

METWOOD INC
Form 10-Q
November 14, 2011

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE

ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-05391

METWOOD, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

NEVADA

83-0210365

(State or other jurisdiction

(IRS Employer
of incorporation)

Identification No.)

819 Naff Road, Boones Mill, VA 24065

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(540) 334-4294

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes No

As of October 31, 2011, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value (the only class of voting stock), was 12,231,797 shares.

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| | (UNAUDITED) | (AUDITED) |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | June 30, |
| | 2011 | 2011 |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 191,285 | \$ 180,448 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 238,965 | 240,581 |
| Inventory | 938,350 | 855,864 |
| Recoverable income taxes | - | 42,606 |
| Other current assets | 24,943 | 47,872 |
| Total current assets | 1,393,543 | 1,367,371 |
| Property and Equipment | | |
| Leasehold and land improvements | 327,644 | 327,449 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 98,458 | 98,458 |
| Computer hardware, software and peripherals | 170,841 | 159,261 |
| Machinery and shop equipment | 457,688 | 457,688 |
| Vehicles | 394,183 | 420,533 |
| | 1,448,814 | 1,463,389 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (957,193) | (935,093) |
| Net property and equipment | 491,621 | 528,296 |
| Other Assets | | |
| Deferred tax asset | 53,567 | 157,792 |
| Less valuation reserve | (5,923) | (120,732) |
| | 47,644 | 37,060 |
| Goodwill | 253,088 | 253,088 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 2,185,896 | \$ 2,185,815 |

LIABILITIES AND
STOCKHOLDERS'

EQUITY

| | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 159,744 | \$ 78,401 |
| Note payable | \$ - | \$ 5,359 |
| Accrued expenses | 10,711 | 33,500 |
| Total current liabilities | 170,455 | 117,260 |
| Long-term Liabilities | | |
| Note payable | - | 24,529 |
| Due to related company | 128,121 | 136,942 |
| Total long-term liabilities | 128,121 | 161,471 |
| Total liabilities | 298,576 | 278,731 |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Common stock, \$.001 par, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 12,131,797 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2011 | 12,232 | 12,232 |
| Common stock not yet issued (\$.001 par, 8,150 shares) | 8 | 8 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 1,544,268 | 1,544,268 |
| Retained earnings | 330,812 | 350,576 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,887,320 | 1,907,084 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 2,185,896 | \$ 2,185,815 |

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METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended
September 30,

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Construction sales | \$505,333 | \$680,791 |
| Engineering sales | 2,356 | 57,629 |
| Gross sales | 507,689 | 738,420 |
| Cost of construction sales | 289,441 | 447,796 |
| Cost of engineering sales | 15,077 | 39,011 |
| Gross cost of sales | 304,518 | 486,807 |
| Gross profit | 203,171 | 251,613 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | | |
| Advertising | 12,527 | 14,717 |
| Depreciation | 9,832 | 10,973 |
| Insurance | 5,772 | 4,475 |
| Payroll expenses | 124,625 | 151,627 |
| Professional fees | 25,095 | 24,773 |
| Rent | 19,800 | 19,800 |
| Travel | 2,548 | 5,225 |
| Vehicle | 11,602 | 10,132 |
| Other | 27,211 | 49,769 |
| Total administrative expenses | 239,012 | 291,491 |
| Operating loss | (35,841) | (39,878) |
| Other income | 5,493 | 3,439 |
| Loss before income tax benefit | (30,348) | (36,439) |
| Income tax benefit | (10,584) | (19,871) |
| Net loss from operations | \$(19,764) | \$(16,568) |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | ** | ** |
| Weighted average number of shares | 12,231,797 | 12,231,797 |

**Less than \$0.01

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METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended
September 30,

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|------------|------------|
| OPERATIONS | | |
| Net loss | \$(19,764) | \$(16,568) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 22,100 | 17,345 |
| Reversal of deferred income taxes | (10,584) | (3,064) |
| (Increase) decrease in operating assets: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 26,855 | 63,408 |
| Inventory | (82,485) | (64,074) |
| Recoverable income taxes | 42,606 | (16,807) |
| Other operating assets | (2,310) | (18,753) |
| Increase in operating liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 58,553 | 20,974 |
| Net cash provided from (used for) operating activities | 34,971 | (17,539) |
| INVESTING | | |
| Property, plant and equipment: | | |
| Purchases | (19,236) | (2,557) |
| Disposals | 33,811 | 9,100 |
| Net cash provided from investing activities | 14,575 | 6,543 |
| FINANCING | | |
| Decrease in borrowings | (29,888) | — |
| Decrease in borrowings from related party | (8,821) | (8,998) |
| Net cash used for financing activities | (38,709) | (8,998) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | 10,837 | (19,994) |
| Cash, beginning of the year | 180,448 | 403,512 |
| Cash, end of the period | \$191,285 | \$383,518 |

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METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Metwood, Inc. ("Metwood") was organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia on April 7, 1993. On June 30, 2000, Metwood entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization in which the majority of its outstanding common stock was acquired by a publicly held Nevada shell corporation. The acquisition was a tax-free exchange for federal and state income tax purposes and was accounted for as a reverse merger in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 16. Upon acquisition, the name of the shell corporation was changed to Metwood, Inc., and Metwood, Inc., the Virginia corporation, became a wholly owned subsidiary of Metwood, Inc., the Nevada corporation. The publicly traded shell corporation had not had a material operating history for several years prior to the merger.

Effective January 1, 2002, Metwood acquired certain assets of Providence Engineering, PC ("Providence"), a professional engineering firm with customers in the same proximity as Metwood. The total purchase price of \$350,000 was paid with \$60,000 in cash and with 290,000 shares of the Company's common stock to the two Providence shareholders. These shares were valued at the closing active quoted market price of the stock at the effective date of the purchase, which was \$1.00 per share. One of the shareholders of Providence was also an officer and existing shareholder of Metwood prior to the acquisition. The transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition were identified, paid and added to goodwill.

The consolidated company ("the Company") provides construction-related products and engineering services to residential customers and contractors, commercial contractors, developers and retail enterprises, primarily in southwestern Virginia.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

Basis of Presentation - The financial statements include the accounts of Metwood, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Providence Engineering, PC, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all the adjustments necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading. The results for the period ended September 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - For certain of the Company's financial instruments, none of which are held for trading, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Management's Use of Estimates - The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable - We grant credit in the form of unsecured accounts receivable to our customers based on an evaluation of their financial condition. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers. The estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts, which is charged off to bad debt expense, is based on management's assessment of current economic conditions and historical collection experience with each customer. At September 30, 2011, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$5,000. Specific customer receivables are considered past due when they are outstanding beyond their contractual terms and are charged off to bad debt expense when determined uncollectible. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, the amount of bad debts charged off was \$1,697. For the three months ended September 30, 2010, the amount of bad debts charged off was \$34,157.

Inventory - Inventory is located on our premises, consists of both work in progress and raw materials, and is stated at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method. We inventory a wide variety of metal and wood raw materials. Our metal inventory includes CFS (cold formed steel) studs, CFS coils, CFS decking, CFS commercial truss material, CFS clips, CFS angles, CFS hangers, structural angles, reinforcing steel, fasteners and more. Our wood inventory includes multiples widths of 2x material. We continually evaluate the metal and wood market in order to purchase our raw goods at the best prices possible.

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRACTICES (Con't)

Property and Equipment - Property and equipment are recorded at cost and include expenditures for improvements when they substantially increase the productive lives of existing assets. Maintenance and repair costs are expensed to operations as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives, which range from three to forty years. When a fixed asset is disposed of, its cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts. The difference between undepreciated cost and the proceeds is recorded as a gain or loss.

Goodwill - We account for goodwill and intangibles under SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." As such, goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to annual impairment reviews, or more frequent reviews if events or circumstances indicate there may be an impairment. We performed our required annual goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2011 using discounted cash flow estimates and found that there was no impairment of goodwill.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets - We evaluate our long-lived assets for indications of possible impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by comparing the carrying amounts to the future net undiscounted cash flows which the assets are expected to generate. Should an impairment exist, the impairment would be measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the projected discounted future cash flows arising from the asset. There have been no such impairments of long-lived assets through September 30, 2011.

Patents - The Company has been assigned several key product patents developed by certain Company officers. The Company has advanced the original products and received additional patents and has applications submitted for additional patents. No value has been recorded in our financial statements because the fair value of the patents was not determinable within reasonable limits at the date of assignment.

Revenue Recognition - Revenue is recognized when goods are shipped and earned or when services are performed, provided collection of the resulting receivable is probable. If any material contingencies are present, revenue recognition is delayed until all material contingencies are eliminated. Further, no revenue is recognized unless collection of the applicable consideration is probable.

Income Taxes - Income taxes are accounted for in accordance with ASC 740 (FAS 109, FIN 48), "Income Taxes." A deferred tax asset or liability is recorded for all temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and for net operating loss carryforwards, where applicable. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or the entire deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effect of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Research and Development - We perform research and development on our metal/wood products, new product lines, and new patents. Costs, if any, are expensed as they are incurred. Research and development costs for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$1,421 and \$1,786, respectively.

Earnings Per Common Share - Basic earnings per share amounts are based on the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding. If applicable, diluted earnings per share would assume the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock instruments such as options, warrants and convertible securities, unless the effect is to reduce a loss or increase earnings per share. This presentation has been adopted for the quarters presented. There were no adjustments required to net income for the years presented in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-04 amending Topic 820 that substantially converged the requirements for fair value measurement and disclosure between the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). This ASU is largely consistent with existing fair value measurement principles under U.S. GAAP. This ASU is effective for the Company in its quarter beginning January 1, 2012 and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-05 amending Topic 220 that addressed the presentation of comprehensive income in the financial statements. This accounting update allows an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In addition, this ASU eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity and does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. This ASU is effective for the Company in its quarter beginning January 1, 2012 and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements other than modifying the presentation of comprehensive income.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08 amending Topic 350 that allows an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. Under this new ASU, if a Company chooses the qualitative method, an entity would not be required to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit unless the entity determines, based on a qualitative assessment, that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. This ASU is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect this ASU to have a material impact on its financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

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NOTE 3 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Net loss and earnings per share for the three months ending September 30, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|---|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net Loss | \$ (19,764) | \$ (16,568) |
| Earnings per share - basic and fully diluted | \$ ** | \$ ** |
| Weighted average number of shares | 12,231,797 | 12,231,797 |

**Less than \$0.01

NOTE 4 - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information for the three September 30, 2011 and 2010 are summarized as follows:

For the Three Months Ended September
30,

2011 2010

For the Three Months Ended September
30,

Cash paid for: Income taxes \$ -- \$ --

\$ 110 \$ --

Interest

NOTE 5 - RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

From time to time, we contract with a company related through common ownership for building and grounds-related maintenance services. There were no fees paid to the related company for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. For the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company had sales of \$8,821 and \$8,440, respectively, to the company referred to above. As of September 30, 2011 and 2010, the related receivables were \$-0- and \$-0-, respectively. Additionally, the balance owed at September 30, 2011 to the related company on a loan obtained in a previous period was \$128,121. See also Note 8.

NOTE 6 - BANK CREDIT LINE

The Company has available a \$600,000 revolving line of credit with a local bank. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$-0-.

NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

On January 3, 2005, the Company entered into a ten-year commercial operating lease with a company related through common ownership. The lease covers various buildings and property which house our manufacturing plant, executive offices and other buildings with a current monthly rental of \$6,600. The lease expires on December 31, 2014. For the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, we recognized rental expense for these spaces of \$19,800.

NOTE 8 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

We operate in two principal business segments: (1) construction-related products and (2) engineering services. Performance of each segment is evaluated based on profit or loss from operations before income taxes. These reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. Summarized revenue and expense information by segment for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, as excerpted from internal management reports, is as follows:

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Construction: | | |
| Sales | \$ 505,333 | \$ 680,791 |
| Intersegment expenses | (200) | (5,505) |
| Cost of sales | (289,441) | (447,796) |
| Corporate and other expenses | (227,130) | (250,764) |
| Segment income | \$ (11,438) | \$ (23,274) |
| Engineering: | | |
| Sales | \$ 2,356 | \$ 57,629 |
| Intersegment revenues | 200 | 5,505 |
| Cost of sales | (15,077) | (39,011) |
| Corporate and other income (expenses) | 4,195 | (17,417) |
| Segment income (loss) | \$ (8,326) | \$ 6,706 |

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ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

With the exception of historical facts stated herein, the matters discussed in this report are "forward-looking" statements that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results. Such "forward-looking" statements include, but are not necessarily limited to, statements regarding anticipated levels of future revenues and earnings from operations of the Company. Readers of this report are cautioned not to put undue reliance on "forward-looking" statements, which are by their nature, uncertain as reliable indicators of future performance.

Description of Business

Background

As discussed in detail in Note 1, we were incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia on April 7, 1993 and, on June 30, 2000, entered into a reverse merger in which it became the wholly owned subsidiary of a public Nevada shell corporation, renamed Metwood, Inc. Effective January 1, 2002, Metwood acquired certain assets of Providence Engineering, PC in a transaction accounted for under the purchase method of accounting.

Principal Products/Services and Markets

Metwood

Residential builders are aware of the superiority of steel framing vs. wood framing, insofar as steel framing is lighter; stronger; termite, pest, rot and fire resistant; and dimensionally more stable in withstanding induced loads. Although use of steel framing in residential construction has generally increased each year since 1980, many residential builders have been hesitant to utilize steel due to the need to retrain framers and subcontractors who are accustomed to a "stick-built" construction method where components are laid out and assembled with nails and screws. The Company's founders, Robert ("Mike") Callahan and Ronald Shiflett, saw the need to combine the strength and durability of steel with the convenience and familiarity of wood and wood fasteners.

Metwood manufactures light-gage steel construction materials, usually combined with wood or wood fasteners, for use in residential and commercial applications in place of more conventional wood products, which are inferior in terms of strength and durability. The steel and steel/wood products allow structures to be built with increased load strength and structural integrity and fewer support beams or support configurations, thereby allowing for structural designs that are not possible with wood-only products.

Metwood's primary products and services are:

- TUFFBEAM - internally reinforced cold-formed steel beam

- TUFFJOIST - internally reinforced cold-formed steel joist

- TNT FLOOR SYSTEM - combinations of TUFFBEAM, NUJOIST and TUFFJOIST
are utilized to make up a complete floor system

- TUFFDECK - concrete deck systems

- RIMBEAM - internally reinforced CFS load distribution member

- NUJOIST - Metwood is a national distributor for NUJOIST floor joist system by Nuconsteel

- NUFRAME 3.5 & 5.5 - a fully proprietary panelized load bearing and non-load bearing
CFS wall framing solution

- NUTRUSS 2.0 - a proprietary roof and floor truss system

- NUTRUSS - CFS truss system

- Accel-E - Metwood is a distributor of these steel thermal-efficient panels

- Trimmable square columns

- Joist reinforcers

- Engineering, design and custom building services

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ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Con't)

Providence

Providence is extensively involved in ongoing product research and development for Metwood. Additionally, Providence offers its customers civil engineering capabilities which include rezoning and special use submissions; erosion and sediment control and storm-water management design; residential, commercial, and religious facility site development design; and utility design, including water, sewer and onsite treatment systems. Providence's staff is familiar with construction practices and has been actively involved in construction administration and inspection on multiple projects.

Providence has designed numerous foundations for a variety of structures. Its foundation design expertise includes metal building foundations, traditional building construction foundations, atypical foundations for residential structures, tower foundations, and sign foundations for a variety of uses and applications.

Providence has also designed and drafted full building plans for several applications. When subcontracting with local professional firms, Providence has the ability to provide basic architectural, mechanical, electrical, and detailed civil and structural design services for these facilities.

Providence has reviewed designs by manufacturers for a variety of structures and structural components, including retaining walls, radio towers, tower foundations, sign foundations, timber trusses, light-gage steel trusses, and light-gage steel beams. This service enables clients to take generic designs and have them certified and approved for construction in the desired locality.

Distribution Methods of Products and Services

Our sales are primarily wholesale, directly to lumberyards, home improvement stores, hardware stores, and plumbing and electrical suppliers in Virginia and North Carolina. Metwood relies primarily on its own sales force to generate sales; additionally, however, the Company has distributors in Virginia, New York, Oklahoma, Arizona and Colorado and also utilizes the salespeople of wholesale yards stocking the Company's products as an additional sales force. We are an authorized vendor for Lowe's, Home Depot, 84 Lumber, Stock Building Supply, The Contractor Yard, and many more. We have several stocking dealers of our square columns and reinforcing products. We will sell directly to contractors in areas where we do not have a dealer, but with our national dealer relationships, we typically have a

dealer to use. We are in discussions with national engineered I-joist manufacturers who are interested in marketing the Company's products and expect to announce affiliations with these companies in the near future. Metwood intends to continue expanding the wholesale marketing of its unique products to retailers, to increase dealer sales, and to license the Company's technology and products to increase its distribution outside of Virginia, North Carolina and the South.

In October 2010, Metwood signed a letter of intent with Nuconsteel ("Nucon"), a Nucor company, to team with Nucon to increase our sales of the TUFFBEAM, TUFFJOIST, and RIMBEAM ("products"). We will provide, among other things, an unrestricted, exclusive license (except for defined Metwood territory) to Nucon to sell and manufacture all current and future products. Nucon will pay us a royalty for all products manufactured by Nucon and their sub-licensees and will sell us Nucon's complete line of NUJOIST product at the most favorable pricing. Nucon will also integrate Metwood into the Nucon Fabrication Network. Nucon will provide us with certain equipment in exchange for the exclusive rights granted in the agreement. The agreement will be in effect for two years with renewals for additional periods of one year.

Status of Publicly Announced New Products or Services

Metwood is currently negotiating with Syntheon, Inc. to become an exclusive OEM for their Accel-E panels and certain other construction products in Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina and the District of Columbia (the "Territory") and as a non-exclusive OEM for Syntheon products for use in residential, single family construction both inside and outside of the Territory.

Seasonality of Market

Our sales are subject to seasonal impacts, as our products are used in residential and commercial construction projects which tend to be at peak levels in Virginia and North Carolina between the months of March and October. Accordingly, our sales are greater in our fourth and first fiscal quarters. We build an inventory of our products throughout the winter and spring to support our sales season. Due to the seasonality of our local market, we are continuing our efforts to expand into markets that are not so seasonally impacted. We have shipped projects to Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, Arizona, Washington, and more. These markets have some seasonality, but increased exposure in these markets will help maintain stronger sales year round.

Competition

Nationally, there are over one hundred manufacturers of the types of products produced by the Company. However, the majority of these manufacturers are using wood-only products or products without metal reinforcement. Metwood

has identified only one other manufacturer in the United States that manufactures a cold-formed steel beam. However, we have often found that our products are the only ones that will work within many customers' design specs.

Sources and Availability of Raw Materials and the Names of Principal Suppliers

All of the raw materials we use are readily available on the market from numerous suppliers. The cold-formed steel used by the Company is supplied primarily by Nuconsteel, Clark Western, and Vulcraft. Our main source of lumber is BlueLinx. Nucor Bar Mill provides the majority of our rebar. Because of the number of suppliers available to us, our decisions in purchasing materials are dictated primarily by price and secondarily by availability. We do not anticipate a lack of supply to affect our production; however, a shortage might cause us to pass on higher materials prices to our customers.

Dependence on One or a Few Major Customers

For the three months ending September 30, 2011, sales to 84 Lumber and Capps Home Building each each amounted to approximately 6% of total sales. For the three months ending September 30, 2010, sales to 84 Lumber, Craftsman Construction, Davenport Development, and ProBuild Company, LLC each amounted to from 6% to 13% of total sales.

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ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Con't)

Patents

The Company has nine U.S. Patents:

U.S. Patent Nos. 5,519,977 and 7,347,031, "Joist Reinforcing Bracket," a bracket that reinforces wooden joists with a hole for the passage of a utility conduit. The Company refers to this as its floor joist patch kit.

U.S. Patent No. 5,625,997, "Composite Beam," a composite beam that includes an elongated metal shell and a pierceable insert for receiving nails, screws or other penetrating fasteners.

U.S. Patent No. 5,832,691, "Composite Beam," a composite beam that includes an elongated metal shell and a pierceable insert for receiving nails, screws or other penetrating fasteners. This is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent No. 5,625,997.

U.S. Patent No. 5,921,053, "Internally Reinforced Girder with Pierceable Nonmetal Components," a girder that includes a pair of c-shaped members secured together so as to form a hollow box, which permits the girder to be secured within a building structure with conventional fasteners such as nails, screws and staples.

U.S. Patent Nos. D472,791S, D472,792S, D472,793S, and D477,210S, all modifications of Metwood's Reinforcing Bracket, which will be used for repairs of wood I-joists.

