

MINERAL MOUNTAIN MINING & MILLING CO  
Form 10-Q  
November 29, 2018

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND  
EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

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**FORM 10-Q**

**(Mark One)**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2017**

**or**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number: 1-03319**

**Mineral Mountain Mining & Milling Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<b>Idaho</b> <b>(State or Other Jurisdiction of</b> <b>Incorporation or Organization)</b>	<b>82-0144710</b> <b>(I.R.S. Employer</b> <b>Identification Number)</b>
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**Mineral Mountain Mining & Milling Company**

**13 Bow Circle, Suite 170**

**Hilton Head, South Carolina 29928**

**(917) 587-8153**

**(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)**

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**(Former name and former address, if changed since last report)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes    No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).  
Yes    No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act): Yes      No

As of November 27, 2018, there were 65,024,733 shares of the issuer’s common stock outstanding.

**Mineral Mountain Mining & Milling Company**

**Form 10-Q**

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**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****MINERAL MOUNTAIN MINING AND MILLING COMPANY  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	December 31, 2017 (unaudited)	September 30, 2017
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$75,229	\$5,011
Prepaid expense	1,397	
Total Current Assets	76,626	5,011
<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>		
Investment in mineral lease	336,000	336,000
Mineral lease, net	176,818	176,818
Total Other Assets	512,818	512,818
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$589,444</b>	<b>\$517,829</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$—	\$10,803
Accrued interest	3,652	2,350
Accrued lease payments	10,000	20,000
Notes payable - related party	57,000	57,000
Total Current Liabilities	70,652	90,153
<b>LONG TERM LIABILITIES</b>		
Mineral Lease	232,318	212,318
Total Long Term Liabilities	232,318	212,318
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>302,970</b>	<b>302,471</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Preferred stock, \$.10 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 57,516,162 and 53,816,162 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	57,516	53,816
Additional paid-in capital	2,571,987	2,444,186
Accumulated deficit	(2,343,029)	(2,282,645)
Total Stockholders' Equity	286,474	215,357
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$589,444</b>	<b>\$517,829</b>

The accompanying unaudited notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**MINERAL MOUNTAIN MINING AND MILLING COMPANY**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	Three Months Ended December 31	
	2017 (unaudited)	2016 (unaudited)
REVENUES	\$—	\$—
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional fees	14,325	—
General and administrative	44,757	58,337
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	59,082	58,337
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)		
Interest expense	(1,302 )	—
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)	(1,302 )	—
LOSS BEFORE TAXES	(60,384 )	(58,337 )
INCOME TAXES	—	—
NET LOSS	\$(60,384 )	\$(58,337 )
NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE, BASIC AND DILUTED	\$(0.00 )	\$(0.00 )
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON STOCK SHARES OUTSTANDING, BASIC AND DILUTED	55,882,829	51,149,495

The accompanying unaudited notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**MINERAL MOUNTAIN MINING AND MILLING COMPANY**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)(unaudited)	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$(60,384 )	\$(58,337 )
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expense	(1,397 )	—
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(2,200 )	—
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	1,302	—
Net cash used by operating activities	(61,282 )	(58,337 )
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>	—	—
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from sale of common stock and warrants	131,500	20,000
Payment of note payable	—	(1,000 )
Net cash provided by financing activities	131,500	19,000
<b>INCREASE(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>70,218</b>	<b>(39,337 )</b>
Cash, beginning of period	5,011	40,915
Cash, end of period	\$(75,229 )	\$ 1,578
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Interest paid	\$—	\$—
Income taxes paid	\$—	\$—

The accompanying unaudited notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



## **MINERAL MOUNTAIN MINING & MILLING COMPANY**

### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(Unaudited)**

**December 31, 2017**

#### **NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Mineral Mountain Mining and Milling Company (“the Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Idaho on August 4, 1932 and is publicly held. The Company was incorporated for the purpose of mining and exploring for non-ferrous and precious metals, primarily silver, lead and copper. The Company has two wholly owned subsidiaries, Nomadic Gold Mines, Inc. an Alaska corporation and Lander Gold Mines, Inc. a Wyoming corporation. The Company currently holds 36 claim blocks in Alaska, through its subsidiary, Nomadic Gold Mines, Inc.

