

KITE REALTY GROUP TRUST  
Form 10-K  
February 27, 2015

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

- Annual report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014
- Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission File Number: 001-32268

Kite Realty Group Trust  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11-3715772  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

30 S. Meridian Street, Suite 1100  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(317) 577-5600  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

| Title of each class   | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|---|---|
| Common Shares, \$0.01 par value                                 | New York Stock Exchange                   |
| 8.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Shares | New York Stock Exchange                   |

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined by Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 of Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

(do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common shares held by non-affiliates of the Registrant as the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second quarter was \$808 million based upon the closing price of \$24.56 per share on the New York Stock Exchange on such date.

The number of Common Shares outstanding as of February 23, 2015 was 83,506,246 (\$.01 par value).

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Portions of the definitive Proxy Statement relating to the Registrant's Annual Meeting of Shareholders, scheduled to be held on May 21, 2015, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, are incorporated by reference into Part III, Items 10-14 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K as indicated herein.



KITE REALTY GROUP TRUST  
Annual Report on Form 10-K  
For the Fiscal Year Ended  
December 31, 2014

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## Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by Kite Realty Group Trust (the “Company”), contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Such statements are based on assumptions and expectations that may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial or otherwise, may differ materially from the results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial or otherwise, expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to:

- national and local economic, business, real estate and other market conditions, particularly in light of low growth in the U.S. economy as well as uncertainty added to the economic forecast due to the sharp drop in oil and energy prices in late 2014;
- financing risks, including the availability of and costs associated with sources of liquidity;
- our ability to refinance, or extend the maturity dates of, our indebtedness;
- the level and volatility of interest rates;
- the financial stability of tenants, including their ability to pay rent and the risk of tenant bankruptcies;
  - the competitive environment in which we operate;
  - acquisition, disposition, development and joint venture risks;
    - property ownership and management risks;
- our ability to maintain our status as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) for federal income tax purposes;
  - potential environmental and other liabilities;
  - impairment in the value of real estate property we own;
- risks related to the geographical concentration of our properties in Florida, Indiana, and Texas;
  - insurance costs and coverage;
  - other factors affecting the real estate industry generally; and
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other risks identified in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and, from time to time, in other reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) or in other documents that we publicly disseminate.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

## PART I

### ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Unless the context suggests otherwise, references to “we,” “us,” “our” or the “Company” refer to Kite Realty Group Trust and our business and operations conducted through our directly or indirectly owned subsidiaries, including Kite Realty Group, L.P., our operating partnership (the “Operating Partnership”).

#### Overview

Kite Realty Group Trust is a full-service, vertically integrated real estate company engaged in the ownership and operation, acquisition, development, and redevelopment of high-quality neighborhood and community shopping centers in select markets in the United States.

The Company was formed in Maryland in 2004 as a REIT. We conduct all of our business through our Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner. As of December 31, 2014, we held a 98.1% interest in our Operating Partnership with limited partners owning the remaining 1.9%.

On July 1, 2014, we completed a merger with Inland Diversified Real Estate Trust, Inc. (“Inland Diversified”), in which Inland Diversified merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours in a stock-for-stock exchange with a transaction value of approximately \$2.1 billion, including the assumption of approximately \$0.9 billion of debt.

As of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in 118 retail operating properties totaling approximately 23.9 million square feet of gross leasable area (including approximately 7.7 million square feet of non-owned anchor space) located in 26 states. Our retail operating portfolio was 94.8% leased to a diversified retail tenant base, with no single retail tenant accounting for more than 3.4% of our total annualized base rent. In the aggregate, our largest 25 tenants accounted for 34.9% of our annualized base rent. See Item 2, “Properties” for a list of our top 25 tenants by annualized base rent.

We also owned interests in one office operating property and an associated parking garage, as well as the office components at Eddy Street Commons and Traditions Village, totaling approximately 0.4 million square feet of net rentable area. The leased percentage of our office operating properties was 93.3% as of December 31, 2014.

As of December 31, 2014, we also had an interest in four development projects under construction. Upon completion, these projects are anticipated to have approximately 0.9 million square feet of gross leasable area (including approximately 0.2 million square feet of non-owned anchor space).

In addition to our development projects, as of December 31, 2014, we had one redevelopment project under construction, which is expected to contain 0.2 million square feet of gross leasable area upon completion and two redevelopment projects pending commencement of construction, which are expected to contain 0.2 million square feet of total gross leasable area upon completion.

In addition, as of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in various land parcels totaling approximately 105 acres. These parcels are expected to be used for future expansion of existing properties, development of new retail or office properties or sold to third parties.

#### Significant 2014 Activities

##### Merger with Inland Diversified

We successfully completed on schedule the previously announced merger with Inland Diversified (“the Merger”) on July 1, 2014. Under the terms of the Merger agreement, Inland Diversified shareholders received 1.707 newly issued common shares of the Company for each outstanding common share of Inland Diversified, resulting in a total issuance of approximately 201.1 million of our common shares with a value of approximately \$1.2 billion based on the closing price of our common shares on the day preceding the Merger. The terms were prior to the one for four reverse share split completed in August 2014.

The Merger enabled us to acquire a high-quality portfolio of retail properties comprised of 60 properties in 23 states. The properties are located in a number of our existing markets and provided entrances into desirable new markets including Westchester, New York; Bayonne, New Jersey; Las Vegas, Nevada; Virginia Beach, Virginia; and Salt Lake City, Utah.

The Merger enabled us to accelerate and achieve many of our strategic goals including:

- Improving our operating cash flow and funds available for distribution, enabling us to increase our dividend by 13% over the last twelve months;
- Delevering the balance sheet significantly by reducing our ratio of net debt to EBITDA to approximately 6.5 times as of December 31, 2014;
  - Achieving investment grade credit ratings of Baa3 from Moody's Investors Service and BBB- from Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, both with a stable outlook;
    - Enhancing our capital flexibility by expanding our unencumbered property pool;
    - Growing adjusted funds from operations (AFFO) per share by 19% from the prior year; and
- Utilizing our scalable operating platform and our existing tenant relationships to continue to drive leasing and asset management results.

#### Operating Activities

Along with completing the Merger, we also continued to drive strong operating results from our legacy portfolio and the properties acquired as part of the Merger including as follows:

- Same Property Net Operating Income increased 4.7% for 2014 compared to 2013
  - We entered into new and renewal leases for approximately 1.1 million square feet of retail space in 2014
- Our retail recovery ratio reached at an all-time high of 89.6% in the fourth quarter of 2014 due to enhanced expense control
- Our portfolio annual base rent per square foot as of December 31, 2014, improved to \$15.15, a 15% increase from the end of the prior year

#### Portfolio Recycling

On September 16, 2014, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Inland Real Estate Income Trust, Inc. ("Inland Real Estate"), which provided for the sale of 15 of our operating properties (the "Portfolio") to Inland Real Estate.

The 15 operating properties were acquired in conjunction with the Merger. The sale of the first tranche of eight properties closed in November and December 2014 and generated gross proceeds of \$151 million and net proceeds of \$75 million after assumption of mortgage debt. The second tranche of seven properties, which is scheduled to close in March 2015, is expected to generate gross proceeds of \$167 million and net proceeds of \$103 million after assumption of mortgage indebtedness.

In addition, throughout the year, we sold an additional four properties for gross proceeds of \$41 million and net proceeds of \$32 million after retiring indebtedness secured by mortgages on the properties.

#### Development, Redevelopment, and Acquisition Activities

During 2014, we initiated and completed a number of development, redevelopment, and acquisition activities, including the following:

- Parkside Town Commons near Raleigh, North Carolina – We substantially completed construction on Phase I of this 570,000 square foot development. Phase I of this project is 90% leased and is anchored by Harris Teeter, Petco and a non-owned Target. Phase II of this project is 68% leased. Field & Stream and Golf Galaxy opened in September 2014 and will be joined by Frank Theatres in the first half of 2015.

- Delray Marketplace in Delray Beach, Florida – We substantially completed construction on this 260,000 square foot development in the first quarter of 2014 and transitioned the project to the operating portfolio. This center is anchored by Publix, Frank Theatres, Burt & Max’s Grille, Carl’s Patio, Charming Charlie, Chico’s, White House | Black Market, Ann Taylor Loft, and Jos. A. Bank.
- Holly Springs Towne Center – Phase II near Raleigh, North Carolina – We commenced construction on Phase II of this 154,000 square foot development in the third quarter of 2014. This phase will be anchored by Carmike Theatres, DSW and Bed Bath & Beyond.
- Tamiami Crossing in Naples, Florida – We commenced site work on this 140,000 square foot development in the fourth quarter of 2014. This center will be anchored by Stein Mart and a planned five additional junior anchors.
- King’s Lake Square in Naples, Florida – We substantially completed construction on this redevelopment and transitioned this project to the operating portfolio in the second quarter of 2014. This center is anchored by a newly rebuilt Publix Supermarkets which opened in April of 2014.
  - Bolton Plaza in Jacksonville, Florida – We substantially completed construction on this 156,000 square foot redevelopment project and transitioned this project to the operating portfolio in the third quarter of 2014. The center is anchored by Academy Sports and Outdoors, LA Fitness, and Panera Bread.
- Rampart Commons – In December 2014, we acquired this 81,300 square foot shopping center in the Summerlin area of Las Vegas, Nevada, for a purchase price of \$32.3 million. In connection with the acquisition, we assumed a \$12.4 million fixed rate mortgage. Anchor tenants for this center include Williams Sonoma, Pottery Barn, Ann Taylor, Chico’s, Francesca’s Collection, and Banana Republic.

#### Financing and Capital Raising Activities.

As discussed in more detail below in “Business Objectives and Strategies,” our primary business objectives are to generate increasing cash flow, achieve long-term growth and maximize shareholder value primarily through the operation, acquisition, development and redevelopment of well-located community and neighborhood shopping centers. In 2014, we were able to significantly strengthen our balance sheet and improve our financial flexibility and liquidity to fund future growth. The Merger significantly improved our liquidity and operating cash flows and lowered our leverage. We ended the year with approximately \$377 million of combined cash and borrowing capacity on our unsecured revolving credit facility. In addition, our unencumbered assets could provide approximately \$120 million of additional borrowing capacity under our amended facility if the expansion feature was exercised. Significant activities included:

- On July 1, 2014, in conjunction with the Merger, we amended the terms of our unsecured revolving credit facility (the “amended facility”) and increased the total borrowing capacity from \$200 million to \$500 million. The amended terms also include an extension of the maturity date to July 1, 2018, which may be further extended at our option for up to two additional periods of six months, subject to certain conditions, and a reduction in the interest rate to LIBOR plus 140 to 200 basis points, depending on our leverage, from LIBOR plus 165 to 250 basis points. The amended facility has a fee ranging from 15 to 25 basis points on unused borrowings. We may increase our borrowings under the amended facility to \$750 million, subject to certain conditions, including obtaining commitments from any one or more lenders, whether or not currently party to the amended facility, to provide such

increased amounts.

- On July 1, 2014, we also amended the terms of our \$230 million Term Loan (the “amended Term Loan”). The amended Term Loan has a maturity date of July 1, 2019, which may be extended for an additional six months at the Company’s option subject to certain conditions. The interest rate applicable to the amended Term Loan was reduced to LIBOR plus 135 to 190 basis points, depending on the Company’s leverage, a decrease of between 10 and 55 basis points across the leverage grid. The amended Term Loan also provides for an increase in total borrowing of up to an additional \$170 million (\$400 million in total), subject to certain conditions, including obtaining commitments from any one or more lenders.

#### 2014 Cash Distributions

In 2014, we declared total cash distributions of \$1.02 per common share and \$2.0625 per share of our 8.250% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Share (“Series A Preferred Shares”). On February 5, 2015, our Board of Trustees approved a quarterly common share distribution of \$0.2725 per common share for the first quarter of 2015, which represents a 4.8% increase over our previous quarterly distribution.

## Business Objectives and Strategies

Our primary business objectives are to increase the cash flow and build or realize capital appreciation of our properties, achieve sustainable long-term growth and maximize shareholder value primarily through the operation, acquisition, development, and redevelopment of well-located community and neighborhood shopping centers. We invest in properties with well-located real estate and strong demographics and we use our effective leasing and management strategies to improve the long-term values and economic returns of our properties. We believe that certain of our properties represent opportunities for future renovation and expansion.

We seek to implement our business objectives through the following strategies, each of which is more completely described in the sections that follow:

- **Operating Strategy:** Maximizing the internal growth in revenue from our operating properties by leasing and re-leasing those properties to a diverse group of retail tenants at increasing rental rates, when possible, and redeveloping or renovating certain properties to make them more attractive to existing and prospective tenants and consumers;
- **Growth Strategy:** Using debt and equity capital prudently to selectively acquire additional retail properties, redevelop or renovate our existing properties, and develop shopping centers on land parcels that we currently own or newly acquired land where we believe that investment returns would meet or exceed internal benchmarks; and
- **Financing and Capital Preservation Strategy:** Maintaining a strong balance sheet with sufficient flexibility to fund our operating and investment activities. Funding sources include the public equity and debt market, our existing revolving credit facility, new secured debt, internally generated funds, and proceeds from selling land and properties that no longer fit our strategy, and potential strategic joint ventures. We continuously monitor the capital markets and may consider raising additional capital when appropriate.

**Operating Strategy.** Our primary operating strategy is to maximize rental rates and occupancy levels by attracting and retaining a strong and diverse tenant base. Most of our properties are located in regional and neighborhood trade areas with attractive demographics, which allows us to maintain and, in many cases, increase occupancy and rental rates. We seek to implement our operating strategy by, among other things:

- increasing rental rates upon the renewal of expiring leases or re-leasing space to new tenants while minimizing vacancy to the extent possible;
  - maximizing the occupancy of our operating portfolio;
  - minimizing tenant turnover;
  - maintaining leasing and property management strategies that maximize rent growth and cost recovery;
- maintaining a diverse tenant mix in an effort to limit our exposure to the financial condition of any one tenant or any category of tenants;

- maintaining the physical appearance, condition, and design of our properties and other improvements located on our properties to maximize our ability to attract customers;
  - actively managing costs to minimize overhead and operating costs;
  - maintaining strong tenant and retailer relationships in order to avoid rent interruptions and reduce marketing, leasing and tenant improvement costs that result from re-tenanting space; and
- taking advantage of under-utilized land or existing square footage, reconfiguring properties for better use, or adding ancillary income areas to existing facilities.

We successfully executed our operating strategy in 2014 in a number of ways, including improving our same property net operating income by 4.7%, generating positive cash leasing spreads of 15.1% in 2014, and improving annual base rent per square foot by 15% over the prior year. We have also been successful in maintaining a diverse retail tenant mix with no tenant accounting for more than 3.4% of our annualized base rent. See Item 2, “Properties” for a list of our top tenants by gross leasable area and annualized base rent.

Growth Strategy. Our growth strategy includes the selective deployment of resources to projects that are expected to generate investment returns that meet or exceed our internal benchmarks. We continue to implement our growth strategy in a number of ways, including:

- selectively pursuing the acquisition of retail operating properties, portfolios and companies in markets with strong demographics;
- continually evaluating our operating properties for redevelopment and renovation opportunities that we believe will make them more attractive for leasing to new tenants, right sizing anchor space while increasing rental rates, or re-leasing to existing tenants at increased rental rates; and
- disposing of selected assets that no longer meet our long-term investment criteria and recycling the net proceeds into assets that provide maximum returns and rent growth potential in targeted markets.

In evaluating opportunities for potential acquisition, development, redevelopment and disposition, we consider a number of factors, including:

- the expected returns and related risks associated with the investments relative to our combined cost of capital to make such investments;
- the current and projected cash flow and market value of the property, and the potential to increase cash flow and market value if the property were to be successfully re-leased or redeveloped;
- the price being offered for the property, the current and projected operating performance of the property, and the tax consequences of the sale as well as other related factors;
- the current tenant mix at the property and the potential future tenant mix that the demographics of the property could support, including the presence of one or more additional anchors (for example, value retailers, grocers, soft goods stores, office supply stores, or sporting goods retailers), as well as an overall diverse tenant mix that includes restaurants, shoe and clothing retailers, specialty shops and service retailers such as banks, dry cleaners and hair salons, some of which provide staple goods to the community and offer a high level of convenience;
  - the configuration of the property, including ease of access, abundance of parking, maximum visibility, and the demographics of the surrounding area; and
    - the level of success of existing properties in the same or nearby markets.

In 2014, we were successful in completing and integrating the acquisition of 60 high-quality retail properties through the Merger that enabled us to expand our presence in our core markets. In addition, we delivered three very strong development and redevelopment projects to the operating portfolio and we expect to deliver several more projects in 2015.

Financing and Capital Markets Strategy. We finance our acquisition, development, and redevelopment activities seeking to use the most advantageous sources of capital available to us at the time. These sources may include the

sale of common or preferred shares through public offerings or private placements, the reinvestment of proceeds from the disposition of assets, the incurrence of additional indebtedness through secured or unsecured borrowings, and entering into real estate joint ventures.

Our primary financing and capital preservation strategy is to maintain a strong balance sheet and enhance our flexibility to fund operating and investment activities in the most cost-effective way. We consider a number of factors when evaluating our level and type of indebtedness and when making decisions regarding additional borrowings. Among these factors are the construction costs or purchase prices of properties to be developed or acquired, the estimated market value of our properties and the Company as a whole upon consummation of the financing, and the ability of particular properties to generate cash flow to cover expected debt service.

Our efforts to strengthen our balance sheet are important. We achieved an investment grade credit rating in 2014. We expect that will enable us to opportunistically access the unsecured bond market at some point, and otherwise will allow us to lower our cost of capital and provide greater flexibility in managing the acquisition and disposition of assets in our operating portfolio.

We intend to continue implementing our financing and capital strategies in a number of ways, including:

- prudently managing our balance sheet, including maintaining sufficient capacity under our unsecured revolving credit facility so that we have additional capacity available to fund our development and redevelopment projects and pay down maturing debt if refinancing that debt is not feasible;

- raising additional capital through the issuance of common shares, preferred shares or other securities;
- extending the maturity dates of and/or refinancing of our near-term mortgage, construction and other indebtedness;
  - expanding our unencumbered asset pool;
- entering into construction loans prior to commencement of vertical construction to fund our larger developments and redevelopments;
- managing our exposure to interest rate increases on our variable-rate debt through the use of fixed rate hedging transactions, issuing unsecured bonds in the public markets, and securing property specific long-term nonrecourse financing; and
  - entering into joint venture arrangements in order to access less expensive capital and to mitigate risk.

## Competition

The United States commercial real estate market continues to be highly competitive. We face competition from other REITs and other owner-operators engaged in the ownership, leasing, acquisition, and development of shopping centers as well as from numerous local, regional and national real estate developers and owners in each of our markets. Some of these competitors may have greater capital resources than we do; although we do not believe that any single competitor or group of competitors in any of the primary markets where our properties are located are dominant in that market.

We face significant competition in our efforts to lease available space to prospective tenants at our operating, development and redevelopment properties. The nature of the competition for tenants varies based on the characteristics of each local market in which we own properties. We believe that the principal competitive factors in attracting tenants in our market areas are location, demographics, rental rates, the presence of anchor stores, competitor shopping centers in the same geographic area and the maintenance, appearance, access and traffic patterns of our properties. There can be no assurance in the future that we will be able to compete successfully with our competitors in our development, acquisition and leasing activities.

## Government Regulation

We and our properties are subject to a variety of federal, state, and local environmental, health, safety and similar laws including:

Americans with Disabilities Act. Our properties must comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, or ADA, to the extent that such properties are public accommodations as defined by the ADA. The ADA may require removal of structural barriers to access by persons with disabilities in certain public areas of our properties where such removal is readily achievable. We believe our properties are in substantial compliance with the ADA and that we will not be required to make substantial capital expenditures to address the requirements of the ADA. However, noncompliance with the ADA could result in the imposition of fines or an award of damages to private litigants. The

obligation to make readily accessible accommodations is an ongoing one, and we will continue to assess our properties and make alterations as appropriate in this respect.

Environmental Regulations. Some properties in our portfolio contain, may have contained or are adjacent to or near other properties that have contained or currently contain underground storage tanks for petroleum products or other hazardous or toxic substances. These operations may have released, or have the potential to release, such substances into the environment.

In addition, some of our properties have tenants which may use hazardous or toxic substances in the routine course of their businesses. In general, these tenants have covenanted in their leases with us to use these substances, if any, in compliance with all environmental laws and have agreed to indemnify us for any damages we may suffer as a result of their use of such substances. However, these lease provisions may not fully protect us in the event that a tenant becomes insolvent. Finally, one of our properties has contained asbestos-containing building materials, or ACBM, and another property may have contained such materials based on the date of its construction. Environmental laws require that ACBM be properly managed and maintained, and fines and penalties may be imposed on building owners or operators for failure to comply with these requirements. The laws also may allow third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators for personal injury associated with exposure to asbestos fibers.

Neither existing environmental, health, safety and similar laws nor the costs of our compliance with these laws has had a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results operations, and management does not believe they will in the future. In addition, we have not incurred, and do not expect to incur, any material costs or liabilities due to environmental contamination at properties we currently own or have owned in the past. However, we cannot predict the impact of new or changed laws or regulations on properties we currently own or may acquire in the future.

With environmental sustainability becoming a national priority, we have continued to demonstrate our strong commitment to be a responsible corporate citizen through resource reduction and employee training that have resulted in reductions of energy consumption, waste and improved maintenance cycles.

#### Insurance

We carry comprehensive liability, fire, extended coverage, and rental loss insurance that covers all properties in our portfolio. We believe the policy specifications and insured limits are appropriate and adequate given the relative risk of loss, the cost of the coverage, and industry practice. Certain risks such as loss from riots, war or acts of God, and, in some cases, flooding are not insurable; and therefore, we do not carry insurance for these losses. Some of our policies, such as those covering losses due to terrorism and floods, are insured subject to limitations involving large deductibles or co-payments and policy limits that may not be sufficient to cover losses.

#### Offices

Our principal executive office is located at 30 S. Meridian Street, Suite 1100, Indianapolis, IN 46204. Our telephone number is (317) 577-5600.

#### Employees

As of December 31, 2014, we had 141 full-time employees. The majority of these employees were based at our Indianapolis, Indiana headquarters.

#### Segment Reporting

Our primary business is the ownership and operation of neighborhood and community shopping centers. We do not distinguish or group our operations on a geographical basis, or any other basis, when measuring performance. Accordingly, we aggregate all of our properties into a single reporting segment for disclosure purposes in accordance with GAAP.

#### Available Information

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Our Internet website address is [www.kiterealty.com](http://www.kiterealty.com). You can obtain on our website, free of charge, a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, our current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such reports or amendments with, or furnish them to, the SEC. Our Internet website and the information contained therein or connected thereto are not intended to be incorporated into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Also available on our website, free of charge, are copies of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, our Code of Ethics for Principal Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officers, our Corporate Governance Guidelines, and the charters for each of the committees of our Board of Trustees—the Audit Committee, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, and the Compensation Committee. Copies of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, our Code of Ethics for Principal Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officers, our Corporate Governance Guidelines, and our committee charters are also available from us in print and free of charge to any shareholder upon request. Any person wishing to obtain such copies in print should contact our Investor Relations department by mail at our principal executive office.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements made in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and presented elsewhere by our management from time to time. These factors, among others, may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows, and you should carefully consider them. It is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. You should not consider this list to be a complete statement of all potential risks or uncertainties. Past performance should not be considered an indication of future performance.

We have separated the risks into three categories:

- risks related to our operations;
  
- risks related to our organization and structure; and
  
- risks related to tax matters.

### RISKS RELATED TO OUR OPERATIONS

Because of our geographical concentration in Florida, Indiana and Texas, a prolonged economic downturn in these states could materially and adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

The United States economy is recovering from the recent recession in an uneven fashion. Similarly, the specific markets in which we operate may face challenging economic conditions that could persist into the future. In particular, as of December 31, 2014, 26% of our owned square footage and 25% of our total annualized base rent was located in Florida, 16% of our owned square footage and 15% of our total annualized base rent was located in Indiana, and 12% of our owned square footage and 11% of our total annualized base rent was located in Texas. This level of concentration could expose us to greater economic risks than if we owned properties in numerous geographic regions. Many states continue to deal with state fiscal budget shortfalls and high unemployment rates. Adverse economic or real estate trends in Florida, Indiana, Texas, or the surrounding regions, or any decrease in demand for retail space resulting from the local regulatory environment, business climate or fiscal problems in these states, could materially and adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, the trading price of our common shares and our ability to satisfy our debt service obligations and to pay distributions to our shareholders.

Disruptions in the financial markets could affect our ability to obtain financing on reasonable terms, or at all, and have other material adverse effects on our business.

Disruptions in the credit markets generally, or relating to the real estate industry specifically, may adversely affect our ability to obtain debt financing at favorable rates or at all. These disruptions could impact the overall amount of debt financing available, lower loan to value ratios, cause a tightening of lender underwriting standards and terms and higher interest rate spreads. As a result, we may be unable to refinance or extend our existing indebtedness or the terms of any refinancing may not be as favorable as the terms of our existing indebtedness. For example, as of December 31, 2014, we had approximately \$113 million and \$251 million of debt maturing in 2015 and 2016, respectively. If we are not successful in refinancing our outstanding debt when it becomes due, we may be forced to dispose of properties on disadvantageous terms, which might adversely affect our ability to service other debt and to meet our other obligations.

If economic conditions deteriorate in any of our markets, we may be forced to seek alternative sources of potentially less attractive financing, and have to adjust our business plan accordingly. In addition, we may be unable to obtain permanent financing on development projects we temporarily financed with construction loans. Our inability to obtain such permanent financing on favorable terms, if at all, could delay the completion of our development projects and/or cause us to incur additional capital costs in connection with completing such projects, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our business and our ability to execute our business strategy. These events also may make it more difficult or costly for us to raise capital through the issuance of our common shares or preferred shares. The disruptions in the financial markets have had and may continue to have a material adverse effect on the market value of our common shares and other adverse effects on our business.

If our tenants are unable to secure financing necessary to continue to operate and grow their businesses and pay us rent, we could be materially and adversely affected.

Many of our tenants rely on external sources of financing to operate and grow their businesses. Disruptions in credit markets, as discussed above, may adversely affect our tenants' ability to obtain debt financing at favorable rates or at all. If our tenants are unable to secure financing necessary to continue to operate their businesses, they may be unable to meet their rent obligations to us or enter into new leases with us or be forced to declare bankruptcy and reject our leases, which could materially and adversely affect us.

Ongoing challenging conditions in the United States and global economy, and the challenges facing our retail tenants and non-owned anchor tenants may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Certain sectors of the United States economy are still experiencing weakness. This structural weakness has resulted in continuing high levels of unemployment, the bankruptcy or weakened financial condition of a number of retailers, decreased consumer spending, increased home foreclosures, low consumer confidence, and reduced demand and rental rates for certain retail space. Market conditions remain challenging as higher than historical levels of unemployment and lower consumer confidence have persisted. There can be no assurance that the recovery will continue. General economic factors that are beyond our control, including, but not limited to, economic recessions, decreases in consumer confidence, reductions in consumer credit availability, increasing consumer debt levels, rising energy costs, higher tax rates, continued business layoffs, downsizing and industry slowdowns, and/or rising inflation, could have a negative impact on the business of our retail tenants. In turn, this could have a material adverse effect on our business because current or prospective tenants may, among other things, (i) have difficulty paying their rent obligations as they struggle to sell goods and services to consumers, (ii) be unwilling to enter into or renew leases with us on favorable terms or at all, (iii) seek to terminate their existing leases with us or request rental concessions on such leases, or (iv) be forced to curtail operations or declare bankruptcy. We are also susceptible to other developments that, while not directly tied to the economy, could have a material adverse effect on our business. These developments include relocations of businesses, changing demographics, increased Internet shopping, infrastructure quality, federal, state, and local budgetary constraints and priorities, increases in real estate and other taxes, costs of complying with government regulations or increased regulation, decreasing valuations of real estate, and other factors.

Further, we continually monitor events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that the carrying value of our real estate assets may not be recoverable. The ongoing challenging market conditions could require us to recognize an impairment charge, with respect to one or more of our properties, or a loss on disposition of one or more of our properties.

Our real estate assets may be subject to impairment charges, which may negatively affect our net income.

Our long-lived assets, primarily real estate held for investment, are carried at cost unless circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. We evaluate whether there are any indicators, including property operating performance and general market conditions, that the value of the real estate properties (including any related amortizable intangible assets or liabilities) may not be recoverable. Through the evaluation, we compare the current carrying value of the asset to the estimated undiscounted cash flows that are directly associated with the

use and ultimate disposition of the asset. Our estimated cash flows are based on several key assumptions, including rental rates, costs of tenant improvements, leasing commissions, anticipated hold periods, and assumptions regarding the residual value upon disposition, including the exit capitalization rate. These key assumptions are subjective in nature and could differ materially from actual results. Changes in our disposition strategy or changes in the marketplace may alter the hold period of an asset or asset group, which may result in an impairment loss and such loss could be material to our financial condition or operating performance. To the extent that the carrying value of the asset exceeds the estimated undiscounted cash flows, an impairment loss is recognized equal to the excess of carrying value over fair value. If such indicators, as described above, are not identified, management will not assess the recoverability of a property's carrying value.

The fair value of real estate assets is highly subjective and is determined through comparable sales information and other market data if available, or through use of an income approach such as the direct capitalization method or the traditional discounted cash flow approach. Such cash flow projections consider factors, including expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors, and therefore are subject to a significant degree of management judgment. Changes in those factors could impact the determination of fair value. In estimating the fair value of undeveloped land, we generally use market data and comparable sales information.

These subjective assessments have a direct impact on our net income because recording an impairment charge results in an immediate negative adjustment to net income. There can be no assurance that we will not take additional charges in the future related to the impairment of our assets. Any future impairment could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations in the period in which the charge is taken.

Our business is significantly influenced by demand for retail space generally, and a decrease in such demand may have a greater adverse effect on our business than if we owned a more diversified real estate portfolio.

Because our portfolio of properties consists primarily of community and neighborhood shopping centers, a decrease in the demand for retail space, due to the economic factors discussed above or otherwise, may have a greater adverse effect on our business and financial condition than if we owned a more diversified real estate portfolio. The market for retail space has been, and could continue to be, adversely affected by weakness in the national, regional and local economies, the adverse financial condition of some large retailing companies, the ongoing consolidation in the retail sector, the excess amount of retail space in a number of markets, and increasing consumer purchases through the Internet. To the extent that any of these conditions occur, they are likely to negatively affect market rents for retail space and could materially and adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, the trading price of our common shares and our ability to satisfy our debt service obligations and to pay distributions to our shareholders.

The termination of any leases by any non-owned anchor tenant or major tenant with leases in multiple locations, because of a deterioration of its financial condition or otherwise, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

We derive the majority of our revenue from tenants who lease space from us at our properties. Therefore, our ability to generate cash from operations is dependent on the rents that we are able to charge and collect from our tenants. Our leases generally do not contain provisions designed to ensure the creditworthiness of our tenants. At any time, our tenants may experience a downturn in their business that may significantly weaken their financial condition, particularly during periods of economic uncertainty. In the event of a prolonged or severe economic downturn, our tenants may delay lease commencements, decline to extend or renew leases upon expiration, fail to make rental payments when due, close a number of stores or declare bankruptcy. Any of these actions could result in the termination of the tenant's leases and the loss of rental income attributable to the terminated leases. Lease terminations or failure of a major tenant or non-owned anchor to occupy the premises could result in lease terminations or reductions in rent by other tenants in the same shopping centers because of contractual co-tenancy termination or rent reduction rights under the terms of some leases. In that event, we may be unable to re-lease the vacated space at attractive rents or at all. Additionally, in the event our tenants are involved in mergers with or acquisitions by third parties, such tenants may choose to terminate their leases, vacate the leased premises or not renew their leases if they consolidate, downsize or relocate their operations as a result of the transaction. For example, our tenant Office Depot recently announced its agreement to merge with Staples. In connection with the merger, Office Depot and Staples may choose to close or relocate a number of their stores, which may be stores at premises they lease from us. In that event, we may experience periods where multiple locations are not leased as we seek new tenants, which would negatively affect our net rental revenues in the near term. The occurrence of any of the situations described above, particularly if it involves a substantial tenant or a non-owned anchor with ground leases in multiple locations, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. As of December 31, 2014, the five largest tenants in our operating portfolio in terms of annualized base rent were Publix, PetSmart, TJX Companies, Dick's Sporting Goods, and Office

Depot/Office Max, representing 3.4%, 2.5%, 2.3%, 2.2%, and 2.1%, respectively, of our total annualized base rent.

We face potential material adverse effects from tenant bankruptcies, and we may be unable to collect balances due from any tenant in bankruptcy or replace the tenant at current rates, or at all.

Tenant bankruptcies may increase during periods of difficult economic conditions. We cannot make any assurance that a tenant that files for bankruptcy protection will continue to pay its rent obligations. A bankruptcy filing by or relating to one of our tenants or a lease guarantor would legally bar our efforts to collect pre-bankruptcy debts from that tenant or the lease guarantor, unless we receive an order permitting us to do so from the bankruptcy court. A tenant or lease guarantor bankruptcy could delay our efforts to collect past due balances under the relevant leases, and could ultimately preclude collection of these sums. If a lease is assumed by the tenant in bankruptcy, all pre-bankruptcy balances due under the lease must be paid to us in full. However, if a lease is rejected by a tenant in bankruptcy, we would have only a general unsecured claim for damages including pre-bankruptcy balances. Any unsecured claim we hold may be paid only to the extent that funds are available and only in the same percentage as is paid to all other holders of unsecured claims, and there are restrictions under bankruptcy laws that limit the amount of the claim we can make if a lease is rejected. As a result, it is likely that we will recover substantially less than the full value of any unsecured claims we hold from a tenant in bankruptcy, which would result in a reduction in our cash flow and in the amount of cash available for distribution to our shareholders.

Moreover, we are continually re-leasing vacant spaces resulting from tenant lease terminations. The bankruptcy of a tenant, particularly an anchor tenant, may make it more difficult to lease the remainder of the affected properties. Future tenant bankruptcies could materially adversely affect our properties or impact our ability to successfully execute our re-leasing strategy.

We had \$1.6 billion of consolidated indebtedness outstanding as of December 31, 2014, which may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations and reduce our ability to incur additional indebtedness to fund our growth.

Required repayments of debt and related interest may materially adversely affect our operating performance. We had \$1.6 billion of consolidated outstanding indebtedness as of December 31, 2014, of which \$112.7 million is scheduled to mature in 2015, and \$251.4 million is scheduled to mature in 2016. At December 31, 2014, \$715.2 million of our debt bore interest at variable rates (\$341.9 million when reduced by our \$373.3 million of fixed interest rate swaps). Interest rates are currently low relative to historical levels and may increase significantly in the future. If our interest expense increased significantly, it could materially adversely affect our results of operations. For example, if market rates of interest on our variable rate debt outstanding, net of cash flow hedges, as of December 31, 2014 increased by 1%, the increase in interest expense on our unhedged variable rate debt would decrease future cash flows by \$3.4 million annually.

We also intend to incur additional debt in connection with various development and redevelopment projects, and may incur additional debt with acquisitions of properties. Our organizational documents do not limit the amount of indebtedness that we may incur. We may borrow new funds to develop or acquire properties. In addition, we may incur or increase our mortgage debt by obtaining loans secured by some or all of the real estate properties we develop or acquire. We also may borrow funds if necessary to satisfy the requirement that we distribute to shareholders at least 90% of our annual "REIT taxable income" (determined before the deduction of dividends paid and excluding net capital gains), or otherwise as is necessary or advisable to ensure that we maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes or otherwise avoid paying taxes that can be eliminated through distributions to our shareholders.

Our substantial debt could materially and adversely affect our business in other ways, including by, among other things:

- requiring us to use a substantial portion of our funds from operations to pay principal and interest, which reduces the amount available for distributions;
- placing us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt;
- making us more vulnerable to economic and industry downturns and reducing our flexibility in responding to changing business and economic conditions; and
- limiting our ability to borrow more money for operating or capital needs or to finance development and acquisitions in the future.

Agreements with lenders supporting our unsecured revolving credit facility and various other loan agreements contain default provisions which, among other things, could result in the acceleration of principal and interest payments or the

termination of the facilities.

Our unsecured revolving credit facility and various other debt agreements contain certain Events of Default which include, but are not limited to, failure to make principal or interest payments when due, failure to perform or observe any term in the agreement, covenant or condition contained in the agreements, failure to maintain certain financial and operating ratios and other criteria, misrepresentations and bankruptcy proceedings. In the event of a default under any of these agreements, the lender would have various rights including, but not limited to, the ability to require the acceleration of the payment of all principal and interest due and/or to terminate the agreements, and to foreclose on the properties. The declaration of a default and/or the acceleration of the amount due under any such credit agreement could have a material adverse effect on our business, limit our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, prevent us from obtaining additional funds needed to address cash shortfalls or pursue growth opportunities.

Certain of our fixed-rate and variable-rate loans contain cross-default provisions which provide that a violation by the Company of any financial covenant set forth in our unsecured revolving credit facility agreement will constitute an event of default under the loans. Our unsecured revolving credit facility agreement contains a similar provision providing that an “Event of Default” under our Term Loan will constitute an “Event of Default” under our unsecured revolving credit facility agreement. These provisions could allow the lending institutions to accelerate the amount due under the loans. If payment is accelerated, our assets may not be sufficient to repay such debt in full and, as a result, such an event may have a material adverse effect on our cash flow, financial condition and results of operations. We were in compliance with all applicable covenants under the unsecured revolving credit facility and Term Loan as of December 31, 2014, although there can be no assurance that we will continue to remain in compliance.

Mortgage debt obligations expose us to the possibility of foreclosure, which could result in the loss of our investment in a property or group of properties subject to mortgage debt.

A significant amount of our indebtedness is secured by our real estate assets. If a property or group of properties is mortgaged to secure payment of debt and we are unable to meet mortgage payments, the holder of the mortgage or lender could foreclose on the property, resulting in the loss of our investment. For tax purposes, a foreclosure of any of our properties would be treated as a sale of the property for a purchase price equal to the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage. If the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage exceeds our tax basis in the property, we would recognize taxable income on foreclosure, but we would not receive any cash proceeds, which could hinder our ability to meet the REIT distribution requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. If any of our properties are foreclosed on due to a default, our ability to pay cash distributions to our shareholders and our earnings will be limited. In addition, as a result of cross-collateralization or cross-default provisions contained in certain of our mortgage loans, a default under one mortgage loan could result in a default on other indebtedness and cause us to lose other better performing properties, which could materially and adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We are subject to risks associated with hedging agreements.

We use a combination of interest rate protection agreements, including interest rate swaps, to manage risk associated with interest rate volatility. This may expose us to additional risks, including a risk that the counterparty to a hedging arrangement may fail to honor its obligations. Developing an effective interest rate risk strategy is complex and no strategy can completely insulate us from risks associated with interest rate fluctuations. There can be no assurance that our hedging activities will have the desired beneficial impact on our results of operations or financial condition. Further, should we choose to terminate a hedging agreement, there could be significant costs and cash requirements involved to fulfill our initial obligation under the hedging agreement.

Our performance and value are subject to risks associated with real estate assets and with the real estate industry.

Our ability to make expected distributions to our shareholders depends on our being able to generate substantial revenues from our properties. Periods of economic slowdown or recession, rising interest rates or declining demand for real estate, or the public perception that any of these events may occur, could result in a general decline in rents or an increased incidence of defaults under existing leases. Such events would materially and adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, per share trading price of our common shares and our ability to satisfy debt service obligations and to make distributions to shareholders.

In addition, other events and conditions generally applicable to owners and operators of real property that are beyond our control may decrease cash available for distribution and the value of our properties. These events include but are not limited to:

- adverse changes in the national, regional and local economic climate, particularly in: Florida, where 26% of our owned square footage and 25% of our total annualized base rent is located; Indiana, where 16% of our owned square footage and 15% of our total annualized base rent is located; and Texas, where 12% of our owned square footage and 11% of our total annualized base rent is located;
  - tenant bankruptcies;
  - local oversupply of rental space, increased competition or reduction in demand for rentable space;
  - inability to collect rent from tenants, or having to provide significant rent concessions to tenants;

- vacancies or our inability to rent space on favorable terms;
  - changes in market rental rates;
- inability to finance property development, tenant improvements and acquisitions on favorable terms;
- increased operating costs, including costs incurred for maintenance, insurance premiums, utilities and real estate taxes;
  - the need to periodically fund the costs to repair, renovate and re-lease space;
    - decreased attractiveness of our properties to tenants;
- weather conditions that may increase or decrease energy costs and other weather-related expenses (such as snow removal costs);
- costs of complying with changes in governmental regulations, including those governing health, safety, usage, zoning, the environment and taxes;
- civil unrest, acts of terrorism, earthquakes, hurricanes and other national disasters or acts of God that may result in underinsured or uninsured losses;
  - the relative illiquidity of real estate investments;
    - changing demographics; and
    - changing customer traffic patterns.

Our financial covenants may restrict our operating and acquisition activities.

Our unsecured revolving credit facility contains certain financial and operating covenants, including, among other things, certain coverage ratios, as well as limitations on our ability to incur debt, make dividend payments, sell all or substantially all of our assets and engage in mergers and consolidations and certain acquisitions. These covenants may restrict our ability to pursue certain business initiatives or certain acquisition transactions. In addition, certain of our mortgages contain customary covenants which, among other things, limit our ability, without the prior consent of the lender, to further mortgage the property, to enter into new leases or materially modify existing leases, and to discontinue insurance coverage. Failure to meet any of the financial covenants could cause an event of default under and/or accelerate some or all of our indebtedness, which could have a material adverse effect on us.

Our current and future joint venture investments could be adversely affected by our lack of sole decision-making authority, our reliance on joint venture partners' financial condition, any disputes that may arise between us and our joint venture partners and our exposure to potential losses from the actions of our joint venture partners.

As of December 31, 2014, we owned 14 of our operating properties through consolidated joint ventures and one through an unconsolidated joint venture. As of December 31, 2014, the 14 properties represented 17.5% of the

annualized base rent of the portfolio. In addition, we currently own land held for development through one joint venture. Our joint ventures may involve risks not present with respect to our wholly owned properties, including the following:

- we may share decision-making authority with our joint venture partners regarding certain major decisions affecting the ownership or operation of the joint venture and the joint venture property, such as the sale of the property or the making of additional capital contributions for the benefit of the property, which may prevent us from taking actions that are opposed by our joint venture partners;
- prior consent of our joint venture partners may be required for a sale or transfer to a third party of our interests in the joint venture, which restricts our ability to dispose of our interest in the joint venture;
- our joint venture partners might become bankrupt or fail to fund their share of required capital contributions, which may delay construction or development of a property or increase our financial commitment to the joint venture;
- our joint venture partners may have business interests or goals with respect to the property that conflict with our business interests and goals, which could increase the likelihood of disputes regarding the ownership, management or disposition of the property;
- disputes may develop with our joint venture partners over decisions affecting the property or the joint venture, which may result in litigation or arbitration that would increase our expenses and distract our officers and/or trustees from focusing their time and effort on our business, and possibly disrupt the day-to-day operations of the property such as by delaying the implementation of important decisions until the conflict or dispute is resolved; and

- we may suffer losses as a result of the actions of our joint venture partners with respect to our joint venture investments and the activities of a joint venture could adversely affect our ability to qualify as a REIT, even though we may not control the joint venture.

In the future, we may seek to co-invest with third parties through joint ventures that may involve similar or additional risks.

We face significant competition, which may impede our ability to renew leases or re-lease space as leases expire or require us to undertake unbudgeted capital improvements.

We compete with numerous developers, owners and operators of retail shopping centers for tenants. These competitors include institutional investors, other REITs and other owner-operators of community and neighborhood shopping centers, some of which own or may in the future own properties similar to ours in the same markets in which our properties are located, but which have greater capital resources. As of December 31, 2014, leases representing 6.7% of our owned gross leasable area (GLA) were scheduled to expire in 2015. If our competitors offer space at rental rates below current market rates, or below the rental rates we currently charge our tenants, we may be unable to lease on satisfactory terms to potential tenants and we may be pressured to reduce our rental rates below those we currently charge in order to retain tenants when our leases with them expire. We also may be required to offer more substantial rent abatements, tenant improvements and early termination rights or accommodate requests for renovations, build-to-suit remodeling and other improvements than we have historically. As a result, our financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, trading price of our common shares and ability to satisfy our debt service obligations and to pay distributions to our shareholders may be materially adversely affected. In addition, increased competition for tenants may require us to make capital improvements to properties that we would not have otherwise planned to make. Any capital improvements we undertake may reduce cash available for distributions to shareholders.

Our future developments and acquisitions may not yield the returns we expect or may result in dilution in shareholder value.

We have five development and redevelopment projects under construction and two development and redevelopment projects pending commencement of construction. New development projects and property acquisitions are subject to a number of risks, including, but not limited to:

- abandonment of development activities after expending resources to determine feasibility;
  - construction delays or cost overruns that may increase project costs;
- our investigation of a property or building prior to our acquisition, and any representations we may receive from the seller, may fail to reveal various liabilities or defects or identify necessary repairs until after the property is acquired, which could reduce the cash flow from the property or increase our acquisition costs;
- as a result of competition for attractive development and acquisition opportunities, we may be unable to acquire assets as we desire or the purchase price may be significantly elevated, which may impede our growth;

- difficulty obtaining financing on acceptable terms or paying operating expenses and debt service costs associated with redevelopment properties prior to sufficient occupancy;
  - the failure to meet anticipated occupancy or rent levels within the projected time frame, if at all;
    - inability to operate successfully in new markets where new properties are located;
      - inability to successfully integrate new properties into existing operations;
- exposure to fluctuations in the general economy due to the significant time lag between commencement and completion of redevelopment projects;
- failure to receive required zoning, occupancy, land use and other governmental permits and authorizations and changes in applicable zoning and land use laws; and
- the consent of third parties such as tenants, mortgage lenders and joint venture partners may be required, and those consents may be difficult to obtain or could be withheld.

