Merszei Geoffery E Form 4 March 02, 2006

FORM 4

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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SECURITIES

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF

Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,

(Print or Type Responses)

MIDLAND, MI 48674

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *

Merszei Geoffery E Issuer Symbol DOW CHEMICAL CO /DE/ [DOW] (Check all applicable) (First) (Middle) (Last) 3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year) _X__ Director 10% Owner X_ Officer (give title Other (specify 2030 DOW CENTER 03/01/2006 below) below) Exec Vice President & CFO

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading

(Street) 4. If Amendment, Date Original 6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check

> Filed(Month/Day/Year) Applicable Line)

X Form filed by One Reporting Person Form filed by More than One Reporting

Person

(City) (State) (Zip) Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1.Title of 2. Transaction Date 2A. Deemed 3. 4. Securities Acquired 5. Amount of 6. Ownership 7. Nature of Security (Month/Day/Year) Execution Date, if Transaction(A) or Disposed of Securities Form: Direct Indirect (Instr. 3) any Code (D) Beneficially (D) or Beneficial Indirect (I) Ownership (Month/Day/Year) (Instr. 8) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5) Owned Following (Instr. 4) (Instr. 4) Reported (A) Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4) Code V Amount (D) Price Common 16,380 03/01/2006 A A \$0 27,382 D Stock (1) (2)

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of orDerivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D (Instr. 3, 4, and 5))	Pate	7. Title and Underlying (Instr. 3 and	Secur
				Code V	(A) (D	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date	Title	Am Nui Sha
Non-Qualified Stock Option (right to buy)	\$ 43.675	03/01/2006		A	134,850	(3)	03/01/2016	Common Stock	13

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships						
• 0	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other			
Merszei Geoffery E 2030 DOW CENTER MIDLAND, MI 48674	X		Exec Vice President & CFO				

Signatures

Geoffery E. Merszei, Exec Vice President & 03/02/2006

**Signature of Reporting Person Date

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) Granted under The Dow Chemical Company 1988 Award and Option Plan, a Rule 16b-3 plan. The Plan provides for tax withholding rights.
- (2) Deferred shares to be delivered in one installment on or about March 1, 2011 contingent upon continuation of employment.
- (3) The options vest in three equal annual installments beginning on March 1, 2007.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, *see* Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. rflow:hidden;font-size:10pt;"> 21,700

Reporting Owners 2

21,700 Other operating expenses 98,112 41,557 27,372 33,782 25,297 46,054 272,174 Operating income (loss) 8,000 1,476 (23,822 (56 (9,611

(49,273

```
(73,286
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized
13,342
13,342
Income (loss) before income taxes
8,032
1,524
(23,820
(226
(10,631)
(65,939
(91,060
```

```
Long-lived assets(1)
796,710
177,308
170,972
324,197
256,741
269,613
(153,366
1,842,175
Total assets
1,609,337
297,450
257,599
664,370
390,886
(606,273
(390,969
2,222,400
Capital expenditures, excluding acquisitions
9,661
```

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1,294			
2,114			
3,495			
1,366			
1,065			
_			
18,995			
19			

As of and for the three months ended March 31, 2014

	U.S. Rig Services	Fluid Management Services	Coiled Tubing Services	Fishing and Rental Services	International	Functional Support(2)	Reconciling Elimination:	Total	
Revenues from external customers	\$164,751	\$ 61,588	\$44,495	\$53,210	\$ 32,097	\$—	\$ —	\$356,141	
Intersegment revenues	123	112	_	_	2,221	542	(2,998)	_	
Depreciation and amortization	14,161	8,178	5,837	12,527	7,904	2,488	_	51,095	
Other operating expenses	126,248	51,063	32,520	37,853	34,684	28,800	_	311,168	
Operating income (loss)	24,342	2,347	6,138	2,830	(10,491)	(31,288)	_	(6,122)
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	_	_	_	_	2	13,552	_	13,554	
Income (loss) before income taxes	24,724	2,515	6,235	2,948	(11,948)	(44,081)	_	(19,607)
Long-lived assets(1)	765,253	214,993	234,529	418,386	311,286	282,931	(174,828)	2,052,550	
Total assets Capital	1,538,537	280,524	251,453	644,448	474,533	(258,378)	(379,490)	2,551,627	
expenditures, excluding acquisitions	18,137	862	1,497	3,464	1,874	2,691	_	28,525	

⁽¹⁾Long-lived assets include fixed assets, goodwill, intangibles and other assets.

⁽²⁾ Functional Support is geographically located in the United States.

NOTE 15. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our 2021 Notes are guaranteed by virtually all our domestic subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. The guarantees are joint and several, full, complete and unconditional. There are no restrictions on the ability of subsidiary guarantees to transfer funds to the parent company.

As a result of these guarantee arrangements, we are required to present the following condensed consolidating financial information pursuant to SEC Regulation S-X Rule 3-10, "Financial Statements of Guaranters and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities Registered or Being Registered."