The foregoing unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for complete financial statements. These unaudited interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim financial statements furnished herein includes all adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim period presented. Operating results for the three month period ended December 31, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending September 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Mineral Mountain Mining & Milling Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The above unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information

Accordingly, these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for complete financial statements and the rules of the SEC. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the

Company's audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements furnished herein include all adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Operating results for the three month period ended December 31, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended September 30, 2018.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments as defined by ASC 825-10-50, include cash, receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses. All instruments are accounted for on a historical cost basis, which, due to the short maturity of these financial instruments, approximates fair value at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The standards under ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FASB ASC 820 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1. Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2. Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3. Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company had mineral leases of \$232,318 measured at fair value at December 31, 2017.

### Going Concern

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has incurred cumulative operating losses since inception. As of December 31, 2017, the Company has limited financial resources with which to achieve its objectives and attain profitability and positive cash flows from operations. As shown in the accompanying balance sheets and statements of operations, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$2,343,029. The Company's working capital is \$5,974.

Achievement of the Company's objectives will depend on its ability to obtain additional financing, to generate revenue from current and planned business operations, and to effectively control operating and capital costs.

The Company plans to fund its future operations by potential sales of its common stock or by issuing debt securities. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to achieve these objectives, therefore substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern exists.

### Provision for Taxes

Income taxes are provided based upon the liability method of accounting pursuant to ASC 740-10-25 *Income Taxes – Recognition*. Under the approach, deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year-end. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets if management does not believe the Company has met the “more likely than not” standard imposed by ASC 740-10-25-5 to allow recognition of such an asset. See Note 5.

### **NOTE 3 – MINING CLAIMS AND LAND**

Alaska Mineral Lease and Option to Purchase

On April 5, 2016, the Company signed a Lease Agreement with Option to Purchase thirty contiguous mining claims known as the Caribou Mining Claims consisting of 4,800 acres in the State of Alaska. The agreement consists of two parts, an option to purchase and until such time as the Option to Purchase is exercised, the Agreement is considered a lease. The Company has chosen to make an early adoption of *ASC 842-Lease*, as a result the Company initially recognized an Investment in Mineral Lease asset of \$336,000, and a Mineral Lease liability of \$336,000, based on the discounted future lease payments. The balance of the Mineral Lease liability was \$232,318 at December 31, 2017 and \$212,318 at September 30, 2017. This was a related party transaction as additional consideration of 11,200,000 shares of common stock were issued to Ben Porterfield making him an affiliate of the Company.

*Option to Purchase*

The Option to Purchase (as amended) may be exercised without pre-payment penalty at any time prior to the ninth anniversary of the effective date of the agreement which would be April 5, 2025 by remitting \$5,000,000. In order to maintain the Option to Purchase the Company must make expenditures for work on the property as follows:

Work Expenditure  
Commitments

Due Before	Amount
December 1, 2019	\$ 150,000
December 1, 2020	250,000
December 1, 2021	500,000
December 1, 2022	1,000,000
December 1, 2023	1,000,000
December 1, 2024	1,000,000
Total	\$ 3,900,000

*Lease*

In order to maintain the Option to Purchase the Company shall make the following lease payments.

Lease Payment Obligations Date Due	Amount
April 5, 2016	\$20,000
April 5, 2016	5,000
April 5, 2019	10,000
April 5, 2020	20,000
April 5, 2021	40,000
April 5, 2022	70,000
April 5, 2023	100,000
Total	\$265,000
Paid during year ended September 30, 2016	25,000
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$240,000
Paid during year ended September 30, 2017	0
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$240,000
Paid during the period ended December 31, 2017	0
Balance at December 31, 2017	240,000

There was additional consideration of 11,200,000 shares of common stock valued at \$336,000 recorded as investment in mineral lease.

