

EAGLE MATERIALS INC
Form 10-Q
October 30, 2018

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended

September 30, 2018

Commission File Number 1-12984

EAGLE MATERIALS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State of Incorporation)

75-2520779 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3811 Turtle Creek Blvd., Suite 1100, Dallas, Texas 75219 (Address of principal executive offices)

(214) 432-2000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company,” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.)

Yes No

As of October 26, 2018, the number of outstanding shares of common stock was:

Class	Outstanding Shares
Common Stock, \$.01 Par Value	46,889,378

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EAGLE MATERIALS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)			
Revenue	\$381,499	\$376,315	\$775,255	\$742,436
Cost of Goods Sold	283,568	279,561	585,690	559,623
Gross Profit	97,931	96,754	189,565	182,813
Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Joint Venture	10,173	11,955	19,424	21,831
Corporate General and Administrative Expense	(9,922)	(9,821)	(17,925)	(19,500)
Litigation Settlements and Losses	—	—	(1,800)	—
Other Non-Operating Income	428	887	999	1,644
Interest Expense, Net	(6,817)	(7,456)	(13,449)	(14,939)
Earnings before Income Taxes	91,793	92,319	176,814	171,849
Income Taxes	(19,190)	(28,957)	(37,872)	(53,605)
Net Earnings	72,603	63,362	138,942	118,244
EARNINGS PER SHARE				
Basic	\$1.54	\$1.32	\$2.93	\$2.46
Diluted	\$1.53	\$1.31	\$2.90	\$2.43
AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING				
Basic	47,219,532	48,053,733	47,453,655	48,087,625
Diluted	47,563,818	48,504,767	47,853,472	48,579,984
CASH DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.20	\$0.20

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

EAGLE MATERIALS INC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Net Earnings	\$72,603	\$63,362	\$138,942	\$118,244
Net Actuarial Change in Defined Benefit Plans:				
Amortization of net actuarial loss	73	314	146	628
Tax expense	(17)	(117)	(34)	(234)
Comprehensive Earnings	\$72,659	\$63,559	\$139,054	\$118,638

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

EAGLE MATERIALS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

	September 30,	March 31,
	2018	2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
ASSETS		
Current Assets -		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,002	\$ 9,315
Restricted Cash	—	38,753
Accounts and Notes Receivable, net	174,550	141,685
Inventories	238,869	258,159
Income Tax Receivable	5,924	5,750
Prepaid and Other Assets	7,751	5,073
Total Current Assets	437,096	458,735
Property, Plant, and Equipment -	2,636,249	2,586,528
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,011,511)	(991,229)
Property, Plant, and Equipment, net	1,624,738	1,595,299
Notes Receivable	3,144	115
Investment in Joint Venture	60,482	60,558
Goodwill and Intangible Assets, net	237,738	239,342
Other Assets	16,314	13,954
Total Assets	\$ 2,379,512	\$ 2,368,003
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities -		
Accounts Payable	\$ 92,479	\$ 73,459
Accrued Liabilities	62,223	105,870
Total Current Liabilities	154,702	179,329
Long-term Debt	631,257	620,922
Other Long-term Liabilities	31,099	31,096
Deferred Income Taxes	129,851	118,966
Total Liabilities	946,909	950,313
Stockholders' Equity –		
Preferred Stock, Par Value \$0.01; Authorized 5,000,000 Shares; None Issued	—	—
Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01; Authorized 100,000,000 Shares;		
Issued and Outstanding 47,189,378 and 48,282,784 Shares, respectively	472	483
Capital in Excess of Par Value	7,752	122,379
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Losses	(3,900)	(4,012)
Retained Earnings	1,428,279	1,298,840
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,432,603	1,417,690
	\$ 2,379,512	\$ 2,368,003

See notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

EAGLE MATERIALS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Earnings	\$ 138,942	\$ 118,244
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided		
by Operating Activities, Net of Effect of Non-Cash Activity -		
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	62,176	59,253
Deferred Income Tax Provision	10,851	1,077
Stock Compensation Expense	7,559	7,235
Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Joint Venture	(19,424)	(21,831)
Distributions from Joint Venture	19,500	17,500
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts and Notes Receivable	(35,894)	(30,361)
Inventories	19,290	13,856
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	(24,399)	(14,905)
Other Assets	(3,551)	2,202
Income Taxes Payable (Receivable)	(174)	478
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	174,876	152,748
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to Property, Plant, and Equipment	(93,444)	(44,851)
Acquisition Spending	—	(36,761)
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant, and Equipment	2,281	—
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(91,163)	(81,612)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (Decrease) in Credit Facility	10,000	(30,000)
Dividends Paid to Stockholders	(9,582)	(9,709)
Purchase and Retirement of Common Stock	(122,404)	(24,903)
Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises	1,992	20,426
Shares Redeemed to Settle Employee Taxes on Stock Compensation	(1,785)	(2,455)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(121,779)	(46,641)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	(38,066)	24,495
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	48,068	6,561
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 10,002	\$ 31,056

See notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

EAGLE MATERIALS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited)