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING UNAUDITED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2015					
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated	
	Company	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elilillations	Consolidated	
	(in thousands)					
Assets:						
Current assets	\$45,419	\$282,810	\$ 51,996	\$ —	\$380,225	
Property and equipment, net	_	1,098,430	104,093	_	1,202,523	
Goodwill	_	556,658	4,381	_	561,039	
Deferred financing costs, net	10,231	_	_	_	10,231	
Intercompany notes and accounts						
receivable and investment in	3,097,363	1,419,906	47,903	(4,565,172)	_	
subsidiaries						
Other assets	_	53,816	14,566	_	68,382	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,153,013	\$3,411,620	\$ 222,939	\$(4,565,172)	\$2,222,400	
Liabilities and equity:						
Current liabilities	\$7,301	\$151,070	\$ 26,419	\$ —	\$184,790	
Long-term debt, less current portion	778,287	_	_	_	778,287	
Intercompany notes and accounts	1,162,648	2,704,380	129,781	(3,996,809)	_	
payable	1,102,040	2,704,300	127,701	(3,770,007)		
Deferred tax liabilities	205,878	398	(98)	_	206,178	
Other long-term liabilities	1,270	54,000	230	_	55,500	
Equity	997,629	501,772	66,607	(568,363)	997,645	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$3,153,013	\$3,411,620	\$ 222,939	\$(4,565,172)	\$2,222,400	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2014						
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated		
	Company	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elilillations	Consolidated		
	(in thousands)						
Assets:							
Current assets	\$39,020	\$341,188	\$ 53,587	\$ —	\$433,795		
Property and equipment, net	_	1,128,776	106,482	_	1,235,258		
Goodwill	_	578,358	4,381	_	582,739		
Deferred financing costs, net	10,735	_	_	_	10,735		
Intercompany notes and accounts							
receivable and investment in	3,170,874	1,426,160	42,352	(4,639,386)	_		
subsidiaries							
Other assets	_	56,664	14,307	_	70,971		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,220,629	\$3,531,146	\$ 221,109	\$(4,639,386)	\$2,333,498		
Liabilities and equity:							
Current liabilities	\$22,046	\$192,079	\$ 27,733	\$ —	\$241,858		
Long-term debt, less current portion	748,426	_	_	_	748,426		
Intercompany notes and accounts	1,162,648	2,696,051	123,810	(3,982,509)			
payable	1,102,046	2,090,031	123,010	(3,962,309)	_		
Deferred tax liabilities	228,199	398	(134)	(69)	228,394		
Other long-term liabilities	1,264	55,182	311	_	56,757		
Equity	1,058,046	587,436	69,389	(656,808)	1,058,063		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$3,220,629	\$3,531,146	\$ 221,109	\$(4,639,386)	\$2,333,498		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015							
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated			
	Company	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elilillations	Consondated			
	(in thousands)							
Revenues	\$	\$249,407	\$ 22,951	\$(4,559)	\$267,799			
Direct operating expense	_	189,626	17,295	(2,391)	204,530			
Depreciation and amortization expense	_	44,439	2,772	_	47,211			
General and administrative expense	221	65,635	3,951	(2,163)	67,644			
Impairment expense	_	21,700	_	_	21,700			
Operating loss	(221)	(71,993)	(1,067)	(5)	(73,286)			
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	13,342	_	_	_	13,342			
Other (income) loss, net	(318)	4,041	709	_	4,432			
Loss before income taxes	(13,245)	(76,034)	(1,776)	(5)	(91,060)			
Income tax benefit	30,862	77	445	_	31,384			
Net income (loss)	\$17,617	\$(75,957)	\$(1,331)	\$(5)	\$(59,676)			

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014								
	Parent		Guarantor		Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidate	1
	Company		Subsidiaries	;	Subsidiaries	Zimmurons	Consonauc	•
_	(in thousands	;)	****		* 22 711		***	
Revenues	\$ —		\$330,475		\$ 32,511		\$356,141	
Direct operating expense	_		236,658		24,471	* * *	258,302	
Depreciation and amortization expense			47,763		3,109	223	51,095	
General and administrative expense	236	`	49,548	\	6,902		52,866	,
Operating loss	(236)	(3,494)	(1,971)	(421)	(6,122)
Interest expense, net of amounts	13,552		_		2	_	13,554	
capitalized	(671	`	(724	`	1 200	17	(60	`
Other (income) loss, net Loss before income taxes	•	_	(724)	1,309	17	(69)
	(13,117)	(2,770)	(3,282)		(19,607)
Income tax (expense) benefit	<u> </u>	`	5,971		(479)	2,216	7,708	`
Net income (loss) CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING UN			\$3,201	α	\$ (3,761)	\$1,778	\$(11,899)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING ON	Three Month					•		
	Parent	ıs	Guarantor	11 3	Non-Guarantor			
	Company		Subsidiaries	,	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidate	d
	(in thousands	e)	Subsidiaries	,	Substitutation			
Net cash used in operating activities	\$—	"	\$(1,409)	\$ (1,255)	\$ —	\$(2,664)
Cash flows from investing activities:	Ψ		ψ(1,10)	,	ψ(1,233)	Ψ	Ψ(2,004	,
Capital expenditures			(18,327)	(668)		(18,995)
Intercompany notes and accounts			16,132	,	_	(16,132)	_	,
Other investing activities, net	_		3,290		_	(10,132) —	3,290	
Net cash provided by (used in)								
investing activities	_		1,095		(668)	(16,132)	(15,705)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving	04.000						0.1.000	
credit facility	91,000		_		_	_	91,000	
Repayments on revolving credit facility	(61,000)			_	_	(61,000)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(125)			_	_	(125)
Repurchases of common stock	(210)			_	_	(210)
Intercompany notes and accounts	(16,132)	_		_	16,132	_	
Other financing activities, net	(2,840)	_		_	_	(2,840)
Net cash provided by financing	10,693					16 122	26 925	
activities	10,093		_		_	16,132	26,825	
Effect of changes in exchange rates on					159		159	
cash	_				139		139	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	10,693		(314	`	(1,764)		8,615	
equivalents	10,093		(314	,	(1,704	_	0,013	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	19,949		450		6,905		27,304	
of period	17,777		4 50		0,703	_	27,304	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	\$30,642		\$136		\$ 5,141	\$ —	\$35,919	
period	Ψ30,072		Ψ150		ψ 5,111	Ψ	ψ 33,717	
23								