In addition, under the agreement a royalty equal to two percent (2%) of the net smelter returns derived by the Company shall be payable, without regard to whether the Option to Purchase has been exercised. No royalties have been incurred as of December 31, 2017.

The parties to the Lease Agreement with Option to Purchase agreed to an amendment on August 17, 2018 modifying the payment schedules to accommodate the Company's efforts to secure additional capital investment for the Caribou Mining Claims resulting in significant savings and flexibility to the Company. See Note 7.

Lewis Mineral Lease and Option to Purchase

On December 18, 2017, the Company signed a Lease Agreement with Option to Purchase sixteen unpatented mining claims known as the Lewiston Claims and three patented mining claims known as the Hidden Hand, Morris and Casselton Claims, located in the State of Wyoming. The agreement consists of two parts, an option to purchase and until such time as the Option to Purchase is exercised, the Agreement is considered a lease.

*Option to Purchase*

The Option to Purchase may be exercised without pre-payment penalty at any time prior to the seventh anniversary of the effective date of the agreement which would be December 14, 2024 by remitting \$1,000,000. In order to maintain the Option to Purchase the Company must make six annual payments all of which will be credited to the purchase price beginning on December 14, 2018 and continuing until December 14, 2023.

*Lease*

In order to maintain the Option to Purchase the Company shall make the following lease payments.

Lease Payment Obligations

Date Due	Amount
June 14, 2018	\$20,000
December 14, 2018	30,000
December 14, 2019	30,000
December 14, 2020	30,000
December 14, 2021	30,000
December 14, 2022	30,000
December 14, 2023	30,000
Total	\$200,000

There was additional consideration of 500,000 warrants to purchase shares of common stock value.

In addition, under the agreement a royalty equal to three percent (3%) of the net smelter returns derived by the Company shall be payable, without regard to whether the Option to Purchase has been exercised. No royalties have been incurred as of December 31, 2017.

The parties to the lease amended the payment schedule to defer \$7,500 in lease payments indefinitely.

**NOTE 4 – COMMON STOCK**

Upon formation the authorized capital of the Company was 2,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$.05, in 1953 the Company increased the authorized capital to 3,000,000 shares of common stock, in 1985 the authorized capital was again increased to 10,000,000 shares of common stock.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued 3,000,000 shares of common stock and 1,000,000 warrants for cash of \$60,000; \$40,000 of this was received during the year ended September 30, 2016; and 2,000,000 shares of common stock for services valued at \$40,000.

The 1,000,000 warrants were issued for cash at an exercise price of \$0.05 and a term of five years. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using the Black Scholes Option Price Calculation. The following assumptions were made to value the warrants on the date of issuance: strike price of \$0.05, risk free interest rate of 1.84%, expected life of five years, and expected volatility of 736.39% with no dividends expected to be issued. The fair value of the warrants totaled \$6,667 at the issuance date and this amount was recorded as equity.

During the three month period ended December 31, 2017, the Company issued 3,700,000 shares of common stock for cash of \$145,000 less \$13,500 in commissions.



The following warrants were outstanding at December 31, 2017:

Warrant Type	Warrants Issued and Unexercised	Exercise Price	Expiration Date
Warrants	1,000,000	\$ 0.05	December 2021

## NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are provided based upon the liability method of accounting pursuant to ASC 740-10-25 *Income Taxes – Recognition*. Under this approach, deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year-end. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets if management does not believe the Company has met the “more likely than not” standard imposed by ASC 740-10-25-5.

Topic 740 in the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC 740) prescribes recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC 740 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. At September 30, 2017 and 2016 the Company had taken no tax positions that would require disclosure under ASC 740.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the State of Idaho. The Company is currently in arrears in filing their federal and tax returns, both jurisdictions statute of limitations of three years does not begin until the tax returns are filed.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for income tax purposes.

