HSBC HOLDINGS PLC Form 6-K May 04, 2018
FORM 6-K
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Report of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant to Rule 13a - 16 or 15d - 16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the month of May 2018
Commission File Number: 001-14930
HSBC Holdings plc
42nd Floor, 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, England
(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F).
Form 20-F X Form 40-F
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):
(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Yes No X
(If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-).
This Report on Form 6-K with respect to our quarterly results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018 is

hereby incorporated by reference in the following HSBC Holdings plc registration statements: Registration Statements on Form F-3 (Nos. 333-92024, 333-135007, 333-158065, 333-180288, 333-202420, 333-223191) and Registration

Statement on Form F-4 (No. 333-126531).

Neither our website referred to herein, nor any of the information contained on our website, is incorporated by reference in the Form 6-K.

HSBC HOLDINGS PLC

1Q18 EARNINGS RELEASE - HIGHLIGHTS

Financial performance

Reported revenue of \$13.7bn was 6% higher, driven by higher deposit margins and balance growth in RBWM, and GLCM growth within CMB, notably in Asia. These increases were partly offset by lower revenue in Corporate Centre. Adjusted revenue of \$13.9bn was 3% higher, excluding the effects of currency translation and movements in significant items.

Reported operating expenses of \$9.4bn were 13% higher, primarily reflecting investments to grow the business and enhance our digital capabilities, and the effects of currency translation. Adjusted operating expenses of \$8.2bn were 8% higher, excluding the effects of currency translation and movements in significant items.

Reported profit before tax of \$4.8bn was 4% lower, as higher revenue was more than offset by higher operating expenses. Adjusted profit before tax of \$6.0bn was 3% lower, excluding the effects of currency translation and movements in significant items.

Lending growth of \$17bn in 1Q18, increasing net loans and advances to customers by 2% in the quarter.

Strong capital base with a common equity tier 1 ('CET1') ratio of 14.5% and a CRD IV leverage ratio of 5.6%.

We intend to initiate a share buy-back of up to \$2bn, which we expect to commence shortly. In light of the growth opportunities that we currently see, we expect this to be the only share buy-back that we announce in 2018.

We intend to call two Tier 1 securities, with a nominal amount outstanding of \$6bn.

John Flint, Group Chief Executive, said:

"Our global businesses performed well in the first quarter, maintaining momentum from the end of 2017. We continue to benefit from interest rate rises and economic growth, particularly in Asia. Our primary focus is to grow the businesses safely, and we have increased investment to deliver that aim. We intend to deliver positive jaws for 2018."

Financial highlights and key ratios

	Quarter ended 31 M			
	2018	2017	Change	
	\$m	\$m	%	
Reported PBT	4,755	4,961	(4)	
Adjusted PBT	6,033	6,210	(3)	
	%	%	%	
Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity (annualised)	7.5	8.0	(6.3)	
Return on average tangible equity (annualised)	8.4	9.1	(7.7)	
Adjusted jaws	(5.7)			

We use adjusted performance to understand the underlying trends in the business. The main differences between reported and adjusted figures are foreign currency translation and significant items, which include litigation and regulatory items, offset by the non-recurrence of costs-to-achieve in 1Q18.

Capital and balance sheet

_	At	
	31 Mar	31 Dec
	2018	2017
	%	%
Common equity tier 1 ratio1	14.5	14.5
Leverage ratio1	5.6	5.6
	\$m	\$m
Loans and advances to customers	981,165	962,964
Customer accounts	1,379,679	1,364,462
Risk-weighted assets1	894,400	871,337

¹ Calculated using the EU's regulatory transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 in article 473a of the Capital Requirements Regulation. Figures at 31 December 2017 are reported under IAS 39.

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HSBC Holdings plc - Earnings Release

HSBC Holdings plc will be conducting a trading update conference call with analysts and investors today to coincide with the publication of its Earnings Release. The call will take place at 07.30am BST. Details of how to participate in the call and the live audio webcast can be found at www.hsbc.com/investor-relations.

Note to editors

HSBC Holdings plc

HSBC Holdings plc, the parent company of HSBC, is headquartered in London. HSBC serves customers worldwide from approximately 3,900 offices in 67 countries and territories in our geographical regions: Europe, Asia, North America, Latin America, and Middle East and North Africa. With assets of \$2,652bn at 31 March 2018, HSBC is one of the world's largest banking and financial services organisations.

Review by John Flint, Group Chief Executive

Our global businesses performed well in the first quarter. Retail Banking and Wealth Management and Commercial Banking both benefited from wider deposit spreads and increased balances to deliver significant increases in adjusted revenue on last year's first quarter. Both businesses also grew lending, with Commercial Banking making notable progress in Hong Kong and the UK, and Retail Banking and Wealth Management making further headway in the UK mortgage market. Global Banking and Markets adjusted revenue was stable relative to a strong first quarter last year, as growth in transaction banking and Equities revenue balanced the impact of lower client activity on our fixed income businesses. Global Private Banking grew adjusted revenue and continued to attract net new money in its target markets.

A stronger revenue environment enabled us to invest in growing the business. In 1Q18, we increased investment in Retail Banking and Wealth Management to further grow our market share in the UK and mainland China. We also made strategic hires in our securities joint venture in mainland China, and invested to enhance our digital capabilities in all our global businesses. This targeted spending contributed to a rise in adjusted costs in the first three months of

the year. We intend to deliver positive adjusted jaws for 2018.

Having received the appropriate regulatory clearances, we now plan to execute a share buy-back of up to \$2bn. We expect this to commence shortly.

Adoption of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

HSBC adopted the requirements of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' on 1 January 2018, with the exception of the provisions relating to the presentation of gains and losses on financial liabilities designated at fair value, which were adopted on 1 January 2017.

The classification and measurement and impairment requirements of IFRS 9 were applied retrospectively by adjusting the opening balance sheet at the date of initial application. As permitted by IFRS 9, HSBC has not restated comparative periods. Adoption is expected to reduce net assets at 1 January 2018 by \$1.6bn, with the classification and measurement changes increasing net assets by \$1.1bn, impairment reducing net assets by \$2.2bn, impacts on our associates reducing net assets by \$0.9bn, and deferred tax increasing net assets by \$0.4bn. The effect of IFRS 9 on the carrying value of investments in associates has been updated from the effect disclosed in our Annual Report and Accounts 2017 and in our Report on Transition to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' 1 January 2018 as a result of those entities publicly reporting their expected transition impacts. The effect of adoption of IFRS 9 remains subject to change until the Group finalises its financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2018.

Under IFRS 9, the recognition and measurement of expected credit losses differs from under IAS 39. The change in expected credit losses relating to financial assets under IFRS 9 is recorded in the income statement under 'change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges' ('ECL'). As prior periods have not been restated, changes in impairment of financial assets in the comparative periods remain in accordance with IAS 39 and are recorded in the income statement under 'loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions' ('LICs') and are therefore not necessarily comparable to ECL recorded for the current period. Further information is provided in our Report on Transition to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' 1 January 2018.

Adjusted performance

Adjusted performance is computed by adjusting reported results for the effects of foreign currency translation differences and significant items, which both distort period-on-period comparisons.

We consider adjusted performance to provide useful information for investors by aligning internal and external reporting, identifying and quantifying items management believes to be significant, and providing insight into how management assesses period-on-period performance.

Foreign currency translation differences

Foreign currency translation differences reflect the movements of the US dollar against most major currencies during 1Q18. We exclude them to derive constant currency data, allowing us to assess balance sheet and income statement performance on a like-for-like basis and better understand the underlying trends in the business.

Foreign currency translation differences

Foreign currency translation differences for 1Q18 are computed by retranslating into US dollars for non-US dollar branches, subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates:

the income statements for 4Q17 and 1Q17 at the average rates of exchange for 1Q18; and the closing prior period balance sheets at the prevailing rates of exchange on 31 March 2018.

No adjustment has been made to the exchange rates used to translate foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities into the functional currencies of any HSBC branches, subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates. When reference is made to foreign currency translation differences in tables or commentaries, comparative data reported in

the functional currencies of HSBC's operations have been translated at the appropriate exchange rates applied in the current period on the basis described above.

Significant items

'Significant items' refers collectively to the items that management and investors would ordinarily identify and consider separately to understand better the underlying trends in the business.

The tables on pages 27 to 30 detail the effects of significant items on each of our global business segments and geographical regions in 1Q18, 4Q17 and 1Q17.

Adjusted performance - foreign currency translation of significant items

The foreign currency translation differences related to significant items are presented as a separate component of significant items. This is considered a more meaningful presentation as it allows better comparison of period-on-period movements in performance.

Global business performance

The Group Chief Executive, supported by the rest of the Group Management Board ('GMB'), is considered to be the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') for the purposes of identifying the Group's reportable segments.

The Group Chief Executive and the rest of the GMB review operating activity on a number of bases, including by global business and geographical region. Global businesses are our reportable segments under IFRS 8 'Operating segments'. Global business results are assessed by CODM on the basis of adjusted performance, that removes the effects of significant items and currency translation from reported results. We therefore present these results on an adjusted basis as required by IFRSs.

A reconciliation of the Group's adjusted results to the Group's reported results is presented on page 5. Supplementary reconciliations of adjusted to reported results by global business are presented on pages 31 to 33 for information purposes.

Management view of adjusted revenue

Our global business segment commentary includes tables which provide breakdowns of revenue by major product. These reflect the basis on which revenue performance of the businesses is assessed and managed.

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results

	Quarter e	Quarter ended				
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar			
	2018	2017	2017			
	\$m	\$m	\$m			
Revenue						
Reported	13,710	12,301	12,993			
Currency translation		236	660			
Significant items	140	145	(142)			
- customer redress programmes	-	105	-			
- disposals, acquisitions and investment in new businesses	112	79	(156)			
- fair value movement on financial instruments	28	(45)	6			
- currency translation of significant items		6	8			
Adjusted	13,850	12,682	13,511			
ECL/LICs						

Reported Currency translation Adjusted Operating expresses	(170(170)	(24)	(236 (4 (240)
Operating expenses Reported Currency translation Significant items - costs to achieve	(9,383 1,138 - 126)	(9,895) (219) 1,173) 655 131)	(8,328 (513 1,220 833 83)
 cost of structural reform† customer redress programmes disposals, acquisitions and investment in new businesses gain on partial settlement of pension obligation restructuring and other related costs settlements and provisions in connection with legal and regulatory matters* currency translation of significant items Adjusted 	93 2 - 20 897 (8,245)	272 39 (188 - 228 36 (8,941)	210 - - - - 94 (7,621)
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted Profit before tax	598 598	,	556 18 574	,	532 28 560	,
Reported Currency translation Significant items - revenue - operating expenses Adjusted	4,755 1,278 140 1,138 6,033		2,304 11 1,318 145 1,173 3,633		4,961 171 1,078 (142 1,220 6,210)

†Comprises costs associated with the UK's exit from the European Union, costs to establish the UK ring-fenced bank (including the UK ServCo group) and costs associated with establishing an intermediate holding company in Hong Kong.

Financial performance commentary

^{*}As previously disclosed, we are engaged in active discussions with the US Department of Justice ('DoJ') with a view toward potential resolution of civil claims based on the DoJ's investigation of HSBC's legacy RMBS securitisation activities. As discussions developed during Q1 2018, we recognised a provision with respect to this matter. There can be no assurances, however, as to how or when this matter will be resolved, or whether this matter will be resolved prior to the commencement of formal legal proceedings by the DoJ or whether the ultimate loss will exceed the provision. Also in relation to securitisation matters, HSBC Mortgage Corporation (USA) Inc. and Decision One Mortgage Company LLC engaged in court-ordered mediation discussions with Residential Funding Company LLC ('RFC') and a provision has been recognised in this regard.

Distribution of results by global business

	Quarter ended				
	31 Mar 31 Dec 31 M				
	2018	2017	2017		
	\$m	\$m	\$m		
Adjusted profit/(loss) before tax					
Retail Banking and Wealth Management	1,906	1,430	1,815		
Commercial Banking	2,111	1,721	1,888		
Global Banking and Markets	1,713	834	1,806		
Global Private Banking	113	93	74		
Corporate Centre	190	(445)	627		
Total	6,033	3,633	6,210		

Distribution of results by geographical region

7881	\mathcal{C}					
	Quarter ended					
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar			
	2018	2017	2017			
	\$m	\$m	\$m			
Reported profit/(loss) before tax						
Europe	(18)	(2,386)	(206)			
Asia	4,768	3,670	4,094			
Middle East and North Africa	437	333	387			
North America	(596)	521	572			
Latin America	164	166	114			
Total	4,755	2,304	4,961			
Adjusted profit/(loss) before tax						
Europe	222	(1,314)	786			
Asia	4,756	4,009	4,384			
Middle East and North Africa	437	347	395			
North America	438	422	521			
Latin America	180	169	124			
Total	6,033	3,633	6,210			

Adjusted PBT by global business and region is presented to support the commentary on adjusted performance on the following pages.

The tables on pages 27 to 30 reconcile reported to adjusted results for each of our global business segments and geographical regions.

Group

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - reported results

Movement in reported profit before tax compared with 1Q17

Quarter ended 31 Mar 31 Mar Variance 2018 2017

				1Q18 vs.	
				1Q17	
	\$m	\$m		\$m	%
Revenue	13,710	12,993		717	6
ECL/LICs	(170)	(236)	66	28
Operating expenses	(9,383)	(8,328)	(1,055)	(13)
Share of profit from associates and JVs	598	532		66	12
Profit before tax	4,755	4,961		(206)	(4)

Reported profit before tax

Reported profit before tax of \$4.8bn in 1Q18 was \$0.2bn or 4% lower than in 1Q17. This included a net adverse movement in significant items of \$0.2bn, partly offset by the favourable effects of foreign currency translation of \$0.2bn.