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Parent Company (in thousands)	Ended March Guarantor Subsidiaries		1, 2014 Non-Guarant Subsidiaries	tor	Eliminations		Consolidated	d
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ —	\$44,278		\$ 1,416		\$ —		\$45,694	
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Capital expenditures	_	(26,912)	(1,613)	_		(28,525)
Intercompany notes and accounts	_	(19,651)	_		19,651		_	
Other investing activities, net	_	1,774		_		_		1,774	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(44,789)	(1,613)	19,651		(26,751)
Cash flows from financing activities:									
Repayments of long-term debt	(3,573)			_		_		(3,573)
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility	70,000	_		_		_		70,000	
Repayments on revolving credit facility	(70,000)			_		_		(70,000)
Repurchases of common stock	(2,151)			_		_		(2,151)
Intercompany notes and accounts	19,651	_		_		(19,651)	_	
Other financing activities, net	(1,210)			_		<u> </u>		(1,210)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	12,717	_		_		(19,651		(6,934)
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash	_	_		634		_		634	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	12,717	(511)	437		_		12,643	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	23,115	788		4,403		_		28,306	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$35,832	\$277		\$ 4,840		\$—		\$40,949	
NOTE 16 CHREEOHENT EVENTS									

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Exit of certain International markets

In April 2015, we announced our decision to exit markets in which we participate outside of North America. Our strategy is to sell or relocate the assets of the businesses operating in these markets.

The assets of these businesses did not meet the criteria for assets held for sale as of March 31, 2015, as such, the assets and directly related liabilities are not separately presented on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. In addition, we do not expect the exit from these markets to meet the criteria for discontinued operations in future periods as the sale or relocation of the assets of the businesses operating in these markets would not have a major effect on our operations or financial results.

ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF 2. OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

Key Energy Services, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively, "Key," the "Company," "we," "its," and "our provide a full range of well services to major oil companies, foreign national oil companies and independent oil and natural gas production companies. Our services include rig-based and coiled tubing-based well maintenance and workover services, well completion and recompletion services, fluid management services, fishing and rental services, and other ancillary oilfield services. Additionally, certain rigs are capable of specialty drilling applications. We operate in most major oil and natural gas producing regions of the continental United States and have operations in Mexico, Colombia, Ecuador, the Middle East and Russia. In addition, we have a technology development and control systems business based in Canada.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, included elsewhere herein, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2014 Form 10-K.

We operate in five business segments; U.S. Rig Services, Fluid Management Services, Coiled Tubing Services, Fishing and Rental Services and International. We also have a "Functional Support" segment associated with managing our U.S. and International business segments. See "Note 14. Segment Information" in "Item 1. Financial Statements" of Part I of this report for a summary of our business segments.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Baker Hughes U.S. rig count data, which is publicly available on a weekly basis, is often used as an indicator of overall Exploration and Production ("E&P") company spending and broader oilfield activity. In assessing overall activity in the U.S. onshore oilfield service industry in which we operate, we believe that the Baker Hughes U.S. land drilling rig count is the best available barometer of E&P companies' capital spending and resulting activity levels. Historically, our activity levels have been highly correlated to U.S. onshore capital spending by our E&P company customers as a group.

	WTI Cushing Oil(1)	NYMEX Henry Hub Natural Gas(1)	Average Baker Hughes U.S. Land Drilling Rigs(2)
2015:			
First Quarter	\$ 48.49	\$ 2.90	1,353
2014:			
First Quarter	\$ 98.68	\$ 5.18	1,779
Second Quarter	\$ 103.35	\$ 4.61	1,796
Third Quarter	\$ 97.87	\$ 3.96	1,842
Fourth Quarter	\$ 73.21	\$ 3.78	1,856

⁽¹⁾ Represents the average of the monthly average prices for each of the periods presented. Source: EIA and Bloomberg

Internally, we measure activity levels for our well servicing operations primarily through our rig and trucking hours. Generally, as capital spending by E&P companies increases, demand for our services also rises, resulting in increased rig and trucking services and more hours worked. Conversely, when activity levels decline due to lower spending by E&P companies, we generally provide fewer rig and trucking services, which results in lower hours worked.

⁽²⁾ Source: www.bakerhughes.com

In the U.S., our rig activity occurs primarily on weekdays during daylight hours. Accordingly, we track U.S. rig activity on a "per U.S. working day" basis. Key's U.S. working days per quarter, which exclude national holidays, are indicated in the table below. Our international rig activity and domestic trucking activity tend to occur on a 24/7 basis. Accordingly, we track our international rig activity and our domestic trucking activity on a "per calendar day" basis. The following table presents our quarterly rig and trucking hours from 2014 through the first quarter of 2015:

	Rig Hours			Trucking Hours	Key's U.S. Working Days(1)
2015:	U.S.	International	Total		
First Quarter	271,005	36,950	307,955	418,032	62
Total 2015	271,005	36,950	307,955	418,032	62
2014:					
First Quarter	347,047	46,090	393,137	481,353	63
Second Quarter	355,219	33,758	388,977	493,494	63
Third Quarter	365,891	34,603	400,494	506,486	64
Fourth Quarter	341,313	41,156	382,469	481,653	61
Total 2014	1,409,470	155,607	1,565,077	1,962,986	251

(1) Key's U.S. working days are the number of weekdays during the quarter minus national holidays.

MARKET CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Market Conditions — Quarter Ended March 31, 2015

Our core businesses depend on our customers' willingness to make expenditures to produce, develop and explore for oil and natural gas. Industry conditions are influenced by numerous factors, such as the supply of and demand for oil and natural gas, domestic and worldwide economic conditions, and political instability in oil producing countries. As the Company entered 2015, it encountered a precipitous drop in oil prices as the unprecedented growth in U.S. oil production, coupled with OPEC's decision not to cut its oil supply targets in November 2014, outpaced global oil demand. As such, macro indicators for the U.S. oilfield services industry, such as E&P capital spending budgets and the drilling rig count, declined dramatically, in turn. Although, the impact of these declines has been severe, the nature of the Company's services has allowed for it to be less impacted than many other oilfield services participants. The Company swiftly reacted to the changing market and instituted cost reductions efforts throughout the Company including headcount reductions, furlough programs and field wage reductions. Given these cost reductions, the Company was able to mitigate some margin decline associated with the activity and price reductions during the first quarter.