Significant components of the deferred tax assets at an anticipated tax rate of 34% for the periods ended December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017 are as follows:

December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
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Net operating loss carryforwards	2,343,029	2,282,645
Deferred tax asset	796,630	776,099
Valuation allowance for deferred asset	(796,630 )	(776,099 )
Net deferred tax asset	—	—

At December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017, the Company has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$2,343,029 and \$2,282,645 which will begin to expire in the year 2031. The change in the allowance account from September 30, 2017 to December 31, 2017 was \$20,531.

#### **NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended September 30, 2016 the Company issued a note payable to a family member of an officer in the amount of \$15,000. \$3,000 was converted to 300,000 shares of common stock and \$5,000 was repaid in cash. The note bears interest at a rate of 10% beginning on July 24, 2016, the balance of principal and interest at December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$8,750 and \$7,227, respectively.

During the year ended September 30, 2017 the Company issued two notes payable to Premium Exploration Mining in the amount of \$35,000 and \$15,000 each having an interest rate of 5%, the balance of principal and interest at December 31, 2017 was \$51,902 and \$0, the companies have directors in common.

A family member of an officer provides consulting services to the Company, during the period ended December 31, 2017, \$4,500 was paid in cash for consulting, during the period ended December 31, 2016 \$7,500 was paid in cash.

#### **NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Mineral Mountain is actively evaluating additional properties for mineral exploitation, is securing additional claims at its existing properties and is seeking additional sources of capital to fund ongoing and prospective mineral development and exploitation operations. The Company's long-term goals are: (i) to develop both properties; (ii) to position the Company for a possible acquisition by a major mining company; and (iii) to pursue other business opportunities, both related and unrelated to our existing mining activities with the view of generating cash flow from operations, which our existing mining activities have not accomplished.

On March 8, 2018, the Company signed a Lease Agreement for three patented mining claims known as the Helen G. (a/k/a Allen G), Mill and Star Lode Claims, located in the State of Wyoming. In order to maintain its lease the Company shall make a \$2,500 advance royalty payments at execution of the agreement and on each yearly anniversary for as long as the agreement is in effect. These advance royalty payments will be credited to the production royalty payments owed above. The failure of the Company to timely tender the advance royalty payment may terminate this lease.

Under the Helen G lease agreement a royalty shall be paid as follows:

If the monthly average per troy ounce of gold is over \$1,500 the royalty shall be 3.5% of net smelter returns.

If the monthly average per troy ounce of gold is greater than \$1,400 but less than \$1,500, the royalty shall be 3.0% of net smelter returns.

If the monthly average per troy ounce of gold is greater than \$1,300 but less than \$1,400, the royalty shall be 2.5% of net smelter returns.

If the monthly average per troy ounce of gold is \$1,300 or less the royalty shall be 2.0% of net smelter returns.

No royalties have been incurred as of November 16, 2018.

On August 17, 2018, the Company agreed to an amendment to Lease Agreement with Option to Purchase, with effect on April 18, 2016, for the Caribou Mining Claims modifying the payment schedules for the lease payments and option to purchase.

The Company entered into an equity line of credit purchase agreement, dated as of October 1, 2018 (the “Equity Purchase Agreement”), by and between the Company and Crown Bridge Partners, LLC, 1173a 2nd Avenue, Suite 126, New York, NY 10065 (the “Investors”) pursuant to which the Company has agreed to issue to the Investors shares of the Company’s Common Stock, \$0.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), in an amount up to Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) (the “Put Shares”), in accordance with the terms of the Equity Purchase Agreement. In connection with the transactions contemplated by the Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company is required to register with the SEC the following shares of Common Stock: (1) 8,000,000 Put Shares to be issued to the Investors upon purchase from the Company by the Investors from time to time pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Equity Purchase Agreement; (2) 1,428,571 shares of Common Stock to be issued by the Company to the Investors as a commitment fee pursuant to the Equity Purchase Agreement; and (3) the Company also has entered into a Registration Rights Agreement, of even date with the Equity Purchase Agreement with the Investors (the “Registration Rights Agreement”) pursuant to which the Company agreed, among other things, to register the Put Shares under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) relating to the resale of the Put Shares.