Excluding the effects of significant items and foreign currency translation, profit before tax decreased by \$0.2bn or 3%, as revenue growth was more than offset by a rise in operating expenses.

Reported revenue

Reported revenue of \$13.7bn in 1Q18 was \$0.7bn or 6% higher than 1Q17. This reflected a favourable effect of foreign currency translation of \$0.7bn, partly offset by a net adverse movement in significant items of \$0.3bn, which included a loss on disposals, acquisitions and investment in new businesses of \$0.1bn in 1Q18 related to the early redemption of subordinated debt in the US. This compared with a gain of \$0.2bn in 1Q17, largely related to the disposal of our membership interest in Visa Inc.

Excluding significant items and currency translation, revenue increased by \$0.3bn or 3%.

Reported ECL/LICs

The reported change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges ('ECL') was \$0.2bn in 1Q18. This mainly related to charges of \$0.3bn in RBWM, partly offset by net releases of ECL in Corporate Centre and CMB.

In 1Q17, reported LICs of \$0.2bn mainly related to RBWM (\$0.3bn), partly offset by net releases, notably in GB&M and Corporate Centre. The effect of currency translation differences between the periods was minimal.

Reported operating expenses

Reported operating expenses of \$9.4bn were \$1.1bn or 13% higher than in 1Q17 and included an adverse impact of foreign currency translation of \$0.5bn, partly offset by a favourable movement in significant items of \$0.1bn.

The favourable movement in significant items was driven by:

the non-recurrence of costs to achieve, which were \$0.8bn in 1017; and

customer redress programme costs of \$0.1bn in 1Q18, compared with \$0.2bn in 1Q17.

These were partly offset by:

settlements and provisions in connection with legal and regulatory matters of \$0.9bn.

Excluding significant items and currency translation, operating expenses increased by \$0.6bn or 8%.

Reported income from associates

Reported income from associates of \$0.6bn increased by \$66m or 12%.

Group

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - adjusted results

Movement in adjusted profit before tax compared with 1Q17

Quarter ended				
31 Mar	Mar 31 Mar		Variance	
2018	2017	1Q18 1 1Q17	vs.	
\$m	\$m	\$m	%	
13,850	13,511	339	3	
(170)	(240)	70	29	
(8,245)	(7,621)	(624)	(8)
598	560	38	7	
6,033	6,210	(177)	(3)
	31 Mar 2018 \$m 13,850 (170) (8,245) 598	31 Mar 31 Mar 2018 2017 \$m \$m 13,850 13,511 (170) (240) (8,245) (7,621) 598 560	31 Mar 31 Mar Varian 2018 2017 1Q18 \$m \$m \$m 13,850 13,511 339 (170) (240) 70 (8,245) (7,621) (624) 598 560 38	31 Mar 31 Mar Variance 2018 2017 1Q18 vs. 1Q17 \$m \$m % 13,850 13,511 339 3 (170) (240) 70 29 (8,245) (7,621) (624) (8 598 560 38 7

Adjusted profit before tax

Adjusted profit before tax of \$6.0bn was \$0.2bn or 3% lower compared with 1Q17, as revenue growth was more than offset by a rise in operating expenses.

Adjusted revenue

Adjusted revenue of \$13.9bn was \$0.3bn or 3% higher than 1Q17, notably driven by RBWM and CMB, partly offset by lower revenue in Corporate Centre. Revenue in GB&M was broadly unchanged.

In RBWM, revenue increased by \$0.5bn or 9%, driven by growth in Retail Banking, reflecting wider spreads and balance growth in current accounts, savings and deposits, and in Wealth Management from investment distribution due to growth in sales of retail securities and mutual funds in Asia.

In CMB, revenue increased by \$0.3bn or 10%, notably in GLCM, as we benefited from wider deposit spreads in Hong Kong and mainland China. In addition, revenue also increased in Credit and Lending ('C&L'), notably in the UK and Hong Kong as we grew balances.

In GB&M, revenue was broadly unchanged from 1Q17. Strong growth in GLCM and Securities Services reflected interest rate rises and deposit balance growth, primarily in Asia and the US. Revenue also increased in Global Banking from growth in lending balances, and from recoveries on restructured facilities in 1Q18. By contrast, revenue fell in Rates and Credit, partly offset in Equities and Foreign Exchange.

In GPB, revenue increased by \$45m or 10%, mainly in Hong Kong, as higher investment revenue reflected increased client activity, and deposit revenue increased as we benefited from wider spreads.

In Corporate Centre, we recorded a net loss of \$0.1bn in 1Q18, compared with revenue of \$0.4bn in 1Q17. This was primarily in Central Treasury, reflecting lower revenue in Balance Sheet Management (down \$0.3bn) and a loss arising from swap mark-to-market movements following a bond reclassification under IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' of \$0.2bn.

Adjusted ECL/LICs

Adjusted ECL of \$0.2bn in 1Q18 mainly related to charges in RBWM (\$0.3bn), notably in Mexico and the UK against our unsecured lending balances, and to a lesser extent in Hong Kong, also against unsecured lending. These charges were partly offset by net releases in Corporate Centre related to our Legacy Credit portfolio, as well as in CMB.

In 1Q17, adjusted LICs of \$0.2bn related to charges in RBWM mainly in Mexico reflecting growth in unsecured lending together with an associated rise in delinquency.

Adjusted operating expenses

Adjusted operating expenses of \$8.2bn were \$0.6bn or 8% higher than 1Q17. This reflected investments to grow the business mainly in RBWM and GB&M, and continued investment in digital across all global businesses.

Our total investment in regulatory programmes and compliance was \$0.7bn, up \$39m or 6%. This reflected the continued focus on our Global Standards programme to ensure that changes we have made are effective and sustainable.

The number of employees expressed in full-time equivalent staff ('FTEs') at 31 March 2018 was 228,899, an increase of 212 from 31 December 2017. This was primarily driven by investments in business growth programmes.

We expect adjusted operating expenses excluding the UK bank levy for the full year to be broadly in line with 1Q18, subject to achieving full year positive jaws.

Adjusted share of income from associates

Adjusted income from associates of \$0.6bn increased by \$38m or 7%.

Tax expense

The effective tax rate for 1Q18 of 21.4% was lower than the 24.2% in 1Q17, principally due to a change in profit mix and a favourable adjustment in respect of prior years in comparison to 1Q17.

First interim dividend for 2018

The Board announces a first interim dividend for 2018 of \$0.10 per ordinary share, further details of which are set out at the end of this release.

Retail Banking and Wealth Management

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - adjusted results

Management view of adjusted revenue

	Quarter	ended				
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Dec 31 Mar Variance			
	2018	2017	2017	1Q18 vs	17	
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%	
Net operating income1						
Retail Banking	3,653	3,531	3,380	273	8	
- current accounts, savings and deposits	1,857	1,740	1,510	347	23	
- personal lending	1,796	1,791	1,870	(74)	(4)
mortgages	579	603	630	(51)	(8)
credit cards	725	689	753	(28)	(4)
other personal lending2	492	499	487	5	1	
Wealth Management	1,829	1,433	1,698	131	8	
- investment distribution3	1,044	793	821	223	27	
- life insurance manufacturing	503	353	614	(111)	(18)
- asset management	282	287	263	19	7	
Other4	187	165	135	52	39	
Total	5,669	5,129	5,213	456	9	
Adjusted RoRWA (%)5	6.2	4.6	6.3			
RoTE excluding significant items and UK bank levy (%)11	23.1	-	25.0			

For footnotes see page 13.

Adjusted profit before tax of \$1.9bn was \$0.1bn or 5% higher than 1Q17. This primarily reflected increased revenue from deposits and investment distribution, partly offset by higher operating expenses.

Adjusted revenue of \$5.7bn was \$0.5bn or 9% higher than 1Q17, as we grew revenue in both Retail Banking and Wealth Management.

In Retail Banking (up \$0.3bn), the increase was driven by wider spreads and balance growth in current accounts, savings and deposits, notably in Hong Kong, and to a lesser extent in the US and Mexico. This was partly offset by lower personal lending revenue, mainly in the US, mainland China and Hong Kong, reflecting continuing mortgage spread compression from competitive pressures, although we grew our total lending balances by \$25bn, or 8% compared with 1Q17.

In Wealth Management (up \$0.1bn), the increase was primarily in investment distribution, reflecting higher sales of retail securities and mutual funds in Asia, following increased investor confidence. This increase was partly offset by lower life insurance manufacturing revenue, largely from a net adverse movement in market updates of \$0.2bn, notably in Asia and France.

Adjusted ECL were \$0.3bn in 1Q18, mainly related to charges in Mexico, the UK and Hong Kong, primarily against unsecured lending balances.

In 1Q17, adjusted LICs of \$0.3bn were notably related to charges in Mexico, as well as in the UK, Hong Kong and the UAE, against unsecured lending balances.

Adjusted operating expenses of \$3.5bn increased by \$0.4bn or 12% driven by investments to grow the business, particularly in cards in the Pearl River Delta and in the US, as well as continued investment in digital capabilities in our core markets. We have invested in the UK to expand our intermediary channel to exceed 30 brokers. Additionally, inflation contributed to higher operating expenses.

Commercial Banking

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - adjusted results

Management view of adjusted revenue

	Quarter	ended		1 Mar Variance						
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar	Varian	ice					
	2018	2017	2017	1Q18 v 1Q17	vs.					
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%					
Net operating income1										
Global Trade and Receivables Finance	466	462	467	(1)	-					
Credit and Lending	1,325	1,351	1,280	45	4					
Global Liquidity and Cash Management	1,351	1,303	1,158	193	17					
Markets products, Insurance and Investments, and Other6	557	416	447	110	25					
Total	3,699	3,532	3,352	347	10					
Adjusted RoRWA (%)5	2.8	2.2	2.6							
RoTE excluding significant items and UK bank levy (%)11	15.5	-	15.7							

For footnotes see page 13.

Adjusted profit before tax of \$2.1bn was \$0.2bn or 12% higher, as strong revenue growth was partly offset by higher operating expenses.

Adjusted revenue was \$0.3bn or 10% higher, driven by an increase in GLCM and C&L. Revenue also increased from Markets products and Insurance and Investments, notably in Asia. In GTRF, revenue remained broadly unchanged.

In GLCM, revenue increased by \$0.2bn or 17%, reflecting wider spreads in Hong Kong and mainland China as we benefited from interest rate rises. We also grew average balances compared with 1Q17.

In C&L, revenue increased by \$45m or 4%, as we grew balances, notably in the UK and Hong Kong. This was partly offset by the effects of spread compression.

In GTRF, revenue was unchanged as balance sheet growth in the UK and Asia was offset by lower balances in MENA reflecting the effect of repositioning.

A net release in adjusted ECL of \$0.1bn reflected continuing stable credit conditions. In 1Q17, there was a net release of adjusted LICs of \$10m.

Adjusted operating expenses of \$1.7bn were \$0.2bn or 12% higher, reflecting continued investment in Global Standards and digital capabilities, as well as higher performance-related pay.

Global Banking and Markets

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - adjusted results

Management view of adjusted revenue

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	Quarter			
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar	Variance
	2018	2017	2017	1Q18 vs. 1Q17
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m %
Net operating income1				
Global Markets	1,864	1,323	2,066	(202) (10)
- Foreign exchange	741	625	658	83 13
- Rates	445	282	696	(251) (36)
- Credit	252	146	351	(99) (28)
- FICC	1,438	1,053	1,705	(267) (16)
- Equities	426	270	361	65 18
Global Banking	1,010	933	949	61 6
Global Liquidity and Cash Management	635	599	543	92 17
Securities Services	482	477	431	51 12
Global Trade and Receivables Finance	180	171	189	(9) (5)
Principal Investments	69	64	32	37 116
Credit and funding valuation adjustments7	(65)	(109)	-	(65) n/a
Other8	(27)	5	(68)	41 60
Total	4,148	3,463	4,142	6 -
Adjusted RoRWA (%)5	2.3	1.1	2.4	
RoTE excluding significant items and UK bank levy (%)11	11.9	_	12.8	

For footnotes see page 13.

Adjusted profit before tax of \$1.7bn was \$0.1bn or 5% lower, reflecting an increase in operating expenses, and a small charge in ECL in contrast to a net release of LICs in 1Q17.

Adjusted revenue of \$4.1bn was broadly unchanged and included a net adverse movement of \$65m on credit and funding valuation adjustments. Excluding these movements, revenue increased by \$71m or 2%. The increase in adjusted revenue primarily reflected:

an increase in our transaction banking products, with double digit growth in GLCM (up \$0.1bn, or 17%), and in Securities Services (up \$0.1bn, or 12%), driven by the impact of higher interest rates and growth of operating balances as we continued to win new client mandates in GLCM, notably in Asia and the US;

an increase in Global Banking (up \$0.1bn, or 6%), as we continued to grow lending balances, and from recoveries on restructured facilities, partly offset by muted investment banking activity compared with 1Q17.

This was partly offset by:

a decrease in Global Markets (down \$0.2bn), primarily in fixed income revenue (Rates and Credit) reflecting reduced client flows, although this was partly offset by higher revenue in Equities and Foreign Exchange.

Adjusted ECL were \$22m in 1Q18. In 1Q17, there was a net release of adjusted LICs of \$21m.

Adjusted operating expenses increased by \$0.1bn or 2%, reflecting increased litigation expenses, and a rise in investment costs to grow the business.

Global Private Banking

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - adjusted results

Management view of adjusted revenue

	Quarter ended					
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar	Varia	ance	
	2018	2017	2017	1Q18 1Q17		
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%	
Net operating income1						
Investment revenue	210	168	185	25	14	
Lending	103	104	97	6	6	
Deposit	122	109	92	30	33	
Other	47	49	63	(16)	(25)
Total	482	430	437	45	10	
Adjusted RoRWA (%)5	2.8	2.2	1.9			
RoTE excluding significant items and UK bank levy (%)11	12.3	-	7.4			

For footnotes see page 13.