Outside of the U.S., the Board of Directors and management have decided that after evaluating the market opportunities presented by the aging horizontal wellbore, the Company will now focus exclusively on North American production enhancing services. As such, the Company will be exiting markets in which it participates outside of North America.

Market Outlook

Given the strategic decision to exit markets outside of North America, this is a signal of our commitment to steady investment in production-driven services built to address the demands of complex horizontal wellbores. We continue to see the population of horizontal well bores expand and a growing number of these well bores entering the more maintenance intensive cycle phase of their life. Therefore, we believe that a refined focus on the services best-suited to take advantage of this trend and the deployment of capital to these efforts is the appropriate strategic direction for the Company.

As we look into the second quarter, the outlook for the U.S. oilfield services landscape still remains precarious, though based on the decelerating rate of activity and pricing decline for our services, we expect to see activity and pricing stabilize in the second quarter. We believe that customers are reallocating financial and human resources to production enhancing activities to protect existing production and maintain cash flow in a capital-efficient manner. Therefore, we believe that the second quarter will represent a low point for 2015 and we expect to see a modest seasonal improvement in activity as we progress through the second quarter and into the third quarter.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table shows our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (in thousands):

Three Months Ended March 31,		
\$267,799	\$356,141	
204,530	258,302	
47,211	51,095	
67,644	52,866	
21,700	_	
(73,286) (6,122)
13,342	13,554	
4,432	(69)
(91,060) (19,607)
31,384	7,708	
\$(59,676) \$(11,899)
	March 31, 2015 \$267,799 204,530 47,211 67,644 21,700 (73,286 13,342 4,432 (91,060 31,384	March 31, 2015 2014 \$267,799 \$356,141 204,530 258,302 47,211 51,095 67,644 52,866 21,700 — (73,286) (6,122 13,342 13,554 4,432 (69 (91,060) (19,607 31,384 7,708

Consolidated Results of Operations — Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

Revenues

Our revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased \$88.3 million, or 24.8%, to \$267.8 million from \$356.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, due to overall lower activity in the U.S., resulting in a reduction in the price received for our services and reduced customer activity. Internationally, we had lower revenue as a result of reduced customer activity in Mexico, Russia and Colombia. See "Segment Operating Results — Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014" below for a more detailed discussion of the change in our revenues.

Direct Operating Expenses

Our direct operating expenses decreased \$53.8 million, to \$204.5 million (76.4% of revenues), for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$258.3 million (72.5% of revenues) for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease is primarily related a decrease in employee compensation costs, fuel expense and repair and maintenance expense.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$3.9 million, or 7.6%, to \$47.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$51.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease is primarily attributable to decreases in capital expenditures and lower amortization expense due to the impairment of certain intangible assets in 2014.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased \$14.8 million, to \$67.6 million (25.3% of revenues), for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$52.9 million (14.8% of revenues) for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase is primarily due to higher expenses related to FCPA investigations, which totaled \$18.0 million for the quarter, and an increase in severance expense.

Impairment expense

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, we recorded a \$21.7 million impairment of goodwill in our Coiled Tubing Services segment related to the finalization of our 2014 goodwill impairment testing. No impairment was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Interest Expense, Net of Amounts Capitalized

Interest expense decreased \$0.2 million, or 1.6%, to \$13.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$13.6 million for the same period in 2014. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in commitment fees related to our 2011 Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014.

Other (Income) Loss, Net

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we recognized other loss, net, of \$4.4 million, compared to other income, net, of \$0.1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we recorded an allowance for the collectibility of our notes receivable related to the sale of our operations in Argentina. Our foreign exchange loss relates to U.S. dollar-denominated transactions in our foreign businesses and fluctuations in exchange rates between local currencies and the U.S. dollar.

The following table summarizes the components of other (income) loss, net for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		31,
	2015	2014	
	(in thousands	s)	
Interest income	\$(15) \$(18)
Foreign exchange loss	1,260	1,366	
Allowance for collectibility of notes receivable	3,950	_	
Other, net	(763) (1,417)
Total	\$4,432	\$(69)

Income Tax Benefit

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$31.4 million on a pre-tax loss of \$91.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to an income tax benefit of \$7.7 million on a pre-tax loss of \$19.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2014. Our effective tax rate was 34.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 39.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Our effective tax rates for such periods differ from the U.S. statutory rate of 35% due to a number of factors, including the mix of profit and loss between domestic and international taxing jurisdictions and the impact of permanent items, mainly non-deductible expenses such as fines and penalties, and expenses subject to statutorily imposed limitations such as meals and entertainment expenses, that affect book income but do not affect taxable income.

Segment Operating Results — Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

The following table shows operating results for each of our segments for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

	U.S. Rig Services	Management Services	Tubing Services	Fishing and Rental Services	International	Functional Support	Total	
Revenues from external customers	\$120,822	\$ 50,755	\$31,017	\$42,690	\$ 22,515	\$—	\$267,799	
Operating expenses	112,822	49,279	54,839	42,746	32,126	49,273	341,085	
Operating income (loss)	8,000	1,476	(23,822)	(56)	(9,611)	(49,273)	(73,286)
For the three months ended M	arch 31, 201	4						
	U.S. Rig Services	Fluid Management Services	Coiled Tubing Services	Fishing and Rental Services	International	Functional Support	Total	
Revenues from external customers	\$164,751	\$ 61,588	\$44,495	\$53,210	\$ 32,097	\$—	\$356,141	
Operating expenses	140,409	59,241	38,357	50,380	42,588	31,288	362,263	
Operating income (loss) U.S. Rig Services	24,342	2,347	6,138	2,830	(10,491)	(31,288)	(6,122)

Revenues for our U.S. Rig Services segment decreased \$43.9 million, or 26.7%, to \$120.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$164.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease for this segment is primarily due to a reduction in the price received for our services and reduced customer activity.

