

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 02, 2013  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-33139

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

20-3530539

(State or other jurisdiction of

(I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification Number)

225 Brae Boulevard

Park Ridge, New Jersey 07656-0713

(201) 307-2000

(Address, including Zip Code, and telephone number,

including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,

if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

(§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller  
reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of July 31, 2013, 401,512,817 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.



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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and

Shareholders of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2013, and the related consolidated statements of operations and of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2013 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole.

Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, of comprehensive income (loss), of changes in equity and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated March 4, 2013, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2012, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Florham Park, New Jersey

August 2, 2013

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)  
 (In Millions of Dollars, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$483.1	\$533.3
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	393.2	571.6
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$26.2 and \$25.1	1,656.0	1,886.6
Inventories, at lower of cost or market	128.3	105.7
Prepaid expenses and other assets	765.3	470.1
Revenue earning equipment, at cost:		
Cars	15,489.8	12,591.1
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,169.1)	(1,881.0)
Other equipment	3,425.2	3,240.1
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,039.9)	(1,041.9)
Total revenue earning equipment	15,706.0	12,908.3
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Land, buildings and leasehold improvements	1,333.7	1,288.8
Service equipment and other	1,257.8	1,261.1
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,125.9)	(1,113.5)
Total property and equipment	1,465.6	1,436.4
Other intangible assets, net	3,968.5	4,032.1
Goodwill	1,366.3	1,341.9
Total assets	\$25,932.3	\$23,286.0
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
Accounts payable	\$1,484.5	\$999.1
Accrued liabilities	1,184.4	1,180.5
Accrued taxes	134.9	118.6
Debt	17,842.0	15,448.6
Public liability and property damage	327.5	332.2
Deferred taxes on income	2,794.8	2,699.7
Total liabilities	23,768.1	20,778.7
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		
Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries stockholders' equity		
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized, 424,617,879 and 421,485,862 shares issued and 401,417,879 and 421,485,862 outstanding	4.2	4.2
Additional paid-in capital	3,265.1	3,234.0
Accumulated deficit	(564.6)	(704.0)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(73.3)	(26.9)
Treasury Stock, at cost, 23,200,000 shares and 0 shares	2,631.4	2,507.3
Total Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries stockholders' equity	(467.2)	—
Total liabilities and equity	2,164.2	2,507.3
	\$25,932.3	\$23,286.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In Millions of Dollars, except share and per share data)

Unaudited

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues:				
Car rental	\$2,329.5	\$1,889.6	\$4,414.3	\$3,547.9
Equipment rental	384.3	335.0	735.4	637.1
Other	0.8	0.5	1.5	1.1
Total revenues	2,714.6	2,225.1	5,151.2	4,186.1
Expenses:				
Direct operating	1,405.9	1,188.9	2,757.1	2,303.1
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges	641.1	519.8	1,228.1	1,034.9
Selling, general and administrative	275.0	206.6	526.7	414.3
Interest expense	183.8	152.2	360.6	314.5
Interest income	(2.0)	(0.5)	(3.8)	(1.6)
Other income, net	(1.1)	(0.6)	(1.7)	(1.0)
Total expenses	2,502.7	2,066.4	4,867.0	4,064.2
Income before income taxes	211.9	158.7	284.2	121.9
Provision for taxes on income	(90.5)	(65.8)	(144.8)	(85.3)
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$121.4	\$92.9	\$139.4	\$36.6
Weighted average shares outstanding (in millions):				
Basic	400.8	420.0	408.3	419.1
Diluted	465.1	447.4	463.0	447.9
Earnings per share attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders (See Note 17—Earnings Per Share):				
Basic	\$0.30	\$0.22	\$0.34	\$0.09
Diluted	\$0.27	\$0.21	\$0.31	\$0.08

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Millions of Dollars)

Unaudited

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012
Net income	\$ 121.4	\$ 92.9
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Translation adjustment changes	(26.7 )	(46.1 )
Unrealized holding gains on securities, (net of tax of 2013: \$0 and 2012: \$0)	2.1	—
Other, (net of tax of 2013: \$0 and 2012: \$0)	0.1	0.2
Defined benefit pension plans:		
Net gains (losses) arising during the period, (net of tax of 2013: \$1.5 and 2012: \$1.2)	2.3	3.9
Defined benefit pension plans	2.3	3.9
Other comprehensive loss	(22.2 )	(42.0 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$ 99.2	\$ 50.9
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	Six Months Ended June 30, 2012
Net income	\$ 139.4	\$ 36.6
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Translation adjustment changes	(54.0 )	(16.5 )
Unrealized holding gains on securities, (net of tax of 2013: \$0 and 2012: \$2.0)	2.1	3.1
Other, (net of tax of 2013: \$0 and 2012: \$0)	0.1	0.1
Defined benefit pension plans:		
Net gains (losses) arising during the period, (net of tax of 2013: \$3.2 and 2012: \$2.3)	5.4	3.7
Defined benefit pension plans	5.4	3.7
Other comprehensive loss	(46.4 )	(9.6 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$ 93.0	\$ 27.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In Millions of Dollars)

Unaudited

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	Total Equity
December 31, 2012	\$—	421.5	\$4.2	\$3,234.0	\$(704.0)	\$(26.9)	\$—	\$2,507.3
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders					139.4			139.4
Other comprehensive loss						(46.4)		(46.4)
Employee stock purchase plan		0.2	—	2.8				2.8
Net settlement on vesting of restricted stock units		0.9	—	(11.7)				(11.7)
Share repurchase <sup>(a)</sup>							(467.2)	(467.2)
Stock-based employee compensation charges, net of tax				19.7				19.7
Exercise of stock options, net of tax		2.0	—	18.6				18.6
Common shares issued to Directors		—	—	1.7				1.7
June 30, 2013	\$—	424.6	\$4.2	\$3,265.1	\$(564.6)	\$(73.3)	\$(467.2)	\$2,164.2

(a) In March 2013, Hertz Holdings repurchased 23.2 million shares at a price of \$20.14 per share.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Millions of Dollars)

Unaudited

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$139.4	\$36.6
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	1,194.8	990.3
Depreciation of property and equipment	101.8	85.5
Amortization of other intangible assets	60.7	39.0
Amortization and write-off of deferred financing costs	26.3	30.6
Amortization and write-off of debt discount	10.5	14.9
Stock-based compensation charges	19.7	15.0
Gain on derivatives	(3.6	) (0.9
Loss on disposal of business	1.5	0.4
Loss on revaluation of foreign denominated debt	—	2.5
Provision for losses on doubtful accounts	21.4	13.6
Deferred taxes on income	93.5	31.3
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(1.5	) (0.7
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisition:		
Receivables	(227.4	) (226.6
Inventories, prepaid expenses and other assets	(58.6	) (21.0
Accounts payable	85.3	142.1
Accrued liabilities	(6.1	) 7.9
Accrued taxes	15.7	16.8
Public liability and property damage	(14.8	) (6.8
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,458.6	1,170.5
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net change in restricted cash and cash equivalents	175.4	130.1
Revenue earning equipment expenditures	(6,825.5	) (5,711.0
Proceeds from disposal of revenue earning equipment	3,742.8	3,608.3
Property and equipment expenditures	(168.1	) (137.2
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	42.5	56.4
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(229.2	) (161.8
Other investing activities	(2.0	) (0.6
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(3,264.1	) \$(2,215.8

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of ContentsHERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(In Millions of Dollars)

Unaudited

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	\$1,204.4	\$270.5
Payment of long-term debt	(320.7	) (643.1
Short-term borrowings:		
Proceeds	332.0	246.7
Payments	(435.9	) (656.2
Proceeds under the revolving lines of credit	3,680.1	3,535.5
Payments under the revolving lines of credit	(2,217.9	) (1,991.7
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	—	(38.0
Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan	2.4	2.0
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	18.6	5.7
Purchase of treasury shares	(467.2	) —
Net settlement on vesting of restricted stock units	(11.7	) (20.0
Payment of financing costs	(20.6	) (6.9
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,763.5	704.5
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(8.2	) (4.8
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the period	(50.2	) (345.6
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	533.3	931.8
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$483.1	\$586.2
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$316.4	\$281.9
Income taxes	43.0	37.7
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash flow information:		
Purchases of revenue earning equipment included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$561.6	\$598.6
Sales of revenue earning equipment included in receivables	118.8	178.4
Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable	58.6	42.1
Sales of property and equipment included in receivables	18.5	9.2
Consideration for acquisitions and divestitures	18.0	—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
Unaudited

Note 1—Background

Hertz Global Holdings, Inc., or “Hertz Holdings,” is a holding company that operates its business through its subsidiaries, including The Hertz Corporation, or “Hertz,” which is our primary operating company and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz Investors, Inc., which is wholly owned by Hertz Holdings. “We,” “us” and “our” mean Hertz Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries, including Hertz and Dollar Thrifty Automotive Group, Inc., or “Dollar Thrifty.”

We operate our car rental business through the Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty brands from corporate, licensee and franchisee locations in North America, Europe, Latin America, Asia, Australia, Africa, the Middle East and New Zealand and our equipment rental business our equipment rental business segment, we rent equipment through in the United States, Canada, France, Spain, China and Saudi Arabia, as well as through our international licensees. We and our predecessors have been in the car rental business since 1918 and in the equipment rental business since 1965. We also own Donlen Corporation, or “Donlen,” based in Northbrook, Illinois, which is a leader in providing fleet leasing and management services.

On November 19, 2012, Hertz completed the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, a car rental business. On December 12, 2012, Hertz completed the sale of Simply Wheelz LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz that operated our Advantage Rent A Car business. See Note 5—Business Combinations and Divestitures.

In May 2013, we announced plans to relocate our worldwide headquarters to Estero, Florida from Park Ridge, New Jersey over a two-year period.

Note 2—Basis of Presentation and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Basis of Presentation

The significant accounting policies summarized in Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or “SEC,” on March 4, 2013, or the “Form 10-K,” have been followed in preparing the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

The December 31, 2012 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from our audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or “GAAP.”

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and footnotes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

In our opinion, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods have been made. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation.

The Company has revised its consolidated statement of cash flows to correctly present borrowings and repayments related to its revolving lines of credits on a gross basis. These amounts had previously been presented on a net basis within the financing section. This revision had no impact on the Company's total operating, investing or financing cash flows.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or “FASB,” issued Accounting Standards Update, or “ASU,” No. 2012-02, “Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment,” or “ASU 2012-02” which states that an entity has the option first to assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If, after assessing the totality of events and circumstances, an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action.



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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

However, if an entity concludes otherwise, then it is required to determine the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative impairment test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. This provision is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. This accounting guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or financial statement disclosures.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-05, "Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity," or "ASU 2013-05", which permits an entity to release cumulative translation adjustments into net income when a reporting entity (parent) ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a business within a foreign entity. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided, or, if a controlling financial interest is no longer held. The revised standard is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The amendments should be applied prospectively to derecognition events occurring after the effective date. Prior periods should not be adjusted. Early adoption is permitted. This accounting guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or financial statement disclosures.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, "Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists," an amendment to FASB Accounting Standards Codification, or "ASC" Topic 740, Income Taxes, or "FASB ASC Topic 740." This update clarifies that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward if such settlement is required or expected in the event the uncertain tax position is disallowed. In situations where a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction or the tax law of the jurisdiction does not require, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. This ASU is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption and retrospective application are permitted. This accounting guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or financial statement disclosures.

Note 3—Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents includes cash and cash equivalents that are not readily available for our normal disbursements. Restricted cash and cash equivalents are restricted for the purchase of revenue earning vehicles and other specified uses under our Fleet Debt facilities, for our Like-Kind Exchange Program, or "LKE Program," and to satisfy certain of our self-insurance regulatory reserve requirements. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the portion of total restricted cash and cash equivalents that was associated with our Fleet Debt facilities and LKE Program was \$351.6 million and \$494.0 million, respectively. The decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents associated with our fleet of \$142.4 million from December 31, 2012 to June 30, 2013 was primarily related to the timing of purchases and sales of revenue earning vehicles.

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

## Note 4—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following summarizes the changes in our goodwill, by segment (in millions of dollars):

	Car Rental	Equipment Rental	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2013			
Goodwill	\$1,287.5	\$775.4	\$2,062.9
Accumulated impairment losses	(46.1	) (674.9	) (721.0
	1,241.4	100.5	1,341.9
Goodwill acquired during the period	9.4	—	9.4
Adjustments to previously recorded purchase price allocation <sup>(a)</sup>	15.0	1.7	16.7
Other changes during the period <sup>(b)</sup>	(1.6	) (0.1	) (1.7
	22.8	1.6	24.4
Balance as of June 30, 2013			
Goodwill	1,310.3	777.0	2,087.3
Accumulated impairment losses	(46.1	) (674.9	) (721.0
	\$1,264.2	\$102.1	\$1,366.3
	Car Rental	Equipment Rental	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2012			
Goodwill	\$419.3	\$693.8	\$1,113.1
Accumulated impairment losses	(46.1	) (674.9	) (721.0
	373.2	18.9	392.1
Goodwill acquired during the year	884.9	82.0	966.9
Adjustments to previously recorded purchase price allocation <sup>(c)</sup>	(15.3	) —	(15.3
Other changes during the year <sup>(d)</sup>	(1.4	) (0.4	) (1.8
	868.2	81.6	949.8
Balance as of December 31, 2012			
Goodwill	1,287.5	775.4	2,062.9
Accumulated impairment losses	(46.1	) (674.9	) (721.0
	\$1,241.4	\$100.5	\$1,341.9

(a) Consists of adjustments related to purchase accounting and deferred tax during 2013.

(b) Primarily consists of changes resulting from the translation of foreign currencies at different exchange rates from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.

(c) Consists of deferred tax adjustments recorded during 2012.

(d) Primarily consists of changes resulting from disposals and the translation of foreign currencies at different exchange rates from the beginning of the year to the end of the year.

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

Other intangible assets, net, consisted of the following major classes (in millions of dollars):

	June 30, 2013		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Amortizable intangible assets:			
Customer-related	\$694.6	\$(468.5)	) \$226.1
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	454.0	(59.8)	) 394.2
Total	1,148.6	(528.3)	) 620.3
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:			
Trade name	3,330.0	—	3,330.0
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	18.2	—	18.2
Total	3,348.2	—	3,348.2
Total other intangible assets, net	\$4,496.8	\$(528.3)	) \$3,968.5
	December 31, 2012		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Amortizable intangible assets:			
Customer-related	\$694.7	\$(434.0)	) \$260.7
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	459.6	(33.8)	) 425.8
Total	1,154.3	(467.8)	) 686.5
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:			
Trade name	3,330.0	—	3,330.0
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	15.6	—	15.6
Total	3,345.6	—	3,345.6
Total other intangible assets, net	\$4,499.9	\$(467.8)	) \$4,032.1

(1) Other amortizable intangible assets primarily include Dollar Thrifty concession agreements, Donlen trade name, reacquired franchise rights, non-compete agreements and technology-related intangibles.

(2) Other indefinite-lived intangible assets primarily consist of reacquired franchise rights.

Amortization of other intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was approximately \$30.2 million and \$19.8 million, respectively. Amortization of other intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was approximately \$60.7 million and \$39.0 million, respectively. Based on our amortizable intangible assets as of June 30, 2013, we expect amortization expense to be approximately \$60.0 million for the remainder of 2013, \$116.4 million in 2014, \$113.9 million in 2015, \$64.9 million in 2016 and \$51.8 million in 2017.

Note 5—Business Combinations and Divestitures

## Dollar Thrifty Acquisition

On November 19, 2012, Hertz Holdings completed the Dollar Thrifty acquisition pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement with Dollar Thrifty and a wholly owned Hertz subsidiary, or "Merger Sub." In accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub completed a tender offer in which it purchased a majority of the shares of Dollar Thrifty common stock then outstanding at a price equal to \$87.50 per share in cash. Merger Sub subsequently acquired the remaining shares of Dollar Thrifty common stock by means of a short-form merger in which such shares were converted into the right to receive the same \$87.50 per share in cash paid in the tender offer. The total purchase price was approximately \$2,592.0 million, comprised of \$2,551.0 million of cash, including our use of approximately

\$404.0

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## Unaudited

million of cash and cash equivalents available from Dollar Thrifty, and the fair value of our previously held equity interest in Dollar Thrifty of \$41.0 million. As a condition of the Merger Agreement, and pursuant to a divestiture agreement reached with the Federal Trade Commission, or "FTC," Hertz divested its Simply Wheelz subsidiary, which owned and operated the Advantage brand, and secured for the buyer of Advantage certain Dollar Thrifty on-airport car rental concessions. Dollar Thrifty is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hertz.

The purchase price of Dollar Thrifty was funded with (i) cash proceeds of \$1,950.0 million received by Hertz from its issuance of \$1,950.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes and Term Loans, (ii) approximately \$404.0 million of acquired cash and cash equivalents from Dollar Thrifty, and (iii) the balance funded by Hertz's existing cash.

The purchase price was allocated to the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the closing date of November 19, 2012. For the preliminary purchase price allocation refer to Note 4 of the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

Adjustments to the preliminary purchase price allocation have been made to reflect revised estimates of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at November 19, 2012 and is based on the best information available to management at the time of the preparation of this report and is preliminary pending the completion of the final valuation analysis of the Dollar Thrifty assets and liabilities, including the valuation of income taxes. The revisions primarily related to valuation of certain contracts and accrued liabilities, and the resulting changes to goodwill.

Providing for these adjustments in previous periods would not have a material impact on the reported operating results for the three month periods ended December 31, 2012 and March 31, 2013.

## Unaudited pro forma financial information

The following table presents unaudited pro forma financial information as if the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty had occurred on January 1, 2012 for the period presented below (in millions of dollars).

	Revenue	Earnings
2012 supplemental pro forma for the second quarter of 2012 (combined entity)	\$2,555.1	\$115.5
2012 supplemental pro forma for the first half of 2012 (combined entity)	\$4,812.5	\$74.4

The unaudited pro forma consolidated results do not purport to project the future results of operations of the combined entity nor do they reflect the expected realization of any cost savings associated with the acquisition. The unaudited pro forma consolidated results reflect the historical financial information of Hertz Holdings and Dollar Thrifty, adjusted for increases in amortization expense related to intangible assets acquired, additional interest expense associated with the financing relating to the acquisition, elimination of the results of operations of the Advantage business and locations to be divested where Dollar Thrifty operated at least one of its brands prior to the consummation of the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, and including an estimated amount of leasing revenue to be earned by Hertz from leasing vehicles to the buyer of Advantage.

## Other Acquisitions

On April 15, 2013, Hertz entered into definitive agreements with China Auto Rental Holdings, Inc., or "China Auto Rental," and related parties pursuant to which Hertz made a strategic investment in China Auto Rental. China Auto Rental is the largest car rental company in China. Pursuant to the transaction, Hertz invested cash in, and agreed to contribute its China Rent-a-Car entities to, China Auto Rental. For this investment, Hertz received common stock and a convertible note in return and will receive an additional convertible note upon completion of the contribution. Upon the initial closing of the transaction, which occurred on May 1, 2013, Hertz owns 10% of China Auto Rental's ordinary shares and has a seat on China Auto Rental's Board. We have de-consolidated Hertz China Rent-a-Car entities and classified the convertible notes as available for sale securities. Upon conversion of the convertible notes, Hertz would have 18.64% on a fully diluted basis. This transaction will be accounted for under the equity method of accounting in accordance with GAAP.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we re-acquired five domestic car rental locations from our former licensees and added five international locations through an external acquisition. These acquisitions are not material to the consolidated amounts presented within our statement of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013.