In addition, if a project is delayed or if we are unable to lease designated space to anchor tenants, certain tenants may have the right to terminate their leases. If any of these situations occur, development costs for a project may increase, which may result in reduced returns, or even losses, from such investments. In deciding whether to acquire or develop a particular property, we make certain assumptions regarding the expected future performance of that property. If these new properties do not perform as expected, our financial performance may be materially and adversely affected or an impairment charge could occur. In addition, the issuance of equity securities as consideration for any acquisitions could be dilutive to our shareholders.

We may not be successful in pursuing suitable acquisitions, for which we face significant competition, or identifying development and redevelopment projects that meet our investment criteria, which may impede our growth.

Part of our business strategy is expansion through acquisitions and development and redevelopment projects, which requires us to identify suitable development or acquisition candidates or investment opportunities that meet our criteria and are compatible with our growth strategy. We continue to evaluate the market for available properties and may acquire properties when we believe strategic opportunities exist. However, we may be unable to acquire a desired property because of competition from other real estate investors with substantial capital, including from other REITs and institutional investment funds. Even if we are able to acquire a desired property, competition from other potential acquirers may significantly increase the purchase price. Additionally, we may not be successful in identifying suitable real estate properties or other assets that meet our development or redevelopment criteria, or we may fail to complete developments, redevelopments, acquisitions or investments on satisfactory terms. Failure to identify or complete developments, redevelopments or acquisitions could slow our growth, which could in turn materially adversely affect our operations.

Development and redevelopment activities may be delayed or otherwise may not perform as expected and, in the case of an unsuccessful redevelopment project, our entire investment could be at risk for loss.

We currently have four development projects under construction, one redevelopment project under construction, and two redevelopment projects pending commencement of construction. We expect to redevelop certain of our other properties in the future. In connection with any development or redevelopment of our properties, we will bear certain risks, including the risk of construction delays or cost overruns that may increase project costs and make a project uneconomical, the risk that occupancy or rental rates at a completed project will not be sufficient to enable us to pay operating expenses or earn the targeted rate of return on investment, and the risk of incurrence of predevelopment costs in connection with projects that are not pursued to completion. In addition, various tenants may have the right to withdraw from a property if a development and/or redevelopment project is not completed on time. In the case of a redevelopment project, consents may be required from various tenants in order to redevelop a center. In the case of an unsuccessful redevelopment project, our entire investment could be at risk for loss or an impairment charge could occur.

We may not be able to sell properties when appropriate and could, under certain circumstances, be required to pay certain tax indemnities related to the properties we sell.

Real estate property investments generally cannot be sold quickly. Our ability to dispose of properties on advantageous terms depends on factors beyond our control, including competition from other sellers and the

availability of attractive financing for potential buyers of our properties, and we cannot predict the various market conditions affecting real estate investments that will exist at any particular time in the future. In addition, in connection with our formation at the time of our initial public offering (“IPO”), we entered into an agreement that restricts our ability, prior to December 31, 2016, to dispose of six of our properties in taxable transactions and limits the amount of gain we can trigger with respect to certain other properties without incurring reimbursement obligations owed to certain limited partners of our Operating Partnership. We have agreed that if we dispose of any interest in six specified properties in a taxable transaction before December 31, 2016, we will indemnify the contributors of those properties for their tax liabilities attributable to the built-in gain that exists with respect to such property interest as of the time of our IPO (and tax liabilities incurred as a result of the reimbursement payment). The six properties to which our tax indemnity obligations relate represented 6.8% of our annualized base rent in the aggregate as of December 31, 2014. These six properties are International Speedway Square, Shops at Eagle Creek, Whitehall Pike, Portofino Shopping Center, Thirty South and Market Street Village. We also agreed to limit the aggregate gain certain limited partners of our Operating Partnership would recognize, with respect to certain other contributed properties through December 31, 2016, to not more than \$48 million in total, with certain annual limits, unless we reimburse them for the taxes attributable to the excess gain (and any taxes imposed on the reimbursement payments), and take certain other steps to help them avoid incurring taxes that were deferred in connection with the formation transactions.

The agreement described above is extremely complicated and imposes a number of procedural requirements on us, which makes it more difficult for us to ensure that we comply with all of the various terms of the agreement and therefore creates a greater risk that we may be required to make an indemnity payment. The complicated nature of this agreement also might adversely impact our ability to pursue other transactions, including certain kinds of strategic transactions and reorganizations.

Also, the tax laws applicable to REITs require that we hold our properties for investment, rather than primarily for sale in the ordinary course of business, which may cause us to forego or defer sales of properties that otherwise would be in our best interest. Therefore, we may be unable to adjust our portfolio mix promptly in response to market conditions, which may adversely affect our financial position. In addition, we will be subject to income taxes on gains from the sale of any properties owned by any taxable REIT subsidiary.

Uninsured losses or losses in excess of insurance coverage could materially and adversely affect our cash flow, financial condition and results of operations.

We do not carry insurance for generally uninsurable losses such as loss from riots, war or acts of God, and, in some cases, flooding. Some of our policies, such as those covering losses due to terrorism and floods, are insured subject to limitations involving large deductibles or co-payments and policy limits that may not be sufficient to cover all losses. In addition, tenants generally are required to indemnify and hold us harmless from liabilities resulting from injury to persons or damage to personal or real property, on the premises, due to activities conducted by tenants or their agents on the properties (including without limitation any environmental contamination), and at the tenant's expense, to obtain and keep in full force during the term of the lease, liability and property damage insurance policies. However, tenants may not properly maintain their insurance policies or have the ability to pay the deductibles associated with such policies. If we experience a loss that is uninsured or that exceeds policy limits, we could lose the capital invested in the damaged properties as well as the anticipated future cash flows from those properties. Inflation, changes in building codes and ordinances, environmental considerations, and other factors also might make it impractical or undesirable to use insurance proceeds to replace a property after it has been damaged or destroyed. In addition, if the damaged properties are subject to recourse indebtedness, we would continue to be liable for the indebtedness, even if these properties were irreparably damaged.

Insurance coverage on our properties may be expensive or difficult to obtain, exposing us to potential risk of loss.

In the future, we may be unable to renew or duplicate our current insurance coverage at adequate levels or at reasonable prices. In addition, insurance companies may no longer offer coverage against certain types of losses, such as losses due to terrorist acts, environmental liabilities, or other catastrophic events including hurricanes and floods, or, if offered, the expense of obtaining these types of insurance may not be justified. We therefore may cease to have insurance coverage against certain types of losses and/or there may be decreases in the limits of insurance available. If an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of our insured limits occurs, we could lose all or a portion of the capital we have invested in a property, as well as the anticipated future revenue from the property after a covered period of time, but still remain obligated for any mortgage debt or other financial obligations related to the property. We cannot guarantee that material losses in excess of insurance proceeds will not occur in the future. If any of our properties were to experience a catastrophic loss, it could seriously disrupt our operations, delay revenue and result in large expenses to repair or rebuild the property. Events such as these could adversely affect our results of operations and our ability to meet our obligations.

Rising operating expenses could reduce our cash flow and funds available for future distributions, particularly if such expenses are not offset by corresponding revenues.

Our existing properties and any properties we develop or acquire in the future are and will be subject to operating risks common to real estate in general, any or all of which may negatively affect us. The expenses of owning and operating properties generally do not decrease, and may increase, when circumstances such as market factors and competition cause a reduction in income from the properties. As a result, if any property is not fully occupied or if rents are being paid in an amount that is insufficient to cover operating expenses, we could be required to expend funds for that property's operating expenses. Our properties continue to be subject to increases in real estate and other tax rates, utility costs, operating expenses, insurance costs, repairs and maintenance and administrative expenses, regardless of such properties' occupancy rates. Therefore, rising operating expenses could reduce our cash flow and funds available for future distributions, particularly if such expenses are not offset by corresponding revenues.

We could incur significant costs related to environmental matters.

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, an owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum product releases at a property and may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage and for investigation and clean-up costs incurred by such parties in connection with contamination. The cost of investigation, remediation or removal of such substances may be substantial, and the presence of such substances, or the failure to properly remediate such substances, may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or rent such property or to borrow using such property as collateral. In connection with the ownership, operation and management of real properties, we are potentially liable for removal or remediation costs, as well as certain other related costs, including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property. We may also be liable to third parties for damage and injuries resulting from environmental contamination emanating from the real estate. Environmental laws also may create liens on contaminated sites in favor of the government for damages and costs it incurs to address such contamination. Moreover, if contamination is discovered on our properties, environmental laws may impose restrictions on the manner in which that property may be used or how businesses may be operated on that property.

Some of the properties in our portfolio contain, may have contained or are adjacent to or near other properties that have contained or currently contain underground storage tanks for petroleum products or other hazardous or toxic substances. These operations may have released, or have the potential to release, such substances into the environment. In addition, some of our properties have tenants that may use hazardous or toxic substances in the routine course of their businesses. In general, these tenants have covenanted in their leases with us to use these substances, if any, in compliance with all environmental laws and have agreed to indemnify us for any damages that we may suffer as a result of their use of such substances. However, these lease provisions may not fully protect us in the event that a tenant becomes insolvent. Finally, one of our properties has contained asbestos-containing building materials, or ACBM, and another property may have contained such materials based on the date of its construction. Environmental laws require that ACBM be properly managed and maintained, and may impose fines and penalties on building owners or operators for failure to comply with these requirements. The laws also may allow third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators for personal injury associated with exposure to asbestos fibers.

Our efforts to identify environmental liabilities may not be successful.

We test our properties for compliance with applicable environmental laws on a limited basis. We cannot give assurance that:

- existing environmental studies with respect to our properties reveal all potential environmental liabilities;
- any previous owner, occupant or tenant of one of our properties did not create any material environmental condition not known to us;
- the current environmental condition of our properties will not be affected by tenants and occupants, by the condition of nearby properties, or by other unrelated third parties; or
- future uses or conditions (including, without limitation, changes in applicable environmental laws and regulations or the interpretation thereof) will not result in environmental liabilities.

Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and fire, safety and other regulations may require us to make expenditures that adversely affect our cash flows.

Our properties must comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, or ADA, to the extent that such properties are public accommodations as defined by the ADA. The ADA may require removal of structural barriers to access by persons with disabilities in certain public areas of our properties where such removal is readily achievable. Noncompliance with the ADA could result in imposition of fines or an award of damages to private litigants and the incurrence of additional costs associated with bringing the properties into compliance. Although we believe the properties in our portfolio substantially comply with present requirements of the ADA, we have not conducted an audit or investigation of all of our properties to determine our compliance. While the tenants to whom our properties are leased are obligated by law to comply with the ADA provisions, and typically under tenant leases are obligated to cover costs associated with compliance, if required changes involve greater expenditures than anticipated, or if the changes must be made on a more accelerated basis than anticipated, the ability of these tenants to cover costs could be adversely affected. As a result, we could be required to expend funds to comply with the provisions of the ADA, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. In addition, we are required to operate the properties in compliance with fire and safety regulations, building codes and other land use regulations, as they may be adopted by governmental agencies and bodies and become applicable to the properties. We may be required to make substantial capital expenditures to comply with, and we may be restricted in our ability to renovate the properties subject to, those requirements. The resulting expenditures and restrictions could have a material adverse effect on our ability to meet our financial obligations.

Inflation may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Most of our leases contain provisions requiring the tenant to pay a share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance. However, increased inflation could have a more pronounced negative impact on our mortgage and debt interest and general and administrative expenses, as these costs could increase at a rate higher than our rents. Also, inflation may adversely affect tenant leases with stated rent increases or limits on such tenant's obligation to pay its share of operating expenses, which could be lower than the increase in inflation at any given time. It may also limit our ability to recover all of our operating expenses. Inflation could also have an adverse effect on consumer spending, which could impact our tenants' sales and, in turn, our average rents, and in some cases, our percentage rents, where applicable. In addition, renewals of leases or future leases may not be negotiated on current terms, in which event we may recover a smaller percentage of our operating expenses.

We face risks relating to cybersecurity attacks that could cause loss of confidential information and other business disruptions.

We rely extensively on computer systems to process transactions and manage our business, and our business is at risk from and may be impacted by cybersecurity attacks. These could include attempts to gain unauthorized access to our data and computer systems. Attacks can be both individual and/or highly organized attempts organized by very sophisticated hacking organizations. We employ a number of measures to prevent, detect and mitigate these threats, which include password protection, frequent password change events, firewall detection systems, frequent backups, a redundant data system for core applications and penetration testing; however, there is no guarantee such efforts will be successful in preventing a cyber-attack. A cybersecurity attack could compromise the confidential information of our employees, tenants and vendors. A successful attack could disrupt and affect our business operations, which may negatively affect our results of operations.

## RISKS RELATED TO OUR ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE

Our organizational documents contain provisions that generally would prohibit any person (other than members of the Kite family who, as a group, are currently allowed to own up to 21.5% of our outstanding common shares) from beneficially owning more than 7% of our outstanding common shares (or up to 9.8% in the case of certain designated investment entities, as defined in our declaration of trust), which may discourage third parties from conducting a tender offer or seeking other change of control transactions that could involve a premium price for our shares or otherwise benefit our shareholders.

Our organizational documents contain provisions that may have an anti-takeover effect and inhibit a change in our management.

(1) There are ownership limits and restrictions on transferability in our declaration of trust. In order for us to qualify as a REIT, no more than 50% of the value of our outstanding shares may be owned, actually or constructively, by five or fewer individuals at any time during the last half of each taxable year. To make sure that we will not fail to satisfy this requirement and for anti-takeover reasons, our declaration of trust generally prohibits any shareholder (other than an excepted holder or certain designated investment entities, as defined in our declaration of trust) from owning

(actually, constructively or by attribution), more than 7% of the value or number of our outstanding common shares. Our declaration of trust provides an excepted holder limit that allows members of the Kite family (Al Kite, John Kite and Paul Kite, their family members and certain entities controlled by one or more of the Kites), as a group, to own more than 7% of our outstanding common shares, so long as, under the applicable tax attribution rules, no one excepted holder treated as an individual would hold more than 21.5% of our common shares, no two excepted holders treated as individuals would own more than 28.5% of our common shares, no three excepted holders treated as individuals would own more than 35.5% of our common shares, no four excepted holders treated as individuals would own more than 42.5% of our common shares, and no five excepted holders treated as individuals would own more than 49.5% of our common shares. Currently, one of the excepted holders would be attributed all of the common shares owned by each other excepted holder and, accordingly, the excepted holders as a group would not be allowed to own in excess of 21.5% of our common shares. If at a later time, there were not one excepted holder that would be attributed all of the shares owned by the excepted holders as a group, the excepted holder limit would not permit each excepted holder to own 21.5% of our common shares. Rather, the excepted holder limit would prevent two or more excepted holders who are treated as individuals under the applicable tax attribution rules from owning a higher percentage of our common shares than the maximum amount of common shares that could be owned by any one excepted holder (21.5%), plus the maximum amount of common shares that could be owned by any one or more other individual common shareholders who are not excepted holders (7%). Certain entities that are defined as designated investment entities in our declaration of trust, which generally includes pension funds, mutual funds, and certain investment management companies, are permitted to own up to 9.8% of our outstanding common shares, so long as each beneficial owner of the shares owned by such designated investment entity would satisfy the 7% ownership limit if those beneficial owners owned directly their proportionate share of the common shares owned by the designated investment entity. Our Board of Trustees may waive, and has waived in the past, the 7% ownership limit or the 9.8% designated investment entity limit for a shareholder that is not an individual if such shareholder provides information and makes representations to the board that are satisfactory to the board, in its reasonable discretion, to establish that such person's ownership in excess of the 7% limit or the 9.8% limit, as applicable, would not jeopardize our qualification as a REIT. In addition, our declaration of trust contains certain other ownership restrictions intended to prevent us from earning income from related parties if such income would cause us to fail to comply with the REIT gross income requirements. The various ownership restrictions may:

- discourage a tender offer or other transactions or a change in management or control that might involve a premium price for our shares or otherwise be in the best interests of our shareholders; or
- compel a shareholder who has acquired our shares in excess of these ownership limitations to dispose of the additional shares and, as a result, to forfeit the benefits of owning the additional shares. Any acquisition of our common shares in violation of these ownership restrictions will be void ab initio and will result in automatic transfers of our common shares to a charitable trust, which will be responsible for selling the common shares to permitted transferees and distributing at least a portion of the proceeds to the prohibited transferees.

(2) Our declaration of trust permits our Board of Trustees to issue preferred shares with terms that may discourage a third party from acquiring us. Our declaration of trust permits our Board of Trustees to issue up to 40,000,000 preferred shares, having those preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to distributions, qualifications, or terms or conditions of redemption as determined by our Board. Thus, our Board could authorize the issuance of additional preferred shares with terms and conditions that could have the effect of discouraging a takeover or other transaction in which holders of some or a majority of our shares might receive a premium for their shares over the then-prevailing market price of our shares. In addition, any additional preferred shares that we issue likely would, like our Series A Preferred Shares, rank senior to our common shares with respect to payment of distributions, in which case we could not pay any distributions on our common shares until full distributions were paid with respect to such preferred shares.

(3) Our declaration of trust and bylaws contain other possible anti-takeover provisions. Our declaration of trust and bylaws contain other provisions that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company or the removal of existing management and, as a result, could prevent our shareholders from being paid a premium for their common shares over the then-prevailing market prices. These provisions include advance notice requirements for shareholder proposals and our Board of Trustees' power to reclassify shares and issue additional common shares or preferred shares and the absence of cumulative voting rights. Furthermore, our Board of Trustees has the sole power to amend our bylaws and may amend our bylaws in a way that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company or the removal of existing management or may otherwise be detrimental to your interests.

Certain provisions of Maryland law could inhibit changes in control.

Certain provisions of Maryland law may have the effect of inhibiting a third party from making a proposal to acquire us or of impeding a change of control under circumstances that otherwise could provide the holders of our common shares with the opportunity to realize a premium over the then-prevailing market price of such shares, including:

- “business combination moratorium/fair price” provisions that, subject to limitations, prohibit certain business combinations between us and an “interested shareholder” (defined generally as any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of our shares or an affiliate thereof) for five years after the most recent date on which the shareholder becomes an interested shareholder, and thereafter imposes stringent fair price and super-majority shareholder voting requirements on these combinations; and
- “control share” provisions that provide that “control shares” of our company (defined as shares which, when aggregated with other shares controlled by the shareholder, entitle the shareholder to exercise one of three increasing ranges of voting power in electing trustees) acquired in a “control share acquisition” (defined as the direct or indirect acquisition of ownership or control of “control shares” from a party other than the issuer) have no voting rights except to the extent approved by our shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding all interested shares, and are subject to redemption in certain circumstances.

We have opted out of these provisions of Maryland law. However, our Board of Trustees may opt to make these provisions applicable to us at any time.

A substantial number of common shares eligible for future issuance or sale could cause our common share price to decline significantly and may be dilutive to current shareholders.

Our declaration of trust authorizes our Board of Trustees to, among other things, issue additional common shares without shareholder approval. The issuance of substantial numbers of our common shares in the public market or the perception that such issuances might occur, could adversely affect the per share trading price of our common shares. In addition, any such issuance could dilute our existing shareholders' interests in our company. Furthermore, if our shareholders sell, or the market perceives that our shareholders intend to sell, substantial amounts of our common shares in the public market, the market price of our common shares could decline significantly. These sales also might make it more difficult for us to sell equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and price that we deem appropriate. As of December 31, 2014, we had outstanding 83,490,663 common shares, and substantially all of these shares are freely tradable. In addition, 1,639,443 units of our Operating Partnership were owned by our executive officers and other individuals as of December 31, 2014, and are redeemable by the holder for cash or, at our election, common shares. Pursuant to registration rights of certain of our executive officers and other individuals, we filed a registration statement with the SEC to register common shares issued (or issuable upon redemption of units in our Operating Partnership) in our formation transactions. As units are redeemed for common shares, the market price of our common shares could drop significantly if the holders of such shares sell them or are perceived by the market as intending to sell them.

Certain officers and trustees may have interests that conflict with the interests of shareholders.

Certain of our officers own limited partner units in our Operating Partnership. These individuals may have personal interests that conflict with the interests of our shareholders with respect to business decisions affecting us and our Operating Partnership, such as interests in the timing and pricing of property sales or refinancings in order to obtain favorable tax treatment. As a result, the effect of certain transactions on these unit holders may influence our decisions affecting these properties.

Departure or loss of our key officers could have an adverse effect on us.

Our future success depends, to a significant extent, upon the continued services of our existing executive officers. Our executive officers' experience in real estate acquisition, development and finance are critical elements of our future success. We have employment agreements with each of our executive officers. The term of each employment agreement is for three years from July 1, 2014, with automatic one-year renewals each July 1st thereafter unless either we or the officer elects not to renew them. If one or more of our key executives were to die, become disabled or otherwise leave the company's employ, we may not be able to replace this person with an executive officer of equal skill, ability, and industry expertise within a reasonable timeframe. Until suitable replacements could be identified and hired, our operations and financial condition could be impaired.

We depend on external capital to fund our capital needs.

To qualify as a REIT, we are required to distribute to our shareholders each year at least 90% of our “REIT taxable income” (determined before the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains). In order to eliminate federal income tax, we are required to distribute annually 100% of our net taxable income, including capital gains. Partly because of these distribution requirements, we may not be able to fund all future capital needs, including capital for property development and acquisitions, with income from operations. We therefore will have to rely on third-party sources of capital, which may or may not be available on favorable terms, if at all. Any additional debt we incur will increase our leverage, expose us to the risk of default and may impose operating restrictions on us, and any additional equity we raise could be dilutive to existing shareholders. Our access to third-party sources of capital depends on a number of things, including:

- general market conditions;
- the market’s perception of our growth potential;
  - our current debt levels;
- our current and potential future earnings;
- our cash flow and cash distributions;
- our ability to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes; and
  - the market price of our common shares.

If we cannot obtain capital from third-party sources, we may not be able to acquire or develop properties when strategic opportunities exist, satisfy our principal and interest obligations or make distributions to our shareholders.

Our rights and the rights of our shareholders to take action against our trustees and officers are limited.

Maryland law provides that a director or officer has limited liability in that capacity if he or she performs his or her duties in good faith, in a manner he or she reasonably believes to be in our best interests that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. Our declaration of trust and bylaws require us to indemnify our trustees and officers for actions taken by them in those capacities to the extent permitted by Maryland law.

Our shareholders have limited ability to prevent us from making any changes to our policies that they believe could harm our business, prospects, operating results or share price.

Our investment, financing, borrowing and dividend policies and our policies with respect to all other activities, including growth, debt, capitalization and operations, will be determined by our management and, in certain cases, approved by our Board of Trustees. These policies may be amended or revised from time to time at the discretion of our Board of Trustees without a vote of our shareholders. This means that our shareholders will have limited control over changes in our policies. Such changes in our policies intended to improve, expand or diversify our business may not have the anticipated effects and consequently may adversely affect our business and prospects, results of operations and share price.

Our share price could be volatile and could decline, resulting in a substantial or complete loss of our shareholders' investment.

The stock markets (including The New York Stock Exchange, or the "NYSE," on which we list our common and preferred shares) have experienced significant price and volume fluctuations. The market price of our common and preferred shares could be similarly volatile, and investors in our shares may experience a decrease in the value of their shares, including decreases unrelated to our operating performance or prospects. Among the market conditions that may affect the market price of our publicly traded securities are the following:

- our financial condition and operating performance and the performance of other similar companies;
  - actual or anticipated differences in our quarterly operating results;

- changes in our revenues or earnings estimates or recommendations by securities analysts;
  - publication by securities analysts of research reports about us or our industry;
    - additions and departures of key personnel;
- strategic decisions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions, divestments, spin-offs, joint ventures, strategic investments or changes in business strategy;
  - the reputation of REITs generally and the reputation of REITs with portfolios similar to ours;
- the attractiveness of the securities of REITs in comparison to securities issued by other entities (including securities issued by other real estate companies);
  - an increase in market interest rates, which may lead prospective investors to demand a higher distribution rate in relation to the price paid for our shares;
- the passage of legislation or other regulatory developments that adversely affect us or our industry including tax reform;
  - speculation in the press or investment community;
  - actions by institutional shareholders or hedge funds;
    - increase or decrease in dividends;
    - changes in accounting principles;
      - terrorist acts; and
  - general market conditions, including factors unrelated to our performance.

Moreover, an active trading market on the NYSE for our Series A Preferred Shares may not exist or, if it does exist, may not last, in which case the trading price of our Series A Preferred Shares could be adversely affected. In the past, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against companies following periods of volatility in their stock price. This type of litigation could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention and resources.

Holders of our Series A Preferred Shares have extremely limited voting rights.

Holders of our Series A Preferred Shares have extremely limited voting rights. Our common shares are the only class of our equity securities carrying full voting rights. Voting rights for holders of Series A Preferred Shares exist primarily with respect to the ability to appoint additional trustees to our Board of Trustees in the event that six quarterly dividends (whether or not consecutive) payable on our Series A Preferred Shares are in arrears, and with respect to voting on amendments to our declaration of trust or our Series A Preferred Shares Articles Supplementary that materially and adversely affect the rights of Series A Preferred Shares holders or create additional classes or series

of preferred shares that are senior to our Series A Preferred Shares. Other than in very limited circumstances, holders of our Series A Preferred Shares will not have voting rights.

The cash available for distribution to shareholders may not be sufficient to pay distributions at expected levels, nor can we assure you of our ability to make distributions in the future. We may use borrowed funds to make distributions.

If cash available for distribution generated by our assets decreases in future periods from expected levels, our inability to make expected distributions could result in a decrease in the market price of our common shares. All distributions will be made at the discretion of our Board of Trustees and will depend on our earnings, our financial condition, maintenance of our REIT qualification and other factors as our Board of Trustees may deem relevant from time to time. We may not be able to make distributions in the future. In addition, some of our distributions may include a return of capital. To the extent that we decide to make distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, such distributions would generally be considered a return of capital for federal income tax purposes to the extent of the holder's adjusted tax basis in their shares. A return of capital is not taxable, but it has the effect of reducing the holder's adjusted tax basis in its investment. To the extent that distributions exceed the adjusted tax basis of a holder's shares, they will be treated as gain from the sale or exchange of such shares. If we borrow to fund distributions, our future interest costs would increase, thereby reducing our earnings and cash available for distribution from what they otherwise would have been.

Future offerings of debt securities, which would be senior to our common and preferred shares, may adversely affect the market prices of our common and preferred shares.

In the future, we may attempt to increase our capital resources by making offerings of debt securities, including unsecured notes, medium term notes, senior or subordinated notes. Debt securities will generally be entitled to receive interest payments, both current and in connection with any liquidation or sale, prior to the holders of our common shares are entitled to receive distributions. Future offerings of debt securities, or the perception that such offerings may occur, may reduce the market prices of our common and preferred shares and/or the distributions that we pay with respect to our common shares. Because we may generally issue any such debt securities in the future without obtaining the consent of our shareholders, our shareholders will bear the risk of our future offerings reducing the market prices of our common and preferred shares.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or if they downgrade their recommendations regarding our common shares, our share price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our shares is influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. If any of the analysts who cover us downgrades our common shares or publishes inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our share price may decline. If analysts cease coverage of us or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our common share price or trading volume to decline and our shares to be less liquid. An inactive market may also impair our ability to raise capital by selling shares and may impair our ability to acquire additional properties or other businesses by using our shares as consideration, which in turn could materially adversely affect our business. In addition, the stock market in general, and the NYSE and REITs in particular, have recently experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations. These broad market and industry factors may decrease the market price of our shares, regardless of our actual operating performance. For these reasons, among others, the market price of our shares may decline substantially and quickly.

## TAX RISKS

Failure of our company to qualify as a REIT would have serious adverse consequences to us and our shareholders.

We believe that we have qualified for taxation as a REIT for federal income tax purposes commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2004. We intend to continue to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT, but we cannot assure shareholders that we will qualify as a REIT. We have not requested and do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS that we qualify as a REIT, and the statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are not binding on the IRS or any court. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on our income that we distribute currently to our shareholders. Many of the REIT requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. The determination that we are a REIT requires an analysis of various factual matters and circumstances that may not be totally within our control. For example, to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income must come from specific passive sources, such as rent, that are itemized in the REIT tax laws. In addition, to qualify as a REIT, we cannot own specified amounts of debt and equity securities of some issuers. We also are required to distribute to our shareholders with respect to each year at least 90% of our "REIT taxable income" (determined before the deduction

for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains). The fact that we hold substantially all of our assets through our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries and joint ventures further complicates the application of the REIT requirements for us. Even a technical or inadvertent mistake could jeopardize our REIT status and, given the highly complex nature of the rules governing REITs and the ongoing importance of factual determinations, we cannot provide any assurance that we will continue to qualify as a REIT. Furthermore, Congress and the IRS might make changes to the tax laws and regulations, and the courts might issue new rulings, that make it more difficult, or impossible, for us to remain qualified as a REIT.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, and are unable to avail ourselves of certain savings provisions set forth in the Internal Revenue Code, we would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates. As a taxable corporation, we would not be allowed to take a deduction for distributions to shareholders in computing our taxable income or pass through long term capital gains to individual shareholders at favorable rates. We also could be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax and possibly increased state and local taxes. We would not be able to elect to be taxed as a REIT for four years following the year we first failed to qualify unless the IRS were to grant us relief under certain statutory provisions. Since we were the successor to Inland Diversified for federal income tax purposes as a result of the Merger, the rule against re-electing REIT status following a loss of such status also would apply to us if Inland Diversified failed to qualify as a REIT in any of its 2011 through 2014 tax years. Although Inland Diversified believed that it was organized and operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT for each of its taxable years prior to the Merger with us, Inland Diversified did not request a ruling from the IRS that it qualified as a REIT and thus no assurance can be given that it qualified as a REIT.

If we failed to qualify as a REIT, we would have to pay significant income taxes, which would reduce our net earnings available for investment or distribution to our shareholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT, such failure would cause an event of default under our unsecured revolving credit facility and may adversely affect our ability to raise capital and to service our debt. This likely would have a significant adverse effect on our earnings and the value of our securities. In addition, we would no longer be required to pay any distributions to shareholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes and are able to avail ourselves of one or more of the statutory savings provisions in order to maintain our REIT status, we would nevertheless be required to pay penalty taxes of \$50,000 or more for each such failure. If Inland Diversified failed to qualify as a REIT for a taxable year before the Merger or that includes the Merger and no relief is available, in connection with the Merger we would succeed to any earnings and profits accumulated by Inland Diversified for taxable periods that it did not qualify as a REIT, and we would have to pay a special dividend and/or employ applicable deficiency dividend procedures (including significant interest payments to the IRS) to eliminate such earnings and profits.

We will pay some taxes even if we qualify as a REIT.

Even if we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we will be required to pay certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and property. For example, we will be subject to income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income (including capital gains). Additionally, we will be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax on the amount, if any, by which dividends paid by us in any calendar year are less than the sum of 85% of our ordinary income, 95% of our capital gain net income and 100% of our undistributed income from prior years. Moreover, if we have net income from “prohibited transactions,” that income will be subject to a 100% tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. The determination as to whether a particular sale is a prohibited transaction depends on the facts and circumstances related to that sale. While we will undertake sales of assets if those assets become inconsistent with our long-term strategic or return objectives, we do not believe that those sales should be considered prohibited transactions, but there can be no assurance that the IRS would not contend otherwise. The need to avoid prohibited transactions could cause us to forego or defer sales of properties that might otherwise be in our best interest to sell.

In addition, any net taxable income earned directly by our taxable REIT subsidiaries, or through entities that are disregarded for federal income tax purposes as entities separate from our taxable REIT subsidiaries, will be subject to federal and possibly state corporate income tax. We have elected to treat Kite Realty Holdings, LLC as a taxable REIT subsidiary, and we may elect to treat other subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries in the future. In this regard, several provisions of the laws applicable to REITs and their subsidiaries ensure that a taxable REIT subsidiary will be subject to an appropriate level of federal income taxation. For example, a taxable REIT subsidiary is limited in its ability to deduct interest payments made to an affiliated REIT. In addition, the REIT has to pay a 100% penalty tax on some payments that it receives or on some deductions taken by the taxable REIT subsidiaries if the economic arrangements between the REIT, the REIT’s tenants, and the taxable REIT subsidiary are not comparable to similar arrangements between unrelated parties. Finally, some state and local jurisdictions may tax some of our income even though as a REIT we are not subject to federal income tax on that income because not all states and localities treat REITs the same way they are treated for federal income tax purposes. To the extent that we and our affiliates are required to pay federal, state and local taxes, we will have less cash available for distributions to our shareholders.

If Inland Diversified failed to qualify as a REIT for a taxable year before the Merger or that includes the Merger and no relief is available, as a result of the Merger (a) we would inherit any corporate income tax liabilities of Inland

Diversified for Inland Diversified's open tax years (generally three years or Inland Diversified's 2011 through 2014 tax years but possibly extending back six years or Inland Diversified's initial 2009 tax year through its 2014 tax year), including penalties and interest, and (b) we would be subject to tax on the built-in gain on each asset of Inland Diversified existing at the time of the Merger if we were to dispose of the Inland Diversified asset within ten years following the Merger (i.e. before July 1, 2024).

REIT distribution requirements may increase our indebtedness.

We may be required from time to time, under certain circumstances, to accrue income for tax purposes that has not yet been received. In such event, or upon our repayment of principal on debt, we could have taxable income without sufficient cash to enable us to meet the distribution requirements of a REIT. Accordingly, we could be required to borrow funds or liquidate investments on adverse terms in order to meet these distribution requirements.

Complying with REIT requirements may limit our ability to hedge effectively and may cause us to incur tax liabilities.

The REIT provisions of the Code may limit our ability to hedge our assets and operations. Under these provisions, any income that we generate from transactions intended to hedge our interest rate risk will be excluded from gross income for purposes of the REIT 75% and 95% gross income tests if the instrument hedges interest rate risk on liabilities used to carry or acquire real estate assets or manages the risk of certain currency fluctuations, and such instrument is properly identified under applicable Treasury Regulations. Income from hedging transactions that do not meet these requirements will generally constitute non-qualifying income for purposes of both the REIT 75% and 95% gross income tests. As a result of these rules, we may have to limit our use of hedging techniques that might otherwise be advantageous or implement those hedges through a taxable REIT subsidiary. This could increase the cost of our hedging activities because our taxable REIT subsidiary would be subject to tax on gains or expose us to greater risks associated with changes in interest rates than we would otherwise want to bear. In addition, losses in our taxable REIT subsidiary will generally not provide any tax benefit, except for being carried back or forward against past or future taxable income in the taxable REIT subsidiary.

Complying with the REIT requirements may cause us to forgo and/or liquidate otherwise attractive investments.

To qualify as a REIT, we must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, the sources of our income, the nature and diversification of our assets, the amounts that we distribute to our shareholders and the ownership of our shares. To meet these tests, we may be required to take or forgo taking actions that we would otherwise consider advantageous. For instance, in order to satisfy the gross income or asset tests applicable to REITs under the Code, we may be required to forgo investments that we otherwise would make. Furthermore, we may be required to liquidate from our portfolio otherwise attractive investments. In addition, we may be required to make distributions to shareholders at disadvantageous times or when we do not have funds readily available for distribution. These actions could reduce our income and amounts available for distribution to our shareholders. Thus, compliance with the REIT requirements may hinder our investment performance.

Dividends paid by REITs generally do not qualify for reduced tax rates.

The maximum rate applicable to “qualified dividend income” paid by regular “C” corporations to U.S. shareholders that are individuals, trusts and estates generally is 20%. Dividends payable by REITs, however, generally are not eligible for the current reduced rate, except to the extent that certain holding requirements have been met and a REIT’s dividends are attributable to dividends received by a REIT from taxable corporations (such as a REIT’s taxable REIT subsidiaries), to income that was subject to tax at the REIT/corporate level, or to dividends properly designated by the REIT as “capital gains dividends.” Although the reduced rates applicable to dividend income from regular “C” corporations do not adversely affect the taxation of REITs or dividends payable by REITs, it could cause investors who are non-corporate taxpayers to perceive investments in REITs to be relatively less attractive than investments in the shares of regular “C” corporations that pay dividends, which could adversely affect the value of our common shares.

If the Operating Partnership fails to qualify as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we could fail to qualify as a REIT and suffer other adverse consequences.

We believe that our Operating Partnership is organized and operated in a manner so as to be treated as a partnership and not an association or a publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a partnership, our Operating Partnership is not subject to U.S. federal income tax on its income. Instead, each of the partners is allocated its share of our Operating Partnership's income. No assurance can be provided, however, that the IRS will not challenge our Operating Partnership's status as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or that a court would not sustain such a challenge. If the IRS were successful in treating our Operating Partnership as an association or publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we would fail to meet the gross income tests and certain of the asset tests applicable to REITs and, accordingly, would cease to qualify as a REIT. Also, the failure of the Operating Partnership to qualify as a partnership would cause it to become subject to U.S. federal corporate income tax, which would reduce significantly the amount of its cash available for distribution to its partners, including us.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None

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## ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

## Retail Operating Properties

As of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in a portfolio of 118 retail operating properties totaling 23.9 million square feet of total Gross Leasable Area (“GLA”) (including non-owned anchor space of 7,702,685 square feet). The following tables set forth more specific information with respect to the Company’s retail operating properties as of December 31, 2014:

| Property <sup>1</sup>          | MSA         | Year                | Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> |         |        | Leased |         |        | ABR<br>per<br>SqFt | Major  |                       |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------------------|--|-----------------------|
|                                |             | Built/<br>Renovated | Total                  | Anchors | Shops  | Total  | Anchors | Shops  |                    | Owned<br>Tenants   | Non-owned<br>Tenants  |
| <b>Alabama</b>                 |             |                     |                        |         |        |        |         |        |                    |  |                       |
| Clay<br>Marketplace            | Birmingham  | 1966/2003           | 66,165                 | 44,840  | 21,325 | 93.1%  | 100.0%  | 78.7%  | \$ 12.50           | Publix   |                       |
| Eastside<br>Junction**         | Athens      | 2008                | 79,700                 | 45,600  | 34,100 | 91.0%  | 100.0%  | 79.0%  | 12.02              | Publix   |                       |
| Prattville<br>Town<br>Center** | Prattville  | 2007                | 168,842                | 112,042 | 56,800 | 98.9%  | 100.0%  | 96.8%  | 14.61              | Books A<br>Million,<br>Office Depot,<br>PetSmart,<br>Ross Dress for<br>Less,<br>TJ Maxx  | Target, Home<br>Depot |
| Trussville<br>Promenade        | Birmingham  | 1999                | 446,484                | 354,010 | 92,474 | 95.7%  | 100.0%  | 79.4%  | 9.26               | Wal-Mart,<br>Regal<br>Cinemas,<br>Marshalls, Big<br>Lots,<br>PetSmart,<br>Dollar Tree    | Kohl's, Sam's<br>Club |
| <b>Arizona</b>                 |             |                     |                        |         |        |        |         |        |                    |  |                       |
| The Corner                     | Tucson      | 2008                | 79,902                 | 55,883  | 24,019 | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 28.05              | Nordstrom<br>Rack, Total<br>Wine & More  | Home Depot            |
| <b>Arkansas</b>                |             |                     |                        |         |        |        |         |        |                    |  |                       |
| Fairgrounds<br>Crossing**      | Hot Springs | 2011                | 151,927                | 126,613 | 25,314 | 98.7%  | 100.0%  | 91.9%  | 12.85              | Bed Bath &<br>Beyond, Best<br>Buy, Dick's<br>Sporting<br>Goods,<br>Michaels,<br>PetSmart | Sam's Club            |
| <b>Connecticut</b>             |             |                     |                        |         |        |        |         |        |                    |  |                       |

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|                               |                 |           |         |         |         |        |        |        |       |  |                         |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|-------------------------|
| Crossing at Killingly Commons | Worcester MA-CT | 2010      | 208,929 | 148,250 | 60,679  | 97.0%  | 100.0% | 89.5%  | 16.00 | Bed Bath & Beyond, Lowe's Home Improvement, Michaels, Petco, Staples, Stop & Shop Supermarket, TJ Maxx | Target                  |
| Florida                       |                 |           |         |         |         |        |        |        |       |  |                         |
| 12th Street Plaza             | Vero Beach      | 1978/2003 | 138,268 | 121,376 | 16,892  | 99.0%  | 100.0% | 91.7%  | 9.82  | Publix, Stein Mart, Tuesday Morning, Sunshine Furniture, Planet Fitness                                |                         |
| Bayport Commons               | Tampa           | 2008      | 97,193  | 71,540  | 25,653  | 91.6%  | 100.0% | 68.1%  | 16.08 | Gander Mountain, PetSmart, Michaels  | Target                  |
| Bolton Plaza                  | Jacksonville    | 1986/2014 | 155,705 | 114,195 | 41,510  | 87.5%  | 100.0% | 53.0%  | 9.12  | LA Fitness, Academy Sports   |                         |
| Burnt Store Promenade         | Punta Gorda     | 1989      | 94,223  | 42,112  | 52,111  | 74.9%  | 100.0% | 54.6%  | 9.04  | Publix   | Home Depot              |
| Centre Point Commons          | Bradenton       | 2007      | 119,275 | 93,574  | 25,701  | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 16.88 | Best Buy, Dick's Sporting Goods, Office Depot  | Lowe's Home Improvement |
| Cobblestone Plaza             | Ft Lauderdale   | 2011      | 133,213 | 68,169  | 65,044  | 99.2%  | 100.0% | 98.3%  | 25.79 | Whole Foods, Party City, All Pets Emporium   |                         |
| Colonial Square               | Fort Myers      | 2010      | 182,354 | 146,283 | 36,071  | 92.2%  | 100.0% | 60.6%  | 15.06 | Around the Clock Fitness, Dollar Tree, Hobby Lobby, PetSmart, Sports Authority                         | Kohl's                  |
| Cove Center                   | Stuart          | 1984/2008 | 155,053 | 130,915 | 24,138  | 96.2%  | 100.0% | 75.5%  | 9.12  | Publix, Bealls, Ace Hardware   |                         |
| Delray Marketplace            | Delray          | 2013      | 260,255 | 118,136 | 142,119 | 90.4%  | 100.0% | 82.4%  | 24.08 | Frank Theatres, Publix, Jos. A. Bank, Carl's Patio, Chico's, Charming Charlie, Ann                     |                         |

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|                               |                 |           |         |         |         |        |        |        |       | Taylor  |                |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|----------------|
| Estero Town Commons           | Naples          | 2006      | 2006    | -       | 25,631  | 46.8%  | 0.0%   | 46.8%  | 18.67 | Lowe's Home Improvement   |                |
| Hunter's Creek Promenade      | Orlando         | 1994      | 119,729 | 55,999  | 63,730  | 98.4%  | 100.0% | 97.0%  | 13.35 | Publix  |                |
| Indian River Square           | Vero Beach      | 1997/2004 | 142,706 | 109,000 | 33,706  | 95.9%  | 100.0% | 82.8%  | 10.88 | Bealls, Office Depot, Dollar Tree   | Target         |
| International Speedway Square | Daytona         | 1999/2013 | 233,495 | 203,457 | 30,038  | 99.5%  | 100.0% | 96.0%  | 10.97 | Bed Bath & Beyond, Stein Mart, Old Navy, Staples, Michaels, Dick's Sporting Goods, Total Wine & More, Shoe Carnival |                |
| King's Lake Square            | Naples          | 1986/2014 | 87,073  | 55,610  | 31,463  | 88.8%  | 100.0% | 69.1%  | 17.34 | Publix, Royal Fitness   |                |
| Lake City Commons             | Lake City       | 2008      | 66,510  | 45,600  | 20,910  | 90.7%  | 100.0% | 70.4%  | 13.60 | Publix  |                |
| Lake City Commons - Phase II  | Lake City       | 2011      | 16,291  | 12,131  | 4,160   | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 14.86 | PetSmart  |                |
| Lake Mary Plaza               | Orlando         | 2009      | 21,370  | 14,880  | 6,490   | 91.4%  | 100.0% | 71.6%  | 37.82 | Walgreens   |                |
| Lakewood Promenade            | Jacksonville    | 1948/1998 | 196,820 | 77,840  | 118,980 | 86.3%  | 100.0% | 77.3%  | 11.43 | Stein Mart, Winn Dixie  |                |
| Lithia Crossing               | Tampa           | 2003/2013 | 90,499  | 53,547  | 36,952  | 91.2%  | 100.0% | 78.6%  | 14.14 | Stein Mart, The Fresh Market  |                |
| Miramar Square                | Fort Lauderdale | 2008      | 238,334 | 137,505 | 100,829 | 84.9%  | 85.5%  | 84.2%  | 18.30 | Kohl's, Miami Children's Hospital, Dollar General   |                |
| Northdale Promenade           | Tampa           | 1985/2002 | 175,925 | 118,269 | 57,656  | 93.6%  | 100.0% | 80.5%  | 11.51 | TJ Maxx, Bealls, Crunch Fitness   | Winn Dixie     |
| Palm Coast Landing            | Palm Coast      | 2010      | 168,297 | 106,292 | 62,005  | 94.3%  | 94.9%  | 93.5%  | 18.20 | Michaels, PetSmart, Ross Dress for Less, TJ Maxx, Ulta Salon  | Target         |
| Pine Ridge Crossing           | Naples          | 1993      | 105,867 | 66,351  | 39,516  | 98.0%  | 100.0% | 94.5%  | 16.30 | Publix, Party City  | Bealls, Target |