Need for Government Approval of Principal Products

Our products must either be sold with an engineer's seal or applicable building code approval. The Company has created a relationship with an engineering firm with more than forty seals, which helps keep our registration costs as low as possible. Currently, we are seeking International Code Council ("ICC") code approval on our joist reinforcers

and beams. Once that approval is obtained, our products can be used in all fifty states and will eliminate the need for an engineer's seal on individual products. To date, the Company's 2x10 floor joist reinforcer has received both Bureau Officials Code Association approval (2001) and ICC approval (2004).

Time Spent During the Last Two Fiscal Years on Research and Development Activities

Approximately fifteen percent of our time and resources has been spent during the last two fiscal years researching and developing its metal/wood products, new product lines, and new patents. We have performed several tests with NTA, Inc. to achieve a cold compliance report on our TUFFBEAM and TUFFJOIST product lines.

Costs and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Laws

We do not incur any costs to comply with environmental laws. We are an environmentally friendly business in that our products are fabricated from recycled steel.

Number of Total Employees and Number of Full-Time Employees

The Company had eighteen employees at September 30, 2011, all of whom were full time. We are currently seeking new management employees for Providence Engineering, PC and have conducted several interviews as we continue to search for the right candidates.

Results of Operations

Net Loss

We had a net loss of \$19,764 for the three months ended September 30, 2011, compared to a net loss of \$16,568 for the three months ended September 30, 2010, an increase of \$3,196. The increase in net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 resulted primarily from a 31% decline in total sales comparing the two periods. Construction sales decreased 26% comparing 2011 to 2010, and engineering sales decreased 96% comparing 2011 to

2010. Overall gross profit decreased 19% comparing the three months ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010. Administrative expenses decreased 18% comparing the three months ended September 30, 2011 to the same period in 2010.

Sales

Revenues were \$507,689 for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to \$738,420 for the same period in 2010, a decrease of \$230,731, or 31%. We believe that the sales decrease for the three-month period in 2011 versus 2010 was a reflection of the continuing economic downturn the country is experiencing as a whole. Although we have sold product in over thirty states, our local market remains down more than 30% compared to the construction industry boom-year peak in 2006. According to the closely watched McGraw-Hill Construction forecast, however, the value of new projects that start construction is expected to climb in 2011, an 8% rise from this year when that figure hit a post-recession low. The potential for increased sales volume as we go forward is enhanced by the fact that we are now an authorized fabricator for the NUTRUSS light-gauge steel truss system, begun in January 2010.

Expenses

Total administrative expenses were \$239,012 for the three months ended September 30, 2011, versus \$291,491 for the three months ended September 30, 2010, a decrease of \$52,479, or 18%. This decrease resulted primarily from a decline in payroll expenses comparing the current period to the same period in 2010.

Liquidity and Capital Reserves

On September 30, 2011, we had cash of \$191,285 and working capital of \$1,223,088. Net cash provided from operating activities was \$34,971 for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to net cash used for operating activities of \$17,539 for the three months ended September 30, 2010.

Cash provided from investing activities was \$14,575 for the three months ended September 30, 2011, compared to cash provided of \$6,543 during the same period in the prior year. Cash flows used in investing activities for the current period were for computers and peripherals (\$10,020), vehicles (\$7,461) and other (\$1,755), less disposals of \$33,811.

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Cash used in financing activities was \$38,709 for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to cash used of \$8,998 for the period ended September 30, 2010. The cash used in 2011 was to pay off a vehicle loan and to pay down the Company's related-party debt.

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ITEM 4 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Based on our evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2011 are designed at a reasonable assurance level and are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

We regularly review our system of internal control over financial reporting to ensure we maintain an effective internal control environment. As we grow geographically and with new product offerings, we continue to create new processes and controls as well as improve our existing environment to increase efficiencies. Improvements may include such activities as implementing new, more efficient systems, consolidating activities, and migrating processes.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6 - EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

See index to exhibits.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

There were no reports on Form 8-K filed during the quarter ended September 30, 2011.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: October 31, 2011 /s/ Robert M. Callahan

Robert M. Callahan

Chief Executive Officer

Date: October 31, 2011 /s/ Shawn A. Callahan

Shawn A. Callahan

Chief Financial Officer

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

NUMBER DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT

3(i)* Articles of Incorporation

3(ii)** By-Laws

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32 Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18U.S.C. 1350)

*Incorporated by reference on Form 8-K, filed February 16, 2000

**Incorporated by reference on Form 8-K, filed February 16, 2000

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