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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## Divestitures

## Potential Divestiture of Selected Dollar Thrifty Airport Locations

In order to obtain regulatory approval and clearance for the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, Hertz agreed to dispose of Advantage, to secure for the buyer of Advantage certain on-airport car rental concessions and related assets at certain locations where Dollar Thrifty operated at least one of its brands. As of June 30, 2013, Hertz completed the transfer of most of these Dollar Thrifty locations, and had a remaining loss reserve including estimated support payments, of \$15.7 million.

## Advantage Divestiture

On December 12, 2012, Hertz completed the sale of Simply Wheelz LLC, or the “Advantage divestiture,” a wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz that operated our Advantage Rent A Car business, or “Advantage.” As part of the sale agreement, Hertz agreed to sublease vehicles to the buyer of Advantage for use in continuing the operations of Advantage, for a period no longer than two years from the closing date. As such, Hertz will have significant continuing involvement in the operations of the disposed Advantage business. Therefore, the operating results associated with the Advantage business will continue to be classified as part of our continuing operations in the consolidated statements of operations for all periods presented.

## Note 6—Taxes on Income

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was 42.7% and 41.5%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was 50.9% and 70.0%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the full fiscal year 2013 is expected to be approximately 41%. The provision for taxes on income of \$90.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased from \$65.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012, primarily due to higher income before income taxes, changes in geographic earnings mix and changes in losses in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions for which tax benefits are not realized, and non-deductible acquisition costs related to the China transaction. The provision for taxes on income of \$144.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased from \$85.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, primarily due to higher income before income taxes, changes in geographic earnings mix and changes in losses in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions for which tax benefits are not realized, and non-deductible acquisition costs related to the China transaction.

## Note 7—Depreciation of Revenue Earning Equipment and Lease Charges

Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges includes the following (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	\$611.8	\$539.5
Adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of revenue earning equipment	11.3	(41.2)
Rents paid for vehicles leased	18.0	21.5
Total	\$641.1	\$519.8
	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	\$1,184.8	\$1,070.9
Adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of revenue earning equipment	10.0	(80.6)
Rents paid for vehicles leased	33.3	44.6
Total	\$1,228.1	\$1,034.9

The adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of revenue earning equipment for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, included net losses of \$17.5 million and net gains of \$38.3 million, respectively, on the disposal of vehicles used in our car rental operations and gains of \$6.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, on the disposal of



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## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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industrial and construction equipment used in our equipment rental operations. The adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of revenue earning equipment for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, included net losses of \$20.8 million and net gains of \$73.2 million, respectively, on the disposal of vehicles used in our car rental operations and net gains of \$10.8 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, on the disposal of industrial and construction equipment used in our equipment rental operations.

Depreciation rates are reviewed on a quarterly basis based on management's routine review of present and estimated future market conditions and their effect on residual values at the time of disposal. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, depreciation rates being used to compute the provision for depreciation of revenue earning equipment were adjusted on certain vehicles in our car rental operations to reflect changes in the estimated residual values to be realized when revenue earning equipment is sold. These depreciation rate changes resulted in net decreases of \$14.8 million and \$15.5 million in depreciation expense for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013, respectively. Prospective changes include the impact of car sales channel diversification and acceleration of our retail sales expansion. During the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013, the depreciation rate changes in certain of our equipment rental operations resulted in a net decrease of \$0.1 million and \$0.0 million, respectively, in depreciation expense.

## Note 8—Debt

Our debt consists of the following (in millions of dollars):

Facility	Average Interest Rate at June 30, 2013 <sup>(1)</sup>	Fixed or Floating Interest Rate	Maturity	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	
<b>Corporate Debt</b>						
Senior Term Facility	3.26%	Floating	3/2018	\$2,114.8	\$2,125.5	
Senior ABL Facility	2.89%	Floating	3/2016	1,005.8	195.0	
Senior Notes <sup>(2)</sup>	6.58%	Fixed	4/2018–10/2022	3,900.0	3,650.0	
Promissory Notes	6.96%	Fixed	6/2012–1/2028	48.7	48.7	
Convertible Senior Notes	5.25%	Fixed	6/2014	474.7	474.7	
Other Corporate Debt	3.51%	Floating	Various	58.5	88.7	
Unamortized Net Discount (Corporate) <sup>(3)</sup>				(23.7	) (37.3	)
<b>Total Corporate Debt</b>				<b>7,578.8</b>	<b>6,545.3</b>	
<b>Fleet Debt</b>						
<b>HVF U.S. ABS Program</b>						
<b>HVF U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes</b>						
HVF Series 2009-1 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.04%	Floating	3/2014	2,590.0	2,350.0	
				2,590.0	2,350.0	
<b>HVF U.S. Fleet Medium Term Notes</b>						
HVF Series 2009-2 <sup>(4)</sup>	5.37%	Fixed	3/2013–3/2015	807.5	1,095.9	
HVF Series 2010-1 <sup>(4)</sup>	3.77%	Fixed	2/2014–2/2018	749.8	749.8	
HVF Series 2011-1 <sup>(4)</sup>	2.86%	Fixed	3/2015–3/2017	598.0	598.0	
HVF Series 2013-1 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.68%	Fixed	8/2016–8/2018	950.0	—	
				3,105.3	2,443.7	
<b>RCFC U.S. ABS Program</b>						

RCFC U.S. Fleet Variable  
Funding Notes

RCFC Series 2010-3 Notes <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	1.03%	Floating	12/2013	540.0	519.0
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RCFC U.S. Fleet Medium  
Term Notes

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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Facility	Average Interest Rate at June 30, 2013 <sup>(1)</sup>	Fixed or Floating Interest Rate	Maturity	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
RCFC Series 2011-1 Notes <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	2.81%	Fixed	2/2015	500.0	500.0
RCFC Series 2011-2 Notes <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	3.21%	Fixed	5/2015	400.0	400.0
				1,440.0	1,419.0
Donlen ABS Program					
Donlen GN II Variable Funding Notes <sup>(4)</sup>	1.00%	Floating	12/2013	943.8	899.3
Other Fleet Debt					
U.S. Fleet Financing Facility	2.95%	Floating	9/2015	171.0	166.0
European Revolving Credit Facility	2.67%	Floating	6/2015	357.9	185.3
European Fleet Notes	8.50%	Fixed	7/2015	520.5	529.4
European Securitization <sup>(4)</sup>	2.50%	Floating	7/2014	363.0	242.2
Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization <sup>(4)</sup>	2.14%	Floating	3/2014	124.2	100.5
Dollar Thrifty-Sponsored Canadian Securitization <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	2.13%	Floating	8/2014	76.4	55.3
Australian Securitization <sup>(4)</sup>	4.17%	Floating	12/2014	119.7	148.9
Brazilian Fleet Financing Facility	13.89%	Floating	10/2013	13.0	14.0
Capitalized Leases	4.08%	Floating	Various	429.6	337.6
Unamortized Discount (Fleet)				8.8	12.1
				2,184.1	1,791.3
Total Fleet Debt				10,263.2	8,903.3
Total Debt				\$17,842.0	\$15,448.6

Note: For further information on the definitions and terms of our debt, see Note 5 of the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

(1) As applicable, reference is to the June 30, 2013 weighted average interest rate (weighted by principal balance).

References to our "Senior Notes" include the series of Hertz's unsecured senior notes set forth in the table below.

(2) As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the outstanding principal amount for each such series of the Senior Notes is as specified below.

Senior Notes	Outstanding Principal (in millions)	
	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
4.25% Senior Notes due April 2018	\$250.0	\$—
7.50% Senior Notes due October 2018	700.0	700.0
6.75% Senior Notes due April 2019	1,250.0	1,250.0

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5.875% Senior Notes due October 2020	700.0	700.0
7.375% Senior Notes due January 2021	500.0	500.0
6.25% Senior Notes due October 2022	500.0	500.0
	\$3,900.0	\$3,650.0

- (3) As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$27.0 million and \$40.6 million, respectively, of the unamortized corporate discount relates to the Convertible Senior Notes.  
Maturity reference is to the "expected final maturity date" as opposed to the subsequent "legal maturity date." The expected final maturity date is the date by which Hertz and investors in the relevant indebtedness expect the relevant indebtedness to be repaid. The legal final maturity date is the date on which the relevant indebtedness is legally due and payable.
- (4) RCFC U.S. ABS Program and the Dollar Thrifty-Sponsored Canadian Securitization represent fleet debt acquired in connection with the Dollar Thrifty acquisition on November 19, 2012.
- (5)

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

## Maturities

The aggregate amounts of maturities of debt for each of the twelve-month periods ending June 30 (in millions of dollars) are as follows:

2014	\$7,503.0	(including \$7,215.8 of other short-term borrowings*)
2015	\$2,124.4	
2016	\$1,140.0	
2017	\$366.5	
2018	\$2,819.1	
After 2018	\$3,903.9	

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\* Our short-term borrowings as of June 30, 2013 include, among other items, the amounts outstanding under the Senior ABL Facility, HVF U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes, RCFC U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes, Donlen GN II Variable Funding Notes, U.S. Fleet Financing Facility, European Revolving Credit Facility, European Securitization, Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization, Dollar Thrifty-Sponsored Canadian Securitization, Australian Securitization, Brazilian Fleet Financing Facility and Capitalized Leases. These amounts are reflected as short-term borrowings, regardless of the facility maturity date, as these facilities are revolving in nature and/or the outstanding borrowings have maturities of three months or less. Short-term borrowings also include the Convertible Senior Notes which became convertible on January 1, 2013 and remain as such through September 30, 2013. As of June 30, 2013, short-term borrowings had a weighted average interest rate of 2.1%.

We are highly leveraged and a substantial portion of our liquidity needs arise from debt service on our indebtedness and from the funding of our costs of operations and capital expenditures. We believe that cash generated from operations and cash received on the disposal of vehicles and equipment, together with amounts available under various liquidity facilities will be adequate to permit us to meet our debt maturities over the next twelve months.

## Letters of Credit

As of June 30, 2013, there were outstanding standby letters of credit totaling \$664.4 million. Of this amount, \$638.0 million was issued under the Senior Credit Facilities. As of June 30, 2013, none of these letters of credit have been drawn upon.

## 2013 Events

On January 1, 2013, our Convertible Senior Notes became convertible again. This conversion right was triggered because our closing common stock price per share exceeded \$10.77 for at least 20 trading days during the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on December 31, 2012. The Convertible Senior Notes continued to be convertible until June 30, 2013, and on July 1, 2013, our Convertible Senior Notes became convertible again. This conversion right was triggered because our closing common stock price per share exceeded \$10.77 for at least 20 trading days during the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on June 30, 2013. The Convertible Senior Notes continue to be convertible through September 30, 2013, and may be convertible thereafter, if one or more of the conversion conditions specified in the indenture is satisfied during future measurement periods. In connection with our repurchase of the shares of our common stock in March 2013, we changed our settlement policy to provide that we will settle conversions of our Convertible Senior Notes using 100% shares of our common stock. Previously, we had a policy of settling the conversion of our Convertible Senior Notes using a combination settlement, which called for settling the fixed dollar amount per \$1,000 in principal amount in cash and settling in shares the excess conversion value, if any.

In January 2013, Hertz Vehicle Financing LLC, or "HVF," an insolvency remote, direct, wholly-owned, special purpose subsidiary of Hertz, completed the issuance of \$950.0 million in aggregate principal amount of three year and five year Series 2013-1 Rental Car Asset Backed Notes, Class A and Class B. The \$282.75 million of three year Class A notes carry a 1.12% coupon, the \$42.25 million of three year Class B notes carry a 1.86% coupon, the \$543.75

million of five year Class A notes carry a 1.83% coupon, and the \$81.25 million of five year Class B notes carry a 2.48% coupon. The three year notes and five year notes have expected final payment dates in August 2016 and August 2018, respectively. The Class B notes are subordinated to the Class A notes.

The net proceeds from the sale of HVF's Series 2013-1 Rental Car Asset Backed Notes was, to the extent permitted by the applicable agreements, (i) used to pay the purchase price of vehicles acquired by HVF pursuant to HVF's U.S. ABS Program (as defined herein), (ii) used to pay the principal amount of other HVF U.S. ABS Program indebtedness

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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that is then permitted or required to be paid or (iii) released to HVF to be distributed to Hertz or otherwise used by HVF for general purposes.

In February 2013, Hertz caused its Brazilian operating subsidiary to amend the Brazilian Fleet Financing Facility to extend the maturity date from February 2013 to October 2013.

In March 2013, Hertz issued \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.25% Senior Notes due 2018. The proceeds of this March 2013 offering were used by Hertz to replenish a portion of its liquidity, after having dividended \$467.2 million in available liquidity to us, which we used to repurchase 23,200,000 shares of our common stock in March 2013.

In April 2013, Hertz entered into an Amendment No. 2, or "Amendment No. 2," to the Senior Term Facility, primarily to reduce the interest rate applicable to a portion of the outstanding term loans under the Senior Term Facility. Prior to Amendment No. 2, approximately \$1,372.0 million of tranche B term loans, or "Tranche B Term Loans", under the Senior Term Facility bore interest at a floating rate measured by reference to, at Hertz's option, either (i) an adjusted London inter-bank offered rate not less than 1.00 percent plus a borrowing margin of 2.75 percent per annum or (ii) an alternate base rate plus a borrowing margin of 1.75 percent per annum. Pursuant to Amendment No. 2, certain of the existing lenders under the Senior Term Facility converted their existing Tranche B Term Loans into a new tranche of tranche B-2 term loans, or the "Tranche B-2 Term Loans", in an aggregate principal amount, along with new loans advanced by certain new lenders, of approximately \$1,372.0 million. The proceeds of Tranche B-2 Term Loans advanced by the new lenders were used to prepay in full all of the Tranche B Term Loans that were not converted into Tranche B-2 Term Loans.

The Tranche B-2 Term Loans bear interest at a floating rate measured by reference to, at Hertz's option, either (i) an adjusted London inter-bank offered rate not less than 0.75 percent plus a borrowing margin of 2.25 percent per annum or (ii) an alternate base rate plus a borrowing margin of 1.25 percent per annum. The terms and conditions of the new Tranche B-2 Term Loans with respect to maturity, collateral, and covenants are otherwise unchanged compared to the Tranche B Term Loans.

In May 2013, the U.K. Leveraged Financing was amended to provide for additional amounts available under the U.K. Leveraged Financing of £25 million (the equivalent of \$38.3 million as of June 30, 2013) for a commitment period running from May 30, 2013 to October 30, 2013.

In May 2013, HVF amended the HVF Series 2009-1 Notes to permit aggregate maximum borrowings of \$2,738.8 million (subject to borrowing base availability).

In June 2013, Hertz Holdings Netherlands B.V., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hertz organized under the laws of Netherlands, or "HHN BV," amended the European Revolving Credit Facility to provide for aggregate maximum borrowings of an additional €100 million (the equivalent of \$130.1 million as of June 30, 2013), subject to borrowing base availability, for a commitment period running from June 12, 2013 to December 16, 2013.

In the second quarter of 2013, HC Limited Partnership amended the Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization to extend the maturity from June 2013 to March 2014.

For subsequent events relating to our indebtedness, see Note 18—Subsequent Events.

**Registration Rights**

Pursuant to the terms of the exchange and registration rights agreement entered into in connection with the issuance of \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of the 4.25% Senior Notes due 2018 in March 2013, Hertz agreed to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, to permit either the exchange of such notes for registered notes or, in the alternative, the registered resale of such notes. Hertz's failure to meet its obligations under the exchange and registration rights agreement, including by failing to have the registration statement become effective by March 2014 or failing to complete the exchange offer by April 2014, will result in Hertz incurring special interest on such notes at a per annum rate of 0.25% for the first 90 days of any period where any such failure has occurred and is continuing, which rate will be increased by an additional 0.25% during each subsequent 90 day period, up to a maximum of 0.50%. A registration statement on Form S-4 was filed with the SEC on June 26, 2013 covering

the exchange of such notes. We do not believe the special interest obligation is probable, and as such, we have not recorded any amounts with respect to this registration payment arrangement.

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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## Guarantees and Security

In February 2013 and March 2013, we added Dollar Thrifty and certain of its subsidiaries as guarantors under certain of our debt instruments and credit facilities including the Senior Term Facility and the Senior Notes. There have been no material changes to the guarantees and security provisions of the debt instruments and credit facilities under which our indebtedness as of June 30, 2013 has been issued from the terms as disclosed in our Form 10-K.

## Financial Covenant Compliance

Under the terms of our Senior Term Facility and Senior ABL Facility, we are not subject to ongoing financial maintenance covenants; however, under the Senior ABL Facility, failure to maintain certain levels of liquidity will subject the Hertz credit group to a contractually specified fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1:1 for the four quarters most recently ended. As of June 30, 2013, we were not subject to such contractually specified fixed charge coverage ratio.

## Borrowing Capacity and Availability

As of June 30, 2013, the following facilities were available for the use of Hertz and its subsidiaries (in millions of dollars):

	Remaining Capacity	Availability Under Borrowing Base Limitation
Corporate Debt		
Senior ABL Facility	\$357.3	\$ 357.3
Total Corporate Debt	357.3	357.3
Fleet Debt		
HVF U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes	148.8	—
RCFC U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes	60.0	—
Donlen GN II Variable Funding Notes	60.0	—
U.S. Fleet Financing Facility	19.0	—
European Revolving Credit Facility	58.5	—
European Securitization	157.4	—
Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization	85.0	—
Dollar Thrifty-Sponsored Canadian Securitization	66.9	—
Australian Securitization	112.3	—
Total Fleet Debt	767.9	—
Total	\$1,125.2	\$ 357.3

Our borrowing capacity and availability primarily comes from our "revolving credit facilities," which are a combination of asset-backed securitization facilities and asset-based revolving credit facilities. Creditors under each of our revolving credit facilities have a claim on a specific pool of assets as collateral. Our ability to borrow under each revolving credit facility is a function of, among other things, the value of the assets in the relevant collateral pool. We refer to the amount of debt we can borrow given a certain pool of assets as the "borrowing base."

We refer to "Remaining Capacity" as the maximum principal amount of debt permitted to be outstanding under the respective facility (i.e., the amount of debt we could borrow assuming we possessed sufficient assets as collateral) less the principal amount of debt then-outstanding under such facility.

We refer to "Availability Under Borrowing Base Limitation" as the lower of Remaining Capacity or the borrowing base less the principal amount of debt then-outstanding under such facility (i.e., the amount of debt we could borrow given the collateral we possess at such time).

As of June 30, 2013, the Senior Term Facility had approximately \$0.1 million available under the letter of credit facility and the Senior ABL Facility had \$1,006.5 million available under the letter of credit facility sublimit, subject to borrowing base restrictions.



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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Substantially all of our revenue earning equipment and certain related assets are owned by special purpose entities, or are encumbered in favor of our lenders under our various credit facilities.

Some of these special purpose entities are consolidated variable interest entities, of which Hertz is the primary beneficiary, whose sole purpose is to provide commitments to lend in various currencies subject to borrowing bases comprised of rental vehicles and related assets of certain of Hertz International, Ltd.'s subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, our International Fleet Financing No. 1 B.V., International Fleet Financing No. 2 B.V. and HA Funding Pty, Ltd. variable interest entities collectively had total assets primarily comprised of loans receivable and revenue earning equipment of \$579.3 million and \$440.8 million, respectively, and collectively had total liabilities primarily comprised of debt of \$578.8 million and \$440.3 million, respectively.