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Retail Operating Properties (continued)

| Property 1                | MSA            | Year<br>Built/<br>Renovated | Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> |         | Leased |        |         | ABR<br>per<br>Sq.<br>ft. | Major    |   |                         |
|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------------------------|----------|---|-------------------------|
|                           |                |                             | Total                  | Anchors | Shops  | Total  | Anchors |                          | Shops    | Major Owned<br>Tenants  | Non-owned<br>Tenants    |
| Pleasant Hill Commons     | Orlando        | 2008                        | 70,642                 | 45,600  | 25,042 | 95.2%  | 100.0%  | 86.4%                    | \$ 14.22 | Publix  |                         |
| Publix at St. Cloud       | St. Cloud      | 2003                        | 78,820                 | 54,379  | 24,441 | 92.7%  | 100.0%  | 76.5%                    | 12.42    | Publix  |                         |
| Riverchase Plaza          | Naples         | 1991/2001                   | 78,291                 | 48,890  | 29,401 | 98.5%  | 100.0%  | 95.9%                    | 15.29    | Publix  |                         |
| Saxon Crossing            | Orange City    | 2009                        | 119,894                | 95,304  | 24,590 | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0%                   | 14.71    | Hobby Lobby, LA Fitness   | Lowe's Home Improvement |
| Shops at Eagle Creek      | Naples         | 1983/2013                   | 70,755                 | 50,187  | 20,568 | 91.4%  | 100.0%  | 70.4%                    | 14.99    | Staples, The Fresh Market   | Lowe's Home Improvement |
| Shops of Eastwood         | Orlando        | 1997                        | 69,037                 | 51,512  | 17,525 | 98.1%  | 100.0%  | 92.6%                    | 12.74    | Publix  |                         |
| Shops at Julington Creek  | Jacksonville   | 2011                        | 40,207                 | 21,038  | 19,169 | 96.4%  | 100.0%  | 92.5%                    | 18.27    | The Fresh Market  |                         |
| Tarpon Bay Plaza          | Naples         | 2007                        | 82,547                 | 60,151  | 22,396 | 90.8%  | 100.0%  | 66.1%                    | 21.60    | World Market, Staples   | Target                  |
| Temple Terrace            | Temple Terrace | 2012                        | 90,377                 | 58,798  | 31,579 | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0%                   | 10.41    | Sweetbay, United Parcel Service   |                         |
| The Landings at Tradition | Port St Lucie  | 2007                        | 359,758                | 272,944 | 86,814 | 90.4%  | 100.0%  | 60.1%                    | 15.19    | Babies "R" Us, Bed Bath & Beyond, LA Fitness, Michaels, Office Max, Old Navy, PetSmart, Pier 1, Sports Authority, TJ Maxx, Ulta Salon | Target                  |
| Tradition Village Square  | Port St Lucie  | 2006                        | 93,210                 | 45,600  | 47,610 | 85.9%  | 100.0%  | 72.3%                    | 16.08    | Publix  |                         |
| Village Walk              | Fort Myers     | 2009                        | 78,533                 | 54,340  | 24,193 | 90.0%  | 100.0%  | 67.5%                    | 15.88    | Publix  |                         |
| Waterford Lakes Village   | Orlando        | 1997                        | 77,948                 | 51,703  | 26,245 | 96.7%  | 100.0%  | 90.1%                    | 12.39    | Winn-Dixie  |                         |

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Georgia

|                        |              |           |         |         |         |        |        |        |       |  |                             |  |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Beechwood Promenade    | Athens       | 1961/2009 | 342,217 | 247,011 | 195,206 | 94.2%  | 100.0% | 79.0%  | 11.42 | TJ Maxx, Georgia Theatre, CVS, BodyPlex, Stein Mart, Tuesday Morning, The Fresh Market, Jos A. Bank, Ann Taylor, Talbots, USPS, Buffalos |                             |  |
| Mullins Crossing       | Evans        | 2005      | 251,712 | 205,716 | 45,996  | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 11.94 | Babies "R" Us, Kohl's, La-Z Boy, Marshalls, Office Max, Ross Dress for Less, Petco   | Target                      |  |
| Publix at Acworth      | Atlanta      | 1996      | 69,628  | 37,888  | 31,740  | 96.6%  | 100.0% | 92.4%  | 11.94 | Publix   |                             |  |
| The Centre at Panola   | Atlanta      | 2001      | 73,079  | 51,674  | 21,405  | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 12.21 | Publix   |                             |  |
| Illinois               |              |           |         |         |         |        |        |        |       |  |                             |  |
| Fox Lake Crossing      | Chicago      | 2002      | 99,072  | 65,977  | 33,095  | 90.0%  | 100.0% | 69.9%  | 13.50 | Dominick's Finer Foods, Dollar Tree  |                             |  |
| Naperville Marketplace | Chicago      | 2008      | 83,793  | 61,683  | 22,110  | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 13.42 | TJ Maxx, PetSmart  | Caputo's                    |  |
| South Elgin Commons    | Chicago      | 2011      | 128,000 | 128,000 | -       | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0%   | 14.50 | LA Fitness, Ross Dress for Less, Toy "R" Us  | Target                      |  |
| Indiana                |              |           |         |         |         |        |        |        |       |  |                             |  |
| 54th & College2        | Indianapolis | 2008      | -       | -       | -       | 0.0%   | 0.0%   | 0.0%   | -     | The Fresh Market (ground lease)  |                             |  |
| Beacon Hill            | Crown Point  | 2006      | 57,191  | 11,043  | 46,148  | 84.0%  | 100.0% | 80.1%  | 15.09 | Anytime Fitness  | Strack & Van Til, Walgreens |  |
| Bell Oaks Center       | Newburgh     | 2008      | 94,811  | 74,122  | 20,689  | 98.5%  | 100.0% | 93.0%  | 11.61 | Archie & Clyde's Restaurant, Schnuck's Markets   |                             |  |
| Boulevard Crossing     | Kokomo       | 2004      | 124,631 | 74,440  | 50,191  | 95.4%  | 100.0% | 88.6%  | 14.24 | Petco, TJ Maxx, Ulta Salon, Shoe   | Kohl's                      |  |

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|                                      |              |           |         |         |        |        |        |        |       | Carnival  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|--|
| Bridgewater Marketplace              | Indianapolis | 2008      | 25,975  | -25,975 | 68.2%  | 0.0%   | 68.2%  | 17.68  |       | Walgreens   |  |
| Castleton Crossing                   | Indianapolis | 1975/2012 | 277,812 | 247,710 | 30,102 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 10.75 | K&G Menswear, Value City, TJ Maxx/Home Goods, Shoe Carnival, Dollar Tree, Burlington Coat Factory |  |
| Cool Creek Commons                   | Indianapolis | 2005      | 124,646 | 53,600  | 71,046 | 95.6%  | 100.0% | 92.2%  | 17.22 | The Fresh Market, Stein Mart  |  |
| Depauw University Bookstore and Café | Greencastle  | 2012      | 11,974  | -11,974 |        | 100.0% | 0.0%   | 100.0% | 8.36  | Folletts, Starbucks   |  |
| Eddy Street Commons                  | South Bend   | 2009      | 88,093  | 20,154  | 67,939 | 92.7%  | 100.0% | 90.6%  | 23.28 | Hammes Bookstore, Urban Outfitters  |  |
| Fishers Station                      | Indianapolis | 1989/2009 | 116,943 | 72,212  | 44,731 | 96.6%  | 100.0% | 91.2%  | 11.75 | Marsh Supermarkets, Goodwill, Dollar Tree   |  |
| Geist Pavilion                       | Indianapolis | 2006      | 64,102  | 29,700  | 34,402 | 95.9%  | 100.0% | 92.3%  | 16.25 | Goodwill, Ace Hardware  |  |
| Glendale Town Center                 | Indianapolis | 1958/2008 | 393,002 | 329,546 | 63,456 | 98.8%  | 100.0% | 92.7%  | 6.99  | Macy's, Landmark Theaters, Staples, Indianapolis Library, Nexus Academy of Indianapolis           | Lowe's Home Improvement, Target, Walgreens |

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Retail Operating Properties (continued)

| Property 1                     | MSA           | Year Built/<br>Renovated | Owned GLA2 |         |        | Leased |         |        | ABR<br>per<br>Sqft | Major Tenants  |           |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------------------|--|-----------|
|                                |               |                          | Total      | Anchors | Shops  | Total  | Anchors | Shops  |                    | Owned  | Non-owned |
| Greyhound Commons2             | Indianapolis  | 2005                     | -          | -       | -      | 0.0%   | 0.0%    | 0.0%   | \$ -               | Lowe's Home Improvement Center   |           |
| Lima Marketplace               | Fort Wayne    | 2008                     | 93,135     | 71,521  | 21,614 | 98.5%  | 100.0%  | 93.5%  | 13.97              | Aldi, Dollar Tree, Office Depot, PetSmart, Wal-mart  |           |
| Rangeline Crossing             | Indianapolis  | 1986/2013                | 99,311     | 47,962  | 51,349 | 91.8%  | 100.0%  | 84.1%  | 21.57              | Earth Fare, Walgreens  |           |
| Rivers Edge                    | Indianapolis  | 2011                     | 149,209    | 117,890 | 31,319 | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 19.68              | Buy Buy Baby, Nordstrom Rack, The Container Store, Arhaus Furniture, Bicycle Garage of Indy                                |           |
| Stoney Creek Commons           | Indianapolis  | 2000/2013                | 84,330     | 84,330  | -      | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 0.0%   | 12.39              | HH Gregg, Goodwill, LA Fitness, Lowe's Home Improvement  |           |
| The Corner Traders Point       | Indianapolis  | 1984/2013                | 42,494     | 12,200  | 30,294 | 65.1%  | 0.0%    | 91.3%  | 18.71              | Dick's Sporting Goods, AMC Theatres, Marsh Supermarkets, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Michaels, Old Navy, PetSmart, Books-A-Million |           |
| Traders Point II               | Indianapolis  | 2005                     | 46,099     | -       | 46,099 | 88.7%  | 0.0%    | 88.7%  | 25.33              |  |           |
| Whitehall Pike                 | Bloomington   | 1999                     | 128,997    | 128,997 | -      | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 0.0%   | 7.86               | Lowe's Home Improvement Center   |           |
| Louisiana Regal Court**        | Shreveport    | 2008                     | 151,719    | 89,649  | 62,070 | 79.5%  | 77.7%   | 82.1%  | 19.77              | Dick's Sporting Goods, DSW, Ulta Salon, JC Penney, Kohl's  |           |
| Missouri Shops at Hawk Ridge** | Lake St Louis | 2008                     | 75,951     | 66,081  | 9,870  | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 12.15              | Sports Authority, TJ Maxx, Lowe's Home Improvement,  |           |

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|                          |           |           |         |         |         |         |        |        |       | Wal-Mart  |                                     |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|-------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Nebraska                 |           |           |         |         |         |         |        |        |       |   |                                     |
| Whispering Ridge**       | Omaha     | 2008      | 69,676  | 69,676  | -       | -100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0%   | 14.24 | PetSmart, Sports Authority  |                                     |
| Nevada                   |           |           |         |         |         |         |        |        |       |   |                                     |
| Cannery Corner           | Las Vegas | 2008      | 30,745  | -       | 30,745  | 88.3%   | 0.0%   | 88.3%  | 34.38 |   |                                     |
| Centennial Center        | Las Vegas | 2002      | 334,705 | 158,335 | 176,370 | 92.5%   | 100.0% | 85.7%  | 22.58 | Big Lots, Famous Footwear, Michaels, Office Max, Party City, Petco, Rhapsodielle, Ross Dress for Less, Home Depot, Sam's Club, Wal-Mart |                                     |
| Centennial Gateway       | Las Vegas | 2005      | 192,999 | 139,861 | 53,138  | 96.7%   | 100.0% | 88.2%  | 23.59 | 24 Hour Fitness, Fresh & Easy Neighborhood Market, Sportsman's Warehouse, Walgreens   |                                     |
| Eastern Beltway Center   | Las Vegas | 1998/2006 | 162,444 | 83,982  | 78,462  | 97.4%   | 100.0% | 94.6%  | 23.05 | Home Consignment Center, Office Max, Petco, Ross Dress for Less, Sam's Club, Wal-mart   | Home Depot                          |
| Eastgate                 | Las Vegas | 2002      | 96,589  | 53,030  | 43,559  | 88.5%   | 100.0% | 74.4%  | 21.71 | 99 Cent Only Store, Office Depot, Party City  | Wal-mart                            |
| Lowe's Plaza             | Las Vegas | 2007      | 30,208  | -       | 30,208  | 44.4%   | 0.0%   | 44.4%  | 30.48 |   | Sam's Club, Lowe's Home Improvement |
| Rampart Commons          | Las Vegas | 2002      | 81,292  | 29,265  | 52,027  | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 100.0% | 26.79 | Ann Taylor, Chico's, Francesca's Collection, Banana Republic, Pottery Barn, Williams Sonoma   |                                     |
| New Hampshire            |           |           |         |         |         |         |        |        |       |   |                                     |
| Merrimack Village Center | Merrimack | 2007      | 78,892  | 54,000  | 24,892  | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 100.0% | 12.29 | Supervalu   |                                     |

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New Jersey

|                  |         |      |         |        |        |       |        |       |       |   |
|------------------|---------|------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---|
| Bayonne Crossing | Bayonne | 2011 | 106,383 | 52,219 | 54,164 | 95.8% | 100.0% | 91.8% | 28.25 | Michaels, New York Sports Club, Lowe's Home Improvement, Wal-mart |
|------------------|---------|------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---|

New York

|                             |              |      |         |         |        |       |        |       |       |   |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------|---------|---------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---|
| City Center at White Plains | White Plains | 2004 | 365,905 | 329,360 | 36,545 | 96.0% | 100.0% | 60.3% | 26.01 | Barnes & Noble, Target National Amusement, New York Sports Club, Nordstrom Rack, Shop Rite, Toys "R" Us/Babies "R" Us |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------|---------|---------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---|

North Carolina

|                            |               |      |         |         |        |       |        |       |       |   |
|----------------------------|---------------|------|---------|---------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---|
| Holly Springs Towne Center | Holly Springs | 2013 | 207,631 | 109,233 | 98,398 | 92.3% | 100.0% | 83.7% | 15.93 | Dick's Sporting Goods, Target, Marshalls, Petco, Ulta Salon |
| Memorial Commons           | Goldsboro     | 2008 | 111,271 | 73,876  | 37,395 | 91.0% | 100.0% | 73.1% | 12.00 | Harris Teeter, Office Depot                                 |

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Retail Operating Properties (continued)

| Property <sup>1</sup>      | MSA           | Year                | Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> |         |        | Leased |         |        | ABR<br>per<br>Sqft | Major<br>Owned<br>Tenants   | Major<br>Non-owned<br>Tenants   |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------------------|---|---------------------------------|
|                            |               | Built/<br>Renovated | Total                  | Anchors | Shops  | Total  | Anchors | Shops  |                    |   |                                 |
| Northcrest Shopping Center | Charlotte     | 2008                | 133,674                | 76,053  | 57,621 | 95.7%  | 100.0%  | 89.9%  | \$ 21.40           | David's Bridal, Dollar Tree, Old Navy, REI, Shoe Carnival   | Target                          |
| Oleander Place             | Wilmington    | 2012                | 45,530                 | 30,144  | 15,386 | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 16.06              | Whole Foods   |                                 |
| Perimeter Woods            | Charlotte     | 2008                | 126,143                | 105,262 | 20,881 | 99.2%  | 100.0%  | 95.2%  | 20.60              | Best Buy, Off Broadway Shoes, Office Max, PetSmart, Lowe's Home Improvement   |                                 |
| Toringdon Market           | Charlotte     | 2004                | 60,539                 | 26,072  | 34,467 | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 19.63              | Earth Fare  |                                 |
| Walgreens Plaza**          | Jacksonville  | 2010                | 42,219                 | 27,779  | 14,440 | 91.1%  | 100.0%  | 74.0%  | 22.11              | L-3 Communications, Walgreens   |                                 |
| Ohio Eastgate Pavilion     | Cincinnati    | 1995                | 236,230                | 231,730 | 4,500  | 100.0% | 100.0%  | 100.0% | 8.73               | Best Buy, Dick's Sporting Goods, Value City Furniture, PetSmart, DSW, Bed Bath & Beyond                               |                                 |
| Oklahoma Shops at Moore    | Moore         | 2010                | 259,692                | 187,916 | 71,776 | 99.5%  | 100.0%  | 98.3%  | 12.03              | Bed Bath and Beyond, Best Buy, Dustee's Fashion Accessories, Hobby Lobby, Office Depot, PetSmart, Ross Dress for Less | JC Penney                       |
| Silver Springs Pointe      | Oklahoma City | 2001                | 48,444                 | 20,515  | 27,929 | 73.0%  | 100.0%  | 53.1%  | 15.02              | Kohl's, Office Depot  | Walmart, Sam's Club, Home Depot |
| University Town Center     | Norman        | 2009                | 158,516                | 77,097  | 81,419 | 95.6%  | 100.0%  | 91.5%  | 17.43              | Office Depot, Petco, TJ Maxx, Ulta Salon  | Target                          |
|                            | Norman        | 2012                | 190,494                | 133,546 | 56,948 | 95.4%  | 100.0%  | 84.5%  | 12.07              |   |                                 |

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|  |             |           |         |         |        |        |        |        |       |   |            |
|--|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|------------|
| University<br>Town<br>Center<br>Phase II<br>Oregon |             |           |         |         |        |        |        |        |       | Academy Sports,<br>DSW, Home<br>Goods, Michaels,<br>Kohl's  |            |
| Cornelius<br>Gateway                               | Portland    | 2006      | 21,326  | -       | 21,326 | 70.8%  | 0.0%   | 70.8%  | 21.10 | Fedex/Kinkos  | Fred Meyer |
| Shops at<br>Otty                                   | Portland    | 2004      | 9,845   | -       | 9,845  | 84.7%  | 0.0%   | 84.7%  | 28.19 |   | Wal-Mart   |
| South<br>Carolina<br>Hitchcock<br>Plaza            | Aiken       | 2006      | 252,370 | 214,480 | 37,890 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 9.29  | Academy Sports,<br>Achieve Fitness,<br>Bed Bath and<br>Beyond, Farmers<br>Home Furniture,<br>Old Navy, Ross<br>Dress for Less, TJ<br>Maxx |            |
| Shoppes at<br>Plaza<br>Green                       | Greenville  | 2000      | 196,307 | 172,136 | 24,171 | 94.0%  | 94.1%  | 93.8%  | 12.67 | Bed Bath &<br>Beyond,<br>Christmas Tree<br>Shops, Sears,<br>Party City, Shoe<br>Carnival, AC<br>Moore, Old Navy                           |            |
| Publix at<br>Woodruff<br>Tennessee                 | Greenville  | 1997      | 68,055  | 47,955  | 20,100 | 97.4%  | 100.0% | 91.0%  | 10.40 | Publix  |            |
| Cool<br>Springs<br>Market                          | Nashville   | 1995      | 223,912 | 165,712 | 58,200 | 86.8%  | 87.9%  | 83.7%  | 14.95 | Jo-Ann Fabric,<br>Dicks Sporting<br>Goods, Staples,<br>Marshalls  | Kroger     |
| Hamilton<br>Crossing –<br>Phases II<br>& III       | Alcoa       | 2008      | 175,464 | 135,737 | 39,727 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 14.63 | Dicks Sporting<br>Goods, Michaels,<br>Old Navy,<br>PetSmart, Ross<br>Dress for Less   |            |
| Texas<br>Burlington<br>Coat<br>Factory             | San Antonio | 1992/2000 | 107,400 | 107,400 |        | -      | 100.0% | 0.0%   | 5.00  | Burlington Coat<br>Factory  |            |
| Kingwood<br>Commons                                | Houston     | 1999      | 164,366 | 74,836  | 89,530 | 99.7%  | 100.0% | 99.4%  | 18.82 | Randall's Food<br>and Drug, Petco,<br>Chico's, Talbots,<br>Ann Taylor, Jos.<br>A. Bank  |            |
| Market<br>Street<br>Village                        | Dallas      | 1970/2011 | 156,625 | 136,746 | 19,879 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 11.61 | Jo-Ann Fabric,<br>Ross Dress for<br>Less, Office<br>Depot, Buy Buy  |            |

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|                           |         |           |         |         |         |       |        |       |       |  |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| Plaza at Cedar Hill       | Dallas  | 2000/2010 | 303,458 | 244,065 | 59,393  | 99.2% | 100.0% | 95.7% | 12.52 | Baby<br>Hobby Lobby,<br>Office Max, Ross<br>Dress for Less,<br>Marshalls,<br>Sprouts Farmers<br>Market, Toys "R"<br>Us/Babies "R" Us,<br>DSW |
| Plaza Volente             | Austin  | 2004      | 156,333 | 105,000 | 51,333  | 94.2% | 100.0% | 82.4% | 16.75 | H-E-B Grocery  |
| Portofino Shopping Center | Houston | 1999/2010 | 371,990 | 211,858 | 160,132 | 86.6% | 89.4%  | 83.0% | 17.27 | DSW, Michaels, Sam's Club<br>Sports Authority,<br>Lifeway Christian<br>Store, Stein<br>Mart, PetSmart,<br>Old Navy                           |
| Sunland Towne Centre      | El Paso | 1996/2014 | 306,437 | 265,037 | 41,400  | 98.9% | 100.0% | 91.7% | 11.36 | PetSmart, Ross<br>Dress for Less,<br>Kmart, Bed Bath<br>& Beyond, Specs<br>Fine Wines,<br>Sprouts Farmers<br>Market                          |

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Retail Operating Properties (continued)

| Property 1              | MSA            | Year                | Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> |            |           | Leased |         |        | ABR<br>per Sqft | Major Tenants   | Major Non-owned Tenants |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|-----------------|---|-------------------------|
|                         |                | Built/<br>Renovated | Total                  | Anchors    | Shops     | Total  | Anchors | Shops  |                 |   |                         |
| Waxahachie Crossing     | Waxahachie     | 2010                | 97,127                 | 72,191     | 24,936    | 98.8%  | 100.0%  | 95.2%  | \$13            | Best Buy, PetSmart, Ross Dress for Less   | Home Depot, JC Penney   |
| Westside Market         | Dallas         | 2013                | 93,377                 | 70,000     | 23,377    | 97.4%  |         | 89.4%  | \$5.83          | Randall's, Thumb  |                         |
| Wheatland Town Crossing | Dallas         | 2012                | 194,727                | 142,302    | 52,425    | 100.0% |         | 100.0% | \$2.89          | Conn's, Dollar Tree, Office Depot, Party City, PetSmart, Ross Dress for Less, Shoe Carnival                                 | Target, Aldi            |
| Utah                    |                |                     |                        |            |           |        |         |        |                 |   |                         |
| Draper Crossing         | Draper         | 2012                | 164,098                | 115,916    | 48,182    | 97.9%  | 100.0%  | 92.8%  | \$4.54          | Dollar Tree, Downeast Home, Smiths, TJ Maxx   |                         |
| Draper Peaks            | Draper         | 2012                | 220,594                | 101,464    | 119,130   | 96.6%  | 100.0%  | 93.7%  | \$7.93          | Michaels, Office Depot, Petco, Quilted Bear, Ross Dress for Less  | Kohl's                  |
| Virginia                |                |                     |                        |            |           |        |         |        |                 |   |                         |
| Landstown Commons       | Virginia Beach | 2007                | 399,047                | 217,466    | 181,581   | 94.4%  | 100.0%  | 87.7%  | \$8.72          | AC Moore, Bed Bath & Beyond, Best Buy, Books-A-Million, Office Max, PetSmart, Ross Dress for Less, Shoe Carnival, Walgreens | Kohl's                  |
| Washington              |                |                     |                        |            |           |        |         |        |                 |   |                         |
| Four Corner Square      | Seattle        | 1985/2013           | 107,998                | 68,046     | 39,952    | 90.7%  | 100.0%  | 74.8%  | \$1.36          | Walgreens, Grocery Outlet, Johnsons Do-It Center  |                         |
| Wisconsin               |                |                     |                        |            |           |        |         |        |                 |   |                         |
| Village at Bay Park     | Green Bay      | 2005                | 82,254                 | 23,878     | 58,376    | 88.1%  | 100.0%  | 83.2%  | \$4.67          | DSW, JC Penney  |                         |
| Total                   |                |                     | 16,156,995             | 11,089,468 | 5,067,527 | 94.8%  | 99.0%   | 85.7%  | \$5.15          |   |                         |

- 
- 1 All properties are wholly owned, except as indicated. Unless otherwise noted, each property is owned in fee simple by the Company.
- 2 Percentage of Owned GLA Leased reflects Owned GLA/NRA leased as of December 31, 2014, except for Greyhound Commons and 54th & College.
- \*\* This property is under a definitive agreement to be sold.

## Operating Office Properties

As of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in one office operating property and an associated parking garage totaling 0.4 million square feet of net rentable area (“NRA”). The following sets forth more specific information with respect to the Company’s office properties as of December 31, 2014:

## OPERATING OFFICE PROPERTIES

| Office properties   | MSA            | Year Built/ Renovated | Acquired, Redeveloped or Developed | Owned NRA      | Percentage Of Owned NRA Leased | Annualized Base Rent <sup>1</sup> | Percentage of Office Base Rent Annualized | Base Rent Per Sq. Ft. | Major Tenants  |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Thirty South Meridian <sup>2</sup>                            | Indianapolis   | 1905/2002             | Redeveloped                        | 287,928        | 94.8%                          | \$4,918,074                       | 80.0%                                     | \$ 18.01              | Indiana Supreme Court, City Securities, Kite Realty Group, Lumina Foundation |
| Union Station Parking Garage <sup>3</sup>                     | Indianapolis   | 1986                  | Acquired                           | N/A            | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A                                       | N/A                   | Denison Parking  |
| Eddy Street Office (part of Eddy Street Commons) <sup>4</sup> | South Bend     | 2009                  | Developed                          | 81,628         | 100.0%                         | \$1,156,546                       | 18.8%                                     | \$ 14.17              | University of Notre Dame Offices   |
| Tradition Village Office (part of Tradition Village Square)   | Port St. Lucie | 2006                  | Acquired                           | 19,211         | 41.2%                          | 74,061                            | 1.2%                                      | 9.36                  |  |
| <b>Total</b>  |                |                       |                                    | <b>388,767</b> | <b>93.3%</b>                   | <b>\$6,148,681</b>                | <b>100.0%</b>                             | <b>\$ 16.96</b>       |  |

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Annualized Base Rent represents the monthly contractual rent for December 2014 for each applicable property, multiplied by 12. Excludes tenant reimbursements.

- 2 Annualized Base Rent includes \$723,216 from the Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014.
- 3 The garage is managed by a third party.
- 4 The Company also owns Eddy Street Commons in South Bend, Indiana along with a parking garage that serves a hotel and the office and retail components of the property.

Development Projects

In addition to our operating retail properties and office properties, as of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in four development projects currently under construction. The following sets forth more specific information with respect to the Company's retail development properties as of December 31, 2014:

Under  
Construction:

| Project   | Company<br>Ownership<br>% | MSA     | Actual/<br>Projected Opening<br>Date <sup>1</sup> | Projected<br>Owned<br>GLA <sup>2</sup> | Projected<br>Total<br>GLA <sup>3</sup> | Percent<br>of Owned<br>GLA<br>Occupied <sup>4</sup> | Percent<br>of Owned<br>GLA<br>Pre-Leased/<br>Committed <sup>5</sup> | Total<br>Estimated<br>Project<br>Cost <sup>7</sup> | Cost<br>Incurred<br>as of<br>Dec. 31,<br>2014 <sup>6</sup> | Major Tenants<br>and<br>Non-owned<br>Anchors                        |
|---|---------------------------|---------|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| Holly Springs<br>Towne<br>Center, NC -<br>Phase II        | 100%                      | Raleigh | Q3 2015   | 122,143                                | 154,143                                | 0.0%  | 77.6%   | \$47,500   | \$18,226   | Target<br>(non-owned)<br>Carmike<br>Cinemas,<br>Bath &<br>Beyond, I |
| Parkside<br>Town<br>Commons,<br>NC – Phase I <sup>8</sup> | 100%                      | Raleigh | Q2 2014   | 104,978                                | 245,573                                | 82.2%   | 90.2%   | 39,000   | 38,804   | Target<br>(non-owned)<br>Harris Tee<br>(ground le<br>Petco          |
| Parkside<br>Town<br>Commons,<br>NC – Phase II             | 100%                      | Raleigh | Q3 2014   | 281,427                                | 324,260                                | 30.2%   | 67.8%   | 70,000   | 68,345   | Frank<br>Theatres,<br>Galaxy, F<br>& Stream                         |
| Tamiami<br>Crossing, FL                                   | 100%                      | Naples  | Q2 2016   | 118,773                                | 138,773                                | 0.0%  | 85.5%   | 44,000   | 20,185   | Stein Mar<br>national j<br>anchors                                  |
| <b>Total</b>  |                           |         |   | <b>627,321</b>                         | <b>862,749</b>                         | <b>27.3%</b>  | <b>76.8%</b>  | <b>\$200,500</b>                                   | <b>\$145,560</b>   |   |

Cost incurred as of December 31, 2014 and included in Investment properties on  
balance sheet

\$81,953

1 Opening Date is defined as the first date a tenant is open for business or a ground lease payment is made. Stabilization (i.e., 85% occupied) typically occurs within six to twelve months after the opening date.

2 Projected Owned GLA represents gross leasable area we project we will own. It excludes square footage that we project will be attributable to non-owned

outlot structures on land owned by us and expected to be ground leased to tenants. It also excludes non-owned anchor space.

- 3 Projected Total GLA includes Projected Owned GLA, projected square footage attributable to non-owned outlot structures on land that we own, and non-owned anchor space that currently exists or is under construction.
- 4 Includes tenants that have taken possession of their space or have begun paying rent.
- 5 Excludes outlot land parcels owned by the Company and ground leased to tenants. Includes leases under negotiation for approximately 80,385 square feet for which the Company has signed non-binding letters of intent.
- 6 Dollars in thousands.
- 7 Dollars in thousands. Cost incurred is reclassified to fixed assets on the consolidated balance sheet on a pro-rata basis as portions of the asset are placed in service.
- 8 The owned GLA for Parkside Town Commons Phase I includes a 53,000 square foot ground lease with Harris Teeter Supermarket.

## Redevelopment Projects

In addition to our development projects, as displayed in the table above, we have interests in one redevelopment project under construction and two redevelopment projects pending commencement of construction. As of December 31, 2014, these three projects are expected to contain 0.4 million square feet.

## Under Construction:

| Project               | Company Ownership % | MSA         | Actual/Projected Opening Date <sup>1</sup> | Projected Total GLA <sup>3</sup> | Projected Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> | Percent of Owned GLA Occupied <sup>4</sup> | Percent of Owned GLA Pre-Leased/Committed <sup>5</sup> | Total Estimated Project Cost <sup>7</sup> | Cost Incurred as of Dec. 31, 2014 <sup>6</sup> | Major Tenants and Non-owned Anchors          |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Gainesville Plaza, FL | 100%                | Gainesville | Q2 2015                                    | 164,665                          | 162,693                          | 66.3%                                      | 81.6%  | \$14,300                                  | \$7,677  | Burlington Coat Factory, Ross Dress for Less |
| <b>Total</b>          |                     |             |  | <b>164,665</b>                   | <b>162,693</b>                   | <b>66.3%</b>                               | <b>81.6%</b>   | <b>\$14,300</b>                           | <b>\$7,677</b>                                 |  |

Cost incurred as of December 31, 2014 and included in Investment properties on balance sheet \$4,535

## Pending Commencement of Construction:

| Project                      | Company Ownership % | MSA          | Actual/Projected Opening Date <sup>1</sup> | Projected Total GLA <sup>3</sup> | Projected Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> | Total Estimated Project Cost <sup>7</sup> | Cost Incurred as of Dec. 31, 2014 <sup>6</sup> | Major Tenants and Non-owned Anchors |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Hamilton Crossing Centre, IN | 100%                | Indianapolis | TBD  | 77,296                           | 69,596                           | TBD                                       | \$149  | TBD                                 |
| Courthouse Shadows, FL       | 100%                | Naples       | TBD  | 134,867                          | 134,867                          | TBD                                       | 580  | TBD                                 |
| <b>Total</b>                 |                     |              |  | <b>212,163</b>                   | <b>204,463</b>                   | <b>TBD</b>                                | <b>\$729</b>                                   |                                     |

Cost incurred as of December 31, 2014 and included in Investment properties on balance sheet \$729

Summary of Construction In Progress included in Investment Properties on Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands):

|  |    |         |
|--|----|---------|
| Cost incurred for development projects under construction                                | \$ | 81,953  |
| Cost incurred for redevelopment projects under construction                              |    | 4,535   |
| Deerwood apartments  |    | 15,656  |
| Cost incurred for development projects pending construction                              |    | 729     |
| Holly Springs Towne Center – Phase III   |    | 4,372   |
| Miscellaneous tenant improvements and small projects                                     |    | 18,638  |
| Construction In Progress included in Investment Properties on Consolidated Balance Sheet | \$ | 125,883 |

See prior page for footnotes.

## Land Held for Future Development

As of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in land parcels comprising 105 acres that are expected to be used for future expansion of existing properties, development of new retail or office properties or sold to third parties.

## Tenant Diversification

No individual retail or office tenant accounted for more than 3.4% of the portfolio's annualized base rent for the year ended December 31, 2014. The following table sets forth certain information for the largest 10 tenants and non-owned anchor tenants (based on total GLA) open for business or for which ground lease payments are being made at the Company's retail properties based on minimum rents in place as of December 31, 2014:

## TOP 10 RETAIL TENANTS BY GROSS LEASABLE AREA

| Tenant                               | Number of Stores | Total GLA | Number of Leases | Company Owned GLA <sup>1</sup> | Number of Anchor Owned Locations | Anchor Owned GLA <sup>2</sup> |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Target                               | 18               | 2,599,993 | 0                | 0                              | 18                               | 2,599,993                     |
| Wal-Mart                             | 15               | 1,762,447 | 6                | 203,742                        | 9                                | 1,558,705                     |
| Lowe's Home Improvement <sup>3</sup> | 15               | 1,627,998 | 5                | 128,997                        | 10                               | 1,499,001                     |
| Publix                               | 19               | 913,822   | 19               | 913,822                        | 0                                | 0                             |
| Kohl's                               | 11               | 634,644   | 6                | 184,516                        | 5                                | 450,128                       |
| TJX Companies <sup>4</sup>           | 20               | 612,257   | 20               | 612,257                        | 0                                | 0                             |
| Dick's Sporting Goods                | 11               | 525,622   | 11               | 525,622                        | 0                                | 0                             |
| Ross Dress for Less                  | 16               | 460,580   | 16               | 460,580                        | 0                                | 0                             |
| PetSmart                             | 21               | 434,349   | 21               | 434,349                        | 0                                | 0                             |
| Office Depot/Office Max <sup>5</sup> | 20               | 412,204   | 20               | 412,204                        | 0                                | 0                             |
| Total                                | 166              | 9,983,916 | 124              | 3,876,089                      | 42                               | 6,107,827                     |

1 Excludes the estimated size of the structures located on land owned by the Company and ground leased to tenants.

2 Includes the estimated size of the structures located on land owned by the Company and ground leased to tenants.

3 The Company has entered into four ground leases with Lowe's Home Improvement for a total of 645,161 square feet, which is included in Anchor Owned GLA.

- 4 Includes TJ Maxx, Home Goods and Marshalls, which are owned by the same parent company.
- 5 On February 4, 2015, Staples announced it has entered into an agreement to acquire Office Depot. This transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approval.

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The following table sets forth certain information for the largest 25 tenants open for business at the Company's retail and office properties based on minimum rents in place as of December 31, 2014:

## TOP 25 TENANTS BY ANNUALIZED BASE RENT

| Tenant                                 | Number of Stores | Leased GLA/NRA <sup>2</sup> | % of Owned GLA/NRA of the Portfolio | Annualized Base Rent <sup>1</sup> | Annualized Base Rent per Sq. Ft. | % of Total Portfolio Annualized Base Rent |
|--|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Publix                                 | 19               | 913,822                     | 5.6%                                | \$ 8,869,767                      | \$ 9.71                          | 3.4%                                      |
| PetSmart                               | 21               | 434,349                     | 2.7%                                | 6,413,497                         | 14.77                            | 2.5%                                      |
| TJX Companies <sup>4</sup>             | 20               | 612,257                     | 3.7%                                | 5,876,975                         | 9.60                             | 2.3%                                      |
| Dick's Sporting Goods                  | 11               | 525,622                     | 3.2%                                | 5,631,941                         | 10.71                            | 2.2%                                      |
| Office Depot/Office Max <sup>6</sup>   | 20               | 412,204                     | 2.5%                                | 5,348,762                         | 12.98                            | 2.1%                                      |
| Lowe's Home Improvement <sup>5</sup>   | 5                | 128,997                     | 0.8%                                | 5,039,000                         | 6.51                             | 1.9%                                      |
| Ross Dress for Less                    | 16               | 460,580                     | 2.8%                                | 4,917,367                         | 10.68                            | 1.9%                                      |
| Bed Bath & Beyond <sup>3</sup>         | 15               | 408,053                     | 2.5%                                | 4,335,980                         | 10.63                            | 1.7%                                      |
| Michaels                               | 14               | 299,275                     | 1.8%                                | 3,882,782                         | 12.97                            | 1.5%                                      |
| Wal-Mart <sup>5</sup>                  | 6                | 203,742                     | 1.2%                                | 3,655,238                         | 3.60                             | 1.4%                                      |
| LA Fitness                             | 5                | 208,209                     | 1.3%                                | 3,447,473                         | 16.56                            | 1.3%                                      |
| Best Buy                               | 7                | 243,429                     | 1.5%                                | 3,383,090                         | 13.90                            | 1.3%                                      |
| Kohl's <sup>5</sup>                    | 6                | 184,516                     | 1.1%                                | 3,302,074                         | 6.37                             | 1.3%                                      |
| Walgreens                              | 6                | 96,852                      | 0.6%                                | 3,113,766                         | 33.84                            | 1.2%                                      |
| Sports Authority                       | 5                | 211,739                     | 1.3%                                | 2,944,606                         | 13.91                            | 1.1%                                      |
| National Amusements                    | 1                | 80,000                      | 0.5%                                | 2,882,650                         | 36.03                            | 1.1%                                      |
| Toys "R" Us/Babies "R" Us <sup>5</sup> | 5                | 179,316                     | 1.1%                                | 2,765,780                         | 15.42                            | 1.1%                                      |
| Petco                                  | 10               | 140,957                     | 0.9%                                | 2,326,271                         | 16.50                            | 0.9%                                      |
| Nordstrom                              | 3                | 103,904                     | 0.6%                                | 2,043,976                         | 19.67                            | 0.8%                                      |
| New York Sports Club                   | 2                | 86,717                      | 0.5%                                | 1,815,540                         | 20.94                            | 0.7%                                      |
| Burlington Coat Factory                | 3                | 247,400                     | 1.5%                                | 1,791,800                         | 7.24                             | 0.7%                                      |
| Mattress Firm                          | 17               | 69,258                      | 0.4%                                | 1,755,457                         | 25.35                            | 0.7%                                      |
| Staples <sup>6</sup>                   | 6                | 116,362                     | 0.7%                                | 1,747,821                         | 15.02                            | 0.7%                                      |
| Randalls Food & Drugs                  | 3                | 133,990                     | 0.8%                                | 1,732,196                         | 12.93                            | 0.7%                                      |
| Hobby Lobby                            | 4                | 221,254                     | 1.4%                                | 1,692,018                         | 7.65                             | 0.7%                                      |
| TOTAL                                  | 230              | 6,722,804                   | 41.1%                               | \$ 90,715,826                     | \$ 10.60                         | 34.9%                                     |

<sup>1</sup> Annualized base rent represents the monthly contractual rent for the month of December 2014 for each applicable tenant multiplied by 12. Annualized base rent does not include tenant reimbursements.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes the estimated size of the structures located on land owned by the Company and ground leased to tenants.

- 3 Includes Buy Buy Baby, Christmas Tree Shops and Cost Plus, which are owned by the same parent company.
- 4 Includes TJ Maxx, Marshalls and HomeGoods.
- 5 Annualized base rent and percent of total portfolio includes ground lease rent.
- 6 On February 4, 2015, Staples announced it has entered into an agreement to acquire Office Depot. This transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approval.

## Geographic Information

The Company owns 118 operating retail properties, totaling approximately 16.2 million of owned square feet in 26 states. As of December 31, 2014, the Company owned interests in one office operating property and an associated parking garage, totaling approximately 0.4 million square feet of NRA. Both of these office properties are located in the state of Indiana. The following table summarizes the Company's operating properties by state as of December 31, 2014:

|                                | Number of<br>Operating<br>Properties <sup>1</sup> | Owned<br>GLA/NRA <sup>2</sup> | Percent of<br>Owned<br>GLA/NRA | Total<br>Number of<br>Leases | Annualized<br>Base Rent <sup>3</sup> | Percent of<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent | Annualized<br>Base Rent<br>per<br>Leased Sq.<br>Ft. |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Alabama                        | 4   | 761,191                       | 4.6%                           | 76                           | \$ 8,042,976                         | 3.4%                                  | \$ 11.04  |
| Arizona                        | 1   | 79,902                        | 0.5%                           | 10                           | 2,241,241                            | 0.9%                                  | 28.05   |
| Arkansas                       | 1   | 151,927                       | 0.9%                           | 14                           | 1,926,306                            | 0.8%                                  | 12.85   |
| Connecticut                    | 1   | 208,929                       | 1.3%                           | 24                           | 3,241,084                            | 1.4%                                  | 16.00   |
| Florida                        | 36  | 4,353,316                     | 26.3%                          | 621                          | 60,158,585                           | 25.2%                                 | 14.95   |
| Georgia                        | 4   | 736,636                       | 4.5%                           | 88                           | 8,381,113                            | 3.5%                                  | 11.73   |
| Illinois                       | 3   | 310,865                       | 1.9%                           | 23                           | 4,183,945                            | 1.8%                                  | 13.90   |
| Indiana – Retail<br>Properties | 21  | 2,302,439                     | 13.9%                          | 254                          | 29,671,651                           | 12.5%                                 | 13.38   |
| Indiana – Office<br>Properties | 2   | 369,556                       | 2.2%                           | 17                           | 6,074,620                            | 2.5%                                  | 17.13   |
| Louisiana                      | 1   | 151,719                       | 0.9%                           | 23                           | 2,384,349                            | 1.0%                                  | 19.77   |
| Missouri                       | 1   | 75,951                        | 0.5%                           | 6                            | 922,461                              | 0.4%                                  | 12.15   |
| Nebraska                       | 1   | 69,676                        | 0.4%                           | 2                            | 992,226                              | 0.4%                                  | 14.24   |
| Nevada                         | 7   | 928,982                       | 5.6%                           | 181                          | 20,414,409                           | 8.6%                                  | 23.69   |
| New Hampshire                  | 1   | 78,892                        | 0.5%                           | 14                           | 969,452                              | 0.4%                                  | 12.29   |
| New Jersey                     | 1   | 106,383                       | 0.6%                           | 26                           | 2,880,205                            | 1.2%                                  | 28.25   |
| New York                       | 1   | 365,905                       | 2.2%                           | 12                           | 9,141,058                            | 3.8%                                  | 26.01   |
| North Carolina                 | 7   | 727,007                       | 4.4%                           | 113                          | 12,351,054                           | 5.2%                                  | 17.89   |
| Ohio                           | 1   | 236,230                       | 1.4%                           | 7                            | 2,062,668                            | 0.9%                                  | 8.73  |
| Oklahoma                       | 4   | 657,146                       | 4.0%                           | 79                           | 8,475,793                            | 3.6%                                  | 13.52   |
| Oregon                         | 2   | 31,171                        | 0.2%                           | 13                           | 553,894                              | 0.2%                                  | 23.63   |
| South Carolina                 | 3   | 516,732                       | 3.1%                           | 41                           | 5,371,276                            | 2.3%                                  | 10.67   |
| Tennessee                      | 2   | 399,376                       | 2.4%                           | 34                           | 5,473,938                            | 2.3%                                  | 14.80   |
| Texas                          | 10  | 1,951,840                     | 11.8%                          | 202                          | 25,986,912                           | 10.9%                                 | 13.80   |
| Utah                           | 2   | 384,692                       | 2.3%                           | 74                           | 6,156,037                            | 2.6%                                  | 16.47   |
| Virginia                       | 1   | 399,047                       | 2.4%                           | 59                           | 7,052,329                            | 3.0%                                  | 18.72   |
| Washington                     | 1   | 107,998                       | 0.7%                           | 24                           | 2,092,039                            | 0.9%                                  | 21.36   |
| Wisconsin                      | 1   | 82,254                        | 0.5%                           | 15                           | 1,062,753                            | 0.4%                                  | 14.67   |
| Total                          | 120   | 16,545,762                    | 100.0%                         | 2,052                        | \$ 238,264,375                       | 100.0%                                | \$ 15.19  |

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This table includes operating retail properties, operating office properties, and ground lease tenants who commenced paying rent as of December 31,

2014 and excludes four retail properties under redevelopment.

2 Owned GLA/NRA represents gross leasable area or net leasable area owned by the Company. It also excludes the square footage of Union Station Parking Garage.

3 Annualized base rent excludes \$17,923,979 in annualized ground lease revenue attributable to parcels and outlots owned by the Company and ground leased to tenants.

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Lease Expirations

In 2015, leases representing 6.7% of total annualized base rent and 6.7% of total GLA/NRA expire. The following tables show scheduled lease expirations for retail and office tenants and in-process development property tenants open for business as of December 31, 2014, assuming none of the tenants exercise renewal options.

LEASE EXPIRATION TABLE – OPERATING PORTFOLIO

|        | Number<br>of<br>Expiring<br>Leases <sup>1</sup> | Expiring<br>GLA/NRA <sup>2</sup> | % of Total<br>GLA/NRA<br>Expiring | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent <sup>3</sup> | % of Total<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent<br>per Sq. Ft. | Expiring<br>Ground Lease<br>Revenue |
|--------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| 2015   | 232   | 1,070,912                        | 6.7%                              | \$ 16,213,136                                    | 6.7%                                  | \$ 15.14   | \$ 277,296                          |
| 2016   | 267   | 1,504,117                        | 9.4%                              | 20,384,310                                       | 8.4%                                  | 13.55  | 159,000                             |
| 2017   | 293   | 1,817,224                        | 11.4%                             | 28,793,332                                       | 11.9%                                 | 15.84  | 512,556                             |
| 2018   | 345   | 2,218,200                        | 13.9%                             | 35,947,219                                       | 14.8%                                 | 16.21  | 1,037,875                           |
| 2019   | 258   | 1,658,871                        | 10.4%                             | 26,928,164                                       | 11.1%                                 | 16.23  | 651,970                             |
| 2020   | 143   | 1,815,447                        | 11.3%                             | 21,781,548                                       | 9.0%                                  | 12.00  | 1,492,445                           |
| 2021   | 93  | 862,111                          | 5.4%                              | 12,550,543                                       | 5.2%                                  | 14.56  | 468,525                             |
| 2022   | 90  | 876,639                          | 5.5%                              | 14,383,982                                       | 5.9%                                  | 16.41  | 1,185,782                           |
| 2023   | 112   | 979,919                          | 6.1%                              | 15,624,199                                       | 6.4%                                  | 15.94  | 359,523                             |
| 2024   | 92  | 901,209                          | 5.6%                              | 17,969,693                                       | 7.4%                                  | 19.94  | 381,004                             |
| Beyond | 95  | 2,301,846                        | 14.4%                             | 32,062,078                                       | 13.2%                                 | 13.93  | 11,398,003                          |
|        | 2,020   | 16,006,495                       | 100.0%                            | \$ 242,638,205                                   | 100.0%                                | \$ 15.16   | \$ 17,923,979                       |

- 1 Lease expiration table reflects rents in place as of December 31, 2014 and does not include option periods; 2015 expirations include 42 month-to-month tenants. This column also excludes ground leases.
- 2 Expiring GLA excludes estimated square footage attributable to non-owned structures on land owned by the Company and ground leased to tenants.
- 3 Annualized base rent represents the monthly contractual rent for the month of December 2014 for each applicable tenant multiplied by 12. Excludes tenant reimbursements and ground lease revenue.

LEASE EXPIRATION TABLE – RETAIL ANCHOR TENANTS

|      | Number<br>of<br>Expiring<br>Leases <sup>2</sup> | Expiring<br>GLA/NRA <sup>3</sup> | % of Total<br>GLA/NRA<br>Expiring | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent <sup>4</sup> | % of Total<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent<br>per Sq. Ft. | Expiring<br>Ground Lease<br>Revenue |
|------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| 2015 | 19  | 521,005                          | 3.3%                              | \$ 4,879,766                                     | 2.0%                                  | \$ 9.37  | \$ 0                                |
| 2016 | 29  | 901,466                          | 5.6%                              | 7,772,418  | 3.2%                                  | 8.62   | 159,000                             |
| 2017 | 45  | 1,123,378                        | 7.0%                              | 13,346,582                                       | 5.5%                                  | 11.88  | 0                                   |

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|        |     |            |       |                |       |          |               |
|--------|-----|------------|-------|----------------|-------|----------|---------------|
| 2018   | 53  | 1,436,700  | 9.0%  | 16,964,964     | 6.9%  | 11.81    | 644,149       |
| 2019   | 39  | 1,081,636  | 6.8%  | 13,289,345     | 5.5%  | 12.29    | 0             |
| 2020   | 40  | 1,524,582  | 9.5%  | 15,352,823     | 6.3%  | 10.07    | 1,110,883     |
| 2021   | 24  | 645,258    | 4.0%  | 7,059,460      | 2.9%  | 10.94    | 0             |
| 2022   | 26  | 616,349    | 3.9%  | 8,346,496      | 3.4%  | 13.54    | 744,622       |
| 2023   | 25  | 654,829    | 4.1%  | 7,895,351      | 3.2%  | 12.06    | 260,000       |
| 2024   | 19  | 667,044    | 4.2%  | 12,222,225     | 5.0%  | 18.32    | 260,004       |
| Beyond | 48  | 2,039,951  | 12.8% | 25,922,435     | 10.6% | 12.71    | 7,505,194     |
|        | 367 | 11,212,198 | 70.0% | \$ 133,051,864 | 54.8% | \$ 11.87 | \$ 10,683,851 |

## LEASE EXPIRATION TABLE – RETAIL ANCHOR TENANTS (continued)

- 1 Retail anchor tenants are defined as tenants that occupy 10,000 square feet or more.
- 2 Lease expiration table reflects rents in place as of December 31, 2014 and does not include option periods; 2015 expirations include one month-to-month tenant. This column also excludes ground leases.
- 3 Expiring GLA excludes square footage for non-owned ground lease structures on land we own and ground leased to tenants.
- 4 Annualized base rent represents the monthly contractual rent for the month of December 2014 for each applicable property multiplied by 12. Excludes tenant reimbursements and ground lease revenue.

## LEASE EXPIRATION TABLE – RETAIL SHOPS

|        | Number<br>of<br>Expiring<br>Leases <sup>1</sup> | Expiring<br>GLA/NRA <sup>1,2</sup> | % of Total<br>GLA/NRA<br>Expiring | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent <sup>3</sup> | % of Total<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent<br>per Sq. Ft. | Expiring<br>Ground<br>Lease<br>Revenue |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2015   | 210   | 503,929                            | 3.2%                              | \$ 10,536,093                                    | 4.4%                                  | \$ 20.91   | \$ 277,296                             |
| 2016   | 238   | 602,651                            | 3.8%                              | 12,611,893                                       | 5.2%                                  | 20.93  | 0                                      |
| 2017   | 246   | 610,736                            | 3.8%                              | 13,950,903                                       | 5.8%                                  | 22.84  | 512,556                                |
| 2018   | 290   | 763,663                            | 4.8%                              | 18,598,683                                       | 7.7%                                  | 24.35  | 393,727                                |
| 2019   | 218   | 571,982                            | 3.6%                              | 13,537,699                                       | 5.6%                                  | 23.67  | 651,970                                |
| 2020   | 102   | 277,554                            | 1.7%                              | 6,185,790  | 2.6%                                  | 22.29  | 381,562                                |
| 2021   | 68  | 210,691                            | 1.3%                              | 5,349,352  | 2.2%                                  | 25.39  | 468,525                                |
| 2022   | 61  | 209,244                            | 1.3%                              | 5,163,867  | 2.1%                                  | 24.68  | 441,160                                |
| 2023   | 85  | 292,102                            | 1.8%                              | 7,060,660  | 2.9%                                  | 24.17  | 99,522                                 |
| 2024   | 72  | 206,881                            | 1.3%                              | 5,439,841  | 2.2%                                  | 26.29  | 121,000                                |
| Beyond | 44  | 182,255                            | 1.1%                              | 5,002,881  | 2.2%                                  | 27.45  | 3,892,810                              |
|        | 1,634   | 4,431,688                          | 27.7%                             | \$ 103,437,660                                   | 42.6%                                 | \$ 23.34   | \$ 7,240,128                           |

- 1 Lease expiration table reflects rents in place as of December 31, 2014, and does not include option periods; 2015 expirations include 39 month-to-month tenants. This column also excludes ground leases.
- 2 Expiring GLA excludes estimated square footage to non-owned structures on land we own and ground leased to tenants.
- 3 Annualized base rent represents the monthly contractual rent for the month of December 2014 for each applicable property multiplied by 12. Excludes

tenant reimbursements and ground lease revenue.

## LEASE EXPIRATION TABLE – OFFICE TENANTS

|        | Number<br>of<br>Expiring<br>Leases <sup>1</sup> | Expiring<br>NLA <sup>1</sup> | % of<br>Total<br>NRA<br>Expiring | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent <sup>2</sup> | % of Total<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent | Expiring<br>Annualized<br>Base Rent per<br>Sq. Ft. |
|--------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| 2015   | 3   | 45,978                       | 0.3%                             | \$ 797,277                                       | 0.3%                                  | \$ 17.34   |
| 2016   | 0   | 0                            | 0.0%                             | 0  | 0.0%                                  | 0.00   |
| 2017   | 2   | 83,110                       | 0.5%                             | 1,495,847  | 0.6%                                  | 18.00  |
| 2018   | 2   | 17,837                       | 0.1%                             | 383,572  | 0.2%                                  | 21.50  |
| 2019   | 1   | 5,253                        | 0.0%                             | 101,120  | 0.0%                                  | 19.25  |
| 2020   | 1   | 13,311                       | 0.1%                             | 242,935  | 0.1%                                  | 18.25  |
| 2021   | 1   | 6,162                        | 0.0%                             | 141,732  | 0.1%                                  | 23.00  |
| 2022   | 3   | 51,046                       | 0.3%                             | 873,619  | 0.4%                                  | 17.11  |
| 2023   | 2   | 32,988                       | 0.2%                             | 668,189  | 0.3%                                  | 20.26  |
| 2024   | 1   | 27,284                       | 0.2%                             | 307,627  | 0.1%                                  | 11.28  |
| Beyond | 3   | 79,640                       | 0.5%                             | 1,136,762  | 0.5%                                  | 14.27  |
|        | 19  | 362,609                      | 2.3%                             | \$ 6,148,681                                     | 2.5%                                  | \$ 16.96   |

LEASE EXPIRATION TABLE – OFFICE TENANTS (continued)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 | Lease expiration table reflects rents in place at 30 South as of December 31, 2014 and does not include option periods. This column also excludes ground leases. 2015 expirations include two month-to-month tenants. |
| 2 | Annualized base rent represents the monthly contractual rent for the month of December 2014 for each applicable property multiplied by 12. Excludes tenant reimbursements.  |

Lease Activity – New and Renewal

In 2014, the Company executed 186 new and renewal leases totaling 1,070,800 square feet. New leases were signed with 64 tenants for 299,200 square feet of GLA while renewal leases were signed with 122 tenants for 771,600 square feet of GLA. The following table contains additional information about 2014 leasing activity.

|         | Number<br>of<br>Leases<br>Signed | Square<br>Footage Signed | Average<br>Rental<br>Rate per<br>square<br>foot |
|---------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| New     | 64                               | 299,200                  | \$ 17.24  |
| Renewal | 122                              | 771,600                  | 14.48   |
| Total   | 186                              | 1,070,800                | \$ 15.25  |

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are a party to various legal proceedings, which arise in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently involved in any litigation nor, to our knowledge, is any litigation threatened against us where the outcome would, in our judgment based on information currently available to us, have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operations.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

## PART II

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

## Market Information

Our common shares are currently listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "KRG". On February 23, 2015, the last reported sales price of our common shares on the NYSE was \$28.98.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low prices for our common shares:

|  | High <sup>1</sup> | Low <sup>1</sup> |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| Quarter Ended<br>December 31,<br>2014  | \$ 29.68          | \$ 23.71         |
| Quarter Ended<br>September 30,<br>2014 | \$ 26.70          | \$ 22.92         |
| Quarter Ended<br>June 30, 2014         | \$ 25.72          | \$ 22.92         |
| Quarter Ended<br>March 31, 2014        | \$ 26.28          | \$ 23.20         |
| Quarter Ended<br>December 31,<br>2013  | \$ 27.48          | \$ 23.52         |
| Quarter Ended<br>September 30,<br>2013 | \$ 24.76          | \$ 22.08         |
| Quarter Ended<br>June 30, 2013         | \$ 27.48          | \$ 21.08         |
| Quarter Ended<br>March 31, 2013        | \$ 27.64          | \$ 21.88         |

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Per share information has been restated for the effects of the Company's one-for-four reverse common share split in August 2014.

1  
 Holders

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The number of registered holders of record of our common shares was 2,068 as of February 23, 2015. This total excludes beneficial or non-registered holders that held their shares through various brokerage firms. This figure does not represent the actual number of beneficial owners of our common shares because our common shares are frequently held in “street name” by securities dealers and others for the benefit of beneficial owners who may vote the shares.

### Distributions

Our Board of Trustees declared the following cash distributions per share to our common shareholders for the periods indicated:

| Quarter  | Record Date        | Distribution<br>Per Share <sup>1</sup> | Payment Date        |
|----------|--------------------|--|---------------------|
| 4th 2014 | January 6,<br>2015 | \$ 0.26                                | January 13,<br>2015 |
| 3rd 2014 | October 6,<br>2014 | \$ 0.26                                | October 13,<br>2014 |
| 2nd 2014 | June 24, 2014      | \$ 0.26                                | July 1, 2014        |
| 1st 2014 | April 7, 2014      | \$ 0.26                                | April 14, 2014      |
| 4th 2013 | January 6,<br>2014 | \$ 0.24                                | January 13,<br>2014 |
| 3rd 2013 | October 4,<br>2013 | \$ 0.24                                | October 11,<br>2013 |
| 2nd 2013 | July 5, 2013       | \$ 0.24                                | July 12, 2013       |
| 1st 2013 | April 5, 2013      | \$ 0.24                                | April 12, 2013      |

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<sup>1</sup> Per share information has been restated for the effects of the Company’s one-for-four reverse common share split in August 2014.

Our management and Board of Trustees will continue to evaluate our distribution policy on a quarterly basis as they monitor the capital markets and the impact of the economy on our operations. In April 2014, our Board of Trustees approved an increase to our common dividend to \$0.26 per share from \$0.24 per share, which represents an 8.3% increase. On February 5, 2015, our Board of Trustees approved an increase to our common dividend to \$0.2725 per share that will be paid on or about April 13, 2015 to shareholders of record as of April 6, 2015, which represents a 4.8% increase.

Future distributions will be declared and paid at the discretion of our Board of Trustees, and will depend upon a number of factors, including cash generated by operating activities, our financial condition, capital requirements, annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and such other factors as our Board of Trustees deem relevant.

Distributions by us to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes will be taxable to shareholders as either ordinary dividend income or capital gain income if so declared by us. Distributions in excess of taxable earnings and profits generally will be treated as a non-taxable return of capital. These distributions, to the extent that they do not exceed the shareholder's adjusted tax basis in its common shares, have the effect of deferring taxation until the sale of a shareholder's common shares. To the extent that distributions are both in excess of taxable earnings and profits and in excess of the shareholder's adjusted tax basis in its common shares, the distribution will be treated as gain from the sale of common shares. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must make annual distributions to shareholders of at least 90% of our "REIT taxable income" (determined before the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains) and we must make distributions to shareholders equal to 100% of our net taxable income to eliminate federal income tax liability. Under certain circumstances, we could be required to make distributions in excess of cash available for distributions in order to meet such requirements. For the taxable year ended December 31, 2014, approximately 28% of our distributions to shareholders constituted a return of capital, approximately 72% constituted taxable ordinary income dividends and approximately 0% constituted taxable capital gains.

Under our unsecured revolving credit facility, we are permitted to make distributions to our shareholders that do not exceed 95% of our Funds From Operations ("FFO") provided that no event of default exists. If an event of default exists, we may only make distributions sufficient to maintain our REIT status. However, we may not make any distributions if any event of default resulting from nonpayment or bankruptcy exists, or if our obligations under the unsecured revolving credit facility are accelerated.

#### Issuer Repurchases; Unregistered Sales of Securities

During the year ended December 31, 2014, certain of our employees surrendered common shares owned by them to satisfy their statutory minimum federal and state tax obligations associated with the vesting of restricted common shares of beneficial interest issued under our 2013 Equity Incentive Plan, or the 2013 Plan.

The following table summarizes all of these repurchases during the year ended December 31, 2014:

| Period | Total number of shares purchased | Average price paid per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly | Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased |
|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|

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|                            |        |     |          |  | announced<br>plans<br>or programs | under the<br>plans or<br>programs |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|----------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| January 1 - January 31     | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| February 1 - February 28   | 43,600 | (1) | \$ 24.06 |  | —                                 | N/A                               |
| March 1 - March 31         | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| April 1 - April 30         | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| May 1 - May 31             | 17,161 | (1) | \$ 23.43 |  | —                                 | N/A                               |
| June 1 - June 30           | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| July 1 - July 31, 2014     | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| August 1 - August 31       | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| September 1 - September 30 | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| October 1 - October 31     | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| November 1 - November 30   | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| December 1 - December 31   | —      |     | —        |  | N/A                               | N/A                               |
| Total                      | 60,761 |     |          |  |                                   |                                   |

1

The number of shares purchased represents common shares surrendered by certain of our employees to satisfy their statutory minimum federal and state tax obligations associated with the vesting of restricted common shares of beneficial interest issued under our 2013 Plan. With respect to these shares, the price paid per share is based on the closing price of our common shares as of the date of the determination of the statutory minimum federal and state tax obligations.

Issuances Under Equity Compensation Plans

For information regarding the securities authorized for issuance under our equity compensation plans, see Item 12 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Performance Graph

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in any of our filings under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act that might incorporate SEC filings, in whole or in part, the following performance graph will not be incorporated by reference into any such filings.

The following graph compares the cumulative total shareholder return of our common shares for the period from December 31, 2009 to December 31, 2014, to the S&P 500 Index and to the published NAREIT All Equity REIT Index over the same period. The graph assumes that the value of the investment in our common shares and each index was \$100 at December 31, 2009 and that all cash distributions were reinvested. The shareholder return shown on the graph below is not indicative of future performance.

|                          | 12/09  | 6/10   | 12/10  | 6/11   | 12/11  | 6/12   | 12/12  | 6/13   | 12/13  | 6/14   | 12/14  |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Kite Realty Group Trust  | 100.00 | 105.46 | 140.43 | 132.15 | 123.03 | 139.48 | 159.82 | 176.04 | 195.65 | 188.55 | 223.04 |
| S&P 500                  | 100.00 | 93.35  | 115.06 | 122.00 | 117.49 | 128.64 | 136.30 | 155.14 | 180.44 | 193.32 | 205.14 |
| FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs | 100.00 | 105.56 | 127.96 | 141.01 | 138.57 | 159.23 | 163.60 | 174.22 | 167.63 | 197.23 | 218.16 |

## ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables set forth, on a historical basis, selected financial and operating information. The financial information has been derived from our consolidated balance sheets and statements of operations. The share and per share information has been restated for the effects of our one-for-four reverse share split that occurred in August 2014. This information should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" appearing elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

|   | Year Ended December 31 |            |           |           |           |
|---|------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|   | 20141                  | 20132      | 20123     | 20114     | 2010      |
| <b>Operating Data:</b>  |                        |            |           |           |           |
| Total rental related revenue                                      | \$ 259,528             | \$ 129,488 | \$ 96,539 | \$ 89,116 | \$ 83,243 |
| <b>Expenses:</b>  |                        |            |           |           |           |
| Property operating  | 38,703                 | 21,729     | 16,756    | 16,830    | 16,181    |
| Real estate taxes   | 29,947                 | 15,263     | 12,858    | 12,448    | 10,681    |
| General, administrative, and other                                | 13,043                 | 8,211      | 7,117     | 6,274     | 5,361     |
| Merger and acquisition costs                                      | 27,508                 | 2,214      | 364       | —         | —         |
| Litigation charge, net  | —                      | —          | 1,007     | —         | —         |
| Depreciation and amortization                                     | 120,998                | 54,479     | 38,835    | 33,114    | 36,063    |
| Total expenses  | 230,199                | 101,896    | 76,937    | 68,666    | 68,286    |
| Operating income  | 29,329                 | 27,592     | 19,602    | 20,450    | 14,957    |
| Interest expense  | (45,513)               | (27,994)   | (23,392)  | (21,625)  | (24,831)  |
| Income tax (expense) benefit of taxable REIT subsidiary           | (24)                   | (262)      | 106       | 1         | (266)     |
| Gain on sale of unconsolidated property                           | —                      | —          | —         | 4,320     | —         |
| Remeasurement loss on consolidation of Parkside Town Commons, net | —                      | —          | (7,980)   | —         | —         |
| Other (expense) income, net                                       | (244)                  | (62))))    | 209       | 607       | 884       |
| (Loss) income from continuing operations                          | (16,452)               | (726)      | (11,455)  | 3,753     | (9,256)   |
| <b>Discontinued operations:</b>                                   |                        |            |           |           |           |
| Income from operations, excluding impairment charge               | —                      | 834        | 656       | 1,630     | 70        |
| Impairment charge   | —                      | (5,372)    | —         | —         | —         |
| Gain on debt extinguishment                                       | —                      | 1,242      | —         | —         | —         |
| Gain (loss) on sale of operating properties                       | 3,198                  | 487        | 7,094     | (398)     | —         |
| Income from discontinued operations                               | 3,198                  | (2,809)    | 7,750     | 1,232     | 70        |
| Loss before gain on sale of operating properties                  | (13,254)               | (3,535)    | (3,705)   | 4,985     | (9,186)   |
| Gain on sale of operating properties, net                         | 8,578                  | —          | —         | —         | —         |
| Consolidated net (loss) income                                    | (4,676)                | (3,535)    | (3,705)   | 4,985     | (9,186)   |
| Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:       | (1,025)                | 685        | (629)     | (4)       | 915       |
| Net (loss) income attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust:        | (5,701)                | (2,850)    | (4,334)   | 4,981     | (8,271)   |

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|  |             |             |             |            |            |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Dividends on preferred shares:   | (8,456)     | (8,456)     | (7,920)     | (5,775)    | (377)      |
| Net loss attributable to common shareholders   | \$ (14,157) | \$ (11,306) | \$ (12,254) | \$ (794)   | \$ (8,648) |
| Loss per common share – basic and diluted:   |             |             |             |            |            |
| Loss from continuing operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders            | \$ (0.29)   | \$ (0.37)   | \$ (1.04)   | \$ (0.12)  | \$ (0.56)  |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | 0.05        | (0.11)      | 0.32        | 0.08       | 0.00       |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                                   | \$ (0.24)   | \$ (0.48)   | \$ (0.72)   | \$ (0.04)  | \$ (0.56)  |
| Weighted average Common Shares outstanding – basic and diluted   | 58,353,448  | 23,535,434  | 16,721,315  | 15,889,331 | 15,810,119 |
| Distributions declared per Common Share  | \$ 1.02     | \$ 0.96     | \$ 0.96     | \$ 0.96    | \$ 0.96    |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders:                                  |             |             |             |            |            |
| Loss from continuing operations <sup>5</sup>   | \$ (17,268) | \$ (8,686)  | \$ (17,571) | \$ (1,891) | \$ (8,706) |
| Discontinued operations  | 3,111       | (2,620)     | 5,317       | 1,097      | 58         |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                                   | \$ (14,157) | \$ (11,306) | \$ (12,254) | \$ (794)   | \$ (8,648) |

- 1 In 2014, we disposed of multiple operating properties. Of our 2014 disposals, the only property's operations reflected as discontinued operations for each of the years presented is 50th and 12th, as the other disposals individually or in the aggregate did not represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on our operations and financial results. Further, the 50th and 12th operating property is included in discontinued operations, as the property was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.
- 2 In 2013, we disposed of the following properties: Cedar Hill Village and Kedron Village. The operations of these properties are reflected as discontinued operations for each of the years presented above.
- 3 In 2012, we sold the following operating properties: Pen Products, Indiana State Motor Pool, Sandifur Plaza, Preston Commons, Zionsville Place, Coral Springs Plaza, 50 South Morton, South Elgin Commons, and Gateway Shopping Center. The operations of these properties are reflected as discontinued operations for each of the years presented above.
- 4 In December 2011, we sold our Martinsville Shops operating property. The operations of this property are reflected as discontinued operations for each of the years presented above.
- 5 Includes gain on sale of operating properties and preferred dividends.



|  | As of December 31 |             |             |             |             |
|--|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|  | 2014              | 2013        | 2012        | 2011        | 2010        |
| Balance Sheet Data:  |                   |             |             |             |             |
| Investment properties, net   | \$3,417,655       | \$1,644,478 | \$1,200,336 | \$1,095,721 | \$1,047,849 |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 43,826            | 18,134      | 12,483      | 10,042      | 15,395      |
| Assets held for sale   | 179,642           | —           | —           | —           | —           |
| Total assets   | 3,874,216         | 1,763,927   | 1,288,657   | 1,193,266   | 1,132,783   |
| Mortgage and other indebtedness  | 1,554,263         | 857,144     | 699,909     | 689,123     | 610,927     |
| Liabilities held for sale  | 81,164            | —           | —           | —           | —           |
| Total liabilities  | 1,846,986         | 962,894     | 774,365     | 737,807     | 658,689     |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership and other redeemable noncontrolling interests | 125,082           | 43,928      | 37,670      | 41,836      | 44,115      |
| Kite Realty Group Trust shareholders' equity   | 1,898,784         | 753,557     | 473,086     | 409,372     | 423,065     |
| Noncontrolling interests   | 3,364             | 3,548       | 3,536       | 4,251       | 6,914       |
| Total liabilities and equity   | 3,874,216         | 1,763,927   | 1,288,657   | 1,193,266   | 1,132,783   |

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and Item 1A, "Risk Factors," appearing elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. In this discussion, unless the context suggests otherwise, references to the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" mean Kite Realty Group Trust and its subsidiaries.

### Overview

In the following overview, we discuss, among other things, the status of our business and properties, the effect that current United States economic conditions is having on our retail tenants and us, and the current state of the financial markets and how it impacts our financing strategy.

### Our Business and Properties

Kite Realty Group Trust, through its majority-owned subsidiary, Kite Realty Group, L.P., is engaged in the ownership, operation, acquisition, development, and redevelopment of neighborhood and community shopping centers in selected markets in the United States. We derive revenues primarily from rents and reimbursement payments received from tenants under existing leases at each of our properties. Our operating results therefore depend materially on the ability of our tenants to make required rental payments, conditions in the United States retail sector and overall real estate market conditions.

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As of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in 118 retail operating properties totaling approximately 23.9 million square feet of gross leasable area (including approximately 7.7 million square feet of non-owned anchor space) located in 26 states. We also own interests in one office operating property and an associated parking garage, as well as the office components at Eddy Street Commons and Traditions Village, totaling approximately 0.4 million square feet of net rentable area.

As of December 31, 2014, we also had an interest in four development projects under construction. Upon completion, these projects are anticipated to have approximately 0.9 million square feet of gross leasable area.

Additionally, as of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in various land parcels totaling approximately 105 acres. These parcels are classified as “Land held for development” in investment properties in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and are expected to be used for future expansion of existing properties, development of new retail or office properties or sold to third parties.

#### Portfolio Update

In evaluating acquisition, development, and redevelopment opportunities, we focus on strong sub-markets where median household income is above the median for the market. We also focus on locations with population density, high traffic counts, and strong daytime work force populations. Household incomes in our largest markets are significantly higher than the median for the market.

2014 was a strong year for the shopping center industry as landlords continued to take advantage of historically low new shopping center supply. This has provided landlords the opportunity to optimize the tenant mix at properties and upgrade shop space. Additionally, many existing retailers continue to grow by expanding into new markets and also expanding into new concepts such as Field & Stream by Dick’s Sporting Goods. In addition, the continued investment by retailers in omni-channel operations to merge their brick and mortar and online operations is an opportunity for retailers with quality assets in strong locations to drive rent and occupancy growth.

In addition to targeting sub-markets with strong consumer demographics, we focus on having the appropriate tenant mix at each center. Over 90% of our tenants are service oriented or have a notable online platform that has reduced the impact of the expansion of e-commerce on their operations. We have aggressively targeted and executed leases with notable grocers including Publix, The Fresh Market, Earth Fare, and Sprout’s Farmers Market along with soft good retailers such as Dick’s Sporting Goods, TJX Companies, and Bed Bath and Beyond. Additionally, we have identified cost-efficient ways to optimize space for junior anchors such as right-sizing office supply stores and backfilling the existing space with a tenant more suitable to the larger space.

#### Capital Activities

Our ability to obtain capital on satisfactory terms and to refinance borrowings as they mature is affected by the condition of the economy in general and by the financial strength of properties securing borrowings.

2014 was a transformative year for our capital structure as we significantly improved many key metrics. The Merger increased the value of our unencumbered property pool and created additional liquidity. In addition, the incremental cash flows enabled us to lower our debt to EBITDA ratio to 6.5 times as of December 31, 2014. The lower leverage and higher operating cash flows led to us receiving investment grade ratings in 2014, which we believe will enhance our liquidity. In addition, we disposed of multiple non-core properties and are under contract to sell seven additional properties in March 2015. These sales provided us with an additional source of capital to reduce debt and potentially redeploy into core markets including the December 2014 acquisition of Rampart Commons in Las Vegas.

We also significantly increased our liquidity through amending the terms of our unsecured revolving credit facility (the “amended facility”) upon completion of the Merger and increased the total borrowing capacity from \$200 million to \$500 million. The amended terms also include an extension of the maturity date to July 1, 2018, which may be further extended at our option for up to two additional periods of six months, subject to certain conditions.

On July 1, 2014, we also amended the terms of our \$230 million Term Loan (the “amended Term Loan”). The amended Term Loan has a maturity date of July 1, 2019, which may be extended for an additional six months at the Company’s option subject to certain conditions.

The amount that we may borrow under our amended facility is based on the value of assets in our unencumbered property pool. As of December 31, 2014, the full amount of our amended facility, or \$500 million, was available for draw based on the unencumbered property pool allocated to the facility. Taking into account outstanding draws and letters of credit, as of December 31, 2014, we had \$333.2 million available for future borrowings under our amended facility. In addition, our unencumbered assets could provide approximately \$120 million of additional borrowing capacity under our amended facility, if the expansion feature was exercised. Finally, we had \$43.8 million in cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2014.

The amendment of our credit facilities and the achievement of investment grade ratings provide us with more flexibility for future capital activity. Our investment grade credit ratings provide us with access to the unsecured public bond market which we may use in the future to finance acquisition activity, repay debt maturing in the near term and fix interest rates that are currently at historically low levels.

The ability to obtain new financing is also important to our business due to the capital needs of our existing and future development and redevelopment projects. As of December 31, 2014, the unfunded portion of the total estimated costs of our development and redevelopment projects under construction was approximately \$62 million. While we believe we have access to sufficient funding through a combination of existing construction loans and uses of our available liquidity to be able to complete these projects, adverse market conditions may make it more costly and difficult to raise additional capital, if necessary.

#### Summary of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. As disclosed in Note 2, the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We believe that the following discussion addresses our most critical accounting policies, which are those that are most important to the compilation of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, subjective, and complex judgments.

#### Valuation of Investment Properties

Management reviews both operational and development projects, land parcels and intangible assets for impairment on at least a quarterly basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The review for possible impairment requires management to make certain assumptions and estimates and requires significant judgment. Impairment losses for investment properties and intangible assets are measured when the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by the investment properties during the expected holding period are less than the carrying amounts of those assets. Impairment losses are recorded as the excess of the carrying value over the estimated fair value of the asset. Our impairment review for land and development properties assumes we have the intent and the ability to complete the developments or projected uses for the land parcels. If we determine those plans will not be completed or our assumptions with respect to operating assets are not realized, an impairment loss may be appropriate. Management does not believe any investment properties, development assets, or land parcels were impaired as of December 31, 2014.

Depreciation may be accelerated for a redevelopment project including partial demolition of existing structure after the asset is assessed for impairment.

Operating properties held for sale include only those properties available for immediate sale in their present condition and for which management believes it is probable that a sale of the property will be completed within one year,

amongst other factors. Operating properties are carried at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Depreciation and amortization are suspended during the held-for-sale period. We have classified seven operating properties as held for sale as of December 31, 2014 (see Note 11).

Our operating properties have operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished from the rest of our activities. Historically, the operations reported in discontinued operations include those operating properties that were sold or were considered held-for-sale and for which operations and cash flows can be clearly distinguished. The operations from these properties are eliminated from ongoing operations, and we will not have a continuing involvement after disposition. In the first quarter of 2014, we adopted the provisions of ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity and as a result the operating properties sold during 2014, except for 50th and 12th and the seven operating properties that are classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2014 are not included in discontinued operations in the accompanying Statements of Operations as the disposals neither individually nor in the aggregate represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on our operations or financial results. The 50th and 12th operating property is included in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, as the property was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013 and is reported under the former rules. In addition, the provisions of ASU 2014-08 were not required to be applied retroactively.

## Acquisition of Real Estate Investments

Upon acquisition of real estate operating properties, we estimate the fair value of acquired identifiable tangible assets and identified intangible assets and liabilities, assumed debt, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition, based on evaluation of information and estimates available at that date. Based on these estimates, we allocate the estimated fair value to the applicable assets and liabilities. In making estimates of fair values for the purpose of allocating purchase price, a number of sources are utilized, including information obtained as a result of pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing and leasing activities. In 2014, we utilized a third party valuation expert to assist in the allocation of the purchase price of the operating properties acquired as part of the Merger.

A portion of the purchase price is allocated to tangible assets and intangibles, including:

- the fair value of the building on an as-if-vacant basis and to land determined either by comparable market data, real estate tax assessments, independent appraisals or other relevant data;
- above-market and below-market in-place lease values for acquired properties are based on the present value (using an interest rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (ii) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place leases, measured over the remaining non-cancelable term of the leases. Any below-market renewal options are also considered in the in-place lease values. The capitalized above-market and below-market lease values are amortized as a reduction of or addition to rental income over the remaining non-cancelable terms of the respective leases. Should a tenant vacate, terminate its lease, or otherwise notify us of its intent to do so, the unamortized portion of the lease intangibles would be charged or credited to income; and
  - the value of leases acquired. We utilize independent sources for our estimates to determine the respective in-place lease values. Our estimates of value are made using methods similar to those used by independent appraisers. Factors we consider in our analysis include an estimate of costs to execute similar leases including tenant improvements, leasing commissions and foregone costs and rent received during the estimated lease-up period as if the space was vacant. The value of in-place leases is amortized to expense over the remaining initial terms of the respective leases.
- the fair value of any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. We utilize third party and independent sources for our estimates to determine the respective fair value of each mortgage payable. The fair market value of each mortgage payable is amortized to interest expense over the remaining initial terms of the respective loan.

We also consider whether a portion of the purchase price should be allocated to in-place leases that have a related customer relationship intangible value. Characteristics we consider in allocating these values include the nature and extent of existing business relationships with the tenant, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality, and expectations of lease renewals, among other factors. To date, a tenant relationship has not been developed that is considered to have a current intangible value.

Certain properties we acquired from the Merger included earnout components to the purchase price, meaning the previous owner did not pay a portion of the purchase price of the property at closing, although they owned the entire

property. We are not obligated to pay the contingent portion of the purchase prices unless space which was vacant at the time of acquisition is later leased by the seller within the time limits and parameters set forth in the acquisition agreements. The earnout payments are based on a predetermined formula applied to rental income received. The earnout agreements have an obligation period remaining of one year or less as of December 31, 2014. If at the end of the time period certain space has not been leased, occupied and rent producing, we will have no further obligation to pay additional purchase price consideration and will retain ownership of that entire property. Based on our best estimate, we have recorded a liability for the potential future earnout payments using estimated fair value measurements at the end of the period which include the lease-up periods, market rents and probability of occupancy. We have recorded this earnout amount as additional purchase price of the related properties and as a liability included in deferred revenue and intangibles, net and other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

## Revenue Recognition

As lessor, we retain substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the investment properties and account for our leases as operating leases.

Minimum rent, percentage rent, and expense recoveries from tenants for common area maintenance costs, insurance and real estate taxes are our principal source of revenue. Base minimum rents are recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. Certain lease agreements contain provisions that grant additional rents based on a tenant's sales volume (contingent percentage rent). Overage rent is recognized when tenants achieve the specified targets as defined in their lease agreements. Overage rent is included in other property related revenue in the accompanying statements of operations. As a result of generating this revenue, we will routinely have accounts receivable due from tenants. We are subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that may affect the collection of outstanding receivables. To address the collectability of these receivables, we analyze historical write-off experience, tenant credit-worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of our allowance for doubtful accounts and straight line rent reserve. Although we estimate uncollectible receivables and provide for them through charges against income, actual experience may differ from those estimates.

Gains from sales of real estate are not recognized unless a sale has been consummated, the buyer's initial and continuing investment is adequate to demonstrate a commitment to pay for the property, we have transferred to the buyer the usual risks and rewards of ownership, and we do not have a substantial continuing financial involvement in the property. As part of our ongoing business strategy, we will, from time to time, sell land parcels and outlots, some of which are ground leased to tenants, on a case by case basis.

## Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs for identical instruments that are classified within Level 1 and observable inputs for similar instruments that are classified within Level 2) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3).

Note 3 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements includes a discussion of fair values recorded when we acquired a controlling interest in Parkside Town Commons development project. Level 3 inputs to this transaction include our estimations of the fair value of the real estate and related assets acquired.

Note 5 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements includes a discussion of fair values recorded when we recorded an impairment charge on its Kedron Village property. Level 3 inputs to this transaction include our estimations of market leasing rates, discount rates, holding period, and disposal values.

Note 10 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements includes a discussion of the fair values recorded in purchase accounting. Level 3 inputs to these acquisitions include our estimations of market leasing rates, tenant-related costs, discount rates, and disposal values.

#### Income Taxes and REIT Compliance

We are considered a corporation for federal income tax purposes and we have been organized and we intend to continue to operate in a manner that will enable us to maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. As a result, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on the earnings that we distribute to the extent we distribute our “REIT taxable income” (determined before the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains) to our shareholders and meet certain other requirements on a recurring basis. To the extent that we satisfy this distribution requirement, but distribute less than 100% of our taxable income, we will be subject to federal corporate income tax on our undistributed REIT taxable income. REITs are subject to a number of organizational and operational requirements. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates for a period of four years following the year in which qualification was lost. We may also be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and property and to federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed income even if we do qualify as a REIT.

## Inflation

Inflation has not had a significant impact on our results of operations because of relatively low inflation rates in recent years. Additionally, most of our leases contain provisions designed to mitigate the adverse impact of inflation by requiring the tenant to pay its share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in operating expenses resulting from inflation. Furthermore, many of our leases are for terms of less than ten years, which enables us to seek to increase rents upon re-rental at market rates if current rents are below the then existing market rates.

## Results of Operations

At December 31, 2014, we owned interests in 123 properties (consisting of 118 retail operating properties, three retail redevelopment properties, and one office operating property and an associated parking garage). Also, as of December 31, 2014, we had an interest in four retail development projects that were under construction.

At December 31, 2013, we owned interests in 72 properties (consisting of 66 retail operating properties, 4 retail redevelopment properties, and one office operating property and an associated parking garage). Also, as of December 31, 2013, we had an interest in two development projects that were under construction and one development project that has not yet commenced construction.

At December 31, 2012, we owned interests in 60 properties (consisting of 54 retail operating properties, 4 retail redevelopment properties, and one office operating property and an associated parking garage). Also, as of December 31, 2012, we had an interest in three development projects that were under construction and three development projects that had not yet commenced construction.

The comparability of results of operations is significantly affected by our merger with Inland Diversified on July 1, 2014 and by our development, redevelopment, and operating property acquisition and disposition activities in 2012 through 2014. Therefore, we believe it is most useful to review the comparisons of our results of operations for these years (as set forth below under “Comparison of Operating Results for the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013” and “Comparison of Operating Results for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012”) in conjunction with the discussion of these activities during those periods, which is set forth below.

## Property Acquisition Activities

During 2014, 2013 and 2012, we acquired the properties below.

| Property Name | MSA | Acquisition Date | Acquisition Cost (Millions) | Owned GLA |
|---------------|-----|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
|---------------|-----|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|

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|                                |                  |               |         |            |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| Cove Center                    | Stuart, FL       | June 2012     | \$ 22.1 | 155,063    |
| 12th Street Plaza              | Vero Beach, FL   | July 2012     | 15.2    | 138,268    |
| Publix at Woodruff             | Greenville, SC   | December 2012 | 9.1     | 68,055     |
| Shoppes at Plaza Green         | Greenville, SC   | December 2012 | 28.8    | 194,807    |
| Shoppes of Eastwood            | Orlando, FL      | January 2013  | 11.6    | 69,037     |
| Cool Springs Market            | Nashville, TN    | April 2013    | 37.6    | 223,912    |
| Castleton Crossing             | Indianapolis, IN | May 2013      | 39.0    | 277,812    |
| Toringdon Market               | Charlotte, NC    | August 2013   | 15.9    | 60,464     |
| Nine Property Portfolio        | Various          | November 2013 | 304.0   | 1,977,711  |
| Merger with Inland Diversified | Various          | July 2014     | 2,128.6 | 10,719,471 |
| Rampart Commons                | Las Vegas, NV    | December 2014 | 32.3    | 81,292     |

## Operating Property Disposition Activities

During 2014, 2013 and 2012, we sold or disposed of the operating properties listed in the table below.

| Property Name                                     | MSA                | Disposition Date         | Owned GLA |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Gateway Shopping Center                           | Seattle, WA        | February 2012            | 99,444    |
| South Elgin Commons                               | Chicago, IL        | June 2012                | 128,000   |
| 50 South Morton                                   | Indianapolis, IN   | July 2012                | 2,000     |
| Coral Springs Plaza                               | Ft. Lauderdale, FL | September 2012           | 46,079    |
| Pen Products                                      | Indianapolis, IN   | October 2012             | 85,875    |
| Indiana State Motor Pool                          | Indianapolis, IN   | October 2012             | 115,000   |
| Sandifur Plaza                                    | Pasco, WA          | November 2012            | 12,552    |
| Zionsville Place                                  | Indianapolis, IN   | November 2012            | 12,400    |
| Preston Commons                                   | Dallas, TX         | December 2012            | 27,539    |
| Kedron Village                                    | Atlanta, GA        | July 2013                | 157,345   |
| Cedar Hill Village                                | Dallas, TX         | September 2013           | 44,214    |
| 50th and 12th (Walgreens) 1                       | Seattle, WA        | January 2014             | 14,500    |
| Red Bank Commons                                  | Evansville, IN     | March 2014               | 34,258    |
| Ridge Plaza                                       | Oak Ridge, NJ      | March 2014               | 115,088   |
| Zionsville Walgreens                              | Zionsville, IN     | September 2014           | 14,550    |
| Tranche I of Portfolio Sale to Inland Real Estate | Various            | November & December 2014 | 805,644   |

1 \_\_\_\_\_ Operating property was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.

## Development Activities

During the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the following significant development properties became operational or partially operational:

| Property Name                        | MSA              | Economic Occupancy Date <sup>1</sup> | Owned GLA |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Delray Marketplace                   | Delray Beach, FL | January 2013                         | 260,153   |
| Holly Springs Towne Center – Phase I | Raleigh, NC      | March 2013                           | 207,589   |
| Parkside Town Commons – Phase I      | Raleigh, NC      | March 2014                           | 104,978   |
| Parkside Town Commons – Phase II     | Raleigh, NC      | September 2014                       | 275,432   |

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Represents the date on which we started receiving rental payments under tenant leases or ground leases at the property or the tenant took possession of the property, whichever was earlier.

Redevelopment Activities

During portions 2014, 2013 and 2012, the following redevelopment properties were under construction:

| Property Name                  | MSA                        | Transition to Redevelopment <sup>1</sup> | Transition to Operations | Owned GLA |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------|
| Oleander Place                 | Wilmington, North Carolina | February 2011                            | December 2012            | 45,530    |
| Rangeline Crossing             | Carmel, Indiana            | June 2012                                | June 2013                | 97,511    |
| Four Corner Square             | Seattle, Washington        | September 2008                           | December 2013            | 107,998   |
| King's Lake Square             | Naples, Florida            | July 2013                                | April 2014               | 88,153    |
| Bolton Plaza                   | Jacksonville, Florida      | June 2008                                | September 2014           | 155,637   |
| Gainesville Plaza <sup>2</sup> | Gainesville, Florida       | June 2013                                | Pending                  | 162,693   |

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- 1 Transition date represents the date the property was transferred from our operating portfolio into redevelopment status.
- 2 In March 2014, we signed leases with Ross Dress and Burlington Coat Factory to anchor the project. Burlington Coat Factory opened in September 2014 and Ross Dress is expected to open in the first half of 2015. The project is currently 81.6% leased or committed.

### Anchor Tenant Openings

Included below is a list of anchor tenants that opened in 2014.

| Tenant Name                | Property Name                    | MSA              | Owned GLA |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| LA Fitness                 | Bolton Plaza                     | Jacksonville, FL | 38,000    |
| Sprouts Farmers Market     | Sunland Towne Center             | El Paso, TX      | 31,541    |
| Fresh Market               | Lithia Crossing                  | Tampa Bay, FL    | 18,091    |
| Walgreens                  | Rangeline Crossing               | Indianapolis, IN | 15,300    |
| Publix                     | King's Lake Square               | Naples, FL       | 88,153    |
| Target <sup>1</sup>        | Parkside Town Commons – Phase I  | Raleigh, NC      |           |
| Harris Teeter <sup>2</sup> | Parkside Town Commons – Phase I  | Raleigh, NC      | 53,000    |
| Total Wine and More        | International Speedway Square    | Daytona, FL      | 23,942    |
| Walgreens                  | Four Corner Square               | Seattle, WA      | 14,820    |
| Petco                      | Parkside Town Commons – Phase I  | Raleigh, NC      | 12,500    |
| Field and Stream           | Parkside Town Commons – Phase II | Raleigh, NC      | 50,000    |
| Golf Galaxy                | Parkside Town Commons – Phase II | Raleigh, NC      | 35,000    |
| Burlington Coat Factory    | Gainesville Plaza                | Gainesville, FL  | 65,000    |

- 
- 1 Target is an anchor that owns its 135,300 square foot store.
- 2 Ground lease tenant.

### Same Property Net Operating Income

We believe that net operating income (“NOI”) is helpful to investors as a measure of our operating performance because it excludes various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as depreciation and amortization, interest expense, and asset impairment, if any. We believe that NOI for our “same properties” (“Same Property NOI”) is helpful to investors as a measure of our operating performance because it includes only the NOI of properties that have been owned for the full periods presented, which eliminates disparities in net income due to the redevelopment, acquisition or disposition of properties during the particular period presented, and thus provides a more consistent metric for the comparison of our properties. NOI and Same Property NOI should not, however, be considered as alternatives to net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) as

indicators of our financial performance.

The following table reflects same property NOI (and reconciliation to net loss attributable to common shareholders) for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013:

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| (\$ in thousands)   | Years Ended December 31, |             | % Change |   |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|----------|---|
|   | 2014                     | 2013        |          |   |
| Number of comparable properties at period end <sup>1</sup>          | 52                       | 52          |          |   |
| Leased percentage at period end                                     | 96.1                     | 96.4        | %        | % |
| Economic Occupancy percentage at period end <sup>2</sup>            | 94.8                     | 93.1        | %        | % |
| Net operating income – same properties (52 properties) <sup>3</sup> | \$68,033                 | \$65,005    | 4.7      | % |
| Reconciliation to Most Directly Comparable GAAP Measure:            |                          |             |          |   |
| Net operating income - same properties                              | \$68,033                 | \$65,005    |          |   |
| Net operating income - non-same activity                            | 122,845                  | 27,491      |          |   |
| Other expense, net  | (268 )                   | (324 )      |          |   |
| General, administrative and other                                   | (13,043 )                | (8,211 )    |          |   |
| Merger and acquisition costs  | (27,508 )                | (2,214 )    |          |   |
| Impairment charge   | -                        | (5,372 )    |          |   |
| Depreciation expense  | (120,998 )               | (54,479 )   |          |   |
| Interest expense  | (45,513 )                | (27,994 )   |          |   |
| Discontinued operations   | -                        | 2,563       |          |   |
| Gain on sales of operating properties, net                          | 11,776                   | —           |          |   |
| Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests          | (1,025 )                 | 685         |          |   |
| Dividends on preferred shares                                       | (8,456 )                 | (8,456 )    |          |   |
| Net loss attributable to common shareholders                        | \$(14,157 )              | \$(11,306 ) |          |   |

1 Same Property NOI analysis excludes operating properties in redevelopment.

2 Excludes leases that are signed but for which tenants have not commenced payment of cash rent.

3 Same Property NOI excludes net gains from outlot sales, straight-line rent revenue, bad debt expense and related recoveries, lease termination fees, amortization of lease intangibles and significant prior year expense recoveries and adjustments, if any.

### Funds From Operations

Funds From Operations (“FFO”), is a widely used performance measure for real estate companies and is provided here as a supplemental measure of operating performance. We calculate FFO in accordance with the best practices described in the April 2002 National Policy Bulletin of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT) and related revisions, which we refer to as the White Paper. The White Paper defines FFO as consolidated net income (loss) (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales and impairments of

depreciated property, less preferred dividends, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for third-party shares of appropriate items.

Given the nature of our business as a real estate owner and operator, we believe that FFO is helpful to investors as a starting point in measuring our operational performance because it excludes various items included in consolidated net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as gains (or losses) from sales and impairment of depreciated property and depreciation and amortization, which can make periodic and peer analyses of operating performance more difficult. For informational purposes, we have also provided FFO adjusted for merger and acquisition costs, accelerated amortization of deferred financing fees in 2013 and 2012, a non-cash gain on debt extinguishment in 2013, and a litigation charge in 2012. We believe this supplemental information provides a meaningful measure of our operating performance. We believe that our presentation of adjusted FFO (“AFFO”) provides investors with another financial measure that may facilitate comparison of operating performance between periods and compared to our peers. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to consolidated net income (loss) (determined in accordance with GAAP) as an indicator of our financial performance, is not an alternative to cash flow from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of our liquidity, and is not indicative of funds available to satisfy our cash needs, including our ability to make distributions. Our computation of FFO may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs.

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Our calculation of FFO1 (and reconciliation to consolidated net loss, as applicable) for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 (unaudited) is as follows:

| (in thousands)  | Years Ended December 31, |            |            |
|---|--------------------------|------------|------------|
|   | 2014                     | 2013       | 2012       |
| Consolidated net loss   | \$(4,676 )               | \$(3,535 ) | \$(3,705 ) |
| Less dividends on preferred shares  | (8,456 )                 | (8,456 )   | (7,920 )   |
| Less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in properties                      | (1,435 )                 | (121 )     | (138 )     |
| Less gain on sale of operating properties   | (11,776 )                | (487 )     | (7,094 )   |
| Add remeasurement loss on consolidation of Parkside Town Commons, net                       | —                        | —          | 7,980      |
| Add impairment charge   | —                        | 5,372      | —          |
| Add depreciation and amortization of consolidated entities, net of noncontrolling interests | 120,452                  | 54,850     | 41,358     |
| Funds From Operations of the Operating Partnership  | 94,109                   | 47,623     | 30,481     |
| Less Limited Partners' interest in Funds From Operations                                    | (2,541 )                 | (3,195 )   | (3,021 )   |
| Funds From Operations allocable to the Company  | \$91,568                 | \$44,428   | \$27,460   |
| Funds From Operations of the Operating Partnership  | \$94,109                 | \$47,623   | \$30,481   |
| Add write-off of loan fees on early repayment of debt                                       | —                        | 488        | 500        |
| Add Merger and acquisition costs  | 27,508                   | 1,648      | —          |
| Add litigation charge, net  | —                        | —          | 1,007      |
| Less Gain on debt extinguishment  | —                        | (1,242 )   | —          |
| Funds From Operations of the Kite Portfolio, as adjusted                                    | \$121,617                | \$48,517   | \$31,988   |

1 “Funds From Operations of the Kite Portfolio, as adjusted” measures 100% of the operating performance of the Operating Partnership’s real estate properties and construction and service subsidiaries in which the Company owns an interest. “Funds From Operations allocable to the Company” reflects a reduction for the redeemable noncontrolling weighted average diluted interest in the Operating Partnership.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

The following table reflects income statement line items from our consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013:



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|   | Years Ended December |                    | Net change<br>2013 to<br>2014 |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
|   | 2014                 | 2013               |                               |
| <b>Revenue:</b>   |                      |                    |                               |
| Rental income (including tenant reimbursements)                             | \$252,228            | \$118,059          | \$134,169                     |
| Other property related revenue  | 7,300                | 11,429             | (4,129 )                      |
| <b>Total revenue</b>  | <b>259,528</b>       | <b>129,488</b>     | <b>130,040</b>                |
| <b>Expenses:</b>  |                      |                    |                               |
| Property operating  | 38,703               | 21,729             | 16,974                        |
| Real estate taxes   | 29,947               | 15,263             | 14,684                        |
| General, administrative, and other  | 13,043               | 8,211              | 4,832                         |
| Merger and acquisition costs  | 27,508               | 2,214              | 25,294                        |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 120,998              | 54,479             | 66,519                        |
| <b>Total expenses</b>   | <b>230,199</b>       | <b>101,896</b>     | <b>128,303</b>                |
| <b>Operating income</b>   | <b>29,329</b>        | <b>27,592</b>      | <b>1,737</b>                  |
| Interest expense  | (45,513 )            | (27,994 )          | (17,519 )                     |
| Income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiary                               | (24 )                | (262 )             | 238                           |
| Other expense, net  | (244 )               | (62 )              | (182 )                        |
| <b>Loss from continuing operations</b>                                      | <b>(16,452 )</b>     | <b>(726 )</b>      | <b>(15,726 )</b>              |
| <b>Discontinued operations:</b>   |                      |                    |                               |
| Discontinued operations   | -                    | 834                | (834 )                        |
| Impairment Charge   | -                    | (5,372 )           | 5,372                         |
| Non-cash gain on debt extinguishment  | -                    | 1,242              | (1,242 )                      |
| Gain on sale of operating properties  | 3,198                | 487                | 2,711                         |
| <b>Gain (loss) from discontinued operations</b>                             | <b>3,198</b>         | <b>(2,809 )</b>    | <b>6,007</b>                  |
| <b>Loss before gain on sale of operating properties</b>                     | <b>(13,254 )</b>     | <b>(3,535 )</b>    | <b>(9,719 )</b>               |
| Gain on sale of operating properties  | 8,578                | -                  | 8,578                         |
| <b>Consolidated net loss</b>  | <b>(4,676 )</b>      | <b>(3,535 )</b>    | <b>(1,141 )</b>               |
| Add: Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests             | (1,025 )             | 685                | (1,710 )                      |
| <b>Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust</b>                     | <b>(5,701 )</b>      | <b>(2,850 )</b>    | <b>(2,851 )</b>               |
| Dividends on preferred shares   | (8,456 )             | (8,456 )           | -                             |
| <b>Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders</b> | <b>\$(14,157 )</b>   | <b>\$(11,306 )</b> | <b>\$(2,851 )</b>             |

Rental income (including tenant reimbursements) increased \$134.2 million, or 113.6%, due to the following:

| (in thousands)   | Net change<br>2013 to<br>2014 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Properties acquired through merger with Inland Diversified                                       | \$85,310                      |
| Properties acquired during 2013 and 2014   | 32,816                        |
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2013 and/or 2014 | 4,775                         |
| Properties sold during 2014  | (2,486 )                      |
| Properties sold to Inland Real Estate during 2014  | 6,662                         |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2013 and/or 2014   | 2,025                         |
| Properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 and other                                      | 5,067                         |
| Total  | \$ 134,169                    |

The net increase of \$5.1 million in rental income for fully operational properties is primarily attributable to anchor tenant openings at certain operating properties, improvement in small shop occupancy, and an improvement in expense recoveries from tenants. For the total portfolio, the overall recovery ratio for reimbursable expenses improved to 84.7% for the year ended December 31, 2014 compared to 78.3% for the year ended December 31, 2013. The improved ratio is mostly due to higher occupancy.

Other property related revenue primarily consists of parking revenues, overage rent, lease settlement income and gains related to land sales. This revenue decreased by \$4.1 million, primarily as a result of lower gains on land sales of \$4.7 million partially offset by increases in overage rent income of \$0.5 million.

Property operating expenses increased \$17.0 million, or 78.1%, due to the following:

| (in thousands)   | Net change<br>2013 to<br>2014 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Properties acquired through merger with Inland Diversified                                       | \$8,022                       |
| Properties acquired during 2013 and 2014   | 5,714                         |
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2013 and/or 2014 | 1,063                         |
| Properties sold during 2014  | (274 )                        |
| Properties sold to Inland Real Estate during 2014  | 943                           |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2013 and/or 2014   | 497                           |
| Properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 and other                                      | 1,009                         |
| Total  | \$ 16,974                     |

The net \$1.0 million increase in property operating expenses at properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 was due to higher maintenance, landscaping and insurance costs.



Real estate taxes increased \$14.7 million, or 96.2%, due to the following:

| (in thousands)   | Net change<br>2013 to<br>2014 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Properties acquired through merger with Inland Diversified                                       | \$10,317                      |
| Properties acquired during 2013 and 2014   | 3,513                         |
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2013 and/or 2014 | 701                           |
| Properties sold during 2014  | (258 )                        |
| Properties sold to Inland Real Estate during 2014  | 682                           |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2013 and/or 2014   | 57                            |
| Properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 and other                                      | (328 )                        |
| Total  | \$14,684                      |

The net \$0.3 million decrease in real estate taxes at properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 was due to successful appeals at certain properties. The majority of changes in our real estate tax expense is recoverable from tenants and, therefore, reflected in tenant reimbursement revenue.

General, administrative and other expenses increased \$4.8 million, or 58.8%, due primarily to higher public company and personnel costs largely associated with the Merger. Specifically, our year-end employee base increased 48.4% from 95 employees in 2013 to 141 employees in 2014.

Merger and acquisition costs for the year ended December 31, 2014 related almost entirely to our merger with Inland Diversified and totaled \$27.5 million compared to \$2.2 million of costs for property acquisitions for the year ended December 31, 2013. The majority of the \$27.5 million related to investment banking, lender, due diligence, legal, and professional expenses.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$66.5 million, or 122.1%, due to the following:

| (in thousands)   | Net change<br>2013 to<br>2014 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Properties acquired through merger with Inland Diversified                                       | \$41,851                      |
| Properties acquired during 2013 and 2014   | 20,794                        |
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2013 and/or 2014 | 4,424                         |
| Properties sold during 2014  | (764 )                        |
| Properties sold to Inland Real Estate during 2014  | 2,357                         |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2013 and/or 2014   | (3,407 )                      |
| Properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 and other                                      | 1,264                         |
| Total  | \$66,519                      |

The net increase of \$1.3 million in depreciation and amortization expense at properties fully operational during 2013 and 2014 was primarily due to an increase in anchor tenants openings.

Interest expense increased \$17.5 million, or 62.6%. The increase partially resulted from our assumption of \$859.6 million of debt from the Merger. The increase was also due to certain development and redevelopment projects, including Delray Marketplace, Holly Springs Towne Centre – Phase I, Rangeline Crossing, Four Corner Square, and Parkside Town Commons – Phase I becoming operational. As a portion of the project becomes operational, we expense pro-rata amount of related interest expense.

We recorded an impairment charge of \$5.4 million related to our Kedron Village operating property for the year ended December 31, 2013. We also recognized a non-cash gain of \$1.2 million resulting from the transfer of the Kedron Village assets to the lender in satisfaction of the debt. See additional discussion in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

We had a gain from discontinued operations of \$3.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 compared to a loss of \$0.5 million in the same period of 2013. The current year gain from discontinued operations relates to the sale of the 50th and 12th operating property, which was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. In the first quarter of 2014, we adopted the provisions of ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. The Red Bank Commons, Ridge Plaza, Zionsville Walgreens and Tranche I operating properties are not included in discontinued operations in the accompanying Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, as the disposals individually and in the aggregate did not represent a strategic shift that has or will have major effect on our operations and financial results.

In addition, we recorded gains on the sales of our Red Bank Commons, Ridge Plaza, Zionsville Walgreens, and Tranche I operating properties we sold to Inland Real Estate totaling \$8.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2014. Disposal gains and losses in prior years were generally classified in discontinued operations prior to our adoption of ASU 2014-08.

The allocation to net income of noncontrolling interests increased due to allocations to joint venture partners in certain consolidated properties acquired as part of the Merger. These partners are allocated income generally equal to the distribution received from the operations of the properties in which they hold an interest.

#### Comparison of Operating Results for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

The following table reflects income statement line items from our consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

|   | Years Ended December<br>31, |           | Net change<br>2012 to<br>2013 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
|   | 2013                        | 2012      |                               |
| Revenue:  |                             |           |                               |
| Rental income (including tenant reimbursements) | \$ 118,059                  | \$92,495  | \$25,564                      |
| Other property related revenue                  | 11,429                      | 4,044     | 7,385                         |
| Total revenue                                   | 129,488                     | 96,539    | 32,949                        |
| Expenses:                                       |                             |           |                               |
| Property operating                              | 21,729                      | 16,756    | 4,973                         |
| Real estate taxes                               | 15,263                      | 12,858    | 2,405                         |
| General, administrative, and other              | 8,211                       | 7,117     | 1,094                         |
| Acquisition costs                               | 2,214                       | 364       | 1,850                         |
| Litigation charge, net                          | -                           | 1,007     | (1,007 )                      |
| Depreciation and amortization                   | 54,479                      | 38,835    | 15,644                        |
| Total expenses                                  | 101,896                     | 76,937    | 24,959                        |
| Operating income                                | 27,592                      | 19,602    | 7,990                         |
| Interest expense                                | (27,994 )                   | (23,392 ) | (4,602 )                      |

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|  |             |             |           |
|--|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Income tax (expense) benefit of taxable REIT subsidiary              | (262 )      | 106         | (368 )    |
| Remeasurement loss on consolidation of Parkside Town Commons, net    | -           | (7,980 )    | 7,980     |
| Other (expense) income, net  | (62 )       | 209         | (271 )    |
| Loss from continuing operations                                      | (726 )      | (11,455 )   | 10,729    |
| Discontinued operations:   |             |             |           |
| Discontinued operations  | 834         | 656         | 178       |
| Impairment Charge  | (5,372 )    | -           | (5,372 )  |
| Non-cash gain on debt extinguishment                                 | 1,242       | -           | 1,242     |
| Gain on sale of operating properties                                 | 487         | 7,094       | (6,607 )  |
| (Loss) gain from discontinued operations                             | (2,809 )    | 7,750       | (10,559 ) |
| Consolidated net loss  | (3,535 )    | (3,705 )    | 170       |
| Add: Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests      | 685         | (629 )      | 1,314     |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust                     | (2,850 )    | (4,334 )    | 1,484     |
| Dividends on preferred shares  | (8,456 )    | (7,920 )    | (536 )    |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | \$(11,306 ) | \$(12,254 ) | \$948     |

Rental income (including tenant reimbursements) increased by \$25.6 million, or 27.6%, due to the following:

|  | Net change<br>2012 to<br>2013 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2012 and/or 2013 | \$6,760                       |
| Properties acquired during 2012 and 2013   | 15,509                        |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2012 and/or 2013   | 966                           |
| Properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 & other  | 2,329                         |
| Total  | \$25,564                      |

The net increase of \$2.3 million in rental income for fully operational properties is primarily attributable to the improvement in base rental revenue due to improved occupancy levels at operating properties including anchor leases at our Cedar Hill Plaza, Rivers Edge, and Cobblestone Plaza operating properties along with improved rent spreads on new and renewal leases. In addition, we had increased recovery income due to an increase in recoverable property operating expenses and real estate taxes of \$1.5 million along with higher recovery rates due to improved occupancy levels.

For the total portfolio, the overall recovery ratio for reimbursable expenses improved to 78.3% for the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to 77.1% for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Other property related revenue primarily consists of gains from land sales, lease settlement income, parking revenues, and percentage rent. This revenue increased \$7.4 million, or 183%, primarily as a result of higher gains from land sales of \$5.5 million (including a pre-tax increase of \$0.9 million related to sales of residential units at Eddy Street Commons) and higher lease termination fees of \$1.8 million. We also recorded a gain on an outlot sale at Cobblestone Plaza of \$3.9 million in 2013. The majority of the termination fee relates to a former anchor tenant at Bayport Commons where a replacement anchor commenced in November 2013.

Property operating expenses increased by \$5.0 million, or 29.7%, due to the following:

|  | Net change<br>2012 to<br>2013 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2012 and/or 2013 | \$1,789                       |
| Properties acquired during 2012 and 2013   | 1,950                         |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2012 and/or 2013   | 31                            |
| Properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 & other  | 1,203                         |
| Total  | \$4,973                       |

The net \$1.2 million increase in property operating expenses at properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 was primarily due to the following:

- \$0.5 million net increase in repairs and maintenance at a number of our operating properties in 2013;
- \$0.3 million increase in insurance due to higher costs at our Florida properties. The majority of this increase is recoverable from tenants;
- \$0.2 million increase in snow removal costs. The majority of this increase is recoverable from tenants; and
  - The changes in other categories of expense were not individually significant.

Real estate taxes increased \$2.4 million, or 18.7%, due to the following:

|  | Net change<br>2012 to<br>2013 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2012 and/or 2013 | \$244                         |
| Properties acquired during 2012 and 2013   | 1,927                         |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2012 and/or 2013   | (84 )                         |
| Properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 & other  | 318                           |
| Total  | \$2,405                       |

The net \$0.3 million increase in real estate taxes at properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 was primarily due to increases in assessments at certain operating properties. The majority of the increases and decreases in our real estate tax expense from increased assessments and subsequent appeals is recoverable from (or reimbursable to) tenants and, therefore, reflected in tenant reimbursement revenue.

General, administrative and other expenses increased \$1.1 million, or 15.4%, due primarily to an increase in personnel-related expenses related to increase in the size of the portfolio along with an increase in other public company-related costs.

Acquisition costs increased \$1.9 million due to the higher acquisition volume in 2013 compared to 2012. We acquired thirteen properties in 2013 compared to four properties in 2012.

In 2012, we recorded a litigation charge, net of \$1.0 million. This relates to the damages and attorney's fees related to a claim by a former tenant net of certain recoveries. See additional discussion in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$15.6 million, or 40.3%, due to the following:

|  | Net change<br>2012 to<br>2013 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Development properties that became operational or were partially operational in 2012 and/or 2013 | \$2,720                       |
| Properties acquired during 2012 and 2013   | 9,542                         |
| Properties under redevelopment during 2012 and/or 2013   | 1,617                         |
| Properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 & other  | 1,765                         |
| Total  | \$15,644                      |

The net increase of \$1.8 million in depreciation and amortization expense at properties fully operational during 2012 and 2013 was due to additional assets placed in-service related to anchor retensing at certain of our operating properties.

Interest expense increased \$4.6 million, or 19.7%. This increase was due to the transfer of substantial portions of assets at Delray Marketplace, Holly Springs Towne Center, Rangeline Crossing, and Four Corner Square from construction in progress to depreciable fixed assets based on the proportion of tenants opening for business, which resulted in a reduction in capitalized interest.

Income tax expense of our taxable REIT subsidiary was \$0.3 million in 2013 compared to an income tax benefit of \$0.1 million in 2012. The expense in 2013 was due to higher taxable sales of residential units at Eddy Street Commons.

The 2012 \$8.0 million remeasurement loss on consolidation of Parkside Town Commons, net relates to the acquisition of our partner's interest in the Parkside Town Commons joint venture. See additional discussion in Note 4 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Within discontinued operations, we recorded an impairment charge of \$5.4 million and a gain on debt extinguishment of \$1.2 million related to the disposal of our Kedron Village property in 2013. Excluding this activity, we had a loss related to discontinued operations of \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to income of \$0.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. We sold multiple properties in 2012 for a net gain of \$7.1 million compared to one property in 2013 for a net gain of \$0.5 million. See additional discussion of the Kedron Village transaction in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Overview

Our primary finance and capital strategy is to maintain a strong balance sheet with sufficient flexibility to fund our operating and investment activities in a cost-effective manner. We consider a number of factors when evaluating our level of indebtedness and when making decisions regarding additional borrowings or equity offerings, including the estimated value of properties to be developed or acquired, the estimated market value of our properties and the Company as a whole upon placement of the borrowing or offering, and the ability of particular properties to generate cash flow to cover debt service. We will continue to monitor the capital markets and may consider raising additional capital through the issuance of our common shares, preferred shares or other securities.

In 2014, we received investment grade credit ratings, which we believe will further enhance our liquidity.

### Our Principal Capital Resources

For a discussion of cash generated from operations, see “Cash Flows,” beginning on page 66. In addition to cash generated from operations, we discuss below our other principal capital resources.

The Merger and subsequent activities substantially improved our liquidity position and cash flows from operations along with reducing our borrowing costs and extending our debt maturities. The additional cash flows from operations allow us to maintain a balanced approach to growth in order to retain our financial flexibility.

On July 1, 2014, in conjunction with the Merger, we amended the terms of our unsecured revolving credit facility (the “amended facility”) and increased the total borrowing capacity from \$200 million to \$500 million. The amended terms also include an extension of the maturity date to July 1, 2018, which may be further extended at our option for up to two additional periods of six months, subject to certain conditions, and a reduction in the interest rate to LIBOR plus 140 to 200 basis points, depending on our leverage, from LIBOR plus 165 to 250 basis points. The amended facility has a fee of 15 to 25 basis points on unused borrowings. We may increase our borrowings under the amended facility up to \$750 million, subject to certain conditions, including obtaining commitments from any one or more lenders, whether or not currently party to the amended facility, to provide such increased amounts.

On July 1, 2014, we also amended the terms of the \$230 million Term Loan (the “amended Term Loan”). The amended Term Loan has a maturity date of July 1, 2019, which may be extended for an additional six months at the Company’s option subject to certain conditions. The interest rate applicable to the amended Term Loan was reduced to LIBOR plus 135 to 190 basis points, depending on the Company’s leverage, a decrease of between 10 and 55 basis points across the leverage grid. The amended Term Loan also provides for an increase in total borrowing of up to an additional \$170 million (\$400 million in total), subject to certain conditions, including obtaining commitments from any one or more lenders.

As of December 31, 2014, we had approximately \$333.2 million available for future borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility. In addition, our unencumbered assets could provide approximately \$120 million of additional borrowing capacity under the unsecured revolving credit facility, if the expansion feature was exercised.

We were in compliance with all applicable financial covenants under the unsecured revolving credit facility and the amended Term Loan as of December 31, 2014.

Finally, we had \$43.8 million in cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2014. This includes approximately \$16.1 million of cash proceeds received from 2014 property sales to potentially be utilized for future acquisitions.

Among the benefits we expect to realize from the Merger is increased cash flow. In the future, we may raise capital by disposing of properties, land parcels or other assets that are no longer core components of our growth strategy. The sale price may differ from our carrying value at the time of sale. We will also continue to monitor the capital markets and may consider raising additional capital through the issuance of our common shares, preferred shares or other securities.

#### Sale of Real Estate Assets

We may pursue opportunities to sell non-strategic real estate assets in order to generate additional liquidity. Our ability to dispose of such properties is dependent on the availability of credit to potential buyers to purchase properties at prices that we consider acceptable. Sales prices on such transactions may be less than our carrying value.

On September 16, 2014, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Inland Real Estate, which provides for the sale of 15 of our operating properties (the “Portfolio”) to Inland Real Estate in two separate tranches with the option for the sale of a 16th property, Village at Bay Park. On December 14, 2014, we closed on the sale of the first tranche of eight retail operating properties for approximately \$151 million or \$75 million of net proceeds after the buyer’s assumption of mortgages. The second tranche of seven properties is expected to close on or before March 16, 2015, subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, for a gross sales price of approximately \$167 million, or approximately \$103 million of net proceeds after the buyer’s assumption of mortgages.

#### Our Principal Liquidity Needs

We derive the majority of our revenue from tenants who lease space from us at our properties. Therefore, our ability to generate cash from operations is dependent on the rents that we are able to charge and collect from our tenants. While we believe that the nature of the properties in which we typically invest—primarily neighborhood and community shopping centers—provides a relatively stable revenue flow in uncertain economic times, the recent economic downturn adversely affected the ability of some of our tenants to meet their lease obligations.

#### Short-Term Liquidity Needs

**Near-Term Debt Maturities.** As of December 31, 2014, we have \$113 million of debt scheduled to mature prior to December 31, 2015, excluding scheduled monthly principal payments. We have sufficient liquidity to repay these obligations from current resources and capacity, but we are also pursuing financing alternatives to enable us to repay these loans.

**Other Short-Term Liquidity Needs.** The nature of our business, coupled with the requirements for qualifying for REIT status and in order to receive a tax deduction for some or all of the dividends paid to shareholders, necessitate that we distribute at least 90% of our taxable income on an annual basis, which will cause us to have substantial liquidity needs over both the short term and the long term. Our short-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary to pay operating expenses associated with our operating properties, interest expense and scheduled principal payments on our debt, expected dividend payments to our common and preferred shareholders and to persons who hold units in our Operating Partnership, and recurring capital expenditures. In December 2014, our Board declared a quarterly cash distribution of \$0.26 per common share and common operating partnership unit (totaling \$22.1 million) for the quarter ended December 31, 2014. This distribution was paid on January 13, 2015 to common shareholders of record as of January 6, 2015. In February 2015, our Board declared a quarterly preferred share cash distribution of \$0.515625 per Series A Preferred Share covering the distribution period from December 2, 2014 to March 1, 2015 payable to shareholders of record as of February 17, 2015. Also in February 2015, our Board declared a quarterly common share distribution of \$0.2725 per common share for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 to shareholders of record as of April 6, 2015, which represents a 4.8% increase.

When we lease space to new tenants, or renew leases for existing tenants, we also incur expenditures for tenant improvements and leasing commissions. These amounts, as well as the amount of recurring capital expenditures that we incur, will vary from period to period. During the year ended December 31, 2014, we incurred \$2.1 million of costs for recurring capital expenditures on operating properties and also incurred \$6.0 million of costs for tenant

improvements and external leasing commissions (excluding first generation space and development and redevelopment properties). We currently anticipate incurring approximately \$16 million to \$20 million of additional major tenant improvements and renovation costs within the next twelve months at several of our operating properties. As of December 31, 2014, we have not commenced any redevelopment opportunities in the properties acquired through the Merger; however, we believe we currently have sufficient financing in place to fund our investment in any existing or future projects through cash from operations and borrowings on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

As of December 31, 2014, we had five development and redevelopment projects under construction. The total estimated cost of these projects is approximately \$214.8 million, of which \$153.2 million had been incurred as of December 31, 2014. We currently anticipate incurring the remaining \$61.6 million of costs over the next eighteen months. We believe we currently have sufficient financing in place to fund the projects and expect to do so primarily through existing or new construction loans or borrowings on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

As of December 31, 2014, six of our properties, which are properties acquired by Inland Diversified prior to the date of the Merger, have earnout components whereby we are required to pay the seller additional consideration based on subsequent leasing activity of vacant space. The maximum potential earnout payment was \$9.7 million at December 31, 2014. The expiration dates of the remaining earnouts range from January 31, 2015 through December 28, 2015. We believe we currently have sufficient funds in place to pay these potential earnouts.

### Long-Term Liquidity Needs

Our long-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for the development of new properties, redevelopment of existing properties, non-recurring capital expenditures, acquisitions of properties, and payment of indebtedness at maturity.

**Redevelopment Properties Pending Commencement of Construction.** As of December 31, 2014 two of our properties (Courthouse Shadows and Hamilton Crossing) were undergoing preparation for redevelopment and leasing activity. We are currently evaluating our total incremental investment in these redevelopment projects of which \$0.7 million had been incurred as of December 31, 2014. Our anticipated total investment could change based upon negotiations with prospective tenants. We believe we currently have sufficient financing in place to fund our investment in these projects through borrowings on our unsecured revolving credit facility. In certain circumstances, we may seek to place specific construction financing on these redevelopment projects.

**Selective Acquisitions, Developments and Joint Ventures.** We may selectively pursue the acquisition and development of other properties, which would require additional capital. We would have to satisfy these needs through additional borrowings, sales of common or preferred shares, cash generated through property dispositions and/or participation in potential joint venture arrangements. We cannot be certain that we would have access to these sources of capital on satisfactory terms, if at all, to fund our long-term liquidity requirements. We evaluate all future opportunities against pre-established criteria including, but not limited to, location, demographics, tenant credit quality, tenant relationships, and amount of existing retail space. Our ability to access the capital markets will be dependent on a number of factors, including general capital market conditions.

### Capitalized Expenditures on Consolidated Properties

The following table summarizes cash basis capital expenditures for our development and redevelopment properties and capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2014 and on a cumulative basis since the project's inception:

|  | Year Ended December<br>31, 2014<br>(in thousands) | Cumulative Through<br>December 31, 2014<br>(in thousands) |
|--|---|---|
| Under Construction Developments  | \$ 47,969   | \$ 145,560  |
| Under Construction – Redevelopments  | 7,625   | 7,677   |
| Pending Construction - Redevelopments  | 370   | 729   |
| Total for Development Activity   | 55,964  | 153,966   |
| Recently Completed Developments, net <sup>1</sup>                                | 12,676  | N/A   |
| Miscellaneous Other Activity, net  | 19,061  | N/A   |
| Recurring Operating Capital Expenditures (Primarily Tenant Improvement Payments) | 6,852   | N/A   |
| Total  | \$ 94,553   | \$ 153,966  |

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This classification includes Delray Marketplace, Holly Springs Towne Center – Phase I, Rangeline Crossing, Four Corner Square, Bolton Plaza, and King’s Lake Square.

We capitalize certain indirect costs such as interest, payroll, and other general and administrative costs related to these development activities. If we were to experience a 10% reduction in development activities, without a corresponding decrease in indirect project costs, we would have recorded additional expense for the year ended December 31, 2014 of \$0.5 million.

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## Cash Flows

### Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2014 to the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Cash provided by operating activities was \$42.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, a decrease of \$9.9 million from the same period of 2013. The decrease was primarily due to outflows for our merger costs and costs incurred by Inland Diversified prior to the Merger that were paid by us subsequent to June 30, 2014.

Cash provided by investing activities was \$186.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to cash used in investing activities of \$514.9 million in the same period of 2013. Highlights of significant cash sources and uses are as follows:

- Net proceeds of \$191.1 million related to the sales of the Red Bank Commons, Ridge Plaza, 50th and 12th, Zionsville Walgreens and Tranche I operating properties in 2014 compared to net proceeds of \$7.3 million in 2013;
- Net proceeds of \$18.6 million related to the sale of marketable securities in 2014. These securities were acquired as part of the Merger;
- Net cash acquired of \$108.7 million upon completion of the Merger. A portion of this cash was utilized to retire construction loans and other indebtedness while the remainder was retained for working capital including payment of Merger related costs;
- Net cash outflow of \$407.2 million related to 2013 acquisitions compared to net cash outflows of \$19.7 million in 2014;
- Net cash outflow of \$2.8 million on seller earnouts in 2014, while there were no seller earnout payments in the same period of 2013;
- Decrease in capital expenditures of \$18.0 million, offset by an increase in construction payables of \$12.6 million as significant construction was ongoing at Gainesville Plaza, Parkside Town Commons – Phase I & II, Holly Springs Towne Center – Phase II and Tamiami Crossing in 2014.

Cash used in financing activities was \$203.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$468.5 million in the same period of 2013. Highlights of significant cash sources and uses in 2014 are as follows:

- In 2014, we drew \$66.7 million on the unsecured revolving credit facility to fund the acquisition of Rampart Commons, redevelopment and tenant improvement costs;
  - In 2014, we drew \$50.8 million on construction loans related to development projects;
- In 2014, we paid down \$51.7 million on the unsecured revolving credit facility utilizing a portion of proceeds from property sales and cash on hand;

- In July, we retired loans totaling \$41.6 million that were secured by land at 951 and 41 in Naples, Florida, Four Corner Square, and Rangeline Crossing utilizing cash on hand obtained as part of the Merger;
- We retired loans totaling \$8.6 million that were secured by the 50th and 12th and Zionsville Walgreens operating properties upon the sale of these properties;
- In December 2014, we retired the \$15.8 million loan secured by our Eastgate Pavilion operating property, the \$1.9 million loan secured by our Bridgewater Marketplace operating property, the \$34.0 million loan secured by our Holly Springs – Phase I development property and the \$15.2 million loan secured by Wheatland Town Crossing utilizing a portion of proceeds from property sales;
- In December 2014, we paid down \$4.0 million on the loan secured by Delray Marketplace operating property;
  - Distributions to common shareholders and operating partnership unit holders of \$49.6 million; and
    - Distributions to preferred shareholders of \$8.5 million.

In addition to the cash activity above, in July 2014, as a result of the Merger, we assumed \$859.6 million in debt secured by 41 properties. As part of the purchase price allocation, a debt premium of \$33.3 million was recorded.

In December 2014, in connection with the acquisition of Rampart Commons, we assumed a \$12.4 million fixed rate mortgage. As part of the purchase price allocation, a debt premium of \$2.2 million was recorded.

In December 2014, in connection with the sale of Tranche I, Inland Real Estate assumed \$75.8 million of our secured loans associated with Shoppes at Prairie Ridge, Fox Point, Harvest Square, Heritage Square, The Shoppes at Branson Hills and Copp's Grocery.

#### Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2013 to the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Cash provided by operating activities was \$52.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, an increase of \$28.8 million from 2012. The increase was primarily due to increased gains on land sales of \$5.5 million, increased lease termination fee income of \$1.8 million, and increased net operating income from recent acquisitions and development properties of \$22.7 million. The increase was partially offset by higher acquisition costs of \$1.9 million.

Cash used in our investing activities totaled \$514.9 million in 2013, an increase of \$443.3 million from 2012. Highlights of significant cash sources and uses are as follows:

- 2013 acquisitions for net cash outflows of \$407.2 million compared to 2012 net cash outflows of \$65.9 million. The significant increase was due to higher acquisition volume in 2013;
- Net proceeds of \$87.4 million related to 2012 sales compared to net proceeds of \$7.3 million related to the sale of Cedar Hill Village in September 2013; and
- Increase in capital expenditures, net plus the decrease in construction payables of \$21.7 million as construction was ongoing at Delray Marketplace, Holly Springs Towne Center, Parkside Town Commons, Four Corner Square, and Rangeline Crossing compared to lower expenditures at these properties in 2012.

Cash provided by financing activities totaled \$468.5 million during 2013, an increase of \$417.7 million from 2012. Highlights of significant cash sources and uses in 2013 are as follows:

- In November 2013, 36,800,000 common shares were issued for net proceeds of \$217 million. A portion of these proceeds were used to fund a portion of the purchase price of the portfolio of nine unencumbered retail properties;
- In April and May of 2013, 15,525,000 common shares were issued for net proceeds of \$97 million. These proceeds were used to fund the purchase price of Cool Springs Market, Castleton Crossing, and Toringdon Market;
- In August 2013, proceeds of \$105 million from the expansion of the amended unsecured term loan were received. The Company utilized \$102 million of the proceeds to pay down the unsecured revolving credit facility;
- Draws of \$77.4 million were made on construction loans related to Delray Marketplace, Holly Springs Towne Center, Parkside Town Commons, Rangeline Crossing, and Four Corner Square;
  - Distributions to common shareholders and operating partnership unitholders of \$22.2 million; and
  - Distributions to preferred shareholders of \$8.5 million.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not currently have any off-balance sheet arrangements that in our opinion have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material current or future effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources. We do, however, have certain obligations related to some of the projects in our operating and development properties.

We have guaranteed a loan in the amount of \$26.6 million on behalf of LC White Plains Retail, LLC and LC White Plains Recreation, LLC (collectively, the “LC Partners”), who have minority ownerships in an entity that owns our City Center operating property. Along with our guarantee of the loan the LC Partners pledged their Class B units in City Center as collateral for the loan. If payment of the loan is required and the value of the Class B units does not fully service the loan, the Company will be required to retire the remaining amount. On February 13, 2015, we acquired our partner’s redeemable interests in the City Center operating property for \$34.4 million that was paid in a combination of cash and Operating Partnership units and the guarantee was terminated. We funded the majority of the cash portion with a \$30 million draw on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

As of December 31, 2014, we have outstanding letters of credit totaling \$6.8 million and no amounts were advanced against these instruments.

#### Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, and Amortization

We define EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, as net income before depreciation and amortization, interest expense, income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiary, gains (losses) on sales of operating properties, other expenses. For informational purposes, we have also provided Adjusted EBITDA, which we define as EBITDA less (i) minority interest EBITDA and (ii) Merger costs. Annualized Adjusted EBITDA is Adjusted EBITDA for the most recent quarter multiplied by four. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Annualized Adjusted EBITDA, as calculated by us, are not comparable to EBITDA reported by other REITs that do not define EBITDA exactly as we do. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Annualized Adjusted EBITDA do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, and should not be considered alternatives to net income as an indicator of performance or as alternatives to cash flows from operating activities as an indicator of liquidity.

Given the nature of our business as a real estate owner and operator, we believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are helpful to investors when measuring operating performance because they exclude various items included in net income or loss that do not relate to or are not indicative of operating performance, such as impairments of operating properties and depreciation and amortization, which can make periodic and peer analyses of operating performance more difficult. For informational purposes, we have also provided Annualized Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted as described above. We believe this supplemental information provides a meaningful measure of our operating performance. We believe presenting EBITDA in this manner allows investors and other interested parties to form a more meaningful assessment of our operating results.

A reconciliation of our EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Annualized Adjusted EBITDA to net loss (the most directly comparable GAAP measure) is included in the below table.

|  | Three<br>Months<br>Ended<br>December<br>31, 2014 |
|--|--|
| Consolidated net income  | \$8,029  |
| Adjustments to net income                                      |  |
| Depreciation and amortization                                  | 39,438   |
| Interest expense   | 15,222   |
| Merger and acquisition costs                                   | 659  |
| Income tax benefit of taxable REIT subsidiary                  | (13 )  |
| Gain on sale of operating properties, net                      | (2,242 )   |
| Other expense  | 125  |
| Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization | 61,218   |
| —minority interest EBITDA                                      | (679 )   |
| —EBITDA from properties sold in current quarter                | (2,140 )   |

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|  |           |   |
|--|-----------|---|
| Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization                | 58,399    |   |
| Annualized Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (1) | \$233,596 |   |
| Ratio of Company share of net debt:  |           |   |
| Mortgage and other indebtedness  | 1,554,263 |   |
| Indebtedness of assets held for sale   | 67,452    |   |
| Less: Partner share of consolidated joint venture debt                                 | (24,039 ) |   |
| Less: Cash   | (43,826 ) |   |
| Less: Debt Premium   | (31,408 ) |   |
| Company Share of Net Debt  | 1,522,442 |   |
| Ratio of Net Debt to Annualized Adjusted EBITDA  | 6.5       | x |

1 \_\_\_\_\_ Represents Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended December 31, 2014 (as shown in the table above) multiplied by four.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations to third parties based on contracts executed as of December 31, 2014.

|            | Development<br>Activity and<br>Tenant<br>Allowances <sup>1</sup> | Operating<br>Leases | Consolidated<br>Long-term<br>Debt and<br>Interest <sup>2</sup> | Employment<br>Contracts <sup>3</sup> | Total       |
|------------|--|---------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2015       | \$ 7,849   | \$543               | \$ 236,216   | \$ 1,870                             | \$246,478   |
| 2016       | —  | 511                 | 300,925  | 1,870                                | 303,306     |
| 2017       | —  | 511                 | 92,922   | 935                                  | 94,368      |
| 2018       | —  | 149                 | 267,856  | —                                    | 268,005     |
| 2019       | —  | 121                 | 263,446  | —                                    | 263,567     |
| Thereafter | —  | 7,893               | 697,382  | —                                    | 705,275     |
| Total      | \$ 7,849   | \$9,728             | \$ 1,858,747   | \$ 4,675                             | \$1,880,999 |

1 Tenant allowances include commitments made to tenants at our operating and under construction development and redevelopment properties.

2 Our long-term debt consists of both variable and fixed-rate debt and includes both principal and interest. Interest expense for variable-rate debt was calculated using the interest rates as of December 31, 2014.

3 We have entered into employment agreements with certain members of senior management. The term of each employment agreement is three years from July 1, 2014, with automatic one-year renewals each July 1st thereafter unless we or the individual elects not to renew the agreement.

In connection with our formation at the time of our IPO, we entered into an agreement that restricts our ability, prior to December 31, 2016, to dispose of six of our properties in taxable transactions and limits the amount of gain we can trigger with respect to certain other properties without incurring reimbursement obligations owed to certain limited partners. We have agreed that if we dispose of any interest in six specified properties in a taxable transaction before December 31, 2016, then we will indemnify the contributors of those properties for their tax liabilities attributable to their built-in gain that exists with respect to such property interest as of the time of our IPO (and tax liabilities incurred as a result of the reimbursement payment). We do not intend to dispose of these properties prior to December 31, 2016 in a manner that would result in a taxable transaction.

The six properties to which our tax indemnity obligations relate represented 6.8% of our annualized base rent in the aggregate as of December 31, 2014. These six properties are International Speedway Square, Shops at Eagle Creek, Whitehall Pike, Portofino Shopping Center, Thirty South, and Market Street Village.

Obligations in Connection with Development and Redevelopment Projects Under Construction

We are obligated under various completion guarantees with lenders and lease agreements with tenants to complete all or portions of our in-process development and redevelopment projects. We believe we currently have sufficient financing in place to fund these projects and expect to do so primarily through existing construction loans or draws on our unsecured facility.

Our share of estimated future costs for our in-process and future developments and redevelopments is further discussed on page 64 in the "Short and Long-Term Liquidity Needs" section.

## Outstanding Indebtedness

The following table presents details of outstanding consolidated indebtedness as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for hedges:

|  | Balance at        |                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
|  | December 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
| Unsecured revolving credit facility                                    | \$160,000         | \$145,000         |
| Unsecured term loan  | 230,000           | 230,000           |
| Notes payable secured by properties under construction - variable rate | 119,347           | 144,389           |
| Mortgage notes payable - fixed rate                                    | 810,959           | 276,504           |
| Mortgage notes payable - variable rate                                 | 205,798           | 61,185            |
| Net premiums on acquired debt  | 28,159            | 66                |
| Total mortgage and other indebtedness                                  | 1,554,263         | 857,144           |
| Mortgage notes - properties held for sale 1                            | 67,452            | —                 |
| Total  | \$1,621,715       | \$857,144         |

1 \_\_\_\_\_ Includes net premiums on acquired debt of \$3.2 million.

Consolidated indebtedness (excluding properties held for sale), including weighted average maturities and weighted average interest rates at December 31, 2014, is summarized below:

|  | Amount      | Weighted Average Maturity (Years) | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Percentage of Total |     |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----|
| Fixed rate debt  | \$810,959   | 5.5                               | 5.07                           | %                   | 53  |
| Floating rate debt (hedged to fixed)                                   | 373,275     | 3.9                               | 3.39                           | %                   | 24  |
| Total fixed rate debt, considering hedges                              | 1,184,234   | 5.0                               | 4.54                           | %                   | 77  |
| Notes payable secured by properties under construction - variable rate | 119,347     | 1.9                               | 2.11                           | %                   | 8   |
| Other variable rate debt   | 205,798     | 4.8                               | 2.44                           | %                   | 13  |
| Corporate unsecured variable rate debt                                 | 390,000     | 4.8                               | 1.54                           | %                   | 26  |
| Floating rate debt (hedged to fixed)                                   | (373,275 )  | -3.9                              | -1.89                          | %                   | -24 |
| Total variable rate debt, considering hedges                           | 341,870     | 4.8                               | 1.89                           | %                   | 23  |
| Net premiums on acquired debt  | 28,159      | N/A                               | N/A                            |                     | N/A |
| Total debt   | \$1,554,263 | 5.0                               | 3.95                           | %                   | 100 |

Mortgage and construction loans are collateralized by certain real estate properties and leases. Mortgage loans are generally due in monthly installments of interest and principal and mature over various terms through 2030.

Variable interest rates on mortgage and construction loans are based on LIBOR plus spreads ranging from 175 to 275 basis points. At December 31, 2014, the one-month LIBOR interest rate was 0.17%. Fixed interest rates on mortgage loans range from 3.81% to 6.78%.

## ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our future income, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments depend upon prevailing interest rates. We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily through (1) our variable-rate unsecured credit facility and unsecured Term Loan, (2) property-specific variable-rate construction loans, and (3) other property-specific variable-rate mortgages. Our objectives with respect to interest rate risk are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on operations and cash flows, and to lower its overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives, we may borrow at fixed rates and may enter into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps, hedges, etc., in order to mitigate its interest rate risk on a related variable-rate financial instrument. As a matter of policy, we do not utilize financial instruments for trading or speculative transactions.

We had \$1.6 billion of outstanding consolidated indebtedness as of December 31, 2014 (inclusive of net premiums on acquired debt of \$28.2 million and indebtedness of held for sale properties of \$67.5 million). As of December 31, 2014, we were party to various consolidated interest rate hedge agreements for a total of \$373.3 million, with maturities over various terms ranging from 2017 through 2020. Including the effects of these hedge agreements, our fixed and variable rate debt would have been \$1.2 billion (77%) and \$341.9 million (23%), respectively, of our total consolidated indebtedness at December 31, 2014.

We have \$62.5 million of fixed rate debt maturing within the next twelve months. A 100 basis point increase in market interest rates would not materially impact the annual cash flows associated with these loans. A 100 basis point change in interest rates on our unhedged variable rate debt as of December 31, 2014 would change our annual cash flow by \$3.4 million. Based upon the terms of our variable rate debt, we are most vulnerable to change in short-term LIBOR interest rates. The sensitivity analysis was estimated using cash flows discounted at current borrowing rates adjusted by 100 basis points.

## ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The consolidated financial statements of the Company included in this Report are listed in Part IV, Item 15(a) of this report.

## ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

## ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company, as that term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the 2013 framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on our evaluation under the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework, our management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2014.

Our independent auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, have issued a report on our internal control over financial reporting as stated in their report which is included herein.

Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and Board of Trustees regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Trustees and Shareholders of Kite Realty Group Trust:

We have audited Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 Framework) (the COSO criteria). Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries' management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014 and

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2013, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive (loss) income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014 and the related financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 15(a) as of December 31, 2014 of Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries and our report dated February 27, 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Yount LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana

February 27, 2015

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ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by this Item is hereby incorporated by reference to the material appearing in our 2015 Annual Meeting Proxy Statement (the “Proxy Statement”), which we intend to file within 120 days after our fiscal year-end in accordance with Regulation 14A.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this Item is hereby incorporated by reference to the material appearing in our Proxy Statement.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this Item is hereby incorporated by reference to the material appearing in our Proxy Statement.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this Item is hereby incorporated by reference to the material appearing in our Proxy Statement.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this Item is hereby incorporated by reference to the material appearing in our Proxy Statement.



PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE

(a) Documents filed as part of this report:

- (1) Financial Statements:  
Consolidated financial statements for the Company listed on the index immediately preceding the financial statements at the end of this report.
- (2) Financial Statement Schedule:  
Financial statement schedule for the Company listed on the index immediately preceding the financial statements at the end of this report.
- (3) Exhibits:  
The Company files as part of this report the exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index.

(b) Exhibits:

The Company files as part of this report the exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index.

(c) Financial Statement Schedule:

The Company files as part of this report the financial statement schedule listed on the index immediately preceding the financial statements at the end of this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KITE REALTY GROUP TRUST  
(Registrant)

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| February 27, 2015<br>(Date) | /s/ John A. Kite<br>John A. Kite<br>Chairman and Chief Executive<br>Officer<br>(Principal Executive Officer) |
|-----------------------------|--|

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| February 27, 2015<br>(Date) | /s/ Daniel R. Sink<br>Daniel R. Sink<br>Executive Vice President,<br>Chief Financial Officer<br>(Principal Financial Officer) |
|-----------------------------|---|

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

| Signature                                      | Title  | Date              |
|--|--|-------------------|
| /s/ John A. Kite<br>(John A. Kite)             | Chairman, Chief Executive Officer,<br>and Trustee<br>(Principal Executive Officer) | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ William E. Bindley<br>(William E. Bindley) | Trustee  | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Victor J. Coleman<br>(Victor J. Coleman)   | Trustee  | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Christie B. Kelly<br>(Christie B. Kelly)   | Trustee  | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ David R. O'Reilly<br>(David R. O'Reilly)   | Trustee  | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Barton R. Peterson<br>(Barton R. Peterson) | Trustee  | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Lee A. Daniels<br>(Lee A. Daniels)         | Trustee  | February 27, 2015 |

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|  |   |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|
| /s/ Gerald W. Grupe<br>(Gerald W. Grupe)                   | Trustee   | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Charles H.<br>Wurtzebach<br>(Charles H.<br>Wurtzebach) | Trustee   | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Daniel R. Sink<br>(Daniel R. Sink)                     | Executive Vice President, Chief<br>Financial Officer (Principal<br>Financial Officer) | February 27, 2015 |
| /s/ Thomas R. Olinger<br>(Thomas R. Olinger)               | Senior Vice President, Chief<br>Accounting Officer                                    | February 27, 2015 |

Kite Realty Group Trust  
Index to Financial Statements

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| <u>Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013</u>  | F-2  |
| <u>Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) income for the Years Ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012</u>   | F-3  |
| <u>Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012</u>   | F-4  |
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| <p>All other schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions or are inapplicable and therefore have been omitted.</p> |      |

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Trustees and Shareholders of Kite Realty Group Trust:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive (loss) income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014. Our audit also included the financial statement schedule listed in the index at item 15(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries at December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its method for reporting discontinued operations as a result of the adoption of the amendments to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification resulting from Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity, effective January 1, 2014.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of Kite Realty Group Trust and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 Framework) and our report dated February 27, 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana

February 27, 2015

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Kite Realty Group Trust  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(in thousands, except share data)

|   | December<br>31,<br>2014 | December<br>31,<br>2013 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Assets:   |                         |                         |
| Investment properties, at cost  | \$3,732,748             | \$1,877,058             |
| Less: accumulated depreciation  | (315,093 )              | (232,580 )              |
|   | 3,417,655               | 1,644,478               |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 43,826                  | 18,134                  |
| Tenant and other receivables, including accrued straight-line rent of \$18,630 and \$14,490, respectively, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts                        | 48,097                  | 29,334                  |
| Restricted cash and escrow deposits   | 16,171                  | 11,046                  |
| Deferred costs and intangibles, net   | 159,978                 | 56,388                  |
| Prepaid and other assets  | 8,847                   | 4,547                   |
| Assets held for sale (see Note 11)  | 179,642                 | —                       |
| Total Assets  | \$3,874,216             | \$1,763,927             |
| Liabilities and Equity:   |                         |                         |
| Mortgage and other indebtedness   | \$1,554,263             | \$857,144               |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | 75,150                  | 61,437                  |
| Deferred revenue and intangibles, net, and other liabilities  | 136,409                 | 44,313                  |
| Liabilities held for sale (see Note 11)   | 81,164                  | —                       |
| Total Liabilities   | 1,846,986               | 962,894                 |
| Commitments and contingencies   |                         |                         |
| Limited Partners' interests in the Operating Partnership and other redeemable noncontrolling interests  | 125,082                 | 43,928                  |
| Equity:   |                         |                         |
| Kite Realty Group Trust Shareholders' Equity  |                         |                         |
| Preferred Shares, \$.01 par value, 40,000,000 shares authorized, 4,100,000 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2014 and 2013, with a liquidation value of \$102,500 | 102,500                 | 102,500                 |
| Common Shares, \$.01 par value, 450,000,000 shares authorized, 83,490,663 shares and 32,706,554 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively     | 835                     | 327                     |
| Additional paid in capital and other  | 2,044,425               | 822,507                 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income   | (1,175 )                | 1,353                   |
| Accumulated deficit   | (247,801 )              | (173,130 )              |
| Total Kite Realty Group Trust Shareholders' Equity  | 1,898,784               | 753,557                 |
| Noncontrolling Interests  | 3,364                   | 3,548                   |
| Total Equity  | 1,902,148               | 757,105                 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity  | \$3,874,216             | \$1,763,927             |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Kite Realty Group Trust  
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) Income  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

|  | Year Ended December 31, |             |             |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|  | 2014                    | 2013        | 2012        |
| Revenue:   |                         |             |             |
| Minimum rent   | \$ 199,455              | \$ 93,637   | \$ 73,000   |
| Tenant reimbursements  | 52,773                  | 24,422      | 19,495      |
| Other property related revenue   | 7,300                   | 11,429      | 4,044       |
| Total revenue  | 259,528                 | 129,488     | 96,539      |
| Expenses:  |                         |             |             |
| Property operating   | 38,703                  | 21,729      | 16,756      |
| Real estate taxes  | 29,947                  | 15,263      | 12,858      |
| General, administrative, and other   | 13,043                  | 8,211       | 7,117       |
| Merger and acquisition costs   | 27,508                  | 2,214       | 364         |
| Litigation charge, net   | —                       | —           | 1,007       |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 120,998                 | 54,479      | 38,835      |
| Total expenses   | 230,199                 | 101,896     | 76,937      |
| Operating income   | 29,329                  | 27,592      | 19,602      |
| Interest expense   | (45,513 )               | (27,994 )   | (23,392 )   |
| Income tax (expense) benefit of taxable REIT subsidiary  | (24 )                   | (262 )      | 106         |
| Remeasurement loss on consolidation of Parkside Town Commons, net                                      | —                       | —           | (7,980 )    |
| Other (expense) income, net  | (244 )                  | (62 )       | 209         |
| Loss from continuing operations  | (16,452 )               | (726 )      | (11,455 )   |
| Discontinued operations:   |                         |             |             |
| Operating income from discontinued operations  | —                       | 834         | 656         |
| Impairment charge  | —                       | (5,372 )    | —           |
| Non-cash gain on debt extinguishment   | —                       | 1,242       | —           |
| Gain on sales of operating properties, net   | 3,198                   | 487         | 7,094       |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations   | 3,198                   | (2,809 )    | 7,750       |
| (Loss) income before gain on sale of operating properties  | (13,254 )               | (3,535 )    | (3,705 )    |
| Gain on sale of operating properties, net  | 8,578                   | —           | —           |
| Consolidated net loss  | (4,676 )                | (3,535 )    | (3,705 )    |
| Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests   | (1,025 )                | 685         | (629 )      |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust   | (5,701 )                | (2,850 )    | (4,334 )    |
| Dividends on preferred shares  | (8,456 )                | (8,456 )    | (7,920 )    |
| Net loss attributable to common shareholders   | \$(14,157 )             | \$(11,306 ) | \$(12,254 ) |
| Net loss per common share – basic & diluted:   |                         |             |             |
| Loss from continuing operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders            | \$(0.29 )               | \$(0.37 )   | \$(1.04 )   |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | 0.05                    | (0.11 )     | 0.32        |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                                   | \$(0.24 )               | \$(0.48 )   | \$(0.72 )   |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic and diluted   |                         |             |             |
|  | 58,353,448              | 23,535,434  | 16,721,315  |
| Dividends declared per common share  |                         |             |             |
|  | \$ 1.02                 | \$ 0.96     | \$ 0.96     |

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|   |             |             |             |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders: |             |             |             |
| Loss from continuing operations                                       | \$(17,268 ) | \$(8,686 )  | \$(17,571 ) |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations                            | 3,111       | (2,620 )    | 5,317       |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders  | \$(14,157 ) | \$(11,306 ) | \$(12,254 ) |
| Consolidated net (loss) income  |             |             |             |
|   | \$(4,676 )  | \$(3,535 )  | \$(3,705 )  |
| Change in fair value of derivatives                                   | (2,621 )    | 7,136       | (4,002 )    |
| Total comprehensive (loss) income                                     | (7,297 )    | 3,601       | (7,707 )    |
| Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests  | (932 )      | 161         | (361 )      |
| Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust   | \$(8,229 )  | \$3,762     | \$(8,068 )  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Kite Realty Group Trust  
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity  
(in thousands, except share data)

|   | Preferred Shares |            | Common Shares |        | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income |               |                     | Total      |
|---|------------------|------------|---------------|--------|--|---------------|---------------------|------------|
|   | Shares           | Amount     | Shares        | Amount | Paid-in Capital                        | Income (Loss) | Accumulated Deficit |            |
| Balances, December 31, 2011   | 2,800,000        | \$ 70,000  | 15,904,255    | \$ 159 | \$ 450,745                             | \$ (1,525)    | \$ (109,504)        | \$ 409,875 |
| Stock compensation activity   | —                | —          | 66,647        | —      | 982                                    | —             | —                   | 982        |
| Proceeds of preferred share offering, net                                 | 1,300,000        | 32,500     | —             | —      | (1,180)                                | —             | —                   | 31,320     |
| Issuance of common shares, net  | —                | —          | 3,018,750     | 30     | 59,549                                 | —             | —                   | 59,579     |
| Issuance of common shares under at-the-market plan, net                   | —                | —          | 165,397       | 2      | 3,182                                  | —             | —                   | 3,184      |
| Proceeds from employee share purchase plan                                | —                | —          | 1,196         | —      | 23                                     | —             | —                   | 23         |
| Other comprehensive loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust          | —                | —          | —             | —      | —                                      | (3,734)       | —                   | (3,734)    |
| Distributions declared to common shareholders                             | —                | —          | —             | —      | —                                      | —             | (16,286)            | (16,286)   |
| Distributions to preferred shareholders                                   | —                | —          | —             | —      | —                                      | —             | (7,920)             | (7,920)    |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust                          | —                | —          | —             | —      | —                                      | —             | (4,334)             | (4,334)    |
| Exchange of redeemable noncontrolling interest for common stock           | —                | —          | 275,929       | 3      | 5,823                                  | —             | —                   | 5,826      |
| Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests - Operating Partnership | —                | —          | —             | —      | (5,031)                                | —             | —                   | (5,031)    |
|   | 4,100,000        | \$ 102,500 | 19,432,174    | \$ 194 | \$ 514,093                             | \$ (5,259)    | \$ (138,044)        | \$ 473,484 |

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|  |           |            |            |        |            |          |              |            |
|--|-----------|------------|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------|------------|
| Balances, December 31, 2012  |           |            |            |        |            |          |              |            |
| Stock compensation activity  | —         | —          | 169,696    | 2      | 2,508      | —        | —            | 2,510      |
| Issuance of common shares, net   | —         | —          | 43,081,250 | 131    | 313,767    | —        | —            | 313,898    |
| Proceeds from employee share purchase plan                                 | —         | —          | 934        | —      | 22         | —        | —            | 22         |
| Other comprehensive income attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust         | —         | —          | —          | —      | —          | 6,612    | —            | 6,612      |
| Distributions declared to common shareholders                              | —         | —          | —          | —      | —          | —        | (23,780)     | (23,780)   |
| Distributions to preferred shareholders                                    | —         | —          | —          | —      | —          | —        | (8,456)      | (8,456)    |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust                           | —         | —          | —          | —      | —          | —        | (2,850)      | (2,850)    |
| Exchange of redeemable noncontrolling interest for common stock            | —         | —          | 22,500     | —      | 582        | —        | —            | 582        |
| Adjustments to redeemable noncontrolling interests – Operating Partnership | —         | —          | —          | —      | (8,465)    | —        | —            | (8,465)    |
| Balances, December 31, 2013  | 4,100,000 | \$ 102,500 | 32,706,554 | \$ 327 | \$ 822,507 | \$ 1,353 | \$ (173,130) | \$ 753,557 |
| Common shares issued under employee share purchase plan                    | —         | —          | 1,812      | —      | 46         | —        | —            | 46         |
| Common shares issued as part of Merger, net of offering costs              | —         | —          | 50,272,308 | 503    | 1,232,684  | —        | —            | 1,233,187  |
| Common shares retired in connection with reverse share split               | —         | —          | (2,436)    | —      | (60)       | —        | —            | (60)       |
| Stock compensation activity  | —         | —          | 490,425    | 5      | 3,294      | —        | —            | 3,299      |
| Other comprehensive loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust           | —         | —          | —          | —      | —          | (2,528)  | —            | (2,528)    |

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|   |           |            |            |        |              |            |              |              |
|---|-----------|------------|------------|--------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Distributions declared to common shareholders                     | —         | —          | —          | —      | —            | —          | (60,514)     | (60,514)     |
| Distributions to preferred shareholders                           | —         | —          | —          | —      | —            | —          | (8,456)      | (8,456)      |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust                  | —         | —          | —          | —      | —            | —          | (5,701)      | (5,701)      |
| Exchange of redeemable noncontrolling interests for common shares | —         | —          | 22,000     | —      | 567          | —          | —            | 567          |
| Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests                 | —         | —          | —          | —      | (14,613)     | —          | —            | (14,613)     |
| Balances, December 31, 2014                                       | 4,100,000 | \$ 102,500 | 83,490,663 | \$ 835 | \$ 2,044,425 | \$ (1,175) | \$ (247,801) | \$ 1,898,784 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Kite Realty Group Trust  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(in thousands)

|  | Year Ended December 31, |            |            |
|--|-------------------------|------------|------------|
|  | 2014                    | 2013       | 2012       |
| Cash flow from operating activities:   |                         |            |            |
| Consolidated net loss  | \$(4,676 )              | \$(3,535 ) | \$(3,705 ) |
| Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: |                         |            |            |
| Remeasurement loss on consolidation of Parkside Town Commons, net                            | —                       | —          | 7,980      |
| Gain on sale of operating properties, net of tax   | (11,776 )               | (487 )     | (7,094 )   |
| Impairment charge  | —                       | 5,372      | —          |
| Gain on debt extinguishment  | —                       | (1,242 )   | —          |
| Straight-line rent   | (4,744 )                | (3,496 )   | (2,362 )   |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 123,862                 | 57,757     | 43,769     |
| Provision for credit losses, net of recoveries   | 1,740                   | 922        | 859        |
| Compensation expense for equity awards   | 2,536                   | 1,671      | 602        |
| Amortization of debt fair value adjustment   | (3,468 )                | (127 )     | (118 )     |
| Amortization of in-place lease liabilities   | (4,521 )                | (2,674 )   | (1,986 )   |
| Distributions of income from unconsolidated entities   | —                       | —          | 91         |
| Changes in assets and liabilities:   |                         |            |            |
| Tenant receivables   | (10,044 )               | (1,690 )   | (508 )     |
| Deferred costs and other assets  | (5,355 )                | (9,062 )   | (7,066 )   |
| Accounts payable, accrued expenses, deferred revenue, and other liabilities                  | (41,375 )               | 8,688      | (7,190 )   |
| Net cash provided by operating activities  | 42,179                  | 52,097     | 23,272     |
| Cash flow from investing activities:   |                         |            |            |
| Acquisitions of interests in properties  | (19,744 )               | (407,215 ) | (65,909 )  |
| Capital expenditures, net  | (94,553 )               | (112,581 ) | (114,153 ) |
| Net proceeds from sales of operating properties  | 191,126                 | 7,293      | 87,385     |
| Net proceeds from sales of marketable securities acquired from Merger                        | 18,601                  | —          | —          |
| Net cash received from Merger  | 108,666                 | —          | —          |
| Change in construction payables  | (14,950 )               | (2,396 )   | 20,830     |
| Payment on seller earnouts   | (2,762 )                | —          | —          |
| Collection of note receivable  | 542                     | —          | —          |
| Contributions to unconsolidated entities   | —                       | —          | (150 )     |
| Distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities  | —                       | —          | 372        |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  | 186,926                 | (514,899 ) | (71,625 )  |
| Cash flow from financing activities:   |                         |            |            |
| Common share issuance proceeds, net of costs   | (14 )                   | 314,771    | 63,038     |
| Offering costs   | (1,966 )                | —          | —          |
| Preferred share issuance proceeds, net of costs  | —                       | —          | 31,320     |
| Loan proceeds  | 146,495                 | 528,590    | 308,955    |
| Loan transaction costs   | (4,256 )                | (2,138 )   | (2,234 )   |
| Loan payments and related financing escrow   | (285,244 )              | (342,033 ) | (322,647 ) |
| Distributions paid – common shareholders   | (46,656 )               | (20,594 )  | (15,440 )  |
| Distributions paid – preferred shareholders  | (8,456 )                | (8,456 )   | (7,696 )   |
| Distributions paid – redeemable noncontrolling interests                                     | (2,992 )                | (1,579 )   | (1,811 )   |

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|   |            |          |          |
|---|------------|----------|----------|
| Distributions to noncontrolling interests           | (324 )     | (108 )   | (2,692 ) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (203,413 ) | 468,453  | 50,793   |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents               | 25,692     | 5,651    | 2,440    |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year        | 18,134     | 12,483   | 10,043   |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year              | \$43,826   | \$18,134 | \$12,483 |
| Supplemental disclosures                            |            |          |          |
| Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest | \$48,526   | \$31,577 | \$24,789 |
| Cash paid for taxes                                 | \$87       | \$45     | \$150    |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Kite Realty Group Trust  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
December 31, 2014  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 1. Organization

Kite Realty Group Trust (the “Company” or “REIT”) was organized in Maryland in 2004 to succeed the development, acquisition, construction and real estate businesses of our predecessor. The Company began operations in 2004 when it completed its initial public offering of common shares and concurrently consummated certain other formation transactions.

The Company, through Kite Realty Group, L.P. (“the Operating Partnership”), is engaged in the ownership, operation, acquisition, development and redevelopment of neighborhood and community shopping centers in select markets in the United States.

On July 1, 2014, we completed a merger with Inland Diversified Real Estate Trust, Inc. (“Inland Diversified”), in which Inland Diversified merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours in a stock-for-stock exchange with a transaction value of approximately \$2.1 billion, including the assumption of approximately \$0.9 billion of debt. See Note 10 for additional details.

The retail portfolio we acquired through the merger with Inland Diversified was comprised of 60 properties in 23 states. The properties are located in a number of our existing markets and in various new markets including Westchester, New York; Bayonne, New Jersey; Las Vegas, Nevada; Virginia Beach, Virginia; and Salt Lake City, Utah.

Under the terms of the merger agreement, Inland Diversified shareholders received 1.707 newly issued common shares of the Company for each outstanding common share of Inland Diversified, resulting in a total issuance of approximately 201.1 million of our common shares. The shares issued had a value of approximately \$1.2 billion based on the closing price of our common shares on the day preceding the merger of \$6.14. The terms are prior to the one for four reverse share split completed in August 2014. The terms were prior to the one for four reverse share split completed in August 2014.

At December 31, 2014, the Company owned interests in 120 operating properties, which seven were classified as held for sale, three redevelopment properties and four under-construction development projects. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, we owned interests in other land parcels comprising 105 acres that are expected to be used for future expansion of existing properties or development of new retail or office properties. We may also elect to sell such land to third parties under certain circumstances. These land parcels are classified as “Land held for development” in investment properties in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

At December 31, 2013, we owned interests in 72 operating and redevelopment properties, two under-construction development projects, and 131 acres of land held for development.

Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Components of Investment Properties

The Company’s investment properties, excluding properties held for sale, as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were as follows:

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|                                 | Balance at              |                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | December<br>31,<br>2014 | December<br>31,<br>2013 |
| Investment properties, at cost: |                         |                         |
| Land                            | \$778,780               | \$333,458               |
| Buildings and improvements      | 2,785,780               | 1,351,642               |
| Furniture, equipment and other  | 6,398                   | 4,970                   |
| Land held for development       | 35,907                  | 56,079                  |
| Construction in progress        | 125,883                 | 130,909                 |
|                                 | \$3,732,748             | \$1,877,058             |

### Consolidation and Investments in Joint Ventures

The accompanying financial statements of the Company are presented on a consolidated basis and include all accounts of the Company, the Operating Partnership, the taxable REIT subsidiary of the Operating Partnership, subsidiaries of the Company or the Operating Partnership that are controlled and any variable interest entities (“VIEs”) in which the Company is the primary beneficiary. In general, a VIE is a corporation, partnership, trust or any other legal structure used for business purposes that either (a) has equity investors that do not provide sufficient financial resources for the entity to support its activities, (b) does not have equity investors with voting rights or (c) has equity investors whose votes are disproportionate from their economics and substantially all of the activities are conducted on behalf of the investor with disproportionately fewer voting rights. The Company consolidates properties that are wholly owned as well as properties it controls but in which it owns less than a 100% interest. Control of a property is demonstrated by, among other factors:

- our ability to refinance debt and sell the property without the consent of any other partner or owner;
- the inability of any other partner or owner to replace the Company as manager of the property; or
- being the primary beneficiary of a VIE. The primary beneficiary is defined as the entity that has (i) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE’s economic performance, and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

As of December 31, 2014, we had investments in two joint ventures that are VIEs in which we are the primary beneficiary. As of this date, these VIEs had total debt of \$62.0 million which is secured by assets of the VIEs totaling \$115.3 million. The Operating Partnership guarantees the debt of these VIEs.

We consider all relationships between the Company and the VIE, including development agreements, management agreements and other contractual arrangements, in determining whether we have the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the VIE’s performance. We also continuously reassess primary beneficiary status. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 there were no changes to our conclusions regarding whether an entity qualifies as a VIE or whether we are the primary beneficiary of any previously identified VIE.

### Acquisition of Real Estate Properties

Upon acquisition of real estate operating properties, we estimate the fair value of acquired identifiable tangible assets and identified intangible assets and liabilities, assumed debt, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition, based on evaluation of information and estimates available at that date. Based on these estimates, we allocate the estimated fair value to the applicable assets and liabilities. In making estimates of fair values for the purpose of allocating purchase price, a number of sources are utilized, including information obtained as a result of pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing and leasing activities. The estimates of fair value were determined to have primarily relied upon Level 2 and Level 3 inputs.

A portion of the purchase price is allocated to tangible assets and intangibles, including:

- the fair value of the building on an as-if-vacant basis and to land determined either by comparable market data, real estate tax assessments, independent appraisals or other relevant data;

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- above-market and below-market in-place lease values for acquired properties are based on the present value (using an interest rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (ii) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place leases, measured over the remaining non-cancelable term of the leases. Any below-market renewal options are also considered in the in-place lease values. The capitalized above-market and below-market lease values are amortized as a reduction of or addition to rental income. Should a tenant vacate, terminate its lease, or otherwise notify us of its intent to do so, the unamortized portion of the lease intangibles would be charged or credited to income; and
  - the value of leases acquired. We utilize independent and internal sources for our estimates to determine the respective in-place lease values. Our estimates of value are made using methods similar to those used by independent appraisers. Factors we consider in our analysis include an estimate of costs to execute similar leases including tenant improvements, leasing commissions and foregone costs and rent received during the estimated lease-up period as if the space was vacant. The value of in-place leases is amortized to expense over the remaining initial terms of the respective leases.
  - the fair value of any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. We utilize third party and independent sources for our estimates to determine the respective fair value of each mortgage payable. The fair market value of each mortgage payable is amortized to interest expense over the remaining initial terms of the respective loan.

We also consider whether a portion of the purchase price should be allocated to in-place leases that have a related customer relationship intangible value. Characteristics the Company considers in allocating these values include the nature and extent of existing business relationships with the tenant, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality, and expectations of lease renewals, among other factors. To date, a tenant relationship has not been developed that is considered to have a current intangible value.

Certain properties we acquired from the Merger included earnout components to the purchase price, meaning the previous owner did not pay a portion of the purchase price of the property at closing, although they owned the entire property. We are not obligated to pay the contingent portion of the purchase prices unless space which was vacant at the time of acquisition is later leased by the seller within the time limits and parameters set forth in the acquisition agreements. The earnout payments are based on a predetermined formula applied to rental income received. The earnout agreements have an obligation period remaining of one year or less as of December 31, 2014. If at the end of the time period certain space has not been leased, occupied and rent producing, we will have no further obligation to pay additional purchase price consideration and will retain ownership of that entire property. Based on our best estimate, we have recorded a liability for the potential future earnout payments using estimated fair value measurements at the end of the period which include the lease-up periods, market rents and probability of occupancy. We have recorded this earnout amount as additional purchase price of the related properties and as a liability included in deferred revenue and intangibles, net and other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Company determined that it was the acquirer for accounting purposes in the merger with Inland Diversified. We considered the continuation of the Company's existing management and a majority of the existing board members as the most significant considerations in our analysis. Additionally, Inland Diversified had previously announced the transaction as a liquidation event and we believe this transaction was an acquisition of Inland Diversified by the Company. See Note 10 for additional discussion.

## Investment Properties

### Capitalization and Depreciation

Investment properties are recorded at cost and include costs of land acquisition, development, pre-development, construction, certain allocated overhead, tenant allowances and improvements, and interest and real estate taxes incurred during construction. Significant renovations and improvements are capitalized when they extend the useful life, increase capacity, or improve the efficiency of the asset. If a tenant vacates a space prior to the lease expiration, terminates its lease, or otherwise notifies the Company of its intent to do so, any related unamortized tenant allowances are expensed over the shortened lease period. Maintenance and repairs that do not extend the useful lives of the respective assets are reflected in property operating expense.

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Pre-development costs are incurred prior to vertical construction and for certain land held for development acquisitions during the due diligence phase and include contract deposits, legal, engineering, cost of internal resources and other professional fees related to evaluating the feasibility of developing or redeveloping a shopping center or other project. These pre-development costs are capitalized and included in construction in progress in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. If we determine that the completion of a development project is no longer probable, all previously incurred pre-development costs are immediately expensed. Once construction commences on the land, it is transferred to construction in progress.

We also capitalize costs such as acquisition of land, construction of buildings, interest, real estate taxes, and the costs of personnel directly involved with the development of our properties. As a portion of a development property becomes operational, we expense a pro rata amount of related costs.

Depreciation on buildings and improvements is provided utilizing the straight-line method over estimated original useful lives ranging from 10 to 35 years. Depreciation on tenant allowances, tenant inducements, and tenant improvements are provided utilizing the straight-line method over the term of the related lease. Depreciation on equipment and fixtures is provided utilizing the straight-line method over 5 to 10 years. Depreciation may be accelerated for a redevelopment project including partial demolition of existing structure after the asset is assessed for impairment.

#### Impairment

Management reviews operational properties, development properties, land parcels and intangible assets for impairment on at least a quarterly basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The review for possible impairment requires management to make certain assumptions and estimates and requires significant judgment. Impairment losses for investment properties and intangible assets are measured when the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by the investment properties during the expected holding period are less than the carrying amounts of those assets. Impairment losses are recorded as the excess of the carrying value over the estimated fair value of the asset. If the Company decides to sell or otherwise dispose of an asset, its carrying value may differ from its sales price.

#### Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

Operating properties held for sale include only those properties available for immediate sale in their present condition and for which management believes it is probable that a sale of the property will be completed within one year among other factors. Operating properties held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell. Depreciation and amortization are suspended during the period during which the asset is held-for-sale. We classified seven operating properties as held for sale and one operating property as held for sale as of December 31, 2014, and 2013, respectively. Upon meeting the held-for-sale criteria, depreciation and amortization ceased for these operating properties. The assets and liabilities associated with these properties are separately classified as held for sale in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2014.

Our operating properties have operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished from the rest of our activities. The operations reported in discontinued operations include those operating properties that were sold or were

considered held-for-sale and for which operations and cash flows can be clearly distinguished. The operations from these properties are eliminated from ongoing operations, and we will not have a continuing involvement after disposition. In the first quarter of 2014, we adopted the provisions of ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity and as a result the seven operating properties that are classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2014 are not included in discontinued operations in the accompanying Statements of Operations as the disposals neither individually nor in the aggregate represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on our operations or financial results. However, the 50th and 12th operating property is included in discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, as the property was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013 and is reported under the former rules.

#### Escrow Deposits

Escrow deposits consist of cash held for real estate taxes, property maintenance, insurance and other requirements at specific properties as required by lending institutions.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash and cash equivalents. From time to time, such investments may temporarily be held in accounts that are in excess of FDIC and SIPC insurance limits; however the Company attempts to limit its exposure at any one time. As of December 31, 2014, cash and cash equivalents included \$16.1 million of funds set aside by the Company to affect a tax deferred purchase of real estate. Such funds are not currently considered available for general corporate purposes.

## Fair Value Measurements

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, escrows and deposits, and other working capital balances approximate fair value.

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs for identical instruments that are classified within Level 1 and observable inputs for similar instruments that are classified within Level 2) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3). As further discussed in Note 13, the Company has determined that its derivative valuations are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 3 includes a discussion of fair values recorded when we acquired a controlling interest in Parkside Town Commons development project. Note 5 includes a discussion of fair values recorded when we transferred the Kedron Village property to the loan servicer. Note 10 includes a discussion of the fair values recorded in purchase accounting. Level 3 inputs to these transactions include our estimations of market leasing rates, tenant-related costs, discount rates, and disposal values.

## Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for its derivative financial instruments at fair value calculated in accordance with Topic 820—"Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" in the ASC. Gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair values of those derivatives are accounted for depending on the use of the derivative and whether it qualifies for hedge accounting. We use derivative instruments such as interest rate swaps or rate locks to mitigate interest rate risk on related financial instruments.

Changes in the fair values of derivatives that qualify as cash flow hedges are recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI") while any ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value is recognized immediately in earnings. Upon settlement of the hedge, gains and losses associated with the transaction are recorded in OCI and amortized over the underlying term of the hedged transaction. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, all of our derivative instruments qualify for hedge accounting.

## Revenue Recognition

As lessor, the Company retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the investment properties and accounts for its leases as operating leases.

Minimum rent, percentage rent, and expense recoveries from tenants for common area maintenance costs, insurance and real estate taxes are our principal source of revenue. Base minimum rents are recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. Certain lease agreements contain provisions that grant additional rents based on a tenant's sales volume (contingent overage rent). Overage rent is recognized when tenants achieve the specified targets as defined in their lease agreements. Overage rent is included in other property related revenue in the accompanying statements of operations. As a result of generating this revenue, we will routinely have accounts receivable due from tenants. We are subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that may affect the collection of outstanding receivables. To address the collectability of these receivables, we analyze historical write-off experience, tenant credit-worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of our allowance for doubtful accounts and straight line rent reserve. Although we estimate uncollectible receivables and provide for them through charges against income, actual experience may differ from those estimates.

Gains from sales of real estate are recognized when a sale has been consummated, the buyer's initial and continuing investment is adequate to demonstrate a commitment to pay for the property, the Company has transferred to the buyer the usual risks and rewards of ownership, and the Company does not have a substantial continuing financial involvement in the property. As part of the Company's ongoing business strategy, it will, from time to time, sell land parcels and outlots, some of which are ground leased to tenants. Net gains realized on such sales were \$1.5 million, \$6.2 million, and \$0.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, and are classified as other property related revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

#### Tenant Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Tenant receivables consist primarily of billed minimum rent, accrued and billed tenant reimbursements, and accrued straight-line rent. The Company generally does not require specific collateral other than corporate or personal guarantees from its tenants.

An allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained for estimated losses resulting from the inability of certain tenants or others to meet contractual obligations under their lease or other agreements. Accounts are written off when, in the opinion of management, the balance is uncollectible.

|  | 2014     | 2013     | 2012     |
|--|----------|----------|----------|
| Balance, beginning of year                     | \$ 1,328 | \$ 755   | \$ 1,335 |
| Provision for credit losses, net of recoveries | 1,740    | 922      | 858      |
| Accounts written off                           | (635 )   | (349 )   | (1,438 ) |
| Balance, end of year                           | \$ 2,433 | \$ 1,328 | \$ 755   |

For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, allowance for doubtful accounts represented 0.9%, 1.0% and 0.8% of total revenues, respectively.

#### Other Receivables

Other receivables consist primarily of receivables due from municipalities and from tenants for non-rental revenue related activities.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

We may be subject to concentrations of credit risk with regards to our cash and cash equivalents. We place cash and temporary cash investments with high-credit-quality financial institutions. From time to time, such cash and investments may temporarily be in excess of insurance limits. In addition, our accounts receivable from and leases with tenants potentially subjects us to a concentration of credit risk related to our accounts receivable and revenue. At December 31, 2014, 28%, 23% and 12% of total billed receivables were due from tenants leasing space in the states of Florida, Indiana, and Texas, respectively, compared to 40%, 25%, and 13% in 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2014, 19%, 25% and 13% of the Company's revenue recognized was from tenants leasing space in the states of

Florida, Indiana, and Texas, respectively, compared to 30%, 36%, and 14% in 2013. There were no significant changes in the concentration percentages for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to 2013.

#### Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is determined based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding combined with the incremental average shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all potentially dilutive shares into common shares as of the earliest date possible.

Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding options to acquire common shares, units in the Operating Partnership, which may be exchanged for either cash or common shares, at the Company's option, under certain circumstances, units under our outperformance plan (see Note 6), potential settlement of redeemable noncontrolling interests in certain joint ventures, and deferred common share units, which may be credited to personal accounts of non-employee trustees in lieu of the payment of cash compensation or the issuance of common shares to such trustees. Due in part to our net loss attributable to common shareholders for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the potentially dilutive securities were not dilutive for these periods.

Approximately 1.0 million, 1.5 million and 1.7 million outstanding options to acquire common shares were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their impact was not dilutive for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

On August 11, 2014, we completed a one-for-four reverse share split of our common shares. As a result of the reverse share split, the number of outstanding common shares of the Company was reduced from approximately 332.7 million to approximately 83.2 million. Unless otherwise noted, all common share and per share information contained herein has been restated to reflect the reverse share split as if it had occurred as of the beginning of the first period presented.

#### Income Taxes and REIT Compliance

The Company, which is considered a corporation for federal income tax purposes, has been organized and intends to continue to operate in a manner that will enable us to maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. As a result, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on the earnings that we distribute to the extent we distribute our "REIT taxable income" (determined before the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains) to shareholders and meet certain other requirements on a recurring basis. To the extent that we satisfy this distribution requirement, but distribute less than 100% of our taxable income, we will be subject to federal corporate income tax on our undistributed REIT taxable income. REITs are subject to a number of organizational and operational requirements. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates for a period of four years following the year in which qualification is lost. We may also be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and property and to federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed taxable income even if we do qualify as a REIT.

We have elected to treat Kite Realty Holdings, LLC as a taxable REIT subsidiary, and we may elect to treat other subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries in the future. This enables us to receive income and provide services that would otherwise be impermissible for REITs. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are established for temporary differences between the financial reporting bases and the tax bases of assets and liabilities at the enacted rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$0.2 million. For the year ended December 31, 2013 the income tax provision was \$0.3 million and for the year ended December 31, 2012, there was an insignificant amount of income tax benefit recorded.

Other state and local income taxes were not significant in any of the periods presented.

#### Noncontrolling Interests

We report the non-redeemable noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries as equity and the amount of consolidated net income attributable to these noncontrolling interests is set forth separately in the consolidated financial

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statements. The noncontrolling interests in consolidated properties for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were as follows:

|  | 2014    | 2013    | 2012     |
|--|---------|---------|----------|
| Noncontrolling interests balance January 1   | \$3,548 | \$3,535 | \$4,250  |
| Net income allocable to noncontrolling interests,<br>excluding redeemable noncontrolling interests | 140     | 121     | 1,977    |
| Distributions to noncontrolling interests  | (324 )  | (108 )  | (2,692 ) |
| Noncontrolling interests balance at December 31  | \$3,364 | \$3,548 | \$3,535  |

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## Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership

We classify redeemable noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets outside of permanent equity because we may be required to pay cash to unitholders upon redemption of their interests in the Operating Partnership under certain circumstances, such as the delivery of registered shares upon conversion. The carrying amount of the redeemable noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership is required to be reflected at the greater of historical book value or redemption value with a corresponding adjustment to additional paid-in capital. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the redemption value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests exceeded the historical book value, and the balance was accordingly adjusted to redemption value through additional paid in capital.

We allocate net operating results of the Operating Partnership after preferred dividends and noncontrolling interest in the consolidated properties based on the partners' respective weighted average ownership interest. We adjust the redeemable noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership at the end of each period to reflect their interests in the Operating Partnership. This adjustment is reflected in our shareholders' equity. The Company's and the redeemable noncontrolling weighted average interests in the Operating Partnership for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were as follows:

|   | Year Ended December 31, |   |      |   |      |   |
|---|-------------------------|---|------|---|------|---|
|   | 2014                    |   | 2013 |   | 2012 |   |
| Company's weighted average basic interest in Operating Partnership                                    | 97.2                    | % | 93.3 | % | 90.1 | % |
| Limited partner's redeemable noncontrolling weighted average basic interests in Operating Partnership | 2.8                     | % | 6.7  | % | 9.9  | % |

The Company's and the redeemable noncontrolling ownership interests in the Operating Partnership at December 31, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

|  | December 31, |   |      |   |
|--|--------------|---|------|---|
|  | 2014         |   | 2013 |   |
| Company's interest in Operating Partnership                  | 98.1         | % | 95.2 | % |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership | 1.9          | % | 4.8  | % |

Concurrent with the Company's IPO and related formation transactions, certain individuals received units of the Operating Partnership in exchange for their interests in certain properties. These limited partners were granted the right to redeem Operating Partnership units on or after August 16, 2005 for cash or, at our election, common shares in an amount equal to the market value of an equivalent number of common shares at the time of redemption. Such common shares must be registered, which is not fully in the Company's control. Therefore, the redeemable noncontrolling interest is not reflected in permanent equity. The Company also has the right to redeem the Operating Partnership units directly from the limited partner in exchange for either cash in the amount specified above or a number of common shares equal to the number of units being redeemed. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively, 22,000, 22,500, and 275,928 Operating Partnership units were exchanged for the same number of common shares.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests - Subsidiaries

Prior to the Merger, Inland Diversified formed joint ventures with the previous owners of certain properties and issued Class B units in three joint ventures that indirectly own those properties. The Class B units remain outstanding subsequent to the Merger and are accounted for as noncontrolling interests in these properties. The Class B units will become redeemable at our applicable partner's election at future dates generally beginning in September 2015, March 2017 or October 2022 based on the applicable joint venture and the fulfillment of certain redemption criteria. Beginning in June 2018, October 2022 and November 2022, with respect to our Territory, City Center and Crossing at Killingly joint ventures, respectively, the applicable Class B units can be redeemed at either our applicable partner's or our election for cash or units in the Operating Partnership. None of the issued units have a maturity date and none are mandatorily redeemable.

On February 13, 2015, we acquired our partner's redeemable interests in the City Center operating property for \$34.4 million that was paid in a combination of cash and Operating Partnership units. We funded the majority of the cash portion with a \$30 million draw on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

We consolidate each of these joint ventures because we control the decision making of each of the joint ventures and our joint venture partners have limited protective rights.

We classify redeemable noncontrolling interests in certain subsidiaries in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets outside of permanent equity because, under certain circumstances, we may be required to pay cash to Class B unitholders in specific subsidiaries upon redemption of their interests. The carrying amount of these redeemable noncontrolling interests is required to be reflected at the greater of initial book value or redemption value with a corresponding adjustment to additional paid-in capital, because the fair value of the interests approximates the redemption value at December 31, 2014. As of December 31, 2014, the redemption value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests exceeded the initial book value recorded upon our acquisition of Inland Diversified and as a result we have adjusted additional paid-in capital for the increase in redemption value. As of December 31, 2014, the redemption amounts of these interests did not exceed the fair values of each interest.

The redeemable noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership and subsidiaries for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were as follows:

|   | 2014       | 2013     | 2012      |
|---|------------|----------|-----------|
| Redeemable noncontrolling interests balance January 1   | \$43,928   | \$37,670 | \$41,837  |
| Acquired redeemable noncontrolling interests from merger  | 69,356     | —        | —         |
| Net income (loss) allocable to redeemable noncontrolling interests  | 891        | (806 )   | (1,348 )  |
| Distributions declared to redeemable noncontrolling interests   | (3,021 )   | (1,587 ) | (1,748 )  |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income allocable to redeemable noncontrolling interests 1  | (93 )      | 525      | (268 )    |
| Exchange of redeemable noncontrolling interest for common stock   | (567 )     | (584 )   | (5,834 )  |
| Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests   | 14,588     | 8,710    | 5,031     |
| Total Limited partners' interests in Operating Partnership and other redeemable noncontrolling interests balance at December 31 | \$ 125,082 | \$43,928 | \$ 37,670 |
| Limited partners' interests in Operating Partnership  | \$47,320   | \$43,928 | \$37,670  |
| Other redeemable noncontrolling interests in certain subsidiaries   | 77,762     | —        | —         |
| Total limited partners' interests in Operating Partnership and other redeemable noncontrolling interests balance at December 31 | \$ 125,082 | \$43,928 | \$ 37,670 |

1 Represents the noncontrolling interests' share of the changes in the fair value of derivative instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges (see Note 13).

The following sets forth accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) allocable to noncontrolling interests for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012:

|   | 2014    | 2013     | 2012     |
|---|---------|----------|----------|
| Accumulated comprehensive income (loss) balance at January 1              | \$69    | \$(456 ) | \$(188 ) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income allocable to noncontrolling interests 1 | (93 )   | 525      | (268 )   |
| Accumulated comprehensive (loss) income balance at December 31            | \$(24 ) | \$69     | \$(456 ) |

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1 Represents the noncontrolling interests' share of the changes in the fair value of derivative instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges (see Note 13).

## Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for 2013 and 2012 have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 consolidated financial statement presentation. The reclassifications had no impact on net (loss) income previously reported.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity (the "Update"). The Update changes the definition of discontinued operations by limiting discontinued operations reporting to disposals of components of an entity or assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale and that represent strategic shifts that have (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. The Update also requires expanded disclosures for discontinued operations and requires an entity to disclose the pretax profit or loss of an individually significant component of an entity that does not qualify for discontinued operations reporting in the period in which it is disposed of or is classified as held for sale and for all prior periods that are presented in the statement where net income is reported. The Update is effective for annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, with early adoption permitted for disposals of assets that were not held for sale as of December 31, 2013. We adopted the Update in the first quarter of 2014. In March 2014, the Company disposed of its 50th and 12th operating property which had been classified as held for sale at December 31, 2013. Accordingly, the revenues and expenses of this property and the associated gain on sale have been classified in discontinued operations in the 2014 consolidated statements of operations.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 is a comprehensive revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing GAAP revenue recognition guidance as well as impact the existing GAAP guidance governing the sale of nonfinancial assets. The standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it satisfies performance obligations, by transferring promised goods or services to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for fulfilling those performance obligations. In doing so, companies will need to exercise more judgment and make more estimates than under existing GAAP guidance.

ASU 2014-09 will be effective for public entities for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is not permitted. ASU 2014-09 allows for either recognizing the cumulative effect of application (i) at the start of the earliest comparative period presented (with the option to use any or all of three practical expedients) or (ii) at the date of initial application, with no restatement of comparative periods presented.

We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of ASU 2014-09 on our ongoing financial reporting.

Note 3. Parkside Town Commons

On December 31, 2012, we acquired a controlling interest in a development project called Parkside Town Commons (“Parkside”), which was historically accounted for under the equity method. Parkside was owned in a joint venture with Prudential Real Estate Investors (“PREI”).

We acquired PREI’s 60% interest in the project for \$13.3 million, including assumption of PREI’s \$8.7 million share of indebtedness on the project. We recorded a non-cash remeasurement loss upon consolidation of Parkside of \$8.0 million, net, consisting of a \$14.9 million loss on remeasurement of our equity investment and a \$6.9 million gain on the acquisition of PREI’s interest at a discount.

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Upon consolidation, we measured the acquired assets and assumed liabilities at fair value. The fair value of the real estate and related assets acquired were estimated primarily using the market approach with the assistance of a third party appraisal. The most significant assumption in the fair value estimated was the comparable sales value. The estimate of fair value was determined to have primarily relied upon Level 3 inputs, as previously defined.

In November 2013, we sold 12.8 acres of adjacent land for a sales price of approximately \$5.3 million for no gain or loss.

#### Note 4. Litigation Charge

In 2012, we paid \$1.3 million to settle a claim by a former tenant. In the fourth quarter of 2012, we partially recovered costs associated with the claim. The net amount is reflected in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 and has been paid, releasing us from the claim.

#### Note 5. Kedron Village

In July 2013, foreclosure proceedings were completed by the mortgage lender on the indebtedness secured by the Company's Kedron Village operating property and the mortgage lender took title to the property in satisfaction of principal and interest due on the loan.

We reevaluated the Kedron Village property for impairment as of June 30, 2013 and determined that, based on the developments, the carrying value of the property was no longer fully recoverable considering the reduced holding period that considered the foreclosure proceedings. Accordingly, we recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$5.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 based upon the estimated fair value of the asset of \$25.5 million using level 3 inputs.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we recognized a non-cash gain of \$1.2 million resulting from the transfer of the Kedron Village assets to the lender in satisfaction of the debt. Also, in the third quarter, we reversed an accrual of unpaid interest (primarily default interest) of approximately \$1.1 million.

The operations of Kedron Village were classified as discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### Note 6. Share-Based Compensation

Overview

The Company's 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") amended and restated the Company's 2004 Equity Incentive Plan and authorized options and other share-based compensation awards to be granted to employees and trustees for up to an additional 1,500,000 common shares of the Company. The Company accounts for its share-based compensation in accordance with the fair value recognition provisions provided under Topic 718—"Stock Compensation" in the ASC.

The total share-based compensation expense, net of amounts capitalized, included in general and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$2.9 million, \$1.1 million, and \$0.9 million, respectively. Total share-based compensation cost capitalized for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$0.8 million, \$0.5 million, and \$0.4 million, respectively, related to development and leasing activities.

As of December 31, 2014, there were 1,070,529 shares available for grant under the Plan.

### Share Options

Pursuant to the Plan, the Company periodically grants options to purchase common shares at an exercise price equal to the grant date per-share fair value of the Company's common shares. Granted options typically vest over a five year period and expire ten years from the grant date. The Company issues new common shares upon the exercise of options.

For the Company's share option plan, the grant date fair value of each grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Black-Scholes model utilizes assumptions related to the dividend yield, expected life and volatility of the Company's common shares, and the risk-free interest rate. The dividend yield is based on the Company's historical dividend rate. The expected life of the grants is derived from expected employee duration, which is based on Company history, industry information, and other factors. The risk-free interest rate is derived from the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatilities utilized in the model are based on the historical volatility of the Company's share price and other factors.

A summary of option activity under the Plan as of December 31, 2014, and changes during the year then ended, is presented below:

|                                  | Options    | Weighted-Average<br>Exercise Price |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2014   | 386,803    | \$ 40.00                           |
| Granted                          | —          | —                                  |
| Exercised                        | (3,313 )   | 14.40                              |
| Expired                          | (134,287 ) | 52.00                              |
| Forfeited                        | (212 )     | 20.76                              |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2014 | 248,991    | \$ 33.88                           |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2014 | 243,686    | \$ 34.16                           |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2013 | 369,617    | \$ 41.00                           |

The fair value on the respective grant dates of the 1,250 options granted for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$20.08 per option. There were no options granted in 2013 and 2014.

The aggregate intrinsic value of the 3,313, 40,639, and 4,631 options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was \$40,196, \$445,346, and \$16,112, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value and weighted average remaining contractual term of the outstanding and exercisable options at December 31, 2014 were as follows:

|                                  | Options | Aggregate<br>Intrinsic<br>Value | Weighted-Average Remaining<br>Contractual Term (in years) |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|---|
| Outstanding at December 31, 2014 | 248,991 | \$ 1,626,483                    | 3.70  |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2014 | 243,686 | \$ 1,583,398                    | 3.68  |

As of December 31, 2014 there was less than \$0.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to outstanding unvested share option awards.

#### Restricted Shares

In addition to share option grants, the Plan also authorizes the grant of share-based compensation awards in the form of restricted common shares. Under the terms of the Plan, these restricted shares, which are considered to be outstanding shares from the date of grant, typically vest over a period ranging from one to five years. In addition, the Company pays dividends on restricted shares that are charged directly to shareholders' equity.

The following table summarizes all restricted share activity to employees and non-employee members of the Board of Trustees as of December 31, 2014 and changes during the year then ended:

|  | Restricted<br>Shares | Weighted<br>Average<br>Grant Date<br>Fair<br>Value per<br>share |
|--|----------------------|---|
| Restricted shares outstanding at January 1, 2014   | 181,397              | \$23.79   |
| Shares granted                                     | 499,436              | 22.62   |
| Shares forfeited                                   | (2,388 )             | 22.82   |
| Shares vested                                      | (62,992 )            | 23.50   |
| Restricted shares outstanding at December 31, 2014 | 615,453              | \$22.87   |

During the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the Company granted 499,436, 103,685, and 67,667 restricted shares to employees and non-employee members of the Board of Trustees with weighted average grant date fair values of \$22.62, \$25.80, and \$21.44, respectively. The total fair value of shares vested during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$1.6 million, \$1.1 million, and \$0.6 million, respectively.

As of December 31, 2013, there was \$11.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted shares granted under the Plan, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years. We expect to incur \$3.3 million of this expense in fiscal year 2015, \$2.9 million in fiscal year 2016, \$2.6 million in fiscal year 2017, \$2.3 million in fiscal year 2018, and the remainder in fiscal year 2019.

#### Outperformance Plan

In July 2014, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Trustees adopted the Kite Realty Group Trust 2014 Outperformance Plan for members of executive management and certain other employees, pursuant to which grantees are eligible to earn units in the Operating Partnership based on the achievement of certain performance criteria of the Company's common shares. Participants in the 2014 Outperformance Plan were awarded the right to earn, in the aggregate, up to \$7.5 million of share-settled awards (the "bonus pool") if, and only to the extent of which, based on our total shareholder return ("TSR") performance measures are achieved for the three-year period beginning July 1, 2014 and ending June 30, 2017. Awarded interests not earned based on the TSR measures are forfeited.

At the end of the three-year performance period, participants will receive their percentage interest in the bonus pool as units in the Operating Partnership that vest over an additional two-year service period. The compensation cost of the 2014 Outperformance Plan is fixed as of the grant date and is recognized regardless of whether the units are ultimately earned if the required service is determined.

The 2014 Outperformance Plan was valued at an aggregate value of \$2.4 million utilizing a Monte Carlo simulation. The value of the awards will be amortized to expense through the final vesting date of June 30, 2019 based upon a graded vesting schedule. We expect to incur \$0.7 million of this expense in fiscal year 2015, \$0.7 million in fiscal year 2016, \$0.6 million in fiscal year 2017, \$0.3 million in fiscal year 2018, \$0.1 million in fiscal year 2019.

#### Note 7. Deferred Costs and Intangibles, net

Deferred costs and intangibles consist primarily of financing fees incurred to obtain long-term financing, acquired lease intangible assets, and broker fees and capitalized salaries and related benefits incurred in connection with lease originations. Deferred financing costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective loan agreements. Deferred leasing costs, lease intangibles and similar costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, deferred costs consisted of the following:

|                          | 2014     | 2013     |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|
| Deferred financing costs | \$14,575 | \$11,293 |

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|  |            |           |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Acquired lease intangible assets               | 142,823    | 24,930    |
| Deferred leasing costs and other               | 48,149     | 41,626    |
|  | 205,547    | 77,849    |
| Less—accumulated amortization                  | (36,583 )  | (21,461 ) |
| Total  | 168,964    | 56,388    |
| Deferred costs, net – properties held for sale | (8,986 )   |           |
| Total  | \$ 159,978 | \$ 56,388 |

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The estimated aggregate amortization amounts from net unamortized acquired lease intangible assets for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

|            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 2015       | \$22,554  |
| 2016       | 19,874    |
| 2017       | 16,463    |
| 2018       | 11,576    |
| 2019       | 7,920     |
| Thereafter | 41,255    |
| Total (1)  | \$119,642 |

1 Total excludes deferred costs and intangibles, net related to properties held for sale.

The accompanying consolidated statements of operations include amortization expense as follows:

|  | For the year ended December 31, |         |         |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
|  | 2014                            | 2013    | 2012    |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs   | \$2,864                         | \$2,434 | \$1,971 |
| Amortization of deferred leasing costs, lease intangibles and other, excluding amortization of above market leases | \$17,291                        | \$5,605 | \$3,927 |

Amortization of deferred leasing costs, leasing intangibles and other, excluding amortization of above market leases is included in depreciation and amortization expense, while the amortization of deferred financing costs is included in interest expense.

#### Note 8. Deferred Revenue, Intangibles, net and Other Liabilities

Deferred revenue, intangibles, net and other liabilities consist of unamortized fair value of in-place lease liabilities recorded in connection with purchase accounting, retainages payable for development and redevelopment projects, tenant rents received in advance and seller earnouts. The amortization of in-place lease liabilities is recognized as revenue over the remaining life of the leases. Tenant rents received in advance are recognized as revenue in the period to which they apply, usually the month following their receipt.

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, deferred revenue and other liabilities consisted of the following:

|  | 2014      | 2013     |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unamortized in-place lease liabilities | \$125,336 | \$36,173 |
| Retainages payable and other           | 2,852     | 2,983    |
| Seller earnout (Note 17)               | 9,664     |          |

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|  |                   |                  |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| Tenant rents received in advance   | 10,841            | 5,158            |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>148,693</b>    | <b>44,314</b>    |
| Deferred revenue, intangibles, net and other liabilities – liabilities held for sale | (12,284 )         |                  |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ 136,409</b> | <b>\$ 44,314</b> |

The estimated aggregate amortization of acquired lease intangibles (unamortized fair value of in-place lease liabilities) for each of the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

|              |                   |
|--------------|-------------------|
| 2015         | \$8,212           |
| 2016         | 7,527             |
| 2017         | 6,838             |
| 2018         | 6,254             |
| 2019         | 5,796             |
| Thereafter   | 78,784            |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>\$ 113,411</b> |

1 \_\_\_\_\_ Total excludes deferred revenue, intangibles, net and other liabilities related to properties held for sale.

Note 9. Development and Redevelopment Activities

Development Activities

In the first quarter of 2014, we substantially completed construction on Delray Marketplace in Delray Beach, Florida and transitioned the project to the operating portfolio. The project is anchored by Publix, Frank Theatres, Burt & Max's Grille, Charming Charlie, Chico's, White House | Black Market, Ann Taylor Loft, and Jos. A. Bank.

In 2014, we substantially completed construction on Parkside Town Commons – Phase I near Raleigh, North Carolina, which is anchored by Harris Teeter, Petco and a non-owned Target. Parkside Town Commons – Phase II is under construction as of December 31, 2014. Field & Stream and Golf Galaxy opened in September 2014 and will be joined by Frank Theatres in the first half of 2015.

Holly Springs Towne Center Phase II is located in Raleigh, North Carolina and is adjacent to Phase I of Holly Springs Towne Center. Construction commenced on Phase II of the development in the third quarter of 2014. We have signed leases with Carmike Theatres, DSW and Bed Bath & Beyond.

In the fourth quarter of 2014, we began site work on Tamiami Crossing in Naples, Florida. We have a signed lease with Stein Mart and are negotiating leases with four national junior anchors for the development.

Redevelopment Activities

In the first quarter of 2014, we began redevelopment of Gainesville Plaza in Gainesville, Florida. The project is anchored by Burlington Coat Factory which opened in September 2014 and Ross Dress for Less which is expected to open in March 2015.

In January 2013, we completed plans for a redevelopment project at Bolton Plaza and reduced the estimated useful lives of certain assets that were demolished as part of this project. As a result of this change in estimate, \$0.8 million of additional depreciation expense was recognized in 2013. The center is anchored by Academy Sports and Outdoors, LA Fitness, and Panera Bread. We transitioned this project back to the operating portfolio in the third quarter of 2014.

In July 2013, we completed plans for a redevelopment project at King's Lake Square and reduced the estimated useful lives of certain assets that were demolished as part of this project. As a result of this change in estimate, \$2.5 million of additional depreciation expense was recognized in 2013. This center is anchored by Publix Supermarkets which opened in April of 2014. We transitioned this project back to the operating portfolio in the second quarter of 2014.

Note 10. Merger and Acquisition Activities

The results of operations for all acquired properties during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, have been included in continuing operations within our consolidated financial statements since their respective dates of acquisition.

Acquisition costs include transactions costs for completed and prospective acquisitions, which are expensed as incurred. As part of the Merger, we incurred significant costs in 2014 related to investment banking, lender, due diligence, legal, and professional fees. Merger and acquisition costs for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$27.5 million, \$2.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

Preliminary purchase price allocations were made at the date of acquisition, primarily to the fair value of tangible assets (land, building, and improvements) as well as to intangibles. The estimated purchase price allocations for the 2014 acquisitions remain preliminary at December 31, 2014 and are subject to revision within the measurement period, not to exceed one year.

## 2014 Merger and Acquisition Activities

In 2014, we acquired a total of 61 operating properties. Upon completion of the Merger in July, we acquired 60 operating properties and in December we acquired an operating property in Las Vegas, Nevada. The total merger purchase price was \$2.4 billion. As part of the Merger, we assumed \$860 million of debt, maturing at various stages through March 2023. In addition, we assumed a \$12.4 million mortgage with a fixed interest rate of 5.73%, maturing in June 2030, as part of the Las Vegas acquisition.

The Company determined that it was the acquirer for accounting purposes in the Merger. We considered the continuation of the Company's existing management and a majority of the existing board members as the most significant considerations in our analysis. Additionally, Inland Diversified had previously announced the transaction as a liquidation event and we believe this transaction was an acquisition of Inland Diversified by the Company.

The following is a summary of our 2014 operating property acquisitions.

| Property Name                  | MSA           | Acquisition Date | Acquisition Cost (Millions) |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Merger with Inland Diversified | Various       | July 2014        | \$ 2,128.6                  |
| Rampart Commons                | Las Vegas, NV | December 2014    | 32.3                        |

The fair value of the real estate and related assets acquired were primarily determined using the income approach. The income approach required us to make assumptions about market leasing rates, tenant-related costs, discount rates, and disposal values. The estimates of fair value were determined to have primarily relied upon Level 2 and Level 3 inputs, as previously defined. The ranges of the most significant Level 3 assumptions utilized in determining the value of the real estate and related assets of each building acquired during the Merger are as follows:

|  | Low     | High     |
|--|---------|----------|
| Lease-up period (months)   | 6       | 18       |
| Net rental rate per square foot – Anchor (greater than 10,000 square feet) | \$5.00  | \$30.00  |
| Net rental rate per square foot – Small Shops                              | \$11.00 | \$53.00  |
| Discount rate  | 5.75    | % 9.25 % |

The following table summarizes the aggregate purchase price allocation for the properties acquired as part of the Merger as of July 1, 2014:

Assets:

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|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Investment properties, net  | \$2,095,567 |
| Deferred costs, net   | 143,210     |
| Investments in marketable securities                                | 18,602      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 108,666     |
| Accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, and other                    | 20,157      |
| Total assets  | \$2,386,202 |
| Liabilities:  |             |
| Mortgage and other indebtedness, including debt premium of \$33,300 | \$892,909   |
| Deferred revenue and other liabilities                              | 129,935     |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                               | 59,314      |
| Total Liabilities   | 1,082,158   |
| Noncontrolling interests  | 69,356      |
| Common stock issued   | 1,234,688   |
| Total allocated purchase price                                      | \$2,386,202 |

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The leases in the acquired properties had a weighted average remaining life at acquisition of approximately 5.8 years.

The Company allocated the purchase price for Rampart Commons to the fair value of tangible assets and intangibles.

The following table summarizes the revenue and earnings of the acquired properties since the respective acquisition dates, which are included in the consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014:

|  | Year<br>ended<br>December<br>31, 2014 |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Revenue  | \$92,212                              |
| Expenses:  |                                       |
| Property operating   | 14,262                                |
| Real estate taxes and other  | 11,254                                |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 43,257                                |
| Interest expense   | 14,845                                |
| Total expenses   | 83,618                                |
| Gain on sale and other (1)   | 2,153                                 |
| Net income impact from 2014 acquisitions prior to income allocable to noncontrolling interests | 10,747                                |
| Income allocable to noncontrolling interests   | (1,284 )                              |
| Impact from 2014 acquisitions on income attributable to Kite Realty Trust                      | \$9,463                               |

1 We sold eight properties that were acquired through the Merger in November and December 2014.

The following table presents unaudited pro forma information for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 as if the Merger and the 2013 and 2014 property acquisitions had been consummated on January 1, 2013. The pro forma results have been calculated under our accounting policies and adjusted to reflect the results of Inland Diversified's additional depreciation and amortization that would have been recorded assuming the allocation of the purchase price to investment properties, intangible assets and indebtedness had been applied on January 1, 2013. The pro forma results exclude Merger costs and reflect the termination of management agreements with affiliates of Inland Diversified as neither are expected to have a continuing impact on the results of the operations following the Merger. The results also reflect the pay down of certain debt, which was contemplated as part of the Merger.

|               | Twelve Months Ended<br>December 31,<br>(unaudited) |            |
|---------------|--|------------|
|               | 2014   | 2013       |
| Total revenue | \$ 355,716   | \$ 357,506 |

|                         |        |       |
|-------------------------|--------|-------|
| Consolidated net income | 26,911 | 2,219 |
|-------------------------|--------|-------|

#### 2013 Acquisition Activities

In 2013, we acquired thirteen operating properties. The following is a summary of our 2013 operating property acquisitions.

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| Property Name           | MSA              | Acquisition Date | Contract Purchase Price (Millions) |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Shoppes of Eastwood     | Orlando, FL      | January 2013     | \$ 11.6                            |
| Cool Springs Market     | Nashville, TN    | April 2013       | 37.6                               |
| Castleton Crossing      | Indianapolis, IN | May 2013         | 39.0                               |
| Toringdon Market        | Charlotte, NC    | August 2013      | 15.9                               |
|                         |                  |                  |                                    |
| Nine Property Portfolio | Various          | November 2013    | 304.0                              |

The fair value of the real estate and related assets acquired were primarily determined using the income approach. The income approach required the Company to make assumptions about market leasing rates, tenant-related costs, discount rates, and disposal values. The estimates of fair value were determined to have primarily relied upon Level 2 and Level 3 inputs, as previously defined.

The following table summarizes our final allocation of the fair value of amounts recognized for each major class of asset and liability for these acquisitions:

|  | Allocation to opening balance sheet |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Investment properties, net             | \$419,080                           |
| Lease-related intangible assets        | 19,537                              |
| Other assets                           | 293                                 |
| Total acquired assets                  | 438,910                             |
|  |                                     |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses  | 2,204                               |
| Deferred revenue and other liabilities | 29,291                              |
| Total assumed liabilities              | 31,495                              |
|  |                                     |
| Fair value of acquired net assets      | \$407,415                           |

The leases in the acquired properties had a weighted average remaining life at acquisition of approximately 4.6 years.

There were no material adjustments to the purchase price allocations for our 2013 acquisitions during the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### 2012 Acquisition Activities

In 2012, we acquired four operating properties. In connection with these acquisitions, the Company allocated the purchase price to the fair value of tangible assets (land, building, and improvements) as well as to intangibles. The following is a summary of our 2012 operating property acquisitions.

| Property Name      | MSA            | Acquisition Date | Contract Purchase Price (Millions) |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Cove Center        | Stuart, FL     | June 2012        | \$ 22.1                            |
| 12th Street Plaza  | Vero Beach, FL | July 2012        | 15.2                               |
| Plaza Green        | Greenville, SC | December 2012    | 28.8                               |
| Publix at Woodruff | Greenville, SC | December 2012    | 9.1                                |

The fair value of the real estate and related assets acquired were primarily determined using the income approach. The income approach required the Company to make assumptions about market leasing rates, tenant-related costs, discount rates, and disposal values. The estimates of fair value were determined to have primarily relied upon Level 2 and Level 3 inputs, as previously defined.

The following table summarizes our final allocation of the fair value of amounts recognized for each major class of asset and liability for these acquisitions. This allocation does not differ materially from the initial allocation.

|  | Allocation<br>to opening<br>balance<br>sheet |
|--|--|
| Investment properties, net             | \$76,531                                     |
| Lease-related intangible assets        | 2,209  |
| Other assets                           | 8  |
| Total acquired assets                  | 78,748                                       |
| Secured debt                           | 8,086  |
| Deferred revenue and other liabilities | 4,952  |
| Total assumed liabilities              | 13,038                                       |
| Fair value of acquired net assets      | \$65,710                                     |

#### Note 11. Disposals, Discontinued Operations and Investment Properties Held for Sale

During the first quarter of 2014, we sold our Red Bank Commons operating property in Evansville, Indiana, our Ridge Plaza operating property in Oak Ridge, New Jersey, and our 50th and 12th operating property in Seattle, Washington for aggregate proceeds of \$35.2 million and a net gain of \$6.7 million.

During the third quarter of 2014, we sold our Zionsville Walgreens operating property in Zionsville, Indiana for aggregate proceeds of \$7.3 million and a net gain of \$2.9 million.

During the fourth quarter of 2014, we completed the sale of the first tranche (“Tranche I”) to Inland Real Estate Income Trust, Inc. (“Inland Real Estate”) for aggregate proceeds of \$151 million and a net gain of \$1.4 million. See below.

Further, we have \$16.1 million classified as cash and cash equivalents that we received in connection with the sale of Tranche I for which we intend to utilize for future acquisitions.

#### Sale of Properties to Inland Real Estate Income Trust

On September 16, 2014, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Inland Real Estate, which provides for the sale of 15 of our operating properties acquired in the Merger (the “Portfolio”) to Inland Real Estate with the option for the sale of a 16th property, Village at Bay Park.

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The Purchase and Sale Agreement provides that the Portfolio will be sold to Inland Real Estate in two separate tranches. The sale of Tranche I consisted of eight retail operating properties that were sold in November and December. The sale of the second tranche (“Tranche II”) will consist of seven retail operating properties to be sold for a sales price of approximately \$167.4 million, including debt to be assumed of \$64.2 million, and is expected to occur on or before March 16, 2015. One of the Company’s trustees also serves as a director of Inland Real Estate, and therefore recused himself from any consideration by the Board of Trustees of the transaction.

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The operating properties sold in Tranche I and to be sold in Tranche II are as follows:

| Property Name               | MSA                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Tranche I:                  |                      |
| Copps Grocery               | Stevens Point, WI    |
| Fox Point                   | Neenah, WI           |
| Harvest Square              | Harvest, AL          |
| Landing at Ocean Isle Beach | Ocean Isle Beach, NC |
| Branson Hills Plaza         | Branson, MO          |
| Shoppes at Branson Hills    | Branson, MO          |
| Shoppes at Prairie Ridge    | Pleasant Prairie, WI |
| Heritage Square             | Conyers, GA          |
| Tranche II:                 |                      |
| Eastside Junction1          | Athens, AL           |
| Fairgrounds Crossing        | Hot Springs, AR      |
| Hawk Ridge                  | Saint Louis, MO      |
| Prattville Town Center      | Prattville, AL       |
| Regal Court                 | Shreveport, LA       |
| Whispering Ridge            | Omaha, NE            |
| Walgreens Plaza             | Jacksonville, NC     |

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The anchor tenant exercised its right of first offer to purchase the property. Subsequent to this exercise, the anchor tenant decided not to purchase the property and Inland Real Estate will instead acquire the property as part of Tranche II.

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The operating properties listed above are not included in discontinued operations in the accompanying Statements of Operations as the disposals neither individually nor in the aggregate represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on our operations or financial results (see Note 2). The properties in Tranche II met the requirements to be presented as held for sale as of December 31, 2014. The Village at Bay Park property does not meet the held for sale criteria as this property is subject only to Inland Real Estate's option to purchase. Upon meeting the held-for-sale criteria, depreciation and amortization ceased for these operating properties. The assets and liabilities associated with these properties are separately classified as held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014.

The following table presents the assets and liabilities associated with the held for sale properties:

|  | December<br>31,<br>2014 |
|--|-------------------------|
| Assets:  |                         |
| Investment properties, at cost                         | \$170,782               |
| Less: accumulated depreciation                         | (1,313 )                |
|  | 169,469                 |
| Accounts receivable, prepaids and other assets         | 1,187                   |
| Deferred costs and intangibles, net                    | 8,986                   |
| Total assets held for sale                             | \$179,642               |
| Liabilities:   |                         |
| Mortgage and other indebtedness, including net premium | \$67,452                |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                  | 1,428                   |
| Deferred revenue, intangibles and other liabilities    | 12,284                  |
| Total liabilities held for sale                        | \$81,164                |

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The results of operations for the investment properties that are classified as held for sale or sold as part of Tranche I are presented in the table below:

|                                   | Six Months<br>Ended<br>December 31,<br>2014 |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Revenue:                          |   |
| Minimum rent <sup>1</sup>         | \$ 11,320                                   |
| Tenant reimbursements             | 2,279                                       |
| Total revenue                     | 13,599                                      |
| Expenses:                         |   |
| Property operating                | 1,958                                       |
| Real estate taxes                 | 1,372                                       |
| Depreciation and amortization     | 2,365                                       |
| Total expenses                    | 5,695                                       |
| Operating income                  | 7,904                                       |
| Interest expense                  | (2,703)                                     |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 5,201                                    |

<sup>1</sup> Minimum rent includes \$0.3 million of non-cash straight-line and market rent revenue.

#### Other Disposals

The Red Bank Commons, Ridge Plaza and Zionsville Walgreens operating properties are not included in discontinued operations in the accompanying Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, as the disposals individually and in the aggregate did not represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on our operations and financial results (see Note 2).

The 50th and 12th operating property is included in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, as the property was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.

In September 2013, the Company sold its Cedar Hill Village property in Dallas, Texas. In July 2013, foreclosure proceedings were completed on the Kedron Village property and the mortgage lender took title to the property in satisfaction of principal and interest due on the mortgage (see Note 5).

In 2012, the Company sold the following properties for net proceeds of \$87.4 million (inclusive of our partners' share) and a net gain of \$7.1 million:

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- Gateway Shopping Center in Marysville, Washington in February 2012;
  - South Elgin Commons in South Elgin, Illinois in June 2012;
    - 50 S. Morton near Indianapolis, Indiana in July 2012;
- Coral Springs Plaza in Fort Lauderdale, Florida in September 2012;
  - Pen Products in Indianapolis, Indiana in October 2012;
- Indiana State Motor Pool in Indianapolis, Indiana in October 2012;
  - Sandifur Plaza in Pasco, Washington in November 2012;
- Zionsville Shops near Indianapolis, Indiana in November 2012; and
  - Preston Commons in Dallas, Texas in December 2012.

The activities of these properties sold in 2013 and 2012, and the 50th & 12th operating property sold in 2014, are reflected as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

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The results of the discontinued operations related to these properties were comprised of the following for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012:

|  | Year ended December 31, |            |          |
|--|-------------------------|------------|----------|
|  | 2014                    | 2013       | 2012     |
| Revenue  | \$—                     | \$2,565    | \$8,839  |
| Expenses:  |                         |            |          |
| Property operating   | —                       | 117        | 1,081    |
| Real estate taxes and other  | —                       | 199        | 1,230    |
| Depreciation and amortization  | —                       | 844        | 2,963    |
| Impairment charge  | —                       | 5,372      | —        |
| Total expenses   | —                       | 6,532      | 5,274    |
| Operating income (loss)  | —                       | (3,967 )   | 3,565    |
| Interest expense   | —                       | (571 )     | (2,909 ) |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations   | —                       | (4,538 )   | 656      |
| Gain on debt extinguishment  | —                       | 1,242      | —        |
| Gain on sale of operating properties, net  | 3,198                   | 487        | 7,094    |
| Total income (loss) from discontinued operations   | \$3,198                 | \$(2,809 ) | \$7,750  |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | \$3,111                 | \$(2,620 ) | \$5,317  |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests                    | 87                      | (189 )     | 2,433    |
| Total income (loss) from discontinued operations   | \$3,198                 | \$(2,809 ) | \$7,750  |

Note 12. Mortgage Loans and Other Indebtedness

Mortgage and other indebtedness, excluding mortgages related to assets held for sale (see Note 11), consist of the following at December 31, 2014 and 2013:

| Description   | Balance at December 31, |           |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
|   | 2014                    | 2013      |
| Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility   |                         |           |
| Matures July 20181; maximum borrowing level of \$500 million and \$200 million available at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively; interest at LIBOR + 1.40%2 or 1.57% at December 31, 2014 and interest at LIBOR + 1.95%2 or 2.12% at December 31, 2013 | \$160,000               | \$145,000 |
| Unsecured Term Loan   |                         |           |
| Matures July 20193; interest at LIBOR + 1.35%2 or 1.52% at December 31, 2014 and interest at LIBOR + 1.80%2 or 1.97% at December 31, 2013   | 230,000                 | 230,000   |
| Construction Loans—Variable Rate  |                         |           |
| Generally interest only; maturing at various dates through 2016; interest at LIBOR+1.75%-2.10%, ranging from 1.92% to 2.27% at December 31, 2014 and interest at LIBOR+2.00%- 2.50%, ranging from 2.17% to 2.67% at December 31, 2013                       | 119,347                 | 144,389   |
| Mortgage Notes Payable—Fixed Rate   |                         |           |

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|   |                    |                  |
|---|--------------------|------------------|
| Generally due in monthly installments of principal and interest; maturing at various dates through 2030; interest rates ranging from 3.81% to 6.78% at December 31, 2014 and interest rates ranging from 5.42% to 6.78% at December 31, 2013                            | 810,959            | 276,504          |
| <b>Mortgage Notes Payable—Variable Rate</b>   |                    |                  |
| Due in monthly installments of principal and interest; maturing at various dates through 2022; interest at LIBOR + 1.75%-2.75%, ranging from 1.92% to 2.92% at December 31, 2014 and interest at LIBOR + 1.25%-2.94%, ranging from 1.42 % to 3.11% at December 31, 2013 | 205,798            | 61,186           |
| Net premium on acquired indebtedness  | 28,159             | 65               |
| <b>Total mortgage and other indebtedness</b>  | <b>\$1,554,263</b> | <b>\$857,144</b> |

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- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 | The maturity date may be extended at the Company's option for up to two additional periods of six months each, subject to certain conditions.  |
| 2 | The rate on our unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured term loan varied at certain parts of the year due to provisions in the agreement and the amendment and restatement of the agreement. |
| 3 | The maturity date may be extended for an additional six months at the Company's option subject to certain conditions.  |

The one month LIBOR interest rate was 0.17% as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility and Unsecured Term Loan

On July 1, 2014, in conjunction with the Merger, we amended the terms of our unsecured revolving credit facility (the "amended facility") and increased the total borrowing capacity from \$200 million to \$500 million. The amended terms also include an extension of the maturity date to July 1, 2018, which may be further extended at our option for up to two additional periods of six months each, subject to certain conditions, and a reduction in the interest rate to LIBOR plus 140 to 200 basis points, from LIBOR plus 165 to 250 basis points, depending on our leverage. The amended facility has a fee of 15 to 25 basis points on unused borrowings. We may increase our borrowings under the amended facility up to \$750 million, subject to certain conditions, including obtaining commitments from any one or more lenders, whether or not currently party to the amended facility, to provide such increased amounts.

On July 1, 2014, we also amended the terms of our \$230 million Term Loan (the "amended Term Loan"). The amended Term Loan has a maturity date of July 1, 2019, which may be extended for an additional six months at the Company's option subject to certain conditions. The interest rate applicable to the amended Term Loan was reduced to LIBOR plus 135 to 190 basis points, depending on our leverage, a decrease of between 10 and 55 basis points. The amended Term Loan also provides for an increase in total borrowing of up to an additional \$170 million (\$400 million in total), subject to certain conditions, including obtaining commitments from any one or more lenders.

The amount that we may borrow under our amended facility is based on the value of assets in our unencumbered property pool. As of December 31, 2014, the full amount of our amended facility, or \$500 million, was available for draw based on the unencumbered property pool allocated to the facility. Taking into account outstanding draws and letters of credit, as of December 31, 2014, we had \$333.2 million available for future borrowings under our amended facility. In addition, our unencumbered assets could provide approximately \$120 million of additional borrowing capacity under our amended facility if the expansion feature was exercised. As of December 31, 2014, we had 88 unencumbered properties, of which 80 were wholly-owned by subsidiaries which are guarantors under the amended facility and the amended Term Loan.

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As of December 31, 2014, \$160 million was outstanding under the amended facility and \$230 million was outstanding under the amended Term Loan. Additionally, we had letters of credit outstanding which totaled \$6.8 million, against which no amounts were advanced as of December 31, 2014.

Our ability to borrow under the amended facility is subject to our compliance with various restrictive covenants, including with respect to liens, indebtedness, investments, dividends, mergers and asset sales. The amended facility and the amended Term Loan also require us to satisfy certain financial covenants. As of December 31, 2014, we were in compliance with all such covenants on the amended facility and the amended Term Loan.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, we had total loan borrowings of \$146.5 million, total loan assumptions of \$859.6 million and total loan repayments of \$285.2 million. The major components of this activity are as follows:

- In January 2014, we paid off the \$4.0 million loan secured by the 50th and 12th operating property using a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property (see Note 11);

- In March 2014, we refinanced the \$6.9 million Beacon Hill variable rate loan and extended the maturity of the loan to April 2018;
- In July 2014, as a result of the Merger, we assumed \$859.6 million in debt secured by 41 properties. As part of the purchase price allocation, a debt premium of \$33.3 million was recorded. The variable interest rates on these mortgage loans are based on LIBOR plus spreads ranging from 175 to 275 basis points and mature over various terms through 2022. The fixed interest rates on these mortgage loans range from 3.81% to 6.19% and mature over various terms through 2022;
- In July 2014, we retired the \$17.7 million loan secured by our Rangeline Crossing operating property, the \$18.9 million loan secured by our Four Corner Square operating property and the \$5.0 million loan secured by land at 951 and 41 in Naples, Florida using cash acquired as part of the Merger;
  - In September 2014, we retired the \$4.5 million loan secured by the Zionsville Walgreens operating property upon the sale of the asset (see Note 11);
- In December 2014, in connection with the sale of Tranche I, Inland Real Estate assumed \$75.8 million of our secured loans associated with Shoppes at Prairie Ridge, Fox Point, Harvest Square, Heritage Square, The Shoppes at Branson Hills and Copp's Grocery;
- In December 2014, we paid down \$4.0 million on the loan secured by Delray Marketplace operating property and refinanced the remaining \$55.3 million variable rate loan and extended the maturity of the loan to November 2016;
- In December 2014, we retired the \$15.8 million loan secured by our Eastgate Pavilion operating property, the \$1.9 million loan secured by our Bridgewater Marketplace operating property, the \$34.0 million loan secured by our Holly Springs – Phase I development property and the \$15.2 million loan secured by Wheatland Town Crossing utilizing a portion of proceeds from property sales;
- In December 2014, in connection with the acquisition of Rampart Commons, we assumed a \$12.4 million fixed rate mortgage. As part of the purchase price allocation, a debt premium of \$2.2 million was recorded;
- In 2014, we drew \$66.7 million on the unsecured revolving credit facility to fund the acquisition of Rampart Commons, redevelopment and tenant improvement costs;
- In 2014, we paid down \$51.7 million on the unsecured revolving credit facility utilizing a portion of proceeds from property sales and cash on hand;
  - In 2014, we drew \$50.8 million on construction loans related to development projects; and
    - We made scheduled principal payments on indebtedness totaling \$6.5 million.

#### Mortgage and Construction Loans

Mortgage and construction loans are secured by certain real estate, are generally due in monthly installments of interest and principal and mature over various terms through 2030.

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The following table presents maturities of mortgage debt, corporate debt, and construction loans as of December 31, 2014:

|                      | Annual Principal<br>Payments | Term Maturity | Total               |
|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 2015                 | \$ 6,558                     | \$ 112,347    | \$ 118,905          |
| 2016                 | 5,708                        | 247,613       | 253,321             |
| 2017                 | 4,998                        | 50,026        | 55,024              |
| 20181                | 5,060                        | 68,694        | 73,754              |
| 20192                | 4,932                        | 160,000       | 164,932             |
| Thereafter           | 16,678                       | 843,490       | 860,168             |
|                      | \$ 43,934                    | \$ 1,482,170  | \$ 1,526,104        |
| Unamortized Premiums |                              |               | 28,159              |
| <b>Total</b>         |                              |               | <b>\$ 1,554,263</b> |

1 \_\_\_\_\_ Includes our unsecured revolving credit facility. We have the option to extend the maturity date by one year to July 1, 2019, subject to certain conditions.

2 \_\_\_\_\_ Includes our unsecured Term Loan. We have the option to extend the maturity date by six months to January 1, 2020, subject to certain conditions.

The amount of interest capitalized in 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$4.8 million, \$5.1 million, and \$7.4 million, respectively.

#### Fair Value of Fixed and Variable Rate Debt

As of December 31, 2014, the fair value of fixed rate debt, including properties held for sale, was \$945.9 million compared to the book value of \$875.3 million. The fair value was estimated using Level 2 and 3 inputs with cash flows discounted at current borrowing rates for similar instruments which ranged from 3.81% to 6.78%. As of December 31, 2014, the fair value of variable rate debt, including properties held for sale, was \$751.5 million compared to the book value of \$715.2 million. The fair value was estimated using Level 2 and 3 inputs with cash flows discounted at current borrowing rates for similar instruments which ranged from 1.52% to 2.92%.

#### Note 13. Derivative Instruments, Hedging Activities and Other Comprehensive Income

In order to manage volatility relating to variable interest rate risk, we enter into interest rate hedging agreements from time to time. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes nor do we have any derivatives that are not designated as cash flow hedges. We have agreements with each of our derivative counterparties that contain a provision that in the event of default on any of our indebtedness, we could also be declared in default on our derivative obligations. As of December 31, 2014, we were party to various cash flow hedge agreements with notional amounts totaling \$373.3 million. These hedge agreements effectively fix the interest rate indices underlying certain variable rate debt instruments over terms ranging from 2017 through 2020. Utilizing a weighted average interest rate spread over LIBOR on all variable rate debt resulted in fixing the weighted average interest rate at 3.39%.

These interest rate hedge agreements are the only assets or liabilities that we record at fair value on a recurring basis. The valuation of these assets and liabilities is determined using widely accepted techniques including discounted cash flow analysis. These techniques consider the contractual terms of the derivatives (including the period to maturity) and use observable market-based inputs such as interest rate curves and implied volatilities. We also incorporate credit valuation adjustments into the fair value measurements to reflect nonperformance risk on both our part and that of the respective counterparties.

In the Merger we assumed seven interest rate swaps. The notional amount of the instruments was \$163.3 million and the fair value was a net liability of \$3.7 million on the Merger date. Three of these swaps with a combined notional amount of \$34.2 million were not designated as cash flow hedges. The change in the fair value of those interest rate agreements of \$0.2 million for the six months ending December 31, 2014 was shown as a reduction to interest expense. These three swaps were assumed by Inland Real Estate as part of the sale of Tranche I.

As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, accounting guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs for identical instruments that are classified within Level 1 and observable inputs for similar instruments that are classified within Level 2) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3). In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the

level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

Although we have determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself and our counterparties. However, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, we have assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of its derivative positions and have determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of our derivatives. As a result, we have determined that our derivative valuations are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

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As of December 31, 2014 the fair value of our interest rate hedges was a net liability of \$4.4 million, including accrued interest of \$0.5 million. As of December 31, 2014, \$0.7 million is recorded in prepaid and other assets and \$5.1 million is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. At December 31, 2013 the net fair value of our interest rate hedge assets was \$1.1 million, including accrued interest of \$0.3 million. As of December 31, 2013, \$2.8 million is recorded in prepaid and other assets and \$1.7 million is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

We currently expect the impact to interest expense over the next 12 months as the hedged forecasted interest payments occur to be \$4.4 million. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to earnings over time as the hedged items are recognized in earnings. During the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, \$5.1 million, \$2.8 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, were reclassified as a reduction to earnings.

Our share of net unrealized gains and losses on our interest rate hedge agreements are the only components of the change in accumulated other comprehensive loss. The following sets forth comprehensive loss allocable to us for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012:

|   | Year ended December 31, |            |            |
|---|-------------------------|------------|------------|
|   | 2014                    | 2013       | 2012       |
| Net loss attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust                                    | \$(5,701 )              | \$(2,850 ) | \$(4,334 ) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income allocable to Kite Realty Group Trust <sup>1</sup> | (2,528 )                | 6,612      | (3,734 )   |
| Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust                 | \$(8,229 )              | \$3,762    | \$(8,068 ) |

<sup>1</sup> Reflects our share of the net change in the fair value of derivative instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges.

#### Note 14. Lease Information

##### Tenant Leases

The Company receives rental income from the leasing of retail and office space under operating leases. The leases generally provide for certain increases in base rent, reimbursement for certain operating expenses and may require tenants to pay contingent rentals to the extent their sales exceed a defined threshold. The weighted average remaining term of the lease agreements is approximately 5.8 years. During the periods ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the Company earned average rent of \$1.1 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.5 million, respectively.

As of December 31, 2014, future minimum rentals to be received under non-cancelable operating leases for each of the next five years and thereafter, excluding tenant reimbursements of operating expenses and percentage rent based on sales volume, are as follows:

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|            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| 2015       | \$244,346   |
| 2016       | 227,745     |
| 2017       | 206,650     |
| 2018       | 172,285     |
| 2019       | 142,950     |
| Thereafter | 805,224     |
| Total      | \$1,799,200 |

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## Lease Commitments

As of December 31, 2014, we are obligated under six ground leases for approximately 20 acres of land with five landowners, all of which require fixed annual rent payments. The expiration dates of the initial terms of these ground leases range from 2015 to 2083. These leases have five to ten year extension options ranging in total from 20 to 50 years. Ground lease expense incurred by the Company on these operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was \$0.7 million, \$0.7 million, and \$0.6 million, respectively.

We are obligated under a ground lease for one of our operating properties, Eddy Street Commons at the University of Notre Dame. The Company makes ground lease payments to the University of Notre Dame for the land beneath the initial phase of the development. This lease agreement is for a 75-year term at a fixed payment for the first two years, after which payments are based on a percentage of certain gross revenues. Contingent amounts are not readily estimable and are not reflected in the table below for fiscal years 2015 and beyond.

Future minimum lease payments due under such leases for the next five years ending December 31 and thereafter are as follows:

|            |         |
|------------|---------|
| 2015       | \$543   |
| 2016       | 511     |
| 2017       | 511     |
| 2018       | 149     |
| 2019       | 121     |
| Thereafter | 7,893   |
| Total      | \$9,728 |

## Note 15. Shareholders' Equity

## Merger with Inland Diversified

In preparation for our merger with Inland Diversified and upon approval from shareholders, we filed an amendment to our Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Declaration of Trust, as amended, with the State of Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation to increase the total number of authorized common shares of beneficial interest from 200,000,000 to 450,000,000.

On July 1, 2014, we issued approximately 50.3 million of our common shares to the existing Inland Diversified stockholders as consideration in connection with the Merger. For purposes of financial statement presentation, the shares were valued based on the closing price of our common shares immediately prior to the closing date.

## Common Equity

In November 2013, we completed an equity offering of 9.2 million common shares at an offering price of \$24.64 per share for net offering proceeds of \$217 million. We initially used the proceeds to repay borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility and subsequently redeployed the proceeds to fund a portion of the purchase price of the portfolio of nine unencumbered retail properties (see Note 10).

In April and May of 2013, we completed an equity offering of 3.9 million common shares at an offering price of \$26.20 per share for net offering proceeds of \$97 million. We initially used the proceeds to repay borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility and subsequently redeployed the proceeds to acquire Cool Springs Market, Castleton Crossing, and Toringdon Market (see Note 10).

Accrued but unpaid distributions on common shares and units were \$22.1 million and \$8.2 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. These distributions were paid in January of the following year.

## Reverse Share Split

On August 11, 2014, we completed a reverse share split of our common shares at a ratio of one new share for each four shares then outstanding. As a result of the reverse share split, the number of outstanding common shares was reduced from approximately 332.7 million shares to approximately 83.2 million shares. In addition, the reverse share split had the same impact on the number of outstanding operating partnership units.

## Preferred Equity

Accrued but unpaid distributions on the Series A preferred shares were \$0.7 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

## Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan

We maintain a Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan (the “Dividend Reinvestment Plan”) which offers investors a dividend reinvestment component to invest all or a portion of the dividends on their common shares, or cash distributions on their units in the Operating Partnership, in additional common shares. In addition, the direct share purchase component permits Dividend Reinvestment Plan participants and new investors to purchase common shares by making optional cash investments with certain restrictions.

## Note 16. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

Presented below is a summary of the consolidated quarterly financial data for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

|   | Quarter Ended<br>March 31,<br>2014 | Quarter Ended<br>June 30,<br>2014 | Quarter Ended<br>September 30,<br>2014 | Quarter Ended<br>December 31,<br>2014 |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Total revenue                                 | \$ 42,660                          | \$ 40,843                         | \$ 88,576                              | \$ 87,448                             |
| Operating income                              | 5,206                              | 4,319                             | (1,316)                                | 21,120                                |
| (Loss) income from<br>continuing operations   | (2,217)                            | (3,196)                           | (16,729)                               | 5,786                                 |
| Income (loss) from<br>discontinued operations | 3,198                              | —                                 | —                                      | —                                     |
| Gain on sale of operating<br>properties, net  | 3,490                              | —                                 | 2,749                                  | 2,243                                 |
| Consolidated net income<br>(loss)             | 4,471                              | (3,196)                           | (13,980)                               | 8,029                                 |
|   | 4,332                              | (2,976)                           | (14,284)                               | 7,227                                 |

|  |            |            |            |            |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders |            |            |            |            |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                            | 2,218      | (5,090)    | (16,398)   | 5,113      |
| Net (loss) income per common share – basic and diluted:  |            |            |            |            |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | (0.00)     | (0.16)     | (0.20)     | 0.06       |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                            | 0.08       | (0.16)     | (0.20)     | 0.06       |
| Weighted average Common Shares outstanding - basic   | 32,755,898 | 32,884,467 | 83,455,900 | 83,478,680 |
| Weighted average Common Shares outstanding - diluted   | 32,755,898 | 32,884,467 | 83,455,900 | 83,727,400 |

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|  | Quarter Ended<br>March 31,<br>2013 | Quarter Ended<br>June 30,<br>2013 | Quarter Ended<br>September 30,<br>2013 | Quarter Ended<br>December 31,<br>2013 |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Total revenue  | \$ 31,041                          | \$ 29,916                         | \$ 32,553                              | \$ 35,978                             |
| Operating income   | 8,727                              | 204                               | 5,738                                  | 7,551                                 |
| (Loss) income from continuing operations   | 2,475                              | (6,883)                           | (1,881)                                | 191                                   |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations   | (418)                              | (371)                             | 3,122                                  | 230                                   |
| Gain on sale of operating properties, net  | —                                  | —                                 | —                                      | —                                     |
| Consolidated net income (loss)   | 2,057                              | (7,254)                           | 1,241                                  | 421                                   |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | 2,032                              | (6,593)                           | 1,256                                  | (34)                                  |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                            | (82)                               | (8,707)                           | (858)                                  | (1,659)                               |
| Net loss (income) per common share – basic and diluted:  |                                    |                                   |  |                                       |
| Net loss (income) from continuing operations attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders | (0.00)                             | (0.36)                            | (0.16)                                 | (0.07)                                |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Kite Realty Group Trust common shareholders                            | (0.00)                             | (0.40)                            | (0.04)                                 | (0.06)                                |
| Weighted average Common Shares outstanding - basic   | 19,458,125                         | 22,766,704                        | 23,450,974                             | 28,368,568                            |
| Weighted average Common Shares outstanding - diluted   | 19,458,125                         | 22,766,704                        | 23,450,974                             | 28,368,568                            |

Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies

Other Commitments and Contingencies

We are not subject to any material litigation nor, to management's knowledge, is any material litigation currently threatened against us other than routine litigation, claims, and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that such routine litigation, claims, and administrative proceedings will not have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial statements.

We are obligated under various completion guarantees with certain lenders and lease agreements with tenants to complete all or portions of the development and redevelopment projects. We believe we currently have sufficient financing in place to fund these projects and expect to do so primarily through existing construction loans. In

addition, if necessary, we may make draws on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

We have guaranteed a loan in the amount of \$26.6 million on behalf of LC White Plains Retail, LLC and LC White Plains Recreation, LLC (collectively, the “LC Partners”) who own a noncontrolling interest in our City Center operating property. Along with our guarantee of the loan the LC Partners pledged their Class B units in one of our consolidated joint ventures as collateral for the loan. If payment of the loan is required and the value of the Class B units does not fully service the loan, we will be required to retire the remaining amount. On February 13, 2015, we acquired our partner’s redeemable interests in the City Center operating property for \$34.4 million that was paid in a combination of cash and Operating Partnership units. As a result of this transaction the guarantee was terminated.

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As of December 31, 2014, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$6.8 million. At that date, there were no amounts advanced against these instruments.

#### Earnout Liability

Six of our properties, which are properties acquired by Inland Diversified prior to the date of the Merger, have earnout components whereby we are required to pay the seller additional consideration based on subsequent leasing activity of vacant space. The maximum potential earnout payment was \$9.7 million at December 31, 2014. The table below presents the change in our earnout liability for the six months ended December 31, 2014.

|   | Six Months<br>Ended<br>December<br>31, 2014 |
|---|---|
| Earnout liability – beginning of period | \$ 16,593                                   |
| Decreases:                              |   |
| Payments to settle earnouts             | (6,929 )                                    |
| Earnout liability – end of period       | \$ 9,664                                    |

The expiration dates of the remaining earnouts range from January 31, 2015 through December 28, 2015.

#### Note 18. Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing/Financing Activities

The following schedule summarizes the non-cash investing and financing activities of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012:

|  | 2014       | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2013 | 2012   |
|--|------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| Assumption of mortgages upon completion of Merger including debt premium of \$33,298                   | \$ 892,909 | \$ —                               | \$ —   |
| Properties and other assets acquired upon completion of Merger   | 2,367,600  | —                                  | —      |
| Marketable securities acquired upon completion of Merger   | 18,602     | —                                  | —      |
| Assumption of debt in connection with acquisition of Rampart Commons including debt premium of \$2,221 | 14,586     | —                                  | —      |
| Accrued distribution to preferred shareholders   | 705        | 705                                | 705    |
| Extinguishment of mortgages upon transfer of Tranche I operating properties                            | 75,800     | —                                  | —      |
| Payable due to PREI in connection with consolidation of Parkside Town Commons                          | —          | —                                  | 4,925  |
| Assumption of debt in connection with consolidation of Parkside Town Commons                           | —          | —                                  | 14,440 |

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|  |   |        |       |
|--|---|--------|-------|
| Assumption of debt in connection with acquisition of 12th Street Plaza           | — | —      | 8,086 |
| Extinguishment of mortgage upon transfer of Kedron Village operating property    | — | 29,195 | —     |
| Net assets of Kedron Village transferred to lender (excluding non-recourse debt) | — | 27,953 | —     |

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Note 19. Related Parties

Subsidiaries of the Company provide certain management, construction management and other services to certain unconsolidated entities and to entities owned by certain members of the Company's management. During the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, we earned \$65,000, \$0, and \$20,000, respectively from unconsolidated entities, and \$20,000, \$40,000 and \$40,000, respectively from entities owned by certain members of management.

We reimburse an entity owned by certain members of our management for travel and related services. During the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, amounts paid by the Company to this related entity were \$0.3 million, \$0.3 million, and \$0.3 million, respectively.

Note 20. Subsequent Events

Dividend Declaration

Our Board of Trustees declared a cash distribution of \$0.26 per common share for the fourth quarter of 2014. This distribution was paid on January 13, 2015 to common shareholders and operating partnership unit holders of record as of January 6, 2015.

On February 5, 2015, the Board of Trustees declared a cash distribution of \$0.2725 for the first quarter of 2015 to common shareholders and operating partnership unit holders of record as of April 6, 2015, which represents a 4.8% increase.

On February 5, 2015, the Board of Trustees declared a quarterly preferred share cash distribution of \$0.515625 per Series A Preferred Share covering the distribution period from December 2, 2014 to March 1, 2015 payable to shareholders of record as of February 17, 2015.

City Center

On February 13, 2015, we acquired our partner's redeemable interests in the City Center operating property for \$34.4 million that was paid in a combination of cash and Operating Partnership units. We funded the majority of the cash portion with a \$30 million draw on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

Kite Realty Group Trust  
Schedule III  
Consolidated Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

| Name                        | Encumbrances | Initial Cost |                         | Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition/Development |                         | Gross Carrying Amount Close of Period |                         | Total        |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
|                             |              | Land         | Building & Improvements | Land   | Building & Improvements | Land                                  | Building & Improvements |              |
| Operating Properties        |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |              |
| 12th Street Plaza *         | \$-          | \$2,624,000  | \$13,792,742            | \$-  | \$156,305               | \$2,624,000                           | \$13,949,047            | \$16,573,047 |
| 54th & College *            | -            | 2,671,501    | -                       | -  | -                       | 2,671,501                             | -                       | 2,671,501    |
| Bayonne Crossing            | 45,000,000   | 47,809,419   | 44,297,012              | -  | -                       | 47,809,419                            | 44,297,012              | 92,106,431   |
| Bayport Commons             | 12,543,013   | 7,868,354    | 21,904,423              | -  | 1,325,220               | 7,868,354                             | 23,229,643              | 31,097,997   |
| Beacon Hill Shopping Center | 6,691,350    | 3,293,393    | 13,528,339              | -  | 500,121                 | 3,293,393                             | 14,028,460              | 17,321,853   |
| Beechwood Promenade *       | -            | 2,733,793    | 45,024,812              | -  | 463,166                 | 2,733,793                             | 45,487,978              | 48,221,771   |
| Bell Oaks Centre            | 6,547,500    | 1,230,349    | 12,746,077              | -  | -                       | 1,230,349                             | 12,746,077              | 13,976,426   |
| Bolton Plaza *              | -            | 3,733,426    | 18,994,585              | -  | -                       | 3,733,426                             | 18,994,585              | 22,728,011   |
| Boulevard Crossing          | 13,028,887   | 4,385,525    | 9,733,163               | -  | 1,860,882               | 4,385,525                             | 11,594,045              | 15,979,570   |
| Bridgewater Marketplace *   | -            | 3,406,641    | 8,694,181               | -  | 21,811                  | 3,406,641                             | 8,715,992               | 12,122,633   |
| Burlington Coat Factory *   | -            | 29,000       | 2,772,992               | -  | -                       | 29,000                                | 2,772,992               | 2,801,992    |
| Burnt Store Promenade *     | -            | 5,112,244    | 6,242,900               | -  | 34,508                  | 5,112,244                             | 6,277,408               | 11,389,652   |
| Cannery Corner              | -            | 6,266,907    | 10,558,916              | -  | -                       | 6,266,907                             | 10,558,916              | 16,825,823   |
| Castleton Crossing *        | -            | 9,750,000    | 29,399,817              | 10,951   | 70,039                  | 9,760,951                             | 29,469,856              | 39,230,807   |
| Centennial Center           | 70,455,000   | 58,960,380   | 73,083,777              | -  | 159,056                 | 58,960,380                            | 73,242,834              | 132,203,214  |

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|                                    |            |            |             |   |         |            |             |             |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---|---------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Centennial Gateway                 | 29,975,000 | 5,305,419  | 49,401,592  | - | -       | 5,305,419  | 49,401,592  | 54,707,011  |
| Centre at Panola *                 | 2,608,165  | 1,985,975  | 8,203,018   | - | 108,126 | 1,985,975  | 8,311,144   | 10,297,119  |
| Centre Point Commons               | 14,410,000 | 2,918,234  | 22,812,928  | - | -       | 2,918,234  | 22,812,928  | 25,731,162  |
| City Center                        | 90,000,000 | 20,564,529 | 161,746,271 | - | 34,878  | 20,564,529 | 161,781,149 | 182,345,678 |
| Clay Marketplace *                 | -          | 1,398,101  | 8,769,762   | - | 220     | 1,398,101  | 8,769,982   | 10,168,083  |
| Cobblestone Plaza *                | -          | 11,221,414 | 46,580,145  | - | -       | 11,221,414 | 46,580,145  | 57,801,559  |
| Colonial Square                    | 18,140,000 | 11,743,004 | 31,584,200  | - | -       | 11,743,004 | 31,584,200  | 43,327,204  |
| Cool Creek Commons                 | 16,625,704 | 6,062,351  | 14,830,282  | - | 850,965 | 6,062,351  | 15,681,247  | 21,743,598  |
| Cool Springs Market *              | -          | 12,684,400 | 23,694,836  | - | 141,569 | 12,684,400 | 23,836,405  | 36,520,805  |
| Cornelius Gateway                  | -          | 1,249,447  | 3,655,222   | - | -       | 1,249,447  | 3,655,222   | 4,904,669   |
| Cove Center *                      | -          | 2,035,770  | 19,884,204  | - | 419,658 | 2,035,770  | 20,303,862  | 22,339,632  |
| Crossing at Killingly Commons      | 33,000,000 | 21,999,344 | 35,264,186  | - | -       | 21,999,344 | 35,264,186  | 57,263,530  |
| Delray Marketplace                 | 55,320,215 | 18,750,210 | 90,523,611  | - | -       | 18,750,210 | 90,523,611  | 109,273,826 |
| DePauw University Bookstore & Café | -          | 63,765     | 663,010     | - | 44,602  | 63,765     | 707,612     | 771,377     |
| Draper Crossing *                  | -          | 9,054,258  | 28,542,019  | - | -       | 9,054,258  | 28,542,019  | 37,596,277  |
| Draper Peaks                       | 23,905,106 | 11,998,150 | 48,933,199  | - | -       | 11,998,150 | 48,933,199  | 60,931,349  |
| Eastern Beltway                    | 34,100,000 | 23,221,314 | 49,659,575  | - | -       | 23,221,314 | 49,659,575  | 72,880,889  |
| Eastgate                           | 14,410,000 | 4,073,392  | 21,362,521  | - | -       | 4,073,392  | 21,362,521  | 25,435,913  |
| Eastgate Pavilion *                | -          | 8,122,283  | 19,806,778  | - | 656,751 | 8,122,283  | 20,463,529  | 28,585,812  |
| Eddy Street Commons                | 24,339,621 | 1,900,000  | 38,029,845  | - | 216,883 | 1,900,000  | 38,246,728  | 40,146,728  |
| Estero Town Commons *              | -          | 8,973,290  | 9,968,125   | - | 11,242  | 8,973,290  | 9,979,367   | 18,952,657  |
| Fishers Station                    | 7,456,520  | 3,735,807  | 11,822,475  | - | 488,515 | 3,735,807  | 12,310,990  | 16,046,797  |

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| Name                                   | Encumbrances | Initial Cost |                         | Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition/Development |                         | Gross Carrying Amount Close of Period |                         | Total      | Accumulated Depreciation |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
|  |              | Land         | Building & Improvements | Land   | Building & Improvements | Land                                  | Building & Improvements |            |                          |
| Operating Properties (continued)       |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |            |                          |
| Four Corner Square *                   | -            | 8,599,045    | 34,161,996              | -  | -                       | 8,599,045                             | 34,161,996              | 42,761,041 | 5,090,000                |
| Fox Lake Crossing *                    | -            | 5,684,724    | 9,324,308               | -  | 239,828                 | 5,684,724                             | 9,564,136               | 15,248,860 | 2,890,000                |
| Geist Pavilion                         | 10,714,445   | 1,367,816    | 9,754,130               | -  | 1,662,796               | 1,367,816                             | 11,416,926              | 12,784,742 | 3,660,000                |
| Glendale Town Center *                 | -            | 1,494,469    | 45,314,295              | -  | 840,517                 | 1,494,469                             | 46,154,812              | 47,649,281 | 22,900,000               |
| Greyhound Commons *                    | -            | 2,629,064    | 794,093                 | -  | 886,962                 | 2,629,064                             | 1,681,055               | 4,310,119  | 449,000                  |
| Hamilton Crossing - Phase II & III *   | -            | 2,858,650    | 23,709,379              | -  | -                       | 2,858,650                             | 23,709,379              | 26,568,029 | 518,000                  |
| Hitchcock Plaza *                      | -            | 4,259,641    | 22,181,088              | -  | -                       | 4,259,641                             | 22,181,088              | 26,440,729 | 426,000                  |
| Holly Springs Towne Center - Phase I * | -            | 12,318,891   | 46,896,716              | -  | -                       | 12,318,891                            | 46,896,716              | 59,215,607 | 2,450,000                |
| Hunters Creek Promenade *              | -            | 8,335,007    | 12,880,296              | -  | 327,379                 | 8,335,007                             | 13,207,675              | 21,542,682 | 614,000                  |
| Indian River Square                    | 12,231,757   | 5,180,000    | 9,702,002               | -  | 610,173                 | 5,180,000                             | 10,312,175              | 15,492,175 | 5,100,000                |
| International Speedway Square *        | 20,006,070   | 7,769,277    | 19,493,924              | -  | 9,043,526               | 7,769,277                             | 28,537,450              | 36,306,727 | 12,600,000               |
| King's Lake Square *                   | -            | 4,519,000    | 16,073,425              | -  | -                       | 4,519,000                             | 16,073,425              | 20,592,425 | 5,650,000                |
| Kingwood Commons *                     | -            | 5,715,450    | 31,035,180              | -  | -                       | 5,715,450                             | 31,035,180              | 36,750,630 | 1,840,000                |
| Lake City Commons                      | 5,200,000    | 4,692,804    | 12,491,009              | -  | -                       | 4,692,804                             | 12,491,009              | 17,183,813 | 309,000                  |

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|                             |            |            |            |        |           |            |            |             |      |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|------|
| Lake Mary Plaza             | 5,080,000  | 1,412,864  | 8,727,313  | -      | -         | 1,412,864  | 8,727,313  | 10,140,177  | 168  |
| Lakewood Promenade *        | -          | 1,783,240  | 25,804,668 | -      | 192,099   | 1,783,240  | 25,996,767 | 27,780,007  | 1,82 |
| Landstown Commons           | 50,140,000 | 19,329,133 | 92,201,197 | -      | -         | 19,329,133 | 92,201,197 | 111,530,330 | 2,35 |
| Lima Marketplace            | 8,383,000  | 4,702,753  | 15,737,999 | -      | -         | 4,702,753  | 15,737,999 | 20,440,752  | 402  |
| Lithia Crossing *           | -          | 3,064,698  | 10,074,676 | -      | 4,860,083 | 3,064,698  | 14,934,759 | 17,999,457  | 2,19 |
| Lowe's Plaza                | -          | 2,124,802  | 6,120,067  | -      | -         | 2,124,802  | 6,120,067  | 8,244,869   | 180  |
| Market Street Village *     | -          | 9,764,381  | 18,745,417 | -      | 2,031,839 | 9,764,381  | 20,777,256 | 30,541,637  | 6,93 |
| Memorial Commons *          | -          | 1,567,816  | 14,656,445 | -      | -         | 1,567,816  | 14,656,445 | 16,224,261  | 281  |
| Merrimack Village Center    | 5,445,000  | 1,921,079  | 12,798,403 | -      | -         | 1,921,079  | 12,798,403 | 14,719,482  | 324  |
| Miramar Square              | 31,625,000 | 26,391,652 | 31,070,986 | -      | -         | 26,391,652 | 31,070,986 | 57,462,638  | 771  |
| Mullins Crossing            | 20,917,206 | 10,582,161 | 42,410,267 | -      | -         | 10,582,161 | 42,410,267 | 52,992,428  | 1,46 |
| Naperville Marketplace      | 9,163,148  | 5,364,101  | 12,187,580 | -      | -         | 5,364,101  | 12,187,580 | 17,551,681  | 2,71 |
| Northcrest Shopping Center  | 15,780,000 | 4,043,847  | 34,060,143 | -      | -         | 4,043,847  | 34,060,143 | 38,103,990  | 667  |
| Northdale Promenade *       | -          | 1,718,254  | 23,155,139 | -      | 133,548   | 1,718,254  | 23,288,687 | 25,006,941  | 1,90 |
| Oleander Place *            | -          | 862,500    | 6,159,176  | -      | -         | 862,500    | 6,159,176  | 7,021,676   | 854  |
| Palm Coast Landing          | 22,550,000 | 4,962,496  | 38,025,203 | -      | -         | 4,962,496  | 38,025,203 | 42,987,699  | 822  |
| Perimeter Woods             | 33,330,000 | 35,793,431 | 27,292,148 | -      | -         | 35,793,431 | 27,292,148 | 63,085,579  | 560  |
| Pine Ridge Crossing         | 16,872,920 | 5,639,675  | 17,209,720 | -      | 962,058   | 5,639,675  | 18,171,778 | 23,811,453  | 4,32 |
| Plaza at Cedar Hill *       | -          | 5,782,304  | 37,855,288 | -      | 9,031,285 | 5,782,304  | 46,886,573 | 52,668,877  | 14,1 |
| Plaza Volente               | 26,376,449 | 4,600,000  | 29,284,060 | -      | 746,278   | 4,600,000  | 30,030,338 | 34,630,338  | 8,85 |
| Pleasant Hill Commons       | 6,800,000  | 3,349,517  | 10,132,158 | -      | -         | 3,349,517  | 10,132,158 | 13,481,675  | 264  |
| Portofino Shopping Center * | -          | 4,754,341  | 75,856,723 | -      | 85,388    | 4,754,341  | 75,942,111 | 80,696,452  | 4,66 |
| Publix at Acworth           | 6,776,903  | 1,356,601  | 8,240,778  | 38,778 | 1,080,514 | 1,395,379  | 9,321,292  | 10,716,671  | 2,77 |



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| Name                             | Encumbrances | Initial Cost |                         | Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition/Development |                         | Gross Carrying Amount Close of Period |                         |            |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
|                                  |              | Land         | Building & Improvements | Land   | Building & Improvements | Land                                  | Building & Improvements |            |
| Operating Properties (continued) |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |            |
| Publix at St. Cloud *            | -            | 2,734,813    | 11,826,104              | -  | -                       | 2,734,813                             | 11,826,104              | 14,560,917 |
| Publix at Woodruff *             | -            | 1,783,100    | 7,344,028               | -  | 151,724                 | 1,783,100                             | 7,495,752               | 9,278,852  |
| Rampart Commons                  | 12,323,789   | 1,136,133    | 31,574,624              | -  | -                       | 1,136,133                             | 31,574,624              | 32,710,413 |
| Rangeline Crossing *             | -            | 2,042,885    | 18,542,550              | -  | -                       | 2,042,885                             | 18,542,550              | 20,585,435 |
| Riverchase                       | 10,123,752   | 3,888,945    | 11,821,085              | -  | 1,197,296               | 3,888,945                             | 13,018,381              | 16,909,663 |
| Rivers Edge *                    | -            | 5,646,522    | 31,572,937              | -  | -                       | 5,646,522                             | 31,572,937              | 37,219,464 |
| Saxon Crossing                   | 11,400,000   | 3,764,455    | 16,832,833              | -  | -                       | 3,764,455                             | 16,832,833              | 20,597,288 |
| Shoppes at Plaza Green *         | -            | 3,748,801    | 24,934,758              | -  | 105,126                 | 3,748,801                             | 25,039,884              | 28,789,683 |
| Shoppes of Eastwood *            | -            | 1,687,734    | 10,797,276              | -  | 2,850                   | 1,687,734                             | 10,800,126              | 12,487,860 |
| Shops at Eagle Creek             | -            | 2,802,426    | 8,016,208               | 200,087  | 4,696,325               | 3,002,513                             | 12,712,533              | 15,714,726 |
| Shops at Julington Creek         | 4,785,000    | 2,371,633    | 8,022,651               | -  | -                       | 2,371,633                             | 8,022,651               | 10,399,284 |
| Shops at Moore                   | 21,300,000   | 8,030,227    | 33,547,186              | -  | -                       | 8,030,227                             | 33,547,186              | 41,577,413 |
| Silver Springs Pointe            | 8,800,000    | 9,685,265    | 7,768,253               | -  | -                       | 9,685,265                             | 7,768,253               | 17,453,518 |
| South Elgin Commons *            | -            | 3,916,059    | 22,139,837              | -  | -                       | 3,916,059                             | 22,139,837              | 26,055,896 |
| Stoney Creek Commons *           | -            | 627,964      | 4,599,186               | -  | 5,789,740               | 627,964                               | 10,388,926              | 11,017,070 |
| Sunland Towne Centre *           | 23,959,377   | 14,773,536   | 22,973,090              | -  | 4,877,672               | 14,773,536                            | 27,850,762              | 42,623,745 |
| Tarpon Bay Plaza *               | -            | 4,273,217    | 24,483,027              | -  | 162,780                 | 4,273,217                             | 24,645,807              | 28,919,024 |

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|                                   |                      |                    |                      |                |                   |                    |                      |                      |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Temple Terrace *                  | -                    | 2,245,346          | 9,323,151            | -              | -                 | 2,245,346          | 9,323,151            | 11,568,500           |
| The Corner                        | 14,750,000           | 3,772,219          | 24,641,588           | -              | -                 | 3,772,219          | 24,641,588           | 28,412,800           |
| The Corner *                      | -                    | 303,916            | 3,926,794            | -              | 1,485,456         | 303,916            | 5,412,250            | 5,716,166            |
| The Landing at Tradition *        | -                    | 18,504,693         | 46,412,092           | -              | -                 | 18,504,693         | 46,412,092           | 64,916,785           |
| The Shops at Otty *               | -                    | 26,000             | 2,064,100            | -              | 200,092           | 26,000             | 2,264,192            | 2,290,192            |
| Toringdon Market *                | -                    | 5,448,400          | 9,749,864            | -              | 16,220            | 5,448,400          | 9,766,084            | 15,214,508           |
| Traders Point                     | 43,560,181           | 9,443,449          | 37,312,837           | -              | 532,207           | 9,443,449          | 37,845,044           | 47,280,671           |
| Traders Point II *                | -                    | 2,375,797          | 7,202,988            | -              | 864,244           | 2,375,797          | 8,067,232            | 10,442,029           |
| Tradition Village Center *        | -                    | 3,140,267          | 14,905,280           | -              | -                 | 3,140,267          | 14,905,280           | 18,045,547           |
| Trussville Promenade *            | -                    | 9,122,992          | 45,569,568           | -              | 144,161           | 9,122,992          | 45,713,729           | 54,887,721           |
| University Town Center            | 29,190,000           | 12,027,230         | 56,933,231           | -              | -                 | 12,027,230         | 56,933,231           | 68,950,461           |
| Village at Bay Park               | 9,183,298            | 8,247,510          | 11,053,037           | -              | -                 | 8,247,510          | 11,053,037           | 19,300,845           |
| Village Walk                      | 6,860,000            | 2,554,140          | 12,435,511           | -              | -                 | 2,554,140          | 12,435,511           | 14,989,651           |
| Waterford Lakes Village *         | -                    | 2,316,674          | 7,435,244            | -              | 166,471           | 2,316,674          | 7,601,715            | 9,918,429            |
| Waxahachie Crossing               | 7,750,000            | 1,411,007          | 16,344,635           | -              | -                 | 1,411,007          | 16,344,635           | 17,765,642           |
| Westside Market *                 | -                    | 4,194,013          | 17,722,628           | -              | -                 | 4,194,013          | 17,722,628           | 21,916,641           |
| Wheatland Towne Crossing *        | -                    | 6,621,661          | 31,414,297           | -              | -                 | 6,621,661          | 31,414,297           | 38,035,958           |
| Whitehall Pike                    | 6,256,979            | 3,688,857          | 6,109,115            | -              | 120,742           | 3,688,857          | 6,229,857            | 9,915,793            |
| <b>Total Operating Properties</b> | <b>1,036,190,352</b> | <b>753,588,759</b> | <b>2,605,480,528</b> | <b>249,816</b> | <b>60,811,897</b> | <b>753,838,575</b> | <b>2,666,292,425</b> | <b>3,420,021,925</b> |

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| Name   | Encumbrances | Initial Cost |                         | Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition/Development |                         | Gross Carrying Amount Close of Period |                         | Total       | Accu Dep |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------|
|  |              | Land         | Building & Improvements | Land   | Building & Improvements | Land                                  | Building & Improvements |             |          |
| Office Properties                              |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |             |          |
| Thirty South                                   | 18,510,000   | 1,643,415    | 9,847,631               | -  | 18,068,069              | 1,643,415                             | 27,915,700              | 29,559,115  | 10,      |
| Union Station                                  |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |             |          |
| Parking Garage *                               | -            | 903,627      | 2,649,798               | -  | 611,974                 | 903,627                               | 3,261,772               | 4,165,399   | 1,3      |
| Total Office Properties                        | 18,510,000   | 2,547,042    | 12,497,429              | -  | 18,680,043              | 2,547,042                             | 31,177,472              | 33,724,514  | 11,      |
| Development and Redevelopment Properties       |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |             |          |
| Courthouse Shadows *                           | -            | 4,998,974    | 14,543,800              | -  | 1,020,151               | 4,998,974                             | 15,563,951              | 20,562,925  | 3,6      |
| Gainesville Plaza *                            | -            | 5,437,373    | 18,236,531              | -  | 5,778                   | 5,437,373                             | 18,242,309              | 23,679,682  | 2,8      |
| Hamilton Crossing                              | 12,456,141   | 5,672,477    | 9,381,772               | -  | 839,563                 | 5,672,477                             | 10,221,335              | 15,893,812  | 3,2      |
| Holly Springs - Phase II *                     | -            | 10,567,043   | 7,315,162               | -  | -                       | 10,567,043                            | 7,315,162               | 17,882,205  | -        |
| Parkside Town Commons - Phase I                | 17,962,145   | 2,567,764    | 39,719,903              | -  | -                       | 2,567,764                             | 39,719,903              | 42,287,667  | 487      |
| Parkside Town Commons - Phase II               | 46,064,943   | 6,957,266    | 58,091,357              | -  | -                       | 6,957,266                             | 58,091,357              | 65,048,623  | 205      |
| Tamiami Crossing *                             | -            | 16,014,064   | 4,350,065               | -  | -                       | 16,014,064                            | 4,350,065               | 20,364,129  | -        |
| Total Development and Redevelopment Properties | 76,483,229   | 52,214,961   | 151,638,590             | -  | 1,865,492               | 52,214,961                            | 153,504,082             | 205,719,043 | 10,      |
| Other **                                       |              |              |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |             |          |
| Beacon Hill Shopping                           | -            | 3,657,515    | -                       | -  | -                       | 3,657,515                             | -                       | 3,657,515   | -        |

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|                                   |   |            |            |   |            |            |            |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------|------------|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Center                            |   |            |            |   |            |            |            |
| Bridgewater Marketplace           | - | 1,971,211  | -          | - | 1,971,211  | -          | 1,971,211  |
| Deerwood Lake *                   | - | -          | 15,656,487 | - | -          | 15,656,487 | 15,656,487 |
| Eagle Creek IV *                  | - | 2,105,444  | -          | - | 2,105,444  | -          | 2,105,444  |
| Eddy Street Commons *             | - | 2,403,713  | -          | - | 2,403,713  | -          | 2,403,713  |
| Fox Lake Crossing II              | - | 3,458,414  | -          | - | 3,458,414  | -          | 3,458,414  |
| KRG Development                   | - | -          | 609,207    | - | -          | 609,207    | 609,207    |
| KRG New Hill *                    | - | 5,593,657  | -          | - | 5,593,657  | -          | 5,593,657  |
| KR Peakway                        | - | 6,032,552  | -          | - | 6,032,552  | -          | 6,032,552  |
| KRG Peakway                       | - | 16,321,834 | -          | - | 16,321,834 | -          | 16,321,834 |
| Pan Am Plaza                      | - | 8,901,806  | -          | - | 8,901,806  | -          | 8,901,806  |
| Parkside Town Commons - Phase III | - | 46,920     | -          | - | 46,920     | -          | 46,920     |
| Total Other                       | - | 50,493,066 | 16,265,694 | - | 50,493,066 | 16,265,694 | 66,758,760 |

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| Name                                  | Encumbrances           | Initial Cost         |                         | Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition/Development |                         | Gross Carrying Amount Close of Period |                         |            |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
|                                       |                        | Land                 | Building & Improvements | Land   | Building & Improvements | Land                                  | Building & Improvements |            |
| Held for Sale Properties              |                        |                      |                         |  |                         |                                       |                         |            |
| Eastside Junction                     | 6,270,000              | 2,042,196            | 11,943,001              | -  | -                       | 2,042,196                             | 11,943,001              | 1          |
| Fairgrounds Crossing                  | 13,453,000             | 6,450,613            | 23,770,721              | -  | -                       | 6,450,613                             | 23,770,721              | 3          |
| Hawk Ridge *                          | -                      | 1,212,022            | 11,634,576              | -  | -                       | 1,212,022                             | 11,634,576              | 1          |
| Prattville Town Center                | 15,930,000             | 4,068,900            | 29,000,302              | -  | -                       | 4,068,900                             | 29,000,302              | 3          |
| Regal Court                           | 23,900,000             | 21,103,656           | 29,331,584              | -  | -                       | 21,103,656                            | 29,331,584              | 5          |
| Walgreens Plaza                       | 4,650,000              | 1,517,283            | 13,516,751              | -  | -                       | 1,517,283                             | 13,516,751              | 1          |
| Whispering Ridge                      | 5,000,000              | 2,827,498            | 12,378,794              | -  | -                       | 2,827,498                             | 12,378,794              | 1          |
| <b>Total Held for Sale Properties</b> | <b>69,203,000</b>      | <b>39,222,168</b>    | <b>131,575,729</b>      | <b>-</b>   | <b>-</b>                | <b>39,222,168</b>                     | <b>131,575,729</b>      | <b>1</b>   |
| Line of credit/Term Loan *            | 390,000,000            | -                    | -                       | -  | -                       | -                                     | -                       | -          |
| <b>Grand Total</b>                    | <b>\$1,590,386,581</b> | <b>\$898,065,997</b> | <b>\$2,917,457,970</b>  | <b>\$249,816</b>                                       | <b>\$81,357,432</b>     | <b>\$898,315,812</b>                  | <b>\$2,998,815,402</b>  | <b>\$3</b> |

\* This property or a portion of the property is included as an Unencumbered Pool Property used in calculating the Company's line of credit borrowing base.

\*\* This category generally includes land held for development. We also have certain additional land parcels at our development and operating properties, which amounts are included elsewhere in this table.



Kite Realty Group Trust  
Notes to Schedule III  
Consolidated Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation  
(in thousands)

Note 1. Reconciliation of Investment Properties

The changes in investment properties of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 are as follows:

|                             | 2014        | 2013        | 2012        |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Balance, beginning of year  | \$1,872,088 | \$1,390,213 | \$1,268,254 |
| Merger and Acquisitions     | 2,128,278   | 419,080     | 76,531      |
| Consolidation of subsidiary | —           | —           | 33,701      |
| Improvements                | 103,688     | 111,968     | 106,307     |
| Disposals                   | (206,923 )  | (49,173 )   | (94,580 )   |
| Balance, end of year        | \$3,897,131 | \$1,872,088 | \$1,390,213 |

The unaudited aggregate cost of investment properties for federal tax purposes as of December 31, 2014 was \$2.9 billion.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Accumulated Depreciation

The changes in accumulated depreciation of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 are as follows:

|                            | 2014      | 2013      | 2012      |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$229,286 | \$190,972 | \$174,167 |
| Depreciation expense       | 103,155   | 49,392    | 37,429    |
| Disposals                  | (18,917 ) | (11,078 ) | (20,624 ) |
| Balance, end of year       | \$313,524 | \$229,286 | \$190,972 |

Depreciation of investment properties reflected in the statements of operations is calculated over the estimated original lives of the assets as follows:

|                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Buildings                | 20-35<br>years |
| Building<br>improvements | 10-35<br>years |

| Tenant improvements    | Term of related lease |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Furniture and Fixtures | 5-10 years            |

All other schedules have been omitted because they are inapplicable, not required or the information is included elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

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EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit No. | Description   | Location   |
|-------------|---|--|
| 2.1         | Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Kite Realty Group Trust, KRG Magellan, LLC and Inland Diversified Real Estate Trust, Inc., dated February 9, 2014                     | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on February 11, 2014                                    |
| 3.1         | Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Declaration of Trust of the Company, as supplemented and amended   | Filed herewith   |
| 3.2         | Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, as amended   | Filed herewith   |
| 4.1         | Form of Common Share Certificate  | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Kite Realty Group Trust's registration statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-114224) declared effective by the SEC on August 10, 2004 |
| 4.2         | Form of share certificate evidencing the 8.250% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Shares, liquidation preference \$25.00 per share, per value \$0.01 per share | Incorporate by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Kite Realty Group Trust's registration statement on Form 8-A filed on December 7, 2010  |
| 10.1        | Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Kite Realty Group, L.P., dated as of August 16, 2004   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004                                     |
| 10.2        | Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Kite Realty Group, L.P., dated as of December 7, 2010   | Incorporate by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on December 13, 2010                                    |
| 10.3        |   |  |

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|      |   |   |
|------|---|---|
|      | Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Kite Realty Group, L.P.               | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on March 12, 2012     |
| 10.4 | Amendment No. 3 to Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Kite Realty Group, L.P.               | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on July 29, 2014      |
| 10.5 | Executive Employment Agreement, dated as of July 28, 2014, by and between the Company and John A. Kite*           | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on July 29, 2014      |
| 10.6 | Executive Employment Agreement, dated as of July 28, 2014, by and between the Company and Thomas K. McGowan*      | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on July 29, 2014      |
| 10.7 | Executive Employment Agreement, dated as of July 28, 2014, by and between the Company and Daniel R. Sink*         | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on July 29, 2014      |
| 10.8 | Executive Employment Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2014, by and between the Company and Scott E. Murray*       | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Kite Realty Group Trust for the period ended September 30, 2014. |
| 10.9 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Alvin E. Kite* | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004   |

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|       |   |   |
|-------|---|---|
| 10.10 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and John A. Kite*        | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.11 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Thomas K. McGowan*   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.12 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Daniel R. Sink*      | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.13 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2015, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P., and Scott E. Murray * | Filed herewith  |
| 10.14 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and William E. Bindley*  | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.15 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Michael L. Smith*    | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.16 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Eugene Golub*        | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.17 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Richard A. Cosier*   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004 |
| 10.18 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and  | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to the Current   |

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|       |  |   |
|-------|--|---|
|       | between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Gerald L. Moss*  | Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004   |
| 10.19 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of November 3, 2008, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Darell E. Zink, Jr.* | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Kite Realty Group Trust for the period ended September 30, 2008 |
| 10.20 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of March 8, 2013, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Victor J. Coleman *     | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Kite Realty Group Trust for the period ended December 31, 2013    |
| 10.21 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of March 7, 2014, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Christie B. Kelly *     | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Kite Realty Group Trust for the year ended December 31, 2014      |
| 10.22 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of March 7, 2014, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and David R. O'Reilly *     | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Kite Realty Group Trust for the year ended December 31, 2014      |
| 10.23 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of March 7, 2014, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P. and Barton R. Peterson *    | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Kite Realty Group Trust for the year ended December 31, 2014      |

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|       |  |   |
|-------|--|---|
| 10.24 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2015, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P., and Lee A. Daniels *   | Filed herewith  |
| 10.25 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2015, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P., and Gerald W. Grupe *  | Filed herewith  |
| 10.26 | Indemnification Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2015, by and between Kite Realty Group, L.P., and Charles H. Wurtzebach *  | Filed herewith  |
| 10.27 | Kite Realty Group Trust Equity Incentive Plan, as amended*   | Incorporated by reference to the Kite Realty Group Trust definitive Proxy Statement, filed with the SEC on April 10, 2009                         |
| 10.28 | Kite Realty Group Trust Executive Bonus Plan*  | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004     |
| 10.29 | Kite Realty Group Trust 2008 Employee Share Purchase Plan*   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on May 12, 2008         |
| 10.30 | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 16, 2004, by and among the Company, Alvin E. Kite, Jr., John A. Kite, Paul W. Kite, Thomas K. McGowan, Daniel R. Sink, George F. McMannis, Mark Jenkins, C. Kenneth Kite, David Grieve and KMI Holdings, LLC | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004     |
| 10.31 | Amendment No. 1 to Registration Rights Agreement, dated August 29, 2005, by and among the Company and the other parties listed on the signature page thereto   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Kite Realty Group Trust for the period ended September 30, 2005 |

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|       |   |  |
|-------|---|--|
| 10.32 | Tax Protection Agreement, dated August 16, 2004, by and among the Company, Kite Realty Group, L.P., Alvin E. Kite, Jr., John A. Kite, Paul W. Kite, Thomas K. McGowan and C. Kenneth Kite | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 20, 2004      |
| 10.33 | Form of 2014 Outperformance LTIP Unit Award Agreement   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on July 29, 2014         |
| 10.34 | Form of Nonqualified Share Option Agreement under 2013 Equity Incentive Plan*   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on May 14, 2013          |
| 10.35 | Form of Restricted Share Agreement under 2013 Equity Incentive Plan*  | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on May 14, 2013          |
| 10.36 | Schedule of Non-Employee Trustee Fees and Other Compensation*   | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Kite Realty Group Trust for the period ended September 30, 2014 |

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| 10.37 | Kite Realty Group Trust Trustee<br>Deferred Compensation Plan*  | Incorporated by reference to<br>Exhibit 10.1 to the Quarterly<br>Report on Form 10-Q of Kite<br>Realty Group Trust for the period<br>ended June 30, 2006 |
| 10.38 | Fourth Amended and Restated<br>Credit Agreement, dated as of July<br>1, 2014, by and among the<br>Operating Partnership, KeyBank<br>National Association, as<br>Administrative Agent, Bank of<br>America, N.A., as Syndication<br>Agent with respect to the<br>Revolving Facility, Wells Fargo<br>Bank, National Association, as<br>Syndication Agent with respect to<br>the Term Loan, Wells Fargo Bank,<br>National Association and U.S.<br>Bank National Association, as<br>Co-Documentation Agents with<br>respect to the Revolving Facility,<br>JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank<br>of America, N.A. and U.S. Bank<br>National Association, as<br>Co-Documentation Agents with<br>respect to the Term Loan,<br>KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. and<br>Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner &<br>Smith Incorporated, as Co-Lead<br>Arrangers with respect to the<br>Revolving Facility, KeyBanc<br>Capital Markets Inc. and Wells<br>Fargo Securities, LLC, as Co-Lead<br>Arrangers with respect to the Term<br>Loan, and the other lenders party<br>thereto | Incorporated by reference to<br>Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report<br>on Form 8-K of Kite Realty<br>Group Trust filed with the SEC<br>on July 8, 2014    |
| 10.39 | Third Amended and Restated<br>Guaranty, dated as of July 1, 2014,<br>by KRG Magellan, LLC and<br>certain subsidiaries of the<br>Operating Partnership party thereto   | Incorporated by reference to<br>Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report<br>on Form 8-K of Kite Realty<br>Group Trust filed with the SEC<br>on July 8, 2014    |
| 10.40 | Springing Guaranty, dated as of<br>July 1, 2014, by the Company   | Incorporated by reference to<br>Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report<br>on Form 8-K of Kite Realty<br>Group Trust filed with the SEC                       |

on July 8, 2014

- 10.41 Term Loan Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2012, by and among the Operating Partnership, the Company, KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Syndication Agent, the Huntington National Bank, as Documentation Agent, Keybank Capital Markets and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Joint Bookrunners and Joint Lead Arrangers, and the other lenders party thereto. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on May 4, 2012
- 10.42 First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of February 26, 2013, by and among the Operating Partnership, the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership party thereto, KeyBank National Association, as a lender and as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders party thereto. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on March 4, 2013
- 10.43 Second Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2013, by and among the Operating Partnership, the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership party thereto, KeyBank National Association, as a lender and as Administrative Agent, and the other lenders party thereto. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on August 27, 2013
- 10.44 Guaranty, dated as of April 30, 2012, by the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership party thereto. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on May 4, 2012

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| 10.45   | Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated September 16, 2014, by and among Inland Real Estate Income Trust, Inc. and the subsidiaries of Kite Realty Group Trust party thereto        | Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Kite Realty Group Trust filed with the SEC on September 22, 2014 |
| 12.1    | Statement of Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends  | Filed herewith  |
| 21.1    | List of Subsidiaries   | Filed herewith  |
| 23.1    | Consent of Ernst & Young LLP   | Filed herewith  |
| 31.1    | Certification of principal executive officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | Filed herewith  |
| 31.2    | Certification of principal financial officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | Filed herewith  |
| 32.1    | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  | Filed herewith  |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document   | Filed herewith  |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document  | Filed herewith  |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document  | Filed herewith  |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document  | Filed herewith  |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document   | Filed herewith  |

XBRL Taxonomy Extension  
101.DEF Definition Linkbase Document Filed herewith

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\* Denotes a management contract or compensatory, plan contract or arrangement.

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