Operating expenses for our U.S. Rig Services segment were \$112.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, which represented a decrease of \$27.6 million, or 19.6%, compared to \$140.4 million for the same period in 2014. These expenses decreased primarily as a result of a decrease in employee compensation costs and equipment expense, primarily due to lower activity.

Fluid Management Services

Revenues for our Fluid Management Services segment decreased \$10.8 million, or 17.6%, to \$50.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$61.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease for this segment is primarily due a reduction in the price received for our services and reduced customer activity.

Operating expenses for our Fluid Management Services segment were \$49.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, which represented a decrease of \$10.0 million, or 16.8%, compared to \$59.2 million for the same period in 2014. These expenses decreased primarily as a result of a decrease in equipment expense and employee compensation costs, primarily due to lower activity.

Coiled Tubing Services

Revenues for our Coiled Tubing Services segment decreased \$13.5 million, or 30.3%, to \$31.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$44.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease for this segment is primarily due to a reduction in the price received for our services and reduced customer activity. Operating expenses for our Coiled Tubing Services segment were \$54.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, which represented an increase of \$16.5 million, or 43.0%, compared to \$38.4 million for the same period in 2014. These expenses increased primarily as a result of a \$21.7 million impairment of goodwill in 2015 partially offset by a decrease in employee compensation costs, repair and maintenance expense and fuel costs, primarily due to lower activity.

Fishing and Rental Services

Revenues for our Fishing and Rental Services segment decreased \$10.5 million, or 19.8%, to \$42.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$53.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease for this segment is primarily due to a reduction in the price received for our services and reduced customer activity.

Operating expenses for our Fishing and Rental Services segment were \$42.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015, which represented a decrease of \$7.6 million, or 15.2%, compared to \$50.4 million for the same period in 2014. These expenses decreased primarily as a result of a decrease in employee compensation costs, repair and maintenance expense and fuel costs, primarily due to lower activity.

International

Revenues for our International segment decreased \$9.6 million, or 29.9%, to \$22.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$32.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease was primarily attributable to lower customer activity in Mexico, Russia and Colombia.

Operating expenses for our International segment were \$32.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, which represented a decrease of \$10.5 million, or 24.6%, compared to \$42.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. These expenses decreased as a direct result of lower customer activity.

Functional Support

Operating expenses for Functional Support, which represent expenses associated with managing our U.S. and International reporting segments, increased \$18.0 million, or 57.5%, to \$49.3 million (18.4% of consolidated revenues) for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to \$31.3 million (8.8% of consolidated revenues) for the same period in 2014. The increase is primarily due to increased legal expense related to the FCPA investigations and increase in severance expense partially offset by lower employee compensation costs.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Current Financial Condition and Liquidity

As of March 31, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$35.9 million. Our adjusted working capital (working capital excluding current portion of long-term debt) was \$195.4 million as of March 31, 2015, compared to \$191.9 million as of December 31, 2014. Our adjusted working capital increased from the prior year end primarily as a result of decreases in accounts payable, accrued interest and other accrued operating expenses partially offset by decrease in accounts receivable. Our total outstanding debt was \$778.3 million, and we have no significant debt maturities until 2016. Borrowings under our 2011 Credit Facility continue to be classified as long-term as we have the intent to refinance amounts outstanding on a long-term basis and believe we have the ability to do so. See "Liquidity Outlook"

and Future Capital Requirements" in "Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" for further discussion. As of March 31, 2015, we have \$100.0 million in borrowings, \$48.2 million in committed letters of credit outstanding with borrowing capacity of \$251.8 million available subject to covenant constraints under our 2011 Credit Facility (defined below).

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the three month ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months E	Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014	
	(in thousands)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(2,664	\$45,694	
Cash paid for capital expenditures	(18,995) (28,525)
Proceeds received from sale of fixed assets	2,890	1,174	
Proceeds from notes receivable	400	600	
Repayments of long-term debt	_	(3,573)
Repayments of long-term debt Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility	— 91,000	(3,573 70,000)
	91,000 (61,000)
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility		70,000)
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility Repayments on revolving credit facility	(61,000	70,000) (70,000)))
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility Repayments on revolving credit facility Repurchases of common stock	(61,000 (210	70,000) (70,000) (2,151)))

Cash used in operating activities was \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$45.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Cash used in investing activities was \$15.7 million and \$26.8 million for three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Investing cash outflows during these periods consisted primarily of capital expenditures. Our capital expenditures through March 31, 2015 primarily relate to our replacement assets for our existing fleet and equipment.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$26.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$6.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Financing cash inflows for 2015 primarily relate to net proceeds on the revolving credit facility. Financing cash outflows for 2014 primarily relate to the repayment of long-term debt.

Sources of Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our sources of liquidity include our current cash and cash equivalents, availability under our 2011 Credit Facility, and internally generated cash flows from operations.

Debt Service

We do not have any maturities of debt until 2016. Borrowings under our 2011 Credit Facility continue to be classified as long-term as we have the intent to refinance amounts outstanding on a long-term basis and believe we have the ability to do so. See "Liquidity Outlook and Future Capital Requirements" in "Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" for further discussion. Interest on our 2011 Credit Facility is due each quarter. Interest to be paid for the remainder of 2015 is approximately \$23.0 million related to our 2021 Notes. We expect to fund interest payments from cash generated by operations. At March 31, 2015, our annual debt maturities for our 2021 Notes and borrowings under our 2011 Credit Facility were as follows:

Year	Principal
1 cai	Payments
	(in thousands)
2015	\$ —
2016	100,000
2017	_
2018	_
2019 and thereafter	675,000
Total principal payments	\$775,000

At March 31, 2015, we were in compliance with all the covenants under the 2011 Credit Facility and the indenture governing the 2021 Notes.

6.75% Senior Notes due 2021

We have outstanding \$675 million of 6.75% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"). The 2021 Notes are general unsecured senior obligations and are effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness. The 2021 Notes are or will be jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by certain of our existing and future domestic subsidiaries. Interest on the 2021 Notes is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The 2021 Notes mature on March 1, 2021.