Adjusted profit before tax of \$113m was \$39m or 53% higher, due to revenue growth, partly offset by a marginal increase in operating expenses.

Adjusted revenue of \$0.5bn increased by \$45m or 10%, mainly in Hong Kong from higher investment revenue due to increased client activity and higher deposit revenue as spreads widened following interest rate rises.

In 1Q18, we attracted net new money of \$5.3bn in key markets targeted for growth.

Adjusted operating expenses of \$0.4bn increased by 3% primarily reflecting higher performance-related pay.

Corporate Centre

1Q18 compared with 1Q17 - adjusted results

Management view of adjusted revenue

	Quarter	ended			
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar	· Varianc	ee
	2018	2017	2017	1Q18 v	s. 1Q17
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%
Net operating income1					
Central Treasury9	(75)	269	364	(439)	(121)
Legacy portfolios	19	(84)	28	(9)	(32)
- US run-off portfolio	12	(7)	28	(16)	(57)
- legacy credit	7	(77)	-	7	n/a
Other10	(92)	(57)	(25)	(67)	>(200)
Total	(148)	128	367	(515)	(140)

For footnotes see page 13.

Adjusted profit before tax of \$0.2bn was \$0.4bn or 70% lower, driven by a decrease in revenue, while operating expenses were broadly unchanged.

We recorded a net loss of adjusted revenue of \$0.1bn in 1Q18, compared with revenue of \$0.4bn in 1Q17. This reduction mainly reflected decreases in Central Treasury primarily due to:

lower revenue in Balance Sheet Management (down \$0.3bn) reflecting repositioning carried out in 2017 in anticipation of higher policy rates, lower reinvestment yields and lower gains from AFS disposals; and

a loss arising from adverse swap mark-to-market movements following a bond reclassification under IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (\$0.2bn).

A net release of adjusted ECL of \$0.1bn in 1Q18 primarily related to our Legacy Credit portfolio.

In 1Q17, we recorded a net release of LICs of \$41m which included releases related to Legacy Credit, as well as our US run-off portfolio.

Adjusted operating expenses of \$0.3bn were broadly unchanged from 1Q17.

Adjusted income from associates increased by \$44m or 8%.

Group

1Q18 compared with 4Q17 - reported results

Movement in reported profit before tax compared with 4Q17

	Quarter	ended					
	31 Mar	31 Dec		Variar	ice		
	2018	2017		1Q18 4Q17	VS.		
	\$m	\$m		\$m	%		
Revenue	13,710	12,301		1,409	11		
ECL/LICs	(170)	(658)	488	74		
Operating expenses	(9,383)	(9,895)	512	5		
Share of profit from associates and JVs	598	556		42	8		
Profit before tax	4,755	2,304		2,451	106		

Reported profit before tax

Reported profit before tax of \$4.8bn in 1Q18 was \$2.5bn higher than in 4Q17. This included a net favourable movement in significant items of \$40m.

Excluding significant items, profit before tax increased by \$2.4bn to \$6.0bn, reflecting higher revenue and lower operating expenses.

Reported revenue

Reported revenue of \$13.7bn in 1Q18 was \$1.4bn or 11% higher than in 4Q17, and reflected a favourable effect of foreign currency translation of \$0.2bn. Significant items of \$0.1bn were broadly in line with 4Q17.

Excluding significant items and currency translation differences, revenue increased by \$1.2bn or 9% reflecting revenue growth in all global businesses, partly offset by lower revenue in Corporate Centre.

Reported ECL/LICs

ECL were \$0.2bn in 1Q18. This mainly related to charges of \$0.3bn in RBWM, partly offset by a net release of ECL in Corporate Centre and CMB.

LICs in 4Q17 were \$0.7bn and were mainly incurred in GB&M \$0.4bn. In addition we incurred charges of \$0.2bn in RBWM and \$0.2bn in CMB. These charges were partly offset by a net release of \$0.1bn in Corporate Centre.

Reported operating expenses

Reported operating expenses of \$9.4bn were \$0.5bn or 5% lower. This reduction included a \$35m favourable movement in significant items which included:

the non-recurrence of costs to achieve, which were \$0.7bn in 4Q17;

customer redress programme costs of \$0.1bn in 1Q18, compared with \$0.3bn in 4Q17.

These were partly offset by:

settlements and provisions in connection with legal matters of \$0.9bn in 1Q18. This compared with settlements and provisions in connection with legal matters of \$0.2bn in 4Q17.

Excluding significant items and an adverse effect of foreign currency translation of \$0.2bn, operating expenses decreased by \$0.7bn or 8%.

Reported income from associates

Reported income from associates of \$0.6bn was \$42m or 8% higher than in 4Q17.

Group

1Q18 compared with 4Q17 - adjusted results

Movement in adjusted profit before tax compared with 4Q17

	Quarter	ended			
	31 Mar	31 Dec		Varian	ce
	2018	2017		1Q18 v 4Q17	s.
	\$m	\$m		\$m	%
Revenue	13,850	12,682		1,168	9
ECL/LICs	(170)	(682)	512	75
Operating expenses	(8,245)	(8,941)	696	8
Share of profit from associates and JVs	598	574		24	4
Profit before tax	6,033	3,633		2,400	66
Adjusted profit before tax					

On an adjusted basis, profit before tax of \$6.0bn was \$2.4bn or 66% higher, reflecting higher revenue and lower operating expenses.

Adjusted revenue

Adjusted revenue of \$13.9bn increased by \$1.2bn or 9% compared with 4Q17, mainly reflecting higher revenue in all our global businesses, partly offset by lower revenue in Corporate Centre.

In GB&M revenue increased by \$0.7bn, with growth in all businesses, notably in Global Markets reflecting a seasonal increase in client activity in 1Q18, as well as continued momentum in GLCM and Securities Services.

In RBWM, revenue increased by \$0.5bn, driven by Wealth Management, notably in investment distribution and insurance manufacturing in Asia from higher sales in 1Q18 compared with 4Q17, due to seasonality.

In CMB, revenue increased by \$0.2bn, notably in GLCM as spreads widened, primarily in Asia. Revenue also increased from Insurance and Investments and Markets products, notably in Asia.

These increases were partly offset:

In Corporate Centre, revenue decreased by \$0.3bn, notably as a result of a loss arising from adverse swap mark-to-market movements following a bond reclassification under IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (\$0.2bn).

Adjusted ECL/LICs

Adjusted ECL of \$0.2bn, mainly related to charges in RBWM (\$0.3bn), notably in Mexico against our unsecured lending balances, as well as in the UK and Hong Kong, also against unsecured lending. These charges were partly offset by a net release in Corporate Centre.

In 4Q17, adjusted LICs were \$0.7bn and included individually assessed LICs relating to two large corporate exposures in GB&M in Europe. In addition, 4Q17 included LICs of \$0.2bn in CMB, primarily related to individually assessed exposures in the UK, and in RBWM LICs of \$0.2bn related mainly to our unsecured lending portfolio in Mexico.

Adjusted operating expenses

Adjusted operating expenses of \$8.2bn were \$0.7bn or 8% lower, primarily due to a UK bank levy charge of \$0.9bn recorded in 4Q17. Excluding this charge, adjusted operating expenses increased by \$0.2bn or 2%, mainly reflecting investments to grow the business and enhance our digital capabilities, and also an increase in performance-related pay.

Adjusted share of income from associates

Adjusted income from associates of \$0.6bn was \$24m or 4\% higher than in 4O17.

Balance sheet commentary compared with 1 January 2018

The impact of transitioning to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' on 1 January 2018 was a reduction in our total assets of \$3.3bn from 31 December 2017, as well as the reclassification of certain items within the balance sheet. The commentary that follows compares our balance sheet as at 31 March 2018 with that as at 1 January 2018.

At 31 March 2018 our total assets were \$2.7tn, an increase of \$134bn or 5% on a reported basis and \$95bn or 4% on a constant currency basis. The reported growth reflected an increase in short-term settlement accounts relating to Global Markets activity of \$33bn, as activity increased after the seasonal reduction in December 2017, as well as an increase in loans and advances to customers (up \$31bn), and trading assets (up \$23bn).

Loans and advances to customers

Reported loans and advances to customers grew by \$31.4bn or 3%, and included a favourable effect of currency translation of \$14.6bn.

Excluding currency translation, and a small reduction in corporate overdraft balances relating to customers that settled their overdraft and deposit balances on a net basis, loans and advances to customers grew by \$17.0bn, reflecting continued lending growth in Asia (up \$14.2bn), primarily in Hong Kong as we increased term lending in CMB and GB&M.

We also grew lending in the Middle East and North Africa by \$2.1bn, notably in term lending in GB&M.

Lending in Europe fell by \$0.4bn, as growth in term lending in CMB in the UK was more than offset by a reduction in GB&M in the UK reflecting a reclassification of short-term lending by Global Markets into other assets during 1Q18. In RBWM we continued to grow our mortgage lending, notably in the UK (up \$1.8bn).

Customer accounts

Reported customer accounts grew by \$19.5bn, but were broadly unchanged on a constant currency basis, despite robust growth in RBWM, notably in Hong Kong and the UK.

We grew balances in Europe by \$8.0bn, reflecting growth in GB&M in the UK, partly offset in CMB, as well as in GPB as we actively redeployed clients' deposits to assets under management to maximise their returns.

In Asia customer accounts fell by \$3.5bn, primarily in GB&M and CMB in Hong Kong and mainland China, as seasonal customer outflows were higher than new deposit growth. The remaining reduction in customer accounts was driven by North America, notably in GB&M and CMB.

Net interest margin

	Quarter en	ded	Year ended	1
	31 Mar	31 Mar	31 Dec	
	2018	2017	2017	
	\$m	\$m	\$m	
Net interest income	7,456	6,787	28,176	
Average interest earning assets	1,812,194	1,683,136	1,726,120	
	%	%	%	
Gross yield	2.55	2.33	2.37	
Less: cost of funds	(1.02)	(0.83	(0.88)
Net interest spread	1.53	1.50	1.49	
Net interest margin	1.67	1.64	1.63	

The 1Q18 net interest margin of 1.67% was 4bps higher than that for 2017. This was driven by an increase of 18bps in gross yields, partly offset by an increase of 14bps in the cost of funds.

Gross yields benefited from a rate rise in Hong Kong, notably from increased lending yields on term lending in Asia. Gross yields on surplus liquidity increased in all regions, mainly on AFS securities. These benefits were partly offset by the completion of the run-off of our higher-yielding US CML portfolio in 2017 and continuing competitive pressures on lending yields in Europe, notably in mortgages and overdrafts, despite balance growth.

The cost of funds rose by 14bps from the increased cost of customer accounts, mainly deposit accounts in Asia reflecting the rate rise in Hong Kong. The cost of Group debt also rose, primarily relating to the higher cost of issuances of senior debt by HSBC Holdings.

Compared with the fourth quarter of 2017, net interest margin increased, reflecting an increase in our gross yields, driven by increased lending yields and increased yields on surplus liquidity in most regions. This was partly offset by an increase in our cost of funds, notably from increased cost of customer accounts in Asia.

Notes

Income statement comparisons, unless stated otherwise, are between the quarter ended 31 March 2018 and the quarter ended 31 March 2017. Balance sheet comparisons, unless otherwise stated, are between balances at 31 March 2018 and the corresponding balances at 1 January 2018.

The financial information on which this Earnings Release is based, and the data set out in the appendix to this statement, are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with HSBC's significant accounting policies as described on pages 188 to 194 of our Annual Report and Accounts 2017 and the new policies for financial instruments as described on pages 16 to 20 of our Report on Transition to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' 1 January 2018. Comparative periods have not been restated. IFRS 9 does not require restatement and the impact of other new policies are not material.

The Board has adopted a policy of paying quarterly interim dividends on ordinary shares. Under this policy, it is intended to have a pattern of three equal interim dividends with a variable fourth interim dividend. Dividends are declared in US dollars and, at the election of the shareholder, paid in cash in one of, or in a combination of, US dollars, sterling and Hong Kong dollars or, subject to the Board's determination that a scrip dividend is to be offered in respect of that dividend, may be satisfied in whole or in part by the issue of new shares in lieu of a cash dividend. Details of the first interim dividend for 2018 and the series A dollar preference share dividend are set out at the end of this release.

Footnotes to financial performance commentary

- Net operating income before changes in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges, also referred to as revenue.
- 2 'Other personal lending' includes personal non-residential closed-end loans and personal overdrafts. 'Investment distribution' includes Investments, which comprises mutual funds (HSBC manufactured and third
- 3 party), structured products and securities trading, and Wealth Insurance distribution, consisting of HSBC manufactured and third-party life, pension and investment insurance products.
- Other' mainly includes the distribution and manufacturing (where applicable) of retail and credit protection insurance.
 - Adjusted return on average risk-weighted assets ('Adjusted RoRWA') is used to measure the performance of
- 5 RBWM, CMB, GB&M and GPB. Adjusted RoRWA is calculated using annualised profit before tax and reported average risk-weighted assets at constant currency adjusted for the effects of significant items.
- 'Markets products, Insurance and Investments and Other' includes revenue from Foreign Exchange, insurance manufacturing and distribution, interest rate management and Global Banking products.