By Board of Directors resolution dated January 15, 2018, 280,000 warrants were issued for directors fees at an exercise price of \$0.02 and a term of two years. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using the Black Scholes Option Price Calculation. The following assumptions were made to value the warrants on the date of issuance: strike price of \$0.02, risk free interest rate of 1.99%, expected life of two years, and expected volatility of 495.28%. The fair value of the warrants totaled 39,194 at the issuance date and this amount was recorded as equity. Also during the first quarter period 60,000 options were exercised at a price of \$.02 for cash in the amount of \$1,200.00 by Director Felix Keller. Additionally, the Board of Directors resolution approved an annual salary of \$195,000 for the CEO and Chairman, Sheldon Karasik.

There were sales of equity securities by the Company after the quarter ended December 31, 2017 as identified below.

There were additional private placement sales of common equity securities by the Company during the year ending September 30, 2018 as identified below (from January 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018). The sales were completed pursuant to a Form D offering filed on or about February 25, 2018. By Board resolution, the following shares were issued and sold in the year ending September 30, 2018 for a price up to \$0.05 per share, to each of the following:

Date of Sale	Recipient Name	Shares Issued
2/9/2018	Felix Keller	440,000
2/15/2018	Richard Schaper	100,000
2/28/2018	Adam Burlock	20,000
3/8/2018	Jacob Karasik	100,000
4/10/2018	Jacob Karasik	200,000
5/2/2018	Sheldon Karasik	500,000
6/21/2018	Sheldon Karasik	500,000
6/21/2018	Jonathan Ogle	200,000
6/30/2018	Sheldon Karasik	500,000
8/20/2018	Stillmont Advisors	625,000
8/30/2018	Jonathan Ogle	200,000
9/12/2018	Francia Gomez	600,000
9/13/2018	Encore Tickets	250,000

By Board resolution, the following shares were issued and sold from October 1, 2018 through to the filing of this 10-Q for a price of \$0.04 or \$0.05 per share, to each of the following:

Date of Sale	Recipient Name	Shares Issued
10/1/2018	Francia Gomez	400,000
10/22/2018	Stillmont Advisors	625,000
10/22/2018	Jonathan Ogle	400,000
10/24/2018	Jeffery Ogle	400,000

The following shares were issued during the year ending September 30, 2018 and through to the filing of this 10-Q for services rendered as follows:

Date of Issue	Recipient Name	Shares Issued
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1/5/2018	Peter Papasavas – legal services	250,000
2/9/2018	Felix Keller - conversion of warrant	60,000
4/24/2018	Peter Papasavas – legal services	50,000
11/13/2018	Peter Papasavas – legal services	200,000

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date the financial statements were issued.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### General

*The following discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of our operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the notes to those statements. In addition to historical financial information, this discussion contains forward-looking statements reflecting our management's current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Consolidated Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on April 25, 2018.*

### Company Goals and Objectives

Mineral Mountain currently has leases and staked claims at two properties, the Iditarod Gold Project in Flat, Alaska and Lewiston, in Fremont County, Wyoming near the South Pass. Flat is Alaska's third largest placer gold district. Mineral Mountain, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Nomadic Gold Mines, Inc., has leases on thirty claim blocks and has separately staked thirty-six claims adjacent thereto. All of the property is on State of Alaska land.

Mineral Mountain also has two leases through its wholly owned subsidiary, Lander Gold Mines, Inc., near Lewiston, Wyoming. In total, it has leases on twenty-two claim blocks (six patented and sixteen unpatented). Aside from the six patented claims, the remainder of the leased claims includes land managed by the Bureau of Land Management. The leased claims are within close proximity to a permitted mill available for processing on a per ton basis.

The Company's goals are: (i) to develop both properties; (ii) to position the Company for a possible acquisition by a major mining company, and (iii) to pursue other business opportunities both related and unrelated to our existing mining activities. In the event that the Company seeks to pursue new business opportunities unrelated to our existing activities, any such efforts will be with the view of hopefully generating cash flow from operations, which our existing mining activities have not accomplished. The short-term goal is to raise funds privately for the immediate development of the Hidden Hand Mine, one of the patented claim blocks the Company leases on the Wyoming property. We estimate that the budget for doing so is \$1,804,000; \$1,573,000 of that would be for development costs and \$231,000 of that would be for operating costs. To the extent commercial mineralization is located and exploited, any resulting profits would then be invested in the development of the Iditarod Gold Project. The two year operational budget for that Project is expected to amount to \$2,970,000.

## Overview

Mineral Mountain is an early stage mineral exploration company. Our primary expenditures at this stage consist of payment of various governmental fees to maintain the priority of our unpatented mining claims, payment of our debt service, payment of exploration services, payment of accounting and legal fees, and general office expenses.

Mineral Mountain's losses for the three months ended December 31, 2017 was \$60,384. The loss is due primarily to: general and administrative expenses of \$44,757 and legal and professional fees of \$14,325

Mineral Mountain's primary, near term business objective is to raise sufficient capital to retain Mineral Mountain's current mineral properties, to explore them and acquire additional projects, to pay general and administrative expenses, and to pursue other business opportunities both related and unrelated to our existing mining activities. In the event that the Company seeks to pursue new business opportunities unrelated to our existing activities, any such efforts will be with the view of hopefully generating cash flow from operations, which our existing mining activities have not accomplished.

Mineral Mountain has budgeted approximately \$300,000 for the year ending September 30, 2018 to cover Mineral Mountain's accounting and legal fees and general and administrative expenses. Mineral Mountain also estimates that approximately \$250,000 (including lease and claim payments and contractually required work commitments) will be required to fund our operations for the next 12 months assuming minimal exploration activities and excluding the cost of acquisitions.

Mineral Mountain has substantial operational commitments to fund in order to maintain Mineral Mountain's land holdings. This includes work commitments and lease payment obligations of \$5,240,000 over the course of eight years to maintain the Lease Agreement and Option to Purchase for the State of Alaska claims previously described in this document.



During the three months ended December 31, 2017, our principal sources of liquidity included cash received from sales of our common stock. We intend to raise new capital in the form of new equity or debt to further advance objectives. Net cash used by operating activities totaled \$61,282 for the three month period ending December 31, 2017. Net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$131,500 for the three month period ending December 31, 2017.

Because Mineral Mountain does not anticipate earning revenues from mining operations in the near future, Mineral Mountain must seek additional financing from the public or private debt or equity markets to continue to protect Mineral Mountain's properties and to continue exploring and acquiring additional projects. Further, there can be no assurance that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to Mineral Mountain.

As reflected in our accompanying financial statements, we have limited cash, negative working capital, no revenues and an accumulated deficit of \$2,343,029 at December 31, 2017. These factors indicate that we may be unable to continue in existence in the absence of receiving additional funding. In addition to our operating expenses which average approximately \$40,000 per month, management's plans for the next twelve months include approximately \$2,500,000 of cash expenditures for exploration activity on the Iditarod and Wyoming properties. However, we are actively seeking additional capital. We believe that we will generate sufficient cash from a public or private debt or equity financing in order for the Company to continue to operate based on current expense projections. Nevertheless, we are unable to provide assurances that it will be successful in obtaining sufficient sources of capital. If we fail to raise the necessary funds to continue operations we might be required to significantly reduce the scope or completely cease our operations.

## **Results of Operations**

### ***For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2017 compared with Three Months Ended December 31, 2016***

#### ***Net Loss***

Net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2017 was \$60,384 compared to net loss of \$58,337 for the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Operating expenses of \$59,082 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 included general and administrative fees of \$44,757 and professional fees of \$14,325. Operating expenses of \$58,337 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 consist of general and administrative expense of \$58,337.

### ***Revenues***

We recorded no revenues for either the three months ended December 31, 2017 or the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Although we continue to engage in negotiations regarding mineral leasing arrangements, pursue a carefully focused development program, and conduct other activities intended to eventually produce operational revenue in the future, no revenue was recognizable for the periods presented.

### ***General and Administrative Expenses***

Total general and administrative expenses decreased to \$44,757 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$58,337 for the three months ended December 31, 2016.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our current assets were \$76,626 at December 31, 2017. Working capital was \$5,974 as of December 31, 2017. We believe we have the ability to manage our expenses while we invest in growing our top line and therefore believe that the Company's cash and cash equivalents are sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for at least the next twelve months from the issuance date of this filing.

Cash used in operating activities was approximately \$61,282 for three months ended December 31, 2017, as compared to \$58,337 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. Cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$131,500 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$19,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2016.

### **Contractual Obligations**

Other than lease obligations stated above, as of December 31, 2017, we have debts owed of approximately:

\$8,750 to John J Ryan, the son of Mineral Mountain's Vice President; and

\$51,902.16 to Premium Exploration (USA), Inc., a Nevada corporation. Premium Exploration is a company of which Mr. Ryan is President and is also in the mineral exploration and development business.

In total, we borrowed \$65,000 from Mr. Ryan and entities or his affiliates of which \$57,000 in principal is outstanding. This amount bears interest at a rate between 5% and 10% per annum.

### **Dividend Policy**

We have never declared or paid, and do not anticipate declaring or paying, any cash dividends on any of our capital stock. We do not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future, and we currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings for use in the operation of our business and to finance the growth and development of our business. Future determinations as to the declaration and payment of dividends, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on then-existing conditions, including our operating results, financial condition, contractual restrictions, capital requirements, business prospects and other factors our board of directors may deem relevant. Our loan agreements limit our ability to pay dividends or make other distributions or payments on account of our common stock, in each case subject to certain exceptions.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company has not undertaken any off-balance sheet transactions or arrangements. We have no guarantees or obligations other than those which arise out of normal business operations.

### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2 to our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2017, included elsewhere in this document.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, and the related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The Company's significant estimates and assumptions include stock-based compensation, the valuation allowance related to the Company's deferred tax assets revenue recognition, and establishing the fair value of its investments.

## Recent Developments

In the one year since Mr. Karasik has taken over as CEO and Chairman, the Company has made significant strides forward. An advantageous lease was executed for the Gyorvary Property, and the Company acquired through its wholly owned subsidiary additional claims at the Lewiston, Wyoming site. The Company is actively pursuing the staking of additional property adjacent to the Gyorvary Property. Significantly, the Company's financial obligations for calendar year 2018 have been substantially reduced from what they were in the audited period. The Company has also improved its position in part by raising, during Mr. Karasik's brief tenure, more than \$400,000 in an ongoing private offering and the Company gained listing on the OTCQB exchange.

The Company entered into an equity line of credit purchase agreement, dated as of October 1, 2018 (the "Equity Purchase Agreement"), by and between the Company and Crown Bridge Partners, LLC, 1173a 2nd Avenue, Suite 126, New York, NY 10065 (the "Investors") pursuant to which the Company has agreed to issue to the Investors shares of the Company's Common Stock, \$0.001 par value (the "Common Stock"), in an amount up to Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) (the "Put Shares"), in accordance with the terms of the Equity Purchase Agreement. In connection with the transactions contemplated by the Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company is required to register with the SEC the following shares of Common Stock: (1) 8,000,000 Put Shares to be issued to the Investors upon purchase from the Company by the Investors from time to time pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Equity Purchase Agreement; (2) 1,428,571 shares of Common Stock to be issued by the Company to the Investors as a commitment fee pursuant to the Equity Purchase Agreement; and (3) the Company also has entered into a Registration Rights Agreement, of even date with the Equity Purchase Agreement with the Investors (the "Registration Rights Agreement") pursuant to which the Company agreed, among other things, to register the Put Shares under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") relating to the resale of the Put Shares.

The net proceeds of the revolving credit line will be used for general corporate purposes, which may include (i) acquisitions, (ii) refinancing or repayment of indebtedness, (iii) capital expenditures and working capital, (iv) investing in equipment and property development (which may include funding associated with exploration), and (v) pursuing other business opportunities both related and unrelated to our existing mining activities. In the event that we seek to pursue new business opportunities unrelated to our existing activities using proceeds from the Equity Purchase Agreement, or from other sources, whether through debt or equity, of which there can be no assurance, we may be required to engage the services of third-parties to assist us in pursuing any potential new opportunities. Any such efforts will be with the view of hopefully generating cash flow from operations, which our existing mining activities have not accomplished.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

##### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of December 31, 2017, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and participation of management including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act.

The management of the Company assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting established in SEC guidance on conducting such assessments. Based on this assessment, management determined that, during the quarter ended December 31, 2017, our internal controls and procedures require additional improvement due to deficiencies in the design or operation of the Company's internal controls. Management identified the following areas of improvement in internal controls over financial reporting:

1. The Company had limited segregation of duties, which is not consistent with good internal control procedures.
2. The Company did not have a written internal control procedural manual which outlines the duties and reporting requirements of the Directors and any staff to be hired in the future. This lack of a written internal control procedural manual does not meet the requirements of the SEC or good internal controls.
3. The Company should improve maintenance and access to a centralized location for current and historical business records.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

We have evaluated our internal control over financial reporting, and there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls for the quarter ended December 31, 2017.

## **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are not currently a party to nor are we aware of any threatened or ongoing legal proceedings against the Company. Nonetheless, it is possible that from time to time in the ordinary course of business we may be involved in legal proceedings or investigations, which could have an adverse impact on our reputation, business and financial condition and divert the attention of our management from the operation of our business. However, we are not aware of any such legal proceedings or investigations and, in the opinion of our Board of Directors, legal proceedings are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Securities and Use of Proceeds**

There were sales of common equity securities by the Company through private placements with accredited or financially sophisticated investors during the quarter ending December 31, 2017 as identified below. By Board resolution, the following shares were issued and sold in the quarter ending December 31, 2017 for a price up to \$0.05 per share, to each of the following:

Date of Sale	Recipient Name	Aggregate Offering Price	Consideration Received by Registrant	Shares Issued
10/25/2017	Sheldon Karasik	common at .01 per share	\$ 10,000	1,000,000
11/5/2017	Jonathan Ogle	common at .05 per share	\$ 10,000	200,000
11/7/2017	Jacob Karasik	common at .05 per share	\$ 5,000	100,000
11/7/2017	Jeffery Ogle	common at .05 per share	\$ 10,000	200,000
12/4/2017	Jeffery Ogle	common at .05 per share	\$ 10,000	200,000
12/20/2017	Manuel Reyero	common at .05 per share	\$ 100,000	2,000,000

Through this private placement, the securities were offered without any general solicitation by us or our representatives. No underwriters or agents were involved in the foregoing issuances and grant and we paid no underwriting discounts or commissions. The securities sold are subject to transfer restrictions, and the certificates evidencing the securities contain an appropriate legend stating that such securities have not been registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold absent registration or pursuant to an exemption there from. The securities were not registered under the Securities Act and such securities may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws.



**Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities**

None

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

None

**Item 5. Other Information**

None

**Item 6. Exhibits**

The following is a list of exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

**Exhibit No.**

31.1            Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1            Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**Mineral Mountain Mining & Milling Company**

Dated: November 28,  
2018

By: /s/ Sheldon Karasik

Sheldon Karasik  
Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer and  
Accounting Officer)