On or after March 1, 2016, the 2021 Notes will be subject to redemption at any time and from time to time at our option, in whole or in part, at the redemption prices below (expressed as percentages of the principal amount redeemed), plus accrued and unpaid interest to the applicable redemption date, if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on March 1 of the years indicated below:

Year	Percentage	
2016	103.375	%
2017	102.250	%
2018	101.125	%
2019 and thereafter	100.000	%

At any time and from time to time prior to March 1, 2016, we may, at our option, redeem all or a portion of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount plus a premium with respect to the 2021 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. The premium is the excess of (i) the present value of the redemption price of 103.375 of the principal amount, plus all remaining scheduled interest payments due through March 1, 2016 discounted at the treasury rate plus 0.50% over (ii) the principal amount of the note. If we experience a change of control, subject to certain exceptions, we must give holders of the 2021 Notes the opportunity to sell to us their 2021 Notes, in whole or in part, at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase.

We are subject to certain negative covenants under the Indenture. The Indenture limits our ability to, among other things:

incur additional indebtedness and issue preferred equity interests;

pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem equity interests;

make loans and investments;

enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

sell, transfer or otherwise convey assets;

create liens:

enter into transactions with affiliates;

• enter into agreements restricting subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends:

designate future subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries; and

consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of the applicable entities' assets.

These covenants are subject to certain exceptions and qualifications, and contain cross-default provisions relating to the covenants of our 2011 Credit Facility discussed below. Substantially all of the covenants will terminate before the 2021 Notes mature if one of two specified ratings agencies assigns the 2021 Notes an investment grade rating in the future and no events of default exist under the Indenture. As of March 31, 2015, the 2021 Notes were rated below investment grade. Any covenants that cease to apply to us as a result of achieving an investment grade rating will not be restored, even if the investment rating assigned to the 2021 Notes later falls below investment grade. We were in compliance with covenants of the 2011 Credit Facility at March 31, 2015.

Senior Secured Credit Facility

We are party to a \$400.0 million senior secured revolving bank credit facility with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Bank of America, N.A., as Syndication Agent, and Capital One, N.A., Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank and DnB NOR Bank ASA, as Co-Documentation Agent (as amended, the "2011 Credit Facility"), which is an important source of liquidity for us. The total commitments by the lenders under the credit facility will automatically be reduced from \$400 million to \$350 million on July 1, 2015. The 2011 Credit

Facility consists of a revolving credit facility, letter of credit sub-facility and swing line facility, all of which will mature no later than March 31, 2016. Borrowings under our 2011 Credit Facility continue to be classified as long-term as we have the intent to refinance amounts outstanding on a long-term basis and believe we have the ability to do so. See "Liquidity Outlook and Future Capital Requirements" in "Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" for further discussion.

The maximum amount that we may borrow under the facility may be subject to limitation due to the operation of the covenants contained in the facility. The 2011 Credit Facility allows us to request increases in the total commitments under the facility by up to \$100.0 million in the aggregate in part or in full anytime during the term of the 2011 Credit Facility, with any such increases being subject to compliance with the restrictive covenants in the 2011 Credit Facility and in the Indenture governing our 2021 Senior Notes, as well as lender approval.

We capitalized \$4.9 million of financing costs in connection with the execution of the 2011 Credit Facility that will be amortized over the term of the debt.

The interest rate per annum applicable to the 2011 Credit Facility is, at our option, (i) adjusted LIBOR plus the applicable margin or (ii) the higher of (x) JPMorgan's prime rate, (y) the Federal Funds rate plus 0.5% and (z) one-month adjusted LIBOR plus 1.0%, plus in each case the applicable margin for all other loans. The applicable margin for LIBOR loans ranges from 225 to 300 basis points, and the applicable margin for all other loans ranges from 125 to 200 basis points, depending upon our consolidated total leverage ratio as defined in the 2011 Credit Facility. Unused commitment fees on the facility equal 0.50%.

The 2011 Credit Facility contains certain financial covenants, which, among other things, limit our annual capital expenditures, restrict our ability to repurchase shares and require us to maintain certain financial ratios. The financial ratios require that:

our ratio of consolidated funded indebtedness to total capitalization be no greater than 55%;

our senior secured leverage ratio of senior secured funded debt to trailing four quarters of earnings before interest, eaxes, depreciation and amortization (as calculated pursuant to the terms of the 2011 Credit Facility, "EBITDA") be no greater than 2.00 to 1.00;

we maintain a consolidated interest coverage ratio of trailing four quarters EBITDA to interest expense for no less than the ratio specified for such fiscal quarter as indicated in the table below:

Fiscal Quarter Ending
December 31, 2014 through September 30, 2015
December 31, 2015 and thereafter

Ratio
2.75 to 1.00
3.00 to 1.00

we maintain a collateral coverage ratio, the ratio of the aggregate book value of the collateral to the amount of the total commitments, as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of at least 2:00 to 1:00; and

we limit our capital expenditures and investments in foreign subsidiaries to \$250.0 million per fiscal year, if the consolidated total leverage ratio exceeds 3.00 to 1.00.

In addition, the 2011 Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including, without limitation, restrictions on (i) liens; (ii) debt, guarantees and other contingent obligations; (iii) mergers and consolidations; (iv) sales, transfers and other dispositions of property or assets; (v) loans, acquisitions, joint ventures and other investments (with acquisitions permitted so long as, after giving pro forma effect thereto, no default or event of default exists under the 2011 Credit Facility, the pro forma consolidated total leverage ratio does not exceed 4.00 to 1.00, we are in compliance with other financial covenants and we have at least \$25.0 million of availability under the 2011 Credit Facility); (vi) dividends and other distributions to, and redemptions and repurchases from, equity holders; (vii) making investments, loans or advances; (viii) selling properties; (ix) prepaying, redeeming or repurchasing subordinated (contractually or structurally) debt; (x) engaging in transactions with affiliates; (xi) entering into hedging arrangements; (xii) entering into sale and leaseback transactions; (xiii) granting negative pledges other than to the lenders; (xiv) changes in the nature of business; (xv) amending organizational documents; and (xvi) changes in accounting policies or reporting practices; in each of the foregoing cases, with certain exceptions.