 From 1 January 2018, the qualifying components according to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' of fair
- value movements relating to changes in credit spreads on structured liabilities, were recorded through OCI. The residual movements remain in credit and funding valuation adjustments, and comparatives have not been restated.
 - 'Other' in GB&M includes net interest earned on free capital held in the global business not assigned to products, allocated funding costs and gains resulting from business disposals. Within the management view of total
- operating income, notional tax credits are allocated to the businesses to reflect the economic benefit generated by certain activities that is not reflected within operating income, such as notional credits on income earned from tax-exempt investments where the economic benefit of the activity is reflected in tax expense. In order to reflect the total operating income on an IFRS basis, the offset to these tax credits is included within 'Other'.
- 9 Central Treasury includes revenue relating to Balance Sheet Management ('BSM') of \$592m (4Q17: \$660m; 1Q17: \$854m), interest expense of \$377m (4Q17: \$278m; 1Q17: \$343m) and adverse valuation differences on issued long-term debt and associated swaps of \$241m (4Q17: adverse movements of \$56m; 1Q17: adverse movements of \$65m). Revenue relating to BSM includes other internal allocations, including notional tax credits to reflect the economic benefit generated by certain activities which is not reflected within operating income, for example notional credits on income earned from tax-exempt investments where the economic benefit of the activity is

- reflected in tax expense. In order to reflect the total operating income on an IFRS basis, the offset to these tax credits is included in other Central Treasury.
- 10 Other miscellaneous items in Corporate Centre include internal allocations relating to legacy credit.

 Return on average tangible equity ('RoTE') is calculated as Profit Attributable to Ordinary Shareholders (based on annualised Reported PBT, as adjusted for tax, insurance balances, certain capital securities and associates) divided by allocated Average Tangible Shareholders' Equity. In 1Q18, Group RoTE on this basis was 8.4%.

 RoTE excluding significant items and the UK bank levy adjusts RoTE for the effects of significant items, the UK
- 11 bank levy, tax and other items. This is the RoTE measure used at the global business level. In 1Q18, Group RoTE excluding significant items and the UK bank levy was 11.6%.
 - The reconciling items between Group RoTE and Group RoTE excluding significant items and the UK bank levy in 1Q18 were significant items (+3.5% points), the UK bank levy (+0.1% points), tax (-0.2% points) and other items (-0.2% points).

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

This Earnings Release contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to HSBC's financial condition, results of operations, capital position and business.

Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about HSBC's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as 'expects', 'anticipates', 'intends', 'plans', 'believes', 'seeks', 'estimates', 'potential' and 'reasonably possible', variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and therefore undue reliance should not be placed on them. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. HSBC makes no commitment to revise or update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring or existing after the date of any forward-looking statements.

Written and/or oral forward-looking statements may also be made in the periodic reports to the US Securities and Exchange Commission, summary financial statements to shareholders, proxy statements, offering circulars and prospectuses, press releases and other written materials, and in oral statements made by HSBC's Directors, officers or employees to third parties, including financial analysts.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Readers are cautioned that a number of factors could cause actual results to differ, in some instances materially, from those anticipated or implied in any forward-looking statement.

These include, but are not limited to:

changes in general economic conditions in the markets in which we operate, such as continuing or deepening recessions and fluctuations in employment beyond those factored into consensus forecasts; changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates; volatility in equity markets; lack of liquidity in wholesale funding markets; illiquidity and downward price pressure in national real estate markets; adverse changes in central banks' policies with respect to the provision of liquidity support to financial markets; heightened market concerns over sovereign creditworthiness in over-indebted countries; adverse changes in the funding status of public or private defined benefit pensions; and consumer perception as to the continuing availability of credit and price competition in the market segments we serve;

changes in government policy and regulation, including the monetary, interest rate and other policies of central banks and other regulatory authorities; initiatives to change the size, scope of activities and interconnectedness of financial institutions in connection with the implementation of stricter regulation of financial institutions in key markets worldwide; revised capital and liquidity benchmarks which could serve to deleverage bank balance sheets and lower returns available from the current business model and portfolio mix; imposition of levies or taxes designed to

change business mix and risk appetite; the conduct of business of financial institutions in serving their retail customers, corporate clients and counterparties; the standards of market conduct; the costs, effects and outcomes of product regulatory reviews, actions or litigation, including any additional compliance requirements; expropriation, nationalisation, confiscation of assets and changes in legislation relating to foreign ownership; changes in bankruptcy legislation in the principal markets in which we operate and the consequences thereof; general changes in government policy that may significantly influence investor decisions; extraordinary government actions as a result of current market turmoil; other unfavourable political or diplomatic developments producing social instability or legal uncertainty which in turn may affect demand for our products and services; and the effects of competition in the markets where we operate including increased competition from non-bank financial services companies, including securities firms; and

factors specific to HSBC, including our success in adequately identifying the risks we face, such as the incidence of loan losses or delinquency, and managing those risks (through account management, hedging and other techniques). Effective risk management depends on, among other things, our ability through stress testing and other techniques to prepare for events that cannot be captured by the statistical models we use; our success in addressing operational, legal and regulatory, and litigation challenges; and other risks and uncertainties we identify in the 'top and emerging risks' on pages 63 to 66 of the Annual Report and Accounts 2017.

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Summary consolidated income statement

	Quarter	Chaca	
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar
	2018	2017	2017
	\$m	\$m	\$m
Net interest income	7,456	7,272	6,787
Net fee income	3,507	3,065	3,224
Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis 2,3	2,384	1,997	2,187
Net income from assets and liabilities of insurance businesses, including related derivatives, measured at fair value through profit or loss2	(155)	627	964
Changes in fair value of long-term debt and related derivatives3	10	(13)	24
Changes in fair value of other financial instruments mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss2	117	N/A	N/A

Quarter ended

Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net insurance premium income Other operating income/(expense) Total operating income Net insurance claims and benefits paid and movement in liabilities to policyholders Net operating income before change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment			(3,539)
charges	13,710	12,301	12,993	
Change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions Net operating income	(170) N/A 13,540	N/A (658) 11,643	12,757)
Total operating expenses	(9,383		(8,328)
Operating profit/(loss) Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Profit/(loss) before tax	4,157 598 4,755	1,748 556 2,304	4,429 532 4,961	
Tax expense			(1,201)
Profit/(loss) after tax	3,738	326	3,760	
Attributable to:				
- ordinary shareholders of the parent company	3,086	(274)	3,130	
- preference shareholders of the parent company	22	23	22	
- other equity holders	288	303	313	
- non-controlling interests	342	274	295	
Profit/(loss) after tax	3,738	326	3,760	
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share Dividend per ordinary share (in respect of the period)	\$ 0.15 0.15 0.10	\$ (0.01) (0.01) 0.21	\$ 0.16 0.16 0.10	
Dividend per ordinary share (in respect of the period)	%	%	%	
Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity (annualised) Return on average tangible equity (annualised)	7.5	(0.7)	8.0	
Treatment of a complete equity (annualized)	8.4	(0.5)	9.1	
Return on average risk-weighted assets1 Cost efficiency ratio	2.2 68.4	1.0 80.4	2.3 64.1	

- 1 Return on average risk-weighted assets is calculated using annualised profit before tax and reported average risk-weighted assets.
- 2 The classification and measurement requirements under IFRS 9, which was adopted from 1 January 2018, are based on an entity's assessment of both the business model for managing the assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the assets. The standard contains a classification for items measured mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss as a residual category. Given its residual nature, the presentation of the income statement has been updated to separately present items in this category which are of a dissimilar nature or function, in line with IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' requirements. Comparative data have been re-presented. There is no net impact on Total operating income.
- 3 Prior to 2018 foreign exchange exposure on some financial instruments designated at fair value was presented in the same line in the income statement as the underlying fair value movement on these instruments. In 2018 we have grouped the presentation of the entire effect of foreign exchange exposure in profit or loss and presented it within 'Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis'. Comparative data have been re-presented. There is no net impact on Total operating income and the impact on 'Changes in fair value of long-term

debt and related derivatives' is \$563m in 4Q17 and \$84m in 1Q17.

Summary consolidated balance sheet

A	At 31 Mar 2018 \$m	1 Jan 20181 \$m	31 Dec 2017 \$m
Assets Cash and balances at central banks	184,445	180,621	180,624
Trading assets	277,116	254,410	287,995
Financial assets designated and otherwise mandatorily measured at fair value	277,110	234,410	201,993
through profit or loss	40,964	39,746	N/A
Financial assets designated at fair value	N/A	N/A	29,464
Derivatives	221,038	219,818	219,818
Loans and advances to banks	78,727	82,559	90,393
Loans and advances to customers	981,165	949,737	962,964
Reverse repurchase agreements - non-trading	213,107	201,553	201,553
Financial investments	392,878	383,499	389,076
Other assets	262,683	206,487	159,884
Total assets	-	2,518,430	
Liabilities and Equity	_,	_,,	_,,
Liabilities			
Deposits by banks	63,999	64,492	69,922
Customer accounts	1,379,679	1,360,227	1,364,462
Repurchase agreements - non-trading	168,614	130,002	130,002
Trading liabilities	83,364	80,864	184,361
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	150,008	144,006	94,429
Derivatives	216,902	216,821	216,821
Debt securities in issue	71,482	66,536	64,546
Liabilities under insurance contracts	87,611	85,598	85,667
Other liabilities	226,902	173,660	113,690
Total liabilities	2,448,561	2,322,206	2,323,900
Equity			
Total shareholders' equity	195,924	188,644	190,250
Non-controlling interests	7,638	7,580	7,621
Total equity	203,562	196,224	197,871
Total liabilities and equity		2,518,430	
	%	%	%
Ratio of customer advances to customer accounts	71.1	69.8	70.6

¹ Balances at 1 January 2018 have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies referred to on page 13. 31 December 2017 balances have not been represented.

Credit risk

Refer to pages 16 to 20 of our Report on Transition to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' 1 January 2018 for the new policies for financial instruments.

Summary of credit risk

Summary of financial instruments to which the impairment requirements in IFRS 9 are applied

Summary of financial instruments to	*	equirements in IFRS 9	* *	010
	At 31 Mar 2018		At 1 Jan 2	018
	Gross	A11 C FOL 1	Gross	ATI 1 C FOT 1
	carrying/nominal amount	Allowance for ECL1	carrying/no amount	or Ailhalwance for ECL1
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost	990,523	(9,358)	959,080	(9,343)
- personal	388,278	(3,068)	375,069	(3,047)
- corporate and commercial	542,061	(6,023)	520,137	(6,053)
- non-bank financial institutions	60,184	(267)	63,874	(243)
Loans and advances to banks at amortised cost	78,750	(23)	82,582	(23)
Other financial assets measured at amortised cost	615,008	(75)	557,864	(114)
- cash and balances at central banks	184,448	(3)	180,624	(3)
- items in the course of collection from other banks	5,527	-	6,628	-
- Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness	36,334	-	34,186	-
- reverse repurchase agreements - non-trading	213,107	-	201,553	-
- financial investments	60,568	(18)	59,539	(16)
- prepayments, accrued income and other assets2	115,024	(54)	75,334	(95)
Total gross carrying amount on balance sheet	1,684,281	(9,456)	1,599,526	(9,480)
Loans and other credit related commitments	517,769	(375)	501,361	(376)
- personal	205,638	(44)	196,093	(14)
- corporate and commercial	263,335	(324)	262,391	(355)
- financial	48,796	(7)	42,877	(7)
Financial guarantee and similar contracts	89,096	(184)	89,382	(161)
- personal	1,408	(3)	791	(4)
- corporate and commercial	76,352	(176)	78,102	(153)
- financial	11,336	(5)	10,489	(4)
Total nominal amount off-balance sheet3	606,865	(559)	590,743	(537)
	2,291,146	(10,015)	2,190,269	(10,017)
	Fair value	Memorandum allowance for ECL4	Fair value	Memorandum
	\$m	\$m	\$m	allowance for ECL4 \$m
	ψ111	ψ111	μ111	ΨΠ

Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive 330,420 (122 322,163 (184 income

- 1 The total ECL is recognised in the loss allowance for the financial asset unless the total ECL exceeds the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, in which case the ECL is recognised as a provision.
- 2 Includes only those financial instruments which are subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9. 'Prepayments, accrued income and other assets' as presented within the summary consolidated balance sheet on page 16 includes both financial and non-financial assets.
- 3 Represents the maximum amount at risk should the contracts be fully drawn upon and clients default.
- 4 Debt instruments measured at FVOCI continue to be measured at fair value with the allowance for ECL as a memorandum item. Change in ECL is recognised in 'Change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges' in the income statement.

Summary of credit risk (excluding debt instruments measured at FVOCI) by stage distribution and ECL coverage by industry s 2018

_010																	
Gross carrying/nominal amount1							Allow	ance f	or ECL		_				covera	_	
Stage	Stage		Of	Stage	POCI3	Total	Stage	Stage		Of	Stage	e POCI3	Total	Stage	Stage		Of
1	2	which:		. 5	10010	10141	1	2	which:		. 5	10013	Total	1	2	which	: which
		1 10 29	30 and > DPD2						1 to 29 DPD2	30 and > DPD2						1 to 2 DPD	
\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%	%	%	%
Loans advance custom amorti cost	ces to ners at	906,27	′8 68	3,078	3,069	2,136	15,36	7 800	990,52	23	(1,273) (2,230) (246	5) (25)	1)(5,	665)(190) (
- perso		365,88	36 17	7,580	2,183	1,317	4,812	-	388,2	78	(559) (1,184) (191) (224	4)(1,	325) -	(.
and comme	ercial	483,88	32 47	7,415	870	806	9,964	800	542,0	61 ((675) (1,020) (55) (27) (4,	138) (190) (
financi institut Loans	ial tions	56,510	3,	083	16	13	591	-	60,184	4 ((39) (26) -	-	(20)2)-	(2
advand banks amorti	at	78,137	59	94	2	30	19	-	78,750	0 ((18) (3) (1) -	(2) -	(2
cost		613,84	3 1,	084	22	45	79	2	615,0	08	(40) (3) -	-	(32	2)-	(′

Other

financial											
assets											
measured at											
amortised											
cost											
Loan and											
other credit-related	487,707	29,359	696	7	517,769	(109) (172)	(94) -	(3
commitments											
- personal	202,538	2,912	188	-	205,638	(11) (1)	(32) -	(4
- corporate											
and	237,562	25,304	462	7	263,335	(91) (171)	(62) -	(3
commercial											
- financial	47,607	1,143	46	-	48,796	(7) -		-	-	(7
Financial											
guarantee and similar	79,251	9,014	814	17	89,096	(43) (57)	(84) -	(1
contracts											
- personal	1,404	1	3	-	1,408	(1) -		(2) -	(3
- corporate											
and	66,892	8,632	811	17	76,352	(38) (56)	(82) -	(1
commercial											
- financial	10,955	381	-	-	11,336	(4) (1)	-	-	(5
At 31 Mar 2018	2,165,216	108,129	16,975	826	2,291,146	(1,483	3) (2,465)	(5,877	")(190)	(1
For footnotes.	, see page 1'	9.									