	Accumulated				Total
	Capital in		Other		
	Common	Excess of	Retained	Comprehensive	
	Stock	Par Value	Earnings	Losses	
	(dollars in thousands)				
Balance at March 31, 2017	\$485	\$149,014	\$1,061,347	\$ (7,396)) \$1,203,450
Net Earnings	—	—	256,632	—	256,632
Stock Option Exercises and Restricted Share Vesting	3	24,261	—	—	24,264
Purchase and Retirement of Common Stock	(5)	(61,073)	—	—	(61,078)
Dividends to Stockholders	—	—	(19,404)	—	(19,404)
Stock Compensation Expense	—	14,079	—	—	14,079
Cumulative Impact of the Adoption of ASU 2016-09	—	713	(713)	—	—
Reclassification of Income Tax Effects to Retained Earnings	—	—	978	(978)	—
Shares Redeemed to Settle Employee Taxes	—	(4,974)	—	—	(4,974)
Other	—	359	—	—	359
Unfunded Pension Liability, net of tax	—	—	—	4,362	4,362
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$483	\$122,379	\$1,298,840	\$ (4,012)) \$1,417,690
Net Earnings	—	—	138,942	—	138,942
Stock Option Exercises and Restricted Share Vesting	—	1,992	—	—	1,992
Purchase and Retirement of Common Stock	(12)	(122,392)	—	—	(122,404)
Dividends to Stockholders	—	—	(9,503)	—	(9,503)
Stock Compensation Expense	1	7,558	—	—	7,559
Shares Redeemed to Settle Employee Taxes	—	(1,785)	—	—	(1,785)
Unfunded Pension Liability, net of tax	—	—	—	112	112
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$472	\$7,752	\$1,428,279	\$ (3,900)) \$1,432,603

See notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Eagle Materials Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

(A) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 include the accounts of Eagle Materials Inc. and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the Company, us, or we) and have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 23, 2018.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the information in the following unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been included. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

RECENTLY ADOPTED

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605)," and requires entities to recognize revenue in a way that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. We adopted the new standard on April 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. The adoption of this standard did not affect our consolidated financial statements. We have included expanded disclosure of our revenue recognition policies in Footnote (C) to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, "Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost," which revises the accounting for periodic pension and postretirement expense. This ASU requires net periodic benefit cost, with the exception of service cost, to be presented retrospectively as nonoperating expense. Service cost will remain a component of Cost of Goods Sold and represent the only cost of pension and postretirement expense eligible for capitalization. We adopted the standard on April 1, 2018 using the retrospective method for presentation of service cost and other components in the income statement. We prospectively adopted the requirement to limit the capitalization of benefit cost to the service cost component. The impact of adopting this standard was not material to our financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04 “Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment,” which eliminates the second step of the goodwill impairment test. Under the new standard, an entity should recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds the reporting unit’s fair value. This standard is effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2021. We adopted this standard effective April 1, 2018, and it will be effective for annual goodwill impairment tests in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019.

PENDING ADOPTION

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, “Leases,” which supersedes existing lease guidance to require lessees to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by long term leases and to disclose additional quantitative and qualitative information about leasing arrangements. The standard will be effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2020, and we will adopt the standard using the modified retrospective approach. We are currently assessing the impact of the ASU on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures, as well as our internal lease accounting processes.

In January 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-01, “Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842.” This ASU permits the Company to elect not to evaluate under the new lease guidance land easements that existed or expired before the adoption of the ASU 2016-02 and that were not previously accounted for as leases. We will adopt ASU 2018-01 concurrently with the adoption of ASU 2016-02 in the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

(B) CASH FLOW INFORMATION—SUPPLEMENTAL

Cash payments made for interest were \$13.9 million and \$14.6 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Net payments made for federal and state income taxes during the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$27.4 million and \$52.4 million, respectively.

We have excluded approximately \$5.2 million of non-cash investing activities from the September 30, 2017 Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The amounts excluded related to fixed asset additions that were accrued at September 30, 2017, and paid during October 2017.

(C) REVENUE

On April 1, 2018, we adopted the new accounting standard ASU 2014-09 (Topic 606), “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” and all the related amendments to contracts using the modified retrospective method. The adoption of ASU 2014-09 had no impact on our financial statements at the time of the adoption.

We earn Revenue primarily from the sale of products, which include cement, concrete, aggregates, gypsum wallboard, recycled paperboard, and frac sand. The vast majority of Revenue from the sale of cement, concrete, aggregates, and gypsum wallboard are originated by purchase orders from our customers, who are primarily third-party contractors and suppliers. Revenue from our Recycled Paperboard and Oil and Gas Proppants segments is generated primarily through long-term supply agreements that mature between 2018 and 2025. We also earn Revenue from transload services and storage; we recognize Revenue from these services when the product is transferred from the rail car to the truck or silo, or from the silo to the railcar or truck. We invoice customers upon shipment, and our collection terms range from 30-65 days. Revenue from the sale of cement, concrete, aggregates, and gypsum wallboard that is not related to long-term supply agreements is recognized upon shipment of the related products to customers, which is when title and ownership are transferred and the customer is obligated to pay.

Revenue from sales under our long-term supply agreements is also recognized upon transfer of control to the customer, which generally occurs at the time the product is shipped from the production facility or transload location. Our long-term supply agreements with customers define, among other commitments, the volume of product that we must provide and the volume that the customer must purchase by the end of the defined periods. Pricing structures under our agreements are generally market based but are subject to certain contractual adjustments. Historically the pricing and volume requirements under certain of these contracts have been renegotiated during volatile market

conditions. Shortfall amounts, if applicable under these arrangements, are constrained and not recognized as Revenue until agreement is reached with the customer and not subject to the risk of reversal.

The Company offers certain of its customers, including those with long term supply agreements, rebates and incentives, which we treat as variable consideration. We adjust the amount of revenue recognized for the variable

consideration using the most likely amount method based on past history and projected volumes in the rebate and incentive period. Any amounts billed to customers for taxes are excluded from Revenue.

The Company has elected to treat freight and delivery charges we pay for the delivery of goods to our customers as a fulfillment activity rather than a separate performance obligation. When we arrange for a third party to deliver products to customers, fees for shipping and handling that are billed to the customer are recorded as Revenue, while costs we incur for shipping and handling are recorded as expenses and included in Cost of Goods Sold.

Other Non-Operating Income includes lease and rental income, asset sale income, non-inventoried aggregates sales income, distribution center income, and trucking income, as well as other miscellaneous revenue items and costs that have not been allocated to a business segment.

See Footnote (M) to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for disaggregation of Revenue by segment.

(D) ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Accounts and Notes Receivable have been shown net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9.1 million and \$8.6 million at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition and generally require no collateral from our customers. The allowance for non-collection of receivables is based upon analysis of economic trends in the construction industry, detailed analysis of the expected collectability of accounts receivable that are past due and the expected collectability of overall receivables. We have no significant credit risk concentration among our diversified customer base.

We had Notes Receivable totaling approximately \$3.8 million at September 30, 2018, of which approximately \$0.7 million has been classified as current and presented with Accounts Receivable on the balance sheet. We lend funds to certain companies in the ordinary course of business, and the notes bear interest, on average, at 4.5%. Remaining unpaid amounts, plus accrued interest, mature in fiscal 2025. The notes are collateralized by certain assets of the borrowers, namely property and equipment, and are generally payable monthly. We monitor the credit risk of each borrower by assessing the timeliness of payments, credit history, credit metrics, and our ongoing interactions with each borrower.

(E) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the six months ended September 30, 2018, we repurchased 1,239,100 shares at an average price of \$98.77. Subsequent to September 30, 2018, we repurchased an additional 300,000 shares through October 26, 2018, at an average price of \$80.15. Including the repurchases subsequent to September 30, 2018, we have authorization to purchase an additional 2,650,328 shares.

(F) INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost (including applicable material, labor, depreciation, and plant overhead) or net realizable value, and consist of the following:

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
Raw Materials and Materials-in-Progress	\$ 105,943	\$ 121,628

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Finished Cement	24,003	24,089
Aggregates	7,309	7,787
Gypsum Wallboard	7,612	8,477
Paperboard	9,793	8,602
Frac Sand	2,729	1,696
Repair Parts and Supplies	76,048	79,878
Fuel and Coal	5,432	6,002
	\$238,869	\$258,159

(G) ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued Expenses consist of the following:

	September 30,	March 31
	2018	2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
Payroll and Incentive Compensation	\$21,199	\$25,290
Benefits	13,076	13,785
Interest	3,852	3,852
Property Taxes	8,292	5,422
Power and Fuel	1,473	1,545
Litigation Settlements	345	45,098
Rail Freight	2,012	—
Legal	2,185	1,435
Sales and Use Tax	929	890
Other	8,860	8,553
	\$62,223	\$105,870

(H) Share-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

On August 7, 2013, our stockholders approved the Eagle Materials Inc. Amended and Restated Incentive Plan (the Plan), which increased the shares we are authorized to issue as awards by 3,000,000 (1,500,000 of which may be stock awards). Under the terms of the Plan, we can issue equity awards, including stock options, restricted stock units (RSUs), restricted stock, and stock appreciation rights to employees of the Company and members of the Board of Directors. Awards that were already outstanding prior to the approval of the Plan on August 7, 2013 remain outstanding. The Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors specifies the terms for grants of equity awards under the Plan.

Long-Term Compensation Plans**OPTIONS**

In May 2018, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the granting to certain officers and key employees an aggregate of 62,179 performance vesting stock options that will be earned only if certain performance conditions are satisfied (the Fiscal 2019 Employee Performance Stock Option Grant). The performance criteria for the Fiscal 2019 Employee Performance Stock Option Grant is based upon the achievement of certain levels of return on equity (as defined in the option agreements), ranging from 10.0% to 20.0%, for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. All stock options will be earned if the return on equity is 20.0% or greater, and the percentage of shares earned will be reduced proportionately to approximately 66.7% if the return on equity is 10.0%. If the Company does not achieve a return on equity of at least 10.0%, all stock options granted will be forfeited. Following any such reduction, restrictions on the earned stock options will lapse ratably over four years, with the initial fourth lapsing promptly following the determination date, and the remaining restrictions lapsing on March 31, 2020 through 2022. The stock options have a term of ten years from the date of grant. The Compensation Committee also approved

the granting to the same officers and key employees of 51,814 time vesting stock options, which vest ratably over four years (the Fiscal 2019 Employee Time Vesting Stock Option Grant).

In August 2018, we granted 1,741 options to members of the Board of Directors (the Fiscal 2019 Board of Directors Stock Option Grant). Options granted under the Fiscal 2019 Board of Directors Stock Option Grant vest immediately and can be exercised from the date of the grant until their expiration of the tenth anniversary of the date of grant.

The Fiscal 2019 Employee Performance Stock Option Grant, the Fiscal 2019 Employee Time Vesting Stock Option Grant, and the Fiscal 2019 Board of Directors Stock Option Grant were valued at the grant date using the

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Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes models to value the option awards in fiscal 2019 are as follows:

	2018
Dividend Yield	1.3 %
Expected Volatility	32.7 %
Risk Free Interest Rate	2.9 %
Expected Life	6.0 years

Stock option expense for all outstanding stock option awards totaled approximately \$1.0 million and \$2.1 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately \$1.3 million and \$2.2 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. At September 30, 2018, there was approximately \$8.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to outstanding stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.7 years.

The following table represents stock option activity for the six months ended September 30, 2018:

	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding Options at Beginning of Year	958,136	\$ 72.52
Granted	115,734	\$ 106.14
Exercised	(35,454)	\$ 110.89
Cancelled	(2,197)	\$ 100.88
Outstanding Options at End of Year	1,036,219	\$ 76.77
Options Exercisable at End of Year	698,207	\$ 69.16
Weighted Average Fair Value of Options Granted during the Year		\$ 33.99

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at September 30, 2018:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average	Weighted Average	Number of Shares	Weighted Average
	Outstanding	Remaining	Exercise	Outstanding	Exercise
		Contractual	Price		Price

		Life			
\$23.17 - \$29.84	65,912	2.85	\$ 23.27	65,912	\$ 23.27
\$33.43 - \$37.34	84,582	3.71	\$ 33.98	84,582	\$ 33.98
\$53.22 - \$77.67	293,163	6.57	\$ 71.27	188,311	\$ 70.56
\$79.73 - \$106.24	592,562	7.50	\$ 91.55	359,402	\$ 85.12
	1,036,219	6.63	\$ 76.77	698,207	\$ 69.16

At September 30, 2018, the aggregate intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable options was approximately \$8.8 million and \$11.2 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended September 30, 2018 was approximately \$1.9 million.

RESTRICTED STOCK

In May 2018, the Compensation Committee approved the granting to certain officers and key employees an aggregate of 57,756 shares of performance vesting restricted stock that will be earned if certain performance conditions are satisfied (the Fiscal 2019 Employee Restricted Stock Performance Award). The performance criteria for the Fiscal 2019 Employee Restricted Stock Performance Award is based upon the achievement of certain levels of return on equity (as defined in the award agreement), ranging from 10.0% to 20.0%, for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. All restricted shares will be earned if the return on equity is 20.0% or greater, and the percentage of shares earned will be reduced proportionately to approximately 66.7% if the return on equity is 10.0%. If the Company does not achieve a return on equity of at least 10.0%, all awards will be forfeited. Following any such reduction, restrictions on the earned shares will lapse ratably over four years, with the initial fourth lapsing promptly following the determination date, and the remaining restrictions lapsing on March 31, 2020

through 2022. The Compensation Committee also approved the granting to the same officers and key employees of 48,130 shares of time vesting restricted stock, which vest ratably over four years (the Fiscal 2019 Employee Restricted Stock Time Vesting Award). The Fiscal 2019 Employee Restricted Stock Performance Award and the Fiscal 2019 Employee Restricted Stock Time Vesting Award were valued at the closing price of the stock on the date of grant and are being expensed over a four year period.

In August 2018, we granted 15,950 shares of restricted stock to members of the Board of Directors (the Board of Directors Fiscal 2019 Restricted Stock Award), which vest six months after the grant date. The Board of Directors Fiscal 2019 Restricted Stock Award was valued at the closing price of the stock at the date of the grant and are being expensed over a six-month period.

The fair value of restricted stock is based on the stock price at the date of grant. The following table summarizes the activity for nonvested restricted shares during the six months ended September 30, 2018:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Restricted Stock Beginning of Year	328,059	\$ 65.76
Granted	121,836	\$ 105.13
Vested	(46,686)	\$ 61.50
Forfeited	(1,990)	\$ 100.88
Nonvested Restricted Stock at End of Year	401,219	\$ 78.29

During the six months ended September 30, 2018, the weighted average grant date fair value of restricted shares granted was \$105.13.

Expense related to restricted shares was approximately \$3.1 million and \$5.5 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately \$2.5 million and \$5.0 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. At September 30, 2018, there was approximately \$24.5 million of unearned compensation from restricted stock, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.4 years.

The number of shares available for future grants of stock options, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, and restricted stock under the Plan was 3,984,117 at September 30, 2018.

(I) COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted common shares outstanding is as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Weighted Average Shares of Common Stock Outstanding	47,219,532	48,053,733	47,453,655	48,087,625
Effect of Dilutive Shares:				
Assumed Exercise of Outstanding Dilutive Options	785,848	1,060,209	807,861	1,159,975

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Less Shares Repurchased from Proceeds of Assumed				
Exercised Options	(588,900)	(801,684)	(580,350)	(865,203)
Restricted Stock Units	147,338	192,509	172,306	197,587
Weighted Average Common Stock and Dilutive Securities				
Outstanding	47,563,818	48,504,767	47,853,472	48,579,984
Shares Excluded Due to Anti-dilution Effects	181,412	88,729	163,450	76,044

(J) PENSION AND EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

We sponsor several defined benefit pension plans and defined contribution plans which together cover substantially all our employees. Benefits paid under the defined benefit plans covering certain hourly employees are based on years of service and the employee's qualifying compensation over the last few years of employment.

The following table shows the components of net periodic cost for our plans:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Service Cost - Benefits Earned During the Period	\$ 100	\$ 153	\$ 200	\$ 404
Interest Cost of Projected Benefit Obligation	337	357	674	753
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(463)	(578)	(926)	(980)
Recognized Net Actuarial Loss	58	46	116	473
Amortization of Prior-Service Cost	15	60	30	150
Net Periodic Pension Cost	\$47	\$38	\$94	\$800

(K) INCOME TAXES

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Act) was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Act, among other changes, reduces the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, allows for the immediate 100% deductibility of certain capital expenditures, repeals the domestic production deduction, and further limits the deductibility of certain executive compensation.

In December 2017, we recorded a tax benefit after the initial assessment of the tax effects of the Act, and we will continue refining this amount throughout December 2018. We are still analyzing certain aspects of the Act and refining our calculations, which could potentially affect the measurement of our deferred tax balance or give rise to new deferred tax amounts through December 2018. The impact of the Act may differ from our estimate due to changes in the regulations, rulings, guidance, and interpretations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the FASB, as well as interpretations and assumptions made by the Company.

The calculation of our estimated annual effective tax rate includes the estimated impact of provisions of the Act, including limitations on the deductibility of certain executive compensation. Such estimates could change as additional information becomes available on these provisions of the Tax Act.

Income taxes for the interim period presented have been included in the accompanying financial statements on the basis of an estimated annual effective tax rate. In addition to the amount of tax resulting from applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to pre-tax income, we will, when appropriate, include certain items treated as discrete events to arrive at an estimated overall tax amount. The tax rate for the six months ended September 30, 2018 was approximately 21%, which was lower than the tax rate of 31% for the six months ended September 30, 2017. The decline in the rate was primarily due to the passage of the Act and the corresponding changes in U.S. tax law mentioned above.

(L) LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

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	September 30,	March 31,
	2018	2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
Bank Credit Facility	\$250,000	\$240,000
4.500% Senior Unsecured Notes Due 2026	350,000	350,000
Private Placement Senior Unsecured Notes	36,500	36,500
Total Debt	636,500	626,500
Less: Debt Origination Costs	(5,243)	(5,578)
Long-term Debt	\$631,257	\$620,922

Credit Facility

We have a \$500.0 million revolving credit facility (the Credit Facility), including a swingline loan sublimit of \$25.0 million, which terminates on August 2, 2021. Borrowings under the Credit Facility are guaranteed by substantially all of the Company's subsidiaries. The debt under the Credit Facility is not rated by ratings agencies.

At our option, outstanding principal amounts on the Credit Facility bear interest at a variable rate equal to (i) the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus an agreed margin (ranging from 100 to 225 basis points), which is to be established quarterly based upon the Company's ratio of consolidated EBITDA, defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization, to the Company's consolidated indebtedness (the Leverage Ratio); or (ii) an alternative base rate which is the higher of (a) the prime rate or (b) the federal funds rate plus $\frac{1}{2}\%$ per annum plus an applicable rate (ranging from 0 to 125 basis points). In the case of loans bearing interest at a rate based on the federal funds rate, interest is payable quarterly. In the case of loans bearing interest at a rate based on LIBOR, interest is payable at the end of the LIBOR advance periods, which can be up to nine months at the option of the Company. The Company is also required to pay a commitment fee on unused available borrowings under the Credit Facility ranging from 10 to 35 basis points depending upon the Leverage Ratio. The Credit Facility contains customary covenants that restrict our ability to incur additional debt; encumber our assets; sell assets; make or enter into certain investments, loans or guaranties; and enter into sale and leaseback arrangements. The Credit Facility also requires us to maintain a consolidated indebtedness ratio (calculated as consolidated indebtedness to consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, certain transaction-related deductions, and other non-cash deductions) of 3.5:1.0 or less and an interest coverage ratio (consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, certain transaction-related deductions, and other non-cash deductions to consolidated interest expense) of at least 2.5:1.0. We had \$250.0 million of borrowings outstanding at September 30, 2018. Based on our Leverage Ratio, we had \$242.2 million of available borrowings, net of the outstanding letters of credit, at September 30, 2018.

The Credit Facility has a \$40.0 million letter of credit facility. Under the letter of credit facility, the Company pays a fee at a per annum rate equal to the applicable margin for Eurodollar loans in effect from time to time plus a one-time letter of credit fee in an amount equal to 0.125% of the initial stated amount. At September 30, 2018, we had \$7.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.

4.500% Senior Unsecured Notes Due 2026

On August 2, 2016, the Company issued \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.500% senior notes (Senior Unsecured Notes) due August 2026. Interest on the Senior Unsecured Notes is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year until all of the outstanding notes are paid. The Senior Unsecured Notes rank equal to existing and future senior indebtedness, including the Credit Facility and the Private Placement Senior Unsecured Notes. Prior to August 1, 2019, we may redeem with the proceeds of certain equity offerings up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Senior Unsecured Notes at a redemption price of 104.5% of the principal amount of the notes. On or after August 1, 2019 and prior to August 1, 2021, we may redeem some or all of the Senior Unsecured Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus a "make-whole" premium. Beginning on August 1, 2021, we may redeem some or all of the Senior Unsecured Notes at the redemption prices set forth below (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount being redeemed):

	Percentage
2021	102.25 %
2022	101.50 %
2023	100.75 %

2024 and thereafter 100.00 %

The Senior Unsecured Notes contain covenants that limit our ability and/or our guarantor subsidiaries' ability to create or permit to exist certain liens; enter into sale and leaseback transactions; and consolidate, merge, or transfer all or substantially all of our assets. The Company's Senior Unsecured Notes are fully, unconditionally,

jointly, and severally guaranteed by each of our subsidiaries that are guarantors under the Credit Facility and Private Placement Senior Unsecured Notes. See Footnote (Q) to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the guarantors of the Senior Public Notes.

Private Placement Senior Unsecured Notes

On October 2, 2007, in a private placement transaction, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the 2007 Note Purchase Agreement) in connection with our sale of \$200.0 million of senior unsecured notes, designated as Series 2007A Senior Notes (the Series 2007A Senior Unsecured Notes). The Series 2007A Senior Unsecured Notes, which are guaranteed by substantially all of our subsidiaries, were sold at par and issued in four tranches.

At September 30, 2018, the amount outstanding for the remaining tranche is as follows:

	Principal	Maturity Date	Interest Rate
Tranche D	\$36.5 million	October 2, 2019	6.48 %

Interest for the Series 2007A Senior Unsecured Notes is payable semi-annually April 2 and October 2 of each year until all principal is paid for the respective tranche.

Our obligations under the 2007 Note Purchase Agreement are equal in right of payment with all other senior, unsecured indebtedness of the Company, including our indebtedness under the Credit Facility and Senior Unsecured Notes. The 2007 Note Purchase Agreement contains customary restrictive covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants that place limits on our ability to encumber our assets, to incur additional debt, to sell assets, or to merge or consolidate with third parties.

The 2007 Note Purchase Agreement requires us to maintain a Consolidated Debt to Consolidated EBITDA (calculated as consolidated indebtedness to consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization, certain transaction-related deductions, and other non-cash charges) ratio of 3.50 to 1.00 or less, and to maintain an interest coverage ratio (Consolidated EBITDA to Consolidated Interest Expense [calculated as consolidated EBITDA, as defined above, to consolidated interest expense]) of at least 2.50:1.00. In addition, the 2007 Note Purchase Agreement requires the Company to ensure that at all times either (i) Consolidated Total Assets equal at least 80% of the consolidated total assets of the Company and its subsidiaries, determined in accordance with GAAP; or (ii) consolidated Total Revenue of the Company and its restricted subsidiaries for the period of four consecutive fiscal quarters most recently ended equals at least 80% of the consolidated Total Revenue of the Company and its Subsidiaries during such period. We are in compliance with all financial ratios and tests at September 30, 2018.

Pursuant to a Subsidiary Guaranty Agreement, substantially all of our subsidiaries have guaranteed the punctual payment of all principal, interest, and make-whole amounts (as defined in the 2007 Note Purchase Agreement) on the Series 2007A Senior Unsecured Notes and the other payment and performance obligations of the Company contained in the 2007 Note Purchase Agreement. We are permitted, at our option and without penalty, to prepay from time to time at least 10% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Series 2007A Senior Unsecured Notes at 100% of the principal amount to be prepaid, together with interest accrued on such amount to be prepaid to the date of payment, plus a make-whole amount. The make-whole amount is computed by discounting the remaining scheduled principal and interest payments at a discount rate of 50 basis points above the yield to maturity of U.S. Treasury securities having a maturity equal to the remaining average life of the Series 2007A Senior Unsecured Notes being prepaid.

Other Information

We lease one of our cement plants from the city of Sugar Creek, Missouri. The city of Sugar Creek issued industrial revenue bonds to partly finance improvements to the cement plant. The lease payments due to the city of Sugar Creek under the cement plant lease, which was entered into upon the sale of the industrial revenue bonds, are equal in amount to the payments required to be made by the city of Sugar Creek to the holders of the industrial revenue bonds. Because we hold all outstanding industrial revenue bonds, no debt is reflected on our

financial statements in connection with our lease of the cement plant. Upon expiration of the lease in fiscal 2021, we have the option to purchase the cement plant for a nominal amount.

(M) SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise that engage in business activities that earn revenue, incur expenses, and prepare separate financial information that is evaluated regularly by our chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources and assess performance.

We are a leading supplier of heavy construction materials, light building materials, and materials used for oil and natural gas extraction in the United States. Our products are commodities that are essential in commercial and residential construction; public construction projects; projects to build, expand, and repair roads and highways; and in oil and natural gas extraction.

Our business is organized into three sectors within which there are five reportable business segments. The Heavy Materials sector includes the Cement and Concrete and Aggregates segments. The Light Materials sector includes the Gypsum Wallboard and Recycled Paperboard segments. The Oil and Gas Proppants segment produces frac sand used in oil and gas exploration and extraction.

Our operations are conducted in the U.S. and include the mining of limestone for the manufacture, production, distribution, and sale of portland cement (a basic construction material that is the essential binding ingredient in concrete); the grinding and sale of slag; the mining of gypsum for the manufacture and sale of gypsum wallboard; the manufacture and sale of recycled paperboard to the gypsum wallboard industry and other paperboard converters; the sale of readymix concrete; and the mining and sale of aggregates (crushed stone, sand, and gravel) and sand used in hydraulic fracturing (frac sand).

We operate seven cement plants, one slag grinding facility, 18 cement distribution terminals, five gypsum wallboard plants, a gypsum wallboard distribution center, a recycled paperboard mill, 17 readymix concrete batch plants, four aggregates processing plants, two frac sand processing facilities, three frac sand drying facilities, and six frac sand trans-load locations. The principal markets for our cement products are Texas, Illinois, the central plains, Michigan, Iowa, the Rocky Mountains, northern Nevada, southern Ohio, and northern California. We distribute gypsum wallboard and recycled paperboard throughout the continental U.S., with the exception of the Northeast. Concrete and aggregates are sold to local readymix producers and paving contractors in the Austin, Texas area, the region north of Sacramento, California; and the greater Kansas City, Missouri area. Frac sand is currently sold into shale deposits across the United States. Other segment operations that are not material to our business are included in Other.

We conduct one of our seven cement plant operations, Texas Lehigh Cement Company LP, in Buda, Texas, through a Joint Venture. For segment reporting purposes only, we proportionately consolidate our 50% share of the Joint Venture's Revenue and Operating Earnings, consistent with the way management reports the segments within the Company for making operating decisions and assessing performance.

We account for intersegment sales at market prices. The following table sets forth certain financial information relating to our operations by segment:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Revenue -				
Cement	\$193,161	\$191,650	\$379,949	\$374,585
Concrete and Aggregates	39,744	43,431	80,584	87,350
Gypsum Wallboard	129,609	123,068	272,024	249,881
Paperboard	41,277	45,359	86,410	89,772
Oil and Gas Proppants	19,080	22,022	40,838	40,932
Other	4,386	—	10,328	—
	427,257	425,530	870,133	842,520
Less: Intersegment Revenue	(20,279)	(23,215)	(42,135)	(45,914)
Less: Joint Venture Revenue	(25,479)	(26,000)	(52,743)	(54,170)
	\$381,499	\$376,315	\$775,255	\$742,436

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Intersegment Revenue -				
Cement	\$4,073	\$4,654	\$8,251	\$9,583
Concrete and Aggregates	501	402	832	815
Paperboard	15,705	18,159	33,052	35,516
	\$20,279	\$23,215	\$42,135	\$45,914
Cement Sales Volume (M tons) -				
Wholly Owned	1,339	1,343	2,614	2,611
Joint Venture	218	227	454	470
	1,557	1,570	3,068	3,081

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	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Operating Earnings -				
Cement	\$57,547	\$58,752	\$94,881	\$101,933
Concrete and Aggregates	4,100	5,619	9,584	11,640
Gypsum Wallboard	45,671	39,575	96,151	83,396
Paperboard	8,609	6,517	18,603	11,455
Oil and Gas Proppants	(7,921)	(1,754)	(10,612)	(3,780)
Other	98	—	382	—
Sub-Total	108,104	108,709	208,989	204,644
Corporate General and Administrative Expense	(9,922)	(9,821)	(17,925)	(19,500)
Litigation Settlements and Losses	—	—	(1,800)	—
Other Non-Operating Income	428	887	999	1,644
Earnings Before Interest and Income Taxes	98,610	99,775	190,263	186,788
Interest Expense, net	(6,817)	(7,456)	(13,449)	(14,939)
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$91,793	\$92,319	\$176,814	\$171,849
Cement Operating Earnings -				
Wholly Owned	\$47,374	\$46,797	\$75,457	\$80,102
Joint Ventures	10,173	11,955	19,424	21,831
	\$57,547	\$58,752	\$94,881	\$101,933
Capital Expenditures -				
Cement	\$14,220	\$13,014	\$33,833	\$20,732
Concrete and Aggregates	459	1,118	2,523	2,530
Gypsum Wallboard	4,124	5,219	6,479	10,861
Paperboard	5,345	659	6,410	1,423
Oil and Gas Proppants	14,827	13,781	42,463	14,360
Other, net	1,396	140	1,736	185
	\$40,371	\$33,931	\$93,444	\$50,091
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization -				
Cement	\$12,746	\$12,662	\$25,667	\$25,141
Concrete and Aggregates	2,052	1,929	4,105	3,844
Gypsum Wallboard	5,201	4,473	10,031	8,915
Paperboard	2,128	2,172	4,237	4,309
Oil and Gas Proppants	9,398	8,518	16,537	16,124
Corporate and Other	801	552	1,599	920
	\$32,326	\$30,306	\$62,176	\$59,253

	September 30,	March 31,
	2018	2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
Identifiable Assets		
Cement	\$1,274,535	\$1,247,504

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Concrete and Aggregates	104,166	104,851
Gypsum Wallboard	378,902	386,041
Paperboard	127,026	123,819
Oil and Gas Proppants	428,356	401,421
Other, net	66,527	104,367
	\$2,379,512	\$2,368,003

Segment operating earnings, including the proportionately consolidated 50% interest in the revenue and expenses of the Joint Venture, represent Revenue, less direct operating expenses, segment Depreciation, and segment Selling, General and Administrative expenses. We account for intersegment sales at market prices. Corporate assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, general office assets, miscellaneous other assets.

The basis used to disclose Identifiable Assets; Capital Expenditures; and Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization conforms with the equity method, and is similar to how we disclose these accounts in our Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets and Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Earnings

The segment breakdown of Goodwill is as follows:

	September 30,	March 31,
	2018	2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
Cement	\$74,214	\$74,214
Gypsum Wallboard	116,618	116,618
Paperboard	7,538	7,538
Corporate and Other	6,841	6,841
	\$205,211	\$205,211

Summarized financial information for the Joint Venture that is not consolidated is set out below (this summarized financial information includes the total amount for the Joint Venture and not our 50% interest in those amounts):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Revenue	\$51,859	\$54,000	\$107,510	\$111,818
Gross Margin	\$21,877	\$24,938	\$42,018	\$46,251
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$20,345	\$23,910	\$38,849	\$43,662

	September 30,	March 31,
	2018	2018
	(dollars in thousands)	
Current Assets	\$67,861	\$71,089
Non-Current Assets	\$67,679	\$66,856
Current Liabilities	\$18,191	\$20,671

(N) INTEREST EXPENSE

The following components are included in Interest Expense, net:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)			
Interest Income	\$(110)	\$(3)	\$(112)	\$(6)
Interest Expense	6,660	7,153	13,002	14,329
Other Expenses	267	306	559	616
Interest Expense, net	\$6,817	\$7,456	\$13,449	\$14,939

Interest Income includes interest on investments of excess cash. Components of Interest Expense include interest associated with the Credit Facility, Senior Unsecured Notes, Private Placement Senior Unsecured Notes, and commitment fees based on the unused portion of the Credit Facility. Other Expenses include amortization of debt issuance costs and credit facility costs.

(O) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We have certain deductible limits under our workers' compensation and liability insurance policies for which reserves are established based on the undiscounted estimated costs of known and anticipated claims. We have entered into standby letter of credit agreements relating to workers' compensation and auto and general liability self-insurance. At September 30, 2018, we had contingent liabilities under these outstanding letters of credit of approximately \$7.8 million.

In the ordinary course of business, we execute contracts involving indemnifications that are standard in the industry and indemnifications specific to a transaction such as the sale of a business. These indemnifications may include claims relating to any of the following: environmental and tax matters; intellectual property rights; governmental regulations and employment-related matters; customer, supplier, and other commercial contractual relationships; construction contracts and financial matters. While the maximum amount to which the Company may be exposed under such agreements cannot be estimated, management believes these indemnifications will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. We currently have no outstanding guarantees.

We are currently contingently liable for performance under \$27.7 million in performance bonds required by certain states and municipalities and their related agencies. The bonds are principally for certain reclamation obligations and mining permits. We have indemnified the underwriting insurance company against any exposure under the performance bonds. In our past experience, no material claims have been made against these financial instruments.

Domestic Wallboard Antitrust Litigation

Since late December 2012, several purported class action lawsuits were filed in various United States District Courts, including the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, Western District of North Carolina, and the Northern District of Illinois, against the Company and the Company's subsidiary, American Gypsum Company LLC (American Gypsum), alleging that the defendant wallboard manufacturers conspired to fix the price of drywall sold in the United States in violation of federal antitrust laws, and in some cases related provisions of state law. In addition to American Gypsum, the defendants in these lawsuits included certain other wallboard manufacturers. These cases were subsequently transferred and consolidated to the Eastern District of Pennsylvania for coordinated pretrial proceedings.

The plaintiffs in the consolidated class action complaints asserted claims on behalf of purported classes of direct purchasers or end users of wallboard from January 1, 2012 to the present for unspecified monetary damages (including treble damages) and in some cases injunctive relief. The Company and American Gypsum denied all allegations that they conspired to increase the price of drywall and asserted affirmative defenses to the plaintiffs' claims.

Following completion of the initial discovery, the Company and remaining co-defendants moved for summary judgment. On February 18, 2016, the court denied the Company's motion for summary judgment.

On August 23, 2017, the court granted the direct purchaser plaintiffs' motion for class certification and certified a class consisting of all persons or entities that purchased paper-backed gypsum wallboard in the United States from January 1, 2012 through January 31, 2013 directly from American Gypsum, the Company, Lafarge, New NGC, PABCO, USG, and/or L&W Supply Corporation (which was a subsidiary of USG Corporation during the class period). In addition, on August 24, 2017, the court denied the indirect purchaser's motion for class certification.

On December 29, 2017, American Gypsum and the Company, as well as New NGC and PABCO, which are not affiliated with the Company, entered into a settlement agreement (the Direct Purchaser Settlement Agreement) with counsel representing the direct purchaser class to settle all claims made against the Company, American Gypsum,

New NGC, and PABCO in the direct purchaser class action. The Direct Purchaser Settlement

Agreement, in which the Company and American Gypsum deny all wrongdoing, also includes releases by the participating class members of the Company and American Gypsum as well as their subsidiaries, affiliates, and other related parties, for the time period from January 1, 2012, through the date of execution of the Direct Purchaser Settlement Agreement. On January 5, 2018, American Gypsum, New NGC, and PABCO entered into a settlement agreement (the Indirect Purchaser Settlement Agreement) with counsel representing the indirect purchaser class to settle all claims against American Gypsum, New NGC, and PABCO in the indirect purchaser class action. The Indirect Purchaser Settlement Agreement was approved by the District Court on October 26, 2018. Under the Direct and Indirect Purchaser Settlement Agreements, the Company and American Gypsum agreed to pay a total of approximately \$39.1 million in cash to settle the claims against them. These claims were accrued at the time of the settlements, and during March 2018 we deposited approximately \$38.8 million into a qualified settlement fund. The amount accrued under the Direct Purchaser Settlement Agreement was paid in July 2018 after approval by the District Court.

In March 2015, a group of homebuilders filed a complaint against the defendants, including American Gypsum, based upon the same conduct alleged in the consolidated class action complaints. In March 2015, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation (JPML) transferred this action to the multidistrict litigation already pending in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. Effective May 8, 2018, American Gypsum and the homebuilder plaintiffs entered into a settlement agreement (the Homebuilder Settlement Agreement) to settle all claims made against American Gypsum. The Homebuilder Settlement Agreement, in which American Gypsum denies all wrongdoing, includes releases by the homebuilder plaintiffs of American Gypsum as well as its subsidiaries, affiliates, and other related parties, for the time period prior to and including the date of execution of the Homebuilder Settlement Agreement. Under the Homebuilder Settlement Agreement, American Gypsum agreed to pay a total of \$6.0 million in cash to settle the claims against it. At March 31, 2018, we accrued the total amount of this settlement, and this amount was paid in May 2018.

In June 2015, American Gypsum and an employee received grand jury subpoenas from the United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina seeking information regarding an investigation of the gypsum drywall industry by the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice. We believe the investigation, although a separate proceeding, was related to the same subject matter at issue in the litigation described above. On August 24, 2018, the Antitrust Division notified us that the investigation has been closed.

(P) FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of our long-term debt has been estimated based upon our current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements. The fair value of our Senior Unsecured Notes and Private Placement Senior Unsecured Notes at September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Fair Value (dollars in thousands)
Series 2007A	
Tranche D	37,303
4.500% Senior	
Unsecured Notes	
Due 2026	349,836

The estimated fair values were based on quoted prices of similar debt instruments with similar terms that are publicly traded (level 2 input). The carrying values of Cash and Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash, Accounts and Notes Receivable, Accounts Payable, and Accrued Liabilities approximate their fair values at September 30, 2018 due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities. The fair value of our Credit Facility also approximates its carrying value at September 30, 2018.

(Q) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR GUARANTORS OF THE 4.500% SENIOR UNSECURED NOTES

On August 2, 2016, the Company completed a public offering of its Senior Unsecured Notes. The Senior Unsecured Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and were offered under the Company's existing shelf registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Senior Unsecured Notes are guaranteed by all of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, and all guarantees are full and unconditional, and joint and several. The following unaudited condensed consolidating financial statements present separately the Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings, Financial Position and Cash Flows of the parent issuer (Eagle Materials Inc.) and the guarantors (all wholly owned subsidiaries of Eagle Materials Inc.) on a combined basis with eliminating entries (dollars in thousands).

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Earnings and

Comprehensive Earnings For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	Guarantor			Consolidated
	Parent	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	
Revenue	\$—	\$ 381,499	\$ —	\$ 381,499
Cost of Goods Sold	—	283,568	—	283,568
Gross Profit	—	97,931	—	97,931
Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Joint Venture	10,173	10,173	(10,173)	10,173
Equity in Earnings of Subsidiaries	75,030	—	(75,030)	—
Corporate General and Administrative Expenses	(9,090)	(832)	—	(9,922)
Legal Settlements	—	—	—	—
Other Non-Operating Income	(126)	—	—	—