We were in compliance with these covenants at March 31, 2015. We may prepay the 2011 Credit Facility in whole or in part at any time without premium or penalty, subject to certain reimbursements to the lenders for breakage and redeployment costs. In the event we prepay the 2011 Credit Facility, we expect these breakage and redeployment costs to be immaterial. As of March 31, 2015, we had borrowings of \$100.0 million outstanding under the revolving credit facility, \$48.2 million of letters of credit outstanding with borrowing capacity of \$251.8 million available subject to covenant constraints under our 2011 Credit Facility. The weighted average interest rates on the outstanding borrowings under the 2011 Credit Facility were 3.14% and 2.88% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, respectively.

Letter of Credit Facility

On November 7, 2013, we entered into an uncommitted, unsecured \$15.0 million letter of credit facility to be used solely for the issuances of performance letters of credit. As of March 31, 2015, \$2.0 million of letters of credit were outstanding under the facility.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At March 31, 2015 we did not, and we currently do not, have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Liquidity Outlook and Future Capital Requirements

Our 2011 Credit Facility comes due in March 2016. We are currently negotiating to replace the 2011 Credit Facility with both an asset based loan and term loans. We anticipate concluding the new financing during the second quarter of 2015. In the event we are unable to complete the new financing or are only able to borrow a portion of the funds necessary to repay the 2011 Credit Facility, we may need to seek a waiver under the 2011 Credit Facility for failure to meet certain financial covenants in the second quarter of 2015. See "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" for further discussion. We believe that the new financing, as well as internally generated cash flows from operations and our cash and cash equivalents, will be sufficient to finance the majority of our cash requirements for operations budgeted capital expenditures and debt service. Also, as we have historically done, we may, from time to time, access available funds from our new financing to supplement our liquidity to meet cash requirements for the day-to-day operations and peak needs throughout the year. Any acquisitions we choose to pursue could be financed through a combination of cash on hand, borrowings, and equity.

Capital Expenditures

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, our capital expenditures totaled \$19.0 million, primarily related to the ongoing replacement to our rig service fleet, coiled tubing units, fluid transportation equipment and rental equipment. Our capital expenditure plan for the remainder of 2015 contemplates spending between \$30.0 million to \$60.0 million, subject to market conditions. This is primarily related to equipment replacement needs, including ongoing replacement to our rig services fleet. Our capital expenditure program for 2015 is subject to market conditions, including activity levels, commodity prices, industry capacity and specific customer needs. Our focus for 2015 has been and continues to be the maximization of our current equipment fleet, but we may choose to increase our capital expenditures in 2015 to increase market share or expand our presence into a new market. We may also incur capital expenditures for strategic investments and acquisitions. We currently anticipate funding our 2015 capital expenditures through a combination of cash on hand, operating cash flow, and borrowings under our 2011 Credit Facility or our new financing. Should our operating cash flows or activity levels prove to be insufficient to fund our currently planned capital spending levels, management expects it will adjust our capital spending plans accordingly. We may also incur capital expenditures for strategic investments and acquisitions.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk from those disclosed in our 2014 Form 10-K. More detailed information concerning market risk can be found in "Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in our 2014 Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, management performed, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the first quarter of 2015 that materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject to various suits and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that the disposition of any of our ordinary course litigation will result in a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. For additional information on legal proceedings, see "Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies" in "Item 1. Financial Statements" of Part I of this report, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Between May of 2013 and June of 2014, five lawsuits (four class actions and one enforcement action) were filed in California involving alleged violations of California's wage and hour laws. In general, the lawsuits allege failure to pay wages, including overtime and minimum wages, failure to pay final wages upon employment terminations in a timely manner, failure to reimburse reasonable and necessary business expenses, failure to provide wage statements consistent with California law, and violations of the California meal and break period laws, among other claims. Two of the five cases have been consolidated in United States District Court for the Central District of California. A class certification motion has been filed in the consolidated action, and we are preparing our opposition, which is due in June of 2015. Two of the remaining cases are currently waiting for decisions regarding whether they will move forward in California state court or in federal court. The fifth case is an enforcement action for civil penalties based on California's Private Attorneys General Act, which is pending in California state court. We have investigated the claims in all five lawsuits, and intend to vigorously defend them. At this time, we cannot estimate any possible loss or range of loss.

In January, 2014, the SEC advised Key that it is investigating possible violations of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA") involving business activities of Key's operations in Russia. In April 2014, we became aware of an allegation involving our Mexico operations that, if true, could potentially constitute a violation of certain of our policies, including our Code of Business Conduct, the FCPA and other applicable laws. On May 30, 2014, Key voluntarily disclosed the allegation involving our Mexico operations and certain information from the Company's initial investigation to both the SEC and Department of Justice ("DOJ"). A Special Committee of our Board of Directors is investigating this allegation as well as possible violations of the FCPA involving business activities of our operations in Russia. The Special Committee's investigation, which also includes a review of certain aspects of the Company's operations in Colombia, as well as our other international locations, is ongoing. The Committee and its counsel have largely completed the document review and interviews and are in the process of evaluating the information developed in the investigation. Based on the current status of the investigation, the Committee currently expects to make recommendations and report to the Board of Directors by the end of June 2015. We are fully cooperating with investigations by the SEC and DOJ. At this time we are unable to predict the ultimate resolution of these matters with these agencies and, accordingly, cannot reasonably estimate any possible loss or range of loss. In August 2014, two class action lawsuits were filed in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, individually and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated against the Company and certain officers of the Company, alleging violations of federal securities laws, specifically, violations of Section 10(b) and Rule 10(b)-5, Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Those lawsuits were styled as follows: Sean Cady, Individually and on Behalf of All Other Persons Similarly Situated v. Key Energy Services, Inc., Richard J. Alario, and J. Marshall Dodson, No. 4:14-cv-2368, filed on August 15, 2014; and Ian W. Davidson, Individually and on Behalf of All Other Persons Similarly Situated v. Key Energy Services, Inc., Richard J. Alario, and J. Marshall Dodson, No. 4.14-cv-2403, filed on August 21, 2014. On December 11, 2014, the Court entered an order that consolidated the two lawsuits into one action, along with any future filed tag-along actions brought on behalf of purchasers of Key Energy Services, Inc. common stock. The order also appointed Inter-Local Pension Fund as the lead plaintiff in the class action and approved the law firm of Spector Roseman Kodroff & Willis, P.C. as lead counsel for the consolidated class and Kendall Law Group, LLP, as local counsel for the consolidated class. The lead plaintiff filed the consolidated amended complaint on February 13, 2015. Among other changes, the consolidated amended complaint adds Taylor M. Whichard III and Newton W. Wilson III as defendants and expands the class period to include the timeframe between September 4, 2012 and July 17, 2014. Defendants Key Energy Services, Inc., Richard J. Alario, J. Marshall Dodson and Newton W. Wilson III filed a Motion to Dismiss on April 14, 2015. Defendant Taylor M. Whichard III filed a

Joinder in Motion and Motion to Dismiss on the same date. Because this case is in the early stages, we cannot predict the outcome at this time. Accordingly, we cannot estimate any possible loss or range of loss. In addition, in a letter dated September 4, 2014, a purported shareholder of the Company demanded that the Board commence an independent internal investigation into and legal proceedings against each member of the Board, a former member of the Board and certain officers of the Company for alleged violations of Maryland and/or federal law. The letter alleges that the Board and senior officers breached their fiduciary duties to the Company, including the duty of loyalty and due care, by (i) improperly accounting for goodwill, (ii) causing the Company to potentially violate the FCPA, resulting in an investigation by the SEC, (iii) causing the Company to engage in improper conduct related to the Company's Russia operations; and (iv) making false statements regarding, and failing to properly account for, certain contracts with Pemex. As described in the letter, the purported shareholder believes that the legal proceedings should seek recovery of damages in an

unspecified amount allegedly sustained by the Company. The Board of Directors referred the demand letter to the Special Committee. We cannot predict the outcome of this matter.

In March 2015, two collective action lawsuits were filed in the Southern District of Texas, Corpus Christi Division, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, alleging violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 ("FLSA"). We have answered the lawsuits and asserted affirmative defenses. Because the cases are in the early stages, we cannot predict the outcomes at this time. Accordingly, we cannot estimate any possible loss or range of loss for either case.

In April 2015, a collective action lawsuit was filed in the Middle District of Pennsylvania, individually and on behalf of similarly situated employees, alleging violations of the Pennsylvania Minimum Wage Act and the FLSA. We have not yet answered the lawsuit. Because the case is in the early stages, we cannot predict the outcome at this time. Accordingly, we cannot estimate any possible loss or range of loss.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As of the date of this filing, there have been no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" form our 2014 Form 10-K, except as follows:

We may be unable to refinance our 2011 Credit Facility or obtain a waiver under the Facility.

Our \$400.0 million 2011 Credit Facility, which includes a revolving credit facility, letter of credit sub-facility and swing line facility, is an important source of liquidity for us. It matures on March 31, 2016. We are currently negotiating to replace the 2011 Credit Facility with both an asset based loan and term loans. We anticipate concluding the new financing during the second quarter of 2015. However, there is no assurance that we will be able to complete a new financing on acceptable terms and repay the 2011 Credit Facility. In the event we are unable to complete the new financing or are only able to borrow a portion of the funds necessary to repay the 2011 Credit Facility, we may need to seek a waiver under the 2011 Credit Facility for failure to meet certain financial covenants in the second quarter of 2015. There is no assurance that we would be able to obtain a waiver if we were to request it. Even if our lenders did grant a waiver, the lenders may impose restrictive conditions, such as restrictions on the availability of borrowings and tightened financial and operational covenants, that could materially affect our liquidity and operations. And even if a waiver were obtained for some or all of the remaining term of the 2011 Credit Facility, we would still have to obtain new financing to repay the loans by the maturity date. See "The amount of our debt and the covenants in the agreements governing our debt could negatively impact our financial condition, results of operations and business prospects" in "Risk Factors" in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information about risks associated with our debt and debt covenants.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, we repurchased the shares shown in the table below to satisfy tax withholding obligations upon the vesting of restricted stock awarded to certain of our employees:

Period	Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share(1)
January 1, 2015 to January 31, 2015	27,856	\$1.63
February 1 2015 to February 28, 2015	67,382	1.95
March 1, 2015 to March 31, 2015	10,531	1.88
Total	105 769	\$1.86

The price paid per share with respect to the tax withholding repurchases was determined using the closing prices on the applicable vesting date, as quoted on the NYSE.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

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ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The Exhibit Index, which follows the signature pages to this report and is incorporated by reference herein, sets forth a list of exhibits to this report.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KEY ENERGY SERVICES, INC. (Registrant)

Date: May 4, 2015 By: /s/ J. MARSHALL DODSON

J. Marshall Dodson

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial

Officer

(As duly authorized officer and Principal

Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

Filed herewith

- Articles of Restatement of Key Energy Services, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of our 3.1 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, File No. 001-08038.) Unanimous consent of the Board of Directors of Key Energy Services, Inc. dated January 11, 2000, limiting the designation of the additional authorized shares to common stock. (Incorporated by reference 3.2 to Exhibit 3.2 of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2000, File No. 001-08038.) Eighth Amended and Restated By-laws of Key Energy Services, Inc. as amended through March 16, 3.3 2015. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 17, 2015, File No. 001-08038.) 31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. 31.2* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. 1350, 32* as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Interactive Data File. 101*
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