

AMEDISYS INC
Form 10-Q
July 29, 2008
Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-24260

AMEDISYS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
5959 S. Sherwood Forest Blvd., Baton Rouge, LA 70816
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)
(225) 292-2031 or (800) 467-2662
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

11-3131700
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date, is as follows: Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 26,799,655 shares outstanding as of July 24, 2008.

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I. Financial Information

| | | |
|---------|--|----|
| Item 1. | <u>Financial Statements</u> | |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2008 (unaudited) and December 31, 2007</u> | 3 |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Income Statements for the Three and Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (unaudited)</u> | 4 |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (unaudited)</u> | 5 |
| | <u>Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)</u> | 6 |
| Item 2. | <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u> | 16 |
| Item 3. | <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u> | 26 |
| Item 4. | <u>Controls and Procedures</u> | 26 |

Part II. Other Information

| | | |
|----------|--|----|
| Item 1. | <u>Legal Proceedings</u> | 27 |
| Item 1A. | <u>Risk Factors</u> | 27 |
| Item 2. | <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u> | 28 |
| Item 3. | <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u> | 28 |
| Item 4. | <u>Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u> | 28 |
| Item 5. | <u>Other Information</u> | 29 |
| Item 6. | <u>Exhibits</u> | 30 |
| | <u>Signatures</u> | 32 |
| | <u>Index to Exhibits</u> | 33 |

Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****AMEDISYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Amounts in thousands, except share data)

| | June 30, 2008 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2007 |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,660 | \$ 56,190 |
| Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$15,957 and \$12,968 at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively | 161,864 | 96,309 |
| Prepaid expenses | 8,573 | 6,023 |
| Deferred income taxes | 1,074 | |
| Other current assets | 3,903 | 5,991 |
| Total current assets | 177,074 | 164,513 |
| Property and equipment, net | 78,504 | 68,313 |
| Goodwill | 697,545 | 332,534 |
| Intangible assets, net | 44,608 | 14,301 |
| Other assets, net | 24,719 | 7,450 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,022,450 | \$ 587,111 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 19,681 | \$ 14,438 |
| Accrued expenses | 111,978 | 66,667 |
| Obligations due Medicare | 4,631 | 2,811 |
| Current portion of long-term obligations | 42,739 | 11,049 |
| Current portion of deferred income taxes | | 6,771 |
| Total current liabilities | 179,029 | 101,736 |
| Long-term obligations, less current portion | 336,458 | 12,991 |
| Deferred income taxes | 2,902 | 18,495 |
| Other long-term obligations | 7,296 | 6,069 |
| Total liabilities | 525,685 | 139,291 |
| Commitments and Contingencies - Note 5 | | |
| Minority interests | 807 | 849 |
| Stockholders equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding | | |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized; 26,862,948 and 26,473,762 shares issued at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively; and 26,756,193 and 26,368,644 shares outstanding at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively | 27 | 26 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 310,017 | 297,802 |
| Treasury stock at cost, 106,755 and 105,118 shares of common stock held at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively | (516) | (437) |

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|--|--------------|------------|
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 12 | 10 |
| Retained earnings | 186,418 | 149,570 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 495,958 | 446,971 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 1,022,450 | \$ 587,111 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMEDISYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS**

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | For the three-month periods ended | | For the six-month periods ended | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Net service revenue | \$ 312,671 | \$ 169,457 | \$ 525,758 | \$ 323,038 |
| Cost of service, excluding depreciation and amortization | 148,754 | 79,790 | 249,522 | 151,338 |
| General and administrative expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 72,751 | 38,061 | 118,699 | 70,824 |
| Non-cash compensation | 1,268 | 800 | 2,321 | 1,531 |
| Other | 45,726 | 23,735 | 78,782 | 48,841 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5,419 | 3,030 | 9,843 | 5,771 |
| Operating expenses | 273,918 | 145,416 | 459,167 | 278,305 |
| Operating income | 38,753 | 24,041 | 66,591 | 44,733 |
| Other income (expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | 270 | 1,199 | 738 | 2,155 |
| Interest expense | (5,448) | (174) | (6,574) | (267) |
| Miscellaneous, net | 148 | (802) | 177 | (647) |
| Total other income (expense) | (5,030) | 223 | (5,659) | 1,241 |
| Income before income taxes and minority interest | 33,723 | 24,264 | 60,932 | 45,974 |
| Income tax expense | (13,337) | (9,347) | (24,109) | (17,792) |
| Minority interests | (2) | | 25 | |
| Net income | \$ 20,384 | \$ 14,917 | \$ 36,848 | \$ 28,182 |
| Net income per common share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.77 | \$ 0.58 | \$ 1.40 | \$ 1.10 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.76 | \$ 0.57 | \$ 1.38 | \$ 1.08 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 26,341 | 25,774 | 26,267 | 25,703 |
| Diluted | 26,811 | 26,196 | 26,741 | 26,119 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMEDISYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(Amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | |
|---|---|-----------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 36,848 | \$ 28,182 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9,843 | 5,771 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | 9,277 | 5,376 |
| Non-cash compensation expense | 2,321 | 1,531 |
| 401(k) employer match expense | 5,357 | 2,361 |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | 483 | 397 |
| Deferred income taxes | 6,386 | (1,212) |
| Write off of deferred debt issuance costs | 406 | |
| Minority interests | (25) | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures | (387) | |
| Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs | 419 | |
| Return on equity investment | 112 | |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net of impact of acquisitions: | | |
| (Increase) in patient accounts receivable | (30,416) | (5,329) |
| (Increase) decrease in other current assets | (484) | 5,790 |
| (Increase) decrease in other assets | (219) | 1,124 |
| (Decrease) in accounts payable | (8,237) | (4,126) |
| Increase in accrued expenses | 24,633 | 15,363 |
| Increase in other long-term obligations | 1,227 | 238 |
| (Decrease) in obligations due Medicare | | (211) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 57,544 | 55,255 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments | | 53,000 |
| Sale of deferred compensation plan assets | 600 | 697 |
| Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment | 3 | 16 |
| Deposits into restricted cash | | (1,116) |
| Purchase of deferred compensation plan assets | (1,659) | (1,873) |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (11,627) | (16,447) |
| Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired | (447,124) | (31,616) |
| Purchases of short-term investments | | (53,000) |
| Net cash (used in) investing activities | (459,807) | (50,339) |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | |
| Outstanding checks in excess of bank balance | 1,657 | |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options | 1,155 | 1,734 |
| Proceeds from issuance of stock to employee stock purchase plan | 1,688 | 1,254 |
| Tax benefit from stock option exercises | 1,645 | 764 |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations | 395,000 | |

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Issuance costs related to issuance of long-term debt | (8,124) | |
| Principal payments of long-term obligations | (45,288) | (1,548) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 347,733 | 2,204 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (54,530) | 7,120 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 56,190 | 84,221 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 1,660 | \$ 91,341 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information: | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 4,072 | \$ 194 |
| Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds received | \$ 16,848 | \$ 6,724 |
| | \$ | |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities: | | |
| Notes payable issued for acquisitions | \$ 3,499 | \$ 6,010 |
| Notes payable issued for software licenses | \$ 1,946 | \$ 5,501 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMEDISYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(Unaudited)****1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

We, a Delaware corporation, are a multi-state provider of home health and hospice services with approximately 87% of our net service revenue derived from Medicare for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008.

As of June 30, 2008, we were located in 35 states within the United States, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico with the following number of agencies. The agencies that were closed in 2008 were consolidated with agencies servicing the same areas.

| | Owned and Operated Agencies | | Managed Agencies | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
| | Home health | Hospice | Home health | Hospice |
| At December 31, 2007 | 325 | 29 | 4 | 2 |
| Acquisitions | 122 | 11 | - | - |
| Start-ups | 13 | 4 | - | - |
| Closed | (6) | - | - | - |
| At June 30, 2008 | 454 | 44 | 4 | 2 |

Basis of Presentation

In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly our financial position at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, and our results of operations and our cash flows for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Our results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results of our operations for the entire year and have not been audited by our independent auditors. Readers of this report should also refer to our consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 27, 2008.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted from the interim financial information presented. This report should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 as filed with the SEC, which includes information and disclosures not included herein.

Use of Estimates

Our accounting and reporting policies conform with GAAP in the United States. In preparing the condensed consolidated financial statements, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that impact the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications and Comparability

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods financial statements in order to conform to the current periods presentation. For instance, we have reclassified \$5.1 million and \$9.6 million from our general and administrative expenses to our cost of service for health care insurance costs and other miscellaneous expenses, which are associated with our direct care employees for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2007, respectively. Finally, as a result of our rapid growth, primarily through acquisitions including TLC Health Care Services, Inc. (TLC), operating results are not comparable for the periods that are presented.

Principles of Consolidation

These condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Amedisys, Inc. and our wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, and business combinations accounted for as purchases have been included in our condensed consolidated financial statements from their respective dates of acquisition. In addition to our wholly owned subsidiaries, we also have equity investments.

Equity Investments

We consolidate subsidiaries and/or joint ventures when the entity is a variable interest entity and we are the primary beneficiary, as defined in the Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 46R, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities* (FIN 46R). For subsidiaries or joint ventures in which we do not have a controlling interest or for which we are not the primary beneficiary as

Table of Contents

defined by FIN 46R, we record such investments as investments under the equity method of accounting. Third party equity interests in our consolidated joint ventures are reflected as minority interests in our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

We earn net service revenue through our home health and hospice agencies by providing a variety of services almost exclusively in the homes of our patients. This net service revenue is earned and billed either on an episode of care basis (60-day episode of care basis for home health services and 90-day episode of care basis for the first two hospice episodes of care and on a 60-day episode of care basis for any subsequent episodes) or on a per visit basis depending upon the reimbursement terms and conditions established with each payor for services provided. We refer to home health revenue earned and billed on a 60-day episode of care as episodic-based revenue.

Home Health Revenue Recognition

We primarily earn our net service revenue for home health services from Medicare. The remainder of our net service revenue for home health services comes from Medicaid and other insurance carriers, including Medicare Advantage programs for patients who have chosen not to be Medicare beneficiaries. The revenue earned from these other insurance carriers can either be reimbursed on episodic-based rates or per visit rates depending upon the reimbursement terms and conditions established with these payors.

Medicare Revenue

Medicare reimburses us at reimbursement rates based on the severity of the patient's condition, his or her service needs and other factors relating to the cost of providing services and supplies, bundled into 60-day episodes of home health care. An episode of home health care spans a 60-day period, starting with the first day a billable visit is furnished and ending 60 days later or upon discharge, if earlier. If a patient is still in treatment on the 60th day, an assessment is made to determine if the patient would benefit from an additional episode of care, if so, a recertification occurs and a new episode begins on the 61st day, regardless of whether a billable visit is rendered on that day and ends 60 days later. The first day of a consecutive episode, therefore, is not necessarily the new episode's first billable visit. A base episode payment is established by the Medicare Program through federal legislation for all episodes of care, as follows:

| Period | Base episode payment (1) |
|---|---------------------------------|
| January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007 | \$ 2,339 |
| January 1, 2008 (2) | 2,337 |
| January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008 (2) | 2,270 |

- (1) The actual base episode payment rates, as presented in the table, vary depending on the home health resource groups (HHRGs) to which Medicare patients are assigned; the per episode payment is typically reduced or increased by such factors as our patient's clinical, functional, and services utilization characteristics.
- (2) On August 22, 2007, CMS issued its final rule to redefine and update the Home Health Prospective Payment System (PPS) for calendar year 2008 (final rule). The final rule provides more precise coding for morbidities and the differing health characteristics of longer-stay patients by increasing the number of HHRGs from 80 to 153, accounts more accurately for the impact of rehabilitation services on resource use, and replaces the single threshold (10 visits per episode) with three thresholds (at 6, 14 and 20 visits), as well as a system based on severity between each threshold and imposed new quality of care data collection requirements, among other requirements. As it relates to the system of payment based on severity between each episode of care, the final rule has differentiated base episodic payment amounts to provide funding for care that demands more in service needs, by basing the amount paid to each home health provider on the number of consecutive number of episodes of care (recertifications) that have been provided to each patient and the number of therapy visits that have been provided in each episode of care. For instance, a patient who is in episode one or two is considered to be in an early episode and patients in episodes three or more are considered to be in late episodes. In addition to the differentiation of each episode of care as an early or late episode, the final rule also calculates the payment made by Medicare to the home health provider by considering the number of therapy visits completed within each episode of care, with different threshold ranges. Thus, if the home health provider has a census with a higher acuity mix and multiple co-morbidities that require more intensive services, then the provider could experience an increase in their revenues. On the other hand, providers who service patients with lower case mix weights and less functional impairments, who require less intensive services, could experience reduced revenue as payment is linked more closely to the comprehensive condition of the patient under the final rule.

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

As a result of the final rule changes, episodes that began prior to December 31, 2007 but concluded after January 1, 2008 were reimbursed at the base rate of \$2,337 and episodes that began or will begin on or after January 1, 2008 and conclude prior to December 31, 2008, will be reimbursed at the base rate of \$2,270.

Table of Contents

Net service revenue is recorded under the Medicare reimbursement program (PPS) based on a 60-day episode reimbursement rate that is subject to adjustment based on certain variables including, but not limited, to: (a) an outlier payment if our patient's care was unusually costly; (b) a low utilization adjustment (LUPA) if the number of visits was fewer than five; (c) a partial payment if our patient transferred to another provider or we received a patient from another provider before completing the episode; (d) a payment adjustment based upon the level of therapy services required (thresholds set at 6, 14 and 20 visits); (e) number of episodes of care provided to our patient, regardless of whether the same home health provider provided care for the entire series of episodes; (f) changes in the base episode payments established by the Medicare Program; (g) adjustments to the base episode payments for case mix, geographic wages and low utilization; and, (h) recoveries of overpayments. Prior to the implementation of the new rule, revenue was also subject to adjustment if there were significant changes in our patient's condition during the treatment period; however, this adjustment is no longer available under the new rule. Adjustments to revenue result from differences between estimated and actual reimbursement amounts, an inability to obtain appropriate billing documentation or authorizations acceptable to the payor and other reasons unrelated to credit risk.

At the end of each month, a portion of our revenue is estimated for episodes in progress based upon historical trends. As of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the difference between the funds received from Medicare for a request for anticipated payment (RAP) on episodes in progress and the associated estimated revenue was included as a reduction to our outstanding patient accounts receivable in our condensed consolidated balance sheets for such periods, since only a nominal amount represents cash collected in advance of providing services. We continuously compare the estimated reimbursement amounts recorded to the actual reimbursement received. Historically, any difference between estimated amounts recorded and actual amounts received has been immaterial. We believe, based on information available to us and based on our judgment, that changes to one or more of the factors that impact the accounting estimate for home health revenue, which are reasonably likely to occur from period to period, will not materially impact our reported financial results, our liquidity or our future financial results.

Non-Medicare Based Revenue

We earn our net service revenue for home health services through episodic-based rates or through per visit rates (non-episodic based) from Medicaid and other insurance carriers, including Medicare Advantage programs, for patients who have chosen not to be Medicare beneficiaries.

Episodic-based Revenue. We recognize revenue in a similar manner as we recognize Medicare reimbursed revenue for episodic-based rates that are reimbursed by Medicaid and other insurance carriers, including Medicare Advantage programs; however, these rates can vary based upon the terms and conditions set with these various payors.

Non-episodic Based Revenue. We receive non-episodic based revenue from other sources for home health services, which primarily consist of private insurance companies, Medicare Advantage programs and private payors. We have entered into agreements with such third party payors that provide payments, generally on a per visit basis, for services rendered at amounts different from established rates. Gross revenue is recorded on an accrual basis based upon the date of service at amounts equal to our established rates or estimated reimbursement rates, as applicable. Allowances and contractual adjustments are recorded for the difference between the established rates and the amounts estimated to be payable by third parties and are deducted from gross revenue to determine net service revenue. Net service revenue is the estimated net amounts realizable from patients, third party payors and others for services rendered. We receive a minimal amount of our net service revenue from patients who are either self-insured or are obligated for an insurance co-payment.

Hospice Revenue Recognition

We recognize net service revenue for hospice-related services based on the payor type.

Hospice Medicare Revenue

Hospice services are generally billed to Medicare on a monthly basis for all patients. Each hospice provider is subject to payment caps for inpatient days (both general and respite), which cannot exceed 20% of total days provided to all Medicare beneficiaries. The reimbursement for the excess in patient care days is limited to the reimbursement as calculated at the routine care rate of each hospice provider number. Any amounts received in excess are due back to Medicare by the hospice provider.

In addition, overall Medicare reimbursement is also subject to a cap amount calculated by the Medicare fiscal intermediary at the end of each hospice cap period to determine the maximum allowable payments per provider number. On a monthly and quarterly basis, we estimate our potential cap exposure using information available for both inpatient day limits as well as per beneficiary cap amounts. The total cap amount for each provider is calculated by multiplying the number of beneficiaries electing hospice care during the period by a statutory amount that is indexed for inflation. The per beneficiary cap amount is \$22,386 for the twelve-month period ended October 31, 2008 and \$21,410 for the

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

twelve month period ended October 31, 2007. Any amounts received in excess of the beneficiary cap must be refunded to Medicare.

We have settled all years through October 31, 2006 without exceeding any of the cap limits except for one that we have not received notification for the October 31, 2006 fiscal year, but we believe we have not exceeded such limits. For the fiscal year ended

Table of Contents

October 31, 2007, we believe that we did not exceed any of the cap limits and will have no amounts due to the fiscal intermediary with the exception of one provider for which we have currently recorded \$0.1 million in other accrued liabilities in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 for potential cap limit exposure related specifically to the October 31, 2007 cap year. For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2008, we believe that we will not materially exceed any of the cap limits, but we continue to monitor these limits as the year proceeds and as we integrate our recent acquisitions (See Note 2 for additional information on recent acquisitions).

We believe that changes to one or more of the factors that impact the accounting estimate for hospice revenue, which are reasonably likely to occur from period to period, will not materially impact our reported financial results, our liquidity or our future financial results.

Hospice Non-Medicare Revenue

We have entered into agreements with third party payors, including Medicaid, which provide payments for services rendered at amounts different from established rates for hospice services provided. Gross revenue is recorded on an accrual basis based upon the date of service at amounts equal to our established rates or estimated reimbursement rates, as applicable. Allowances and contractual adjustments are recorded for the difference between our established rates and the amounts estimated to be payable by third parties and are deducted from gross revenue to determine our net service revenue. Net service revenue is the estimated net amounts realizable from patients, third party payors, Medicaid and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements. We receive a minimal amount of our net service revenue from patients who are either self-insured or are obligated for an insurance co-payment.

Collectibility of Patient Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We report patient accounts receivable net of estimated allowances for doubtful accounts and adjustments. Patient accounts receivable are uncollateralized and primarily consist of amounts due from Medicare, other third-party payors and patients. To provide for patient accounts receivable that could become uncollectible in the future, we establish an allowance for doubtful accounts to reduce the carrying amount of such receivables to their estimated net realizable value. The allowance for doubtful accounts consists primarily of amounts due from non-Medicare home health and hospice patient accounts receivable. The credit risk to us for concentrations of receivables is limited due to the significance of Medicare as our primary payor, which represents 67% and 69% of our gross patient accounts receivable at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. We do not believe that there are any other significant concentrations of receivables from any particular payor that would subject us to any significant credit risk in the collection of our patient accounts receivable.

Medicare

Home Health

For our Medicare claims associated with our home health operations a portion of our estimated PPS reimbursement from each submitted home health episode is received in the form of a RAP. We submit a RAP for 60% of our estimated reimbursement for the initial episode at the start of care. The full amount of the episode is billed after the episode has been completed (final billed). The RAP received for that particular episode is then deducted from our final payment. If a final bill is not submitted within the greater of 120 days from the start of the episode, or 60 days from the date the RAP was paid, any RAPs received for that episode will be recouped by Medicare from any other claims in process for that particular provider number. The RAP and final claim must then be re-submitted. For any subsequent episodes of care contiguous with the first episode for a particular patient, we submit a RAP for 50% of the estimated reimbursement. For payment differences between the estimated reimbursement and the amount final billed, we estimate the impact of such payment adjustments based on our historical experience and record this estimate during the period services are rendered as a contractual adjustment to revenue. As such, we believe the amount reflected in our patient accounts receivable accurately represents the amount we will be reimbursed by Medicare.

Hospice

For our Medicare patients associated with our hospice operations, our pre-billing process includes the keying of each patient's notice of election form to ensure that we are eligible for payment from Medicare for the services that we provide to each of our patients. Once each patient has been confirmed for eligibility, we will bill monthly for all patients. To provide for our patient accounts receivable that could become uncollectible in the future, we establish an allowance for doubtful accounts to reduce the carrying amount of the receivables to their estimated net realizable value. As such, we believe the amount reflected in our patient accounts receivable accurately represents the amount we will be reimbursed by Medicare.

Table of Contents*Non-Medicare*

To provide for our patient accounts receivable that could become uncollectible in the future, we establish an allowance for doubtful accounts to reduce the carrying amount of the receivables to their estimated net realizable value. Our review and evaluation of non-Medicare accounts includes a detailed review of outstanding balances and special consideration to concentrations of receivables from particular payors or groups of payors with similar characteristics that would subject us to any significant credit risk. Where such groups have been identified, we have given special consideration to both the billing methodology and evaluation of the ultimate collectibility of the accounts. In addition, the amount of the provision for doubtful accounts is based upon our assessment of historical and expected net collections, business and economic conditions, trends in reimbursement and an evaluation of collectibility based upon the date that the service was provided. Doubtful accounts are written off when we have determined the account will not be collected. Based upon our best judgment, we believe the provision for doubtful accounts adequately provides for accounts that will not be collected.

Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding

Net income per common share, calculated on the treasury stock method, is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, shares used in our computation of the weighted-average shares outstanding, which are used to calculate our basic and diluted net income per common share (amounts in thousands):

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | |
|---|---|--------|---|--------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic | 26,341 | 25,774 | 26,267 | 25,703 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | | |
| Stock options | 331 | 339 | 339 | 338 |
| Warrants | 39 | 35 | 39 | 34 |
| Non-vested stock and stock units | 100 | 48 | 96 | 44 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding - diluted | 26,811 | 26,196 | 26,741 | 26,119 |

The following table sets forth shares that were anti-dilutive to the computation of diluted net income per common share (amounts in thousands):

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | |
|--------------------------|---|------|---|------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Anti-dilutive securities | 33 | 30 | 18 | 30 |

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 161), which provides expanded disclosure requirements for derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS 161 requires expanded disclosure including, the fair value of derivative instruments and their gains or losses in a tabular format, information about credit risk, and strategies and objectives for using derivative instruments. SFAS 161 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. SFAS 161 will only have an impact on our consolidated financial statements if we enter into any derivative or hedging activities in the future.

2. Acquisitions

Each of the following acquisitions was completed in order to pursue our strategy of achieving market presence by expanding our service base and enhancing our position in certain geographic areas as a leading provider of home health and hospice services. The purchase price of each acquisition was determined based on our analysis of, among other things, comparable acquisitions and expected cash flows. Each of the following acquisitions was accounted for as a purchase and is included in our financial statements from the respective acquisition date. Goodwill generated from the acquisitions was recognized for the excess of the purchase price over tangible and identifiable intangible assets given the expected contributions of each acquisition to our overall corporate strategy.

Table of Contents**Summary of 2008 Acquisitions**

On May 9, 2008, we acquired certain assets and certain liabilities of Health Management Associates, Inc., a home health provider with five agencies in Mississippi, South Carolina and Missouri for a total cash purchase price of \$6.7 million. In connection with the acquisition, the preliminary allocation of the purchase price primarily includes \$6.4 million in goodwill and \$0.7 million in other intangibles.

On March 26, 2008, we acquired 100% of the stock of TLC, a privately-held provider of home nursing and hospice services with 92 home health and 11 hospice agencies located in 22 states and the District of Columbia for a total purchase price of \$396.4 million (subject to certain adjustments), of which \$16.7 million was placed in escrow with \$15.8 million for indemnification purposes and working capital price adjustments and \$0.9 million for the delayed acquisition of TLC's West Virginia agencies, discussed below. As of June 30, 2008, \$3.0 million has been released from escrow and paid to the sellers under the working capital price adjustment provisions of the acquisition agreement. In addition, we incurred approximately \$1.9 million in closing costs associated with the acquisition. The purchase price was financed with cash on hand on the date of the transaction and proceeds from new indebtedness incurred by us as described in Note 6. As of June 30, 2008, we allocated the aggregate purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon a preliminary estimate of their fair values, which is subject to adjustment as we finalize our purchase accounting. We anticipate that our valuation of the related assets and liabilities will be finalized during the fourth quarter of 2008. The \$327.4 million excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired at the date of acquisition plus the closing costs incurred were allocated to goodwill, of which \$181.4 million is presently expected to be deductible for income tax purposes over approximately 15 years.

On June 20, 2008, we closed on our acquisition of the TLC West Virginia agencies, which included the assets of three home health agencies and three hospice agencies, which had been delayed due to necessary regulatory approvals associated with West Virginia Certificates of Need (CON) requirements. As a result, \$0.9 million that had been placed into escrow was released and paid to the selling stockholders.

As part of the TLC transaction, we became obligated under certain licensing agreements to allow six different unaffiliated companies to operate within designated territories utilizing our resources. The number of licensees was reduced to five following our June 1, 2008 purchase from the Indianapolis, Indiana licensee. Our resources that are utilized include, but are not limited to, our operating licenses, our trade names, our policies and procedures, our accounting and office systems and other administrative support. Under these agreements, the unaffiliated companies and we share the gross profit generated by the associated agencies, which is based on a defined formula.

We believe that the TLC acquisition provided a market presence complementary to the geographic markets that existed for our home health and hospice businesses as of the date of the acquisition. The following table summarizes, as of June 30, 2008 our estimated preliminary fair values of the TLC assets acquired and liabilities assumed on March 26, 2008 (amounts in thousands), which estimates are subject to change as we finalize our purchase accounting.

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Patient accounts receivable, net | \$ 38,754 |
| Property and equipment | 5,296 |
| Goodwill | 327,379 |
| Intangible assets | 22,200 |
| Deferred taxes | 31,809 |
| Other current assets | 50 |
| Other assets | 1,553 |
| Current liabilities | (30,675) |
| | \$ 396,366 |

The intangible assets included in the table above include a preliminary value of \$7.2 million for certificates of need, \$13.5 million for Medicare licenses and \$1.5 million for non-compete agreements. The non-compete agreements will be amortized over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years.

The following table contains pro forma condensed consolidated income statement information assuming that the TLC transaction closed on January 1, 2007, for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (amounts in thousands except per share data).

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

| | 2008 | 2007 |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|
| Net service revenue | \$ 605,972 | \$ 464,662 |
| Operating income | 75,262 | 57,975 |
| Net income | 39,334 | 30,440 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 1.50 | \$ 1.18 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 1.47 | \$ 1.17 |

Table of Contents

The pro forma disclosures in the table above include adjustments to the preacquisition, unaudited historical results of TLC for interest expense, amortization of intangible assets and amortization of deferred debt issuance costs to reflect results that are more representative of the combined results of the transaction if it had occurred on January 1, 2007. This pro forma information excludes all other acquisitions as they are not considered significant for pro forma disclosure. This pro forma information is presented for illustrative purposes only and may not be indicative of the results of operations that would have actually occurred had the TLC transaction occurred as presented. In addition, future results may vary significantly from the results reflected in the pro forma information.

On February 28, 2008, we acquired the stock of Family Home Health Care, Inc. and Comprehensive Home Healthcare Services, Inc. (HMA), a home health provider with 24 agencies in Tennessee and Kentucky for a total purchase price of \$44.3 million (\$41.0 million in cash and a promissory note of \$3.3 million). In connection with the acquisition, we have preliminary allocated the purchase price as follows: \$38.1 million in goodwill, \$5.2 million in other intangibles, \$5.7 million in patient accounts receivable, \$0.2 million in property and equipment, \$2.0 million in deferred tax liability, \$1.1 million in accounts payable and \$1.8 million in other liabilities.

On January 1, 2008, we acquired certain assets and certain liabilities of a home health agency in Carolina, Puerto Rico for a total purchase price of \$1.2 million (\$1.0 million in cash and a promissory note of \$0.2 million). In connection with the acquisition, we recorded substantially the entire purchase price as goodwill (\$1.1 million) and other intangibles (\$0.1 million).

3. Details of Certain Balance Sheet Accounts

Additional information regarding certain balance sheet accounts is presented below (amounts in thousands):

| | June 30, 2008 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2007 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Other current assets: | | |
| Payroll tax escrow | \$ 1,124 | \$ 3,113 |
| Other | 2,779 | 2,878 |
| | \$ 3,903 | \$ 5,991 |
| Property and equipment: | | |
| Land | \$ 3,159 | \$ 3,119 |
| Building and leasehold improvements | 22,093 | 21,447 |
| Equipment and furniture | 65,896 | 54,515 |
| Computer software | 17,126 | 13,998 |
| | 108,274 | 93,079 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (29,770) | (24,766) |
| | \$ 78,504 | \$ 68,313 |
| Other assets: | | |
| Workers' compensation deposits | \$ 2,542 | \$ 2,550 |
| Health insurance deposits | 940 | 801 |
| Other miscellaneous deposits | 2,106 | 967 |
| Deferred financing fees | 7,730 | 448 |
| Unconsolidated joint ventures | 7,537 | 423 |
| Other | 3,864 | 2,261 |
| | \$ 24,719 | \$ 7,450 |
| Accrued expenses: | | |
| Payroll and payroll taxes | \$ 71,472 | \$ 43,322 |
| Self insurance | 15,849 | 9,919 |

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Legal and other settlements | 2,875 | 2,375 |
| Income taxes payable | 1,653 | 2,392 |
| Other | 20,129 | 8,659 |
| | \$ 111,978 | \$ 66,667 |

Table of Contents**4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, Net**

The following table summarizes the activity related to our goodwill and our other intangible assets, net as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 (amounts in thousands):

| | Goodwill | Certificates of Need and Licenses | Other Intangible Assets, Net | | Total |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | | | Acquired Name of Business | Non-Compete Agreements (1) | |
| Balances at December 31, 2007 | \$ 332,534 | \$ 8,680 | \$ 3,300 | \$ 2,321 | \$ 14,301 |
| Additions | 374,980 | 26,304 | - | 2,097 | 28,401 |
| Adjustments related to acquisitions | (9,969) | 3,060 | - | (205) | 2,855 |
| Amortization | - | - | - | (949) | (949) |
| Balances at June 30, 2008 | \$ 697,545 | \$ 38,044 | \$ 3,300 | \$ 3,264 | \$ 44,608 |

(1) The weighted-average amortization period of our non-compete agreements is 2.0 years.

5. Commitments and Contingencies**Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in legal actions in the normal course of business, some of which seek monetary damages, including claims for punitive damages, which may not be covered by insurance. We do not believe that these actions, when finally concluded and determined, will have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Insurance

We are obligated for certain costs associated with certain of our insurance programs, including employee health, workers' compensation and professional liability. While we maintain various insurance programs to cover these risks, we are self-insured for a substantial portion of our potential claims, as described in the table below. We recognize our obligations associated with these costs in the period in which a claim is incurred, including with respect to both reported claims and claims incurred but not reported, up to specified deductible limits. These costs have generally been estimated based on historical data of our claims experience. Such estimates, and the resulting reserves, are reviewed and updated by us on a quarterly basis.

The following table presents details of our insurance programs, including amounts accrued for the periods indicated (amounts in thousands, except insurance coverage amounts) in accrued expenses in our accompanying balance sheets. The amounts accrued below represent our total estimated liability for individual claims that are less than our noted insurance coverage amounts, which can include outstanding claims and claims incurred but not reported.

| Type of Insurance | Coverage | June 30, 2008 (unaudited) | December 31, 2007 |
|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Health insurance | Retention limit of \$250,000 | \$ 6,483 | \$ 3,064 |
| Workers' Compensation | Retention limit of \$250,000 | 12,354 | 9,688 |
| Professional Liability | Retention limit of \$100,000 | 1,868 | 1,499 |

Table of Contents**6. Long-Term Obligations**

Long-term debt, including capital lease obligations, consisted of the following for the periods indicated (amounts in thousands):

| | June 30, 2008 (unaudited) | December 31, 2007 |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Senior Notes: | | |
| \$35.0 million Series A Notes; semi-annual interest only payments; interest rate at 6.07% per annum; due March 25, 2013 | \$ 35,000 | \$ - |
| \$30.0 million Series B Notes; semi-annual interest only payments; interest rate at 6.28% per annum; due March 25, 2014 | 30,000 | - |
| \$35.0 million Series C Notes; semi-annual interest only payments; interest rate at 6.49% per annum; due March 25, 2015 | 35,000 | - |
| \$150.0 million Term Loan; \$7.5 million principal payments plus accrued interest payable quarterly; interest rate at ABR Rate plus applicable percentage or Eurodollar Rate plus the applicable percentage (4.24% at June 30, 2008); due March 26, 2013 | 142,500 | - |
| \$250.0 million Revolving Credit Facility; interest only quarterly payments; interest rate at ABR Rate plus applicable percentage or Eurodollar Rate plus the applicable percentage (4.24% at June 30, 2008); due March 26, 2013 | 112,500 | - |
| Promissory notes | 23,898 | 23,645 |
| Capital leases | 299 | 395 |
| | 379,197 | 24,040 |
| Current portion of long-term obligations | (42,739) | (11,049) |
| Total | \$ 336,458 | \$ 12,991 |

Senior Notes, Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility

In connection with our March 2008 acquisition of TLC, we incurred additional indebtedness by (i) issuing \$100.0 million in senior notes and (ii) entering into a \$400.0 million credit agreement that provided for a \$150.0 million term loan and a \$250.0 million revolving credit facility, all of which are described in detail below. See Note 2 for more information regarding the TLC acquisition.

On March 25, 2008, we entered into a new \$100.0 million Note Purchase Agreement (the *Note Purchase Agreement*), pursuant to which we issued and sold on March 26, 2008, three series of Senior Notes (the *Senior Notes*) in an aggregate principal amount of \$100.0 million. Interest on the Senior Notes is payable at the prescribed rates semi-annually on March 25 and September 25 of each year beginning September 25, 2008. The Senior Notes are unsecured, but are guaranteed by all of our material subsidiaries.

On March 26, 2008, we entered into a new \$400.0 million Credit Agreement (the *Credit Agreement*), which consists of: (i) a \$150.0 million, five-year Term Loan (the *Term Loan*) and (ii) a \$250.0 million, five-year Revolving Credit Facility (the *Revolving Credit Facility*). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for and includes within its \$250.0 million limit a \$15.0 million swingline facility and commitments for up to \$25.0 million in letters of credit. The Revolving Credit Facility may be utilized by us to provide ongoing working capital and for other general corporate purposes. The Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility are unsecured, but are guaranteed by all of our material subsidiaries.

The proceeds of the Term Loan, our initial draw of \$145.0 million under the Revolving Credit Facility, and the proceeds from the issuance of the Senior Notes were utilized by us (a) to fund the purchase price of the TLC acquisition; (b) pay transaction and other expenses associated with the TLC acquisition and the closings contemplated by the Credit Agreement and the Note Purchase Agreement; and (c) for other general corporate purposes. In addition, in connection with the new debt, we recorded \$8.1 million in deferred debt issuance costs as other assets in our condensed consolidated balance sheet, which are being amortized over the term of the debt.

The Term Loan is repayable in 20 equal quarterly installments of \$7.5 million plus accrued interest beginning on June 30, 2008, with any remaining balance due at maturity on March 26, 2013. Upon occurrence of certain events, including our issuance of capital stock if our leverage ratio at that time is equal to or in excess of 2.50 and certain asset sales by us where the cash proceeds are not reinvested within a specified time period, mandatory prepayments are required in the amounts specified in the Credit Agreement and Note Purchase Agreement. Mandatory

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

prepayments are paid ratably to the lenders under the Credit Agreement and the holders of Senior Notes, based upon the respective indebtedness outstanding. Amounts paid to the lenders under the Credit Agreement are applied first to the Term Loan, with excess, if any, applied to amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility, without reduction in the commitments to make revolving loans under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Table of Contents

Borrowings under the Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility, which are not within the swingline facility or letters of credit, are subject to classification as either ABR loans or Eurodollar rate (i.e. LIBOR) loans, as selected by us. Outstanding principal balances of ABR loans are subject to an interest rate based on the ABR Rate, which is set as the greater of the Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50% per annum plus an applicable margin, and outstanding principal balances of Eurodollar rate loans are subject to an interest rate as determined by reference to the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin since the inception of the debt through June 30, 2008 was set at 1.75% per the terms of the credit agreement and all subsequent quarters are determined based upon our total leverage ratio as presented in the table below for both the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility. Overdue amounts bear interest at 2% per annum above the applicable rate. We are also subject to a commitment fee under the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility, payable quarterly in arrears, as presented in the table below.

| | Margin for | Margin for | Commitment |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| Total Leverage Ratio | ABR Loans | Eurodollar Loans | Fee |
| ≥ 3.00 | 1.00% | 2.00% | 0.40% |
| < 3.00 and ≥ 2.50 | 0.75% | 1.75% | 0.35% |
| < 2.50 and ≥ 2.00 | 0.50% | 1.50% | 0.30% |
| < 2.00 and ≥ 1.50 | 0.25% | 1.25% | 0.25% |
| < 1.50 and ≥ 1.00 | 0.00% | 1.00% | 0.20% |
| < 1.00 | 0.00% | 0.75% | 0.15% |

As of June 30, 2008, our weighted-average interest rate for the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility were 4.40% and 4.49% for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, respectively.

The Credit Agreement and the Note Purchase Agreement require us to meet two financial covenants which are calculated on a rolling four quarter basis. One is a total leverage ratio of the debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) and the second is a fixed charge coverage ratio of adjusted EBITDA plus rent expense to certain fixed charges (i.e. interest expense, required principal payments, capital expenditures, etc). The Credit Agreement also contains customary covenants, including, but not limited to, restrictions on (a) incurrence of liens; (b) incurrence of additional debt; (c) sales of assets or other fundamental corporate changes; (d) investments; (e) declarations of dividends; and (f) capital expenditures. These covenants contain customary exclusions and baskets. As of June 30, 2008, our total leverage ratio was 2.05 and our fixed ratio was 2.71 and we were in compliance with the covenants in the Credit Agreement and the Note Purchase Agreement.

In connection with the new credit facilities described above, we terminated our existing \$100.0 million three-year, Revolving Credit Agreement that we had entered into on October 24, 2007 and expensed \$0.4 million of unamortized deferred debt issuance costs during the six-month period ended June 30, 2008.

Promissory Notes

Our promissory notes outstanding as of June 30, 2008 were generally issued for three-year periods, range in amounts between \$0.2 million and \$9.9 million and bear interest in a range of 3.83% to 10.25%. These promissory notes include notes issued in conjunction with our acquisitions for a portion of the purchase price.

Capital Leases

We have acquired certain equipment under capital leases for which the related liabilities have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments due under the leases.

Table of Contents

SPECIAL CAUTION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

When included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or in information incorporated by reference, words like believes, belief, expects, plans, anticipates, intends, projects, estimates, may, might, would and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements involve a variety of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected therein. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions, changes in or failure to comply with existing regulations or the inability to comply with new government regulations on a timely basis, changes in Medicare and other medical reimbursement levels, our ability to complete acquisitions we announce from time to time, and any financing related thereto, our ability to meet debt service requirements, comply with covenants in debt agreements, adverse changes in federal and state laws relating to the health care industry, demographic changes, availability and terms of capital, our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, ongoing development and success of new start-ups, our ability to successfully integrate newly acquired agencies, changes in estimates and judgments associated with critical accounting policies and business disruption due to natural disasters or acts of terrorism, and various other matters, many of which are beyond our control.

Because forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified, you should not rely on any forward-looking statement as a prediction of future events. We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking and we do not intend to release publicly any updates or changes in our expectations concerning the forward-looking statements or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances upon which any forward-looking statement may be based. For a discussion of some of the factors discussed above as well as additional factors, see (a) Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and (b) our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 27, 2008, particularly Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors therein, which are incorporated herein by reference.

Unless otherwise provided, Amedisys, we, us, our and the Company refer to Amedisys, Inc. and our consolidated subsidiaries.

A copy of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 as filed with the SEC, including all exhibits, is available on our internet website at <http://www.amedisys.com> on the Investors page under the SEC Filings link.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis provides information we believe is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our results of operations and financial condition for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included herein, the consolidated financial statements and notes and the related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the SEC on February 27, 2008, which are incorporated herein by this reference.

OVERVIEW

We are a leading provider of high-quality, low-cost home health services to the chronic, co-morbid, aging American population. The services that we provide on a multi-state basis include both home health and hospice services with over 14,400 employees and approximately 87% of our revenue derived from Medicare. As of June 30, 2008, we owned and operated 454 Medicare-certified home health agencies and 44 Medicare-certified hospice agencies in 35 states throughout the United States, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. Our typical home health patient is Medicare eligible, 80 to 84 years old, takes approximately nine different medications on a daily basis and has multiple co-morbidities. For our home health patients, we typically receive a 60-day episodic-based payment from Medicare. This payment can vary and depends on the type of care provided, level of acuity and amount of intensive services required. Some patients require one episode of care to stabilize, while others require multiple episodes of care based on the acuity of their condition. Our care for each home health patient focuses on improving their quality of life by evaluating the health condition of each patient; developing a doctor approved plan of care to achieve certain goals for each individual patient, which can be followed up with additional paid episodes of care, if deemed necessary; and educating each patient on how to either maintain or continue to improve upon their health on an ongoing basis after they leave our care.

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

Through our home health agencies, we deliver a wide range of services in the homes of individuals who may be recovering from surgery, have a chronic disability or terminal illness or need assistance with the essential activities of daily living. The services we provide include skilled nursing and home health aide services; physical, occupational and speech therapy; and medically oriented social work to eligible individuals who require ongoing care that cannot be provided effectively by family and friends. In addition, we have developed and offer clinically focused programs for high cost chronic conditions and various diseases, such as diabetes, coronary artery disease, congestive heart failure, complex wound care, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, geriatric surgical recovery, behavioral health, and stroke recovery, as well as various rehabilitative programs. In each case, we focus on improving the functional

Table of Contents

ability of our geriatric population and enhancing patient self-management through compliance tracking and behavioral modification. As an organization, we continue to focus on enhancing the delivery of services to geriatric patients with chronic co-morbid conditions. We believe our services are attractive to payors and physicians because we combine clinical quality with cost-effectiveness; we provide clinical consistencies in the care we provide in each of our agencies; and we are accessible 24 hours a day, seven days a week to answer our patients' questions and to provide for their medical needs with such services as our Encore nurse call center.

Through our hospice agencies, we provide palliative care and comfort to terminally ill patients and their families. We provide hospice services to each patient using an interdisciplinary care team comprised of a physician, a patient care manager, registered nurses, certified home health aides, social workers, a chaplain, a homemaker and specially trained volunteers. This team then collectively assesses the clinical, psychosocial and spiritual needs of the patients and their families and manages that care accordingly. Although we expect Medicare home health to remain our primary focus over the near and intermediate term, we believe home health and hospice are complementary services and we expect to continue to expand our home health and hospice networks through acquisitions and start-up activities.

Recent Developments

Acquisitions

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, we acquired 8 and 122 home health agencies and 3 and 11 hospice agencies, respectively. Of these acquisitions, 92 home health agencies and 11 hospice agencies were acquired through our TLC Health Care Services, Inc (TLC) acquisition.

To date, we have completed the conversion of approximately 50% of acquired TLC agencies to our Point of Care network and we anticipate completing the conversion of the remaining agencies during the fourth quarter. In addition, we have closed one of four regional billing centers and the payroll and accounts payable departments have been transitioned, with other corporate departments in various stages of the transition.

Reimbursement

On May 28, 2008 the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) announced the hospice cap limit for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2008 increased to \$22,386 as compared to \$21,410 for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2007.

On April 28, 2008, CMS posted a Proposed Rule that would update and revise the Medicare hospice wage index for fiscal year 2009. The Proposed Rule includes a phase out of the Medicare hospice budget neutrality adjustment over three years and clarifies wage index issues pertaining to the definition of rural and urban areas and to multi-campus hospital facilities. The Proposed Rule is open for public comment for a period of 60 days from the date of the release and CMS is expected to release the final fiscal year 2009 Hospice Wage Index rule before October 1, 2008.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our operating results may not be comparable for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 as compared to the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2007, primarily as a result of our acquisitions and start-up agencies. When we refer to base business, we mean home health and hospice agencies that we have operated for at least the last twelve months; when we refer to acquisitions, we mean home health and hospice agencies that we acquired within the last twelve months; and when we refer to start-ups, we mean any new location opened by us in the last twelve months. Once an agency location has been in operation for a twelve month period, the results for that particular agency are included as part of our base business from that date forward. When we refer to our internal episodic-based revenue growth or internal episodic-based admission growth, we mean the percentage increase in our total episodic-based revenue or admissions of our base and start-up agencies in the current period, as compared to our total episodic-based revenue or admissions from the prior period, respectively. When we refer to episodic-based revenue or admissions, we mean revenue or admissions of payors that reimburse on an episodic-basis, which include Medicare and other insurance carriers, including Medicare Advantage programs.

As indicated in the risk factors incorporated or set forth herein, reductions to Medicare rates and/or changes in Medicare reimbursement methodology could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations.

Three-Month Period Ended June 30, 2008 Compared to the Three-Month Period Ended June 30, 2007

Net Service Revenue

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

We are dependent on Medicare for a significant portion of our revenue. Approximately 87% and 89% of our net service revenue was derived from Medicare for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Table of Contents

The following table summarizes our net service revenue growth (amounts in millions):

| | For the three-month period ended June 30, 2008 | | | For the three-month |
|--|--|--------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| | Base/Start-ups | Acquisitions | Total | period ended June 30, 2007 |
| Home health revenue: | | | | |
| Medicare revenue | \$ 177.7 | \$ 77.4 | \$ 255.1 | \$ 141.8 |
| Non-Medicare, episodic-based revenue | 16.1 | 5.0 | 21.1 | 10.2 |
| Total episodic-based revenue | 193.8 | 82.4 | 276.2 | 152.0 |
| Non-Medicare revenue | 7.1 | 11.5 | 18.6 | 7.3 |
| | 200.9 | 93.9 | 294.8 | 159.3 |
| Hospice revenue: | | | | |
| Medicare revenue | 10.1 | 6.4 | 16.5 | 9.3 |
| Non-Medicare revenue | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 0.9 |
| | 11.0 | 6.9 | 17.9 | 10.2 |
| Total revenue: | | | | |
| Medicare revenue | 187.8 | 83.8 | 271.6 | 151.1 |
| Non-Medicare revenue | 24.1 | 17.0 | 41.1 | 18.4 |
| | \$ 211.9 | \$ 100.8 | \$ 312.7 | \$ 169.5 |
| Internal episodic-based revenue growth | | | 28% | 27% |

Our net service revenue increased \$143.2 million from 2007 to 2008. The increase is comprised of \$100.8 million in acquisition revenue and \$42.4 million related to our base/start-up locations. The \$42.4 million increase was primarily related to an increase in our admissions and recertifications and an increase in our average Medicare revenue per completed episode from 2007 to 2008 from \$2,671 per completed Medicare episode to \$2,852. The increase in our average Medicare revenue per completed episode was primarily due to the inclusion of the results of TLC with ours [TLC has historically had higher average Medicare revenue per completed episode primarily due to its presence in higher wage index areas in the country compared to us (i.e. the Western and Northeastern part of the United States)]; and the expansion of our specialty divisions.

The following table summarizes our growth in total home health patient admissions:

| | For the three-month period ended June 30, 2008 | | | For the three-month |
|------------------------------|--|--------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| | Base/Start-ups | Acquisitions | Total | period ended June 30, 2007 |
| Admissions: | | | | |
| Medicare | 31,967 | 16,778 | 48,745 | 29,293 |
| Non-Medicare, episodic-based | 3,550 | 1,266 | 4,816 | 2,083 |
| Total episodic-based | 35,517 | 18,044 | 53,561 | 31,376 |
| Non-Medicare | 5,107 | 4,758 | 9,865 | 5,374 |
| | 40,624 | 22,802 | 63,426 | 36,750 |

| | | |
|--|-----|-----|
| Internal episodic-based admission growth | 13% | 13% |
|--|-----|-----|

Cost of Service, excluding Depreciation and Amortization

Effective January 1, 2008, we have reclassified certain costs (primarily health care insurance) from our general and administrative expenses to our cost of service. As a result, our cost of service consists of the following expenses incurred by our clinical and clerical personnel in our agencies:

salaries and related benefits (including health care insurance and workers' compensation);

transportation expenses (primarily reimbursed mileage at a standard rate); and

supplies and services expenses (including payments to contract therapists).

Table of Contents

As a result of this reclassification, we have conformed the prior period results to the current year presentation and thus have reclassified \$5.1 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2007 from general and administrative expenses to cost of service. We expect our general and administrative expenses to decrease as a percentage of our net service revenue as a result of such changes, both historically and into future periods.

The following summarizes our visit and cost per visit information:

| | For the three-month period ended June 30, 2008 | | | For the three-month |
|---|--|--------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | Base/Start-ups | Acquisitions | Total | period ended June 30, 2007 |
| Cost of service (amounts in millions): | | | | |
| Home health | \$ 88.1 | \$ 50.6 | \$ 138.7 | \$ 73.4 |
| Hospice | 6.9 | 3.2 | 10.1 | 6.4 |
| | \$ 95.0 | \$ 53.8 | \$ 148.8 | \$ 79.8 |
| Home health: | | | | |
| Visits during the period: | | | | |
| Medicare | 1,062,101 | 478,896 | 1,540,997 | 888,178 |
| Non-Medicare, episodic-based | 95,540 | 28,362 | 123,902 | 59,916 |
| Total episodic-based | 1,157,641 | 507,258 | 1,664,899 | 948,094 |
| Non-Medicare | 90,921 | 96,443 | 187,364 | 100,914 |
| | 1,248,562 | 603,701 | 1,852,263 | 1,049,008 |
| Home health cost per visit (1) | \$ 70.62 | \$ 83.79 | \$ 74.91 | \$ 70.01 |

(1) We calculate home health cost per visit as home health cost of service divided by total home health visits during the period. Of the \$69.0 million increase in cost of service, \$15.2 million is related to increased costs in our base business, inclusive of start-ups and \$53.8 million is related to acquisitions. The \$15.2 million increase in base business expenses consisted primarily of \$15.1 million related to salaries, taxes and benefits and \$0.1 million related to travel and training. Typically, acquired locations take up to 18 to 24 months to reach the labor efficiencies of existing operations.

General and Administrative Expenses, Depreciation and Amortization and Other Income (Expense), net

The following table summarizes our general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization expense and other income (expense), net (amounts in millions):

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| General and administrative expenses: | | |
| Salaries and benefits | \$ 72.8 | \$ 38.1 |
| Non-cash compensation | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| Other | 45.7 | 23.7 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5.4 | 3.0 |
| Other income (expense), net | (5.0) | 0.2 |

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

Salaries and benefits increased \$34.7 million due primarily to increased personnel costs related to our field administrative staff necessitated by our internal growth and acquisitions. Of the \$34.7 million increase, \$1.4 million is related to certain severance costs associated with the acquisition of TLC.

Other general and administrative expenses increased \$22.0 million, which consisted primarily of a \$12.5 million increase as the result of our acquisition and start-up activities and \$9.5 million increase in our base business expenses. Of the \$9.5 million increase, \$6.3 million relates to an increase in our corporate office expenses, which were necessitated by our continued development of our corporate infrastructure and \$1.3 is million primarily related to certain costs associated with the conversion of the acquired TLC agencies to our operating systems including our Point of Care network.

Table of Contents**Income Tax Expense**

The following table summarizes our income tax expense and estimated income tax rate (amounts in millions, except for estimated income tax rate):

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | |
|--|---|---------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Income before income taxes and minority interest | \$ 33.7 | \$ 24.3 |
| Income tax (expense) | (13.3) | (9.3) |
| Estimated income tax rate | 39.6% | 38.5% |

The increase in income tax expense of \$4.0 million is attributable to an increase in income before income taxes and minority interests and an increase in the estimated income tax rate. The increase in the estimated income tax rate is primarily attributable to the expiration of Hurricane Katrina Employment credits in August 2007.

Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2008 Compared to the Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2007**Net Service Revenue**

Approximately 87% and 90% of our net service revenue was derived from Medicare for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The following table summarizes our net service revenue growth (amounts in millions):

| | For the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 | | | For the six-month period ended June 30, 2007 |
|--|--|--------------|----------|--|
| | Base/Start-ups | Acquisitions | Total | |
| Home health revenue: | | | | |
| Medicare revenue | \$ 336.8 | \$ 93.6 | \$ 430.4 | \$ 272.5 |
| Non-Medicare, episodic-based revenue | 29.4 | 6.6 | 36.0 | 15.8 |
| Total episodic-based revenue | 366.2 | 100.2 | 466.4 | 288.3 |
| Non-Medicare revenue | 13.6 | 15.0 | 28.6 | 14.8 |
| | 379.8 | 115.2 | 495.0 | 303.1 |
| Hospice revenue: | | | | |
| Medicare revenue | 19.6 | 9.0 | 28.6 | 18.2 |
| Non-Medicare revenue | 1.5 | 0.7 | 2.2 | 1.7 |
| | 21.1 | 9.7 | 30.8 | 19.9 |
| Total revenue: | | | | |
| Medicare revenue | 356.4 | 102.6 | 459.0 | 290.7 |
| Non-Medicare revenue | 44.5 | 22.3 | 66.8 | 32.3 |
| | \$ 400.9 | \$ 124.9 | \$ 525.8 | \$ 323.0 |
| Internal episodic-based revenue growth | | | 27% | 24% |

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

Our net service revenue increased \$202.8 million from 2007 to 2008. The increase is comprised of \$124.9 million in acquisition revenue and \$77.9 million related to our base/start-up locations. The \$77.9 million increase was primarily related to an increase in our admissions and recertifications and an increase in our average Medicare revenue per completed episode from 2007 to 2008 from \$2,658 per completed Medicare episode to \$2,782. The increase in our average Medicare revenue per completed episode was primarily due to the inclusion of the results of TLC with ours [TLC has historically had higher average Medicare revenue per completed episode primarily due to its presence in higher wage index areas in the country compared to us (i.e. the Western and Northeastern part of the United States)]; and the expansion of our specialty divisions.

Table of Contents

The following table summarizes our growth in total home health patient admissions:

| | For the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 | | | For the six-month |
|--|--|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| | Base/Start-ups | Acquisitions | Total | period ended June 30, 2007 |
| Admissions: | | | | |
| Medicare | 62,328 | 21,297 | 83,625 | 58,593 |
| Non-Medicare, episodic-based | 6,908 | 1,887 | 8,795 | 4,382 |
| Total episodic-based | 69,236 | 23,184 | 92,420 | 62,975 |
| Non-Medicare | 9,620 | 6,392 | 16,012 | 10,773 |
| | 78,856 | 29,576 | 108,432 | 73,748 |
| Internal episodic-based admission growth | | | 10% | 14% |

Cost of Service, excluding Depreciation and Amortization

As a result of the reclassification discussed above, we have conformed the prior period results to the current year presentation and thus have reclassified \$9.6 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007 from general and administrative expenses to cost of service.

The following summarizes our visit and cost per visit information:

| | For the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 | | | For the six-month |
|---|--|--------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | Base/Start-ups | Acquisitions | Total | period ended June 30, 2007 |
| Cost of service (amounts in millions): | | | | |
| Home health | \$ 168.0 | \$ 63.2 | \$ 231.2 | \$ 138.8 |
| Hospice | 13.3 | 5.0 | 18.3 | 12.5 |
| | \$ 181.3 | \$ 68.2 | \$ 249.5 | \$ 151.3 |
| Home health: | | | | |
| Visits during the period: | | | | |
| Medicare | 2,052,191 | 572,116 | 2,624,307 | 1,738,027 |
| Non-Medicare, episodic-based | 177,403 | 37,375 | 214,778 | 90,835 |
| Total episodic-based | 2,229,594 | 609,491 | 2,839,085 | 1,828,862 |
| Non-Medicare | 169,553 | 124,582 | 294,135 | 192,321 |
| | 2,399,147 | 734,073 | 3,133,220 | 2,021,183 |
| Home health cost per visit (1) | \$ 70.02 | \$ 86.19 | \$ 73.81 | \$ 68.72 |

(1) We calculate home health cost per visit as home health cost of service divided by total home health visits during the period.

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

Of the \$98.2 million increase in cost of service, \$30.0 million is related to increased costs in our base business, inclusive of start-ups and \$68.2 million is related to acquisitions. The \$30.0 million increase in base business expenses consisted primarily of \$29.2 million related to salaries, taxes and benefits and \$0.8 million related to travel and training. Typically, acquired locations take up to 18 to 24 months to reach the labor efficiencies of existing operations.

Table of Contents**General and Administrative Expenses, Depreciation and Amortization and Other Income (Expense), net**

The following table summarizes our general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization expense and other income (expense), net (amounts in millions):

| | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| General and administrative expenses: | | |
| Salaries and benefits | \$ 118.7 | \$ 70.8 |
| Non-cash compensation | 2.3 | 1.5 |
| Other | 78.8 | 48.8 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9.8 | 5.8 |
| Other income (expense), net | (5.7) | 1.2 |

Salaries and benefits increased \$47.9 million due primarily to increased personnel costs related to our field administrative staff necessitated by our internal growth and acquisitions. Of the \$47.9 million increase, \$1.4 million is related to certain severance costs associated with the acquisition of TLC.

Other general and administrative expenses increased \$30.0 million, which consisted primarily of a \$18.6 million increase as the result of our acquisition and start-up activities and \$11.4 million increase in our base business expenses. Of the \$11.4 million increase, \$9.7 million relates to an increase in our corporate office expenses, which were necessitated by our continued development of our corporate infrastructure and \$1.3 million is primarily related to certain costs associated with the conversion of the acquired TLC agencies to our operating systems including our Point of Care network.

Income Tax Expense

The following table summarizes our income tax expense and estimated income tax rate (amounts in millions, except for estimated income tax rate):

| | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | |
|--|---|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Income before income taxes and minority interest | \$ 60.9 | \$ 46.0 |
| Income tax (expense) | (24.1) | (17.8) |
| Estimated income tax rate | 39.6% | 38.7% |

The increase in income tax expense of \$6.3 million is attributable to an increase in income before income taxes and minority interests and an increase in the estimated income tax rate. The increase in the estimated income tax rate is primarily attributable to the expiration of Hurricane Katrina Employment credits in August 2007.

Table of Contents**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES*****Cash Flows for Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2008 compared to the Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2007***

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods indicated (amounts in millions):

| | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | |
|--|---|---------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Cash provided by operating activities | \$ 57.6 | \$ 55.2 |
| Cash (used in) investing activities | (459.8) | (50.3) |
| Cash provided by financing activities | 347.7 | 2.2 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (54.5) | 7.1 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 56.2 | 84.2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 1.7 | \$ 91.3 |

Operating cash flows increased \$2.4 million during the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, primarily as a result of the following:

a \$8.7 million increase in net income; a \$4.1 million increase in depreciation and amortization; a \$3.9 million increase in our provision for doubtful accounts; a \$3.0 million increase in our 401(k) employer match expense; and a \$7.6 million increase in deferred income taxes; which was

partially offset by a \$25.1 million increase in our outstanding patient accounts receivable. Our outstanding patient accounts receivable increased primarily as a result of our net service revenue.

Investing cash outflows increased \$409.5 million during the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, primarily due to our acquisitions of TLC and Family Home Health Care, Inc. and Comprehensive Home Healthcare Services, Inc. (HMA) (See Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to our acquisitions).

Financing cash flows increased \$345.5 million during the six month period ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, primarily due to the proceeds related to our new \$150.0 million Term Loan, an initial draw of \$145.0 million under our new \$250.0 million Revolving Credit Facility and the proceeds from our issuance of \$100.0 million in Senior Notes, which were used for the funding of the TLC acquisition, as well as other items as detailed below in Indebtedness. This was partially offset by \$8.1 million in deferred debt issuance costs incurred as part of the TLC acquisition and a \$43.7 million increase in principal payments of our long-term obligations (See Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to our acquisitions).

Liquidity

Typically, our principal source of liquidity is the collection of our patient accounts receivable, primarily through the Medicare program; however, from time to time, we can and do obtain additional sources of liquidity through sales of our equity or by occurrence of additional indebtedness. As of June 30, 2008, we had \$1.7 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$250.0 million of availability for the issuance of any combination of preferred and common stock, if needed, under our effective shelf registration statement, and \$137.5 million in availability under our \$250.0 million Revolving Credit Facility. We believe we are in compliance with all of the financial covenants of our recently issued debt.

In addition, due primarily to the acquisitions that occurred during the first quarter of 2008 and prior periods, we completed the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 with \$379.2 million in indebtedness, which consisted of \$142.5 million outstanding under our Term Loan, \$112.5 million outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility (with \$9.2 million in outstanding letters of credit, primarily related to workers' compensation insurance), \$100.0 million outstanding under our Senior Notes, \$23.9 million outstanding under our promissory notes (primarily related to

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

acquisitions) and \$0.3 million under our outstanding capital leases.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, we made \$11.6 million in capital expenditures, of which \$6.0 million was considered routine and \$5.6 million related to the deployment of our point of care system to our recently acquired agencies. For the remainder of 2008, we anticipate spending approximately \$2.8 million for the completion of our deployment of our point of care system to recently acquired agencies and \$8.6 million for routine capital expenditures.

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

Based on our operating forecasts and our debt service requirements (described below in Indebtedness), we believe we will have sufficient liquidity to fund our operations, capital requirements and debt service requirements over the next twelve months. However, our liquidity is dependent upon a number of factors influencing forecasts of earnings and operating cash flows. These factors include patient growth, attaining expected results from acquisitions including our integration efforts, our ability to manage our operations based upon certain staffing formulas and certain assumptions of our reimbursement by Medicare. Our reimbursement by Medicare is subject to a number of factors including, but not limited to, recommendations made by the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission

Table of Contents

(MedPAC) to the United States Congress (Congress), legislation changes made by Congress that directly impact the reimbursement rates paid by Medicare, or changes made by CMS. We continually monitor regulatory and reimbursement changes proposed and made to the Medicare reimbursement methodology to properly plan and manage our current and future liquidity needs. In addition, we have certain other contingencies and reserves, including litigation reserves, recorded as liabilities in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets that we may be required to pay in cash in the near future.

Indebtedness

Senior Notes, Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility

In connection with our March 2008 acquisition of TLC, we incurred additional indebtedness by (i) issuing \$100.0 million in senior notes and (ii) entering into a \$400.0 million credit agreement that provided for a \$150.0 million term loan and a \$250.0 million revolving credit facility, all of which are described in detail below.

On March 25, 2008, we entered into a new \$100.0 million Note Purchase Agreement (the Note Purchase Agreement), pursuant to which we issued and sold on March 26, 2008, three series of Senior Notes (the Senior Notes) in an aggregate principal amount of \$100.0 million. Interest on the Senior Notes is payable at the prescribed rates semi-annually on March 25 and September 25 of each year beginning September 25, 2008. The Senior Notes are unsecured, but are guaranteed by all of our material subsidiaries.

On March 26, 2008, we entered into a new \$400.0 million Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement), which consists of: (i) a \$150.0 million, five-year Term Loan (the Term Loan) and (ii) a \$250.0 million, five-year Revolving Credit Facility (the Revolving Credit Facility). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for and includes within its \$250.0 million limit a \$15.0 million swingline facility and commitments for up to \$25.0 million in letters of credit. The Revolving Credit Facility may be utilized by us to provide ongoing working capital and for other general corporate purposes. The Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility are unsecured, but are guaranteed by all of our material subsidiaries.

The proceeds of the Term Loan, our initial draw of \$145.0 million under the Revolving Credit Facility, and the proceeds from the issuance of the Senior Notes were utilized by us (a) to fund the purchase price of the TLC acquisition; (b) pay transaction and other expenses associated with the TLC acquisition and the closings contemplated by the Credit Agreement and the Note Purchase Agreement; and (c) for other general corporate purposes.

The Term Loan is repayable in 20 equal quarterly installments of \$7.5 million plus accrued interest beginning on June 30, 2008, with any remaining balance due at maturity on March 26, 2013. Upon occurrence of certain events, including our issuance of capital stock if our leverage ratio at that time is equal to or in excess of 2.50 and certain asset sales by us where the cash proceeds are not reinvested within a specified time period, mandatory prepayments are required in the amounts specified in the Credit Agreement and Note Purchase Agreement. Mandatory prepayments are paid ratably to the lenders under the Credit Agreement and the holders of Senior Notes, based upon the respective indebtedness outstanding. Amounts paid to the lenders under the Credit Agreement are applied first to the Term Loan, with excess, if any, applied to amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility, without reduction in the commitments to make revolving loans under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Borrowings under the Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility, which are not within the swingline facility or letters of credit, are subject to classification as either ABR loans or Eurodollar rate (i.e. LIBOR) loans, as selected by us. Outstanding principal balances of ABR loans are subject to an interest rate based on the ABR Rate, which is set as the greater of the Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50% per annum plus an applicable margin, and outstanding principal balances of Eurodollar rate loans are subject to an interest rate as determined by reference to the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin since the inception of the debt through June 30, 2008 was set at 1.75% per the terms of the credit agreement and all subsequent quarters are determined based upon our total leverage ratio as presented in the table below for both the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility. Overdue amounts bear interest at 2% per annum above the applicable rate. We are also subject to a commitment fee under the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility, payable quarterly in arrears, as presented in the table below.

| | Margin for | Margin for | Commitment |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| Total Leverage Ratio | ABR Loans | Eurodollar Loans | Fee |
| ≥ 3.00 | 1.00% | 2.00% | 0.40% |
| < 3.00 and ≥ 2.50 | 0.75% | 1.75% | 0.35% |

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

| | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| < 2.50 and ≥ 2.00 | 0.50% | 1.50% | 0.30% |
| < 2.00 and ≥ 1.50 | 0.25% | 1.25% | 0.25% |
| < 1.50 and ≥ 1.00 | 0.00% | 1.00% | 0.20% |
| < 1.00 | 0.00% | 0.75% | 0.15% |

As of June 30, 2008, our weighted-average interest rate for the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility were 4.40% and 4.49% for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, respectively.

Table of Contents

The Credit Agreement and the Note Purchase Agreement require us to meet two financial covenants which are calculated on a rolling four quarter basis. One is a total leverage ratio of the debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) and the second is a fixed charge coverage ratio of adjusted EBITDA plus rent expense to certain fixed charges (i.e. interest expense, required principal payments, capital expenditures, etc). The Credit Agreement also contains customary covenants, including, but not limited to, restrictions on (a) incurrence of liens; (b) incurrence of additional debt; (c) sales of assets or other fundamental corporate changes; (d) investments; (e) declarations of dividends; and (f) capital expenditures. These covenants contain customary exclusions and baskets. As of June 30, 2008, our total leverage ratio was 2.05 and our fixed charge ratio was 2.71, and we were in compliance with the covenants in the Credit Agreement and the Note Purchase Agreement.

In connection with the new credit facilities described above, we terminated our existing \$100.0 million three-year, Revolving Credit Agreement that we had entered into on October 24, 2007 and expensed \$0.4 million of unamortized deferred debt issuance costs during the six-month period ended June 30, 2008.

Inflation

We believe that inflation has not significantly impacted our results of operations. In addition, we believe the increase in fuel costs has not had a significant impact on our results of operations; however, we will continue to monitor these costs as they could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations in the future.

Critical Accounting Policies

See Part II, Item 7 Critical Accounting Policies and our consolidated financial statements and related notes in Part IV, Item 15 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the SEC on February 27, 2008, for accounting policies and related estimates we believe are the most critical to understanding our condensed consolidated financial statements, financial condition and results of operations and which require complex management judgment and assumptions, or involve uncertainties. The following disclosure is provided as an update to our Annual Report on Form 10-K disclosures.

Outstanding Patient Accounts Receivable

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, our patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts increased from \$96.3 million at December 31, 2007 to \$161.9 million at June 30, 2008. The \$65.6 million increase in our outstanding patient accounts receivable was primarily the result of \$44.4 million in receivables acquired through our recently announced first quarter acquisitions and an increase in our net service revenue as compared to the prior year.

Our days revenue outstanding remained relatively flat from December 31, 2007 to June 30, 2008, after excluding our TLC and HMA acquisitions. Our days revenue outstanding for the quarter was impacted by our increased collection efforts during the quarter on our outstanding patient accounts receivable and an increase in the amount of write-offs during the quarter of uncollected, fully reserved claims, which was offset by an increase in our outstanding patient accounts receivable as a result of an increase in our net service revenue compared to the prior period and an increase in our unbilled accounts receivable.

Table of Contents

The following schedule details our patient accounts receivable by payor class, aged based upon initial date of service (amounts in thousands, except days revenue outstanding):

| | Current | 31-60 | 61-90 | 91-120 | Over 120 | Total |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| At June 30, 2008: | | | | | | |
| Medicare | \$ 25,803 | \$ 13,324 | \$ 37,960 | \$ 19,576 | \$ 23,127 | \$ 119,790 |
| Medicaid | 5,642 | 2,973 | 1,770 | 1,546 | 5,010 | 16,941 |
| Private | 7,951 | 6,551 | 6,533 | 5,094 | 14,961 | 41,090 |
| Total | \$ 39,396 | \$ 22,848 | \$ 46,263 | \$ 26,216 | \$ 43,098 | \$ 177,821 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | | | | | | (15,957) |
| Patient accounts receivable, net | | | | | | \$ 161,864 |
| Days revenue outstanding (1) | | | | | | 51.4 |

| | Current | 31-60 | 61-90 | 91-120 | Over 120 | Total |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| At December 31, 2007: | | | | | | |
| Medicare | \$ 22,645 | \$ 13,648 | \$ 20,313 | \$ 8,252 | \$ 10,022 | \$ 74,880 |
| Medicaid | 639 | 860 | 484 | 518 | 3,664 | 6,165 |
| Private | 5,337 | 4,459 | 4,042 | 4,000 | 10,394 | 28,232 |
| Total | \$ 28,621 | \$ 18,967 | \$ 24,839 | \$ 12,770 | \$ 24,080 | \$ 109,277 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | | | | | | (12,968) |
| Patient accounts receivable, net | | | | | | \$ 96,309 |
| Days revenue outstanding (1) | | | | | | 51.3 |

- (1) Our calculation of days revenue outstanding is derived by dividing our ending gross patient accounts receivable, net of contractual allowances at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 by our average daily net patient revenue for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Primarily as a result of our borrowings to effect the TLC acquisition, we are now exposed to market risk from fluctuations in interest rates. Our Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan carry a floating interest rate which is tied to the Eurodollar rate (i.e. LIBOR) and the Prime Rate and therefore, our condensed consolidated statement of operations and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows will be exposed to changes in interest rates. As of June 30, 2008, our weighted-average interest rate for the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility was 4.40% and 4.49%, respectively. A 1.0% interest rate increase would increase interest expense by approximately \$2.6 million annually.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

We have established disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) is recorded, processed, summarized, disclosed and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. This information is also accumulated and communicated to our management and Board of Directors to

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as of June 30, 2008, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act.

Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2008, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report.

Table of Contents

Changes in Internal Controls

There have been no changes (including corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses) in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) that have occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2008, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See Note 5 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for information concerning our legal proceedings.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the Risk Factors included in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, and the additional Risk Factors set forth below. These Risk Factors could materially impact our business, financial condition and/or operating results. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely impact our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Our integration of the newly-acquired TLC operations with our existing operations presents significant challenges. Should we fail to meet these challenges in accordance with our expectations, our results of operations and liquidity could be materially adversely impacted.

Our recent acquisition of TLC Health Care Services, Inc. (TLC) was our largest acquisition to date, and, as a result, our integration of TLC presents additional and more significant challenges. We have assumed that we would incur a certain amount of expenses associated with integrating TLC; however, certain factors including, but not limited to the following (some of which may be beyond our control) could result in (i) unexpected payments by us of additional integration expenses or (ii) increases in the amount of, or acceleration of the required payment of, these expenses. In the event we are required to incur integration expenses materially in excess of what we expect to expend in connection with the TLC acquisition, or required payments of the expenses are accelerated, our results of operations could be materially adversely impacted.

In addition, we expect to effectively integrate the TLC business with ours and to achieve cost synergies and other benefits from operating as a consolidated business. Further, due to the significance of the TLC operations acquired, we expect the operations of TLC to add materially to our results of operations and to increase our profitability as we complete our integration efforts. Although we expect significant benefits to result from our TLC acquisition, we cannot assure that we will realize the benefits anticipated by us. Achieving the benefits of this acquisition will depend in part upon meeting the challenges inherent in the successful combination of the TLC businesses with ours and the possible resulting diversion of management attention for an extended period of time. A material failure by us to effectively integrate the TLC operations with ours and to achieve the benefits we expect could cause our results of operations to be less than expected, which could have a material adverse impact.

Finally, we acquired net outstanding patient accounts receivable of approximately \$38.8 million in the TLC acquisition. If we are not able to collect these accounts in accordance with these terms, our results of operations and/or liquidity could be adversely impacted.

The substantial indebtedness incurred by us in connection with our acquisition of TLC could adversely impact our financial condition and impair our ability to fulfill other obligations.

As of June 30, 2008, we had total outstanding indebtedness of approximately \$379.2 million, comprised mainly of indebtedness incurred in connection with the TLC acquisition. This is compared to the outstanding indebtedness at December 31, 2007 of approximately \$24.0 million. Our substantial indebtedness could have important consequences, including the following:

it will require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our indebtedness, which may reduce the availability of cash flow to fund acquisitions, working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes;

Edgar Filing: AMEDISYS INC - Form 10-Q

it may limit our ability to borrow money or sell stock for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service requirements and other purposes;

it will limit our flexibility in planning for, and reacting to, changes in our industry or business;

it may make us more vulnerable to unfavorable economic or business conditions; and

it may limit our ability to make acquisitions or exploit other business opportunities.

In the event we incur additional indebtedness, the substantial leverage risks described above would increase.

Table of Contents

The agreements governing our indebtedness contain various covenants that limit our discretion in the operation of our business and our failure to satisfy requirements in these agreements could materially adversely impact our liquidity.

The various agreements governing our indebtedness (the Debt Agreements) contain various restrictive covenants that, among other things, require us to comply with or maintain certain financial tests and ratios and restrict our ability to:

incur additional debt;

redeem or repurchase stock, pay dividends or make other distributions;

make certain investments;

create liens;

enter into transactions with affiliates;

make acquisitions;

merge or consolidate;

invest in foreign subsidiaries;

amend acquisition documents;

enter into certain swap agreements;

make certain restricted payments;

transfer, sell or leaseback assets; and

make fundamental changes in our corporate existence and principal business.

In addition, events beyond our control could affect our ability to comply with and maintain the financial tests and ratios. Any failure by us to comply with or maintain all applicable financial tests and ratios and to comply with all applicable covenants could result in an event of default with respect to the Debt Agreements. If we are unable to obtain a waiver from our lenders in the event of any non-compliance, our lenders could accelerate the maturity of any outstanding indebtedness and terminate the commitments to make further extensions of credit (including our ability to borrow monies under our revolving credit facility). If we are able to comply with all applicable covenants, the restrictions on our ability to operate our business at our sole discretion could harm our business by, among other things, limiting our ability to take advantage of financing, mergers, acquisitions and other corporate opportunities.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides the information with respect to purchases made by us of shares of our common stock during each of the months during the six-month period ended June 30, 2008:

| Period | (a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased | (b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit) | (c) Total Number of Share (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | (d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| January 1, 2008 to January 31, 2008 | - | \$ - | - | - |
| February 1, 2008 to February 29, 2008 | 683(1) | \$ 43.36 | - | - |
| March 1, 2008 to March 31, 2008 | - | \$ - | - | - |
| April 1, 2008 to April 30, 2008 | - | \$ - | - | - |
| May 1, 2008 to May 31, 2008 | - | \$ - | - | - |
| June 1, 2008 to June 30, 2008 | 954(1) | \$ 51.46 | - | - |
| Total | 1,637 | \$ 48.08 | - | - |

(1) Represents shares of common stock surrendered to us by certain employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of non-vested stock previously awarded to such employees under the 1998 Stock Option Plan.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

During the quarter ended June 30, 2008, the following matters were submitted by us to a vote of our security holders at our 2008 Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on June 5, 2008.

Table of Contents

- (1) Election of six members to our Board of Directors, each for a one-year term expiring at the latter of the 2009 Annual Meeting of our stockholders or upon his successor being elected and qualified:

| | FOR | WITHHELD |
|---------------------|------------|-----------------|
| William F. Borne | 20,956,733 | 2,596,461 |
| Ronald A. LaBorde | 20,609,720 | 2,943,474 |
| Jake L. Netterville | 19,626,137 | 3,927,057 |
| David R. Pitts | 19,859,982 | 3,693,212 |
| Peter F. Ricchiuti | 20,605,851 | 2,947,343 |
| Donald A. Washburn | 20,420,267 | 3,132,927 |

- (2) A proposal to approve our 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan:

| | |
|------------------|------------|
| For | 17,408,610 |
| Against | 2,666,591 |
| Abstain | 61,086 |
| Broker non-votes | 3,078,234 |

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Table of Contents**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

The exhibits marked with the cross symbol () are filed or furnished (in the case of Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2) with this Form 10-Q. Any exhibits marked with the asterisk symbol (*) are management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements filed pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iii) of Regulation S-K.

| Exhibit Number | Document Description | Report or Registration Statement | SEC File or Registration Number | Exhibit or Other Reference |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| 2.1 | Purchase and Sale Agreement dated February 18, 2008, by and among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys TLC Acquisition, L.L.C., TLC Health Services, Inc., TLC Holdings I, Corp. (Holdco) and the securityholders of TLC and Holdco | The Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 2.1 |
| 2.2 | First Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement dated March 25, 2008, by and among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys TLC Acquisition, L.L.C., TLC Health Services, Inc., Holdco and Arcapita Inc., as Sellers Representative on behalf of the securityholders of TLC and Holdco | The Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 2.2 |
| 3.1 | Composite of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company inclusive of all amendments through June 14, 2007 | The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 | 0-24260 | 3.1 |
| 3.2 | Composite of By-Laws of the Company inclusive of all amendments through October 25, 2007 | The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 | 0-24260 | 3.2 |
| 4.1 | Note Purchase Agreement dated March 25, 2008 among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys Holding, L.L.C, relating to the issuance and sale of (a) \$35,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6.07% Series A Senior Notes due March 25, 2013 (b) \$30,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6.28% Series B Senior Notes due March 25, 2014 and (c) \$35,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6.49% Series C Senior Notes due March 25, 2015 | The Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 4.1 |
| 4.2 | Form of Series A Note due March 25, 2013 (attached as Exhibit 1 to the Note Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 hereto) | | | |
| 4.3 | Form of Series B Note due March 25, 2014 (attached as Exhibit 2 to the Note Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 hereto) | | | |
| 4.4 | Form of Series C Note due March 25, 2015 (attached as Exhibit 3 to the Note Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 hereto) | | | |

Table of Contents

| Exhibit Number | Document Description | Report or Registration Statement | SEC File or Registration Number | Exhibit or Other Reference |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| 10.1 | Credit Agreement dated March 26, 2008 among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys Holding, L.L.C., the Lenders party thereto from time to time, JPMorgan Securities Inc. and UBS Securities LLC, as Co-Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners, Fifth Third Bank and Bank of America, N.A., as Co-Documentation Agents, Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. and UBS Securities LLC, as Co-Syndication Agents | The Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 10.1 |
| 10.2* | Amedisys, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan | The Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on July 16, 2008 | 333-152359 | 4.6 |
| 10.3* | Form of Nonvested Stock Award Agreement issued under Amedisys, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan | | | |
| 10.4* | Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement issued under Amedisys, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan | | | |
| 31.1 | Certification of William F. Borne, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |
| 31.2 | Certification of Dale E. Redman, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |
| 32.1 | Certification William F. Borne, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |
| 32.2 | Certification Dale E. Redman, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AMEDISYS, INC.
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Dale E. Redman
Dale E. Redman
Chief Financial Officer and

Duly Authorized Officer

DATE: July 29, 2008

Table of Contents**EXHIBIT INDEX**

The exhibits marked with the cross symbol () are filed or furnished (in the case of Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2) with this Form 10-Q. Any exhibits marked with the asterisk symbol (*) are management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements filed pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iii) of Regulation S-K.

| Exhibit Number | Document Description | Report or Registration Statement | SEC File or Registration Number | Exhibit or Other Reference |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| 2.1 | Purchase and Sale Agreement dated February 18, 2008, by and among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys TLC Acquisition, L.L.C., TLC Health Services, Inc., TLC Holdings I, Corp. (Holdco) and the securityholders of TLC and Holdco | The Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 2.1 |
| 2.2 | First Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement dated March 25, 2008, by and among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys TLC Acquisition, L.L.C., TLC Health Services, Inc., Holdco and Arcapita Inc., as Sellers Representative on behalf of the securityholders of TLC and Holdco | The Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 2.2 |
| 3.1 | Composite of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company inclusive of all amendments through June 14, 2007 | The Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 | 0-24260 | 3.1 |
| 3.2 | Composite of By-Laws of the Company inclusive of all amendments through October 25, 2007 | The Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 | 0-24260 | 3.2 |
| 4.1 | Note Purchase Agreement dated March 25, 2008 among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys Holding, L.L.C, relating to the issuance and sale of (a) \$35,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6.07% Series A Senior Notes due March 25, 2013 (b) \$30,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6.28% Series B Senior Notes due March 25, 2014 and (c) \$35,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6.49% Series C Senior Notes due March 25, 2015 | The Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 4.1 |
| 4.2 | Form of Series A Note due March 25, 2013 (attached as Exhibit 1 to the Note Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 hereto) | | | |
| 4.3 | Form of Series B Note due March 25, 2014 (attached as Exhibit 2 to the Note Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 hereto) | | | |
| 4.4 | Form of Series C Note due March 25, 2015 (attached as Exhibit 3 to the Note Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 hereto) | | | |

Table of Contents

| Exhibit Number | Document Description | Report or Registration Statement | SEC File or Registration Number | Exhibit or Other Reference |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| 10.1 | Credit Agreement dated March 26, 2008 among Amedisys, Inc., Amedisys Holding, L.L.C., the Lenders party thereto from time to time, JPMorgan Securities Inc. and UBS Securities LLC, as Co-Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners, Fifth Third Bank and Bank of America, N.A., as Co-Documentation Agents, Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. and UBS Securities LLC, as Co-Syndication Agents | The Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2008 | 0-24260 | 10.1 |
| 10.2* | Amedisys, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan | The Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on July 16, 2008 | 333-152359 | 4.6 |
| 10.3* | Form of Nonvested Stock Award Agreement issued under Amedisys, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan | | | |
| 10.4* | Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement issued under Amedisys, Inc. 2008 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan | | | |
| 31.1 | Certification of William F. Borne, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |
| 31.2 | Certification of Dale E. Redman, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |
| 32.1 | Certification William F. Borne, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |
| 32.2 | Certification Dale E. Redman, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | |