
| Net charge-offs | \$ | 37 | \$ | 27 |
| Net charge-offs as a percent of average loans | | 0.02% | | 0.01% |
| Provision for loan losses as a percent of net charge-offs | | 0.00% | | 333.00% |
| Allowance for loan losses | \$ | 1,832 | \$ | 1,869 |
| Allowance for loan losses as a percent of average loans outstanding | | 0.82% | | 0.82% |

As of March 31, 2008, \$16,000 of non-accrual loans were paying principal or principal and interest with payments recognized on a cash basis. At present, the Corporation has no knowledge of other outstanding loans that present a serious doubt in regard to the borrower's ability to comply with current loan repayment terms.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Federal Reserve Board's risk-based capital guidelines are designed principally as a measure of credit risk. These guidelines require that: (1) at least 50% of a banking organization's total capital be common and certain other "core" equity capital ("Tier I Capital"); (2) assets and off-balance sheet items be weighted according to risk; and (3) the total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio be at least 8.00%; and (4) a minimum 4.00% leverage ratio of Tier I capital to average total assets be maintained for financial institutions that meet certain specified criteria, including asset quality, high liquidity, low interest-rate exposure and the highest regulatory rating. As of March 31, 2008, Commercial Bank & Trust of PA, under these guidelines, had Tier I and total equity capital to risk weighted assets ratios of 16.72% and 17.56% respectively. The leverage ratio was 10.08%.

The table below presents the Bank's capital position at March 31, 2008
(Dollar amounts in thousands)

| | Amount | Percent of Adjusted Assets |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Tier I Capital | \$ 36,347 | 16.72% |
| Tier I Capital Requirement | 8,695 | 4.00 |
| Total Equity Capital | \$ 38,179 | 17.56% |
| Total Equity Capital Requirement | 17,389 | 8.00 |
| Leverage Capital | \$ 36,347 | 10.08% |
| Leverage Requirement | 14,424 | 4.00 |

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Corporation's primary market risk is interest rate risk. Interest rate risk arises due to timing differences between interest sensitive assets and liabilities. Interest rate management seeks to maintain a balance between consistent income growth and the risk that is created by variations in the ability to reprice deposit and investment categories. The effort to determine the effect of potential interest rate changes normally involves measuring the "gap" between assets (loans and securities) subject to rate fluctuation and liabilities (interest bearing deposits and long-term borrowings) subject to rate fluctuation as related to earning assets over different time periods and calculating the ratio of interest sensitive assets to interest sensitive liabilities.

Repricing periods for the loans, securities, interest bearing deposits and long-term borrowings are based on contractual maturities, where applicable, as well as the Corporation's historical experience regarding the impact of interest rate fluctuations on the prepayment and withdrawal patterns of certain assets and liabilities. Regular savings, NOW and other similar interest bearing demand deposit accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal without penalty. However, based upon historical performance, management considers a certain portion of the accounts to be stable core deposits and therefore are projected to reprice over a variety of time periods.

The Corporation utilizes a computer simulation analysis that projects the impact of changing interest rates on earnings. Simulation modeling projects a baseline net interest income (assuming no changes in interest rate levels) and estimates changes to that baseline resulting from changes in interest rate levels. The Corporation utilizes the results of this model in evaluating its interest rate risk. This model incorporates a number of additional factors. These factors include: (1) the expected exercise of call features on various assets and liabilities; (2) the expected rates at which various rate sensitive assets and liabilities will reprice; (3) the expected relative movements in different interest rate indexes that are used as the basis for pricing or repricing various assets and liabilities; (4) expected changes in administered rates on interest-bearing transaction, savings, money market and time deposit accounts and the expected impact of competition on the pricing or repricing of such accounts; and (5) other factors. Inclusion of these factors in the model is intended to estimate the Corporation's changes in net interest income resulting from an immediate and sustained parallel shift in interest rates of up 100 basis points (bps), up 200 bps, down 100 bps and down 200 bps. While the Corporation believes this model provides a useful projection of its interest rate risk, the model includes a number of assumptions and predictions that are subject to continual refinement. These assumptions and predictions include inputs to compute baseline net interest income, growth rates and a variety of other factors that are difficult to accurately predict.

The March 31, 2008 computer simulations analysis projects the following changes in net interest income based on an immediate and sustained parallel shift in interest rates for a twelve month period compared to baseline, with baseline representing no change in interest rates. The model projects net interest income will decrease 5.0% if rates rise 200 bps, and projects a 2.2% decrease of net interest income if rates rise 100 bps. If rates decrease 200 bps, the model projects a 4.4% decrease in net interest income and if rates decrease 100 bps, the model projects net interest income will decrease 0.6%.

Management regularly monitors the interest sensitivity position and considers this position in its decisions with regard to the Corporation's interest rates and maturities for interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Corporation maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Corporation in this Form 10-Q, and in other reports required to be filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms for such filings. Management of the Corporation, under the direction of the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, reviewed and performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15a(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of March 31, 2008. Based on that review and evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, along with other key management of the Corporation, have determined that the disclosure controls and procedures were and are effective as designed to ensure that material information relating to the Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries required to be disclosed by the Corporation by the Exchange Act, was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the applicable time periods.

Changes in Internal Controls

There have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect our internal controls during the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Corporation is neither a large accelerated filer nor an accelerated filer as those terms are defined in 240.12b-2. This quarterly report does not include an attestation report of the Corporation's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Other than proceedings which occur in the normal course of business, there is no legal proceedings to which either the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries is a party, which, in management's opinion, will have any material effect on the financial position of the Corporation and its subsidiaries.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide information required of this item.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

2 (a) None

2 (b) None

2 (c) In 2000, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 360,000 shares of the Corporation's common stock from time to time when warranted by market conditions.

There have been 209,074 shares purchased under this authorization through March 31, 2008, see table below.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

| Period | (a) Total Number of Shares Purchased | (b) Average Price Paid per Share | (c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans | (d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| January 1- January 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150,926 |
| February 1 - February 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150,926 |
| March 1- March 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150,926 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150,926 |

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Not applicable

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable

EXHIBITS

| Exhibit Number | Description | Page Number or Incorporated by Reference to |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1 | Articles of Incorporation | Exhibit C to Form S-4 Registration Statement Filed April 9, 1990 |
| 3.2 | By-Laws of Registrant | Exhibit D to Form S-4 Registration Statement Filed April 9, 1990 |
| 3.3 | Amendment to Articles of Incorporation | Exhibit A to definitive Proxy Statement filed for the special meeting of shareholders held September 18, 1990 |
| 3.4 | Amendment to Articles of Incorporation | Exhibit A to definitive Proxy Statement filed for the meeting of shareholders held on April 15, 1997 |
| 3.6 | Amendment to Articles of Incorporation | Exhibit A to definitive Proxy Statement filed for the meeting of shareholders held September 21, 2004 |
| 3.8 | Amendment to the Bylaws of Registrant | Exhibit 3.8 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 |
| 10.1 | Employment agreement between Gregg E. Hunter and Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania | Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 |
| 10.3 | Mutual Release and Non-Disparagement Agreement between Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania and Louis T. Steiner | Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 |
| 31.1 | Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) Certification of Chief Executive Officer | Filed herewith |
| 31.2 | Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) Certification of Chief Financial Officer | Filed herewith |
| 32.1 | | Filed herewith |

Section 1350 Certification of the Chief
Executive Officer

32.2 Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Filed herewith
Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL
CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Dated: May 13, 2008

/s/ Gregg E. Hunter
Gregg E. Hunter, Vice Chairman
President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: May 13, 2008

/s/ Thomas D. Watters
Thomas D. Watters, Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer