

TRANSCAT INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 06, 2018  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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## FORM 10-Q

(Mark  
one)

**Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the quarterly period ended: **September 29, 2018**

or

**Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: **000-03905**

## TRANSCAT, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Ohio**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**35 Vantage Point Drive, Rochester, New York 14624**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(585) 352-7777**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**16-0874418**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Emerging growth company

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [ ]

The number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.50 per share, of the registrant outstanding as of November 2, 2018 was 7,203,497.

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**Table of Contents****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****TRANSCAT, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	(Unaudited) Second Quarter Ended		(Unaudited) Six Months Ended	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Service Revenue	\$ 19,902	\$ 18,239	\$ 39,227	\$ 36,721
Distribution Sales	18,977	17,688	36,310	35,485
Total Revenue	38,879	35,927	75,537	72,206
Cost of Service Revenue	15,095	13,919	29,501	27,765
Cost of Distribution Sales	14,645	13,854	27,784	27,596
Total Cost of Revenue	29,740	27,773	57,285	55,361
Gross Profit	9,139	8,154	18,252	16,845
Selling, Marketing and Warehouse Expenses	4,020	4,005	8,052	8,097
General and Administrative Expenses	2,943	2,691	5,999	5,879
Total Operating Expenses	6,963	6,696	14,051	13,976
Operating Income	2,176	1,458	4,201	2,869
Interest and Other Expense, net	195	271	420	543
Income Before Income Taxes	1,981	1,187	3,781	2,326
Provision for Income Taxes	493	406	865	689
Net Income	\$ 1,488	\$ 781	\$ 2,916	\$ 1,637
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.23
Average Shares Outstanding	7,200	7,131	7,187	7,102
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.23
Average Shares Outstanding	7,520	7,286	7,486	7,242

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**TRANSCAT, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(In Thousands)

	(Unaudited) Second Quarter Ended		(Unaudited) Six Months Ended	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Net Income	\$ 1,488	\$ 781	\$ 2,916	\$ 1,637
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):				
Currency Translation Adjustment	92	336	(4)	377
Other, net of tax effects	8	17	11	25
Total Other Comprehensive Income	100	353	7	402
Comprehensive Income	\$ 1,588	\$ 1,134	\$ 2,923	\$ 2,039

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****TRANSCAT, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Amounts)

	(Unaudited) <b>September 29, 2018</b>	(Audited) <b>March 31, 2018</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 571	\$ 577
Accounts Receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$300 and \$296 as of September 29, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively	24,053	24,684
Other Receivables	1,623	1,361
Inventory, net	14,161	12,651
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	1,227	1,240
Total Current Assets	41,635	40,513
Property and Equipment, net	19,591	17,091
Goodwill	34,120	32,740
Intangible Assets, net	6,197	5,505
Other Assets	870	973
Total Assets	\$ 102,413	\$ 96,822
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 12,903	\$ 13,535
Accrued Compensation and Other Liabilities	5,160	5,240
Income Taxes Payable	624	232
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	2,143	2,143
Total Current Liabilities	20,830	21,150
Long-Term Debt	23,153	20,707
Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,708	1,709
Other Liabilities	1,856	1,908
Total Liabilities	47,547	45,474
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common Stock, par value \$0.50 per share, 30,000,000 shares authorized; 7,201,589 and 7,155,050 shares issued and outstanding as of September 29, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively	3,601	3,578
Capital in Excess of Par Value	15,599	14,965
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	(274)	(281)
Retained Earnings	35,940	33,086
Total Shareholders' Equity	54,866	51,348
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 102,413	\$ 96,822
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

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**TRANSCAT, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(In Thousands)

	(Unaudited)	
	Six Months Ended September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net Income	\$ 2,916	\$ 1,637
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Net Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment	6	25
Deferred Income Taxes	(1)	41
Depreciation and Amortization	3,067	2,984
Provision for Accounts Receivable and Inventory Reserves	74	203
Stock-Based Compensation Expense	606	831
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable and Other Receivables	856	760
Inventory	(1,172)	(1,020)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	101	(145)
Accounts Payable	(706)	(1,747)
Accrued Compensation and Other Liabilities	(1,271)	(1,458)
Income Taxes Payable	389	(456 )
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	4,865	1,655
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchases of Property and Equipment	(3,703)	(3,942)
Proceeds from Sale of Property and Equipment	-	6
Business Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(3,614)	-
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(7,317)	(3,936)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from Revolving Credit Facility, net	3,517	3,110
Repayment of Term Loan	(1,071)	(714)
Issuance of Common Stock	132	761
Repurchase of Common Stock	(143)	(344)
Stock Option Redemption	-	(90 )
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	2,435	2,723
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	11	(659 )
Net Decrease in Cash	(6)	(217)
Cash at Beginning of Period	577	842
Cash at End of Period	\$ 571	\$ 625
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Activity:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 413	\$ 510
Income Taxes, net	\$ 472	\$ 1,125
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

**Table of Contents****TRANSCAT, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(In Thousands, Except Par Value Amounts)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Common Stock Issued \$0.50 Par Value</b>		<b>Capital In Excess of Par Value</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>				
Balance as of March 25, 2017	7,044	\$ 3,522	\$ 12,996	\$ (414)	\$ 27,297	\$ 43,401
Issuance of Common Stock	98	49	712	-	-	761
Repurchase of Common Stock	(27)	(14)	(205)	-	(125)	(344)
Stock-Based Compensation	25	13	818	-	-	831
Redemption of Stock Options	-	-	(90)	-	-	(90)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	402	-	402
Net Income	-	-	-	-	1,637	1,637
Balance as of September 23, 2017	7,140	\$ 3,570	\$ 14,231	\$ (12 )	\$ 28,809	\$ 46,598

	<b>Common Stock Issued \$0.50 Par Value</b>		<b>Capital In Excess of Par Value</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>				
Balance as of March 31, 2018	7,155	\$ 3,578	\$ 14,965	\$ (281)	\$ 33,086	\$ 51,348
Issuance of Common Stock	7	3	129	-	-	132
Repurchase of Common Stock	(8)	(4)	(77)	-	(62)	(143)
Stock-Based Compensation	48	24	582	-	-	606
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	7	-	7
Net Income	-	-	-	-	2,916	2,916
Balance as of September 29, 2018	7,202	\$ 3,601	\$ 15,599	\$ (274)	\$ 35,940	\$ 54,866

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



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**TRANSCAT, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(In Thousands, Except Per Share and Per Unit Amounts)

(Unaudited)

**NOTE 1 – GENERAL**

**Description of Business:** Transcat, Inc. (“Transcat” or the “Company”) is a leading provider of accredited calibration and laboratory instrument services and a value-added distributor of professional grade test, measurement and control instrumentation. The Company is focused on providing services and products to highly regulated industries, particularly the life science industry, which includes pharmaceutical, biotechnology, medical device and other FDA-regulated businesses. Additional industries served include industrial manufacturing; energy and utilities, including oil and gas; chemical manufacturing; FAA-regulated businesses, including aerospace and defense and other industries that require accuracy in their processes, confirmation of the capabilities of their equipment, and for which the risk of failure is very costly.

**Basis of Presentation:** Transcat’s unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8-03 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Accordingly, the Consolidated Financial Statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company’s management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been included. The results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of what the results will be for the fiscal year. The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018 (“fiscal year 2018”) contained in the Company’s 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC.

**Revenue Recognition:** Distribution sales are recorded when the product’s title and risk of loss transfers to the customer. The Company recognizes the majority of its Service revenue based upon when the calibration or other activity is performed and then shipped and/or delivered to the customer. The majority of the Company’s revenue generating activities have a single performance obligation and are recognized at the point in time when control transfers and/or our obligation has been fulfilled. Some Service revenue is generated from managing customers’ calibration programs in which the Company recognizes revenue over time. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration it expects to receive in exchange for product shipped or services performed. Sales taxes and other taxes billed and collected from customers are excluded from revenue. The Company generally invoices its customers for freight, shipping, and handling charges. Provisions for customer returns are provided for in the period the related revenue is recorded based upon historical data.

Revenue recognized from prior period performance obligations for the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 was immaterial. As of September 29, 2018, the Company had no unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of greater than one year. Pursuant to Topic 606 (defined below), the Company applied the practical expedient with respect to disclosure of the deferral and future expected timing of revenue recognition for transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations. Deferred revenue, unbilled revenue and deferred contract costs recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 29, 2018 and March 31, 2018 were immaterial. Payment terms are generally 30 to 45 days. See Note 4 for disaggregated revenue information.

In 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which established principles to report useful information to financial statement users about the nature, timing and uncertainty of revenue from contracts with customers. ASU No. 2014-09 along with various related amendments comprise Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (“Topic 606”), and provide guidance that is applicable to all contracts with customers regardless of industry-specific or transaction-specific fact patterns. Transcat adopted the new standard for its fiscal year ending March 30, 2019 (“fiscal year 2019”), which began April 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach to each prior reporting period presented. Based on our analysis, the Company concluded that the adoption of the amended guidance did not have a material impact on its net revenue recognition. The cumulative effect adjustment upon adoption of the ASU in the first quarter of fiscal year 2019 was immaterial.

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**Fair Value of Financial Instruments:** Transcat has determined the fair value of debt and other financial instruments using a valuation hierarchy. The hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value, consists of three levels. Level 1 uses observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2 uses inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, which is defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, requires the Company to develop its own assumptions. The carrying amount of debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets approximates fair value due to variable interest rate pricing, and the carrying amounts for cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. Investment assets, which fund the Company's non-qualified deferred compensation plan, consist of mutual funds and are valued based on Level 1 inputs. At September 29, 2018 and March 31, 2018, investment assets totaled \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, and are included as a component of other assets (non-current) on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

**Stock-Based Compensation:** The Company measures the cost of services received in exchange for all equity awards granted, including stock options and restricted stock units, based on the fair market value of the award as of the grant date. The Company records compensation expense related to unvested equity awards by recognizing, on a straight-line basis, the unamortized grant date fair value over the remaining service period of each award. Excess tax benefits for share-based award activity are reflected in the statement of income as a component of the provision for income taxes. Excess tax benefits are realized benefits from tax deductions for exercised awards in excess of the deferred tax asset attributable to stock-based compensation costs for such awards. The Company did not capitalize any stock-based compensation costs as part of an asset. The Company estimates forfeiture rates based on its historical experience. During the first six months of fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2018, the Company recorded non-cash stock-based compensation expense of \$0.5 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

**Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions:** The accounts of Transcat Canada Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, are maintained in the local currency and have been translated to U.S. dollars. Accordingly, the amounts representing assets and liabilities have been translated at the period-end rates of exchange and related revenue and expense accounts have been translated at an average rate of exchange during the period. Gains and losses arising from translation of Transcat Canada Inc.'s financial statements into U.S. dollars are recorded directly to the accumulated other comprehensive loss component of shareholders' equity.

Transcat records foreign currency gains and losses on its Canadian business transactions. The net foreign currency loss was less than \$0.1 million during each of the first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018. The Company continually utilizes short-term foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the risk that its earnings will be adversely affected by changes in currency exchange rates. The Company does not apply hedge accounting and therefore the net change in the fair value of the contracts, which totaled a loss of \$0.1 million during each of the first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018, was recognized as a component of other expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The change in the fair value of the contracts is offset by the change in fair value on the underlying accounts receivables denominated in Canadian dollars being hedged. On September 29, 2018, the Company had a foreign exchange contract, which matured in October 2018, outstanding in the notional amount of \$4.2 million. The foreign exchange contract was renewed in October 2018 and continues to be in place. The Company does not use hedging arrangements for speculative purposes.

**Earnings Per Share:** Basic earnings per share of common stock are computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock reflect the assumed conversion of stock options and unvested restricted stock units using the treasury stock method in periods in which they have a dilutive effect. In computing the per share effect of assumed conversion, funds which would have been received from the exercise of options and unvested restricted stock units and the related tax benefits are considered to have been used to purchase shares of common stock at the average market prices during the period, and the resulting net additional shares of common stock are included in the calculation of average shares of common stock outstanding.

For the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, the net additional common stock equivalents had a \$0.01 effect on the calculation of diluted earnings per share. For the second quarter of fiscal year 2018, the net additional common stock equivalents had no effect on the calculation of dilutive earnings per share. For the first six months of fiscal year 2019, the net additional common stock had a \$0.02 effect on the calculation of dilutive earnings per share. For the first six months of fiscal year 2018, the net additional common stock equivalents had no effect on the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The average shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

	<b>Second Quarter Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 29, 2018</b>	<b>September 23, 2017</b>	<b>September 29, 2018</b>	<b>September 23, 2017</b>
Average Shares Outstanding – Basic	7,200	7,131	7,187	7,102
Effect of Dilutive Common Stock Equivalents	320	155	299	140
Average Shares Outstanding – Diluted	7,520	7,286	7,486	7,242
Anti-dilutive Common Stock Equivalents	-	-	-	-



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**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:** In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (ASC Topic 842), which requires lessees to recognize substantially all leases on the balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. The new standard establishes a right of use ("ROU") model that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the income statement.

The new standard is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. ASU 2016-02 requires entities to adopt a modified retrospective transition method for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company continues to evaluate the impact that adopting ASU 2016-02 will have on its financial statements, but the most significant impact will be to increase assets and liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet by the present value of the Company's leasing obligations, which are primarily related to facility and vehicle leases, as well as additional disclosures required.

In July 2018, FASB issued ASU 2018-11, Leases (ASC Topic 842), which provides entities with an additional transition method to adopt the new leases standard. Under this method, an entity initially applies the new leases standard at the adoption date and recognizes a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. Consequently, the prior comparative period's financials will remain the same as those previously presented. Entities that elect this optional transition method must provide the disclosures that were previously required. The Company continues to evaluate the impact that adopting ASU 2018-11 will have on its financial statements.

**NOTE 2 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

**Description:** On October 30, 2017, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which amended and restated our prior credit facility agreement. The Credit Agreement extended the term of the Company's \$30.0 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") to October 29, 2021. As of September 29, 2018, \$30.0 million was available under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$12.3 million was outstanding and included in long-term debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Credit Agreement also increased the amount of the Company's outstanding term loan to \$15.0 million (the "2017 Term Loan"), replacing the previous term loan. As of September 29, 2018, \$13.0 million was outstanding on the 2017 Term Loan, of which \$2.1 million was included in current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets with the remainder included in long-term debt. The 2017 Term Loan requires principal repayments of \$0.2 million per month plus interest through September 2022 with a \$4.3 million repayment required on October 29, 2022. Under the Credit Agreement, borrowings that may be used for business acquisitions are limited to \$20.0 million per fiscal year. During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, \$3.6 million was used for a business acquisition.

The allowable leverage ratio under the Credit Agreement remains at a maximum multiple of 3.0 of total debt outstanding compared to earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and non-cash stock-based compensation expense for the preceding four consecutive fiscal quarters. The excess funds of the 2017 Term Loan over the previous term loan were used to repay amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

**Interest and Other Costs:** Interest on the Revolving Credit Facility and 2017 Term Loan accrues, at Transcat's election, at either the variable one-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or a fixed rate for a designated period at the LIBOR corresponding to such period, in each case, plus a margin. Commitment fees accrue based on the average daily amount of unused credit available on the Revolving Credit Facility. Interest rate margins and commitment fees are determined on a quarterly basis based upon the Company's calculated leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement. The one-month LIBOR as of September 29, 2018 was 2.3%. The Company's interest rate for the first six months of fiscal year 2019 ranged from 3.2% to 3.6%.

**Covenants:** The Credit Agreement has certain covenants with which the Company must comply, including a fixed charge ratio covenant and a leverage ratio covenant. The Company was in compliance with all loan covenants and requirements during the second quarter of fiscal year 2019. Our leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, was 1.34 at September 29, 2018, compared with 1.40 at the end of fiscal year 2018.

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**Other Terms:** The Company has pledged all of its U.S. tangible and intangible personal property, the equity interests of its U.S.-based subsidiaries, and a majority of the common stock of Transcat Canada Inc. as collateral security for the loans made under the Revolving Credit Facility.

**NOTE 3 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

The Transcat, Inc. 2003 Incentive Plan, as Amended and Restated (the “2003 Plan”), provides for, among other awards, grants of restricted stock units and stock options to directors, officers and key employees at the fair market value at the date of grant. At September 29, 2018, 1.1 million shares were available for future grant under the 2003 Plan.

**Restricted Stock Units:** The Company generally grants performance-based restricted stock units as a primary component of executive compensation. In previous years, the units generally vested following the third fiscal year from the date of grant subject to certain cumulative diluted earnings per share growth targets over the eligible period. The restricted stock units granted in June 2017 and April 2018 were time vested. Beginning with the restricted stock units granted in May 2018, 50% of the units will vest subject to certain cumulative diluted earnings per share growth targets over the eligible period and 50% of the restricted stock units will be time vested over a three-year period. Compensation cost ultimately recognized for performance-based restricted stock units will equal the grant date fair market value of the unit that coincides with the actual outcome of the performance conditions. On an interim basis, the Company records compensation cost based on the estimated level of achievement of the performance conditions. The expense relating to the time vested restricted stock units is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the entire award.

The Company achieved 50% of the target level for the performance-based restricted stock units granted in the fiscal year ended March 26, 2016 and as a result, issued 32 shares of common stock to executive officers and certain key employees during the first quarter of fiscal year 2019. The following table summarizes the non-vested performance-based restricted stock units outstanding as of September 29, 2018:

<b>Date</b>	<b>Measurement</b>	<b>Total Number of Units</b>	<b>Grant Date Fair Value</b>	<b>Estimated Level of Achievement at</b>
<b>Granted</b>	<b>Period</b>	<b>Outstanding</b>	<b>Per Unit</b>	<b>September 29, 2018</b>
April 2016	April 2016 - March 2019	82	\$ 10.13	125% of target level
April 2017	April 2017 – March 2020	75	\$ 12.90	100% of target level
June 2017	July 2017 – June 2020	3	\$ 12.00	Time Vested
April 2018	April 2018 – March 2020	2	\$ 15.65	Time Vested
May 2018	April 2018 – March 2020	30	\$ 15.30	100% of target level
May 2018	April 2018 – March 2020	30	\$ 15.30	Time Vested

Total expense relating to performance-based restricted stock units, based on grant date fair value and the achievement criteria, was \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, in the first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018. As of September 29, 2018, unearned compensation to be recognized over the grants’ respective service periods totaled \$1.5 million.

**Stock Options:** Options vest either immediately or over a period of up to four years using a straight-line basis and expire either five years or ten years from the date of grant. The expense relating to options is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the entire award.

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The following table summarizes the Company's options as of and for the first six months of fiscal year 2019:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding as of March 31, 2018	272	\$ 10.27		
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	-	-		
Forfeited	(4)	6.75		
Redeemed	-	-		
Outstanding as of September 29, 2018	268	\$ 10.33	4	\$ 3,355
Exercisable as of September 29, 2018	268	\$ 10.33	4	\$ 3,355

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money stock options) that would have been received by the option holders had all holders exercised their options on September 29, 2018. The amount of aggregate intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock.

There was no expense related to stock options during the first six months of fiscal year 2019. Total expense related to stock options was \$0.4 million for the first six months of fiscal year 2018. There was no total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options as of September 29, 2018. There were no stock options exercised during the first six months of fiscal year 2019. The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised in the first six months of fiscal year 2018 was \$0.6 million. Cash received from the exercise of options in the first six months of fiscal year 2018 was \$0.6 million.

**NOTE 4 – SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Transcat has two reportable segments: Distribution and Service. The Company has no inter-segment sales. The following table presents segment information for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018:

	Second Quarter Ended		Six Months Ended	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Revenue:				
Service	\$ 19,902	\$ 18,239	\$ 39,227	\$ 36,721
Distribution	18,977	17,688	36,310	35,485
Total	38,879	35,927	75,537	72,206
Gross Profit:				
Service	4,807	4,320	9,726	8,956
Distribution	4,332	3,834	8,526	7,889
Total	9,139	8,154	18,252	16,845
Operating Expenses:				
Service <sup>(1)</sup>	3,682	3,530	7,533	7,281
Distribution <sup>(1)</sup>	3,281	3,166	6,518	6,695
Total	6,963	6,696	14,051	13,976
Operating Income:				
Service	1,125	790	2,193	1,675
Distribution	1,051	668	2,008	1,194
Total	2,176	1,458	4,201	2,869
Unallocated Amounts:				
Interest and Other Expense, net	195	271	420	543
Provision for Income Taxes	493	406	865	689

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Total	688	677	1,285	1,232
Net Income	\$ 1,488	\$ 781	\$ 2,916	\$ 1,637

(1) Operating expense allocations between segments were based on actual amounts, a percentage of revenues, headcount, and management's estimates.

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**Table of Contents****NOTE 5 – BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS**

During the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, Transcat acquired substantially all of the assets of Angel’s Instrumentation, Inc. (“Angel’s”), a Virginia-based provider of calibration services. This transaction aligned with the Company’s acquisition strategy of targeting businesses that expand its geographic reach and leverage its infrastructure while also increasing the depth and breadth of the Company’s service capabilities.

The Company applies the acquisition method of accounting for business acquisitions. Under the acquisition method, the purchase price of an acquisition is assigned to the underlying tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. The Company uses a valuation hierarchy, as further described under Fair Value of Financial Instruments in Note 1 above, and typically utilizes independent third-party valuation specialists to determine the fair values used in this allocation. Purchase price allocations are subject to revision within the measurement period, not to exceed one year from the date of acquisition. All of the goodwill and intangible assets relating to the Angel’s acquisition have been allocated to the Service segment. Intangible assets related to the Angel’s acquisition are being amortized for financial reporting purposes on an accelerated basis over the estimated useful life of up to 10 years and are deductible for tax purposes. Amortization of goodwill related to the Angel’s acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The total purchase price paid for the assets of Angel’s was approximately \$4.7 million, net of \$0.1 million cash acquired. The following is a summary of the purchase price allocation, in the aggregate, to the fair value, based on Level 3 inputs, of Angel’s assets and liabilities acquired during the period presented:

	FY 2019
Goodwill	\$ 1,275
Intangible Assets – Customer Base	1,400
Intangible Assets – Covenant Not to Compete	100
	2,775
Plus: Current Assets	787
Non-Current Assets	1,200
Less: Current Liabilities	(24 )
Total Purchase Price	\$ 4,738

Certain of the Company’s acquisition agreements, including Angel’s include provisions for contingent consideration and other holdback amounts. The Company accrues for contingent consideration and holdback provisions based on their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. As of September 29, 2018, \$0.6 million of contingent consideration and \$0.5 million of other holdback amounts were unpaid and reflected in current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. No contingent consideration or holdback amounts were paid during the first six months of fiscal year 2019. As of March 31, 2018, no contingent consideration or other holdback amounts were outstanding.

The results of the acquired businesses are included in Transcat’s consolidated operating results as of the dates the businesses were acquired. The following unaudited pro forma information presents the Company’s results of operations as if the acquisition of Angel’s had occurred at the beginning of fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2018. The pro forma results do not purport to represent what the Company’s results of operations actually would have been if the transaction had occurred at the beginning of the period presented or what the Company’s operating results will be in future periods.

	(Unaudited)	
	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September</b>	<b>September 23,</b>
	<b>29,</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Total Revenue	\$ 77,678	\$ 73,991
Net Income	\$ 3,494	\$ 1,922
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.27
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.27

During each of the first six months of fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2018, acquisition costs of less than \$0.1 million were recorded as incurred as general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income.



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During the first quarter of fiscal year 2019, Transcat acquired substantially all of the assets of NBS Calibration, Inc. (“NBS”), an Arizona-based provider of calibration services. This transaction aligned with the Company’s acquisition strategy of targeting businesses that expand the Company’s geographic reach and leverage its infrastructure while also increasing the depth and breadth of the Company’s service capabilities. Due to the immaterial amount of the purchase price of the NBS assets, it has been included in the purchases of property and equipment, net, in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Forward-Looking Statements.** This report contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements relate to expectations, estimates, beliefs, assumptions and predictions of future events and are identified by words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “projects,” “intends,” “could,” “may” and other similar words. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and thus are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those expressed in such forward-looking statements. You should evaluate forward-looking statements in light of important risk factors and uncertainties that may affect our operating and financial results and our ability to achieve our financial objectives. These factors include, but are not limited to, our reliance on one vendor to supply a significant amount of inventory purchases, the risks related to current and future indebtedness, the relatively low trading volume of our common stock, risks related to our acquisition strategy and the integration of the businesses we acquire, the impact of economic conditions, risks related to the accuracy of the estimates and assumptions we use to revalue our U.S. deferred tax assets and liabilities in accordance with the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the “Tax Act”), volatility in the oil and gas industry, the highly competitive nature of our two business segments, foreign currency rate fluctuations and cybersecurity risks. These risk factors and uncertainties are more fully described by us under the heading “Risk Factors” in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018. You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or publicly announce any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements contained in this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES**

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates from the information provided in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

During our second quarter of fiscal year 2019, we achieved consolidated revenue of \$38.9 million. This represented an increase of 8.2% or \$3.0 million versus the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. There was strong revenue growth in both segments. Service segment revenue growth was 9.1%. Sales in our Distribution segment grew 7.3%.

Second quarter of fiscal year 2019 gross profit was \$9.1 million, an increase of \$1.0 million or 12.1% versus the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. Gross margin expanded by 80 basis points. Gross profit and gross margin were negatively impacted by the effect of Hurricanes Harvey and Maria on our operations during the second quarter of fiscal year 2018.

Total operating expenses were \$7.0 million, an increase of \$0.3 million or 4.0% as compared to the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. General and administrative expenses increased 9.4% as we further invested in our operational infrastructure and operational excellence initiatives. This was partially offset as selling, marketing and warehouse expenses were flat compared to the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. Operating expenses as a percentage of total revenue were 17.9%, down from 18.6% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018, a decrease of 70 basis points.

Net income was \$1.5 million, up 90.5% as compared to \$0.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018.

The following table presents, for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the components of our Consolidated Statements of Income:

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	(Unaudited) Second Quarter Ended September		(Unaudited) Six Months Ended	
	29, 2018	September 23, 2017	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
<i>As a Percentage of Total Revenue:</i>				
Service Revenue	51.2%	50.8%	51.9%	50.9%
Distribution Sales	48.8 %	49.2 %	48.1 %	49.1 %
Total Revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
<i>Gross Profit Percentage:</i>				
Service Gross Profit	24.2%	23.7%	24.8%	24.4%
Distribution Gross Profit	22.8%	21.7%	23.5%	22.2%
Total Gross Profit	23.5%	22.7%	24.2%	23.3%
Selling, Marketing and Warehouse Expenses	10.3 %	11.1 %	10.7 %	11.2 %
General and Administrative Expenses	7.6 %	7.5 %	7.9 %	8.1 %
Total Operating Expenses	17.9 %	18.6 %	18.6 %	19.3 %
Operating Income	5.6 %	4.1 %	5.6 %	4.0 %
Interest and Other Expense, net	0.5 %	0.8 %	0.6 %	0.8 %
Income Before Income Taxes	5.1 %	3.3 %	5.0 %	3.2 %
Provision for Income Taxes	1.3 %	1.1 %	1.1 %	1.0 %
Net Income	3.8 %	2.2 %	3.9 %	2.2 %

**SECOND QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 29, 2018 COMPARED TO SECOND QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 23, 2017** (dollars in thousands):

**Revenue:**

	Second Quarter Ended September		Change	
	29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Revenue:				
Service	\$ 19,902	\$ 18,239	\$ 1,663	9.1%
Distribution	18,977	17,688	1,289	7.3 %
Total	\$ 38,879	\$ 35,927	\$ 2,952	8.2 %

Total revenue increased \$3.0 million, or 8.2%, in our fiscal year 2019 second quarter compared to the prior year second quarter. This year-over-year growth includes a combination of organic and acquisition-related revenue growth.

Service revenue, which accounted for 51.2% and 50.8% of our total revenue in the second quarter of fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively, increased 9.1% from the second quarter of fiscal year 2018 to the second quarter of fiscal year 2019. Higher revenue was the result of new business from the life sciences market and growth in general industrial manufacturing. Excluding revenue from acquisitions of \$0.3 million, the Service segment had organic growth of 7.6%.

Our fiscal years 2019 and 2018 quarterly Service revenue growth, in relation to prior fiscal year quarter comparisons, was as follows:

	FY 2019		FY 2018			
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Service Revenue Growth	9.1%	4.6%	12.4%	7.5%	7.6%	7.6%

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Within any year, while we add new customers, we also have customers from the prior fiscal year whose service orders may not repeat for any number of factors. Among those factors are variations in the timing of periodic calibrations and other services, customer capital expenditures and customer outsourcing decisions. Because the timing of Service segment orders can vary on a quarter-to-quarter basis, we believe trailing twelve-month information provides a better indication of the progress of this segment. The following table presents the trailing twelve-month Service segment revenue for each quarter in fiscal years 2019 and 2018 as well as the trailing twelve-month revenue growth as a comparison to that of the prior fiscal year period:

	FY 2019		FY 2018			
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Trailing Twelve-Month:						
Service Revenue	\$ 79,951	\$ 78,288	\$ 77,445	\$ 75,016	\$ 73,702	\$ 72,410
Service Revenue Growth	8.5%	8.1%	8.9%	8.5%	12.4%	15.2%

The trailing twelve-month Service segment revenue growth for the first and second quarters of fiscal year 2018 include the various acquisitions made in fiscal year 2017.

Our strategy has been to focus our investments in the core electrical, temperature, pressure, physical/dimensional and radio frequency/microwave calibration disciplines. We expect to subcontract approximately 13% to 15% of our Service revenue to third-party vendors for calibration beyond our chosen scope of capabilities. We continually evaluate our outsourcing needs and make capital investments, as deemed necessary, to add more in-house capabilities and reduce the need for third-party vendors. Capability expansion through business acquisitions is another way that we seek to reduce the need for outsourcing. The following table presents the source of our Service revenue and the percentage of Service revenue derived from each source for each quarter during fiscal years 2019 and 2018:

	FY 2019		FY 2018			
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Percent of Service Revenue:						
In-House	84.0%	84.4%	84.2%	83.9%	83.6%	83.5%
Outsourced	14.4%	14.0%	14.2%	14.4%	14.7%	14.7%
Freight Billed to Customers	1.6 %	1.6 %	1.6 %	1.7 %	1.7 %	1.8 %
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Our Distribution sales accounted for 48.8% of our total revenue in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 and 49.2% of our total revenue in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. During the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, Distribution segment sales showed an increase of 7.3% to \$19.0 million. The Distribution sales increase reflected higher demand from core industrial customers. The growth also reflected increased rental revenue of 15% to \$1.0 million.

Our fiscal years 2019 and 2018 Distribution sales growth (decline), in relation to prior fiscal year quarter comparisons, was as follows:

	FY 2019		FY 2018			
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Distribution Sales Growth (Decline)	7.3%	(2.6%)	8.3%	6.7%	0.9%	11.4%

Distribution sales orders include orders for instruments that we routinely stock in our inventory, customized products and other products ordered less frequently, which we do not stock. Pending product shipments are primarily backorders but also include products that are requested to be calibrated in our service centers prior to shipment, orders required by the customer to be shipped complete or at a future date, and other orders awaiting final credit or management review prior to shipment.

Our total pending product shipments at the end of the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 were \$3.7 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million from the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. The following table presents our total pending product shipments and the percentage of total pending product shipments that were backorders at the end of each quarter of fiscal years 2019 and 2018:

	FY 2019		FY 2018			
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Total Pending Product Shipments	\$ 3,734	\$ 3,486	\$ 2,965	\$ 3,929	\$ 3,940	\$ 3,513
% of Pending Product Shipments that were Backorders	66.7%	70.2%	71.3%	71.4%	74.2%	69.6%

**Table of Contents****Gross Profit:**

	Second Quarter Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Gross Profit:				
Service	\$ 4,807	\$ 4,320	\$ 487	11.3%
Distribution	4,332	3,834	498	13.0%
Total	\$ 9,139	\$ 8,154	\$ 985	12.1%

Total gross profit for the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 was \$9.1 million, an increase of \$1.0 million or 12.1% versus the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. Total gross margin was 23.5% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, up from 22.7% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018, an 80 basis point expansion.

Service gross profit in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 increased \$0.5 million, or 11.3%, from the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. Service gross margin was 24.2% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, a 50 basis point increase versus the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. The Service gross margins in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018 were negatively impacted by the effects of Hurricanes Harvey and Maria. We estimated that the impact to the second quarter of fiscal year 2018 was between 20 and 40 basis points of gross margin.

The following table presents the quarterly historical trend of our Service gross margin as a percent of Service revenue:

	FY 2019			FY 2018		
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Service Gross Margin	24.2%	25.5%	28.5%	25.0%	23.7%	25.1%

Our Distribution gross margin includes net sales less the direct cost of inventory sold and the direct costs of equipment rental revenues, primarily depreciation expense for the fixed assets in our rental equipment pool, as well as the impact of rebates and cooperative advertising income we receive from vendors, freight billed to customers, freight expenses and direct shipping costs. In general, our Distribution gross margin can vary based upon the mix of products sold, price discounting, and the timing of periodic vendor rebates and cooperative advertising programs from suppliers.

The following table reflects the quarterly historical trend of our Distribution gross margin as a percent of Distribution sales:

	FY 2019			FY 2018		
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Distribution Gross Margin	22.8%	24.2%	22.6%	23.0%	21.7%	22.8%

Distribution segment gross margin was 22.8% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 versus 21.7% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018, a 110 basis point increase. The increase in gross margin was driven by the mix of products sold, the timing of certain volume-based vendor rebates, and pricing initiatives that were implemented as part of our ongoing operational excellence programs.

**Operating Expenses:**

	Second Quarter Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Operating Expenses:				
Selling, Marketing and Warehouse	\$ 4,020	\$ 4,005	\$ 15	0.4%
General and Administrative	2,943	2,691	252	9.4%
Total	\$ 6,963	\$ 6,696	\$ 267	4.0%

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Total operating expenses were \$7.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 versus \$6.7 million during the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. The year-over-year increase in operating expenses was primarily due to incremental general and administrative expenses related to our continued investment in operating infrastructure improvements and operational excellence initiatives. Total selling, marketing and warehouse expenses were flat year over year. As a percentage of total revenue, operating expenses were 17.9% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, down from 18.6% in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. We estimated that the impact of Hurricanes Harvey and Maria to the second quarter of fiscal year 2018 was between 40 and 90 basis points of operating margin.

**Provision for Income Taxes:**

	<b>Second Quarter Ended</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>September</b>	<b>September</b>		
	<b>29,</b>	<b>23,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Provision for Income Taxes	\$ 493	\$ 406	\$ 87	21.4%

Our effective tax rates for the second quarter of fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were 24.9% and 34.2%, respectively. The year-over-year decrease largely reflects the enactment of the Tax Act which was signed into law on December 22, 2017. The reduction in the tax rate also reflects the tax benefit from stock-based compensation awards. We continue to evaluate our tax provision on a quarterly basis and adjust, as deemed necessary, our effective tax rate given changes in facts and circumstances expected for the entire fiscal year. We expect our total fiscal year 2019 effective tax rate to be approximately 25.0% to 27.0%.

**Net Income:**

	<b>Second Quarter Ended</b>		<b>Change</b>	
	<b>September</b>	<b>September</b>		
	<b>29,</b>	<b>23,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Net Income	\$ 1,488	\$ 781	\$ 707	90.5%

Net income for the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 was \$1.5 million, an increase of \$0.7 million or 90.5% versus the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. The year over year increase is for the reasons stated above.

**Adjusted EBITDA:**

In addition to reporting net income, a measure under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”), we present Adjusted EBITDA (earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and non-cash stock compensation expense), which is a non-GAAP measure. Our management believes Adjusted EBITDA is an important measure of our operating performance because it allows management, investors and others to evaluate and compare the performance of our core operations from period to period by removing the impact of the capital structure (interest), tangible and intangible asset base (depreciation and amortization), taxes, and stock-based compensation expense, which is not always commensurate with the reporting period in which it is included. As such, our management uses Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of performance when evaluating our business segments and as a basis for planning and forecasting. Adjusted EBITDA is also commonly used by rating agencies, lenders and other parties to evaluate our credit worthiness.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP and is not calculated through the application of GAAP. As such, it should not be considered as a substitute or alternative for the GAAP measure of net income and, therefore, should not be used in isolation of, but in conjunction with, the GAAP measure. Adjusted EBITDA, as presented, may produce results that vary from the GAAP measure and may not be comparable to a similarly defined non-GAAP measure used by other companies.

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	Second Quarter Ended	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Net Income	\$ 1,488	\$ 781
+ Interest Expense	197	281
+ Other Expense / (Income)	(2)	(10)
+ Tax Provision	493	406
Operating Income	\$ 2,176	\$ 1,458
+ Depreciation & Amortization	1,500	1,497
+ Other (Expense) / Income	2	10
+ Noncash Stock Compensation	337	332
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 4,015	\$ 3,297

Total Adjusted EBITDA for the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 was \$4.0 million versus \$3.3 million during the second quarter of fiscal year 2018, a \$0.7 million or 21.8% increase. As a percentage of revenue, Adjusted EBITDA was 10.3% for the second quarter of fiscal year 2019 and 9.2% for the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. The difference between the fiscal year 2019 second quarter increase in Adjusted EBITDA and the increase in net income is primarily driven by the decreased non-cash stock compensation expense.

**SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 29, 2018 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 23, 2017 (dollars in thousands):****Revenue:**

	Six Months Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Revenue:				
Service	\$ 39,227	\$ 36,721	\$ 2,506	6.8%
Distribution	36,310	35,485	825	2.3%
Total	\$ 75,537	\$ 72,206	\$ 3,331	4.6%

Service revenue, which accounted for 51.9% of our total revenue during the first six months of fiscal year 2019 and 50.9% of our total revenue during the first six months of fiscal year 2018, increased \$2.5 million, or 6.8%, from the first six months of fiscal year 2018 to the first six months of fiscal year 2019. The year-over-year increase was due to increased market share in life science business and general industrial manufacturing which includes defense and aerospace markets. The year-over-year increase was driven by a combination of organic and acquisition-related growth.

Our Distribution sales accounted for 48.1% and 49.1% of our total revenue in the first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the first six months of fiscal year 2019, Distribution sales increased \$0.8 million, or 2.3%, compared to the first six months of fiscal year 2018. This year-over-year increase in sales reflects higher demand from core industrial customers and increased rental sales.

**Gross Profit:**

	Six Months Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Gross Profit:				
Service	\$ 9,726	\$ 8,956	\$ 770	8.6%
Distribution	8,526	7,889	637	8.1%
Total	\$ 18,252	\$ 16,845	\$ 1,407	8.4%

Total gross profit for the first six months of fiscal year 2019 was \$18.3 million, an increase of \$1.4 million or 8.4% versus the first six months of fiscal year 2018. Total gross margin was 24.2%, a 90 basis points increase compared to 23.3% in the first six months of fiscal year 2018.

**Table of Contents****Operating Expenses:**

	Six Months Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Operating Expenses:				
Selling, Marketing and Warehouse	\$ 8,052	\$ 8,097	\$ (45)	(0.6%)
General and Administrative	5,999	5,879	120	2.0 %
Total	\$ 14,051	\$ 13,976	\$ 75	0.5 %

Total operating expenses for the first six months of fiscal year 2019 were \$14.1 million, an increase of \$0.1 million or 0.5% versus the first six months of fiscal year 2018. The year-over-year increase in operating expenses was primarily due to incremental general and administrative expenses related to our continued investment in operating infrastructure improvements and operational excellence initiatives. The year-over-year decrease in selling, marketing and warehouse expenses is due to reduced acquisition related amortization expense. As a percentage of total revenue, operating expenses during the first six months of fiscal year 2019 were 18.6%, compared to 19.4% in the first six months of fiscal year 2018, an 80 basis point reduction.

**Provision for Income Taxes:**

	Six Months Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Provision for Income Taxes	\$ 865	\$ 689	\$ 176	25.5%

Our effective tax rates for the first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were 22.9% and 29.6%, respectively. The year-over-year decrease largely reflects the enactment of the Tax Act which was signed into law on December 22, 2017. The reduction in the tax rate also reflects the tax benefit from stock-based compensation awards. We continue to evaluate our tax provision on a quarterly basis and make adjustments, as deemed necessary, to our effective tax rate given changes in facts and circumstances expected for the entire fiscal year. We expect our total fiscal year 2019 effective tax rate to be approximately 25.0% to 27.0%.

**Net Income:**

	Six Months Ended		Change	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017	\$	%
Net Income	\$ 2,916	\$ 1,637	\$ 1,279	78.1%

Net income for the first six months of fiscal year 2019 was \$2.9 million, an increase of \$1.3 million or 78.1% versus the first six months of fiscal year 2018. The year over year increase is for the reasons stated above.

**Adjusted EBITDA:**

In addition to reporting net income, a U.S. GAAP measure, we present Adjusted EBITDA (earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and non-cash stock compensation expense), which is a non-GAAP measure. Our management believes Adjusted EBITDA is an important measure of our operating performance because it allows management, investors and others to evaluate and compare the performance of its core operations from period to period by removing the impact of the capital structure (interest), tangible and intangible asset base (depreciation and amortization), taxes, and stock-based compensation expense, which is not always commensurate with the reporting period in which it is included. As such, our management uses Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of performance when evaluating our business segments and as a basis for planning and forecasting. Adjusted EBITDA is also commonly used by rating agencies, lenders and other parties to evaluate our credit worthiness.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP and is not calculated through the application of GAAP. As such, it should not be considered as a substitute or alternative for the GAAP measure of net income and, therefore, should not be used in isolation of, but in conjunction with, the GAAP measure. Adjusted EBITDA, as presented, may produce results that vary from the GAAP measure and may not be comparable to a similarly defined non-GAAP measure used by other companies.





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	Six Months Ended	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Net Income	\$ 2,916	\$ 1,637
+ Interest Expense	403	517
+ Other Expense / (Income)	17	26
+ Tax Provision	865	689
Operating Income	\$ 4,201	\$ 2,869
+ Depreciation & Amortization	3,067	2,984
+ Other (Expense) / Income	(17)	(26)
+ Noncash Stock Compensation	606	831
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 7,857	\$ 6,658

During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, Adjusted EBITDA was \$7.9 million, an increase of \$1.2 million or 18.0% versus the first six months of fiscal year 2018. As a percentage of revenue, Adjusted EBITDA was 10.4% for the first six months of fiscal year 2019 and 9.2% for the first six months of fiscal year 2018. The difference between the increase in Adjusted EBITDA and increase in net income during the first six months of fiscal year 2019 is primarily driven by the decrease in non-cash stock compensation expense.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

On October 30, 2017, we entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which amended and restated our prior credit facility agreement. The Credit Agreement extended the term of our \$30.0 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") to October 29, 2021. As of September 29, 2018, \$30.0 million was available under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$12.3 million was outstanding and included in long-term debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Credit Agreement also increased the amount of our outstanding term loan to \$15.0 million (the "2017 Term Loan"), replacing the previous term loan. As of September 29, 2018, \$13.0 million was outstanding on the 2017 Term Loan, of which \$2.1 million was included in current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets with the remainder included in long-term debt. The 2017 Term Loan requires principal repayments of \$0.2 million per month plus interest through September 2022 with a \$4.3 million repayment required on October 29, 2022. Under the Credit Agreement, borrowings that may be used for business acquisitions are limited to \$20.0 million per fiscal year. During the second quarter of fiscal year 2019, we used \$3.6 million for a business acquisition.

The allowable leverage ratio under the Credit Agreement remains at a maximum multiple of 3.0 of total debt outstanding compared to earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and non-cash stock-based compensation expense for the preceding four consecutive fiscal quarters. The Credit Agreement provides that the trailing twelvemonth pro forma EBITDA of an acquired business is included in the allowable leverage ratio calculation. The excess funds of the 2017 Term Loan over the previous term loan were used to repay amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Credit Agreement has certain covenants with which we must comply, including a fixed charge ratio covenant and a leverage ratio covenant. We were in compliance with all loan covenants and requirements during the second quarter of fiscal year 2019. Our leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, was 1.34 at September 29, 2018, compared with 1.40 at the end of fiscal year 2018.

Interest on the Revolving Credit Facility and 2017 Term Loan continues to accrue, at our election, at either the variable one-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or a fixed rate for a designated period at the LIBOR corresponding to such period, in each case, plus a margin. Commitment fees accrue based on the average daily amount of unused credit available under the Credit Agreement. Interest rate margins and commitment fees are determined on a quarterly basis based upon our calculated leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement.

**Cash Flows:** The following table is a summary of our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

	Six Months Ended	
	September 29, 2018	September 23, 2017
Cash Provided by (Used in):		
Operating Activities	\$ 4,865	\$ 1,655
Investing Activities	\$ (7,317)	\$ (3,936)
Financing Activities	\$ 2,435	\$ 2,723

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**Operating Activities:** Net cash provided by operating activities was \$4.9 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2019 compared to \$1.7 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2018. The year-over-year increase in cash provided by operations is primarily the result of changes in net working capital (defined as current assets less current liabilities). The significant working capital fluctuations were as follows:

Receivables: Accounts receivable decreased by a net amount of \$0.6 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2019, inclusive of \$0.6 million of accounts receivable acquired as part of the assets acquired during our acquisition completed within the period. During the first six months of fiscal year 2018, accounts receivable decreased by \$0.9 million. The year-over-year variation reflects changes in the timing of collections. The following table illustrates our days sales outstanding as of September 29, 2018 and September 23, 2017:

	<b>September 29, 2018</b>	<b>September 23, 2017</b>
Net Sales, for the last two fiscal months	\$ 29,156	\$ 25,579
Accounts Receivable, net	\$ 24,053	\$ 21,144
Days Sales Outstanding	50	50

Inventory: Our inventory strategy includes making appropriate large quantity, high dollar purchases with key manufacturers for various reasons, including maximizing on-hand availability of key products, expanding the number of SKU's stocked in anticipation of customer demand, reducing backorders for products with long lead times and optimizing vendor purchase and sales volume discounts. As a result, inventory levels may vary from quarter-to-quarter based on the timing of these large orders in relation to our quarter end. Our inventory balance increased \$1.5 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2019, inclusive of \$0.2 million of inventory acquired as part of the assets acquired during our acquisition completed within the period. Inventory increased \$1.3 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2018. The year-over-year change represents timing of strategic purchases in fiscal year 2019 and the addition of used equipment inventory.

Accounts Payable: Changes in accounts payable may or may not correlate with changes in inventory balances at any given quarter end due to the timing of vendor payments for inventory, as well as the timing of payments for outsourced Service vendors and capital expenditures. Accounts payable decreased \$0.6 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2019. Accounts payable decreased \$1.7 million during the first six months of fiscal year 2018.

Accrued Compensation and Other Liabilities: Accrued compensation and other liabilities include, among other things, amounts to be paid to employees for non-equity performance-based compensation. At the end of any particular period, the amounts accrued for such compensation may vary due to many factors including, but not limited to, changes in expected performance levels, the performance measurement period, and timing of payments to employees. During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, accrued compensation and other liabilities decreased \$0.1 million, inclusive of \$1.1 million of contingent consideration and other accrued holdbacks included as part of our acquisition completed within the period. During the first six months of fiscal year 2018, accrued compensation and other liabilities decreased by \$1.5 million.

Income Taxes Payable: In any given period, net working capital may be affected by the timing and amount of income tax payments. During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, income taxes payable increased by \$0.4 million whereas in the first six months of fiscal year 2018, income taxes payable decreased by \$0.4 million. The year-over-year difference is due to timing of income tax payments.

**Investing Activities:** During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, we invested \$3.7 million in capital expenditures that was used primarily for assets for our rental business and customer driven expansion of Service segment capabilities. During the first six months of fiscal year 2018, we invested \$3.9 million in capital expenditures, primarily for expanded Service segment capabilities, specifically for our mobile calibration truck fleet and radio-frequency asset capabilities, and rental assets. During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, we used \$3.6 million for a business acquisition. During the first six months of fiscal year 2018, we had no business acquisitions.

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**Financing Activities:** During the first six months of fiscal year 2019, we received \$3.5 million in net proceeds from our Revolving Credit Facility, used \$1.1 million for repayment of our term loan, received \$0.1 million from the issuance of common stock and used \$0.1 million to repurchase shares of our common stock. During the first six months of fiscal year 2018, we received \$3.1 million in net proceeds from our Revolving Credit Facility, \$0.8 million from the issuance of stock and used \$0.7 million for repayment of our term loan and \$0.3 million to repurchase shares of our common stock. Commencing in fiscal year 2018, we revised our non-employee director performance-based compensation program such that any compensation earned under that program will be paid in Company stock awards, rather than in cash. The achievement criteria and the payment parameters (target payment of \$20,000 per non-employee director with a maximum payment of \$30,000), have not changed for fiscal year 2019.

On December 20, 2017, we filed a universal shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Under the shelf registration statement, we may from time to time in one or more future offerings, issue various types of securities up to an aggregate amount of \$50 million. We have no immediate plans to use this registration statement. The Securities and Exchange Commission declared the shelf registration statement effective on January 5, 2018.

## **OUTLOOK**

Our Company is executing well. Our Service segment, our primary growth segment, is continuing to capture market share as our quality, full service capabilities and geographic breadth address our customers' needs. Our Distribution segment continues to show strength in both top-line and margins. The integration of the Angel's business acquired in the latter part of the second quarter is on track and our pipeline of other acquisition opportunities continues to be robust. Our goal is to drive double-digit Service segment revenue growth through a blend of organic and acquired activity.

Our strengthened margin profile shows the strong operating leverage inherent in our business. We continue to capitalize on the synergies that exist between our two business segments – a component of our value proposition that we believe is unique in our industry. Looking further out, we are making early strides with our operational excellence initiatives, and believe these efforts will be more meaningful drivers of profitability in the next year or two. Operational excellence remains at the forefront of everything we do as we fortify our infrastructure with technology, people and improved processes and systems. We continue to make progress towards long-term opportunities related to driving productivity, automation and ultimately higher margins in our Service segment and throughout the whole organization.

We expect our income tax rate to range between 25% and 27% for full fiscal year 2019.

We still expect capital expenditures for the full fiscal year 2019 to be in the \$7.0 million to \$7.5 million range. Capital investments will be primarily focused on technology infrastructure to drive operational excellence and organic growth opportunities within both operating segments, and for rental pool assets.

## **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

### **INTEREST RATES**

Our exposure to changes in interest rates results from our borrowing activities. In the event interest rates were to move by 1%, our yearly interest expense would increase or decrease by approximately \$0.3 million assuming our average borrowing levels remained constant. As of September 29, 2018, \$30.0 million was available under our Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$12.3 million was outstanding and included in long-term debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. As described above under "Liquidity and Capital Resources," we also have a \$15.0 million (original principal) term loan. The term loan is considered a LIBOR loan. As of September 29, 2018, \$13.0 million was outstanding on the term loan and was included in long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The term loan requires principal repayments of \$0.2 million per month plus interest.

At our option, we borrow from our Revolving Credit Facility and 2017 Term Loan at the variable one-month LIBOR or at a fixed rate for a designated period at the LIBOR corresponding to such period, in each case, plus a margin. Our interest rate margin is determined on a quarterly basis based upon our calculated leverage ratio. As of September 29, 2018, the one-month LIBOR was 2.3%. Our interest rate for the first six months of fiscal year 2019 ranged from 3.2% to 3.6%. On September 29, 2018, we had no hedging arrangements in place to limit our exposure to upward movements in interest rates.

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**FOREIGN CURRENCY**

Approximately 90% of our total revenues for each of the first six months of fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were denominated in U.S. dollars, with the remainder denominated in Canadian dollars. A 10% change in the value of the Canadian dollar to the U.S. dollar would impact our revenue by approximately 1%. We monitor the relationship between the U.S. and Canadian currencies on a monthly basis and adjust sales prices for products and services sold in Canadian dollars as we believe to be appropriate.

We continually utilize short-term foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the risk that future earnings would be adversely affected by changes in currency exchange rates. We do not apply hedge accounting and therefore the net change in the fair value of the contracts, which totaled a loss of \$0.1 million during the first six months of each of the fiscal years 2019 and 2018, was recognized as a component of other expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The change in the fair value of the contracts is offset by the change in fair value on the underlying accounts receivables denominated in Canadian dollars being hedged. On September 29, 2018, we had a foreign exchange contract, which matured in October 2018, outstanding in the notional amount of \$4.2 million. The foreign exchange contract was renewed in October 2018 and continues to be in place. We do not use hedging arrangements for speculative purposes.

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

**Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.** Our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our principal executive officer and principal financial officer to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of such date.

**Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.** There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter covered by this quarterly report (our second fiscal quarter of fiscal year 2019) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

**Index to Exhibits**

- (31) Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
  - 31.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - 31.2\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- (32) Section 1350 Certifications
  - 32.1\* Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- (101) Interactive Data File
  - 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
  - 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
  - 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
  - 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
  - 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
  - 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\* Filed herewith

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**TRANSCAT, INC.**

Date: November 6, 2018

/s/ Lee D. Rudow  
Lee D. Rudow  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 6, 2018

/s/ Michael J. Tschiderer  
Michael J. Tschiderer  
Vice President of Finance and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)