## Note 9—Employee Retirement Benefits

The following table sets forth the net periodic pension and postretirement (including health care, life insurance and auto) expense (in millions of dollars):

	Pension Benefits				Postretirement	
	U.S.		Non-U.S.		Benefits (U.S.)	
	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost:						
Service cost	\$7.1	\$7.0	\$0.7	\$0.3	\$—	\$0.1
Interest cost	6.9	7.4	2.3	2.3	0.1	0.2
Expected return on plan assets	(7.5	) (8.0	) (3.2	) (3.0	) —	—
Net amortizations	4.0	3.2	0.1	(0.1	) 0.1	—
Net pension / postretirement expense	\$10.5	\$9.6	\$(0.1	) \$(0.5	) \$0.2	\$0.3
	Pension Benefits				Postretirement	
	U.S.		Non-U.S.		Benefits (U.S.)	
	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost:						
Service cost	\$14.4	\$13.3	\$1.3	\$0.6	\$0.1	\$0.2
Interest cost	13.6	13.9	4.6	4.6	0.3	0.4
Expected return on plan assets	(15.0	) (15.3	) (6.3	) (6.0	) —	—
Net amortizations	8.3	6.0	0.2	(0.1	) 0.1	—
Net pension / postretirement expense	\$21.3	\$17.9	\$(0.2	) \$(0.9	) \$0.5	\$0.6

Our policy for funded plans is to contribute annually, at a minimum, amounts required by applicable laws, regulations and union agreements. From time to time we make contributions beyond those legally required. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, we contributed \$6.9 million and \$10.6 million, respectively, to our worldwide pension plans. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, we contributed \$11.8 million and \$32.2 million, respectively, to our worldwide pension plans. We expect to contribute between \$10 million and \$20 million to our U.S. plan during the remainder of 2013. The level of future contributions will vary, and is dependent on a number of factors including investment returns, interest rate fluctuations, plan demographics, funding regulations and the results of the final actuarial valuation.

We also sponsor postretirement health care and life insurance benefits for a limited number of employees with hire dates prior to January 1, 1990. The postretirement health care plan is contributory with participants' contributions

adjusted annually. An unfunded liability is recorded. We also have a key officer postretirement car benefit plan that

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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provides the use of a vehicle from our fleet and insurance for the participants' benefit for retired Executive Vice Presidents and above who have a minimum of 20 years of service and who retire at age 58 or above. The assigned car benefit is available for 15 years postretirement or until the participant reaches the age of 80, whichever occurs last. We participate in various "multiemployer" pension plans. In the event that we withdraw from participation in one of these plans, then applicable law could require us to make an additional lump-sum contribution to the plan, and we would have to reflect that as an expense in our consolidated statement of operations and as a liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. Our withdrawal liability for any multiemployer plan would depend on the extent of the plan's funding of vested benefits. At least one multiemployer plan in which we participate is reported to have, and other of our multiemployer plans could have, significant underfunded liabilities. Such underfunding may increase in the event other employers become insolvent or withdraw from the applicable plan or upon the inability or failure of withdrawing employers to pay their withdrawal liability. In addition, such underfunding may increase as a result of lower than expected returns on pension fund assets or other funding deficiencies. The occurrence of any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

During 2012, Hertz completely withdrew employees from an existing multi-employer pension plan with the Central States Pension Fund, or the "Pension Fund," and entered into a new agreement with the Pension Fund. In connection with the complete withdrawal from the Pension Fund, Hertz was subject to a withdrawal liability of approximately \$23.2 million, which was paid in December 2012.

## Note 10—Stock-Based Compensation

In February 2013, we granted 5,247 Restricted Stock Units, or "RSUs," and 1,707,458 Performance Stock Units, or "PSUs," to certain executives and employees at a grant date fair value of \$19.95, under the Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Plan, or the "Omnibus Plan." Of the total PSUs awarded 1,136,724 PSUs have a performance condition under which the number of units that will ultimately be awarded will vary from 0% to 150% of the original grant, based on 2013 and combined 2013-2014 Corporate EBITDA results. "EBITDA" means consolidated net income before net interest expense, consolidated income taxes and consolidated depreciation (which includes revenue earning equipment lease charges) and amortization and "Corporate EBITDA," represents EBITDA as adjusted for car rental fleet interest, car rental fleet depreciation and certain other items, as provided in the applicable award agreements. These PSU awards vest evenly over a three year vesting period. Of the total PSUs awarded, 490,632 PSUs have a performance condition under which the number of units that will ultimately be awarded will be 0% to 100% of the original grant. Satisfaction of the performance condition under this grant is contingent upon final 2013 Corporate EBITDA Margin exceeding a minimum level. "Corporate EBITDA Margin" means Corporate EBITDA as a percentage of Consolidated Revenue. These PSU awards vest evenly over a three year vesting period. Of the total PSUs awarded, 83,567 PSUs have a performance condition under which the number of units that will ultimately be awarded will be 0% to 100% of the original grant. Satisfaction of the performance condition under this grant is contingent upon final 2013 Corporate EBITDA Margin exceeding a minimum level. These PSU awards vest evenly over a two year vesting period. The 5,247 RSUs awarded have a two year cliff vesting period.

In May 2013, we granted 166,576 RSUs at a fair value of \$23.80. Of the total RSUs awarded, 162,584 vest 33 1/3% annually over three years, and 3,992 RSUs vest after two years.

A summary of the total compensation expense and associated income tax benefits recognized under our Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. Stock Incentive Plan and Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. Director Stock Incentive Plan, or the "Prior Plans," and the Omnibus Plan, including the cost of stock options, RSUs, and PSUs, is as follows (in millions of dollars):

Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
June 30,		June 30,	
2013	2012	2013	2012

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Compensation expense	\$11.7	\$7.5	\$19.7	\$15.0
Income tax benefit	(4.5	) (2.9	) (7.6	) (5.8
Total	\$7.2	\$4.6	\$12.1	\$9.2

As of June 30, 2013, there was approximately \$55.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options, RSUs and PSUs granted by Hertz Holdings under the Prior Plans and the Omnibus Plan.

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total unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over the remaining 1.7 years, on a weighted average basis, of the requisite service period that began on the grant dates.

## Note 11—Segment Information

Our operating segments are aggregated into reportable business segments based primarily upon similar economic characteristics, products, services, customers, and delivery methods. We have identified two reportable segments: rental and leasing of cars, crossovers and light trucks, or "car rental," and rental of industrial, construction, material handling and other equipment, or "equipment rental." Other reconciling items include general corporate assets and expenses, certain interest expense (including net interest on corporate debt), as well as other business activities.

Donlen is included in the car rental reportable segment.

Adjusted pre-tax income is calculated as income before income taxes plus non-cash purchase accounting charges, non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization and write-off of debt financing costs and debt discounts and certain one-time charges and non-operational items. Adjusted pre-tax income is important to management because it allows management to assess operational performance of our business, exclusive of the items mentioned above. It also allows management to assess the performance of the entire business on the same basis as the segment measure of profitability. Management believes that it is important to investors for the same reasons it is important to management and because it allows them to assess our operational performance on the same basis that management uses internally. The contribution of our reportable segments to revenues and adjusted pre-tax income and the reconciliation to consolidated amounts are summarized below (in millions of dollars).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Adjusted Pre-Tax Income	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Car rental	\$2,329.5	\$1,889.6	\$363.0	\$277.4
Equipment rental	384.3	335.0	74.1	42.5
Total reportable segments	2,713.8	2,224.6	437.1	319.9
Other	0.8	0.5		
Total	\$2,714.6	\$2,225.1		
Adjustments:				
Other reconciling items <sup>(1)</sup>			(122.6	) (86.0
Purchase accounting <sup>(2)</sup>			(33.1	) (29.0
Non-cash debt charges <sup>(3)</sup>			(19.5	) (20.6
Restructuring charges			(17.6	) (16.1
Restructuring related charges <sup>(4)</sup>			(8.6	) (5.0
Integration expenses <sup>(5)</sup>			(9.2	) —
Derivative gains (losses) <sup>(6)</sup>			(0.1	) —
Acquisition related costs			(9.1	) (4.5
Other <sup>(7)</sup>			(5.4	) —
Income before income taxes			\$211.9	\$158.7

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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	Six Months Ended June 30,		Adjusted Pre-Tax Income	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Car rental	\$4,414.3	\$3,547.9	\$571.4	\$369.0
Equipment rental	735.4	637.1	119.9	68.4
Total reportable segments	5,149.7	4,185.0	691.3	437.4
Other	1.5	1.1		
Total	\$5,151.2	\$4,186.1		
Adjustments:				
Other reconciling items <sup>(1)</sup>			(232.3	) (174.2
Purchase accounting <sup>(2)</sup>			(66.8	) (53.0
Non-cash debt charges <sup>(3)</sup>			(36.8	) (45.8
Restructuring charges			(21.3	) (22.8
Restructuring related charges <sup>(4)</sup>			(12.8	) (8.3
Integration expenses <sup>(5)</sup>			(20.0	) —
Acquisition related costs			(11.7	) (11.4
Other <sup>(7)</sup>			(5.4	) —
Income before income taxes			\$284.2	\$121.9

(1) Represents general corporate expenses, certain interest expense (including net interest on corporate debt), as well as other business activities.

Represents the purchase accounting effects of the 2005 sale of all of Hertz's stock on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets and accretion of revalued workers' compensation and public liability and property damage liabilities. Also represents the purchase accounting effects of certain subsequent acquisitions on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets.

(3) Represents non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization and write-off of deferred debt financing costs and debt discounts.

(4) Represents incremental costs incurred directly supporting our business transformation initiatives. Such costs include transition costs incurred in connection with our business process outsourcing arrangements and incremental costs incurred to facilitate business process re-engineering initiatives that involve significant organization redesign and extensive operational process changes.

(5) Primarily represents Dollar Thrifty related expenses and adjustments.

(6) Represents the mark-to-market adjustment on our interest rate caps.

(7) Primarily represents expenses related to litigation accruals.

Total assets increased \$2,646.3 million from December 31, 2012 to June 30, 2013. The increase was primarily related to an increase in our car rental and equipment rental segments' revenue earning equipment, driven by increased volumes, partly offset by a decrease in fleet receivables within our car rental segment, primarily related to the timing of purchases and sales of revenue earning equipment.

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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## Note 12—Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in the accumulated other comprehensive loss balance by component (net of tax) were as follows (in millions of dollars):

	Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits	Foreign Currency Items	Unrealized Losses on Terminated Net Investment Hedges	Unrealized Gains on Available for Sale Securities	Other	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$ (109.8 )	\$102.7	\$(19.4 )	\$—	\$(0.4 )	\$(26.9 )
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	0.3	(55.5 )	—	2.1	0.1	(53.0 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	5.1	1.5	—	—	—	6.6
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	5.4	(54.0 )	—	2.1	0.1	(46.4 )
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ (104.4 )	\$48.7	\$(19.4 )	\$2.1	\$(0.3 )	\$(73.3 )
	Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits	Foreign Currency Items	Unrealized Losses on Terminated Net Investment Hedges	Unrealized Gains on Available for Sale Securities	Other	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$ (99.6 )	\$91.3	\$(19.4 )	\$0.3	\$(1.0 )	\$(28.4 )
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	—	(16.5 )	—	3.1	0.1	(13.3 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	3.7	—	—	—	—	3.7
Net current period Other comprehensive income (loss)	3.7	(16.5 )	—	3.1	0.1	(9.6 )
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ (95.9 )	\$74.8	\$(19.4 )	\$3.4	\$(0.9 )	\$(38.0 )

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to earnings during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	2012	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	2012	Statement of Operations Captions
Pension and other postretirement benefit plans Amortization of actuarial losses <sup>(1)</sup>	\$4.0	\$3.2	\$8.3	\$6.0	Selling, general and administrative

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Tax provision	(1.5	)	(1.2	)	(3.2	)	(2.3	)	
Net of tax	\$2.5		\$2.0		\$5.1		\$3.7		
Foreign Currency Items <sup>(2)</sup>	\$1.5		\$—		\$1.5		\$—		Other Income
Total reclassifications for the period	\$4.0		\$2.0		\$6.6		\$3.7		

(1) Included in the computation of net periodic pension / postretirement expenses (see Note 9—Employee Retirement Benefits).

(2) Tax amounts are included in "Provision for taxes on income" in the consolidation statements of operations.

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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## Note 13—Restructuring

As part of our ongoing effort to implement our strategy of reducing operating costs, we have evaluated our workforce and operations and made adjustments, including headcount reductions and business process reengineering resulting in optimized work flow at rental locations and maintenance facilities as well as streamlined our back-office operations and evaluated potential outsourcing opportunities. When we made adjustments to our workforce and operations, we incurred incremental expenses that delay the benefit of a more efficient workforce and operating structure, but we believe that increased operating efficiency and reduced costs associated with the operation of our business are important to our long-term competitiveness.

During 2007 through 2012, we announced several initiatives to improve our competitiveness and industry leadership through targeted job reductions. These initiatives included, but were not limited to, job reductions at our corporate headquarters and back-office operations in the U.S. and Europe. As part of our re-engineering optimization we outsourced selected functions globally. In addition, we streamlined operations and reduced costs by initiating the closure of targeted car rental locations and equipment rental branches throughout the world. The largest of these closures occurred in 2008 which resulted in closures of approximately 250 off-airport locations and 22 branches in our U.S. equipment rental business. These initiatives impacted approximately 9,610 employees.

During the first and second quarters of 2013, we continued to streamline operations (including actions associated with the Dollar Thrifty integration) and reduce costs with the closure of several car rental and equipment rental locations globally as well as a reduction in our workforce by approximately 50 and 515 employees, respectively.

From January 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013, we incurred \$589.7 million (\$301.6 million for our car rental segment, \$231.6 million for our equipment rental segment and \$56.5 million of other) of restructuring charges.

Additional efficiency and cost saving initiatives are being developed; however, we presently do not have firm plans or estimates of any related expenses.

Restructuring charges in our consolidated statement of operations can be summarized as follows (in millions of dollars).

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
By Type:				
Termination benefits	\$15.2	\$13.5	\$17.4	\$16.2
Consultant costs	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.6
Facility closure and lease obligation costs	1.9	2.2	3.1	6.0
Total	\$17.6	\$16.1	\$21.3	\$22.8
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
By Caption:				
Direct operating	\$6.8	\$7.0	\$8.3	\$11.9
Selling, general and administrative	10.8	9.1	13.0	10.9
Total	\$17.6	\$16.1	\$21.3	\$22.8

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## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012
By Segment:				
Car rental	\$ 15.8	\$ 11.8	\$ 18.9	\$ 15.3
Equipment rental	0.8	2.6	1.3	5.8
Other reconciling items	1.0	1.7	1.1	1.7
Total	\$ 17.6	\$ 16.1	\$ 21.3	\$ 22.8

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the after-tax effect of the restructuring charges decreased diluted earnings per share by \$0.02 and \$0.03 respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, the after-tax effect of the restructuring charges decreased diluted earnings per share by \$0.02 and increased the diluted loss per share by \$0.04 respectively.

The following table sets forth the activity affecting the restructuring accrual during the three months ended June 30, 2013 (in millions of dollars). We expect to pay the remaining restructuring obligations relating to termination benefits over the next 12 months. The remainder of the restructuring accrual relates to future lease obligations which will be paid over the remaining term of the applicable leases.

	Termination Benefits	Pension and Post-retirement Expense	Consultant Costs	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2013	\$ 12.4	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.3	\$ 8.1	\$ 21.0
Charges incurred	17.4	—	0.8	3.1	21.3
Cash payments	(17.4)	(0.2)	(0.9)	(1.5)	(20.0)
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.3)	—	—	(3.2)	(3.5)
Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$ 12.1	\$ —	\$ 0.2	\$ 6.5	\$ 18.8

(1) Primarily consists of \$3.2 million for facility closures and \$0.3 million for foreign currency translation.

## Note 14—Financial Instruments

## Gasoline Swap Contracts

We purchase unleaded gasoline and diesel fuel at prevailing market rates and maintain a program to manage our exposure to changes in fuel prices through the use of derivative commodity instruments. We currently have in place swaps to cover a portion of our fuel price exposure through July 2014. We presently hedge a portion of our overall unleaded gasoline and diesel fuel purchases with commodity swaps and have contracts in place that settle on a monthly basis. Gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value of these commodity instruments are included in our results of operations in the periods incurred.

## Interest Rate Cap Contracts

Hertz is exposed to market risks, such as changes in interest rates, and has purchased and sold interest rate cap agreements to manage that risk. Consequently, we manage the financial exposure as part of our risk management program by striving to reduce the potentially adverse effects that the volatility of the financial markets may have on our operating results. Gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value of these interest rate caps are included in our results of operations in the periods incurred.

## Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

We manage exposure to fluctuations in currency risk on intercompany loans we make to certain of our subsidiaries by entering into foreign currency forward contracts at the time of the loans which are intended to offset the impact of foreign currency movements on the underlying intercompany loan obligations.



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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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## Foreign Exchange Options

We manage our foreign currency risk primarily by incurring, to the extent practicable, operating and financing expenses in the local currency in the countries in which we operate, including making fleet and equipment purchases and borrowing for working capital needs. Also, we have purchased foreign exchange options to manage exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates for selected marketing programs. The effect of exchange rate changes on these financial instruments would not materially affect our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Our risks with respect to foreign exchange options are limited to the premium paid for the right to exercise the option and the future performance of the option's counterparty.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of derivatives (in millions of dollars):

	Fair Value of Derivative Instruments <sup>(1)</sup>			
	Asset Derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>		Liability Derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>	
	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815:				
Gasoline swaps	\$—	\$—	\$0.9	\$0.1
Interest rate caps	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
Foreign exchange forward contracts	4.8	3.4	1.9	4.5
Foreign exchange options	0.1	0.2	—	—
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815	\$5.5	\$4.5	\$3.4	\$5.5

(1) All fair value measurements were primarily based upon significant observable (Level 2) inputs.

(2) All asset derivatives are recorded in "Prepaid expenses and other assets" and all liability derivatives are recorded in "Accrued liabilities" on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The following table summarizes the gains and (losses) of derivatives (in millions of dollars):

	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized on Derivatives	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives Three Months Ended June 30,	
		2013	2012
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815:			
Gasoline swaps	Direct operating	\$(2.5)	\$(3.3)
Interest rate caps	Selling, general and administrative	—	(0.1)
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Selling, general and administrative	(7.1)	(7.7)
Foreign exchange options	Selling, general and administrative	—	0.1
Total		\$(9.6)	\$(11.0)

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	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized on Derivatives	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2013	2012
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815:			
Gasoline swaps	Direct operating	\$(0.8	) \$(1.5
Interest rate caps	Selling, general and administrative	0.1	(0.1
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Selling, general and administrative	(2.9	) (5.6
Foreign exchange options	Selling, general and administrative	(0.1	) 0.1
Total		\$(3.7	) \$(7.1

While our fuel derivatives, foreign currency forward contracts, foreign exchange options and certain interest rate caps are subject to enforceable master netting agreements with their counterparties, we do not offset the derivative assets and liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The impact of offsetting derivative instruments is depicted below (in millions of dollars):

As of June 30, 2013:	Gross amounts not offset in Balance Sheet					
	Gross assets	Gross assets offset in Balance Sheet	Net recognized assets in Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral	Net Amount
Interest rate caps	\$0.6	\$—	\$0.6	\$—	\$—	\$0.6
Foreign exchange forward contracts	4.8	—	4.8	(2.8	) —	2.0
Foreign exchange options	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	0.1
Total	\$5.5	\$—	\$5.5	\$(2.8	) \$—	\$2.7
	Gross amounts not offset in Balance Sheet					
	Gross liabilities	Gross liabilities offset in Balance Sheet	Net recognized liabilities in Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral	Net Amount
Gasoline swaps	\$0.9	\$—	\$0.9	\$(0.9	) \$—	\$—
Interest rate caps	0.6	—	0.6	—	—	0.6
Foreign exchange forward contracts	1.9	—	1.9	(1.9	) —	—
Total	\$3.4	\$—	\$3.4	\$(2.8	) \$—	\$0.6

As of December 31, 2012:	Gross amounts not offset in Balance Sheet					
	Gross assets	Gross assets	Net recognized	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral	Net Amount

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		offset in	assets in			
		Balance	Balance			
		Sheet	Sheet			
Interest rate caps	\$0.9	\$—	\$0.9	\$—	\$—	\$0.9
Foreign exchange forward contracts	3.4	—	3.4	(1.3	) —	2.1
Foreign exchange options	0.2	—	0.2	(0.2	) —	—
Total	\$4.5	\$—	\$4.5	\$(1.5	) \$—	\$3.0

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## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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				Gross amounts not offset in Balance Sheet		
	Gross liabilities	Gross liabilities offset in Balance Sheet	Net recognized liabilities in Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral	Net Amount
Interest rate caps	\$0.9	\$—	\$0.9	\$—	\$—	\$0.9
Gasoline swaps	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	0.1
Foreign exchange forward contracts	4.5	—	4.5	(1.5 )	—	3.0
Total	\$5.5	\$—	\$5.5	\$(1.5 )	\$—	\$4.0

## Fair value measures

Pursuant to the accounting guidance for fair value measurements and its subsequent updates, fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, we consider the principal or most advantageous market in which we would transact and we consider assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

## Fair Value Hierarchy

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The inputs are prioritized into three levels that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Inputs that reflect quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that are observable.

Level 2: Inputs that reflect quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable to the extent that observable inputs are not available for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

## Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows (in millions):

	June 30, 2013			
	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets:				
Interest rate caps	\$0.6	\$—	\$0.6	\$—
Foreign currency forward contracts	4.8	—	4.8	—
Foreign exchange options	0.1	—	0.1	—
Total	\$5.5	\$—	\$5.5	\$—
Other Liabilities:				
Gasoline swaps	\$0.9	\$—	\$0.9	\$—

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Interest rate caps	\$0.6	\$—	\$0.6	\$—
Foreign currency forward contracts	1.9	—	1.9	—
Total	\$3.4	\$—	\$3.4	\$—

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

	December 31, 2012			
	Total	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets:</b>				
Interest rate caps	\$0.9	\$—	\$0.9	\$—
Foreign currency forward contracts	3.4	—	3.4	—
Foreign exchange options	0.2	—	0.2	—
Total	\$4.5	\$—	\$4.5	\$—
<b>Other Liabilities:</b>				
Gasoline swaps	\$0.1	\$—	\$0.1	\$—
Interest rate caps	0.9	—	0.9	—
Foreign currency forward contracts	4.5	—	4.5	—
Total	\$5.5	\$—	\$5.5	\$—

## Gasoline swaps

Gasoline swaps classified as Level 2 assets and liabilities are priced using quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

## Interest rate caps

Interest rate caps classified as Level 2 assets and liabilities are priced using quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

## Foreign currency forward contracts

Foreign currency forward contracts classified as Level 2 assets and liabilities are priced using quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

## Foreign exchange options

Foreign currency forward contracts classified as Level 2 assets and liabilities are priced using quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, to the extent the underlying liability will be settled in cash, approximate carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Marketable securities held by us consist of debt securities classified as available-for-sale, which are carried at fair value and are included within "Prepaid expenses and other assets." Unrealized gains and losses, net of related income taxes, are included in "Accumulated other comprehensive loss." As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the fair value of debt securities was \$132.0 million and \$0.0 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, unrealized gains of \$2.0 million were recorded in "Accumulated other comprehensive loss." Hertz classifies its investment in the convertible notes within Level 3 because it is valued using significant unobservable inputs. To estimate the fair value, Hertz utilized a binomial valuation model. The most significant unobservable inputs we use are our estimates of the underlying equity value of the investee. The discount rates and volatility used in the measurements of fair value were between 6% - 21% and 36% - 42%, respectively, and are based on the underlying risk associated with our estimate of the underlying equity value of the investee, as well as the terms of the respective contracts. The credit rating of the investee, general business conditions, liquidity, and underlying equity value could materially affect the fair value of the convertible notes. Hertz periodically conducts reviews and engages valuation

specialists to verify pricing and assesses liquidity to determine if significant inputs have changed that would impact

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

the fair value hierarchy disclosure. For further information on assets classified as Level 3 measurement, see Note 5—Business Combinations and Divestitures.

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value measurement using Level 3 inputs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013
Fair Value Measurements Using Level 3 Inputs Convertible Notes		
Balance at the beginning of period	\$—	\$—
Realized gain (losses) included in earnings	—	—
Unrealized gain related to investments	2.0	2.0
Purchases	130.0	130.0
Settlements	—	—
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$132.0	\$132.0

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, unrealized gains of \$0.0 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, were recorded in "Accumulated other comprehensive loss." These mostly comprised previously held equity interest in Dollar Thrifty with fair values based on Level 1 inputs consisting of quoted market price. Hertz subsequently acquired all remaining shares of Dollar Thrifty common stock on November 19, 2012. For a further discussion of the Dollar Thrifty acquisition refer to Note 4 of the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

For borrowings with an initial maturity of 90 days or less, fair value approximates carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. For all other debt, fair value is estimated based on quoted market rates as well as borrowing rates currently available to us for loans with similar terms and average maturities (Level 2 inputs). The aggregate fair value of all debt at June 30, 2013 was \$19,129.7 million, compared to its aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$17,856.9 million. The aggregate fair value of all debt at December 31, 2012 was \$16,493.1 million, compared to its aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$15,473.8 million.

## Note 15—Related Party Transactions

## Relationship with Hertz Investors, Inc. and the Sponsors

On December 21, 2005, investment funds associated with or designated by:

• Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, Inc., which was succeeded by Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC, or "CD&R,"

• The Carlyle Group, or "Carlyle," and

• Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc., or "Merrill Lynch,"

or collectively the "Sponsors," acquired all of Hertz's common stock from Ford Holdings LLC.

Other than as disclosed below, in the six months ended June 30, 2013, there were no material changes to our relationship with Hertz Investors, Inc. or the Sponsors.

In March 2013, the Sponsors sold 60,050,777 shares of their Hertz Holdings common stock to Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Barclays Capital Inc. as the underwriters in the registered public offering of those shares. In connection with the offering, Hertz Holdings repurchased from the underwriters 23,200,000 of the 60,050,777 shares of common stock sold by the Sponsors.

In May 2013, the Sponsors sold 49,800,405 shares of their remaining Hertz Holdings common stock to Goldman, Sachs & Co. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC as the underwriters in the registered public offering of those shares. As a result of our initial public offering in November 2006 and subsequent offerings in June 2007, May 2009, June 2009, March 2011, December 2012, March 2013 and May 2013, the Sponsors do not own any shares of Hertz Holdings



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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

common stock, other than de minimus amounts held from time to time by the Sponsors and their affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

Hertz Holdings was a party to (i) that certain Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of November 20, 2006, or the "Stockholders' Agreement," with the Sponsors, which granted to certain of the Sponsors, or funds affiliated with the Sponsors, the right to cause a certain number of nominees for director to be designated to the Hertz Holdings' Board of Directors, based on the Sponsors' relative level of ownership of Hertz Holdings' common stock, and (ii) that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2005 (as amended by Amendment No. 1, dated as of November 20, 2006, the "Holdings Registration Rights Agreement"), with the Sponsors, which granted to certain of the Sponsors, or funds affiliated with the Sponsors, the right to cause Hertz Holdings, at its own expense, to use its best efforts to register shares of Hertz Holdings' common stock held by the Sponsors for public resale, subject to certain limitations. In connection with the offering of common stock completed in May 2013, Hertz Holdings entered into a termination letter agreement with the Sponsor Parties, pursuant to which, effective as of May 9, 2013, the Stockholders' Agreement and the Holdings Registration Rights Agreement were terminated, except that certain indemnification obligations set forth in the Holdings Registration Rights Agreement survived termination. On May 15, 2013, Angel L. Morales, a director of Hertz Holdings and its wholly-owned subsidiary Hertz, or the "Companies," notified the Boards of Directors of the Companies that he was resigning as a director of the Companies effective immediately after the Board of Directors meeting held after the 2013 Annual Meeting held on the same day. Mr. Morales' decision to resign did not involve any disagreement with the Companies, the management of the Companies or the Boards of Directors of the Companies.

Financing Arrangements with Related Parties

Based on the Sponsors' sale of shares in May 2013, none of our outstanding debt at June 30, 2013 was with related parties. As of December 31, 2012, approximately \$189.8 million of our outstanding debt was with related parties. For information on our total indebtedness, see Note 8—Debt.

Note 16—Contingencies and Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the following guarantees (including indemnification commitments) were issued and outstanding:

Indemnification Obligations

In the ordinary course of business, we execute contracts involving indemnification obligations customary in the relevant industry and indemnifications specific to a transaction such as the sale of a business. These indemnification obligations might include claims relating to the following: environmental matters; intellectual property rights; governmental regulations and employment-related matters; customer, supplier and other commercial contractual relationships; and financial matters. Performance under these indemnification obligations would generally be triggered by a breach of terms of the contract or by a third party claim. We regularly evaluate the probability of having to incur costs associated with these indemnification obligations and have accrued for expected losses that are probable and estimable. The types of indemnification obligations for which payments are possible include the following:

Sponsors; Directors

Hertz has entered into customary indemnification agreements with Hertz Holdings, the Sponsors and our stockholders affiliated with the Sponsors, pursuant to which Hertz Holdings and Hertz will indemnify the Sponsors, our stockholders affiliated with the Sponsors and their respective affiliates, directors, officers, partners, members, employees, agents, representatives and controlling persons, against certain liabilities arising out of performance of a consulting agreement with Hertz Holdings and each of the Sponsors and certain other claims and liabilities, including liabilities arising out of financing arrangements or securities offerings. We also entered into indemnification agreements with each of our directors. We do not believe that these indemnifications are reasonably likely to have a material impact on us.



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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

Environmental

We have indemnified various parties for the costs associated with remediating numerous hazardous substance storage, recycling or disposal sites in many states and, in some instances, for natural resource damages. The amount of any such expenses or related natural resource damages for which we may be held responsible could be substantial. The probable expenses that we expect to incur for such matters have been accrued, and those expenses are reflected in our condensed consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the aggregate amounts accrued for environmental liabilities including liability for environmental indemnities, reflected in our condensed consolidated balance sheets in "Accrued liabilities" were \$2.6 million and \$2.6 million, respectively. The accrual generally represents the estimated cost to study potential environmental issues at sites deemed to require investigation or clean-up activities, and the estimated cost to implement remediation actions, including on-going maintenance, as required. Cost estimates are developed by site. Initial cost estimates are based on historical experience at similar sites and are refined over time on the basis of in-depth studies of the sites. For many sites, the remediation costs and other damages for which we ultimately may be responsible cannot be reasonably estimated because of uncertainties with respect to factors such as our connection to the site, the materials there, the involvement of other potentially responsible parties, the application of laws and other standards or regulations, site conditions, and the nature and scope of investigations, studies, and remediation to be undertaken (including the technologies to be required and the extent, duration, and success of remediation).

Legal Proceedings

From time to time we are a party to various legal proceedings. We are currently a defendant in numerous actions and have received numerous claims on which actions have not yet been commenced for public liability and property damage arising from the operation of motor vehicles and equipment rented from us and our licensees. The obligation for public liability and property damage on self-insured U.S. and international vehicles and equipment, as stated on our balance sheet, represents an estimate for both reported accident claims not yet paid and claims incurred but not yet reported. The related liabilities are recorded on a non-discounted basis. Reserve requirements are based on actuarial evaluations of historical accident claim experience and trends, as well as future projections of ultimate losses, expenses, premiums and costs. At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 our liability recorded for public liability and property damage matters was \$327.5 million and \$332.2 million, respectively. We believe that our analysis is based on the most relevant information available, combined with reasonable assumptions, and that we may prudently rely on this information to determine the estimated liability. We note the liability is subject to significant uncertainties. The adequacy of the liability reserve is regularly monitored based on evolving accident claim history and insurance related state legislation changes. If our estimates change or if actual results differ from these assumptions, the amount of the recorded liability is adjusted to reflect these results.

For a detailed description of certain of our legal proceedings please see Note 12 of the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

The following recent developments pertaining to legal proceedings described in our Form 10-K are furnished on a supplemental basis:

In *Davis Landscape, Ltd., et al. v. Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation*, the Court issued a Final Approval Order and Judgment in June 2013 giving final approval to the proposed class settlement that the court had preliminarily approved in March 2013. We have accrued our best estimate of the ultimate cost of the proposed class settlement which is not material to our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In *Fun Services of Kansas City, Inc., et al. v. Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation*, the court issued a Final Approval Order in June 2013 giving final approval to the proposed class settlement which the court had preliminarily approved in January 2013. We have accrued our best estimate of the ultimate cost of the settlement, which is not material to our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2013, the court in Janet Sobel, et al. v. The Hertz Corporation granted, in part, the plaintiffs' motion for partial summary judgment with respect to restitution and granted the plaintiffs' motion for class certification, while denying the Company's motion for partial summary judgment. The court further indicated that the plaintiffs are entitled to prejudgment interest from the date of the plaintiffs' first amended complaint. A judgment has still not been entered in the case and there are expected to be further proceedings before the district court. The amount of a judgment could potentially exceed \$40 million. The Company intends to appeal or seek other appropriate relief and believes that the

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## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## Unaudited

court's liability, damages and class certification findings will be reversed. We continue to believe the outcome of this case will not be material to our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Aside from the above mentioned, none of the other legal proceedings described in our Form 10-K have experienced any material changes.

In addition to the above mentioned and those described in our Form 10-K or in our other filings with SEC, various other legal actions, claims and governmental inquiries and proceedings are pending or may be instituted or asserted in the future against us and our subsidiaries. Other than with respect to the aggregate claims for public liability and property damage pending against us, management, based on the advice of legal counsel, does not believe that any of the matters resolved, or pending against us, are material to us and our subsidiaries taken as a whole.

We have established reserves for matters where we believe that the losses are probable and reasonably estimated.

Other than with respect to the aggregate reserve established for claims for public liability and property damage, none of those reserves are material. For matters where we have not established a reserve, the ultimate outcome or resolution cannot be predicted at this time, or the amount of ultimate loss, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties and the outcome of the individual litigated matters is not predictable with assurance. It is possible that certain of the actions, claims, inquiries or proceedings, including those discussed in our Form 10-K or in our other filings with SEC, could be decided unfavorably to us or any of our subsidiaries involved. Accordingly, it is possible that an adverse outcome from such a proceeding could exceed the amount accrued in an amount that could be material to our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows in any particular reporting period.

## Note 17—Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share has been computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share has been computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of all potentially dilutive common stock equivalents, except when the effect would be anti-dilutive.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Basic and diluted earnings per share:				
Numerator:				
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders, basic	\$ 121.4	\$92.9	\$ 139.4	\$36.6
Interest on Convertible Senior Notes, net of tax	3.8	—	4.8	—
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders, diluted	\$ 125.2	\$92.9	\$ 144.2	\$36.6
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares used in basic computation	400.8	420.0	408.3	419.1
Add: Stock options, RSUs and PSUs	7.0	4.4	6.8	5.5
Add: Potential issuance of common stock upon conversion of Convertible Senior Notes	57.3	23.0	47.9	23.3
Weighted average shares used in diluted computation	465.1	447.4	463.0	447.9
Earnings per share attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders, basic	\$0.30	\$0.22	\$0.34	\$0.09
	\$0.27	\$0.21	\$0.31	\$0.08

Earnings per share attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders, diluted

Diluted earnings per share computations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 excluded the weighted-average impact of the assumed exercise of approximately 6.9 million shares of stock options, RSUs and PSUs, because such impact would be antidilutive. Diluted earnings per share computations for the three and six months ended June

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

30, 2012 excluded the weighted-average impact of the assumed exercise of approximately 4.6 million shares of stock options, RSUs and PSUs, because such impact would be antidilutive.

In March 2013, the Sponsors sold 60,050,777 shares of their Hertz Holdings common stock to Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Barclays Capital Inc. as the underwriters in the registered public offering of those shares. In connection with the offering, Hertz Holdings repurchased from the underwriters 23,200,000 of the 60,050,777 shares of common stock sold by the Sponsors.

Prior to this repurchase transaction, we had a policy of settling the conversion of our 5.25% Convertible Senior Notes due June 2014, or the "Convertible Senior Notes," using a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. Upon completion of the share repurchase from the underwriters, we announced a change to our former settlement policy and stated our intention to settle the Convertible Senior Notes in 100% shares of our common stock. We believe the repurchase of shares from the underwriters in the offering and the subsequent use of shares to settle the Convertible Senior Notes will prevent any further dilutive impact to our weighted average fully diluted shares outstanding.

In addition to the impact the repurchased shares had on our weighted shares outstanding for the period, the announcement of the policy change resulted in an adjustment to the numerator (net income) of our earnings per share computation. The numerator was adjusted to add back the after-tax amount of interest recognized in the period associated with the Convertible Senior Notes on the same pro rata basis.

We have calculated our weighted average shares outstanding in accordance with the applicable accounting guidance which provides that the number of shares is determined by relating the portion of time within a reporting period that common shares have been outstanding to the total time in that period.

Note 18—Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2013, our Convertible Senior Notes became convertible again. See Note 8—Debt for more information.

On July 31, 2013, Hertz entered into a supplement to the Senior ABL Facility to permit aggregate maximum borrowings of \$1,865.0 million (subject to borrowing base availability).

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis provides information that we believe to be relevant to an understanding of our consolidated financial condition and results of operations. Unless the context otherwise requires, in this Report on Form 10-Q, (i) "Hertz Holdings" means Hertz Global Holdings, Inc., our top-level holding company, (ii) "Hertz" means The Hertz Corporation, our primary operating company and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Hertz Investors, Inc., which is wholly-owned by Hertz Holdings, (iii) "we," "us" and "our" mean Hertz Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries, including Hertz, (iv) "HERC" means Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation, Hertz's wholly-owned equipment rental subsidiary, together with our various other wholly-owned international subsidiaries that conduct our industrial, construction and material handling equipment rental business, (v) "cars" means cars, crossovers and light trucks (including sport utility vehicles and, outside North America, light commercial vehicles), (vi) "program cars" means cars purchased by car rental companies under repurchase or guaranteed depreciation programs with car manufacturers, (vii) "non-program cars" means cars not purchased under repurchase or guaranteed depreciation programs for which the car rental company is exposed to residual risk and (viii) "equipment" means industrial, construction and material handling equipment.

You should read the following discussion and analysis together with the section below entitled "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," with the financial statements and the related notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, or this "Report."

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained or incorporated by reference in this Report and in reports we subsequently file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC," on Forms 10-K and 10-Q and file or furnish on Form 8-K, and in related comments by our management, include "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements include information concerning our liquidity and our possible or assumed future results of operations, including descriptions of our business strategies. These statements often include words such as "believe," "expect," "project," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "estimate," "seek," "will," "may," "would," "should," "could," "forecasts" or similar expressions. These statements are based on certain assumptions that we have made in light of our experience in the industry as well as our perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate in these circumstances. We believe these judgments are reasonable, but you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results, and our actual results could differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of important factors, both positive and negative, that may be revised or supplemented in subsequent reports on SEC Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K. Some important factors that could affect our actual results include, among others, those that may be disclosed from time to time in subsequent reports filed with the SEC, those described under "Item 1A—Risk Factors" included in Hertz Global Holding, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on March 4, 2013, or our "Form 10-K" and the following:

- our ability to integrate the car rental operations of Dollar Thrifty Automotive Group, Inc., or "Dollar Thrifty," and realize operational efficiencies from that acquisition;
- the operational and profitability impact of the divestitures that we agreed to undertake in order to secure regulatory approval for the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty;
- levels of travel demand, particularly with respect to airline passenger traffic in the United States and in global markets;
- the impact of pending and future U.S. governmental action to address budget deficits through reductions in spending and similar austerity measures, which could materially adversely affect unemployment rates and consumer spending levels;
- significant changes in the competitive environment, including as a result of industry consolidation, and the effect of competition in our markets, including on our pricing policies or use of incentives;
- occurrences that disrupt rental activity during our peak periods;
- our ability to achieve cost savings and efficiencies and realize opportunities to increase productivity and profitability;



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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

an increase in our fleet costs as a result of an increase in the cost of new vehicles and/or a decrease in the price at which we dispose of used vehicles either in the used vehicle market or under repurchase or guaranteed depreciation programs;

our ability to accurately estimate future levels of rental activity and adjust the size and mix of our fleet accordingly;

our ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and the availability to us of additional or continued sources of financing for our revenue earning equipment and to refinance our existing indebtedness;

safety recalls by the manufacturers of our vehicles and equipment;

- a major disruption in our communication or centralized information networks;

financial instability of the manufacturers of our vehicles and equipment;

any impact on us from the actions of our licensees, franchisees, dealers and independent contractors;

our ability to maintain profitability during adverse economic cycles and unfavorable external events (including war, terrorist acts, natural disasters and epidemic disease);

shortages of fuel and increases or volatility in fuel costs;

our ability to successfully integrate acquisitions and complete dispositions;

our ability to maintain favorable brand recognition;

costs and risks associated with litigation;

risks related to our indebtedness, including our substantial amount of debt, our ability to incur substantially more debt and increases in interest rates or in our borrowing margins;

our ability to meet the financial and other covenants contained in our Senior Credit Facilities, our outstanding unsecured Senior Notes and certain asset-backed and asset-based arrangements;

changes in accounting principles, or their application or interpretation, and our ability to make accurate estimates and the assumptions underlying the estimates, which could have an effect on earnings;

changes in the existing, or the adoption of new, laws, regulations, policies or other activities of governments, agencies and similar organizations where such actions may affect our operations, the cost thereof or applicable tax rates;

changes to our senior management team;

the effect of tangible and intangible asset impairment charges;

the impact of our derivative instruments, which can be affected by fluctuations in interest rates and commodity prices;

our exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates; and

other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC.

You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing cautionary statements. All such statements speak only as of the date made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Corporate History

Hertz Holdings was incorporated in Delaware in 2005 to serve as the top-level holding company for the consolidated Hertz business. Hertz was incorporated in Delaware in 1967. Hertz is a successor to corporations that have been engaged in the car and truck rental and leasing business since 1918 and the equipment rental business since 1965. Ford Motor Company acquired an ownership interest in Hertz in 1987. Prior to this, Hertz was a subsidiary of United Continental Holdings, Inc. (formerly Allegis Corporation), which acquired Hertz's outstanding capital stock from RCA Corporation in 1985.

On December 21, 2005, investment funds associated with or designated by:

• Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, Inc., which was succeeded by Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC, or "CD&R,"

• The Carlyle Group, or "Carlyle," and

• Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc., or "Merrill Lynch,"

or collectively the "Sponsors," acquired all of Hertz's common stock from Ford Holdings LLC.

After giving effect to our initial public offering in November 2006, subsequent offerings and a March 2013 share repurchase, the Sponsors do not own any of the outstanding shares of common stock of Hertz Holdings, other than de minimus amounts held from time to time by the Sponsors and their affiliates in the ordinary course of business, as of June 30, 2013.

In May 2013, we announced plans to relocate our worldwide headquarters to Estero, Florida from Park Ridge, New Jersey over a two-year period.

Overview of Our Business

We are engaged principally in the business of renting and leasing of cars and equipment.

Our revenues primarily are derived from rental and related charges and consist of:

Car rental revenues (revenues from all company-operated car rental and fleet leasing operations and management services, including charges to customers for the reimbursement of costs incurred relating to airport concession fees and vehicle license fees, the fueling of vehicles and the sale of loss or collision damage waivers, liability insurance coverage and other products and fees and certain cost reimbursements from our licensees and from Adreca Holdings Corp. for the sublease of vehicles);

Equipment rental revenues (revenues from all company-operated equipment rental operations, including amounts charged to customers for the fueling and delivery of equipment and sale of loss damage waivers, as well as revenues from the sale of new equipment and consumables); and

• Other revenues (primarily relating to other unallocated business activities).

Our expenses primarily consist of:

• Direct operating expenses (primarily wages and related benefits; commissions and concession fees paid to airport authorities, travel agents and others; facility, self-insurance and reservation costs; the cost of new equipment and consumables purchased for resale; and other costs relating to the operation and rental of revenue earning equipment, such as damage, maintenance and fuel costs);

• Depreciation expense and lease charges relating to revenue earning equipment (including net gains or losses on the disposal of such equipment). Revenue earning equipment includes cars and rental equipment;

• Selling, general and administrative expenses (including advertising); and

• Interest expense.

Our profitability is primarily a function of the volume, mix and pricing of rental transactions and the utilization of cars and equipment. Significant changes in the purchase price or residual values of cars and equipment or interest rates can have a significant effect on our profitability depending on our ability to adjust pricing for these changes. We continue to balance our mix of non-program and program vehicles based on market conditions. Our business requires

significant

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

expenditures for cars and equipment, and consequently we require substantial liquidity to finance such expenditures. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below.

**Car Rental**

In the U.S., as of June 30, 2013, the percentage of non-program cars was 97% as compared to 83% as of June 30, 2012. Internationally, as of June 30, 2013, the percentage of non-program cars was 62%, compared to 65% as of June 30, 2012. In the U.S., as of December 31, 2012, the percentage of non-program cars was 95% as compared to 83% as of December 31, 2011. Internationally, as of December 31, 2012, the percentage of non-program cars was 79%, compared to 75% as of December 31, 2011.

In recent periods we have decreased the percentage of program cars in our car rental fleet and we expect this percentage to remain stable in the future, however, we continue to periodically review the efficiencies of an optimal mix between program and non-program cars in our fleet. With fewer program cars in our fleet, we have an increased risk that the market value of a car at the time of its disposition will be less than its estimated residual value. However, non-program cars allow us the opportunity for ancillary revenue, such as warranty and financing, during disposition. Program cars generally provide us with flexibility to reduce the size of our fleet by returning cars sooner than originally expected without risk of loss in the event of an economic downturn or to respond to changes in rental demand. This flexibility is reduced as the percentage of non-program cars in our car rental fleet increases. Furthermore, it is expected that the average age of our fleet will increase since the average holding period for non-program vehicles is longer than program vehicles. However, the longer holding period does not necessarily equate to higher costs due to the stringent turnback requirements imposed by vehicle manufacturers for program cars. In the six months ended June 30, 2013, our monthly per vehicle depreciation costs decreased as compared to the prior year period due to improved residual values in the U.S., a continued move towards a greater proportion of non-program vehicles, mix optimization and improved procurement and remarketing efforts.

Depreciation rates are reviewed on a quarterly basis based on management's routine review of present and estimated future market conditions and their effect on residual values at the time of disposal. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, depreciation rates being used to compute the provision for depreciation of revenue earning equipment were adjusted on certain vehicles in our car rental operations to reflect changes in the estimated residual values to be realized when revenue earning equipment is sold. These depreciation rate changes resulted in net decreases of \$14.8 million and \$15.5 million in depreciation expense for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013, respectively. Prospective changes include the impact of car sales channel diversification and acceleration of our retail sales expansion.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, our worldwide car rental operations sold approximately 70,100 and 44,700 non-program cars, respectively, a 56.8% year over year increase. The year over year increase was primarily due to the continued shift from program to non-program vehicles as well as the Dollar Thrifty acquisition. In addition, residuals have remained relatively strong during the period. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, our worldwide car rental operations sold approximately 146,800 and 90,400 non-program cars, respectively, a 62.4% year over year increase. The year over year increase was primarily due to the continued shift from program to non-program vehicles as well as the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty. In addition, residuals remained relatively strong during the period.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, we experienced a 30.7% and 3.9% increase in transaction days and total revenue per transaction day, or "Total RPD," respectively, versus the prior year period in the United States. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, in our European operations, transaction days remained relatively flat, however, Total RPD declined 1.5% when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2012.

Our U.S. off-airport operations represented \$682.5 million and \$608.9 million of our total car rental revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of June 30, 2013, we have approximately 2,620 off-airport locations. Our strategy includes selected openings of new off-airport locations, the disciplined evaluation of existing locations and the pursuit of same-store sales growth. Our strategy also includes increasing penetration in the

off-airport market and growing the online leisure market, particularly in the longer length weekly sector, which is characterized by lower vehicle costs and lower transaction costs at a lower Total RPD. Increasing our penetration in these sectors is consistent with our long-term strategy to generate profitable growth. When we open a new off-airport location, we incur a number of costs, including those relating to site selection, lease negotiation, recruitment of employees, selection and development of managers, initial sales activities and integration of our systems with those of the companies who will reimburse the location's replacement renters for their rentals. A new off-airport location,

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

once opened, takes time to generate its full potential revenues and, as a result, revenues at new locations do not initially cover their start-up costs and often do not, for some time, cover the costs of their ongoing operations. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, Donlen had an average of approximately 168,000 vehicles and 166,800 vehicles, respectively, under lease and management. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, Donlen had an average of approximately 146,100 vehicles and 143,800 vehicles, respectively, under lease and management. Donlen's fleet management programs provide outsourced solutions to reduce fleet operating costs and improve driver productivity. These programs include administration of preventive maintenance, advisory services, and fuel and accident management along with other complementary services.

As of June 30, 2013, our worldwide car rental operations had a total of approximately 10,900 corporate and licensee locations in approximately 150 countries in North America, Europe, Latin America, Asia, Australia, Africa, the Middle East and New Zealand.

On November 19, 2012, Hertz acquired 100% of the equity of Dollar Thrifty, a car rental business. As of June 30, 2013, Dollar Thrifty had approximately 320 corporate locations in the United States and Canada, with approximately 5,400 employees located mainly in North America. In addition to its corporate operations, Dollar Thrifty had approximately 1,280 franchise locations in approximately 90 countries. Dollar Thrifty brings to Hertz an immediate leadership position in the value-priced rental vehicle market generally appealing to leisure customers, including domestic and foreign tourists, and to small businesses, government and independent business travelers.

Equipment Rental

HERC experienced higher rental volumes and pricing for the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the prior year period as the industry continued its recovery in North America. The recovery has been led by strong industrial performance, especially oil and gas related, and improvement in the construction sector in part reflecting higher rental penetration. We continued to see growth in our specialty services such as Pump & Power, Industrial Plant Services and Hertz Entertainment Services. Additionally, there continue to be opportunities for 2013 as the uncertain economic outlook makes rental solutions attractive to customers.

On January 19, 2012, HERC acquired Cinelease Holdings, LLC, or "Cinelease," a U.S. market leader in lighting and grip rentals to the television industry.

As of June 30, 2013, HERC had a total of approximately 340 branches in the U.S., Canada, France, Spain, China and Saudi Arabia.

Seasonality

Our car rental and equipment rental operations are seasonal businesses, with decreased levels of business in the winter months and heightened activity during the spring and summer. We have the ability to dynamically manage fleet capacity, the most significant portion of our cost structure, to meet market demand. For instance, to accommodate increased demand, we increase our available fleet and staff during the second and third quarters of the year. As business demand declines, fleet and staff are decreased accordingly. A number of our other major operating costs, including airport concession fees, commissions and vehicle liability expenses, are directly related to revenues or transaction volumes. In addition, our management expects to utilize enhanced process improvements, including efficiency initiatives and the use of our information technology systems, to help manage our variable costs.

Approximately two-thirds of our typical annual operating costs represent variable costs, while the remaining one-third is fixed or semi-fixed. We also maintain a flexible workforce, with a significant number of part time and seasonal workers. However, certain operating expenses, including rent, insurance, and administrative overhead, remain fixed and cannot be adjusted for seasonal demand. Revenues related to our fleet leasing and management services are generally not seasonal.

Restructuring

During the first and second quarters of 2013, we continued to streamline operations (including actions associated with the Dollar Thrifty integration) and reduce costs with the closure of several car rental and equipment rental locations globally as well as a reduction in our workforce by approximately 50 and 515 employees, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, our consolidated statement of operations includes restructuring charges of \$17.6 million and \$21.3 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, our

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consolidated statement of operations includes restructuring charges of \$16.1 million and \$22.8 million, respectively. Additional efficiency and cost saving initiatives are being developed; however, we presently do not have firm plans or estimates of any related expenses. See Note 13 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report.

In light of continuing economic uncertainty in Europe driven by high unemployment, tight credit markets and declining spending, we are currently considering a wide range of strategic transactions for our operations in Europe. These restructuring opportunities could include dispositions, additional capital investments, leveraging synergies from acquisition of certain operations or ownership stakes in outside businesses or joint ventures. This process is ongoing, and we expect to make announcements when and if decisions with respect to material transactions are made.

Disclosure under Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act

Under Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act as added by the Iran Threat Reduction and Syrian Human Rights Act of 2012, we are required to include certain disclosures in our periodic reports if we or any of our "affiliates" (as defined in Rule 12b-2 thereunder) knowingly engage in certain activities specified in Section 13(r) during the period covered by the report. Because the SEC defines the term "affiliate" broadly, it includes any entity that controls us or is under common control with us ("control" is also construed broadly by the SEC). Our former affiliate, CD&R, has informed us that an indirect subsidiary of SPIE S.A., or "SPIE," an affiliate of CD&R based in France, maintained bank accounts during the period covered by this report at Bank Melli with the approval of the French financial regulator (applying European Union law) and, since May 21, 2013, with the approval of the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the U.S. Treasury Department, or "OFAC." Bank Melli is an Iranian bank designated under Executive Order No. 13382. We had no knowledge of or control over the activities of SPIE or its subsidiaries. CD&R has informed us that the SPIE subsidiary has not used the accounts during the period covered by this report, that SPIE and its subsidiaries obtained no revenue or profit from the maintenance of these accounts, that CD&R and SPIE have disclosed past transactions in the accounts to OFAC, that SPIE and its subsidiaries intended to comply with all applicable laws, and that SPIE and its subsidiaries intend to conduct only such transactions and dealings with Bank Melli in the future as are authorized by the applicable French governmental authority and OFAC.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2012

## Summary

The following table sets forth the percentage of total revenues represented by the various line items in our consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended		Percentage of Revenues		
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012	
Revenues:					
Car rental	\$2,329.5	\$1,889.6	85.8	% 84.9	%
Equipment rental	384.3	335.0	14.2	15.1	
Other	0.8	0.5	—	—	
Total revenues	2,714.6	2,225.1	100.0	100.0	
Expenses:					
Direct operating	1,405.9	1,188.9	51.8	53.4	
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges	641.1	519.8	23.6	23.4	
Selling, general and administrative	275.0	206.6	10.1	9.3	
Interest expense	183.8	152.2	6.8	6.8	
Interest income	(2.0	) (0.5	) (0.1	) —	
Other income, net	(1.1	) (0.6	) —	—	
Total expenses	2,502.7	2,066.4	92.2	92.9	
Income before income taxes	211.9	158.7	7.8	7.1	
Provision for taxes on income	(90.5	) (65.8	) (3.3	) (3.0	)
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$121.4	\$92.9	4.5	% 4.1	%

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following table sets forth certain of our selected car rental, equipment rental and other operating data for the three months ended or as of June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended or as of June 30,	
	2013	2012
Selected Car Rental Operating Data:		
Worldwide number of transactions (in thousands)	9,208	7,517
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	7,208	5,620
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	2,000	1,897
Worldwide transaction days (in thousands) <sup>(a)</sup>	45,439	37,256
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	34,178	26,312
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	11,261	10,944
Worldwide Total RPD <sup>(b)</sup>	\$48.58	\$48.00
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	\$46.78	\$45.37
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	\$54.05	\$54.31
Worldwide average number of cars during the period	830,300	656,200
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty company-operated)	470,400	353,100
Domestic and International (Leased)	28,400	—
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty company-operated)	163,500	157,000
Donlen (under lease and maintenance)	168,000	146,100
Adjusted pre-tax income (in millions of dollars) <sup>(c)</sup>	\$363.0	\$277.4
Worldwide revenue earning equipment, net (in millions of dollars)	\$13,320.7	\$10,408.0
Selected Worldwide Equipment Rental Operating Data:		
Rental and rental related revenue (in millions of dollars) <sup>(d)</sup>	\$351.0	\$303.0
Same store revenue growth, including growth initiatives <sup>(e)</sup>	11.4	% 7.3
Average acquisition cost of rental equipment operated during the period (in millions of dollars)	\$3,373.1	\$3,003.6
Adjusted pre-tax income (in millions of dollars) <sup>(c)</sup>	\$74.1	\$42.5
Revenue earning equipment, net (in millions of dollars)	\$2,385.3	\$2,030.0

(a) Transaction days represent the total number of days that vehicles were on rent in a given period.

Car rental revenue consists of all revenue, net of discounts, associated with the rental of cars including charges for optional insurance products, revenue from fleet subleases, Donlen lease transactions, and licensee transactions. But for purposes of calculating total revenue per transaction day, "Total RPD," we exclude non-rental revenues derived from Donlen. Total RPD is calculated as total rental revenue, divided by the total number of transaction days, with all periods adjusted to eliminate the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency. Our management believes

(b) eliminating the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency is appropriate so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends. This statistic is important to our management and investors as it represents the best measurement of the changes in underlying pricing in the car rental business and encompasses the elements in car rental pricing that management has the ability to control. The following table reconciles our car rental segment revenues to our rental revenue and rental revenue per transaction day (based on December 31, 2012 foreign exchange rates) for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars, except as noted):

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012

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Car rental segment revenues	\$2,329.5	\$1,889.6
Non-rental revenue	(134.3	) (115.5
Foreign currency adjustment	12.4	14.2
Total rental revenue	\$2,207.6	\$1,788.3
Transaction days (in thousands)	45,439	37,256
Total RPD (in whole dollars)	\$48.58	\$48.00

Adjusted pre-tax income is calculated as income before income taxes plus non-cash purchase accounting charges, non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization and write-off of debt financing costs and debt discounts and certain one-time charges and non-operational items. Adjusted pre-tax income is important to management because it allows management to assess operational performance of our

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

business, exclusive of the items mentioned above. It also allows management to assess the performance of the entire business on the same basis as the segment measure of profitability. Management believes that it is important to investors for the same reasons it is important to management and because it allows them to assess our operational performance on the same basis that management uses internally. The contribution of our reportable segments to adjusted pre-tax income and reconciliation to consolidated amounts are presented below (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2013	2012
Adjusted pre-tax income:		
Car rental	\$363.0	\$277.4
Equipment rental	74.1	42.5
Total reportable segments	437.1	319.9
Adjustments:		
Other reconciling items <sup>(1)</sup>	(122.6	) (86.0
Purchase accounting <sup>(2)</sup>	(33.1	) (29.0
Non-cash debt charges <sup>(3)</sup>	(19.5	) (20.6
Restructuring charges	(17.6	) (16.1
Restructuring related charges <sup>(4)</sup>	(8.6	) (5.0
Integration expenses <sup>(5)</sup>	(9.2	) —
Derivative gains (losses) <sup>(6)</sup>	(0.1	) —
Acquisition related costs	(9.1	) (4.5
Other <sup>(7)</sup>	(5.4	) —
Income before income taxes	\$211.9	\$158.7

(1) Represents general corporate expenses, certain interest expense (including net interest on corporate debt), as well as other business activities.

Represents the purchase accounting effects of the 2005 sale of all of Hertz's stock on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets and accretion of revalued

(2) workers' compensation and public liability and property damage liabilities. Also represents the purchase accounting effects of certain subsequent acquisitions on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets.

(3) Represents non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization and write-off of deferred debt financing costs and debt discounts.

(4) Represents incremental costs incurred directly supporting our business transformation initiatives. Such costs include transition costs incurred in connection with our business process outsourcing arrangements and incremental costs incurred to facilitate business process re-engineering initiatives that involve significant organization redesign and extensive operational process changes.

(5) Primarily represents Dollar Thrifty related expenses and adjustments.

(6) Represents the mark-to-market adjustment on our interest rate caps.

(7) Primarily represents expenses related to litigation accruals.

(d) Equipment rental and rental related revenue consists of all revenue, net of discounts, associated with the rental of equipment including charges for delivery, loss damage waivers and fueling, but excluding revenue arising from the sale of equipment, parts and supplies and certain other ancillary revenue. Rental and rental related revenue is adjusted in all periods to eliminate the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency. Our management believes eliminating the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency is appropriate so as not to affect the comparability of

underlying trends. This statistic is important to our management and investors as it is utilized in the measurement of rental revenue generated per dollar invested in fleet on an annualized basis and is comparable with the reporting of other industry participants. The following table reconciles our equipment rental segment revenues to our equipment rental and rental related revenue (based on December 31, 2012 foreign exchange rates) for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended		
	June 30,		
	2013	2012	
Equipment rental segment revenues	\$384.3	\$335.0	
Equipment sales and other revenue	(35.5	) (31.3	)
Foreign currency adjustment	2.2	(0.7	)
Rental and rental related revenue	\$351.0	\$303.0	

Same store revenue growth is calculated as the year over year change in revenue for locations that are open at the (e)end of the period reported and have been operating under our direction for more than twelve months. The same store revenue amounts are adjusted in all

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

periods to eliminate the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency. Our management believes eliminating the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency is appropriate so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends.

## REVENUES

(in millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended				
	June 30,				
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
Revenues by Segment					
Car rental	\$2,329.5	\$1,889.6	\$439.9	23.3	%
Equipment rental	384.3	335.0	49.3	14.7	%
Other reconciling items	0.8	0.5	0.3	60.0	%
Total revenues	\$2,714.6	\$2,225.1	\$489.5	22.0	%

## Car Rental Segment

Revenues from our car rental segment increased 23.3%, primarily due to Dollar Thrifty, which was acquired on November 19, 2012, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Excluding the effects of the Dollar Thrifty acquisition and the Advantage divestiture, rental revenues in the U.S. increased \$48.9 million or 4.3%. In addition there were revenue increases in the U.S. of \$22.2 million from fleet subleases, \$18.9 million from Donlen transactions, and \$3.1 million obtained from licensee transactions. These increases were partly offset by a decrease in international revenues of \$2.7 million, which was partially offset by the effects of foreign currency translation of approximately \$2.2 million.

Worldwide car rental transaction day volume was up 22.0%, due to an increase in U.S. transaction volume of 29.9% and an increase in international transaction day volume of 2.9%. The increase in the U.S. transaction volume was primarily due to Dollar Thrifty, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Total worldwide revenue per transaction increased 0.8%, driven by an increase in U.S. revenue per transaction of 4.4% partially offset by a decrease in international revenue per transaction of 2.8%.

Our Total RPD metric now reflects total car rental revenue per transaction day. Total RPD for worldwide car rental for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 1.2% from 2012, due to an increase in U.S. Total RPD of 3.1%, partly offset by a decrease in International Total RPD of 0.5%. U.S. airport Total RPD, excluding the impact of Dollar Thrifty, increased 7.8% and U.S. off-airport Total RPD increased by 1.3%. The increase in U.S. airport Total RPD was due to a 4.5% increase in revenue, excluding the impact of Dollar Thrifty and Advantage, accompanied by the divestiture of Advantage which had a lower airport Total RPD average. International Total RPD decreased primarily driven by a decrease in Europe Total RPD of 0.5% due to the competitive pricing environment and continued slow economy growth.

## Equipment Rental Segment

Revenues from our equipment rental segment increased 14.7%, primarily due to increases of 16.4% and 3.6% in equipment rental volumes and pricing, respectively, partly offset by the effects of foreign currency translation of approximately \$0.6 million. The increase in volume was primarily due to strong industrial and improving construction performance.

## Other

Revenues from all other sources increased \$0.3 million from the prior year period.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## EXPENSES

(in millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended				
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
Expenses:					
Fleet related expenses	\$333.0	\$287.2	\$45.8	15.9	%
Personnel related expenses	449.3	384.0	65.3	17.0	%
Other direct operating expenses	623.6	517.7	105.9	20.5	%
Direct operating	1,405.9	1,188.9	217.0	18.3	%
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges	641.1	519.8	121.3	23.3	%
Selling, general and administrative	275.0	206.6	68.4	33.1	%
Interest expense	183.8	152.2	31.6	20.8	%
Interest income	(2.0	) (0.5	) (1.5	) 300.0	%
Other income, net	(1.1	) (0.6	) (0.5	) 83.3	%
Total expenses	\$2,502.7	\$2,066.4	\$436.3	21.1	%

Total expenses increased 21.1%, primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Total expenses as a percentage of revenues decreased from 92.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2012 to 92.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2013.

## Direct Operating Expenses

## Car Rental Segment

Direct operating expenses for our car rental segment of \$1,200.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 20.6% from \$995.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty and the growth in U.S. revenue, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage.

Other direct operating expenses for our car rental segment of \$554.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 23.3% from the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Excluding the effects of Dollar Thrifty and Advantage there was an increase in field system expenses of \$5.3 million associated largely with the roll out of Hertz 24/7, and concession fees of \$1.4 million.

Personnel related expenses for our car rental segment of \$374.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 18.8% from the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partly offset by the divestiture of Advantage.

Fleet related expenses for our car rental segment of \$272.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 17.8% from the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partly offset by a decrease in fleet related expenses associated with the divestiture of Advantage. Excluding the effects of Dollar Thrifty and Advantage there was an increase in vehicle damage costs in the U.S. of \$5.6 million due to increased winter storms this year versus the prior year along with an increase in the number of vehicles, and an increase in average loss per vehicle. In addition there was an increase in maintenance expense of \$1.0 million driven mainly by the fleet growth.

Equipment Rental Segment

Direct operating expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$206.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 5.8% from \$195.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 as a result of increases in other direct operating expenses, personnel related expenses and fleet related expenses associated with business growth.

Other direct operating expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$80.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$1.6 million, or 2.0% from the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was

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primarily related to increases of \$2.9 million in cost of sales due to higher equipment sales, increased customer service costs of \$0.7 million and field systems of \$0.9 million, partly offset by a decrease in restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$1.7 million.

Personnel related expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$65.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$5.4 million, or 8.9%, from the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was related to increases in salaries and related expenses of \$3.6 million and incentive pay of \$1.8 million.

Fleet related expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$60.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$4.4 million, or 8.0% from the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to increased maintenance expense of \$2.2 million and other equipment operating costs of \$2.0 million.

Depreciation of Revenue Earning Equipment and Lease Charges

Car Rental Segment

Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges for our car rental segment of \$568.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 25.2% from \$454.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. As a percentage of car rental revenue, depreciation of car rental revenue earning equipment and lease charges increased slightly from 24.0% in the second quarter of 2012 to 24.4% in the second quarter of 2013. The increase as a percent of car rental revenues was driven primarily by a loss realized on vehicle sales in the second quarter of 2013, compared to gains realized on vehicle sales in the second quarter of 2012. The \$114.4 million increase in depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges was primarily due to higher depreciation expense related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty in November 2012, and increased fleet size in the U.S. and Donlen, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage.

Equipment Rental Segment

Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges in our equipment rental segment of \$72.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 10.7% from \$65.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to a 12.3% increase in the average acquisition cost of rental equipment operated during the period, partly offset by higher residual values on the disposal of used equipment.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$68.4 million or 33.1% from the prior year period, due to increases in administrative expenses, advertising expenses and sales promotion expenses.

Administrative expenses increased \$55.3 million or 41.6%, primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty as well as increases in integration related costs of \$7.1 million, and transaction related fees of \$6.4 million.

Advertising expenses increased \$12.6 million or 35.6%, primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, in addition to an increase in on-line media costs in the three months ended June 30, 2013 as compared to the prior year period.

Sales promotion expenses increased \$0.5 million or 1.2%, primarily related to increases in sales salaries and commissions due to improved results, partly offset by lower sales related to general administrative expenses.

Interest Expense

Car Rental Segment

Interest expense for our car rental segment of \$76.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 decreased (0.6)% from \$77.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The decrease was primarily lower weighted average interest rates in the U.S and Europe, partly offset by an increase in the weighted average debt outstanding as a result of an increase in fleet size in the U.S., and additional interest expense related to debt used to finance the Dollar Thrifty acquisition.

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Equipment Rental Segment

Interest expense for our equipment rental segment of \$11.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 1.9% from \$11.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to an increase in weighted average debt outstanding as a result of an increased fleet size.

Other

Other interest expense relating to interest on corporate debt of \$95.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased 50.4% from \$63.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to the debt used to finance the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty.

Interest Income

Interest income increased \$1.5 million from the prior year period.

Other Income, Net

Other income increased \$0.5 million from the prior year period.

ADJUSTED PRE-TAX INCOME

Car Rental Segment

Adjusted pre-tax income for our car rental segment of \$363.0 million increased 30.9% from \$277.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to stronger volumes and pricing including the impact of the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, lower net depreciation per vehicle, lower interest expense due to favorable refinancing activity and disciplined cost management. Adjustments to our car rental segment income before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$56.0 million (which consists of restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$22.4 million, purchase accounting of \$22.3 million, other expenses of \$6.4 million, non-cash debt charges of \$5.4 million and derivative losses of \$0.1 million, partly offset by a net benefit on integration expenses of \$0.6 million). Adjustments to our car rental segment income before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2012 totaled \$42.6 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$17.2 million, restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$14.9 million and non-cash debt charges of \$10.6 million, partly offset by a gain on derivatives of \$0.1 million). See footnote (c) to the table under "Results of Operations" for a summary and description of these adjustments.

Equipment Rental Segment

Adjusted pre-tax income for our equipment rental segment of \$74.1 million increased 74.4% from \$42.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to stronger volumes and pricing, strong cost management performance and higher residual values on the disposal of used equipment. Adjustments to our equipment rental segment income before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$11.3 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$10.3 million, non-cash debt charges of \$1.1 million and restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$0.9 million, partly offset by other income, net of \$1.0 million). Adjustments to our

equipment rental segment income before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2012 totaled \$14.4 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$10.8 million, restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$2.5 million and non-cash debt charges of \$1.1 million). See footnote (c) to the table under "Results of Operations" for a summary and description of these adjustments.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME AND NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES' COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

(in millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended				
	June 30,		\$ Change	% Change	
	2013	2012			
Income before income taxes	\$211.9	\$158.7	\$53.2	33.5	%
Provision for taxes on income	(90.5	) (65.8	) (24.7	) 37.5	%
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$121.4	\$92.9	\$28.5	30.7	%
Provision for Taxes on Income					

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2013 was 42.7% as compared to 41.5% in the three months ended June 30, 2012. The effective tax rate for the full fiscal year 2013 is expected to be approximately 41%. The provision for taxes on income increased \$24.7 million, primarily due to higher income before income taxes, changes in geographic earnings mix and changes in losses in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions for which tax benefits are not realized, and non-deductible acquisition costs related to the China transaction.

## Net Income Attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' Common Stockholders

The net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders increased \$28.5 million primarily due to the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, higher rental volumes and pricing in our worldwide car and equipment rental operations, disciplined cost management, lower net depreciation per vehicle in our car rental operations and improved residual values on the disposal of certain used equipment. The impact of changes in exchange rates on net income was mitigated by the fact that not only revenues but also most expenses outside of the United States were incurred in local currencies.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2012

## Summary

The following table sets forth the percentage of total revenues represented by the various line items in our consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage of Revenues		
	2013	2012	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	
Revenues:					
Car rental	\$4,414.3	\$3,547.9	85.7	% 84.8	%
Equipment rental	735.4	637.1	14.3	15.2	
Other	1.5	1.1	—	—	
Total revenues	5,151.2	4,186.1	100.0	100.0	
Expenses:					
Direct operating	2,757.1	2,303.1	53.5	55.0	
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges	1,228.1	1,034.9	23.9	24.7	
Selling, general and administrative	526.7	414.3	10.2	9.9	
Interest expense	360.6	314.5	7.0	7.5	
Interest income	(3.8	) (1.6	) (0.1	) —	
Other income, net	(1.7	) (1.0	) —	—	
Total expenses	4,867.0	4,064.2	94.5	97.1	
Income before income taxes	284.2	121.9	5.5	2.9	
Provision for taxes on income	(144.8	) (85.3	) (2.8	) (2.0	)
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$ 139.4	\$ 36.6	2.7	% 0.9	%

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following table sets forth certain of our selected car rental, equipment rental and other operating data for the six months ended or as of June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Six Months Ended or as of June 30,	
	2013	2012
Selected Car Rental Operating Data:		
Worldwide number of transactions (in thousands)	16,902	13,905
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	13,308	10,457
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	3,594	3,448
Worldwide transaction days (in thousands) <sup>(a)</sup>	84,510	68,925
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	64,242	49,137
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	20,268	19,788
Worldwide Total RPD <sup>(b)</sup>	\$49.30	\$48.39
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	\$47.99	\$46.17
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty)	\$53.48	\$53.91
Worldwide average number of cars during the period	793,700	625,500
Domestic (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty company-operated)	449,800	336,800
Domestic and International (Leased)	26,600	—
International (Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty company-operated)	150,500	144,900
Donlen (under lease and maintenance)	166,800	143,800
Adjusted pre-tax income (in millions of dollars) <sup>(c)</sup>	\$571.4	\$369.0
Worldwide revenue earning equipment, net (in millions of dollars)	\$13,320.7	\$10,408.0
Selected Worldwide Equipment Rental Operating Data:		
Rental and rental related revenue (in millions of dollars) <sup>(d)</sup>	\$673.1	\$577.3
Same store revenue growth, including growth initiatives <sup>(e)</sup>	12.4	% 8.1
Average acquisition cost of rental equipment operated during the period (in millions of dollars)	\$3,324.7	\$2,951.6
Adjusted pre-tax income (in millions of dollars) <sup>(c)</sup>	\$119.9	\$68.4
Revenue earning equipment, net (in millions of dollars)	\$2,385.3	\$2,030.0

For further details relating to car rental transaction days, Total RPD, adjusted pre-tax income, equipment rental and (a) rental related revenue and equipment rental same store revenue growth including growth initiatives, see "Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2012—Summary."

The following table reconciles our car rental segment revenues to our rental revenue and Total RPD (based on (b) December 31, 2012 foreign exchange rates) for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars, except as noted):

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Car rental segment revenues	\$4,414.3	\$3,547.9
Non-rental revenue	(262.1	) (225.9
Foreign currency adjustment	14.3	13.4
Total rental revenue	\$4,166.5	\$3,335.4
Transaction days (in thousands)	84,510	68,925
Total RPD (in whole dollars)	\$49.30	\$48.39

(c) Adjusted pre-tax income is calculated as income (loss) before income taxes plus non-cash purchase accounting charges, non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization and write-off of debt financing costs and debt discounts

and certain one-time charges and non-operational items. Adjusted pre-tax income is important to management because it allows management to assess operational performance of our business, exclusive of the items mentioned above. It also allows management to assess the performance of the entire business on the same basis as the segment measure of profitability. Management believes that it is important to investors for the same reasons it is important to management and because it allows them to assess our operational performance on the same basis that management uses internally. The contribution of our reportable segments to adjusted pre-tax income and reconciliation to consolidated amounts are presented below (in millions of dollars):

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Adjusted pre-tax income:		
Car rental	\$571.4	\$369.0
Equipment rental	119.9	68.4
Total reportable segments	691.3	437.4
Adjustments:		
Other reconciling items <sup>(1)</sup>	(232.3	) (174.2
Purchase accounting <sup>(2)</sup>	(66.8	) (53.0
Non-cash debt charges <sup>(3)</sup>	(36.8	) (45.8
Restructuring charges	(21.3	) (22.8
Restructuring related charges <sup>(4)</sup>	(12.8	) (8.3
Integration expenses <sup>(5)</sup>	(20.0	) —
Acquisition related costs	(11.7	) (11.4
Other <sup>(6)</sup>	(5.4	) —
Income before income taxes	\$284.2	\$121.9

(1) Represents general corporate expenses, certain interest expense (including net interest on corporate debt), as well as other business activities.

Represents the purchase accounting effects of the 2005 sale of all of Hertz's stock on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets and accretion of revalued

(2) workers' compensation and public liability and property damage liabilities. Also represents the purchase accounting effects of certain subsequent acquisitions on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets.

(3) Represents non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization and write-off of deferred debt financing costs and debt discounts.

(4) Represents incremental costs incurred directly supporting our business transformation initiatives. Such costs include transition costs incurred in connection with our business process outsourcing arrangements and incremental costs incurred to facilitate business process re-engineering initiatives that involve significant organization redesign and extensive operational process changes.

(5) Primarily represents Dollar Thrifty related expenses and adjustments.

(6) Primarily represents expenses related to litigation accruals.

Equipment rental and rental related revenue consists of all revenue, net of discounts, associated with the rental of equipment including charges for delivery, loss damage waivers and fueling, but excluding revenue arising from the sale of equipment, parts and supplies and certain other ancillary revenue. Rental and rental related revenue is adjusted in all periods to eliminate the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency. Our management believes

(d) eliminating the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency is appropriate so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends. This statistic is important to our management and investors as it is utilized in the measurement of rental revenue generated per dollar invested in fleet on an annualized basis and is comparable with the reporting of other industry participants. The following table reconciles our equipment rental segment revenues to our equipment rental and rental related revenue (based on December 31, 2012 foreign exchange rates) for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars):

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Equipment rental segment revenues	\$735.4	\$637.1

Equipment sales and other revenue	(65.4	) (57.6	)
Foreign currency adjustment	3.1	(2.2	)
Rental and rental related revenue	\$673.1	\$577.3	

Same store revenue growth is calculated as the year over year change in revenue for locations that are open at the end of the period reported and have been operating under our direction for more than twelve months. The same (e)store revenue amounts are adjusted in all periods to eliminate the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency. Our management believes eliminating the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency is appropriate so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## REVENUES

(in millions of dollars)	Six Months Ended June 30,		\$ Change	% Change	
	2013	2012			
Revenues by Segment					
Car rental	\$4,414.3	\$3,547.9	\$866.4	24.4	%
Equipment rental	735.4	637.1	98.3	15.4	%
Other reconciling items	1.5	1.1	0.4	36.4	%
Total revenues	\$5,151.2	\$4,186.1	\$965.1	23.1	%

## Car Rental Segment

Revenues from our car rental segment increased 24.4%, primarily due to Dollar Thrifty, which was acquired on November 19, 2012, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Excluding the effects of the Dollar Thrifty acquisition and the Advantage divestiture, rental revenues in the U.S. increased \$112.7 million or 5.2%. In addition there were revenue increases in the U.S. of \$42.6 million from fleet subleases, \$36.3 million from Donlen transactions, and \$9.9 million obtained from licensee transactions. These increases were partly offset by a decrease in international revenues of \$13.4 million, and the effects of foreign currency translation of approximately \$0.5 million.

Worldwide car rental transaction day volume was up 22.6%, due to an increase in U.S. transaction volume of 30.7% and an increase in international transaction day volume of 2.4%. The increase in the U.S. transaction volume was primarily due to Dollar Thrifty, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Total worldwide revenue per transaction increased 2.8%, driven by an increase in U.S. revenue per transaction of 6.8% partially offset by a decrease in international revenue per transaction of 2.5%.

Our Total RPD metric now reflects total car rental revenue per transaction day. Total RPD for worldwide car rental for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 1.9% from 2012, due to an increase in U.S. Total RPD of 3.9%, partly offset by a decrease in International Total RPD of 0.8%. U.S. airport Total RPD, excluding the impact of Dollar Thrifty, increased 9.9% and U.S. off-airport Total RPD increased by 0.9%. The increase in U.S. airport Total RPD was due to a 5.8% increase in revenue, excluding the impact of Dollar Thrifty and Advantage, accompanied by the divestiture of Advantage which had a lower airport Total RPD average. International Total RPD decreased primarily driven by a decrease in Europe Total RPD of 1.5% due to the competitive pricing environment and continued slow economy growth.

## Equipment Rental Segment

Revenues from our equipment rental segment increased 15.4%, primarily due to increases of 16.2% and 3.6% in equipment rental volumes and pricing, respectively, partly offset by the effects of foreign currency translation of approximately \$0.9 million. The increase in volume was primarily due to strong industrial and improving construction performance.

## Other

Revenues from all other sources increased \$0.4 million from the prior year period.



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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## EXPENSES

(in millions of dollars)	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
Expenses:					
Fleet related expenses	\$647.6	\$538.3	\$109.3	20.3	%
Personnel related expenses	894.8	765.5	129.3	16.9	%
Other direct operating expenses	1,214.7	999.3	215.4	21.6	%
Direct operating	2,757.1	2,303.1	454.0	19.7	%
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges	1,228.1	1,034.9	193.2	18.7	%
Selling, general and administrative	526.7	414.3	112.4	27.1	%
Interest expense	360.6	314.5	46.1	14.7	%
Interest income	(3.8)	(1.6)	(2.2)	137.5	%
Other income, net	(1.7)	(1.0)	(0.7)	70.0	%
Total expenses	\$4,867.0	\$4,064.2	\$802.8	19.8	%

Total expenses increased 19.8%, primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Total expenses as a percentage of revenues decreased from 97.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2012 to 94.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

## Direct Operating Expenses

## Car Rental Segment

Direct operating expenses for our car rental segment of \$2,353.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 22.2% from \$1,925.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty and the growth in U.S. revenue, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage.

Other direct operating expenses for our car rental segment of \$1,080.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 24.6% from the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage. Excluding the effects of Dollar Thrifty and Advantage there was an increase in field systems of \$7.7 million due to the roll out of Hertz 24/7, concession fees of \$6.9 million, and customer service costs of \$4.9 million due largely to our NeverLost system. In addition there were increases in commissions of \$3.8 million associated with increased revenue.

Personnel related expenses for our car rental segment of \$743.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 18.8% from the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partly offset by the divestiture of Advantage.

Fleet related expenses for our car rental segment of \$529.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 22.4% from the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, partly offset by a decrease in fleet related expenses associated with the divestiture of Advantage. Excluding the effects of Dollar Thrifty and Advantage there was an increase in vehicle damage costs in the U.S. of \$16.8 million due to increased winter storms this year versus the prior year along with an increase in the number of vehicles, and an increase in average loss per vehicle. In addition there was an increase in maintenance expense of \$3.7 million driven mainly by the fleet growth.

Equipment Rental Segment

Direct operating expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$407.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 6.6% from \$381.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 as a result of increases in other direct operating expenses, personnel related expenses and fleet related expenses associated with business growth.

Other direct operating expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$157.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$3.2 million, or 2.1% from the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

related to increases of \$5.4 million in cost of sales due to higher equipment sales, and increases to field systems of \$1.6 million, partly offset by a decrease in restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$5.5 million.

Personnel related expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$131.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$9.9 million, or 8.1%, from the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was related to increases in salaries and related expenses of \$6.7 million and higher incentive pay of \$1.6 million.

Fleet related expenses for our equipment rental segment of \$118.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$12.2 million, or 11.5% from the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily related to increased maintenance expense of \$5.7 million and other equipment operating costs of \$5.9 million.

Depreciation of Revenue Earning Equipment and Lease Charges

Car Rental Segment

Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges for our car rental segment of \$1,081.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 19.4% from \$905.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. As a percentage of car rental revenue, depreciation of car rental revenue earning equipment and lease charges decreased from 25.5% in the six months ended June 30, 2012 to 24.5% in the six months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease as a percent of car rental revenues was driven primarily by an increase in residual values and corresponding lower depreciation rates in the first half of 2013 compared to the first half of 2012. The \$175.6 million increase in depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges was primarily due to higher depreciation expense related to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, and increased fleet size in the U.S. and Donlen, partially offset by the divestiture of Advantage and lower per car depreciation rates and a higher mix of non-program cars.

Equipment Rental Segment

Depreciation of revenue earning equipment and lease charges in our equipment rental segment of \$146.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 13.7% from \$129.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to a 12.6% increase in the average acquisition cost of rental equipment operated during the period, partly offset by higher residual values on the disposal of used equipment.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$112.4 million or 27.1% from the prior year period, due to increases in administrative expenses, advertising and sales promotion expenses.

Administrative expenses increased \$87.5 million or 33.3%, primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty as well as increases in integration related costs of \$15.3 million, and transaction related fees of \$6.4 million.

Advertising expenses increased \$23.1 million or 29.9%, primarily due to the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, in addition to an increase in on-line media costs in the six months ended June 30, 2013 as compared to the prior year period.

Sales promotion expenses increased \$1.8 million or 2.4%, primarily related to increases in sales salaries and commissions due to improved results, partly offset by lower sales related general administrative expenses.

Interest Expense

Car Rental Segment

Interest expense for our car rental segment of \$152.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 decreased (3.3)% from \$157.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The decrease was primarily due to lower weighted average interest rates in the U.S. and Europe, partly offset by an increase in the weighted average debt outstanding as a result of an increase in fleet size in the U.S., and additional interest expense related to debt used to finance the Dollar Thrifty acquisition.

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Equipment Rental Segment

Interest expense for our equipment rental segment of \$25.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 3.4% from \$24.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to an increase in weighted average debt outstanding as a result of an increased fleet size.

Other

Other interest expense relating to interest on corporate debt of \$183.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased 38.2% from \$132.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to the debt used to finance the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty.

Interest Income

Interest income increased \$2.2 million from the prior year period.

Other Income, Net

Other income increased \$0.7 million from the prior year period.

ADJUSTED PRE-TAX INCOME

Car Rental Segment

Adjusted pre-tax income for our car rental segment of \$571.4 million increased 54.9% from \$369.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to stronger volumes and pricing including the impact of the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, lower net depreciation per vehicle, lower interest expense due to favorable refinancing activity and disciplined cost management. Adjustments to our car rental segment income before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$94.8 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$44.9 million, restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$28.2 million, non-cash debt charges of \$11.1 million, other expenses of \$6.4 million, integration expenses of \$4.1 million and derivative losses of \$0.1 million). Adjustments to our car rental segment income before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2012 totaled \$72.6 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$30.2 million, non-cash debt charges of \$21.7 million and restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$20.7 million). See footnote (c) to the table under "Results of Operations" for a summary and description of these adjustments.

Equipment Rental Segment

Adjusted pre-tax income for our equipment rental segment of \$119.9 million increased 75.3% from \$68.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to stronger volumes and pricing, strong cost management performance and higher residual values on the disposal of used equipment. Adjustments to our equipment rental segment income before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$24.9 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$20.8 million, non-cash debt charges of \$2.3 million, accelerated depreciation of \$1.5 million and restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$1.3 million, partly offset by other income, net of \$1.0 million). Adjustments to our equipment rental segment income before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2012 totaled \$30.2 million (which consists of purchase accounting of \$20.8 million,

restructuring and restructuring related charges of \$6.7 million and non-cash debt charges of \$2.7 million). See footnote (c) to the table under "Results of Operations" for a summary and description of these adjustments.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME AND NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES' COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

(in millions of dollars)	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
Income before income taxes	\$284.2	\$121.9	\$162.3	133.1	%
Provision for taxes on income	(144.8	) (85.3	) (59.5	) 69.8	%
Net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders	\$139.4	\$36.6	\$102.8	280.9	%
Provision for Taxes on Income					

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was 50.9% as compared to 70.0% in the six months ended June 30, 2012. The effective tax rate for the full fiscal year 2013 is expected to be approximately 41%. The provision for taxes on income increased \$59.5 million, primarily due to higher income before income taxes, changes in geographic earnings mix and changes in losses in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions for which tax benefits are not realized, and non-deductible acquisition costs related to the China transaction.

## Net Income Attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' Common Stockholders

The net income attributable to Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries' common stockholders increased \$102.8 million primarily due to the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, higher rental volumes and pricing in our worldwide car and equipment rental operations, disciplined cost management, lower net depreciation per vehicle in our car rental operations and improved residual values on the disposal of certain used equipment. The impact of changes in exchange rates on net income was mitigated by the fact that not only revenues but also most expenses outside of the United States were incurred in local currencies.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our domestic and international operations are funded by cash provided by operating activities and by extensive financing arrangements maintained by us in the United States and internationally.

## Cash Flows

As of June 30, 2013, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$483.1 million, a decrease of \$50.2 million from December 31, 2012. The following table summarizes the change:

(in millions of dollars)	Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2013	2012	\$ Change	
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$1,458.6	\$1,170.5	288.1	
Investing activities	(3,264.1	) (2,215.8	) (1,048.3	)
Financing activities	1,763.5	704.5	1,059.0	
Effect of exchange rate changes	(8.2	) (4.8	) (3.4	)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$(50.2	) \$(345.6	) \$295.4	

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we generated \$288.1 million more cash from operating activities compared with the same period in 2012. The increase was primarily due to higher earnings before interest, depreciation and amortization, and refinancing activities which reduced interest expense, as well as due to the timing of our payments.

Our primary use of cash in investing activities is for the acquisition of revenue earning equipment, which consists of cars and equipment. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we used \$1,048.3 million more cash for investing activities compared with the same period in 2012. The increase in the use of funds was primarily due to increases in

net revenue earning equipment expenditures and an increase in acquisition activity compared with the same period in 2012. The increase in revenue earning equipment expenditures was primarily due to increased volumes, the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty and timing of purchases and payments. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

had \$393.2 million and \$571.6 million, respectively, of restricted cash and cash equivalents to be used for the purchase of revenue earning vehicles and other specified uses under our fleet financing facilities, our Like Kind Exchange Program, or "LKE Program," and to satisfy certain of our self-insurance regulatory reserve requirements. The decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$178.4 million from December 31, 2012 to June 30, 2013, primarily related to the timing of purchases and sales of revenue earning vehicles.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, cash flows from financing activities increased by \$1,059.0 million compared with the same period in 2012. The increase was primarily due to debt related activity to finance fleet purchases offset by the repurchase of shares of Hertz Holdings common stock in the first half of 2013.

**Relocation of Headquarters**

We anticipate that our expenditures related to the move of our corporate headquarters to Estero, Florida for employee relocation, severance and associated costs will be in the range of \$30 million to \$35 million to be incurred over the next two years. We are in the process of estimating the capital expenditures with respect to the construction of the headquarters building.

**Capital Expenditures**

The tables below set forth the revenue earning equipment and property and equipment capital expenditures and related disposal proceeds on a cash basis consistent with our consolidated statements of cash flows, by quarter for 2013 and 2012 (in millions of dollars).

	Revenue Earning Equipment			Property and Equipment		
	Capital Expenditures	Disposal Proceeds	Net Capital Expenditures	Capital Expenditures	Disposal Proceeds	Net Capital Expenditures
<b>2013</b>						
First Quarter	\$3,253.0	\$(2,237.9)	) \$1,015.1	\$80.1	\$(23.5)	) \$56.6
Second Quarter	3,572.5	(1,504.9)	) 2,067.6	88.0	(19.0)	) 69.0
	\$6,825.5	\$(3,742.8)	) \$3,082.7	\$168.1	\$(42.5)	) \$125.6
<b>2012</b>						
First Quarter	\$2,648.7	\$(2,009.3)	) \$639.4	\$74.2	\$(47.6)	) \$26.6
Second Quarter	3,062.3	(1,599.0)	) 1,463.3	63.0	(8.8)	) 54.2
	\$5,711.0	\$(3,608.3)	) 2,102.7	137.2	(56.4)	) 80.8
Six Months Ended						
June 30,						
			2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Revenue earning equipment expenditures</b>						
Car rental			\$6,460.3	\$5,381.6	\$1,078.7	20.0 %
Equipment rental			365.2	329.4	35.8	10.9 %
Total			\$6,825.5	\$5,711.0	\$1,114.5	19.5 %

The increase in our car rental operations revenue earning equipment expenditures was primarily due to the impact from the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty, increased volumes and timing of purchases and payments, partly offset by the impact of the divestiture of Advantage. The increase in our equipment rental operations revenue earning equipment expenditures was primarily due to the timing of purchases and payments during the six months ended June 30, 2013 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2012.

	Six Months Ended			
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Property and equipment expenditures</b>				
Car rental	\$147.2	\$109.8	\$37.4	34.1 %

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Equipment rental	11.1	15.8	(4.7	) (29.7	)%
Other	9.8	11.6	(1.8	) (15.5	)%
Total	\$168.1	\$137.2	\$30.9	22.5	%

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The increase in our car rental operations property and equipment expenditures was primarily due to technology initiatives and an increase in our operating locations. The decreases in our equipment rental operations and other activities property and equipment expenditures were primarily due to timing of purchases and payments during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

**Financing**

Our primary liquidity needs include servicing of corporate and fleet related debt, the payment of operating expenses and purchases of rental vehicles and equipment to be used in our operations. Our primary sources of funding are operating cash flows, cash received on the disposal of vehicles and equipment, borrowings under our asset-backed securitizations and our asset-based revolving credit facilities and access to the credit markets generally.

As of June 30, 2013, we had \$17,842.0 million of total indebtedness outstanding. Cash paid for interest during the six months ended June 30, 2013, was \$316.4 million, net of amounts capitalized. Accordingly, we are highly leveraged and a substantial portion of our liquidity needs arise from debt service on our indebtedness and from the funding of our costs of operations, capital expenditures and acquisitions.

Our liquidity as of June 30, 2013 consisted of cash and cash equivalents, unused commitments under our Senior ABL Facility and unused commitments under our fleet debt. For a description of these amounts, see Note 8 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report as well as "Borrowing Capacity and Availability," below.

**Maturities**

The aggregate amounts of maturities of debt for each of the twelve-month periods ending June 30 (in millions of dollars) are as follows:

2014	\$7,503.0	(including \$7,215.8 of other short-term borrowings*)
2015	\$2,124.4	
2016	\$1,140.0	
2017	\$366.5	
2018	\$2,819.1	
After 2018	\$3,903.9	

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Our short-term borrowings as of June 30, 2013 include, among other items, the amounts outstanding under the Senior ABL Facility, HVF U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes, RCFC U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes, Donlen GN II Variable Funding Notes, U.S. Fleet Financing Facility, European Revolving Credit Facility, European Securitization, Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization, Dollar Thrifty-Sponsored Canadian Securitization, Australian Securitization, Brazilian Fleet Financing Facility and Capitalized Leases. These amounts are reflected as short-term borrowings, regardless of the facility maturity date, as these facilities are revolving in nature and/or the outstanding borrowings have maturities of three months or less. Short-term borrowings also include the Convertible Senior Notes which became convertible on January 1, 2013 and remain as such through September 30, 2013. As of June 30, 2013, short-term borrowings had a weighted average interest rate of 2.1%.

We believe that cash generated from operations and cash received on the disposal of vehicles and equipment, together with amounts available under various liquidity facilities will be adequate to permit us to meet our debt maturities over the next twelve months.

In January 2013, Hertz Vehicle Financing LLC, or "HVF," an insolvency remote, direct, wholly-owned, special purpose subsidiary of Hertz, completed the issuance of \$950.0 million in aggregate principal amount of three year and five year Series 2013-1 Rental Car Asset Backed Notes, Class A and Class B. The \$282.75 million of three year Class A notes carry a 1.12% coupon, the \$42.25 million of three year Class B notes carry a 1.86% coupon, the \$543.75 million of five year Class A notes carry a 1.83% coupon, and the \$81.25 million of five year Class B notes carry a 2.48% coupon. The three year notes and five year notes have expected final payment dates in August 2016 and August

2018, respectively. The Class B notes are subordinated to the Class A notes.

The net proceeds from the sale of HVF's Series 2013-1 Rental Car Asset Backed Notes was, to the extent permitted by the applicable agreements, (i) used to pay the purchase price of vehicles acquired by HVF pursuant to HVF's U.S. ABS Program (as defined herein), (ii) used to pay the principal amount of other HVF U.S. ABS Program indebtedness that is then permitted or required to be paid or (iii) released to HVF to be distributed to Hertz or otherwise used by HVF for general purposes.

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

In February 2013, Hertz caused its Brazilian operating subsidiary to amend the Brazilian Fleet Financing Facility to extend the maturity date from February 2013 to October 2013.

In March 2013, Hertz issued \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.25% Senior Notes due 2018. The proceeds of this March 2013 offering were used by Hertz to replenish a portion of its liquidity, after having dividended \$467.2 million in available liquidity to us, which we used to repurchase 23.2 million shares of our common stock in March 2013.

In April 2013, Hertz entered into an Amendment No. 2, or "Amendment No. 2," to the Senior Term Facility, primarily to reduce the interest rate applicable to a portion of the outstanding term loans under the Senior Term Facility. Prior to Amendment No. 2, approximately \$1,372.0 million of tranche B term loans, or "Tranche B Term Loans", under the Senior Term Facility bore interest at a floating rate measured by reference to, at Hertz's option, either (i) an adjusted London inter-bank offered rate not less than 1.00 percent plus a borrowing margin of 2.75 percent per annum or (ii) an alternate base rate plus a borrowing margin of 1.75 percent per annum. Pursuant to Amendment No. 2, certain of the existing lenders under the Senior Term Facility converted their existing Tranche B Term Loans into a new tranche of tranche B-2 term loans, or the "Tranche B-2 Term Loans", in an aggregate principal amount, along with new loans advanced by certain new lenders, of approximately \$1,372.0 million. The proceeds of Tranche B-2 Term Loans advanced by the new lenders were used to prepay in full all of the Tranche B Term Loans that were not converted into Tranche B-2 Term Loans.

The Tranche B-2 Term Loans bear interest at a floating rate measured by reference to, at Hertz's option, either (i) an adjusted London inter-bank offered rate not less than 0.75 percent plus a borrowing margin of 2.25 percent per annum or (ii) an alternate base rate plus a borrowing margin of 1.25 percent per annum. The terms and conditions of the new Tranche B-2 Term Loans with respect to maturity, collateral, and covenants are otherwise unchanged compared to the Tranche B Term Loans.

In May 2013, the U.K. Leveraged Financing was amended to provide for additional amounts available under the U.K. Leveraged Financing of £25 million (the equivalent of \$38.3 million as of June 30, 2013) for a commitment period running from May 30, 2013 to October 30, 2013.

In May 2013, HVF amended the HVF Series 2009-1 Notes to permit aggregate maximum borrowings of \$2,738.8 million (subject to borrowing base availability).

In June 2013, Hertz Holdings Netherlands B.V., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hertz organized under the laws of Netherlands, or "HHN BV," amended the European Revolving Credit Facility to provide for aggregate maximum borrowings of an additional €100 million (the equivalent of \$130.1 million as of June 30, 2013), subject to borrowing base availability, for a commitment period running from June 12, 2013 to December 16, 2013.

In the second quarter of 2013, HC Limited Partnership amended the Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization to extend the maturity from June 2013 to March 2014.

For subsequent events relating to our indebtedness, see Note 18 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report.

Registration Rights and Indentures for the Senior Notes

Pursuant to the terms of the exchange and registration rights agreement entered into in connection with the issuance of \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of the 4.250% Senior Notes due 2018 in March 2013, Hertz agreed to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, to permit either the exchange of such notes for registered notes or, in the alternative, the registered resale of such notes. Hertz's failure to meet its obligations under the exchange and registration rights agreement, including by failing to have the registration statement become effective by March 2014 or failing to complete the exchange offer by April 2014, will result in Hertz incurring special interest on such notes at a per annum rate of 0.25% for the first 90 days of any period where any such failure has occurred and is continuing, which rate will be increased by an additional 0.25% during each subsequent 90 day period, up to a maximum of 0.50%. A registration statement on Form S-4 was filed with the SEC on June 26, 2013 covering the exchange of such notes. We do not believe the special interest obligation is probable, and as such, we have not

recorded any amounts with respect to this registration payment arrangement.

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Hertz's obligations under the indentures for the Senior Notes are guaranteed by each of its direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries that is a guarantor under the Senior Term Facility. The guarantees of all of the subsidiary guarantors may be released to the extent such subsidiaries no longer guarantee our Senior Credit Facilities in the United States.

The indentures for the Senior Notes contain covenants that, among other things, limit or restrict the ability of the Hertz credit group to incur additional indebtedness, incur guarantee obligations, prepay certain indebtedness, make certain restricted payments (including paying dividends, redeeming stock or making other distributions to parent entities of Hertz and other persons outside of the Hertz credit group), make investments, create liens, transfer or sell assets, merge or consolidate, and enter into certain transactions with Hertz's affiliates that are not members of the Hertz credit group.

**Other Financing Risks**

A small percentage of cars that we purchase are subject to repurchase by car manufacturers under contractual repurchase or guaranteed depreciation programs. Under these programs, car manufacturers agree to repurchase cars at a specified price or guarantee the depreciation rate on the cars during a specified time period, typically subject to certain car condition and mileage requirements. We use book values derived from this specified price or guaranteed depreciation rate to calculate financing capacity under certain asset-backed and asset-based financing arrangements. In the event of a bankruptcy of a car manufacturer, our liquidity would be impacted by several factors including reductions in fleet residual values and the risk that we would be unable to collect outstanding receivables due to us from such bankrupt manufacturer. In addition, the program cars manufactured by any such company would need to be removed from our financing facilities or re-designated as non-program vehicles, which would require us to furnish additional credit enhancement associated with these program vehicles. For a discussion of the risks associated with a manufacturer's bankruptcy or our reliance on asset-backed and asset-based financing, see "Item 1A—Risk Factors" included in our Form 10-K.

We rely significantly on asset-backed and asset-based financing arrangements to purchase cars for our domestic and international car rental fleet. The amount of financing available to us pursuant to these programs depends on a number of factors, many of which are outside our control, including recently adopted legislation, proposed SEC rules and regulations and other legislative and administrative developments. In this regard, there has been uncertainty regarding the potential impact of recently proposed SEC rules and regulations governing the issuance of asset-backed securities and additional requirements contained in the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. While we will continue to monitor these developments and their impact on our ABS program, the SEC rules and regulations, once adopted and implemented, may impact our ability and/or desire to engage in asset-backed financings in the future. For further information concerning our asset-backed financing programs and our indebtedness, see Note 5 to the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." For a discussion of the risks associated with our reliance on asset-backed and asset-based financing and the significant amount of indebtedness, see "Item 1A—Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K.

**Covenants**

Certain of our debt instruments and credit facilities contain a number of covenants that, among other things, limit or restrict the ability of the borrowers and the guarantors to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, incur guarantee obligations, prepay certain indebtedness, make certain restricted payments (including paying dividends, redeeming stock or making other distributions), create liens, make investments, make acquisitions, engage in mergers, fundamentally change the nature of their business, make capital expenditures, or engage in certain transactions with certain affiliates.

Under the terms of our Senior Term Facility and Senior ABL Facility, we are not subject to ongoing financial maintenance covenants; however, under the Senior ABL Facility, failure to maintain certain levels of liquidity will subject the Hertz credit group to a contractually specified fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1:1 for the four quarters most recently ended. As of June 30, 2013, we were not subject to such contractually specified fixed charge

coverage ratio.

In addition to borrowings under our Senior Credit Facilities, we have a significant amount of additional debt outstanding. For further information on the terms of our Senior Credit Facilities as well as our significant amount of other debt outstanding, see Note 8 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report and Note 5 to the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the

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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." For a discussion of the risks associated with our significant indebtedness, see "Item 1A—Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K.

## Borrowing Capacity and Availability

As of June 30, 2013, the following facilities were available for the use of Hertz and its subsidiaries (in millions of dollars):

	Remaining Capacity	Availability Under Borrowing Base Limitation
Corporate Debt		
Senior ABL Facility	\$357.3	\$ 357.3
Total Corporate Debt	357.3	357.3
Fleet Debt		
HVF U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes	148.8	—
RCFC U.S. Fleet Variable Funding Notes	60.0	—
Donlen GN II Variable Funding Notes	60.0	—
U.S. Fleet Financing Facility	19.0	—
European Revolving Credit Facility	58.5	—
European Securitization	157.4	—
Hertz-Sponsored Canadian Securitization	85.0	—
Dollar Thrifty-Sponsored Canadian Securitization	66.9	—
Australian Securitization	112.3	—
Total Fleet Debt	767.9	—
Total	\$1,125.2	\$ 357.3

Our borrowing capacity and availability primarily comes from our "revolving credit facilities," which are a combination of asset-backed securitization facilities and asset-based revolving credit facilities. Creditors under each of our revolving credit facilities have a claim on a specific pool of assets as collateral. Our ability to borrow under each revolving credit facility is a function of, among other things, the value of the assets in the relevant collateral pool. We refer to the amount of debt we can borrow given a certain pool of assets as the "borrowing base."

We refer to "Remaining Capacity" as the maximum principal amount of debt permitted to be outstanding under the respective facility (i.e., the amount of debt we could borrow assuming we possessed sufficient assets as collateral) less the principal amount of debt then-outstanding under such facility.

We refer to "Availability Under Borrowing Base Limitation" as the lower of Remaining Capacity or the borrowing base less the principal amount of debt then-outstanding under such facility (i.e., the amount of debt we could borrow given the collateral we possess at such time).

As of June 30, 2013, the Senior Term Facility had approximately \$0.1 million available under the letter of credit facility and the Senior ABL Facility had \$1,006.5 million available under the letter of credit facility sublimit, subject to borrowing base restrictions.

Substantially all of our revenue earning equipment and certain related assets are owned by special purpose entities, or are encumbered in favor of our lenders under our various credit facilities.

Some of these special purpose entities are consolidated variable interest entities, of which Hertz is the primary beneficiary, whose sole purpose is to provide commitments to lend in various currencies subject to borrowing bases comprised of rental vehicles and related assets of certain of Hertz International, Ltd.'s subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, our International Fleet Financing No. 1 B.V., International Fleet Financing No. 2 B.V. and HA Funding Pty, Ltd. variable interest entities collectively had total assets primarily comprised of loans receivable and revenue earning equipment of \$579.3 million and \$440.8 million, respectively, and collectively had total liabilities primarily comprised of debt of \$578.8 million and \$440.3 million, respectively.



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### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Arrangements

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the following guarantees (including indemnification commitments) were issued and outstanding:

#### Indemnification Obligations

In the ordinary course of business, we execute contracts involving indemnification obligations customary in the relevant industry and indemnifications specific to a transaction such as the sale of a business. These indemnification obligations might include claims relating to the following: environmental matters; intellectual property rights; governmental regulations and employment-related matters; customer, supplier and other commercial contractual relationships; and financial matters. Performance under these indemnification obligations would generally be triggered by a breach of terms of the contract or by a third party claim. We regularly evaluate the probability of having to incur costs associated with these indemnification obligations and have accrued for expected losses that are probable and estimable. The types of indemnification obligations for which payments are possible include the following:

#### Sponsors; Directors

Hertz has entered into customary indemnification agreements with Hertz Holdings, the Sponsors and our stockholders affiliated with the Sponsors, pursuant to which Hertz Holdings and Hertz will indemnify the Sponsors, our stockholders affiliated with the Sponsors and their respective affiliates, directors, officers, partners, members, employees, agents, representatives and controlling persons, against certain liabilities arising out of performance of a consulting agreement with Hertz Holdings and each of the Sponsors and certain other claims and liabilities, including liabilities arising out of financing arrangements or securities offerings. We also entered into indemnification agreements with each of our directors. We do not believe that these indemnifications are reasonably likely to have a material impact on us.

#### Environmental

We have indemnified various parties for the costs associated with remediating numerous hazardous substance storage, recycling or disposal sites in many states and, in some instances, for natural resource damages. The amount of any such expenses or related natural resource damages for which we may be held responsible could be substantial. The probable expenses that we expect to incur for such matters have been accrued, and those expenses are reflected in our condensed consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the aggregate amounts accrued for environmental liabilities including liability for environmental indemnities, reflected in our condensed consolidated balance sheets in "Accrued liabilities" were \$2.6 million and \$2.6 million, respectively. The accrual generally represents the estimated cost to study potential environmental issues at sites deemed to require investigation or clean-up activities, and the estimated cost to implement remediation actions, including on-going maintenance, as required. Cost estimates are developed by site. Initial cost estimates are based on historical experience at similar sites and are refined over time on the basis of in-depth studies of the sites. For many sites, the remediation costs and other damages for which we ultimately may be responsible cannot be reasonably estimated because of uncertainties with respect to factors such as our connection to the site, the materials there, the involvement of other potentially responsible parties, the application of laws and other standards or regulations, site conditions, and the nature and scope of investigations, studies, and remediation to be undertaken (including the technologies to be required and the extent, duration, and success of remediation).

#### Risk Management

For a discussion of additional risks arising from our operations, including vehicle liability, general liability and property damage insurable risks, see "Item 1—Business—Risk Management" in our Form 10-K.

#### Market Risks

We are exposed to a variety of market risks, including the effects of changes in interest rates (including credit spreads), foreign currency exchange rates and fluctuations in gasoline prices. We manage our exposure to these market risks through our regular operating and financing activities and, when deemed appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. Derivative financial instruments are viewed as risk management tools and have not

been used for speculative or trading purposes. In addition, derivative financial instruments are entered into with a diversified group of major financial institutions in order to manage our exposure to counterparty nonperformance on such instruments.

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

For more information on these exposures, see Note 14 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report.

**Interest Rate Risk**

From time to time, we may enter into interest rate swap agreements and/or interest rate cap agreements to manage interest rate risk. See Notes 8 and 14 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report and Notes 5 and 14 to the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

We have a significant amount of debt with variable rates of interest based generally on LIBOR, Euro inter-bank offered rate, or "EURIBOR," or their equivalents for local currencies or bank conduit commercial paper rates plus an applicable margin. Increases in interest rates could therefore significantly increase the associated interest payments that we are required to make on this debt.

We have assessed our exposure to changes in interest rates by analyzing the sensitivity to our earnings assuming various changes in market interest rates. Assuming a hypothetical increase of one percentage point in interest rates on our debt portfolio as of June 30, 2013, our net income would decrease by an estimated \$41.5 million over a twelve-month period.

Consistent with the terms of the agreements governing the respective debt obligations, we may hedge a portion of the floating rate interest exposure under the various debt facilities to provide protection in respect of such exposure.

**Foreign Currency Risk**

We have foreign currency exposure to exchange rate fluctuations worldwide and primarily with respect to the Euro, Canadian dollar, Australian dollar and British pound.

We manage our foreign currency risk primarily by incurring, to the extent practicable, operating and financing expenses in the local currency in the countries in which we operate, including making fleet and equipment purchases and borrowing locally. Also, we have purchased foreign exchange options to manage exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates for selected marketing programs. The effect of exchange rate changes on these financial instruments would not materially affect our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Our risks with respect to foreign exchange options are limited to the premium paid for the right to exercise the option and the future performance of the option's counterparty.

We also manage exposure to fluctuations in currency risk on intercompany loans we make to certain of our subsidiaries by entering into foreign currency forward contracts at the time of the loans which are intended to offset the impact of foreign currency movements on the underlying intercompany loan obligations.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, our consolidated statement of operations contained realized and unrealized losses relating to the effects of foreign currency of \$0.7 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, our consolidated statement of operations contained realized and unrealized losses relating to the effects of foreign currency of \$1.0 million and \$5.4 million, respectively.

See Note 14 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report.

**Other Risks**

We purchase unleaded gasoline and diesel fuel at prevailing market rates and maintain a program to manage our exposure to changes in fuel prices through the use of derivative commodity instruments. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013, we recognized losses of \$2.5 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in "Direct operating" on our consolidated statement of operations relating to our gasoline swaps. See Note 14 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report.

**Inflation**

The increased cost of vehicles is the primary inflationary factor affecting us. Many of our other operating expenses are also expected to increase with inflation, including health care costs and gasoline. Management does not expect that the effect of inflation on our overall operating costs will be greater for us than for our competitors.



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## ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## Income Taxes

In January 2006, we implemented a LKE Program for our U.S. car rental business. Pursuant to the program, we dispose of vehicles and acquire replacement vehicles in a form intended to allow such dispositions and replacements to qualify as tax-deferred "like-kind exchanges" pursuant to section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. The program has resulted in deferral of federal and state income taxes for fiscal years 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 and part of 2010 and 2012. A LKE Program for HERC has also been in place for several years. The program allows tax deferral if a qualified replacement asset is acquired within a specific time period after asset disposal. Accordingly, if a qualified replacement asset is not purchased within this limited time period, taxable gain is recognized. Over the last few years, for strategic purposes, such as cash management and fleet reduction, we have recognized some taxable gains in the program. In 2009, the bankruptcy filing of an original equipment manufacturer, or "OEM," also resulted in minimal gain recognition. We had sufficient net operating losses to fully offset the taxable gains recognized. We cannot offer assurance that the expected tax deferral will continue or that the relevant law concerning the programs will remain in its current form. An extended reduction in our car rental fleet could result in reduced deferrals in the future, which in turn could require us to make material cash payments for federal and state income tax liabilities. Our inability to obtain replacement financing as our fleet financing facilities mature would likely result in an extended reduction in the fleet. In the event of an extended fleet reduction, we believe the likelihood of making material cash tax payments in the near future is low because of our significant net operating losses. In August 2010, we elected to temporarily suspend the U.S. car rental LKE Program allowing cash proceeds from sales of vehicles to be utilized for various business purposes, including paying down existing debt obligations, future growth initiatives and for general operating purposes. From August 2010 through 2011, recognized tax gains on vehicle dispositions resulting from the LKE suspension were more than offset by 100% tax depreciation on newly acquired vehicles. During 2012 the allowable 50% bonus depreciation helped offset tax gains during the period of LKE suspension. The U.S. car rental LKE Program was reinstated on October 15, 2012.

Current year to date dispositions of Hertz Holdings' common stock by certain significant shareholders, when combined with other dispositions of Hertz Holdings' stock over the previous 36 months, have not resulted in a change in control as that term is defined in Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. Consequently, there is no limitation on the utilization of all pre-2013 U.S. net operating losses.

The Internal Revenue service completed their audit of the company's 2007-2009 tax returns and had no changes to the previously filed tax returns.

## Employee Retirement Benefits

## Pension

We sponsor defined benefit pension plans worldwide. Pension obligations give rise to significant expenses that are dependent on assumptions discussed in Note 6 of the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K under the caption "Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." Our 2013 worldwide pre-tax pension expense is expected to be approximately \$39.7 million, which would represent an increase of \$5.0 million from 2012. The anticipated increase in expense as compared to 2012 is primarily due to lower expected rates of return in 2013 and lower discount rates at the end of 2012 compared to 2011.

We participate in various "multiemployer" pension plans. In the event that we withdraw from participation in one of these plans, then applicable law could require us to make an additional lump-sum contribution to the plan, and we would have to reflect that as an expense in our consolidated statement of operations and as a liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. Our withdrawal liability for any multiemployer plan would depend on the extent of the plan's funding of vested benefits. At least one multiemployer plan in which we participate is reported to have, and other of our multiemployer plans could have, significant underfunded liabilities. Such underfunding may increase in the event other employers become insolvent or withdraw from the applicable plan or upon the inability or failure of withdrawing employers to pay their withdrawal liability. In addition, such underfunding may increase as a result of lower than expected returns on pension fund assets or other funding deficiencies. The occurrence of any of

these events could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

During 2012, Hertz completely withdrew employees from an existing multi-employer pension plan with the Central States Pension Fund, or the "Pension Fund," and entered into a new agreement with the Pension Fund. In connection with the complete withdrawal from the Pension Fund, Hertz was subject to a withdrawal liability of approximately \$23.2 million, which was paid in December 2012.

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ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements, see Note 2 to the Notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report under the caption "Item 1—Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)."

Other Financial Information

With respect to the unaudited interim financial information of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. as of June 30, 2013 and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 included in this Form 10-Q, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP reported that they applied limited procedures in accordance with professional standards for reviews of such unaudited interim financial information. However, their separate report dated August 2, 2013 included in this Form 10-Q herein states that they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on such unaudited interim financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their report should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for their report on such unaudited interim financial information because that report is not a "report" or "part" of a registration statement prepared or certified by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Securities Act of 1933.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There is no material change in the information reported under "Part II, Item 7A—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. See "Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Market Risks," included in this Report.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in company reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the "Exchange Act," is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in company reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

An evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures was performed under the supervision of, and with the participation of, management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

An evaluation of our internal controls over financial reporting was performed under the supervision of, and with the participation of, management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to determine whether any changes have occurred during the period covered by this Report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. On November 19, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of Dollar Thrifty. The Company is in the process of reviewing Dollar Thrifty's operations and is conducting control reviews pursuant to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. See Note 5, "Business Combinations and Divestitures," to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of the acquisition and related financial data. Excluding the Dollar Thrifty acquisition, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that no changes in our internal control over financial reporting have occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



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**PART II—OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

For a description of certain pending legal proceedings, see Note 12 to the Notes to our annual audited consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K.

For recent developments pertaining to legal proceedings described in our Form 10-K please see "Part I—Item I—Note 16—Contingencies and Off-Balance Sheet Commitments."

Aside from the above mentioned, none of the other legal proceedings described in our Form 10-K have experienced any material changes.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

There is no material change in the information reported under "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

(a) Exhibits:

The attached list of exhibits in the "Exhibit Index" immediately following the signature page to this Report is filed as part of this Form 10-Q and is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 2, 2013

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.  
(Registrant)

By: /s/ ELYSE DOUGLAS  
Elyse Douglas  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(principal financial officer and duly authorized officer)

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## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc., effective May 15, 2013 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. (File No. 001-33139), as filed on May 17, 2013).
4.6.3	Addendum to Second Amended and Restated Series 2009-1 Note Purchase Agreement, effective as of May 31, 2013, among Hertz Vehicle Financing LLC, The Hertz Corporation, as Administrator, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as a Funding Agent and Committed Note Purchaser. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.6.3 of the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of The Hertz Corporation (File No. 333-189620), as filed on June 26, 2013).
15	Letter from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, dated August 2, 2013, relating to Financial Information
31.1–31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
32.1–32.2	18 U.S.C. Section 1350 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

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Note: Certain instruments with respect to various additional obligations, which could be considered as long-term debt, have not been filed as exhibits to this Report because the total amount of securities authorized under any such instrument does not exceed 10% of our total assets on a consolidated basis. We agree to furnish to the SEC upon request a copy of any such instrument defining the rights of the holders of such long-term debt.