Summary of credit risk (excluding debt instruments measured at FVOCI) by stage distribution and ECL coverage by industry s 2018

Gross	carryi	ng/nomi	inal amo	ount1			Allow	ance f	or ECL					ECL (covera	ge %	
Stage	Stage	Of	Of	Stage	POCI3	Total	Stage	Stage	Of	Of	Stage	POCI3	Total	Stage	Stage	Of	Of
1	2	which:	which:	3	1 0013	Total	1	2	which:	which:	3	1 0013	Total	1	2	which:	
		1 to 29 DPD2	30 and > DPD2						1 to 29 DPD2	_						1 to 29 DPD2	30 an > DPD2
\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%	%	%	%
Loans advance custom amortis cost - perso - corpe and comme	ces to ners at sed onal orate	871,56 354,30 456,83 60,424	05 16, 67 53,	,658 ,354 ,262	2,393 1,683 684 26	ŕ	13,882 4,410 9,064 408	2 974 - 974 -	375,	.069	(1,309) (581) (701) (27)) (2,202) (1,156) (1,032) (8	5) (21	8)(2:	30) (1 1) (4	5,591) (,310) - 4,073) ((242)

non-bankfinancialinstitutionsLoans and													
advances to													
banks at amortised cost	81,027	1,540	7	66	15	-	82,582	(17) (4) (2) -	(2) -
Other													
financial assets measured at	556,185	1,517	133	46	155	7	557,864	(28) (4) -	(1) (82) -
amortised cost													
Loan and													
other credit-related	475,986	24,330			999	46	501,361	(126) (183)		(67) -
commitments		1 214			450		106.002	(12) (1	`			
personalcorporate	194,320	1,314			459	-	196,093	(13) (1)		-	-
and	240,854	20,951			540	46	262,391	(108) (180)		(67) -
commercial	,	•					•	`	, ,	,		`	,
- financial	40,812	2,065			-	-	42,877	(5) (2)		-	-
Financial													
guarantee and similar	77,921	11,014			413	34	89,382	(36) (47)		(78) -
contracts - personal	768	18			5	_	791	_	(2)		(2) -
- corporate	700	10			3	_	//1	_	(2	,		(2	<i>)</i> -
and commercial	67,596	10,064			408	34	78,102	(35) (44)		(74) -
- financial	9,557	932			_	_	10,489	(1) (1)		(2) -
At 1 Jan 2018	•	111,059			15,464	1,061	2,190,269) (2,439)) (242)

Represents the maximum amount at risk should the contracts be fully drawn upon and clients default.

Personal lending

Total personal lending for loans and advances to customers by stage distribution

1	Gross car	Allowance for ECL									
	Stage 1 \$m	Stage 2 \$m	rage 2 Stage 3 Total m \$m \$m		Stage 1 Stage 2 \$m \$m		Stage 3 \$m		Total \$m		
By portfolio	·			•	·						
First lien residential mortgages - of which:	275,794	8,376	3,160	287,330	(41)	(73)	(491)	(605)
interest only (including offset)	31,482	1,231	237	32,950	(3)	(17)	(67)	(87)

² Days past due ('DPD'). Up to date accounts in Stage 2 are not shown in amounts presented above.

³ Purchased or originated credit-impaired ('POCI').

affordability including ARMs	13,380	2,409	569	16,358	(2)	(4)	(5)	(11)
Other personal lending	90,092	9,204	1,652	100,948	(518)	(1,111)	(834)	(2,463)
- other	66,961	5,163	1,087	73,211	(233)	(349)	(484)	(1,066)
- credit cards	20,681	3,855	492	25,028	(279)	(744)	(333)	(1,356)
- second lien residential mortgages	1,080	142	69	1,291	(2)	(14)	(14)	(30)
- motor vehicle finance	1,370	44	4	1,418	(4)	(4)	(3)	(11)
At 31 Mar 2018	365,886	17,580	4,812	388,278	(559)	(1,184)	(1,325)	(3,068)
By geography												
Europe	171,904	5,594	2,108	179,606	(177)	(282)	(518)	(977)
- of which: UK	141,821	4,165	1,429	147,415	(168)	(259)	(316)	(743)
Asia	146,034	5,822	694	152,550	(176)	(381)	(197)	(754)
- of which: HK	95,662	2,861	171	98,694	(70)	(249)	(39)	(358)
MENA	5,710	552	476	6,738	(62)	(123)	(294)	(479)
North America	36,575	4,512	1,215	42,302	(23)	(97)	(142)	(262)
Latin America	5,663	1,100	319	7,082	(121)	(301)	(174)	(596)
At 31 Mar 2018	365,886	17,580	4,812	388,278	(559)	(1,184)	(1,325)	(3,068)

Wholesale lending

Total wholesale lending for loans and advances to banks and customers at amortised cost											
	Gross car	rrying am	ount			Allo	wance for	: ECL			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	POCI	Total	Stage	e 1Stage 2	2 Stage	3 POC	CI Total	
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	
Corporate and commercial - agriculture, forestry and	483,882	47,415	9,964	800	542,061	(675) (1,020) (4,138	(190) (6,023	3)
fishing	7,964	1,317	317	3	9,601	(28) (37) (127) (2) (194)
- mining and quarrying	9,282	3,094	704	1	13,081	(17) (193) (221) (1) (432)
manufactureelectricity, gas, steam and	90,635	10,555	1,849	501	103,540	(139) (162) (922) (66) (1,289))
air-conditioning supply	14,998	1,330	84	55	16,467	(15) (37) (23) (40) (115)
- water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation	3,043	112	20	-	3,175	(5) (3) (8) -	(16)
constructionwholesale and retail trade,	14,901	1,449	876	43	17,269	(38) (35) (456) (42) (571)
repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	85,380	11,130	3,062	117	99,689	(81) (126) (1,002	2) (14) (1,223	3)
- transportation and storage	23,254	1,439	150	59	24,902	(23) (62) (84) (17) (186)
- accommodation and food	18,021	1,995	242	_	20,258	(42) (53) (68) -	(163)

- publishing, audiovisual and														
broadcasting	18,729	1,324	142	-	20,195	(30) (24)	(85)	-		(139)
real estateprofessional, scientific and	113,512	7,029	1,208	1	121,750	(90) (94)	(636)	-		(820)
technical activities	20,484	1,769	289	-	22,542	(28) (25)	(65)	-		(118)
- administrative and support services	22,024	1,498	345	20	23,887	(33) (38)	(181)	(8)	(260)
 public administration and defence, compulsory social security 	1,411	222	-	-	1,633	(1) (2)	-		-		(3)
educationhealth and care	1,963	101 539	18 132	-	2,082	(11) (5				-		(25)
- arts, entertainment and	5,753	339	132	-	6,424	(12) (16)	(53)	-		(81)
recreation	4,559	397	51	-	5,007	(21) (30)	(8)	-		(59)
- other services	15,890	1,119	462	-	17,471	(59) (52)	(190)	-		(301)
- activities of households	123	721	-	-	844	-	-		-		-		-	
- extra-territorial organisations and bodies activities	1,460	11	4	-	1,475	-	-		-		-		-	
- government	9,332	176	9	-	9,517	(2) (1)	-		-		(3)
- asset-backed securities	1,164	88	-	-	1,252	-	(25		-		-		(25)
Non-bank financial institutions Loans and advances	s56,510	3,083	591	-	60,184	(39) (26)	(202)	-		(267)
to banks	78,137	594	19	-	78,750	(18) (3)	(2)	-		(23)
At 31 Mar 2018	618,529	51,092	10,574	800	680,995	(732) (1,049)	(4,342)	(190)	(6,313)
By geography Europe	208,110	15 051	5 911	626	229,698	(379) (578)	(2.030)	(98)	(3.085)
- of which: UK	147,238			424	163,576								(2,145	
Asia	-	19,490		116	335,750			-	(963				(1,297	
- of which: HK	182,941	12,225	825	72	196,063	(81) (65)	(419)	(26)	(591)
MENA	24,598	5,117	1,803	47	31,565	(51) (96)	(983)	(47)	(1,177)
North America	54,405	10,531	851	-	65,787) (227	-	(221	-	-)
Latin America	16,985	903	296	11	18,195) (33	-	(145		(4		•)
At 31 Mar 2018	618,529	51,092	10,574	800	680,995	(132) (1,049)	(4,342)	(190)	(0,313))

Capital

Key metrics

7 . 01.		_	At 31 Mar1	1 Jan1	31 Dec2
Ref*	Available capital (\$bn)	Footnotes 3	2018	2018	2017
1	Common equity tier 1 ('CET1') capital	3	129.6	127.3	126.1
2	CET1 capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied		128.6	126.3	N/A
3	Tier 1 capital		157.1	152.1	151.0
4	Tier 1 capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied		156.1	151.1	N/A
5	Total capital		185.2	183.1	182.4
6	Total capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied		184.2	182.1	N/A
_	Risk-weighted assets ('RWAs') (\$bn)		0044	070.1	071.0
7	Total RWAs as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been		894.4	872.1	871.3
8	applied		893.8	871.6	N/A
	Capital ratios (%)	3			
9	CET1		14.5	14.6	14.5
10	CET1 as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied		14.4	14.5	N/A
11	Tier 1		17.6	17.4	17.3
12 13	Tier 1 as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied Total capital		17.5 20.7	17.3 21.0	N/A 20.9
14	Total capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied		20.6	20.9	N/A
	Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA (%)				
	Capital conservation buffer requirement		1.88	N/A	1.25
	Countercyclical buffer requirement		0.34	N/A	0.22
	Bank G-SIB and/or D-SIB additional requirements		1.50	N/A	1.25
	Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements		3.72	N/A	2.72
	CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements	4	8.0	N/A	8.0
	Total Capital Requirement (%) Total Capital Requirement		11.5	N/A	N/A
	Leverage ratio		11.0	1 1/1 1	1 1/1 1
15	Total leverage ratio exposure measure (\$bn)		2,707.9	2,556.4	2,557.1
16	Leverage ratio (%)	5	5.6	5.6	5.6
17	Leverage ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (%)	5	5.5	5.6	N/A
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio ('LCR')	6			
	Total high-quality liquid assets (\$bn)		533.1	N/A	512.6
	Total net cash outflow (\$bn)		338.5	N/A	359.9
	LCR ratio (%)	7	157.5	N/A	142.2

^{*} The references identify the lines prescribed in the EBA template.

For footnotes, see page 26.

Own funds disclosure

		At		
		31 Mar1	1 Jan1	31 Dec2
		2018	2018	2017
Ref*		\$m	\$m	\$m
6	Common equity tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	163,401	158,923	158,557
28	Total regulatory adjustments to common equity tier 1	(33,755)	(31,613)	(32,413)
29	Common equity tier 1 capital	129,646	127,310	126,144
36	Additional tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	27,489	24,922	24,922
43	Total regulatory adjustments to additional tier 1 capital	(60)	(112)	(112)
44	Additional tier 1 capital	27,429	24,810	24,810
45	Tier 1 capital	157,075	152,120	150,954
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	28,661	31,517	31,932
57	Total regulatory adjustments to tier 2 capital	(545)	(503)	(503)
58	Tier 2 capital	28,116	31,014	31,429
59	Total capital	185,191	183,134	182,383
60	Total risk-weighted assets	894,400	872,089	871,337
	Capital ratios	%	%	%
61	Common equity tier 1 ratio	14.5	14.6	14.5
62	Tier 1 ratio	17.6	17.4	17.3
63	Total capital ratio	20.7	21.0	20.9

^{*} The references identify the lines prescribed in the EBA template.

For footnotes, see page 26.

Capital

Our CET1 capital ratio remained unchanged at 14.5%.

CET1 capital increased in the quarter by \$3.5bn, mainly as a result of:

- a \$1.2bn IFRS 9 day one transitional impact, mainly due to classification and measurement changes;
- \$0.7bn of capital generation through profits, net of cash and scrip dividends; and
- \$1.9bn of favourable foreign currency translation differences.

In 2Q 2018, HSBC will change the way in which some of its capital securities are recognised in regulatory capital. The securities were previously recognised as grandfathered Tier 2 capital and will now be treated as fully eligible Tier 2 instruments. This change is expected to increase the Group's total capital ratio by an estimated 40bps to 21.1% based on figures as at 31 March 2018.

Leverage ratio

		At		
		31 Mar1	1 Jan1	31 Dec2
		2018	2018	2017
Ref*		\$bn	\$bn	\$bn
20	Tier 1 capital	150.3	143.8	142.7
21	Total leverage ratio exposure	2,707.9	2,556.4	2,557.1
		%	%	%
22	Leverage ratio	5.6	5.6	5.6
EU-23	Choice on transitional arrangements for the definition of the capital measure	Fully phased-in	Fully phased-in	Fully phased-in
	UK leverage ratio exposure - quarterly average	2,444.9	2,351.2	2,351.4
		%	%	%
	UK leverage ratio - quarterly average	6.1	6.2	6.1
	UK leverage ratio - quarter end	6.0	6.1	6.1
* 1	ne references identify the lines prescribed in the ERA template			

^{*} The references identify the lines prescribed in the EBA template.

For footnotes, see page 26.

Our leverage ratio calculated in accordance with CRD IV was 5.6% at 31 March 2018, unchanged from 5.6% at 31 December 2017. Growth in tier 1 capital was offset by a rise in the leverage exposure measure.

The Group's UK leverage ratio at 31 March 2018 on a modified basis, excluding qualifying central bank balances, was 6.0%.

At 31 March 2018, our UK minimum leverage ratio requirement of 3.25% was supplemented by an additional leverage ratio buffer of 0.5% and a countercyclical leverage ratio buffer of 0.1%. These additional buffers translate into capital values of \$13.1bn and \$2.9bn respectively. We comfortably exceeded these leverage requirements.

Risk-weighted assets

Overview of RWAs

		Mar1	1 Jan1	Dec2	31 Mar
		2018	2018	2017	2018
		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}\mathbf{\Delta}$	RWA	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}\mathbf{\Delta}$	Capital
		KWA	KWA	KWA	requirement8
Ref*		\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	638.1	624.0	623.9	51.1
2	- standardised approach	129.4	127.0	126.9	10.4
3	- foundation Internal Ratings Based ('IRB') approach	30.4	28.4	28.4	2.4
4	- advanced IRB approach	478.3	468.6	468.6	38.3

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6	Counterparty credit risk	57.9	54.1	54.1	4.5
7	- mark-to-market	37.7	34.2	34.2	3.0
10	- internal model method	10.4	9.7	9.7	0.8
11	- risk exposure amount for contributions to the default fund of a central counterparty	0.6	0.7	0.7	-
12	- credit valuation adjustment	9.2	9.5	9.5	0.7
13	Settlement risk	0.1	0.4	0.4	-
14	Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book	14.8	15.2	15.3	1.1
15	- IRB ratings based method	11.3	11.9	12.0	0.9
16	- IRB supervisory formula method	-	0.2	0.2	-
17	- IRB internal assessment approach	1.7	1.5	1.5	0.1
18	- standardised approach	1.8	1.6	1.6	0.1
19	Market risk	43.2	38.9	38.9	3.5
20	- standardised approach	4.8	4.4	4.4	0.4
21	- internal models approach	38.4	34.5	34.5	3.1
23	Operational risk	92.7	92.7	92.7	7.4
25	- standardised approach	92.7	92.7	92.7	7.4
27	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight	(2)47.6	46.8	46.0	3.8
29	Total	894.4	872.1	871.3	71.4

^{*} The references identify the lines prescribed in the EBA template.

For footnotes, see page 26.

RWAs by global business

	RBWM	CMB	GB&M	GPB	CorporateCentre	Total
	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn
Credit risk	98.5	290.3	177.3	13.9	120.5	700.5
Counterparty credit risk	-	-	56.1	0.2	1.7	58.0
Market risk	-	-	40.1	-	3.1	43.2
Operational risk	27.3	23.7	30.8	2.8	8.1	92.7
At 31 Mar 2018	125.8	314.0	304.3	16.9	133.4	894.4

RWAs by geographical region

, , , ,		Europe	Asia	MENA	NorthAmerica	LatinAmerica	Total
	Footnote	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn
Credit risk		231.6	292.7	47.9	100.0	28.3	700.5
Counterparty credit risk		29.2	14.2	1.0	12.1	1.5	58.0
Market risk	9	29.1	23.7	3.8	9.1	1.3	43.2
Operational risk		28.9	37.1	7.1	12.1	7.5	92.7
At 31 Mar 2018		318.8	367.7	59.8	133.3	38.6	894.4
For footnote, see page 20	6.						

RWA movement by global businesses by key driver

Credit risk, counterparty credit risk and

operational risk

RBWM CMB GB&M GPB Corporate Total

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					Centre	Market risk	RWAs
	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn
RWAs at 31 Dec 2017	121.5	301.0	263.4	16.0	130.5	38.9	871.3
Asset size	2.0	5.1	2.6	0.4	(3.8)	4.5	10.8
Asset quality	0.4	1.3	(0.6	0.3	1.6	-	3.0
Model updates	0.1	0.6	-	-	-	-	0.7
- new/updated models	0.1	0.6	-	-	-	-	0.7
Methodology and policy	0.5	1.9	(3.9) -	0.3	(0.2)	(1.4)
- internal updates	0.7	1.7	(3.9) -	(0.5)	(0.2)	(2.2)
- external updates	(0.2)	0.2	-	-	0.8	-	0.8
Foreign exchange movements	1.3	4.1	2.7	0.2	1.7	-	10.0
Total RWA movement	4.3	13.0	0.8	0.9	(0.2)	4.3	23.1
RWAs at 31 Mar 2018	125.8	314.0	264.2	16.9	130.3	43.2	894.4

RWA movement by geographical region by key driver

Credit risk, counterparty credit risk and operational risk

Maulzat Tatal

Europe	e	Asia		MENA	NorthAme	erica	LatinAmeric	ca			2
\$bn		\$bn		\$bn	\$bn		\$bn		\$bn	\$bn	,
282.6		334.3		55.9	124.2		35.4		38.9	871.3	
(2.8)	6.6		0.1	1.9		0.5		4.5	10.8	
2.4		1.6		(0.1)	(1.1)	0.2		-	3.0	
0.7		-		-	-		-		-	0.7	
0.7		-		-	-		-		-	0.7	
(0.8))	(0.6))	0.3	-		(0.1)		(0.2)	(1.4)
(0.8))	(1.0))	(0.1)	(0.1)	-		(0.2)	(2.2)
-		0.4		0.4	0.1		(0.1)		-	0.8	
7.6		2.1		(0.2)	(0.8))	1.3		-	10.0	
7.1		9.7		0.1	-		1.9		4.3	23.1	
289.7		344.0		56.0	124.2		37.3		43.2	894.4	
	\$bn 282.6 (2.8 2.4 0.7 0.7 (0.8 (0.8 - 7.6 7.1	282.6 (2.8) 2.4 0.7 0.7 (0.8) (0.8)	\$bn \$bn 282.6 334.3 (2.8) 6.6 2.4 1.6 0.7 - (0.7 - (0.8) (0.6 (0.8) (1.0 - 0.4 7.6 2.1 7.1 9.7	\$bn \$bn 282.6 334.3 (2.8) 6.6 2.4 1.6 0.7 - (0.7 - (0.8) (0.6) (0.8) (1.0) - 0.4 7.6 2.1 7.1 9.7	\$bn \$bn \$bn 282.6 334.3 55.9 (2.8) 6.6 0.1 2.4 1.6 (0.1) 0.7 (0.8) (0.6) 0.3 (0.8) (1.0) (0.1) - 0.4 0.4 7.6 2.1 (0.2) 7.1 9.7 0.1	\$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn 282.6 334.3 55.9 124.2 (2.8) 6.6 0.1 1.9 2.4 1.6 (0.1) (1.1 0.7 (0.8) (0.6) 0.3 - (0.8) (1.0) (0.1) (0.1 - 0.4 0.4 0.1 7.6 2.1 (0.2) (0.8 7.1 9.7 0.1 -	\$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$282.6 334.3 55.9 124.2 (2.8) 6.6 0.1 1.9 2.4 1.6 (0.1) (1.1) 0.7 (0.8) (0.6) 0.3 - (0.8) (1.0) (0.1) (0.1) (0.1) - 0.4 0.4 0.1 7.6 2.1 (0.2) (0.8) 7.1 9.7 0.1 -	\$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$282.6 334.3 55.9 124.2 35.4 (2.8) 6.6 0.1 1.9 0.5 2.4 1.6 (0.1) (1.1) 0.2 0.7 (0.8) (0.6) 0.3 - (0.1) (0.8) (1.0) (0.1) (0.1) 0.4 0.4 0.1 (0.1) (0.1) 7.6 2.1 (0.2) (0.8) 1.3 7.1 9.7 0.1 - 1.9	\$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn \$282.6 334.3 55.9 124.2 35.4 (2.8) 6.6 0.1 1.9 0.5 2.4 1.6 (0.1) (1.1) 0.2 0.7 (0.8) (0.6) 0.3 - (0.1) (0.8) (1.0) (0.1) (0.1) 0.4 0.4 0.1 (0.1) (0.1) 7.6 2.1 (0.2) (0.8) 1.3 7.1 9.7 0.1 - 1.9	Europe Asia MENA NorthAmerica LatinAmerica risk \$bn \$bn \$bn \$bn 282.6 334.3 55.9 124.2 35.4 38.9 (2.8 6.6 0.1 1.9 0.5 4.5 2.4 1.6 (0.1) (1.1) 0.2 - 0.7 - - - - - - 0.7 - - - - - - (0.8) (0.6) 0.3 - (0.1) (0.2) (0.8) (1.0) (0.1) (0.1) - (0.2) - 0.4 0.4 0.1 (0.1) - - 0.4 0.4 0.1 (0.1) - 7.6 2.1 (0.2) (0.8) 1.3 - 7.1 9.7 0.1 - 1.9 4.3	\$\text{sbn}\$ \$\text{sbn}\$<

RWAs

RWAs increased by \$23.1bn, including an increase of \$10.0bn due to foreign currency translation differences.

The resulting increase of \$13.1bn (excluding foreign currency translation differences) was primarily due to asset size growth of \$10.8bn and asset quality changes of \$3.0bn.

The following comments describe RWA movements for the three month period to 31 March 2018, excluding foreign currency translation differences.

Asset size

Asset size movements were principally driven by exposure growth and movements in market parameters which increased counterparty credit risk and market risk RWAs by \$8.2bn.

Lending growth of \$2.6bn was driven by CMB (\$5.2bn) and RBWM (\$2.0bn) and mainly concentrated in Asia, North America and Europe. This was partly offset by reductions in Corporate Centre (\$3.7bn) and GB&M (\$1.3bn).

Asset quality changes

Asset quality movements increased RWAs by \$4.1bn, mainly reflecting changes in portfolio mix in Europe (\$2.4bn) and Asia (\$1.6bn). These changes were partly offset by changes in the North American portfolio which reduced RWAs by \$1.1bn.

Methodology and policy

The \$2.2bn decrease reported in internal updates derives from management initiatives, mainly taking the form of process improvements and refined calculations (\$1.4bn) and trade actions (\$0.4bn). The partly offsetting \$0.8bn increase in external updates arises from the Group's adoption of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and the EU's related regulatory transitional arrangements.

RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB approach10

		RWA	Capital
		KWA	requirement8
		\$bn	\$bn
1	RWAs at 31 Dec 2017	497.0	39.8
2	Asset size	2.8	0.2
3	Asset quality	2.0	0.2
4	Model updates	0.7	0.1
5	Methodology and policy	(0.7)	(0.1)
7	Foreign exchange movements	6.9	0.5
9	RWAs at 31 Mar 2018	508.7	40.7
ŀ	For footnotes, see page 26.		

RWAs under the IRB approach increased by \$11.7bn including an increase of \$6.9bn due to foreign currency translation differences. The remaining increase of \$4.8bn was principally due to organic book growth of \$2.8bn in Asia and a movement in asset quality of \$2.0bn reflecting the changes in portfolio mix in Europe and Asia.

RWA flow statements of counterparty credit risk exposures under the IMM

		RWA	Capital
		KWA	requirement8
		\$bn	\$bn
1	RWAs at 31 Dec 2017	12.5	1.0
2	Asset size	0.3	-
5	Methodology and policy	(0.1)) -
9	RWAs at 31 Mar 2018	12.7	1.0
	For footnote, see page 26.		

RWAs under the IMM increased by \$0.2bn, mainly as a result of increases in asset size driven by mark-to-market movements.

RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA

		WoD	StressedVaR	IDC	Othor	Total	Capital
		van	Suesseuvan	IKC	Other	Total RWA	requirement8
		\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn
1	RWAs at 31 Dec 2017	8.3	14.3	10.0	1.9	34.5	2.8
2	Movement in risk levels	1.2	-	1.4	1.5	4.1	0.3
4	Methodology and policy	-	-	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	-
8	RWAs at 31 Mar 2018	9.5	14.3	11.2	3.4	38.4	3.1
Fo	or footnote, see page 26.						

RWAs under the IMA increased by \$3.9bn mainly due to increased risk levels in Europe and Asia as a result of:

higher volatility and exposure that added \$1.2bn to VaR;

high grade sovereign exposure that added \$1.4bn to the incremental risk charge; and

increased exposure and currency depreciation that added \$1.5bn to other market risk measures.

Footnotes to capital, leverage and risk-weighted assets

- Unless otherwise stated, all figures are calculated using the EU's regulatory transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 in article 473a of the Capital Requirements Regulation.
- 2 All figures presented as reported under IAS 39 at 31 December 2017.
- Capital figures and ratios are reported on the CRD IV transitional basis for additional tier 1 and tier 2 capital in accordance with articles 484-92 of the Capital Requirements Regulation.
 - The minimum requirements include the total capital requirement to be met by CET1, comprised of the Pillar 1 and
- 4 Pillar 2A requirements set by the Prudential Regulation Authority.
- 5 Leverage ratio is calculated using the CRD IV end-point basis for additional tier 1 capital.
- The EU's regulatory transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 in article 473a of the Capital Requirements Regulation do not apply to liquidity coverage measures.
- 7 LCR is calculated as at the end of each period rather than using average values.
- Capital requirement' represents the minimum total capital charge set at 8% of RWAs by article 92 of the Capital Requirements Regulation.
- 9 RWAs are non-additive across geographical regions due to market risk diversification effects within the Group.
- 10 Securitisation positions are not included in this table.

Summary information - global businesses

HSBC adjusted profit before tax

Quarter ended 31 Mar 2018

Retail Bankingand
WealthManagement

CommercialBanking
AndMarkets

GlobalBanking
GlobalPrivateBanking
Corporate
Centre

	_	_				
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Net interest income	· ·	2,517	1,181	223	(264)	7,456
Net fee income	1,497	952	863	207	(12)	3,507
Net income from						
financial instrument		1.40	2.077	40	22	2.412
held for trading or	116	148	2,077	48	23	2,412
managed on a fair						
value basis2,3						
Net income from assets and liabilities						
of insurance						
businesses,						
including related	(143)	(12)	_	_	_	(155)
derivatives,	(113)	(12)				(155)
measured at fair						
value through profit						
or loss2						
Changes in fair						
value of other						
financial instrument	S					
mandatorily	(59)	4	112	-	60	117
measured at fair						
value through profit						
or loss2						
Other income 1,3	459	90	(85)	4	45	513
Net operating						
income before						
change in expected credit losses and	5,669	3,699	4,148	482	(148)	13,850
other credit						
impairment charges						
Change in expected						
credit losses and						
other credit	(303)	64	(22)	3	88	(170)
impairment	()		,			()
charges/(recoveries))					
Net operating	5,366	3,763	4,126	485	(60)	13,680
income	3,300	3,703	4,120	403	(60)	13,000
Total operating	(3,463)	(1,652)	(2,413)	(372)	(345)	(8,245)
expenses						
Operating profit	1,903	2,111	1,713	113	(405)	5,435
Share of profit in	•				~ ~ ~	~ 00
associates and joint	3	-	-	-	595	598
ventures						
Adjusted profit	1,906	2,111	1,713	113	190	6,033
before tax	%	%	%	%	%	%
Share of HSBC's	/U	/U	/0	/U	/0	/0
adjusted profit	31.6	35.0	28.4	1.9	3.1	100.0
before tax	21.0	22.0	20.1	1./	J.1	100.0
	61.1	44.7	58.2	77.2	(233.1)	59.5
					· - · - /	

Adjusted cost efficiency ratio

	Quarte	r ende	d 31	Dec 201	17		
Net interest income	3,684	2,4	62	1,482	216	(356)	7,488
Net fee income	1,295	898	3	771	179	(27)	3,116
Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis 2,3	122	159)	1,087	32	638	2,038
Net income from assets and liabilities of insurance businesses,							
including related derivatives, measured at fair value through profit or loss2	630	(6)		-	10	-	634
Changes in fair value of other financial instruments mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss2	N/A	N/A	A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other income/(expense)1,3	(602) 19		123	(7)	(127)	(594)
Net operating income/(expense) before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	^d 5,129	3,5	32	3,463	430	128	12,682
Loan impairment (charges)/recoveries and other credit risk provisions	(188) (19	8)	(392)	1	95	(682)
Net operating income/(expense)	4,941	3,3	34	3,071	431	223	12,000
Total operating expenses	(3,527) (1,6	513)	(2,237)	(338)	(1,226)	(8,941)
Operating profit/(loss)	1,414	1,7	21	834	93	(1,003)	3,059
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	16	-		-	-	558	574
Adjusted profit/(loss) before tax	1,430	1,7	21	834	93	(445)	3,633
	%	%		%	%	%	%
Share of HSBC's adjusted profit before tax	39.4	47.	4	23.0	2.6	(12.4)	100.0
Adjusted cost efficiency ratio	68.8	45.	7	64.6	78.6	957.8	70.5
For footnotes, see page 30.							

HSBC adjusted profit before tax (continued)

	Quarter ended 31 Ma	Quarter ended 31 Mar 2017								
	Retail Bankingand WealthManagement	CommercialBanking	GlobalBanking andMarkets	GlobalPrivateBanking	Corporate Centre	Total				
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m				
Net interest income	3,484	2,220	1,100	197	86	7,087				
Net fee income/(expense) Net income from financial instruments	1,272	959	959	184	4	3,378				
held for trading or managed on a fair value basis2,3	139	128	1,932	53	73	2,325				
Net income from assets and liabilities of insurance businesses, including related derivatives, measured at fair value through profit	1,007	(13)	-	12	-	1,006				

or loss2						
Changes in fair value	e					
of other financial						
instruments	27/1	27/4	27/1	27/1	27/1	.
mandatorily	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
measured at fair						
value through profit or loss2						
Other						
income/(expense)1,3	(689)	58	151	(9)	204	(285)
Net operating incom						
before loan						
impairment charges	5,213	3,352	4,142	437	367	13,511
and other credit risk						
provisions						
Loan impairment	(211)	10	21	(1)	41	(240)
charges and other credit risk provisions	(311)	10	21	(1)	41	(240)
Net operating incom		3,362	4,163	436	408	13,271
Total operating						
expenses	(3,096)	(1,474)	(2,357)	(362)	(332)	(7,621)
Operating profit	1,806	1,888	1,806	74	76	5,650
Share of profit in						
associates and joint	9	-	-	-	551	560
ventures						
Adjusted profit before tax	1,815	1,888	1,806	74	627	6,210
	%	%	%	%	%	%
Share of HSBC's						
adjusted profit before	e 29.2	30.4	29.1	1.2	10.1	100.0
tax						
Adjusted cost	59.4	44.0	56.9	82.8	90.5	56.4
efficiency ratio For footnotes, see pa	nge 30					
1 of foothous, see pa	ige 30.					

Global Private Ranking - reported client assets

Global Private Banking - reported client assets4									
	Quarte	r ended							
	31 Mar	31 Dec	31 Mar						
	2018	2017	2017						
	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn						
Opening balance	330	327	298						
Net new money	3	(4)	1						
- of which: areas targeted for growth	5	2	5						
Value change	(2)	4	7						
Disposals	-	(1)	(7)						
Exchange and other	-	4	7						
Closing balance	331	330	306						
For footnotes, see page 30.									

Global Private Banking - reported client assets by geography4

Quarter ended 31 31 31 Mar Dec Mar 2018 2017 2017 \$bn \$bn \$bn Europe 162 161 153 Asia 131 130 111 39 North America 38 42 Latin America Middle East5 Closing balance 331 330 306 For footnotes, see page 30.

Summary information - geographical regions

HSBC reported profit/(loss) before tax

	Quarter ended 31 Mar 2018						
	Europe	Asia	MENA	North America	Latin America	Intra-HSBC items	Total
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Net interest income	1,739	3,831	461	870	528	27	7,456
Net fee income	1,087	1,678	157	444	141	-	3,507
Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis2,3	1,155	956	42	212	121	(102)	2,384
Net income from assets and liabilities of insurance	e						
businesses, including related derivatives,	(227)	70	-	-	2	-	(155)
measured at fair value through profit or loss2							
Changes in fair value of other financial							
instruments mandatorily measured at fair value	155	(34)	5	10	8	(27)	117
through profit or loss2							
Other income1,3	561	806	11	89	(3)	(1,063)	401
Net operating income before change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges	4,470	7,307	676	1,625	797	(1,165)	13,710
Change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges/(recoveries)	(62)	(32)	(4)	47	(119)	-	(170)
Net operating income	4,408	7,275	672	1,672	678	(1,165)	13,540
Total operating expenses	(4,437)	(2,986)	(343)	(2,268)	(514)	1,165	(9,383)
Operating profit/(loss)	(29)	4,289	329	(596)	164	-	4,157
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	11	479	108	-	-	-	598
Profit/(loss) before tax	(18)	4,768	437	(596)	164	-	4,755
	%	%	%	%	%		%
Share of HSBC's profit before tax	(0.4)	100.3	9.2	(12.5)	3.4		100.0
Cost efficiency ratio	99.3	40.9	50.7	139.6	64.5		68.4

Quarter ended 31 Dec 2017								
Net interest income	1,684	3,822	440	848	551	(73)	7,272	
Net fee income	957	1,364	149	462	133	-	3,065	
Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis2,3	897	709	26	153	139	73	1,997	
Net income from assets and liabilities of insurance								
businesses, including related derivatives,	183	428	-	-	16	-	627	
measured at fair value through profit or loss2								
Changes in fair value of other financial								
instruments mandatorily measured at fair value	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
through profit or loss2								
Other income/(expense)1,3	262	46	23	335	4	(1,330)	(660)	
Net operating income before loan impairment	3,983	6,369	638	1,798	843	(1,330)	12,301	
charges and other credit risk provisions	2,202	0,000	000	1,770	0.0	(1,000)	12,001	
Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	(506)	(26)	(32)	31	(125)	-	(658)	
Net operating income	3,477	6,343	606	1,829	718	(1,330)	11,643	
Total operating expenses	(5,874)	(3,127)	(357)	(1,308)	(559)	1,330	(9,895)	
Operating profit/(loss)	(2,397)	3,216	249	521	159	-	1,748	
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	11	454	84	-	7	-	556	
Profit/(loss) before tax	(2,386)	3,670	333	521	166	-	2,304	
	%	%	%	%	%		%	
Share of HSBC's profit before tax	(103.6)	159.3	14.5	22.6	7.2		100.0	
Cost efficiency ratio	147.5	49.1	56.0	72.7	66.3		80.4	
For footnates, see mage 20								

For footnotes, see page 30.

HSBC reported profit/(loss) before tax (continued)

	Quarter	Quarter ended 31 Mar 2017						
	Europe	Asia	MENA	North America	Latin America	Intra-HSBC items	Total	
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	
Net interest income	1,704	3,332	407	894	488	(38)	6,787	
Net fee income	1,043	1,406	158	494	123	-	3,224	
Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis2,3	962	906	83	114	84	38	2,187	
Net income from assets and liabilities of insurance businesses, including related derivatives, measured at fair value through profi or loss2	t ²⁹⁸	651	-	-	15	-	964	
Changes in fair value of other financial								
instruments mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Other income1,3	206	245	5	274	25	(924)	(169)	
Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	4,213	6,540	653	1,776	735	(924)	12,993	
Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	5	(167)	(57)	106	(123)	-	(236)	
Net operating income	4,218	6,373	596	1,882	612	(924)	12,757	

Total operating expenses	(4,428)	(2,694)	(322)	(1,310)	(498)	924	(8,328)
Operating profit	(210	3,679	274	572	114	-	4,429
Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures	4	415	113	-	-	-	532
Profit before tax	(206	4,094	387	572	114	-	4,961
	%	%	%	%	%		%
Share of HSBC's profit before tax	(4.2)	82.6	7.8	11.5	2.3		100.0
Cost efficiency ratio	105.1	41.2	49.3	73.8	67.8		64.1

Footnotes to summary information - global businesses and geographical regions

Other income in this context comprises where applicable changes in fair value of long-term debt and related

- 1 derivatives, gains less losses from financial investments, dividend income, net insurance premium income and other operating income less net insurance claims and benefits paid and movement in liabilities to policyholders.
 The classification and measurement requirements under IFRS 9, which was adopted from 1 January 2018, are based on an entity's assessment of both the business model for managing the assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the assets. The standard contains a classification for items measured mandatorily at fair value
- 2 through profit or loss as a residual category. Given its residual nature, the presentation of the income statement has been updated to separately present items in this category which are of a dissimilar nature or function, in line with IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' requirements. Comparative data have been re-presented. There is no net impact on Total operating income.
 - Prior to 2018 foreign exchange exposure on some financial instruments designated at fair value was presented in the same line in the income statement as the underlying fair value movement on these instruments. In 2018 we have grouped the presentation of the entire effect of foreign exchange exposure in profit or loss and presented it within
- 3 'Net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis'. Comparative data have been re-presented. There is no net impact on Total operating income and the impact on 'Changes in fair value of long-term debt and related derivatives' is \$563m in 4Q17 and \$84m in 1Q17.
- Client assets are translated at the rates of exchange applicable for their respective period-ends, with the effects of currency translation reported separately. The main components of client assets are funds under management, which are not reported on the Group's balance sheet, and customer deposits, which are reported on the Group's balance sheet.
- 5 'Middle East' is an offshore business, therefore client assets are booked across to various regions, primarily in Europe.

Appendix - selected information

Supplementary analysis of significant items by global business is presented below.

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results - global businesses

	Quarter	ended 31 Mar 20	18			
	Retail		Global			
	Banking	^g CommercialBar	olovai N P omkingoi	Global	Corpora	te Total
	and	Commerciaidai	Markets	PrivateBanl	kinGentre	Total
	Wealth	Management	Markets			
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Revenue						
Reported	5,669	3,699	4,178	482	(318) 13,710
Significant items	-	-	(30)	-	170	140

- disposals, acquisitions and investment in new businesses	-	-	-		-		112		112	
- fair value movement on financial	_	_	(30)	_		58		28	
instruments				,						
Adjusted	5,669	3,699	4,148		482		(148))	13,850	
Change in expected credit losses and other										
credit impairment charges/(recoveries)					_					
Reported	,	64	(22)	3		88		(170)
Adjusted	(303)	64	(22)	3		88		(170)
Operating expenses										
Reported	(3,573)	(1,653)	(2,387)	(415)	(1,355)		(9,383)
Significant items	110	1	(26)	43		1,010		1,138	
- costs of structural reform	1	1	7		-		117		126	
- customer redress programmes	93	-	-		-		-		93	
- disposals, acquisitions and investment in	_	_	_		2		_		2	
new businesses					2					
- restructuring and other related costs	-	-	-		-		20		20	
- settlements and provisions in connection	16	_	(33)	41		873		897	
with legal and regulatory matters			•	,						
Adjusted	(3,463)	(1,652)	(2,413)	(372)	(345))	(8,245)
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures										
Reported	3	-	-		-		595		598	
Adjusted	3	-	-		-		595		598	
Profit/(loss) before tax										
Reported	1,796	2,110	1,769		70		(990))	4,755	
Significant items	110	1	(56)	43		1,180		1,278	
- revenue	-	-	(30)	-		170		140	
- operating expenses	110	1	(26)	43		1,010		1,138	
Adjusted	1,906	2,111	1,713		113		190		6,033	

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results - global businesses (continued)

	Quarter	ended 31 Dec 20	17					
	Retail		Global	Global				
	Banking	ga fd bmmercialBa	nk Bag nkinga	nd PrivateBanl	.Corporate(Cer	ıtīTeotal	
	WealthN	Management	Markets	TiivacDaiii	XIIIg			
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m		\$m	
Revenue								
Reported	5,057	3,366	3,256	420	202		12,301	
Currency translation	68	58	72	10	28		236	
Significant items	4	108	135	-	(102)	145	
- customer redress programmes	-	103	2	-	-		105	
- disposals, acquisitions and investment in new businesses	4	-	99	-	(24)	79	
- fair value movement on financial instruments	-	-	33	-	(78)	(45)
- currency translation on significant item	s -	5	1	-	-		6	
Adjusted	5,129	3,532	3,463	430	128		12,682	

LICs												
Reported	(186)	(190)	(373)	1		90		(658)
Currency translation	(2)	(8)	(19)	-		5		(24)
Adjusted	(188)	(198)	(392)	1		95		(682)
Operating expenses												
Reported	(3,751)	(1,619)	(2,325)	(512)	(1,688)	(9,895)
Currency translation	(68)	(29)	(63)	(15)	(44)	(219)
Significant items	292		35		151		189		506		1,173	
- costs to achieve	46		24		97		(2)	490		655	
- costs of structural reform	6		3		4		-		118		131	
- customer redress programmes	254		16		2		-		-		272	
- disposals, acquisitions and investment in new businesses	-		-		-		30		9		39	
- gain on partial settlement of pension obligation	(26)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(141)	(188)
- settlements and provisions in connection with legal and regulatory matters	1 -		-		50		164		14		228	
- currency translation on significant items	10		1		7				1.6		36	
- CHITCHEV ITANSIAHON ON SIGNIFICANT HEIRS	. 1 /.								16			
•)	(1.613))	(338)	16 (1.226))
Adjusted	(3,527)	(1,613)	(2,237)	(338)	(1,226)	(8,941)
•)	(1,613))	(338)))
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures)	(1,613))	(338)	(1,226)	(8,941)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported	(3,527)	(1,613))	(338)	(1,226540))
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation	(3,527)	(1,613))	(338)	(1,226)	(8,941 556)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted	(3,527 16 -)	(1,613 - -))	(338)	(1,226 540 18)	(8,941 556 18)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation	(3,527 16 -)	- - - 1,557))	- (338 - - - (91)	(1,226 540 18)	(8,941 556 18)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted Profit/(loss) before tax	(3,527 16 - 16)	- -))	- -))	(1,226 540 18 558)	(8,941 556 18 574)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted Profit/(loss) before tax Reported	16 - 16 1,136)	- - - 1,557)	(2,237 - - - 558		- - - (91))	(1,226 540 18 558 (856)	(8,941 556 18 574 2,304)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted Profit/(loss) before tax Reported Currency translation	(3,527 16 - 16 1,136 (2)	- - - 1,557 21)	(2,237 - - - - 558 (10		- - - (91)))	(1,226 540 18 558 (856 7))	(8,941 556 18 574 2,304 11)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted Profit/(loss) before tax Reported Currency translation Significant items	(3,527 16 - 16 1,136 (2 296)	- - 1,557 21 143)	(2,237 - - - 558 (10 286		- - - (91)))	(1,226 540 18 558 (856 7 404)	(8,941 556 18 574 2,304 11 1,318)
Adjusted Share of profit in associates and joint ventures Reported Currency translation Adjusted Profit/(loss) before tax Reported Currency translation Significant items - revenue	16 - 16 1,136 (2 296 4)	- - 1,557 21 143 108)	(2,237 - - - 558 (10 286 135		- - (91 (5 189)))	(1,226 540 18 558 (856 7 404 (102)	(8,941 556 18 574 2,304 11 1,318 145)

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results - global businesses (continued)

	Quarter	: e	ended 31 Mar 20	17						
	Retail			Global	Global					
	Bankin	ga	u c ommercialBar	nk B ngnkingar	nd PrivateB	ank	.Corporate	Cen	ıtīleotal	
	Wealth	M	lanagement	Markets	TIIVAICD	alin	ing			
	\$m		\$m	\$m	\$m		\$m		\$m	
Revenue										
Reported	5,082		3,191	3,789	419		512		12,993	
Currency translation	204		161	248	22		25		660	
Significant items	(73)	-	105	(4)	(170)	(142)
- disposals, acquisitions and investment	(73	`	_		(4	`	(79	`	(156	`
in new businesses	(73	,	-	-	(4	,	(1)	,	(130	,
- fair value movement on financial	_		_	97	_		(91	`	6	
instruments	_		_)	_		(71	,	U	
- currency translation on significant	_		_	8	_		_		8	
items				O					O	
Adjusted	5,213		3,352	4,142	437		367		13,511	

LICs										
Reported	(296)	3		20	(1)	38		(236)
Currency translation	(15)	7		1	-		3		(4)
Adjusted	(311)	10		21	(1)	41		(240)
Operating expenses										
Reported	(3,276)	(1,398)	(2,245)	(344)	(1,065)	(8,328)
Currency translation	(187)	(75)	(165)	(18)	(68)	(513)
Significant items	367	(1)	53	-		801		1,220	
- costs to achieve	125	(1)	48	-		661		833	
- costs of structural reform	-	-		-	-		83		83	
- customer redress programmes	210	-		-	-		-		210	
 currency translation on significant items 	32	-		5	-		57		94	
Adjusted	(3,096)	(1,474)	(2,357)	(362)	(332)	(7,621)
Share of profit in associates and joint										
ventures										
Reported	9	-		-	-		523		532	
Currency translation	-	-		-	-		28		28	
Adjusted	9	-		-	-		551		560	
Profit/(loss) before tax										
Reported	1,519	1,796		1,564	74		8		4,961	
Currency translation	2	93		84	4		(12)	171	
Significant items	294	(1)	158	(4)	631		1,078	
- revenue	(73)	-		105	(4)	(170)	`)
- operating expenses	367	(1)	53	-		801		1,220	
Adjusted	1,815	1,888		1,806	74		627		6,210	

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted risk-weighted assets At 31 Mar 2018

	_	a t &mmercialBanking Ianagement	Global Banking and Markets	Global PrivateBanking	Corporat Centre	te	Total	
	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn	\$bn		\$bn	
Risk-weighted assets								
Reported	125.8	314.0	304.3	16.9	133.4		894.4	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2.7))	(2.7)
- Brazil operations	-	-	-	-	(2.6))	(2.6)
- Lebanon operations	-	-	-	-	(0.1))	(0.1))
Adjusted	125.8	314.0	304.3	16.9	130.7		891.7	
	At 31 De	ec 2017						
Risk-weighted assets								
Reported	121.5	301.0	299.3	16.0	133.5		871.3	
Currency translation	1.3	4.1	2.7	0.2	1.7		10.0	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2.7))	(2.7)
- Brazil operations	-	-	-	-	(2.6)	(2.6)

- Lebanon operations Adjusted	122.8	305.1		302.0	16.2	(0.1) 132.5	(0.1) 878.6
	At 31 Ma	ar 2017					
Risk-weighted assets							
Reported	113.5	280.6		296.0	15.4	152.4	857.9
Currency translation	3.2	14.1		8.8	0.5	4.2	30.8
Disposals	(0.2)	(0.4)	-	-	(5.7)	(6.3)
- Brazil operations	-	-		-	-	(5.2)	(5.2)
- Lebanon operations	(0.2)	(0.4)	-	-	(0.5)	(1.1)
Adjusted	116.5	294.3		304.8	15.9	150.9	882.4

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results - geographical regions

Reconcination of reported and adj			ended 3	_	-		•									
	Europe		Asia				NorthAm	eri	c L atinAn	neri	c T otal		UK		HongKo	ong
	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	0
Revenue											•		•			
Reported1	4,470		7,307		676		1,625		797		13,710		3,481		4,667	
Significant items	46		(12)	-		90		16		140		48		1	
- disposals, acquisitions and							05		17		110					
investment in new businesses	-		-		-		95		17		112		-		-	
- fair value movement on	46		(12)			(5	`	(1	`	28		48		1	
financial instruments	40		(12)	-		(3)	(1)	20		40		1	
Adjusted1	4,516		7,295		676		1,715		813		13,850		3,529		4,668	
ECL																
Reported	(62	-	(32	-	(4	-	47		(119)	(170	-	(57	-	(14)
Adjusted	(62)	(32)	(4)	47		(119)	(170)	(57)	(14)
Operating expenses																
Reported1)	(2,986)	(343))	(514)	(9,383))	(1,510)
Significant items	194		-		-		944		-		1,138		136		-	
- costs of structural reform	125		1		-		-		-		126		112		1	
- customer redress programmes	93		-		-		-		-		93		93		-	
- disposals, acquisitions and	_															
investment in new	2		-		-		-		-		2		-		-	
businesses																
- restructuring and other related	20		_		_		_		_		20		20		_	
costs																
- settlements and provisions in	(16	`	/1	\			0.4.4				007		(00	`	(1	`
connection with legal and	(46)	(1)	-		944		-		897		(89)	(1)
regulatory matters	(4.242	`	(2.006	`	(2.12	`	(1.224	`	(514	`	(0.245	`	(2.210	`	(1.510	`
Adjusted1	(4,243)	(2,986)	(343)	(1,324)	(314)	(8,245)	(3,310)	(1,310)
Share of profit in associates and																
joint ventures	11		479		108						598		11		6	
Reported Adjusted	11		479		108		_		-		598		11		6	
Profit/(loss) before tax	11		4/9		100		-		-		390		11		U	
Reported	(18	`	4,768		437		(596)	164		4,755		(11	`	3,149	
Significant items	240	,	(12)	4 37		1,034	,	164		1,278		184	,	3,149 1	
- revenue	46		(12)			90		16		1,278		48		1	
10 venue	TU		(14	J	-		70		10		170		TU		1	

 operating expenses 	194	-	-	944	-	1,138	136	-
Adjusted	222	4,756	437	438	180	6,033	173	3,150

Amounts are non-additive across geographical regions due to intra-Group transactions.

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results - geographical regions (continued)

Reconciliation of reported and ad					(con	tinued)					
	Quarter	ended 3	1 Dec 20								
	Europe	Asia	MEN	A NorthAr	nerio	c a LatinA	mer	ic T otal	UK	HongK	ong
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m		\$m		\$m	\$m	\$m	
Revenue											
Reported1	3,983	6,369	638	1,798		843		12,301	2,895	3,998	
Currency translation1	216	48	1	2		(21)	236	164	(9)
Significant items	40	121	_	3		(19)	145	34	12	
- customer redress programmes	105	_	_	_		_		105	105	_	
- disposals, acquisitions and											
investment in new businesses	_	99	_	(1)	(19)	79	_	_	
myestment in new businesses		,,		(1	,	(1)	,	17			
- fair value movement on											
financial instruments	(71) 22	-	4		-		(45) (77) 12	
- currency translation on											
significant items	6	-	-	-		-		6	6	-	
Adjusted1	4,239	6,538	639	1,803		803		12,682	3,093	4,001	
LICs	7,237	0,550	037	1,003		003		12,002	3,073	7,001	
Reported	(506) (26) (32) 31		(125	`	(658) (380) 19	
-	-		()) 31		1)				
Currency translation	•) (1) -	-		_	`) (18) -	
Adjusted	(530) (27) (32) 31		(124)	(682) (398) 19	
Operating expenses	(5.05A	(2.127	\ (0.57	\ (1.200	,	(550	`	(0.005	. (4.006	\ (1.500	,
Reported1) (1,308)	(559)	-) (4,886)
Currency translation1	-) (33) -	(1)	16		-) 4	
Significant items	1,051	186	13	(103)	26		1,173	840	91	
- costs to achieve	369	167	13	78		28		655	345	74	
- costs of structural reform	131	_	_	_		_		131	124	_	
- customer redress programmes	272	-	-	-		-		272	272	-	
- disposals, acquisitions and	20			7				20			
investment in new businesses	32	-	-	7		-		39	-	-	
- gain on partial settlement of	_	_	_	(188)	_		(188) -	_	
pension obligation									,		
- settlements and provisions in											
connection with legal and	211	17	-	-		-		228	64	17	
regulatory matters											
- currency translation on	36	2	_	_		(2)	36	35	_	
significant items	30	2	_	-		(2	,	30	33	-	
Adjusted1	(5,034	(2,974) (344) (1,412)	(517)	(8,941	(4,213) (1,503)
Share of profit in associates and											
joint ventures											
Reported	11	454	84	-		7		556	11	9	
=											

Currency translation	-	18	-	_	-	18	-	-
Adjusted	11	472	84	-	7	574	11	9
Profit/(loss) before tax								
Reported	(2,386)	3,670	333	521	166	2,304	(2,360)	2,428
Currency translation	(19)	32	1	1	(4) 11	(21) (5
Significant items	1,091	307	13	(100)	7	1,318	874	103
- revenue	40	121	-	3	(19) 145	34	12
- operating expenses	1,051	186	13	(103)	26	1,173	840	91
Adjusted	(1,314)	4,009	347	422	169	3,633	(1,507)	2,526

¹ Amounts are non-additive across geographical regions due to intra-Group transactions.

Reconciliation of reported and adjusted results - geographical regions (continued)

reconcination of reported and adjust	.cu rest		5 5005	upin	cui	10510115 (COII	umacaj					
	Quarter ended 31 Mar 2017												
	Europ	e	Asia	ME	MENA NorthAmeric LatinAmeric Total U						UK	Hongl	Kong
	\$m		\$m	\$m		\$m		\$m		\$m	\$m	\$m	
Revenue													
Reported1	4,213		6,540	653		1,776		735		12,993	3,018	4,107	
Currency translation1	579		100	(2)	17		(6)	660	406	(34)
Significant items	(48)	47	-		(142)	1		(142)	(55	22	
- disposals, acquisitions and													
investment in new businesses	(4)	-	-		(152)	-		(156)	-	-	
- fair value movement on financial instruments	(51)	46	-		10		1		6	(60	22	
- currency translation on significant items	7		1	-		-		-		8	5	-	
Adjusted1	4,744		6,687	651		1,651		730		13,511	3,369	4,095	
LICs													
Reported	5		(167										