

FACTSET RESEARCH SYSTEMS INC
Form 10-Q
January 09, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended November 30, 2013

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 1-11869

FactSet Research Systems Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware **13-3362547**
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

601 Merritt 7, Norwalk, Connecticut 06851
(Address of principal executive office) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(203) 810-1000**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. **Yes** **No**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). **Yes** **No**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer **Accelerated filer** **Non-accelerated filer** **Smaller reporting company**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes **No**

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value, as of December 31, 2013 was 42,782,234.

FactSet Research Systems Inc.

Form 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended November 30, 2013

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For additional information about FactSet Research Systems Inc. and access to its Annual Reports to Stockholders and Securities and Exchange Commission filings, free of charge, please visit the website at <http://investor.factset.com>. Any information on or linked from the website is not incorporated by reference into this Form 10-Q.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)****FactSet Research Systems Inc.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME – Unaudited**

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
| | November 30, | |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| (In thousands, except per share data) | | |
| Revenues | \$222,975 | \$211,085 |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Cost of services | 83,250 | 73,586 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 64,985 | 66,414 |
| Total operating expenses | 148,235 | 140,000 |
| Operating income | 74,740 | 71,085 |
| Other income | 341 | 428 |
| Income before income taxes | 75,081 | 71,513 |
| Provision for income taxes | 22,903 | 21,744 |
| Net income | \$52,178 | \$49,769 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$1.21 | \$1.12 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$1.19 | \$1.11 |
| Basic weighted average common shares | 43,134 | 44,316 |
| Diluted weighted average common shares | 43,773 | 44,984 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FactSet Research Systems Inc.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME – Unaudited

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 |
| (In thousands) | | |
| Net income | \$52,178 | \$49,769 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | | |
| Net unrealized gain on cash flow hedges* | 2,647 | 1,287 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | 8,148 | 3,074 |
| Other comprehensive income | 10,795 | 4,361 |
| Comprehensive income | \$62,973 | \$54,130 |

* The net unrealized gain on cash flow hedges disclosed above was net of tax expense of \$1,980 and \$775 for the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FactSet Research Systems Inc.**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS – Unaudited**

| | November 30, 2013 | August 31, 2013 |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|
| (In thousands, except share data) | | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 174,021 | \$ 196,627 |
| Investments | 13,756 | 12,725 |
| Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$1,631 at November 30, 2013 and \$1,644 at August 31, 2013 | 76,348 | 73,290 |
| Prepaid taxes | 821 | 16,937 |
| Deferred taxes | 3,026 | 2,803 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 12,997 | 15,652 |
| <i>Total current assets</i> | 280,969 | 318,034 |
| Property, equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost | 190,477 | 192,338 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization | (126,193) | (126,967) |
| Property, equipment and leasehold improvements, net | 64,284 | 65,371 |
| Goodwill | 259,345 | 244,573 |
| Intangible assets, net | 40,216 | 36,223 |
| Deferred taxes | 22,482 | 22,023 |
| Other assets | 3,862 | 3,973 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$671,158 | \$690,197 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 29,711 | \$ 29,864 |
| Accrued compensation | 17,687 | 40,137 |
| Deferred fees | 30,157 | 29,319 |
| Taxes payable | 5,112 | 3,769 |
| Dividends payable | 15,046 | 15,164 |
| <i>Total current liabilities</i> | 97,713 | 118,253 |
| Deferred taxes | 2,399 | 2,396 |
| Taxes payable | 5,009 | 5,435 |
| Deferred rent and other non-current liabilities | 19,415 | 22,334 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ 124,536 | \$ 148,418 |
| Commitments and contingencies (See Note 16) | | |
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized, 48,325,476 and 48,110,740 shares issued; 42,988,369 and 43,324,410 shares outstanding at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, respectively | 483 | 481 |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 343,593 | 326,869 |
| Treasury stock, at cost: 5,337,107 and 4,786,330 shares at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, respectively | (514,979) | (454,917) |
| Retained earnings | 737,651 | 700,519 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (20,126) | (31,173) |
| TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$546,622 | \$541,779 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$671,158 | \$690,197 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FactSet Research Systems Inc.**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – Unaudited**

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|
| | November 30, | 2012 |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| (In thousands) | | |
| <i>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</i> | | |
| Net income | \$52,178 | \$49,769 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 8,763 | 8,917 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 5,116 | 5,203 |
| Deferred income taxes | (679) | 1,766 |
| Gain on sale of assets | (23) | (2) |
| Tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements | (2,144) | (4,032) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisition | | |
| Accounts receivable, net of reserves | (2,612) | (4,655) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (316) | 2,851 |
| Accrued compensation | (21,213) | (26,501) |
| Deferred fees | (94) | 410 |
| Taxes payable, net of prepaid taxes | 19,108 | 13,709 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 3,036 | 2,613 |
| Deferred rent and other non-current liabilities | (3,280) | 997 |
| Other working capital accounts, net | 299 | (409) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 58,139 | 50,636 |
| <i>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</i> | | |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | (15,288) | 0 |
| Purchases of investments | (7,172) | (7,795) |
| Proceeds from sales of investments | 6,871 | 7,500 |
| Purchases of property, equipment and leasehold improvements, net of proceeds from dispositions | (5,438) | (6,097) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (21,027) | (6,392) |
| <i>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</i> | | |
| Dividend payments | (15,064) | (13,631) |
| Repurchase of common stock | (60,062) | (28,241) |
| Proceeds from employee stock plans | 9,484 | 13,102 |
| Tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements | 2,144 | 4,032 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (63,498) | (24,738) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 3,780 | 2,162 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (22,606) | 21,668 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 196,627 | 189,044 |

| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$174,021 | \$210,712 |
|--|-----------|-----------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FactSet Research Systems Inc.

November 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

FactSet Research Systems Inc. (the “Company” or “FactSet”) is a provider of integrated financial information and analytical applications to the global investment community. FactSet combines content regarding companies and securities from major markets all over the globe into a single online platform of information and analytics. By consolidating content from hundreds of databases with powerful analytics, FactSet supports the investment process from initial research to published results for buy and sell-side professionals. These professionals include portfolio managers, research and performance analysts, risk managers, marketing professionals, sell-side equity research professionals, investment bankers and fixed income professionals. The Company’s applications provide users access to company analysis, multicompany comparisons, industry analysis, company screening, portfolio analysis, predictive risk measurements, alphas testing, portfolio optimization and simulation, real-time news and quotes and tools to value and analyze fixed income securities and portfolios. With Microsoft Office integration, wireless access and customizable options, FactSet offers a complete financial workflow solution. The Company’s revenues are derived from subscriptions to services such as workstations, content and applications.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

FactSet conducts business globally and is managed on a geographic basis. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany activity and balances have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

The accompanying financial data as of November 30, 2013 and for the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012 has been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The August 31, 2013 Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The information in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the

fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying balance sheets and related interim statements of income, comprehensive income and cash flows include all normal adjustments in order to present fairly the results of the Company's operations for the periods presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New Accounting Standards or Updates Recently Adopted

Balance Sheet Offsetting

In December 2011, the FASB issued an accounting standard update requiring enhanced disclosures about certain financial instruments and derivative instruments that are offset in the balance sheet or that are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements. In January 2013, the FASB issued a clarifying accounting standard update, which limited the scope of the previous guidance to only derivatives, repurchase type agreements and securities borrowing and lending transactions. These accounting standard updates were effective for FactSet beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2014, and the additional disclosure has been included in Note 5, *Derivative Instruments*.

Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets

In July 2012, the FASB issued an accounting standard update intended to simplify how an entity tests indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill for impairment by providing entities with an option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing is necessary. This accounting standard update became effective for FactSet beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 and did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Reporting of Amounts Reclassified out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

In February 2013, the FASB issued an accounting standard update to require reclassification adjustments from other comprehensive income to be presented either in the financial statements or in the notes to the financial statements. This accounting standard update became effective for FactSet beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 and the additional information has been disclosed in Note 6, *Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss*.

Cumulative Translation Adjustments

In March 2013, the FASB issued an accounting standard update requiring an entity to release into net income the entire amount of a cumulative translation adjustment related to its investment in a foreign entity when as a parent it either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity. This accounting standard update was adopted by FactSet beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 and did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

No other new accounting pronouncements issued or effective as of November 30, 2013 have had or are expected to have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. In addition, there were no recent accounting standards or updates not yet effective for the Company as of November 30, 2013.

4. FAIR VALUE MEASURES

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the use of various valuation methodologies, including market, income and cost approaches is permissible. The Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

(a) Fair Value Hierarchy

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value based on the reliability of inputs. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. FactSet has categorized its cash equivalents, investments and derivatives within the hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. These Level 1 assets and liabilities include FactSet's corporate money market funds that are classified as cash equivalents.

Level 2 – applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data. The Company’s certificates of deposit and derivative instruments are classified as Level 2.

Level 3 – applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities. There were no Level 3 assets or liabilities held by FactSet as of November 30, 2013 or August 31, 2013.

(b) Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table shows by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company’s assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013 (in thousands):

| | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using | | | |
|---|---|----------|---------|-----------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| November 30, 2013 | | | | |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | |
| Corporate money market funds ⁽¹⁾ | \$128,131 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$128,131 |
| Certificates of deposit ⁽²⁾ | 0 | 13,756 | 0 | 13,756 |
| Derivative instruments ⁽³⁾ | 0 | 443 | 0 | 443 |
| <i>Total assets measured at fair value</i> | \$128,131 | \$14,199 | \$ 0 | \$142,330 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Derivative instruments ⁽³⁾ | \$0 | \$3,556 | \$ 0 | \$3,556 |
| <i>Total liabilities measured at fair value</i> | \$0 | \$3,556 | \$ 0 | \$3,556 |

| August 31, 2013 | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using | | | |
|---|---|----------|---------|-----------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | |
| Corporate money market funds ⁽¹⁾ | \$156,693 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$156,693 |
| Certificates of deposit ⁽²⁾ | 0 | 12,725 | 0 | 12,725 |
| <i>Total assets measured at fair value</i> | \$156,693 | \$12,725 | \$ 0 | \$169,418 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Derivative instruments ⁽³⁾ | \$0 | \$7,740 | \$ 0 | \$7,740 |
| <i>Total liabilities measured at fair value</i> | \$0 | \$7,740 | \$ 0 | \$7,740 |

(1) The Company's corporate money market funds are traded in an active market and the net asset value of each fund on the last day of the quarter is used to determine its fair value. As such, the Company's corporate money market funds are classified as Level 1 and included in cash and cash equivalents on the consolidated balance sheet.

(2) The Company's certificates of deposit held to maturity are not debt securities and are classified as Level 2. These certificates of deposit have original maturities greater than three months, but less than one year and, as such, are classified as investments (short-term) on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. For the three months ended November 30, 2013, interest income earned from the certificates of deposit was \$0.3 million.

(3) The Company utilizes the income approach to measure fair value for its derivative instruments (foreign exchange forward contracts). The income approach uses pricing models that rely on market observable inputs such as spot, forward and interest rates, as well as credit default swap spreads and therefore are classified as Level 2.

The Company did not have any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the periods presented.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were presented on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013 as follows (in thousands):

| November 30, 2013 | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using | | | |
|--|---|---------|---------|-----------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$128,131 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$128,131 |
| Investments | 0 | 13,756 | 0 | 13,756 |
| Other current assets (derivative assets) | 0 | 443 | 0 | 443 |

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| | | | | |
|---|-----------|----------|------|-----------|
| <i>Total assets measured at fair value</i> | \$128,131 | \$14,199 | \$ 0 | \$142,330 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$0 | \$1,466 | \$ 0 | \$1,466 |
| Deferred rent and other non-current liabilities | 0 | 2,090 | 0 | 2,090 |
| <i>Total liabilities measured at fair value</i> | \$0 | \$3,556 | \$ 0 | \$3,556 |

| | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using | | | |
|---|---|----------|---------|-----------|
| August 31, 2013 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$156,693 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$156,693 |
| Investments | 0 | 12,725 | 0 | 12,725 |
| <i>Total assets measured at fair value</i> | \$156,693 | \$12,725 | \$ 0 | \$169,418 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$0 | \$3,085 | \$ 0 | \$3,085 |
| Deferred rent and other non-current liabilities | 0 | 4,655 | 0 | 4,655 |
| <i>Total liabilities measured at fair value</i> | \$0 | \$7,740 | \$ 0 | \$7,740 |

(c) Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-recurring Basis

Certain assets, including goodwill and intangible assets, and liabilities, are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis; that is, the assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances such as when they are deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired. The fair values of these non-financial assets and liabilities are determined based on valuation techniques using the best information available, and may include quoted market prices, market comparables, and discounted cash flow projections. An impairment charge is recorded when the cost exceeds its fair value, based upon the results of such valuations. During the three months ended November 30, 2013, no fair value adjustments or material fair value measurements were required for the Company's non-financial assets or liabilities.

5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Cash Flow Hedges

FactSet conducts business outside the U.S. in several currencies including the British Pound Sterling, Euro, Japanese Yen, Indian Rupee and Philippine Peso. As such, it is exposed to movements in foreign currency exchange rates compared to the U.S. dollar. To manage the exposures related to the effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations, the Company utilizes derivative instruments (foreign currency forward contracts). The Company's primary objective in holding derivatives is to reduce the volatility of earnings and cash flows associated with changes in foreign currency. The Company does not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for trading or speculative purposes. In designing a specific hedging approach, FactSet considered several factors, including offsetting exposures, significance of exposures, forecasting risk and potential effectiveness of the hedge. The gains and losses on foreign currency forward contracts offset the variability in operating expenses associated with currency movements. There was no discontinuance of cash flow hedges during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and as such, no corresponding gains or losses were reclassified into earnings. The changes in fair value for these foreign currency forward contracts are initially reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL") and subsequently reclassified into operating expenses when the hedged exposure affects earnings.

As of November 30, 2013 FactSet maintained foreign currency forward contracts to hedge approximately 75% of its Indian Rupee exposure through the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2016, 40% of its British Pound exposure through the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2014, and 50% of its Philippines Peso exposure through the end of fiscal 2014. At November 30, 2013 the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase Indian Rupees with U.S. dollars was Rs.2.7 billion and (\$3.6) million, respectively. At November 30, 2013, the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase Philippine Pesos with U.S. dollars was Php377.5 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. At November 30, 2013 the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase British Pounds with U.S. dollars was £3.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

The following is a summary of all hedging positions and corresponding fair values (in thousands):

| Currency Hedged (in U.S. dollars) | Gross Notional Value | | Fair Value Asset (Liability) | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | Nov 30, 2013 | Aug 31, 2013 | Nov 30, 2013 | Aug 31, 2013 |
| Indian Rupee | \$42,407 | \$47,388 | \$(3,556) | \$(7,693) |
| Philippine Peso | 8,550 | 11,700 | 106 | (178) |
| British Pound | 4,816 | 10,436 | 337 | 131 |
| Total | \$55,773 | \$69,524 | \$(3,113) | \$(7,740) |

Counterparty Credit Risk

As a result of the use of derivative instruments, the Company is exposed to counterparty credit risk. FactSet has incorporated counterparty risk into the fair value of its derivative assets and its own credit risk into the value of the Company's derivative liabilities. FactSet calculates credit risk from observable data related to credit default swaps ("CDS") as quoted by publicly available information. Counterparty risk is represented by CDS spreads related to the senior secured debt of the respective bank with whom FactSet has executed these derivative transactions. Because CDS spread information is not available for FactSet, the Company's credit risk is determined based on using a simple average of CDS spreads for peer companies. To mitigate counterparty credit risk, FactSet enters into contracts with large financial institutions. The Company regularly reviews its credit exposure balances as well as the creditworthiness of the counterparties. The Company does not expect any losses as a result of default of its counterparties.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The following table provides a summary of the fair value amounts of derivative instruments and gains and losses on derivative instruments (in thousands):

| Designation of Derivatives | Balance Sheet Location | Nov 30, 2013 | Aug 31, 2013 |
|---|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments | Assets: Foreign Currency Forward Contracts | | |
| | Prepaid expenses and other current assets | \$443 | \$0 |
| | Liabilities: Foreign Currency Forward Contracts | | |
| | Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$1,466 | \$3,085 |
| | Deferred Rent and other non-current liabilities | \$2,090 | \$4,655 |

All derivatives were designated as hedging instruments as of November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, respectively.

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

The following table provides the pre-tax effect of derivative instruments in cash flow hedging relationships for the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

| Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships | Gain Recognized in AOCL on Derivatives (Effective Portion) | FY14 | FY13 | Location of (Loss) Reclassified from AOCL into Income | (Loss) Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion) | FY14 | FY13 |
|--|---|---------|---------|---|--|---------|---------|
| Foreign currency forward contracts | | \$4,227 | \$1,571 | (Effective Portion) SG&A | | \$(400) | \$(491) |

No amount of ineffectiveness was recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income for these designated cash flow hedges and all components of each derivative's gain or loss was included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness. As of November 30, 2013, FactSet estimates that approximately \$1.0 million of net derivative losses related to its cash flow hedges included in AOCL will be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months.

Offsetting of Derivative Instruments

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FactSet's master netting and other similar arrangements with its respective counterparties allow for net settlement under certain conditions. As of November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, information related to these offsetting arrangements was as follows (in thousands):

| | Derivatives Offset in Balance Sheet | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Gross Derivative | | Net |
| | Gross Derivative Amounts | Offset in | |
| | Amount | Balance Sheet | Amount |
| <u>November 30, 2013</u> | | | |
| Fair value of assets | \$443 | \$ 0 | \$443 |
| Fair value of liabilities | (3,657) | 101 | (3,556) |
| Total | \$(3,214) | \$ 101 | \$(3,113) |

| | Derivatives Offset in Balance Sheet | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Gross Derivative | | Net |
| | Gross Derivative Amounts | Offset in | |
| | Amount | Balance Sheet | Amount |
| <u>August 31, 2013</u> | | | |
| Fair value of assets | \$131 | \$ 0 | \$131 |
| Fair value of liabilities | (7,871) | 0 | (7,871) |
| Total | \$(7,740) | \$ 0 | \$(7,740) |

6. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The components of other comprehensive income and amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

| | Pre-tax | Net of tax |
|---|---------|------------|
| <u>For the three months ended November 30, 2013</u> | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | \$8,148 | \$8,148 |
| Realized loss on cash flow hedges reclassified to earnings ⁽¹⁾ | 400 | 252 |

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| | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss | 4,227 | 2,395 |
| Other comprehensive income | \$12,775 | \$10,795 |

| <u>For the three months November 30, 2012</u> | Pre-tax | Net of tax |
|--|---------|------------|
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | \$3,074 | \$3,074 |
| Realized loss on cash flow hedges reclassified to earnings ⁽¹⁾ | 491 | 305 |
| Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss | 1,571 | 982 |
| Other comprehensive income | \$5,136 | \$4,361 |

⁽¹⁾ Reclassified to Selling, General and Administrative Expense

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows (in thousands):

| | Nov 30, 2013 | Aug 31, 2013 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Accumulated unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax | \$(1,948) | \$(4,847) |
| Accumulated foreign currency translation adjustments | (18,178) | (26,326) |
| Total accumulated other comprehensive loss | \$(20,126) | \$(31,173) |

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise that engage in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the enterprise's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. FactSet's CODM is its Chief Executive Officer, who is responsible for making decisions about resources allocated amongst the operating segments based on actual results.

FactSet's operating segments are aligned with how the Company, including its CODM, manages the business and the demographic markets in which FactSet serves. The Company's internal financial reporting structure is based on three segments; U.S., Europe and Asia Pacific. FactSet believes this alignment helps it better manage the business and view the markets the Company serves, which are centered on providing integrated global financial and economic information. Sales, consulting, data collection and software engineering are the primary functional groups within the U.S., Europe and Asia Pacific segments that provide global financial and economic information to investment managers, investment banks and other financial services professionals. The U.S. segment services finance professionals including financial institutions throughout the Americas, while the European and Asia Pacific segments service investment professionals located throughout Europe and Asia, respectively.

The European segment is headquartered in London, England and maintains office locations in France, Germany, the Netherlands, Latvia, Sweden, Dubai and Italy. The Asia Pacific segment is headquartered in Tokyo, Japan with office locations in Hong Kong, Australia, Manila and Mumbai. Segment revenues reflect direct sales to clients based in their respective geographic locations. There are no intersegment or intercompany sales of the FactSet service. Each segment records compensation, including stock-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets, depreciation of furniture and fixtures, amortization of leasehold improvements, communication costs, professional fees, rent expense, travel, marketing, office and other direct expenses. Expenditures associated with the Company's data centers, third party data costs and corporate headquarters charges are recorded by the U.S. segment and are not allocated to the other segments. The content collection centers located in India and the Philippines benefit all of the Company's operating segments and thus the expenses incurred at these locations are allocated to each segment based on a percentage of revenues. Of the total \$259 million of goodwill reported by the Company at November 30, 2013, 69% was recorded in the U.S. segment, 30% in the European segment and the remaining 1% in the Asia Pacific segment.

The following reflects the results of operations of the segments consistent with the Company's management system. These results are used, in part, by management, both in evaluating the performance of, and in allocating resources to, each of the segments (in thousands).

| <u>For the three months ended November 30, 2013</u> | U.S. | Europe | Asia Pacific | Total |
|---|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|
| Revenues | \$152,911 | \$53,706 | \$16,358 | \$222,975 |
| Segment operating profit | 40,790 | 26,245 | 7,705 | 74,740 |
| Total assets | 408,532 | 210,246 | 52,380 | 671,158 |
| Capital expenditures | 5,244 | 86 | 108 | 5,438 |

| <u>For the three months ended November 30, 2012</u> | U.S. | Europe | Asia Pacific | Total |
|---|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|
| Revenues | \$143,941 | \$51,631 | \$15,513 | \$211,085 |
| Segment operating profit | 39,600 | 24,723 | 6,762 | 71,085 |
| Total assets | 389,558 | 272,544 | 49,754 | 711,856 |
| Capital expenditures | 3,277 | 553 | 2,267 | 6,097 |

8. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Revere Data

On September 1, 2013, FactSet acquired the assets of Revere Data, LLC (“Revere”) to complement the Company's commitment to provide its clients with insightful content sets, for \$15.3 million in cash. Revere also offers a robust database of supply chain relationships that helps investors identify companies’ interrelationships and mutual dependencies. Revere classifies companies into a unique industry taxonomy and offers a database of supply chain relationships. As of the date of acquisition, Revere had annual subscriptions of \$4.9 million. The opportunity for FactSet to offer this data to new and existing clients contributed to a purchase price in excess of fair value of the Revere net tangible and intangible assets. As a result, FactSet recorded goodwill in connection with this transaction.

Allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed was not yet finalized as of November 30, 2013. The preliminary purchase price was allocated to Revere’s net tangible and intangible assets based upon their estimated fair value as of the date of acquisition.

Based upon the purchase price and preliminary valuation, the allocation is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Tangible assets acquired | \$544 |
| Amortizable intangible assets | |
| Data content | 2,698 |
| Client relationships | 1,252 |
| Non-compete agreements | 391 |
| Trade name | 179 |
| Goodwill | 11,173 |
| Total assets acquired | 16,237 |
| Liabilities assumed | (949) |
| Net assets acquired | \$15,288 |

Intangible assets of \$4.5 million have been allocated to amortizable intangible assets consisting of data content, amortized over seven years using a straight-line amortization method; client relationships, amortized over seven years using an accelerated amortization method; non-compete agreements, amortized over three years using accelerated straight-line amortization method; and trade name, amortized over three years using a straight-line amortization method. The valuation and estimated useful lives of the intangible assets acquired are provisional and subject to adjustment based upon additional information that the Company is in the process of obtaining.

Goodwill totaling \$11.2 million represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired. Goodwill will not be amortized, but tested for impairment at least annually. Goodwill generated from the Revere acquisition is included in the U.S. segment and is deductible for income tax purposes. The results of the operations of Revere have been included in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Income since the completion of the acquisition on September 1, 2013 and did not have a material impact on the first quarter of fiscal 2014. Pro forma information has not been presented because the effect of this acquisition was not material on the Company's consolidated financial results.

9. GOODWILL

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by segment for the three months ended November 30, 2013 are as follows (in thousands):

| | U.S. | Europe | Asia Pacific | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|
| Balance at August 31, 2013 | \$167,822 | \$73,424 | \$3,327 | \$244,573 |
| Goodwill acquired during the period | 11,173 | - | - | 11,173 |
| Foreign currency translations | - | 3,737 | (138) | 3,599 |
| Balance at November 30, 2013 | \$178,995 | \$77,161 | \$3,189 | \$259,345 |

During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, \$11.2 million of goodwill was acquired as a result of the purchase of the assets of Revere on September 1, 2013 for a total purchase price of \$15.3 million.

Goodwill is not amortized as it has an estimated indefinite life. At least annually, the Company evaluates goodwill at the reporting unit level for potential impairment. Goodwill is tested for impairment based on the present value of discounted cash flows, and, if impaired, written down to fair value based on discounted cash flows. The Company has three reporting units, which are consistent with the operating segments reported because there is no discrete financial information available for the subsidiaries within each operating segment. The Company's reporting units evaluated for potential impairment were the U.S., Europe and Asia Pacific, which reflects the level of internal reporting the Company uses to manage its business and operations. The Company performed an annual goodwill impairment test during the fourth quarter of fiscal years 2013 and 2012, which determined that there were no reporting units that were deemed at risk. The fair value of each of the Company's reporting units significantly exceeded carrying value, thus there had been no impairment.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

FactSet's identifiable intangible assets consist of acquired content databases, client relationships, software technology, non-compete agreements and trade names resulting from previous acquisitions, which have been fully integrated into the Company's operations. The weighted average useful life of FactSet's acquired identifiable intangible assets at November 30, 2013 was 11.6 years. The Company amortizes intangible assets over their estimated useful lives, which are evaluated quarterly to determine whether events and circumstances warrant a revision to the remaining period of amortization. There were no changes to the estimate of the remaining useful lives during the first quarter of fiscal 2014. If indicators of impairment appear to exist, amortizable intangible assets are tested for impairment based on undiscounted cash flows, and, if impaired, written down to fair value based on discounted cash flows. No impairment of intangible assets has been identified during any of the periods presented. The intangible assets have no assigned residual values.

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization totals related to the Company's identifiable intangible assets are as follows (in thousands):

| At November 30, 2013 | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Amount |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Data content | \$53,591 | \$ 23,961 | \$ 29,630 |
| Client relationships | 23,470 | 15,872 | 7,598 |
| Software technology | 21,187 | 19,516 | 1,671 |
| Non-compete agreements | 2,545 | 1,446 | 1,099 |
| Trade names | 936 | 718 | 218 |
| Total | \$101,729 | \$ 61,513 | \$ 40,216 |

At August 31, 2013

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| | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Amount |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Data content | \$49,185 | \$22,419 | \$26,766 |
| Client relationships | 22,915 | 16,185 | 6,730 |
| Software technology | 20,914 | 19,126 | 1,788 |
| Non-compete agreements | 2,154 | 1,293 | 861 |
| Trade names | 758 | 680 | 78 |
| Total | \$95,926 | \$59,703 | \$36,223 |

During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, \$4.5 million of intangible assets were acquired with a weighted average useful life of 6.5 years due to the acquisition of Revere on September 1, 2013.

| Preliminary Revere Intangible Asset Allocation | Weighted Average Amortization Period (years) | Acquisition Cost |
|--|---|---------------------|
| Data content | 7.0 | \$ 2,698 |
| Client relationships | 7.0 | 1,252 |
| Non-compete agreements | 3.0 | 391 |
| Trade name | 3.0 | 179 |
| Total | 6.5 | \$ 4,520 |

The remaining change of \$1.3 million in the gross carrying amount of intangible assets November 30, 2013 as compared to August 31, 2013 was due to foreign currency translations.

Amortization expense recorded for intangible assets was \$1.7 million and \$1.9 million for the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of November 30, 2013, estimated intangible asset amortization expense for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows (in thousands):

| Fiscal Year | Estimated Amortization Expense |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2014 (remaining nine months) | \$ 5,114 |
| 2015 | 5,892 |
| 2016 | 4,247 |
| 2017 | 3,922 |
| 2018 | 3,949 |
| Thereafter | 17,092 |
| Total | \$ 40,216 |

11. COMMON STOCK AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

On November 14, 2013, FactSet's Board of Directors approved a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.35 per share, or \$1.40 per share per annum. The cash dividend of \$15.0 million was paid on December 17, 2013 to common stockholders of record on November 29, 2013.

Shares of common stock outstanding were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|--------|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 |
| Balance at September 1 | 43,324 | 44,279 |
| Common stock issued for employee stock plans | 194 | 333 |
| Repurchase of common stock under the share repurchase program | (530) | (270) |
| Balance at November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively | 42,988 | 44,342 |

A reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

| | NetIncome (Numerator) | Weighted Average Common Shares (Denominator) | Per Share Amount |
|--|--------------------------|--|---------------------|
| For the three months ended November 30, 2013 | | | |
| Basic EPS | | | |
| Income available to common stockholders | \$ 52,178 | 43,134 | \$ 1.21 |
| Diluted EPS | | | |
| Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock | | 639 | |
| Income available to common stockholders plus assumed conversions | \$ 52,178 | 43,773 | \$ 1.19 |
| For the three months ended November 30, 2012 | | | |
| Basic EPS | | | |
| Income available to common stockholders | \$ 49,769 | 44,316 | \$ 1.12 |
| Diluted EPS | | | |
| Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock | | 668 | |
| Income available to common stockholders plus assumed conversions | \$ 49,769 | 44,984 | \$ 1.11 |

Dilutive potential common shares consist of stock options and unvested restricted stock awards. No stock options were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per shares for the three months ended November 30, 2013, as no outstanding stock options were determined to be anti-dilutive. The number of stock options excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended November 30, 2012 was 442,728, because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. The number of restricted stock awards excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended November 30, 2012 was 30,456 because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive, while no restricted stock awards were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended November 30, 2013.

As of November 30, 2013 and 2012, the number of performance-based stock option grants excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share was 1,237,514 and 2,669,380, respectively. Performance-based stock options are omitted from the calculation of diluted earnings per share until the performance criteria have been met.

12. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

At November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, there were 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock (\$.01 par value per share) authorized, of which no shares were issued and outstanding. FactSet's Board of Directors may from time to time authorize the issuance of one or more series of preferred stock and, in connection with the creation of such series, determine the characteristics of each such series including, without limitation, the preference and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions of the series.

Common Stock

At November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, there were 150,000,000 shares of common stock (\$.01 par value per share) authorized, of which 48,325,476 and 48,110,740 shares were issued, respectively. The authorized shares of common stock are issuable for any proper corporate purpose, including future stock splits, stock dividends, acquisitions, raising equity capital or to adopt additional employee benefit plans.

Treasury Stock

At November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, there were 5,337,107 and 4,786,330 shares of treasury stock (at cost) outstanding, respectively. As a result, 42,988,369 and 43,324,410 shares of FactSet common stock were outstanding at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, respectively.

Share Repurchase Program

On December 16, 2013, FactSet's Board of Directors approved a \$300 million expansion to the existing share repurchase program. During the first three months of fiscal 2014, the Company repurchased 530,000 shares for \$57.8 million. Including the recently approved \$300 million expansion to the program, \$304.7 million remains authorized for future share repurchases. Repurchases will be made from time to time in the open market and privately negotiated transactions, subject to market conditions. No minimum number of shares to be repurchased has been fixed. There is no timeframe to complete the repurchase program and it is expected that share repurchases will be paid using existing and future cash generated by operations.

In addition to the purchase of 530,000 shares under the existing share repurchase program, FactSet repurchased 20,777 shares for \$2.3 million from employees to cover their cost of taxes upon the vesting of previously granted restricted stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2014.

Restricted Stock

Restricted stock awards entitle the holder to shares of common stock as the awards vest over time. During the first three months of fiscal 2014, there were 161,716 restricted stock awards granted compared to none in the year ago quarter. During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, 62,544 of previously granted restricted stock awards vested and were included in common stock outstanding as of November 30, 2013 (less 20,777 shares repurchased from employees to cover their cost of taxes upon vesting of the restricted stock). In the year ago quarter, 92,715 of previously granted restricted stock awards vested and were included in common stock outstanding as of November 30, 2012 (less 29,604 shares repurchased to cover the cost of taxes upon vesting of the restricted stock).

Dividends

The Company's Board of Directors declared the following historical dividends:

| Declaration Date | Dividends Per Share of Common Stock | Type | Record Date | Total \$ Amount (in thousands) | Payment Date |
|-------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|
| November 14, 2013 | \$ 0.35 | Regular (cash) | November 29, 2013 | \$ 15,046 | December 17, 2013 |
| August 15, 2013 | \$ 0.35 | Regular (cash) | August 31, 2013 | \$ 15,164 | September 17, 2013 |
| May 14, 2013 | \$ 0.35 | Regular (cash) | May 31, 2013 | \$ 15,413 | June 18, 2013 |
| February 21, 2013 | \$ 0.31 | Regular (cash) | February 28, 2013 | \$ 13,510 | March 19, 2013 |
| November 15, 2012 | \$ 0.31 | Regular (cash) | November 30, 2012 | \$ 13,746 | December 18, 2012 |
| August 8, 2012 | \$ 0.31 | Regular (cash) | August 31, 2012 | \$ 13,727 | September 18, 2012 |
| May 8, 2012 | \$ 0.31 | Regular (cash) | May 31, 2012 | \$ 13,893 | June 19, 2012 |
| February 14, 2012 | \$ 0.27 | Regular (cash) | February 29, 2012 | \$ 12,085 | March 20, 2012 |
| November 10, 2011 | \$ 0.27 | Regular (cash) | November 30, 2011 | \$ 12,181 | December 20, 2011 |
| August 11, 2011 | \$ 0.27 | Regular (cash) | August 31, 2011 | \$ 12,165 | September 20, 2011 |

All of the above cash dividends were paid from existing cash resources. Future dividend payments will depend on the Company's earnings, capital requirements, financial condition and other factors considered relevant by the Company and is subject to final determination by the Company's Board of Directors.

13. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

Stock Option Awards

Options granted without performance conditions under the Company's stock option plans expire either seven or ten years from the date of grant and the majority vest at a rate of 20% after the first year and 1.67% per month thereafter for years two through five. Options become vested and exercisable provided the employee continues employment with the Company through the applicable vesting date and remain exercisable until expiration or cancellation. The majority of the options granted with performance conditions expire either seven or ten years from the date of grant and vest at a rate of 40% after the first two years and 1.67% per month thereafter for years three through five. Options are not transferable or assignable other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution. During the grantee's lifetime, they may be exercised only by the grantee.

During the first three months of fiscal 2014, FactSet granted 72,203 stock option awards at a weighted average exercise price of \$109.49 to existing employees of the Company.

A summary of stock option activity is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Number | Weighted Average |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| | Outstanding | Exercise Price Per Share |
| Balance at August 31, 2013 | 4,729 | \$ 75.95 |
| Granted – non-performance-based | 36 | 108.64 |
| Granted – performance-based | 36 | 110.31 |
| Exercised | (136) | 59.38 |
| Forfeited | (10) | 79.22 |
| Balance at November 30, 2013 | 4,655 | \$ 76.94 |

The total number of in-the-money options exercisable as of November 30, 2013 was 2.1 million with a weighted average exercise price of \$62.94. As of August 31, 2013, 1.9 million in-the-money outstanding options were

exercisable with a weighted average exercise price of \$59.70. The aggregate intrinsic value of in-the-money stock options exercisable at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013 was \$102.6 million and \$82.1 million, respectively. Aggregate intrinsic value represents the difference between the Company's closing stock price of \$113.00 at November 30, 2013 and the exercise price multiplied by the number of options exercisable as of that date. The total pre-tax intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$6.9 million and \$11.7 million, respectively.

Performance-based Stock Options

Performance-based stock options require management to make assumptions regarding the likelihood of achieving Company performance targets. The number of performance-based options that vest will be predicated on the Company achieving performance levels during the measurement period subsequent to the date of grant. Dependent on the financial performance levels attained by FactSet, a percentage of the performance-based stock options will vest to the grantees of those stock options. However, there is no current guarantee that such options will vest in whole or in part.

November 2012 Annual Employee Performance-based Option Grant Review

In November 2012, FactSet granted 1,011,510 performance-based employee stock options. The number of performance-based options that vest is based on the Company achieving performance levels for both organic annual subscription value ("ASV") and diluted earnings per share during the two fiscal years ended August 31, 2014. At November 30, 2013, FactSet estimated that 20% or 202,302 of the performance-based stock options would vest which results in unamortized stock-based compensation expense of \$3.2 million to be recognized over the remaining vesting period. However, a change in the actual financial performance levels achieved over the next three fiscal quarters of 2014 could result in the following changes to the Company's current estimate of the vesting percentage and related expense (in thousands):

| Vesting | Total Unamortized Stock-based | Cumulative Catch-up | Average Remaining Quarterly |
|------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Percentage | Compensation Expense at November 30, 2013 | Adjustment* | Expense to be Recognized |
| 0% | \$ - | \$ (1,550 |) \$ - |
| 20% | \$ 3,198 | \$ - | \$ 204 |
| 60% | \$ 9,594 | \$ 3,100 | \$ 612 |
| 100% | \$ 15,990 | \$ 6,200 | \$ 1,020 |

* Amounts represent the cumulative catch-up adjustment to be recorded if there was a change in the vesting percentage as of November 30, 2013.

July 2012 Performance-based Option Grant Review

In July 2012, FactSet granted 241,546 performance-based employee stock options, which are eligible to vest in 20% tranches depending upon future StreetAccount user growth through August 31, 2017. The Company estimates that the second 20% tranche will vest by August 31, 2017, which results in unamortized stock-based compensation expense of \$1.2 million to be recognized over the remaining vesting period of 3.8 years. A change, up or down, in the actual financial performance levels achieved by StreetAccount in future fiscal years could result in the following changes to the current estimate of the vesting percentage and related expense (in thousands):

| Vesting Percentage | Cumulative Catch-up Adjustment** | Remaining Expense to be Recognized |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| First 20%* | n/a | n/a* |
| Second 20% | \$ (439) | \$ 1,161 |
| Third 20% | \$ 544 | \$ 2,217 |
| Fourth 20% | \$ 1,029 | \$ 3,332 |
| Fifth 20% | \$ 1,648 | \$ 4,313 |

*The first 20% of the grant vested during fiscal 2013, and as such, there is no remaining expense to be recognized as of November 30, 2013.

** Amounts represent the cumulative catch-up adjustment to be recorded if there was a change in the vesting percentage as of November 30, 2013.

Revere Data Performance-based Option Grant

In connection with the acquisition of Revere Data during the first quarter of fiscal 2014, FactSet granted 36,695 performance-based employee stock options, which would vest only if certain ASV and operating margins related to the Revere business were achieved during the subsequent two and four year measurement periods and the option holders remained employed by FactSet. At November 30, 2013, the Company estimated that approximately 50% or 18,553 performance-based stock options will vest, which results in unamortized stock-based compensation expense of \$0.6 million to be recognized over the remaining vesting period of 4.8 years.

Other Performance-based Option Grants

FactSet granted 41,725 performance-based employee stock options between January 2011 and July 2011 that vest based on achieving certain ASV targets. Of this total, 8,634 vested prior to the beginning of fiscal 2014. At November 30, 2013, the Company estimated that from the remaining 33,091 performance-based stock options, 7,964 will vest based on forecasted ASV growth, resulting in unamortized stock-based compensation expense of \$0.1 million to be

recognized over the remaining vesting period. The remaining 25,127 performance-based stock options outstanding are expected to be forfeited.

Restricted Stock and Stock Unit Awards

The Company's stock option and award plan permits the issuance of restricted stock and restricted stock units. Restricted stock awards are subject to continued employment over a specified period. During the first three months of fiscal 2014, FactSet granted 161,716 restricted stock awards at a weighted average grant date fair value of \$102.27 to existing employees of the Company. There were no restricted stock awards granted during the first three months of fiscal 2013.

A summary of restricted stock award activity is as follows (in thousands, except per award data):

| | Number | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Award |
|--|--------|--|
| Balance at August 31, 2013 | 358 | \$ 80.43 |
| Granted (restricted stock and stock units) | 162 | \$ 102.27 |
| Vested* | (63 |) \$ 83.49 |
| Canceled/forfeited | (2 |) \$ 69.27 |
| Balance at November 30, 2013 | 455 | \$ 87.69 |

* The 62,544 restricted stock awards that vested during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 related to awards granted on November 8, 2010. These restricted stock awards cliff vested 60% after three years (on November 8, 2013) with the remaining 40% cliff vesting after five years (on November 8, 2015). The awards are amortized to expense over the vesting period using the straight-line attribution method. As of November 30, 2013, unamortized stock-based compensation expense of \$3.2 million is to be amortized to compensation expense over the remaining vesting period of 1.9 years.

November 2013 Employee Restricted Stock Award

On November 1, 2013, FactSet granted 153,972 restricted stock awards with a fair value of \$102.22, which entitle the holder to shares of common stock as the awards vest over time. These restricted stock awards cliff vest 60% after three years (on November 1, 2016) and the remaining 40% after five years (on November 1, 2018). As of November 30, 2013, unamortized stock-based compensation expense of \$13.7 million is to be amortized ratably to compensation expense over the remaining vesting period of 4.9 years.

September 2013 Revere Data Restricted Stock Units

An additional 7,744 performance-based restricted stock units were granted during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 in connection with the acquisition of Revere Data. The units cliff vest 80% upon the four-year anniversary date of the grant, September 17, 2017, with the remaining 20% vesting on the fifth anniversary date, September 17, 2018, based upon the achievement of certain ASV and operating margin targets by the end of fiscal 2017 and the unit holders remaining employed by FactSet. As of November 30, 2013, unamortized stock-based compensation of \$0.4 million will be amortized to compensation expense over the remaining vesting period of 4.8 years.

Share-based Awards Available for Grant

A summary of share-based awards available for grant is as follows (in thousands):

| | Share-based Awards | Share-based Awards |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Available for Grant under | Available for Grant under |
| | the Employee Option Plan | the Non-Employee Directors Plan |
| Balance at August 31, 2013 | 3,116 | 107 |
| Granted – non performance-based options | (36) | - |
| Granted – performance-based options | (36) | - |
| Restricted stock awards granted* | (404) | - |
| Share-based awards canceled/forfeited* | 16 | - |
| Balance at November 30, 2013 | 2,656 | 107 |

* Under the Company's stock option and award plan, for each restricted stock award granted/canceled/forfeited, an equivalent of 2.5 shares is added back to or removed from the available share-based awards balance.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

On December 16, 2008, the Company's stockholders ratified the adoption of the FactSet Research Systems Inc. 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Purchase Plan"). A total of 500,000 shares have been reserved for issuance under the Purchase Plan. There is no expiration date for the Purchase Plan. Shares of FactSet common stock may be purchased by eligible employees under the Purchase Plan in three-month intervals at a purchase price equal to at least 85% of the lesser of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on either the first day or the last day of each three-month offering period. Employee purchases may not exceed 10% of their gross compensation during an offering period.

During the three months ended November 30, 2013, employees purchased 16,363 shares at a weighted average price of \$86.65 as compared to 18,102 shares at a weighted average price of \$78.53 in the same period a year ago. At November 30, 2013, 103,407 shares were reserved for future issuance under the Purchase Plan.

401(k) Plan

The Company established a 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") in fiscal 1993. The 401(k) Plan is a defined contribution plan covering all full-time, U.S. employees of the Company and is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Each year, participants may contribute up to 60% of their eligible annual compensation, subject to annual limitations established by the Internal Revenue Code. The Company matches up to 4% of employees' earnings, capped at the IRS annual maximum. Company matching contributions are subject to a five year graduated vesting schedule. All full-time, U.S. employees are eligible for the matching contribution by the Company. The Company contributed \$1.8 million in matching contributions to employee 401(k) accounts during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company recognized total stock-based compensation expense of \$5.1 million and \$5.2 million during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of November 30, 2013, \$61.4 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.8 years. There was no stock-based compensation capitalized as of November 30, 2013 or August 31, 2013, respectively.

Employee Stock Option Fair Value Determinations

The Company utilizes the lattice-binomial option-pricing model (“binomial model”) to estimate the fair value of new employee stock option grants. The Company’s determination of fair value of stock option awards on the date of grant using the binomial model is affected by the Company’s stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of variables. These variables include, but are not limited to the Company’s expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, interest rates, option forfeitures and employee stock option exercise behaviors.

Fiscal 2014

Q1 2014 – 35,508 non performance-based employee stock options and 36,695 performance-based employee stock -options were granted at a weighted average exercise price of \$109.49 and a weighted average estimated fair value of \$31.78 per share.

Fiscal 2013

Q1 2013 – 635,308 non performance-based employee stock options and 1,011,510 performance-based employee -stock options were granted at a weighted average exercise price of \$92.22 and a weighted average estimated fair value of \$26.87 per share.

The weighted average estimated fair value of employee stock options granted during the first three months of fiscal 2014 and 2013 was determined using the binomial model with the following weighted average assumptions:

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--|----------------------|---------|-------|---------|
| | November 30, 2013 | | 2012 | |
| Term structure of risk-free interest rate | 0.08% | - 2.61% | 0.16% | - 1.91% |
| Expected life (in years) | 7.6 | - 7.8 | 7.6 | - 7.8 |
| Term structure of volatility | 23% | - 33% | 24% | - 33% |
| Dividend yield | 1.35 | % | 1.30 | % |
| Weighted average estimated fair value | \$ | 31.78 | \$ | 26.87 |
| Weighted average exercise price | \$ | 109.49 | \$ | 92.22 |
| Fair value as a percentage of exercise price | 29.0 | % | 29.1 | % |

The risk-free interest rate assumption for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatility is based on a combination of historical volatility of the Company’s stock and implied volatilities of publicly traded options to buy FactSet common stock with contractual terms closest to the expected life of options granted to employees. The approach to utilize a mix of historical and implied volatility was based upon the availability of actively traded options on the Company’s stock and the Company’s assessment that a combination of implied volatility and historical volatility is best representative of future stock price trends. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercises and employee termination within the valuation model. The dividend yield assumption is based on the Company’s history and expectation of dividend payouts. The

expected life of employee stock options represents the weighted average period the stock options are expected to remain outstanding and is a derived output of the binomial model. The binomial model estimates employees exercise behavior is based on the option's remaining vested life and the extent to which the option is in-the-money. The binomial model estimates the probability of exercise as a function of these two variables based on the entire history of exercises and cancellations of all past option grants made by the Company.

Non-Employee Director Stock Option Fair Value Determinations

The 2008 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "Directors' Plan") provides for the grant of share-based awards, including stock options, to non-employee directors of FactSet. A total of 250,000 shares of FactSet common stock have been reserved for issuance under the Directors' Plan. The expiration date of the Directors' Plan is December 1, 2018.

The Company utilizes the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair value of new non-employee Director stock option grants. The Company's determination of fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of variables. These variables include, but are not limited to the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, interest rates, option forfeitures and employee stock option exercise behaviors.

There were no stock options granted to the Company's non-employee Directors during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Restricted Stock Fair Value Determinations

Restricted stock granted to employees entitle the holder to shares of common stock as the award vests over time, but not to dividends declared on the underlying shares while the restricted stock is unvested. The grant date fair value of restricted stock awards are measured by reducing the grant date price of FactSet's share by the present value of the dividends expected to be paid on the underlying stock during the requisite service period, discounted at the appropriate risk-free interest rate. Restricted stock awards are amortized to expense over the vesting period. There were 161,716 restricted stock awards granted during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 with a weighted average grant date fair value of \$102.27. There were no restricted stock awards granted during the three months ended November 30, 2012.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan Fair Value Determinations

During the three months ended November 30, 2013, employees purchased 16,363 shares at a weighted average price of \$86.65 as compared to 18,102 shares at a weighted average price of \$78.53 in the same period a year ago. Stock-based compensation expense recorded during each of the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, relating to the employee stock purchase plan was \$0.3 million.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes model to calculate the estimated fair value for the employee stock purchase plan. The weighted average estimated fair value of employee stock purchase plan grants during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012 were \$16.64 and \$15.74 per share, respectively, with the following weighted average assumptions:

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|------|---|
| | November 30, 2013 | | 2012 | |
| Risk-free interest rate | 0.04 | % | 0.10 | % |
| Expected life (in months) | 3 | | 3 | |
| Expected volatility | 8.66 | % | 10 | % |
| Dividend yield | 1.37 | % | 1.32 | % |

Accuracy of Fair Value Estimates

The Company is responsible for determining the assumptions used in estimating the fair value of its share-based payment awards. The Company's determination of fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of highly complex and subjective variables. These variables include, but are not limited to the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, interest rates, option forfeiture rates and actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors. Option-pricing models were developed for use in estimating the value of traded options that have no vesting or hedging restrictions and are fully transferable.

15. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense is based on taxable income determined in accordance with current enacted laws and tax rates. Deferred income taxes are recorded for the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using currently enacted tax rates.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes is as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | November 30 | |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| U.S. operations | \$60,258 | \$61,067 |
| Non-U.S. operations | 14,823 | 10,446 |
| Income before income taxes | \$75,081 | \$71,513 |
| U.S. operations | \$19,653 | \$19,340 |
| Non-U.S. operations | 3,250 | 2,404 |
| Total provision for income taxes | \$22,903 | \$21,744 |
| Effective tax rate | 30.5 % | 30.4 % |

FactSet's effective tax rate is based on recurring factors and nonrecurring events, including the taxation of foreign income. The Company's effective tax rate will vary based upon changes in levels of foreign income, as well as discrete and other nonrecurring events that may not be predictable. For the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, the effective tax rate was lower than the U.S. statutory rate primarily due to foreign income, which is subject to lower statutory tax rates than in the U.S., benefits from foreign tax credits and the U.S. Federal R&D tax credit which lapsed on December 31, 2013.

The components of the provision for income taxes consist of the following (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 |
| Current | | |
| U.S. federal | \$18,117 | \$16,358 |
| U.S. state and local | 1,197 | 1,289 |
| Non-U.S. | 3,187 | 2,684 |
| Total current taxes | \$22,501 | \$20,331 |
| Deferred | | |
| U.S. federal | \$311 | \$1,576 |
| U.S. state and local | 28 | 117 |
| Non-U.S. | 63 | (280) |
| Total deferred taxes | \$402 | \$1,413 |
| Total provision for income taxes | \$22,903 | \$21,744 |

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

The significant components of deferred tax assets that are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows (in thousands):

| | Nov 30, 2013 | Aug 31, 2013 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| Current | | |
| Receivable reserve | \$610 | \$614 |
| Deferred rent | 2,036 | 2,191 |
| Deferred fees | (2) | (2) |
| Other | 382 | 0 |
| Net current deferred taxes | \$3,026 | \$2,803 |
| Non-current | | |
| Depreciation on property, equipment and leasehold improvements | \$8,077 | \$6,329 |
| Deferred rent | 2,772 | 2,772 |
| Stock-based compensation | 18,667 | 19,828 |
| Purchased intangible assets, including acquired technology | (9,358) | (8,401) |
| Other | 2,324 | 1,495 |
| Net non-current deferred taxes | \$22,482 | \$22,023 |

| | | |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|
| Total deferred tax assets | \$25,508 | \$24,826 |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|

The significant components of deferred tax liabilities that are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows (in thousands):

| | Nov 30, 2013 | Aug 31, 2013 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Deferred tax liabilities (non-current) | | |
| Purchased intangible assets, including acquired technology | \$ 2,775 | \$ 2,761 |
| Stock-based compensation | (376) | (365) |
| Total deferred tax liabilities (non-current) | \$ 2,399 | \$ 2,396 |

A provision has not been made for additional U.S. Federal taxes as of November 30, 2013 as all undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries are considered to be invested indefinitely or will be repatriated free of additional tax. The amount of such undistributed earnings of these foreign subsidiaries included in consolidated retained earnings was immaterial at November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013. As such, the unrecognized deferred tax liability on those undistributed earnings was immaterial. These earnings could become subject to additional tax if they are remitted as dividends, loaned to FactSet, or upon sale of the subsidiary's stock.

Unrecognized Tax Positions

Applicable accounting guidance prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, classification and disclosure of uncertain tax positions that a company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. A company can recognize the financial effect of an income tax position only if it is more likely than not (greater than 50%) that the tax position will prevail upon tax examination, based solely on the technical merits of the tax position. Otherwise, no benefit or expense can be recognized in the consolidated financial statements. The tax benefits recognized are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Additionally, companies are required to accrue interest and related penalties, if applicable, on all tax exposures for which reserves have been established consistent with jurisdictional tax laws.

As of November 30, 2013, the Company had gross unrecognized tax benefits totaling \$5.0 million, including \$1.1 million of accrued interest, recorded as non-current taxes payable in the consolidated balance sheet. Unrecognized tax benefits represent tax positions taken on tax returns but not yet recognized in the consolidated financial statements. When applicable, the Company adjusts the previously recorded tax expense to reflect examination results when the position is effectively settled. The Company regularly engages in discussions and negotiations with tax authorities regarding tax matters in various jurisdictions. It is reasonably possible that certain federal, foreign, and state tax matters may be concluded in the next 12 months. However, FactSet has no reason to believe that such audits will result in the payment of additional taxes and/or penalties that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position, beyond current estimates. Any changes in accounting estimates resulting from new developments with respect to uncertain tax positions will be recorded as appropriate. The Company does not currently anticipate that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change within the next 12 months.

The following table summarizes the changes in the balance of gross unrecognized tax benefits during the first three months of fiscal 2014 (in thousands):

| | |
|--|---------|
| Unrecognized income tax benefits at August 31, 2013 | \$5,435 |
| Additions based on tax positions related to the current year | 117 |
| Additions for tax positions of prior years | 218 |
| Reductions from settlements with taxing authorities | (761) |
| Unrecognized income tax benefits at November 30, 2013 | \$5,009 |

In the normal course of business, the Company's tax filings are subject to audit by federal, state and foreign tax authorities. At November 30, 2013, the Company remained subject to examination in the following major tax jurisdictions for the tax years as indicated below:

Major Tax Jurisdictions Open Tax Years

U.S.
Federal 2010 through 2013
State (various) 2010 through 2013

Europe
France 2010 through 2013
United Kingdom 2011 through 2013

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments represent obligations, such as those for future purchases of goods or services that are not yet recorded on the balance sheet as liabilities. FactSet records liabilities for commitments when incurred (*i.e.*, when the goods or services are received).

Lease Commitments

At November 30, 2013, the Company leases approximately 193,000 square feet of office space at its headquarters in Norwalk, Connecticut. In addition, FactSet leases office space for its U.S. reportable segment in New York, New York; Boston, Massachusetts; Chicago, Illinois; San Francisco, California; Austin, Texas; Jackson, Wyoming; Atlanta, Georgia; Tuscaloosa, Alabama; Newark, Ridgewood and Piscataway, New Jersey; Manchester, New Hampshire; Reston, Virginia, and Youngstown, Ohio. The Company's European segment operates in leased office space in London, England; Paris and Avon, France; Amsterdam, the Netherlands; Frankfurt, Germany; Dubai, United Arab Emirates; Milan, Italy; Stockholm, Sweden; and Riga, Latvia. Office space in Tokyo, Japan; Hong Kong; Mumbai, India; Manila, the Philippines; and Sydney, Australia are leased by FactSet for its Asia Pacific operating segment. The data content collection centers located in Hyderabad, India and Manila, the Philippines benefit all of the Companies operating segments. The leases expire on various dates through 2024. Total minimum rental payments associated with the leases are recorded as rent expense (a component of selling, general and administrative expenses) on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective non-cancelable lease terms. At November 30, 2013, FactSet leases approximately 814,000 square feet of office space, which the Company believes is adequate for its current needs and that additional space is available for lease to meet any future needs.

In connection with the acquisition of the assets of Revere Data in September 2013, FactSet assumed the leases of existing offices in Youngstown, Ohio and New York, New York, which increased the rental square footage by approximately 5,000 square feet and minimum rental payments by less than \$0.1 million. No other material new leases were entered into during the first three months of fiscal 2014.

For the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, rent expense (including operating costs) for all operating leases amounted to \$8.9 million and \$9.3 million, respectively. Approximately \$2.2 million of standby letters of credit have been issued during the ordinary course of business in connection with the Company's current leased office space as of November 30, 2013. These standby letters of credit contain covenants that, among other things, require the Company to maintain minimum levels of consolidated net worth and certain leverage and fixed charge ratios. As of November 30, 2013, FactSet was in compliance with all covenants contained in the standby letters of credit.

At November 30, 2013, the Company's lease commitments for office space provide for the following future minimum rental payments under non-cancelable operating leases with remaining terms in excess of one year (in thousands):

| Years August 31, | Minimum Lease Payments |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2014 (remaining nine months) | \$20,877 |
| 2015 | 23,917 |
| 2016 | 17,941 |
| 2017 | 16,599 |

| | |
|------------|------------|
| 2018 | 15,647 |
| Thereafter | 29,604 |
| Total | \$ 124,585 |

Purchase Commitments with Suppliers

Purchase obligations represent payment due in future periods in respect of commitments to the Company's various data vendors as well as commitments to purchase goods and services such as telecommunication and computer maintenance services. These purchase commitments are agreements that are enforceable and legally binding on FactSet and that specify all significant terms, including: fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transaction. As of August 31, 2013, the Company had total purchase commitments of \$50.2 million. There were no material changes in FactSet's purchase commitments during the first three months of fiscal 2014.

Contingencies

Legal Matters

FactSet accrues non income-tax liabilities for contingencies when management believes that a loss is probable and the amounts can be reasonably estimated, while contingent gains are recognized only when realized. The Company is subject to legal proceedings, claims, and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, including intellectual property litigation. Based on currently available information at November 30, 2013, FactSet's management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of these unresolved matters against the Company, individually or in the aggregate, is likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, its results of operations or its cash flows.

Income Taxes

Uncertain income tax positions are accounted for in accordance with applicable accounting guidance (see Note 15). FactSet is currently under audit by tax authorities. The Company has reserved for potential adjustments to its provision for income taxes that may result from examinations by, or any negotiated settlements with, these tax authorities, and the Company believes that the final outcome of these examinations or settlements will not have a material effect on its results of operations. If events occur which indicate payment of these amounts is unnecessary, the reversal of the liabilities would result in the recognition of tax benefits in the period FactSet determines the liabilities are no longer necessary. If the Company's estimates of the federal, state, and foreign income tax liabilities are less than the ultimate assessment, a further charge to expense would result.

Indemnifications

As permitted or required under Delaware law and to the maximum extent allowable under that law, FactSet has certain obligations to indemnify its current and former officers and directors for certain events or occurrences while the officer or director is, or was serving, at FactSet's request in such capacity. These indemnification obligations are valid as long as the director or officer acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The maximum potential amount of future payments FactSet could be required to make under these indemnification obligations is unlimited; however, FactSet has a director and officer insurance policy that should mitigate FactSet's exposure and enables FactSet to recover a portion of any future amounts paid. The Company believes the estimated fair value, prior to consideration of any potential insurance recoveries, of these indemnification obligations is not material.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Cash equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with several financial institutions. Deposits held with banks may exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. These deposits may be redeemed upon demand and are maintained with financial institutions with reputable credit and therefore bear minimal credit risk. The Company seeks to mitigate its credit risks by spreading such risks across multiple counterparties and monitoring the risk profiles of these counterparties.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are unsecured and are derived from revenues earned from clients located around the globe. FactSet performs ongoing credit evaluations of its clients and does not require collateral from its clients. The Company maintains reserves for potential write-offs and these losses have historically been within expectations. No single client represented 10% or more of FactSet's total revenues in any period presented. At November 30, 2013, the Company's largest individual client accounted for 2% of total subscriptions and annual subscriptions from the ten largest clients did not surpass 15% of total client subscriptions, consistent with August 31, 2013. At November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, the receivable reserve was \$1.6 million.

Derivative Instruments - As a result of the use of derivative instruments, the Company is exposed to counterparty credit risk. FactSet has incorporated counterparty risk into the fair value of its derivative assets and its own credit risk into the value of the Company's derivative liabilities. FactSet calculates credit risk from observable data related to credit default swaps as quoted by publicly available information. Counterparty risk is represented by CDS spreads related to the senior secured debt of the respective bank with whom FactSet has executed these derivative transactions. Because CDS spread information is not available for FactSet, the Company's credit risk is determined based on using a simple average of CDS spreads for peer companies as determined by FactSet. To mitigate counterparty credit risk, FactSet enters into contracts with large financial institutions and regularly reviews its credit exposure balances as well as the creditworthiness of the counterparties.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On December 10, 2013, FactSet acquired a 60% ownership interest in Matrix Data Limited (“Matrix”) for £12 million with the ability to acquire the remaining 40% interest. Headquartered in London, England, in its primary line of business, Matrix is a provider of intelligence to the UK financial services industry, covering market share of mutual fund distribution. Matrix has developed customer, channel and market benchmarking solutions that help clients optimize product distribution and improve marketing effectiveness to drive revenue growth. Matrix employed 85 individuals in England and at the time of the acquisition had annual subscriptions of \$7 million.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") is designed to provide a reader of our financial statements with a narrative from the perspective of our management on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and certain other factors that may affect our future results. Our MD&A is presented in the following sections:

- Executive Overview

- Results of Operations

- Foreign Currency

- Liquidity

- Capital Resources

- Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

- Share Repurchase Program

- Contractual Obligations

- Dividends

- Significant Accounting Policies and Critical Accounting Estimates

- New Accounting Pronouncements

- Market Trends

- Forward-Looking Factors

Executive Overview

FactSet is a provider of integrated financial information and analytical applications to the global investment community. We combine content regarding companies and securities from major markets all over the globe into a single online platform of information and analytics. By consolidating content from hundreds of databases with powerful analytics, FactSet supports the investment process from initial research to published results for buy and sell-side professionals. These professionals include portfolio managers, research and performance analysts, risk managers, marketing professionals, sell-side equity research professionals, investment bankers and fixed income professionals. Our applications provide users access to company analysis, multicompany comparisons, industry analysis, company screening, portfolio analysis, predictive risk measurements, alphatesting, portfolio optimization and simulation, real-time news and quotes and tools to value and analyze fixed income securities and portfolios. With Microsoft Office integration, wireless access and customizable options, we offer a complete financial workflow solution. Our revenues are derived from month-to-month subscriptions to services, databases and financial applications. We generate approximately 82.2% of our revenues from investment management clients and the remainder is from investment banking firms who perform M&A advisory work and equity research. Included in the 82.2% are revenue attributable to off-platform sales and the Market Metrics business.

Over the years, regardless of the market cycle, the Company's financial performance has returned value to our shareholders. At FactSet, we believe we are well-situated to serve a broad range of our clients' needs, given our core competency with equity analysis and research, and our expertise with fixed income that we have been developing now for nearly ten years. At November 30, 2013, we employed 6,399 employees, up 6% from a year ago. Of these employees, 1,935 were located in the U.S., 641 in Europe and 3,823 in Asia Pacific. Approximately 53% of employees are involved with content collection, 24% work in product development, software and systems engineering, another 19% conduct sales and consulting services and the remaining 4% provide administrative support.

Our business model is built upon dedication to client service and the creative use of technology, which has allowed us to become a major force within the \$25 billion dollar financial information industry. Our investment discipline and proven business model continues to generate shareholder value as illustrated by our 7% EPS growth. Our buy-side client base is experiencing a healthy business cycle, but we are facing a challenging sell-side environment, which reduced organic ASV in the past three months. A key strength in our business model is the ability to generate record levels of quarterly free cash flow, as evidenced by an 18% growth in this metric year over year. Overall, the first quarter of fiscal 2014 adds to our continuing string of successful quarters as we added 89 net users and 25 net new clients in the past three months. We also completed the acquisition of Revere Data in September 2013 for \$15.3 million and now offer clients unique industry taxonomy and a database of supply chain relationships. Lastly, we held a successful U.S. Symposium in November 2013, with 316 industry professionals from 102 firms in attendance.

Results of Operations

For an understanding of the significant factors that influenced our performance during the three months ended November 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, the following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

| (in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 | Change |
| Revenues | \$222,975 | \$211,085 | 5.6 % |
| Cost of services | 83,250 | 73,586 | 13.1 % |
| Selling, general and administrative | 64,985 | 66,414 | (2.2)% |
| Operating income | 74,740 | 71,085 | 5.1 % |
| Net income | \$52,178 | \$49,769 | 4.8 % |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$1.19 | \$1.11 | 7.2 % |
| Diluted weighted average common shares | 43,773 | 44,984 | |

Revenues

Revenues for the three months ended November 30, 2013 were \$223.0 million, up 5.6% compared to the prior year. Our revenue growth drivers during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 were an increase in the number of clients and users, continued sales of our wealth management workflow solutions, increased subscriptions in our Portfolio Analytics suite of products, incremental revenue from the acquisition of Revere Data in September 2013 and continued expansion of our proprietary content partially offset by lower revenue from a weaker Japanese Yen and a reduction in ASV from our investment banking and Market Metrics clients.

Growth in the Number of Clients and Users of FactSet

For the sixteenth consecutive quarter, we experienced net new client growth. The total number of FactSet clients as of November 30, 2013 was 2,525, a net increase of 25 clients during the past three months and brings the net new client growth total to 124 over the past 12 months. At FactSet, we do not count every single company that uses our services as a client. Companies that are on trial are not included, nor are clients with ASV of less than \$24,000. The addition of new clients is important to us as we anticipate that it lays the groundwork for future additional services, consistent with our strategy of increasing sales of workstations, applications and content at existing clients. In addition, our annual client retention rate remained at greater than 95% of ASV, consistent with last year. As a percentage of actual clients, our annual retention rate was 92% at November 30, 2013, also consistent with last year. We believe these statistics show the power of our business model, as the large majority of clients maintain their subscriptions to FactSet throughout the year.

At November 30, 2013, there were 51,014 professionals using FactSet, a net increase of 89 in the past three months and up 1,409 users from a year ago. We saw an expansion of new users within the investment management space, especially from our wealth management clients. However, this growth was partially offset by a reduction of users at some of our investment banking clients. . We believe that although headcount at our investment banking clients is still under pressure due to workforce reductions and deployment levels which follow lower headcount, we continue to make gains on the investment management side, which constitutes approximately 82.2% of our revenues. In addition, average ASV for investment management users is significantly higher than for investment banking users, so a shift towards more research being conducted internally at investment management firms is a long-term positive ASV trend for FactSet. In the past 12 months, our investment management client base has added approximately 2,144 users while our investment banking clients have contracted by 735 users.

Continued Sales of our Wealth Management Workflow Solutions

We continued to be successful during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 in expanding the FactSet footprint within our wealth management clients and configuring a solution for their workflow. We are pleased to continue to observe increases in the users of our wealth management solutions as wealth users have increased every quarter over the past five years. Sales in the wealth management space require persistence and the ability to manage switching costs since the number of users and locations involved can be significant. Our consistently expanding footprint leads us to believe that the competitive position of our wealth management workflow solutions is improving.

Increased Subscriptions in our Portfolio Analytics (PA) Suite of Products

Our Portfolio Analytics suite of products, including our Fixed Income in PA product, continues to be well received within our client base. As a result, PA product subscriptions were a source of revenue growth during the first quarter of fiscal 2014. The PA suite includes separate products that cover a range of workflows around portfolios. The number of clients and users subscribing to PA, Fixed Income in PA, SPAR, Risk and Portfolio Publishing experienced broad-based growth as this suite is comprehensive and includes highly desired applications for portfolio attribution, risk, quantitative analysis, portfolio publishing and returns based, style analysis.

Incremental Revenue from Revere Data

On September 1, 2013, we acquired the assets of Revere Data, whose taxonomy and supply chain relationship data will serve to complement our commitment to provide our clients with unique and insightful content sets, allowing users to better identify opportunities and measure risk exposure throughout the global equities and derivative markets. For the three months ended November 30, 2013, Revere added an incremental \$1.2 million in revenues to our operations, which positively impacted our year over year growth rate by 80 basis points.

Continued Expansion of our Proprietary Content

We continue to be successful in licensing our proprietary FactSet data especially as our global content sales teams focus on expanding distribution of FactSet content, including FactSet Fundamentals and FactSet Estimates. This type of data is licensed in feed form and includes Ownership, Transcripts, M&A and Corporate Hierarchy data. Data feeds are consumed by a wide-range of clients, including existing large FactSet clients and some outside of our core client base that do not manage money or provide sell side services. Sale of proprietary content through subscriptions to single purpose applications or through bulk data feeds continues to see demand among our users. The technology skill set of our largest clients is advancing. Servicing their needs with bulk data outside the FactSet workstation has proven to be another valuable means to monetize our investment in content.

The positive revenue drivers discussed above were partially offset by reductions in global banking and brokerage clients, net spend during the first quarter of fiscal 2014, a contraction in the Market Metrics business and the impact of foreign currency.

Reduction in Investment Banking: ASV from our investment banking clients decreased by \$5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 as volatility in the financial markets interrupted the short-term buying patterns of our investment banking client base. In addition, we experience some seasonality with our investment banking side clients, with our fourth quarter typically a strong quarter for new banking hires and our first quarter being weaker as their analyst programs come to end. We saw this trend was true in the just completed first quarter as user count at our investment banking clients decreased by 851 professionals during the past three months. Part of this reduction was from two large banks that reduced their number of users when their long-term contracts were recently renewed. These firms experienced workforce reductions over the past three years and the new level of deployment matches their current level of headcount.

Contraction in the Market Metrics business - Our Market Metrics suite of products includes mutual fund, variable annuity and life insurance analytical products and applications for wholesalers that have enabled senior managers to understand the value and penetration of their own products in local markets in greater detail than they have been able to examine before. ASV attributable to Market Metrics decreased \$2 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2014, which was driven by clients exiting the life and variable annuity business due to low interest rates.

Foreign Currency Impact – A weaker Japanese Yen reduced revenues by \$0.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 compared to the year ago quarter, which lowered our year over year revenue growth rate by 40 basis points.

Revenues by Geographic Region

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------|--------|---|
| | November 30, | | Change | |
| (in thousands) | 2013 | 2012 | | |
| U.S. | \$152,911 | \$143,941 | 6.2 | % |
| % of revenues | 68.6 | % 68.2 | % | |
| Europe | \$53,706 | \$51,631 | 4.0 | % |
| Asia Pacific | 16,358 | 15,513 | 5.4 | % |
| International | \$70,064 | \$67,144 | 4.3 | % |
| % of revenues | 31.4 | % 31.8 | % | |
| Consolidated | \$222,975 | \$211,085 | 5.6 | % |

Revenues from our U.S. segment increased 6.2% to \$152.9 million during the three months ended November 30, 2013 compared to the same period a year ago. Incremental revenue from the acquisition of Revere Data in September 2013 increased the year over year U.S. segment growth rate from 5.4% to 6.2%. Our first quarter fiscal 2014 revenue growth rate in the U.S. of 6.2% reflects growth in the number of users and clients of FactSet, the continued use of our advanced applications such as PA, sales of our wealth management solutions, \$1.2 million of incremental revenue from the acquisition of Revere, increased sales of our proprietary content, and an annual price increase for our U.S. investment management clients implemented in January 2013, which drove revenues up by approximately \$2.3 million partially offset by a net investment banking user count decrease due to the pressures faced by many sell-side firms.

International revenues in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 were \$70.1 million, an increase of 4.3% from the prior year period. The impact of foreign currency (related to the Japanese Yen) decreased the year over year non-U.S. revenue growth rate from 5.6% to 4.3%. European revenues advanced 4.0% to \$53.7 million due to an increase in client count, an annual price increase for the majority of our non-U.S. investment management clients implemented in March 2013, an increase in the number of PA subscriptions and sales of global proprietary content. Foreign currency movements had no impact on European revenues during the first quarter of fiscal 2014. Asia Pacific revenues grew to \$16.4 million, up 5.4% from a year ago. The foreign currency impact attributable to the change in the value of the Japanese Yen compared to the U.S. dollar decreased revenues by \$0.8 million. Holding currencies constant, Asia Pacific revenue growth year over year was 10.9%, primarily due to new user and client growth over the past 12 months, net growth in our global content offering, and our ability to sell additional services to existing clients. In March 2013, we issued our annual price increase for the majority of our non-U.S. investment management clients resulting in incremental revenue of \$0.9 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2014. Revenues from our international operations accounted for 31.4% of our consolidated revenues during the first quarter of fiscal 2014, slightly down from 31.8% in the year ago quarter, primarily driven by the acquisition of Revere, which added \$1.2 million in revenue to the U.S. segment and the devaluation of the Japanese Yen year over year.

Annual Subscription Value (ASV)

ASV at a given point in time represents the forward-looking expected revenues for the next 12 months from all subscription services being supplied to our clients. With proper notice to us, our clients are able to add to, cancel portions of, or terminate service at any time. At November 30, 2013, ASV was \$890 million, up 5.0% organically over the prior year. Including \$5 million from the acquisition of Revere and a \$1 million reduction from currency, ASV increased \$2 million over the last three months. ASV from our U.S. operations was \$609 million, up \$30 million from a year ago, including acquired Revere Data ASV of \$5 million. ASV from international operations increased \$12 million to \$281 million at November 30, 2013, representing 32% of our Company-wide total. Approximately 82.2% of ASV is derived from buy-side clients and the remainder is from the sell-side firms who perform M&A advisory work and equity research.

The 5.0% organic growth in ASV over the prior year was driven by the net addition of 124 new clients and 1,409 new users, increased sales of our wealth management and PA suite of products, the expansion of our proprietary content, growth in our Market Metrics business and our annual price increases issued in January and March of 2013 partially offset by net user count decreases at our investment banking clients.

Operating Expenses

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------|--------|----|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 | Change | |
| Cost of services | \$ 83,250 | \$ 73,586 | 13.1 | % |
| Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") | 64,985 | 66,414 | (2.2) |)% |
| Total operating expenses | \$ 148,235 | \$ 140,000 | 5.9 | % |
| Operating income | \$ 74,740 | \$ 71,085 | 5.1 | % |
| Operating Margin | 33.5 | 33.7 | | % |

Cost of Services

For the three months ended November 30, 2013, cost of services increased 13.1% to \$83.3 million as compared to \$73.6 million in the same period a year ago. Cost of services expressed as a percentage of revenues was 37.3% during the first quarter of fiscal 2014, an increase of 250 basis points over the year ago period due to higher compensation expense associated with employee growth in software engineering, consulting and content collection, and additional Revere expenses partially offset by lower third party data costs, a reduction in computer-related expenses and a decrease in intangible asset amortization.

Employee compensation, including stock-based compensation, expressed as a percentage of revenues, increased 320 basis points in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 compared to the same period in fiscal 2013 due to new classes of engineers and consultants hired in the past 12 months, additional hiring at our proprietary content collection locations, base salary increases year over year, the addition of 50 new employees from the acquisition of Revere and an increase in variable compensation. Over the last 12 months, we have added approximately 133 net new engineering and product development employees and 77 net new consultants, as we continue to improve our applications and service our existing client base. In addition, we hired approximately 159 net new employees to collect more content, primarily at our facilities in India and the Philippines. At November 30, 2013, approximately 53% of our employees are involved with content collection, 24% work in product development, software and systems engineering and another 19% conduct consulting services. Total headcount was 6,399 at November 30, 2013, a net increase of 379 over last year, including 50 employees from the acquisition of Revere. Revere expenses increased cost of services by \$1.4 million, or approximately 40 basis points, due to compensation paid to the acquired workforce, stock-based compensation expense from equity based awards granted to new employees and the amortization of acquired intangible assets.

Partially offsetting the growth in cost of services during fiscal 2014 were lower levels of third party data costs, a reduction in computer depreciation and a decrease in intangible asset amortization expense. Data costs, expressed as a percentage of revenues, decreased 20 basis points for the three months ended November 30, 2013 compared to the same period in fiscal 2013 as a result of a slowing growth rate in users, a reduction in CallStreet third party collection fees and lower variable fees payable to data vendors based on deployment of their content over the FactSet platform. Computer-related expenses, including depreciation and computer maintenance costs, decreased 20 basis points in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to a year ago due to the continued use of fully depreciated servers and our recent investment in our computer infrastructure, which was a transition to more efficient and cost-effective servers in our data centers. The cost per server and related maintenance has declined as we have become more efficient in our data centers. Amortization of intangible assets, expressed as a percentage of revenues, declined 15 basis points in the current year quarter as previously acquired intangible assets became fully amortized during the past 12 months partially offset by incremental expense from the newly acquired Revere intangible assets.

Selling, General and Administrative

For the three months ended November 30, 2013, SG&A expenses decreased 2.2% to \$65.0 million from \$66.4 million in the same period a year ago. SG&A expenses, expressed as a percentage of revenues, decreased in part by 230 basis points to 29.1% during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 due to lower employee compensation and occupancy costs partially offset by higher marketing expenses.

Employee compensation, including stock-based compensation, expressed as a percentage of revenues, decreased 180 basis points in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 compared to the same period in fiscal 2013 due to decreased variable compensation and lower stock option expense. The majority of our hiring during the past 12 months has been within our software engineering, content collection and product development teams, which are included within cost of services. As such, SG&A employee compensation, expressed as a percentage of revenues, has declined compared to the growth in cost of services as our SG&A functions become more efficient and are able to operate with minimal headcount growth. Occupancy costs, including rent and depreciation of furniture and fixtures, expressed as a

percentage of revenues, decreased 50 basis points due to the year ago expansion of our office in Manila as well as our moves to larger space in Hong Kong and Dubai. There was no similar activity in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 as we did not enter into any material new leases in the past three months.

Partially offsetting the decrease in SG&A expenses was an increase in marketing costs of 20 basis points, expressed as a percentage of revenues, as we held our U.S symposium in November of 2013 which did not occur in the year ago quarter. We believe the U.S. symposium was a success as we had 316 industry professionals from 102 firms in attendance.

Operating Income and Operating Margin

Operating income increased 5.1% to \$74.7 million for the three months ended November 30, 2013 compared to the prior year period. Our operating margin during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 was 33.5%, down from 33.7% a year ago, but up 10 basis points from 33.4% in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013. The Revere acquisition lowered our operating margin by 30 basis points in the current year first quarter due to compensation paid to the acquired workforce, stock-based compensation expense from equity based awards granted to new employees and the amortization of acquired intangible assets.

Operating Income by Segment

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 | Change |
| U.S. | \$ 40,790 | \$ 39,600 | 3.0 % |
| Europe | 26,245 | 24,723 | 6.2 % |
| Asia Pacific | 7,705 | 6,762 | 13.9 % |
| Consolidated | \$ 74,740 | \$ 71,085 | |

Our operating segments are aligned with how we, including our chief operating decision maker, manage the business and the demographic markets in which we serve. Our internal financial reporting structure is based on three reportable segments; U.S., Europe and Asia Pacific, which we believe helps us better manage the business and view the markets we serve. Sales, consulting, data collection and software engineering are the primary functional groups within each segment. Each segment records compensation, including stock-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets, depreciation of furniture and fixtures, amortization of leasehold improvements, communication costs, professional fees, rent expense, travel, marketing, office and other direct expenses. Expenditures associated with our data centers, third party data costs and corporate headquarters charges are recorded by the U.S. segment and are not allocated to the other segments. The content collection centers located in India and the Philippines benefit all of our segments and thus the expenses incurred at these locations are allocated to each segment based on a percentage of revenues.

Operating income from our U.S. business increased 3.0% to \$40.8 million during the three months ended November 30, 2013 compared to \$39.6 million in the same period a year ago. The increase in operating income was primarily due to \$9.0 million of incremental revenues, a decrease in computer-related expenses and a reduction in third party data costs and intangible asset amortization expense partially offset by higher employee compensation within cost of services. The U.S. revenue growth was driven by the continued use of our advanced applications such as PA, growth in the number of clients and users, an increase in wealth management sales, growth in our Market Metrics business over the past 12 months, additional revenues from sales of our proprietary content data feeds, \$1.2 million of incremental revenue from the acquisition of Revere in September 2013, and the January 2013 annual price increase for our U.S. investment management clients, which drove revenues up by \$2.3 million.

European operating income increased 6.2% to \$26.2 million during the three months ended November 30, 2013 compared to the same period a year ago. The increase in European operating income was primarily due to revenue growth of 4.0% combined with a reduction in T&E spending and a decrease in amortization expense as previously acquired intangible assets become fully amortized. European revenues grew by \$2.1 million during the three months ended November 30, 2013 due to clients continued licensing of our advanced applications, an annual price increase for the majority of our non-U.S. investment management clients implemented in March 2013, an increase in client and user count and sales of global proprietary content.

Asia Pacific operating income increased 13.9% to \$7.7 million during the three months ended November 30, 2013 compared to \$6.8 million a year ago. The increase in Asia Pacific operating income was primarily due to incremental revenues and a reduction in occupancy costs, including rent and depreciation of furniture and fixtures, partially offset by higher employee compensation. On a constant currency basis, Asia Pacific revenues growth was 10.9% during the three months ended November 30, 2013, driven by the continued improvement in our global content offering, our ability to sell additional services to existing clients, new client and user growth combined with lower occupancy costs as we did not significantly expand our Asia Pacific offices in the last 12 months and thus were able to better control operating expenses.

Income Taxes, Net Income and Diluted Earnings per Share

Three months ended

| (in thousands, except per share data) | November 30, | | Change | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|---|
| | 2013 | 2012 | | |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ 22,903 | \$ 21,744 | 5.3 | % |
| Net income | \$ 52,178 | \$ 49,769 | 4.8 | % |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 1.19 | \$ 1.11 | 7.2 | % |
| Effective tax rate | 30.5 | 30.4 | | % |

Income Taxes

For the three months ended November 30, 2013, the provision for income taxes increased 5.3% to \$22.9 million as compared to the same period a year ago due to an increase in income before income taxes of 5.0% year over year and a prior year discrete benefit of \$1.3 million. During the first quarter of fiscal 2013, FactSet realized an income tax benefit of \$1.3 million from the decision to repatriate cash from our wholly owned UK subsidiary, as the foreign tax credits associated with the distribution were greater than the tax due on the distribution of the foreign earnings.

Net Income and Diluted Earnings per Share

Net income increased 4.8% to \$52.2 million and diluted earnings per share increased 7.2% to \$1.19 for the three months ended November 30, 2013. Drivers of net income and diluted earnings per share growth were higher levels of revenues, reduced compensation costs within SG&A, decreased computer-related expenses, a reduction in the amortization of intangible assets, and lower occupancy costs partially offset by higher compensation in cost of services and incremental marketing costs.

Foreign Currency

Certain wholly owned subsidiaries within the European and Asia Pacific segments operate under a functional currency different from the U.S. dollar. The financial statements of these foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars using period-end rates of exchange for assets and liabilities and average rates for the period for revenues and expenses. Translation gains and losses that arise from translating assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of foreign operations are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss as a component of stockholders' equity.

Our non-U.S. dollar denominated revenues expected to be recognized over the next twelve months are estimated to be \$14 million while our non-U.S. dollar denominated expenses are \$172 million, which translates into a net foreign currency exposure of \$158 million per year. Our foreign currency exchange exposure is related to our operating expense base in countries outside the U.S., where 70% of our employees are located as of November 30, 2013. During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, foreign currency movements increased operating income by \$0.3 million compared to \$0.6 million in the year ago quarter.

We did not enter into any new hedging contracts during the first three months of fiscal 2014. As of November 30, 2013 we maintain foreign currency forward contracts to hedge approximately 75% of our Indian Rupee exposure through the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2016, 40% of our British Pound exposure through the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2014, and 50% of our Philippines Peso exposure through the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. At November 30, 2013 the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase Indian Rupees with U.S. dollars was Rs.2.7 billion and \$(3.6) million, respectively. At November 30, 2013 the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase British Pounds with U.S. dollars was £3.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. At November 30, 2013, the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase Philippine Pesos with U.S. dollars was Php377.5 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. A loss on derivatives during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 of \$0.4 million was recorded into operating income compared to a loss of \$0.5 million a year ago.

Liquidity

The table below, for the periods indicated, provides selected cash flow information (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | |
|---|----------------------|-------------|
| | November 30, 2013 | 2012 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$58,139 | \$50,636 |
| Capital expenditures (1) | (5,438) | (6,097) |
| Free cash flow (2) | \$52,701 | \$44,539 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | \$(21,027) | \$(6,392) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | \$(63,498) | \$(24,738) |

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$174,021 \$210,712

(1) Included in net cash used in investing activities during each fiscal year reported.

We define free cash flow as cash provided by operating activities, which includes the cash cost for taxes and changes in working capital, less capital expenditures. The presentation of free cash flow is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. We use free cash flow, a non-GAAP measure, both in presenting our results to stockholders and the investment community, and in our internal evaluation and management of the business. Management believes that this financial measure and the information we provide are useful to investors because it permits investors to view our performance using the same metric that we use to gauge progress in achieving our goals. Free cash flow is also an indication of cash flow that may be available to fund further investments in future growth initiatives.

Cash and cash equivalents aggregated to \$174.0 million or 26% of our total assets at November 30, 2013, compared with \$210.7 million or 30% of our total assets at November 30, 2012 and \$196.6 million at August 31, 2013 or 28% of our total assets. All of our operating and capital expense requirements were financed entirely from cash generated from our operations. Our cash and cash equivalents decreased \$22.6 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 due to the acquisition of Revere Data for \$15.3 million, \$60.1 million for repurchases of common stock, \$15.1 million in cash dividend payments and \$5.4 million in capital expenditures. These decreases were partially offset by cash provided by operating activities of \$58.1 million, \$9.5 million from the exercise of employee stock options, \$2.1 million of tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements and \$3.8 million from the effects of foreign currency.

Free cash flow for the first quarter of fiscal 2014 was \$52.7 million, up 18.3% from a year ago due to higher levels of net income, a decrease in accounts receivable, the timing of compensation payments and a reduction in capital expenditures. Over the past 12 months, organic ASV was up \$43 million, while accounts receivable decreased by \$2.5 million over the same period, reflecting an improvement in our days sales outstanding (“DSO”) from 34 to 31 days. We have seen DSOs decrease substantially over the past several years as we continue to optimize our internal billing and collection processes.

Free cash flow generated over the last twelve months was \$259.5 million and exceeded net income by 29.1%. Included in the twelve month calculation of free cash flow was \$277.4 million of net cash provided by operations less \$17.9 million of capital expenditures. Free cash flow generated in the last twelve months derived from higher levels of net income, lower capital expenditures, a decrease in DSO from 34 days at November 30, 2012 to 31 days at November 30, 2013 and a reduction in tax payments due to stock option exercises.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$21.0 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 due to the acquisition of Revere Data for \$15.3 million and capital expenditures of \$5.4 million.

Net cash used for financing activities was \$63.5 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 due to share repurchases and cash dividend payments partially offset by proceeds from employee stock plans. During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, we repurchased 530,000 shares for \$57.8 million under our existing share repurchase program compared to \$25.4 million during the same period in fiscal 2013. In addition, we repurchased 20,777 shares for \$2.3 million from employees to cover their cost of taxes upon the vesting of previously granted restricted stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to 29,604 shares for \$2.8 million in the year ago quarter. Cash dividend payments increased by \$1.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 because our Board approved a 13% increase in the regular quarterly dividend in May 2013. Through quarterly cash dividends and share repurchases, we have returned \$421 million to our stockholders over the past 12 months. Proceeds from employee stock exercises decreased from \$13.1 million to \$9.5 million as the number of stock options exercised decreased by 117,073.

We expect that for at least the next 12 months, our operating expenses will continue to constitute a significant use of our cash. Furthermore, we expect existing domestic (U.S.) cash to continue to be sufficient to fund our domestic operating activities and cash commitments for investing and financing activities for at least the next 12 months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. In addition, we expect existing foreign cash, cash equivalent and cash flows from operations to continue to be sufficient to fund our foreign operating activities and cash commitments for investing activities, such as capital expenditures, for at least the next 12 months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. As of November 30, 2013, our total cash and cash equivalents worldwide was \$174.0 million with no outstanding borrowings. Approximately \$73.6 million or 42% of our total available cash and cash equivalents is held in bank accounts located within the U.S., \$78.6 million or 45% in Europe (predominantly within the UK and France) and the remaining \$21.8 million is held in Asia Pacific. We believe our liquidity (including cash on hand, cash from operating activities and other cash flows that we expect to generate) within each geographic segment will be sufficient to meet our short-term and longer-term operating requirements, as they occur, including working capital needs, capital expenditures, dividend payments, stock repurchases and financing activities.

Capital Resources

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures were \$5.4 million during the quarter ended November 30, 2013, down from \$6.1 million in the year ago quarter. Approximately \$3.2 million, or 59%, of capital expenditures was for computer equipment, including new laptop computers and peripherals for our growing employee base, more servers and power in our existing data centers, maintenance for our computer systems in our data collection centers in India and the Philippines, and improved internal telecommunication equipment. The remaining 41% of capital expenditures was for office expansions, primarily in connection with the completion of the build-out of our new office in San Francisco. Year over year capital expenditures decreased by \$0.7 million as we incurred additional furniture and fixture costs to build out new space in the Philippines, Hong Kong and Dubai during fiscal 2013.

Capital Needs

We currently have no outstanding indebtedness, other than the letters of credit issued in the ordinary course of business. Approximately \$2.2 million of standby letters of credit have been issued in connection with our current leased office space as of November 30, 2013. These standby letters of credit contain covenants that, among other things, require us to maintain minimum levels of consolidated net worth and certain leverage and fixed charge ratios. As of November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, we maintained a zero debt balance and were in compliance with all covenants contained in the standby letters of credit.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At November 30, 2013 and August 31, 2013, we had no off-balance sheet financing or other arrangements with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships (such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities) established for purposes of facilitating off-balance sheet financing or other debt arrangements or for other contractually limited purposes.

Share Repurchase Program

During the first three months of fiscal 2014, we repurchased 530,000 shares for \$57.8 million under the existing share repurchase program compared to 270,000 shares for \$25.4 million a year ago. On December 16, 2013, our Board of Directors approved a \$300 million expansion of the existing share repurchase program. Including the expansion, \$304.7 million remains authorized for future share repurchases. Repurchases will be made from time to time in the open market and privately negotiated transactions, subject to market conditions. No minimum number of shares to be repurchased has been fixed. There is no timeframe to complete the repurchase program and it is expected that share repurchases will be paid from existing and future cash generated by operations.

Contractual Obligations

Fluctuations in our operating results, the degree of success of our accounts receivable collection efforts, the timing of tax and other payments as well as necessary capital expenditures to support growth of our operations will impact our liquidity and cash flows in future periods. The effect of our contractual obligations on our liquidity and capital resources in future periods should be considered in conjunction with the factors mentioned here. As of August 31, 2013, we had total purchase commitments of \$50.2 million. There were no material changes in our purchase commitments during the first three months of fiscal 2014.

In connection with the acquisition of the assets of Revere Data in September 2013, we assumed the leases of existing office space in Youngstown, Ohio and New York, New York, which increased our rental square footage by approximately 5,000 square feet and minimum rental payments by less than \$0.1 million. No other material new leases were entered into during the first three months of fiscal 2014. However, total commitments under our operating leases decreased from \$129.9 million at August 31, 2013 to \$124.6 million at November 30, 2013 due to three months of rent payments partially offset by the effects of foreign currency.

There were no other significant changes to our contractual obligations during the three months ended November 30, 2013.

Dividends

On November 14, 2013, a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.35 per share was announced. The cash dividend of \$15.0 million was paid on December 17, 2013 to common stockholders of record on November 29, 2013 using our existing cash generated by operations.

Significant Accounting Policies and Critical Accounting Estimates

We describe our significant accounting policies in Note 3, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

We discuss our critical accounting estimates in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013. There were no significant changes in our accounting policies or critical accounting estimates since the end of fiscal 2013.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for a full description of recent accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption, which we include here by reference.

Market Trends

In the ordinary course of business, we are exposed to financial risks involving foreign currency and interest rate fluctuations. Major equity indices continue to experience volatility. Approximately 82.2% of our annual subscription value is derived from our investment management clients. The prosperity of these clients is tied to equity assets under management. An equity market decline not only depresses assets under management but could cause a significant increase in redemption requests to move money out of equities and into other asset classes. Moreover, extended declines in the equity markets may reduce new fund or client creation, resulting in lower demand for services from investment managers.

Our investment banking clients who perform M&A advisory work and equity research account for approximately 17.8% of our annual subscription value. A significant portion of these revenues relate to services deployed by large, bulge bracket banks. Credit continues to impact many of the large banking clients due to the amount of leverage deployed in past operations. Clients could encounter similar problems. A lack of confidence in the global banking system could cause declines in merger and acquisitions funded by debt. Additional uncertainty, consolidation and business failures in the global investment banking sector could adversely affect our financial results and future growth.

We service equity research and M&A departments. These are low risk businesses that do not deploy leverage and will likely continue to operate far into the future and should represent a larger percentage of the overall revenues of our clients. Regardless, the size of banks in general is shrinking as they deleverage their balance sheets and adjust their expense bases to future revenue opportunities. Our revenues may decline if banks including those involved in recent merger activity significantly reduce headcount in the areas of corporate M&A and equity research to compensate for the issues created by other departments.

Forward-Looking Factors

Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to current and historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contains forward-looking statements regarding future events and our future results that are based on management's current expectations, estimates, forecast and projections about the industries in which we operate and the beliefs and assumptions of our management. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, are statements that could be deemed to be forward-looking statements. These include statements about our strategy for growth, product development, market position, subscriptions and expected expenditures and financial results. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words like "expects," "anticipates," "plans," "intends," "projects," "should," "indicates," "continues," "ASV," "subscriptions," "believes," "may" and similar expressions. In addition, any statements that refer to projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth, trends in our business and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned that these forward-looking statements are only predictions and not guarantees of future performance and involve a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. We will publicly update forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events in accordance with applicable Securities and Exchange Commission regulations.

We intend that all forward-looking statements we make will be subject to safe harbor protection of the federal securities laws as found in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

These statements involve certain known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others, those listed below. We do not intend, and undertake no obligation, to update any of our forward-looking statements after the date of this Quarterly Report to reflect actual results or future events or circumstances.

Business Outlook

The following forward-looking statements reflect our expectations as of December 17, 2013. Given the number of risk factors, uncertainties and assumptions discussed above, actual results may differ materially. We do not intend to update our forward-looking statements until our next quarterly results announcement, other than in publicly available statements.

Second Quarter Fiscal 2014 Expectations

Revenues are expected to range between \$225 million and \$228 million.

Operating margin is expected to range between 32.6% and 33.6%.

The annual effective tax rate is expected to range between 30.0% and 31.0% and assumes the U.S. Federal R&D tax credit will not be re-enacted by the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2014.

Diluted EPS should range between \$1.20 and \$1.23. The anticipated lapse in the U.S. Federal R&D tax credit during the second quarter of fiscal 2014 reduced each end of the diluted EPS range by \$0.03.

On December 10, 2013, we acquired a 60% ownership interest in Matrix Data for £12 million with the ability to acquire the remaining 40% interest. Matrix provides intelligence to the UK financial services market for mutual fund distribution and will serve as a European complement to our Market Metrics business which currently focuses primarily on the U.S. market. We expect that Matrix will increase revenues by \$2 million, reduce operating margin by 50 basis points and decrease diluted earnings per share by \$0.01 for the second quarter of fiscal 2014.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We manage our exposure to foreign currency exchange risk through our regular operating and financing activities and, when appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. These derivative financial instruments are utilized to hedge currency exposures as well as to reduce earnings volatility resulting from shifts in market rates. Derivative financial instruments are held solely as risk management tools and not for trading or speculative purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

It is anticipated that the fair market value of our cash and investments will continue to be immaterially affected by fluctuations in interest rates. Preservation of principal is the primary goal of our cash and investment policy. Because we have a restrictive investment policy, our financial exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is expected to remain low.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk and interest rate risk that could impact our financial position and results of operations.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We conduct business outside the U.S. in several currencies including the British Pound Sterling, Euro, Japanese Yen, Indian Rupee and Philippine Peso. The financial statements of these foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars using period-end rates of exchange for assets and liabilities and average rates for the period for revenues and expenses. Our non-U.S. dollar denominated revenues expected to be recognized over the next twelve months are estimated to be \$14 million while our non-U.S. dollar denominated expenses are \$172 million, which translates into a net foreign currency exposure of \$158 million. To the extent that our international activities recorded in local currencies increase in the future, our exposure to fluctuations in currency exchange rates will correspondingly increase. To manage the exposures related to the effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations, we utilize derivative instruments (foreign currency forward contracts). By their nature, all derivative instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of market and credit risk. The market risk associated with these instruments resulting from currency exchange movements is expected to offset the market risk of the underlying transactions, assets and liabilities being hedged. We do not believe there is significant risk of loss in the event of non-performance by the counterparties associated with these instruments because these transactions are executed with a major financial institution. Further, our policy is to deal with counterparties having a minimum investment grade or better credit rating. Credit risk is managed through the continuous monitoring of exposures to such counterparties. Our primary objective in holding derivatives is to reduce the volatility of earnings associated with changes in foreign currency.

As of November 30, 2013 we maintain foreign currency forward contracts to hedge approximately 75% of our Indian Rupee exposure through the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2016, 40% of our British Pound exposure through the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2014, and 50% of our Philippine Peso exposure through the end of fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. We are required to recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the balance sheet. At November 30, 2013 the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase Indian Rupees with U.S. dollars was Rs.2.7 billion and (\$3.6) million, respectively. At November 30, 2013 the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase British Pounds with U.S. dollars was £3.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. At November 30, 2013, the notional principal and fair value of foreign exchange contracts to purchase Philippine Pesos with U.S. dollars was Php377.5 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. A loss on derivatives during the first quarter of fiscal 2014 of \$0.4 million was recorded into operating income compared to a loss of \$0.5 million in the year ago quarter. The related cash flow impacts of all of our derivative activities are reflected as cash flows from operating activities. The gains and losses on foreign currency forward contracts mitigate the variability in operating expenses associated with currency movements. These transactions are designated and accounted for as cash flow hedges in accordance with applicable accounting guidance. The changes in fair value for these foreign currency forward contracts are initially reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss and subsequently reclassified into operating expenses when the hedged exposure affects earnings.

A sensitivity analysis was performed based on the estimated fair value of all foreign currency forward contracts outstanding at November 30, 2013. If the U.S. dollar had been 10% weaker, the fair value of outstanding foreign currency forward contracts would have increased by \$4.2 million, which would have had an immaterial impact on our consolidated balance sheet. Such a change in fair value of our financial instruments would be substantially offset by changes in our expense base. Had we not had any hedges in place as of November 30, 2013, a hypothetical 10% weaker U.S. dollar against all foreign currencies from the quoted foreign currency exchange rates at November 30, 2013, would result in a decrease in operating income by \$14.9 million over the next twelve months. A hypothetical 10% weaker U.S. dollar against all foreign currencies at November 30, 2013 would increase the fair value of total assets by \$26.3 million and stockholders' equity by \$24.6 million.

Interest Rate Risk

The fair market value of our cash and investments at November 30, 2013 was \$187.8 million. Our cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits and money market funds with maturities of three months or less at the date of acquisition and are reported at fair value. Our investments consist of certificates of deposits with original maturities greater than three months, but less than one year and, as such, are classified as investments (short-term) on our consolidated balance sheet. It is anticipated that the fair market value of our cash and investments will continue to be immaterially affected by fluctuations in interest rates. Preservation of principal is the primary goal of our cash and investment policy. Pursuant to our established investment guidelines, we try to achieve high levels of credit quality, liquidity and diversification. Our investment guidelines do not permit us to invest in puts, calls, strips, short sales, straddles, options, commodities, precious metals, futures or investments on margin. Because we have a restrictive investment policy, our financial exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is expected to remain low. We do not believe that the value or liquidity of our cash and investments have been significantly impacted by current market events.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the Company has evaluated the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act") are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company regularly reviews its system of internal control over financial reporting and makes changes to its processes and systems to improve controls and increase efficiency, while ensuring that the Company maintains an effective internal control environment. Changes may include such activities as implementing new, more efficient systems, consolidating activities, and migrating processes.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information set forth under Note 16, *Commitments and Contingencies*, contained in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is incorporated by reference in answer to this Item.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no material changes during the first three months of fiscal 2014 to the risk factors identified in the Company's fiscal 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Items 2(a) and (b) are not applicable as there have been no unregistered sales of equity securities.

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities (in thousands, except per share data)

The following table provides a month-to-month summary of the share repurchase activity under the current stock repurchase program during the three months ended November 30, 2013:

| Period | Total number of shares purchased | Average price paid per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs | Maximum number of shares (or approximate dollar value) that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (in thousands) |
|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| September 2013 | - | - | - | \$ 62,434 |
| October 2013 | 530,000 | \$ 109.00 | 530,000 | \$ 4,662 |
| November 2013 | - | - | - | \$ 4,662 |
| Total | 530,000 | \$ 109.00 | 530,000 | |

* On December 16, 2013, FactSet's Board of Directors approved a \$300 million expansion to the existing share repurchase program. Including the recently approved \$300 million expansion to the program, \$304.7 million remains

authorized for future share repurchases. Repurchases will be made from time to time in the open market and privately negotiated transactions, subject to market conditions. No minimum number of shares to be repurchased has been fixed. There is no timeframe to complete the repurchase program and it is expected that share repurchases will be paid using existing and future cash generated by operations.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) EXHIBITS:

EXBHIT

NUMBER DESCRIPTION

| | |
|---------|--|
| 31.1 | Section 302 Certification of Principal Executive Officer |
| 31.2 | Section 302 Certification of Principal Financial Officer |
| 32.1 | Section 906 Certification of Principal Executive Officer |
| 32.2 | Section 906 Certification of Principal Financial Officer |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FACTSET
RESEARCH
SYSTEMS
INC.
(Registrant)

/s/

Date: January 9, 2014 MAURIZIO
NICOLELLI
Maurizio
Nicoelli
Senior Vice
President and
Chief
Financial
Officer

/s/ MATTHEW J. MCNULTY
Matthew J. McNulty
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXBHIT

| NUMBER | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------|--|
| 31.1 | Section 302 Certification of Principal Executive Officer |
| 31.2 | Section 302 Certification of Principal Financial Officer |
| 32.1 | Section 906 Certification of Principal Executive Officer |
| 32.2 | Section 906 Certification of Principal Financial Officer |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |