

GENESEE & WYOMING INC

Form 10-Q

November 09, 2005

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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**Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)**  
**of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**for the quarter ended September 30, 2005**

Commission File No. 001-31456

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**GENESEE & WYOMING INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
  
incorporation or organization)

**66 Field Point Road, Greenwich, Connecticut**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**06-0984624**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
  
Identification No.)

**06830**  
(Zip Code)

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(203) 629-3722

(Telephone No.)

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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:  YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):  YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):  YES  NO

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**Shares of common stock outstanding as of the close of business on November 1, 2005:**

<u>Class</u>	<u>Number of Shares Outstanding</u>
Class A Common Stock	24,663,616
Class B Common Stock	2,650,122

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## GENESEE &amp; WYOMING INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 105,250	\$ 77,243	\$ 282,073	\$ 223,707
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Transportation	36,052	25,950	96,765	73,976
Maintenance of ways and structures	8,687	7,516	25,137	22,002
Maintenance of equipment	14,991	12,060	41,771	34,789
General and administrative	17,751	13,624	49,692	40,317
Net (gain) loss on sale and impairment of assets	(3,368)	81	(3,367)	(12)
Depreciation and amortization	7,058	4,812	17,717	14,295
Total operating expenses	81,171	64,043	227,715	185,367
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	24,079	13,200	54,358	38,340
Interest expense	(4,919)	(2,352)	(9,875)	(7,070)
Other income (expense), net	82	(221)	(296)	203
Income before income taxes and equity earnings	19,242	10,627	44,187	31,473
Provision for income taxes	4,747	4,284	12,304	12,267
Income before equity earnings	14,495	6,343	31,883	19,206
Equity in net income of international affiliates:				
Australian Railroad Group	2,386	3,529	6,957	10,746
South America	163	273	468	496
Net income	\$ 17,044	\$ 10,145	\$ 39,308	\$ 30,448
Preferred stock dividends and cost accretion				479
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 17,044	\$ 10,145	\$ 39,308	\$ 29,969
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.42	\$ 1.60	\$ 1.24
Weighted average shares - Basic	24,690	24,213	24,553	24,086
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.37	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.09
Weighted average shares - Diluted	27,877	27,497	27,738	27,412

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****GENESEE & WYOMING INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(in thousands, except share amounts)****(Unaudited)**

	<b>September 30,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENTS ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,219	\$ 14,451
Accounts receivable, net	89,023	64,537
Materials and supplies	7,596	5,263
Prepaid expenses and other	7,706	7,784
Deferred income tax assets, net	3,194	3,190
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total current assets	113,738	95,225
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	531,169	337,024
INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES	137,630	132,528
GOODWILL	31,442	24,682
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net	136,388	77,778
OTHER ASSETS, net	12,479	10,014
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total assets	\$ 962,846	\$ 677,251
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 4,712	\$ 6,356
Accounts payable	85,454	63,794
Accrued expenses	29,522	21,598
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total current liabilities	119,688	91,748
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current portion	330,285	125,881
DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES, net	55,955	50,517
DEFERRED ITEMS - grants from governmental agencies	48,271	46,229
DEFERRED GAIN - sale/leaseback	3,285	3,495
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	14,462	14,122
MINORITY INTEREST	3,484	3,559
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, one vote per share; 90,000,000 shares authorized; 28,268,698 and 27,930,147 shares issued and 24,720,792 and 24,397,918 shares outstanding (net of 3,547,906 and 3,532,229 shares in treasury) on September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	283	279
Class B Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, ten votes per share; 15,000,000 shares authorized; 2,650,122 shares issued and outstanding on September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004	27	27
Additional paid-in capital	166,889	161,361
Retained earnings	207,362	168,054

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Accumulated other comprehensive income	27,140	25,228
Less treasury stock, at cost	(13,016)	(12,648)
Less restricted stock, net	(1,269)	(601)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total stockholders' equity	387,416	341,700
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 962,846	\$ 677,251
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## GENESEE &amp; WYOMING INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2005	2004
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 39,308	\$ 30,448
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities-		
Depreciation and amortization	17,717	14,295
Valuation of split dollar life insurance	32	(358)
Amortization of restricted stock	341	93
Compensation cost of stock options	910	
Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements	(701)	(1,090)
Deferred income taxes	5,694	5,827
Net gain on disposition of property	(3,367)	(12)
Equity in net income of international affiliates	(7,425)	(11,242)
Minority interest expense	124	142
Changes in assets and liabilities -		
Accounts receivable	(11,115)	(7,774)
Materials and supplies	(1,091)	(184)
Prepaid expenses and other	741	(573)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,220	10,727
Other assets and liabilities, net	1,118	80
Net cash provided by operating activities	50,506	40,379
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment, net of proceeds from government grants	(21,951)	(19,751)
Additional purchase price for Genesee Rail-One	(6,500)	
Purchase of rail properties from Rail Management Corporation, net of \$4.9 million cash received	(238,204)	
Purchase of Homer City and Savannah Wharf rail properties		(2,124)
Cash received from unconsolidated international affiliates	655	5,757
Proceeds from disposition of property	4,093	315
Net cash used in investing activities	(261,907)	(15,803)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Principal payments on long-term borrowings	(159,398)	(151,134)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	359,800	121,300
Debt issuance costs	(1,629)	
Net proceeds from employee stock purchases	3,820	2,795
Treasury Stock purchases	(1,278)	
Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements	701	1,090
Dividends paid on Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock		(411)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	202,016	(26,360)
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>1,153</b>	<b>69</b>



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DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(8,232)	(1,715)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	14,451	11,118
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 6,219	\$ 9,403
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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The following table sets forth cash paid for interest and income taxes for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
<b>CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR:</b>		
Interest	\$ 8,165	\$ 7,206
Income taxes	\$ 5,368	\$ 4,635

## GENESEE &amp; WYOMING INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## 1. PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The interim consolidated financial statements presented herein include the accounts of Genesee & Wyoming Inc. and its subsidiaries. References to we, our, or us mean Genesee & Wyoming Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates, and when we use the term ARG we are referring to the Australian Railroad Group Pty. Ltd. and its subsidiaries. ARG is our 50%-owned affiliate based in Perth, Western Australia. Additionally, we have a 22.89% indirect ownership interest in our affiliate, Ferroviana Oriental, S.A. (Oriental), which is located in eastern Bolivia. All references to currency amounts included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including the financial statements, are in U.S. dollars unless specifically noted otherwise. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation. These interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by us pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and accordingly do not contain all disclosures which would be required in a full set of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial statements for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, are presented on a basis consistent with audited financial statements and contain all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for the full year. The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2004 has been derived from our audited financial statements for that date. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2004 included in our 2004 Form 10-K. Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 presentation.

## 2. EXPANSION OF OPERATIONS:

On June 1, 2005, we acquired from Rail Management Corporation (RMC) substantially all of its rail operations (collectively, Rail Partners) for \$238.2 million in cash (net of \$4.9 million cash received), the assumption of \$1.4 million of non-interest bearing debt and \$1.3 million in acquisition costs. The purchase price was allocated to current assets (\$19.5 million, including \$4.9 million in cash received), property and equipment (\$185.2 million), intangible assets (\$60.4 million), and goodwill (\$0.2 million) less current liabilities (\$20.8 million) and debt assumed (\$1.4 million). The intangible assets consist of customer contracts and relationships with a weighted average amortization period of 27 years. Goodwill of \$0.2 million is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. For U.S. tax purposes, we will treat the Rail Partners acquisition as a purchase of assets. We funded the purchase price through a combination of borrowings under our \$225.0 million senior revolving credit facility and from a private placement of \$125.0 million 10-Year Senior Floating Rate Notes. The acquired rail properties are operated by our Jacksonville-based Rail Link Region and commenced operations on June 1, 2005.



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On April 8, 2005, our subsidiary, the First Coast Railroad Inc. (FCRD) signed a 20-year agreement to lease 31 miles of rail line between Seals, Georgia and Fernandina, Florida from CSX Transportation, Inc. (CSX). The FCRD is operated by our Rail Link Region and commenced operations on April 9, 2005.

In July 2005, our Homer City Branch began operations upon completion of track rehabilitation, a portion of which was funded through government grants. The Homer City Branch rail line, which was acquired in January of 2004, is operated by our New York-Pennsylvania Region and is contiguous to that Region's existing railroad operation.

The table below sets forth a roll-forward of the activity affecting the restructuring reserves established in acquisitions including the number of employees and actual cash payments:

## Schedule of Acquisition Restructuring Activity

	<b>Quarter Ended</b>
	<b>Sept. 30, 2005</b>
	<b><u>          </u></b>
<b>Number of Employees:</b>	
Number of employees as of the beginning of the period to be terminated	16
Additions to planned terminations during the period	
Actual number of employees terminated during the period	11
	<b><u>          </u></b>
Ending number of employees as of the end of the period to be terminated	5
	<b><u>          </u></b>
<b>Restructuring Reserves:</b>	
Liabilities established in purchase accounting for acquisitions	\$ 715,000
Cash payments during the period	(481,000)
	<b><u>          </u></b>
Balance at end of period	\$ 234,000
	<b><u>          </u></b>

*Pro Forma Financial Results (unaudited)*

The following table summarizes our unaudited pro forma operating results for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, as if Rail Partners had been acquired as of January 1, 2004 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

<b>Three Months Ended</b>	<b>Nine Months Ended</b>
<b>September 30,</b>	<b>September 30,</b>
<b><u>          </u></b>	<b><u>          </u></b>

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	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Operating revenues	\$ 105,250	\$ 90,549	\$ 307,823	\$ 265,111
Net income	\$ 17,044	\$ 11,836	\$ 38,851	\$ 35,024
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.49	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.45
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.26

The unaudited pro forma operating results include the acquisition of Rail Partners adjusted, net of tax, for depreciation and amortization expense resulting from the step-up of the Rail Partners property and intangible assets based on appraised values, capitalization of certain track repairs which were historically expensed,

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and the inclusion of incremental interest expense related to borrowings used to fund the acquisition. The Rail Partners operating results reflected in these pro forma operating results include certain senior management and administrative deferred compensation and other expenses that we do not believe will continue as ongoing expenses but do not qualify for elimination under the treatment and presentation of pro forma financials.

The pro forma financial information does not purport to be indicative of the results that actually would have been obtained had all the transactions been completed as of the assumed dates and for the periods presented and is not intended to be a projection of future results or trends.

## 3. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months		Nine Months Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2005	Sept. 30, 2004	Sept. 30, 2005	Sept. 30, 2004
<b>Numerators:</b>				
Net income	\$ 17,044	\$ 10,145	\$ 39,308	\$ 30,448
Mandatory Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock (Preferred Stock) dividends and accretion				479
Net income allocated to participating preferred stockholders				2,536
<b>Net income available to Class A Common stockholders - Basic</b>	<b>17,044</b>	<b>10,145</b>	<b>39,308</b>	<b>27,433</b>
Net income allocated to participating preferred stockholders				2,536
<b>Net income available to Class A Common stockholders - Basic and Diluted</b>	<b>\$ 17,044</b>	<b>\$ 10,145</b>	<b>\$ 39,308</b>	<b>\$ 29,969</b>
<b>Denominators:</b>				
Weighted average Class A Common Shares outstanding - Basic	24,690	24,213	24,553	22,048
Weighted average Preferred Stock converted to Class A common stock (converted in the second quarter of 2004)				2,038
Weighted average Class B Common Shares outstanding	2,650	2,650	2,650	2,682
Dilutive effect of employee stock options and restricted stock	537	634	535	644
<b>Weighted average shares - Dilutive</b>	<b>27,877</b>	<b>27,497</b>	<b>27,738</b>	<b>27,412</b>
<b>Income per common share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.42	\$ 1.60	\$ 1.24
Diluted	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.37	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.09

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### *Stock-based Compensation Plans*

The Compensation and Stock Option Committee of our Board of Directors (Compensation Committee) has discretion to determine grantees, grant dates, amounts of grants, vesting and expiration dates for grants to our employees through our 2004 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the Plan). The Plan includes stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units which for employees vest over three years and for directors, who are eligible for restricted stock or restricted stock units only, vest over their respective terms as directors.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement No. 123(R), Share-Based Payments (SFAS 123R). This statement requires companies recognize compensation expense equal to the fair value of share-based payments. SFAS 123R eliminates the use of the intrinsic method of accounting provided for in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25), under which no compensation cost is recognized except for restricted stock.

We elected to adopt SFAS 123R in the third quarter of 2005 using the Modified Prospective Application. Prior to adoption of SFAS 123R, we reported all tax benefits resulting from the exercise of stock options as operating cash flows in our consolidated statements of cash flows. In accordance with SFAS 123R, for the period beginning with the third quarter of 2005, we revised our statement of cash flows presentation to report the excess tax benefits from the exercise of stock options as a cash outflow from operating activities and a cash inflow from financing activities.

The fair value concepts were not changed significantly in SFAS 123R; however, in adopting the standard, companies must choose among alternative valuation models and amortization assumptions. After assessing alternative valuation models and amortization assumptions, we will continue using the Black-Scholes valuation model and straight-line amortization of compensation expense over the requisite service period of the grant. In addition, SFAS 123R requires that we estimate forfeitures when recognizing compensation expense and that this estimate of forfeitures be adjusted over the requisite service period based on the extent to which actual forfeitures differ, or are expected to differ, from such estimates. Accordingly, we have estimated forfeiture percentages for the unvested portion of previously granted awards that remain outstanding at the date of adoption. We have previously disclosed forfeitures as they occurred in our expense calculation for pro forma footnote disclosure.

As of the adoption date, no new grants have been awarded and the impact of amortizing existing stock options in the third quarter represents compensation cost of \$900,000 pre-tax, or \$700,000 after-tax, which reduced earnings by \$.03 per share for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2005. The total compensation cost related to non-vested awards not yet recognized of \$6.7 million is expected to be recognized through June 30, 2008.

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Stock-based compensation for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (note the pro forma expense for basic and diluted earnings per share 2005 is for the six months ended September 30, 2005) was determined using the intrinsic value method. The following table provides supplemental information for the periods indicated as if stock-based compensation had been compiled under SFAS 123 (in thousands, except EPS):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2004	2005	2004	2004
Net Income: As reported	\$ 10,145	\$ 39,308	\$ 30,448	
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under SFAS 123 had compensation cost been recognized, net of related tax effects	377	1,385	1,230	
Pro Forma	\$ 9,768	\$ 37,923	\$ 29,218	
<b>Basic EPS:</b>				
As reported	\$ 0.42	\$ 1.60	\$ 1.24	
Pro Forma	0.40	1.54	1.21	
<b>Diluted EPS:</b>				
As reported	\$ 0.37	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.09	
Pro Forma	0.36	1.37	1.07	

The following is a summary of stock option activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2005:

	September 30,			
	2005		2004	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding options at beginning of year	1,591,167	\$ 14.31	1,788,582	\$ 10.51
Granted	388,128	24.93	336,499	23.45
Exercised	(272,182)	8.65	(342,878)	5.86
Expired	(13,800)	10.93	(320)	14.18
Forfeited	(16,896)	14.99	(62,018)	13.57
Outstanding at the nine months ended	1,676,417	17.71	1,719,865	13.86
Exercisable at the nine months ended	740,707	13.49	713,127	9.68
Weighted average fair value of options granted		7.92		7.90



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The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at September 30, 2005:

Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable		
Exercise Price		Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$3.17	\$6.34	40,500	1.8 Years	\$ 4.69	40,500	\$ 4.69
6.34	9.52	152,193	.6 years	7.12	152,193	7.12
9.52	12.69	38,250	.9 years	9.85	38,250	9.85
12.69	15.86	720,796	2.3 years	14.59	403,546	14.51
15.86	19.03	6,693	2.8 years	16.43		
22.20	25.38	713,968	4.1 years	24.23	106,218	23.45
25.38	28.55	4,017	4.6 years	27.39		
3.17	28.55	1,676,417	3.0 Years	17.71	740,707	13.49

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2005	2004
Risk-free interest rate	3.67%	3.15%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Expected lives in years	3.00	3.00
Expected volatility	41.04%	44.99%

In 2005, we awarded 12,976 restricted stock shares valued at \$289,000 to our directors. In addition, we awarded 32,353 restricted stock shares and 8,671 restricted stock units valued at \$806,000 and \$216,000, respectively, to employees. In 2004, the Company awarded 14,000 restricted stock shares and 2,000 restricted stock units valued at \$313,600 and \$44,800, respectively, to the Company's directors. In addition, the Company awarded 20,497 restricted stock shares and 7,725 restricted stock units valued at \$477,600 and \$179,993, respectively, to employees. Amortization expense for the restricted stock shares was \$359,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

At September 30, 2005, there were 988,635 Class A shares available for future issuance under the Plan. These shares are available for the grant of stock options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, and any other form of award established by the Compensation Committee which is consistent with the Plan's purpose.

We have reserved 843,750 shares of Class A common stock that we may sell to our full-time employees under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP) at 90% of the stock's market price at date of purchase. At September 30, 2005, 54,547 shares had been purchased under this plan. In accordance with SFAS 123R, we recorded compensation expense for the 10% purchase discount of \$5,000 since the adoption date.



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## 4. EQUITY INVESTMENTS

## Australian Railroad Group

The following are U.S. GAAP condensed balance sheets of ARG as of September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands of U.S. dollars). For the dates and periods indicated below, one Australian dollar could be exchanged into the following amounts of U.S. dollars:

As of September 30, 2005	\$ 0.76
As of December 31, 2004	\$ 0.78
Average for the three months ended September 30, 2005	\$ 0.76
Average for the three months ended September 30, 2004	\$ 0.71
Average for the nine months ended September 30, 2005	\$ 0.77
Average for the nine months ended September 30, 2004	\$ 0.73

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Australian Railroad Group Pty. Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	September 30,	December 31,
	2005	2004
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,578	\$ 21,217
Accounts receivable, net	61,333	49,085
Materials and supplies	12,405	11,580
Prepaid expenses and other	4,135	3,055
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>96,451</b>	<b>84,937</b>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	550,556	541,470
DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS, net	72,264	77,325
OTHER ASSETS, net	8,140	8,522
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 727,411</b>	<b>\$ 712,254</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 24,064	\$ 19,832
Accrued expenses	27,365	31,989
Current income tax liabilities	286	364
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>51,715</b>	<b>52,185</b>
LONG-TERM BANK DEBT	381,350	383,425
DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES, net	24,885	21,207
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	10,050	2,177
FAIR VALUE OF INTEREST RATE SWAPS	5,362	9,788
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>421,647</b>	<b>416,597</b>
REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK OF STOCKHOLDERS	16,469	16,897
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>	<b>237,580</b>	<b>226,575</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders equity</b>	<b>\$ 727,411</b>	<b>\$ 712,254</b>

Australian Railroad Group Pty. Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>Sept. 30, 2005</b>	<b>Sept. 30, 2004</b>	<b>Sept. 30, 2005</b>	<b>Sept. 30, 2004</b>
Operating revenues	\$ 87,318	\$ 83,695	\$ 257,739	\$ 247,765
Operating expenses	73,227	66,959	216,256	196,929
Income from operations	14,091	16,736	41,483	50,836
Interest expense	(7,426)	(6,865)	(22,122)	(21,068)
Other income, net	176	221	583	962
Income before income taxes	6,841	10,092	19,944	30,730
Provision for income taxes	2,072	3,030	6,031	9,236
Net income	\$ 4,769	\$ 7,062	\$ 13,913	\$ 21,494

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Australian Railroad Group Pty. Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>Sept. 30, 2005</b>	<b>Sept. 30, 2004</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 13,913	\$ 21,494
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities-		
Depreciation and amortization	23,912	19,845
Deferred income taxes	7,366	8,894
Net (gain) loss on sale and impairment of assets	(297)	376
Changes in assets and liabilities	(8,131)	3,345
	<u>36,763</u>	<u>53,954</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	(48,525)	(39,059)
Proceeds from disposition of property and equipment	1,980	1,296
	<u>(46,545)</u>	<u>(37,763)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Payments on subordinated notes to stockholders		(10,710)
Proceeds from borrowings	7,680	
	<u>7,680</u>	<u>(10,710)</u>
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE DIFFERENCES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(537)</b>	<b>(1,339)</b>
<b>(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(2,639)</b>	<b>4,142</b>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	21,217	26,618
	<u>\$ 18,578</u>	<u>\$ 30,760</u>

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## South America

The following condensed results of operations for Oriental for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 have a U.S. dollar functional currency and are based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (in thousands). We have a 22.89% indirect ownership interest in Oriental which is located in eastern Bolivia.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Operating revenues	\$ 7,710	\$ 8,554	\$ 23,005	\$ 23,045
Net income	1,591	2,040	4,818	4,777

Condensed balance sheet information for Oriental as of September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004:

	September 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
Current assets	\$ 12,243	\$ 15,702
Non-current assets	59,045	58,365
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 71,288</b>	<b>\$ 74,067</b>
Current liabilities	\$ 6,180	\$ 7,306
Non-current liabilities	6,559	6,042
Long-term debt	604	892
Shareholders' equity	57,945	59,827
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 71,288</b>	<b>\$ 74,067</b>

The above data does not include non-recourse debt of \$12.0 million held at an intermediate unconsolidated affiliate or any of the general and administrative, interest or income tax costs at various intermediate unconsolidated affiliates. Our share of the various costs from the intermediate unconsolidated affiliates is \$44,000 and \$235,000 for the three months and \$116,000 and \$691,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

As noted previously, we hold our equity interest in Oriental through a number of intermediate holding companies, and we account for our interest in Oriental under the equity method of accounting. We indirectly hold a 12.52% equity interest in Oriental through an interest in Genesee & Wyoming Chile (GWC), and we hold our remaining 10.37% equity interest in Oriental through other companies.

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GWC is an obligor of non-recourse debt of \$12.0 million, which has an adjustable interest rate dependent on operating results of Oriental. This non-recourse debt is secured by a lien over GWC's 12.52% indirect equity interest in Oriental. This debt became due and payable on November 2, 2003. Due to the political and economic unrest and uncertainties in Bolivia, it has become difficult for GWC to refinance this debt and we have chosen not to repay the non-recourse obligation. GWC entered into discussions with its creditors on plans to restructure the debt, and as a result of those discussions, GWC obtained a written waiver of principal repayment from the creditors which expired on January 31, 2004. However, negotiations with the creditors continue, and currently, none of GWC's creditors have commenced court proceedings to (i) collect on the debt, or (ii) exercise their rights pursuant to the lien.



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If we were to lose our 12.52% equity stake in Oriental due to creditors exercising their lien on GWC's indirect equity interest in Oriental, we would write-off our investment in Oriental held through GWC, which on September 30, 2005 amounted to \$400,000. A default, acceleration or effort to foreclose on the lien under the non-recourse debt will have no impact on our remaining 10.37% equity interest in Oriental because that equity interest is held indirectly through holding companies outside of GWC's ownership in Oriental. As a result of the uncertainty surrounding the \$12.0 million debt, we discontinued equity accounting in the fourth quarter of 2004 for our 12.52% equity interest in Oriental held through our interest in GWC.

Oriental has no obligations associated with the \$12.0 million debt. In addition, a default, acceleration or effort to foreclose on the lien under the non-recourse debt would not result in a breach of a representation, warranty, covenant, cross-default or acceleration under our Senior Credit Facility.

### 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

**Legal Proceedings** As previously disclosed, we had been involved in litigation with Messrs. Chambers and Wheeler, who had filed a complaint against Genesee & Wyoming Inc. in the Delaware Chancery Court in a matter related to our purchase of certain of our Canadian operations. Additional information regarding this lawsuit is described on page 18 of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. On August 11, 2005, the court issued an opinion finding that the options had vested, and as a result, the plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment should be granted and our motion for summary judgment should be denied. On September 14, 2005, the court issued an order relating to its prior opinion, requiring us to pay the plaintiffs \$6.5 million in the aggregate rather than have the 270,000 options vest. In conjunction with the issuance of the court's order, we and the plaintiffs agreed to waive any right to appeal the court's order, and on September 15, 2005 we paid this amount. This payment was accounted for as contingent purchase price and increased goodwill on certain of our Canadian operations. The payment had no effect on our share count or immediate effect on our earnings.

In addition, from time to time we are a defendant in certain lawsuits resulting from our operations. Management believes that we have adequate provisions in the financial statements for any expected liabilities which may result from disposition of such lawsuits. While it is possible that some of the foregoing matters may be resolved at a cost greater than that provided for, it is the opinion of management that the ultimate liability, if any, will not be material to our operating results, financial position or liquidity.

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## 6. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:

Comprehensive income is the total of net income and all other non-owner changes in equity. The following table sets forth our comprehensive income, net of tax, for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Net income	\$ 17,044	\$ 10,145
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,709	6,879
Net unrealized gains (losses) on qualifying cash flow hedges, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$89 and (\$86), respectively	267	(129)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on qualifying cash flow hedges of Australian Railroad Group, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$295 and (\$267), respectively	689	(624)
<b>Comprehensive income</b>	<b>\$ 19,709</b>	<b>\$ 16,271</b>
	<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Net income	\$ 39,308	\$ 30,448
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	98	(2,298)
Net unrealized gains on qualifying cash flow hedges, net of tax expense of \$131 and \$392, respectively	338	588
Net unrealized gains on qualifying cash flow hedges of Australian Railroad Group, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$633 and (\$11), respectively	1,477	(26)
<b>Comprehensive income</b>	<b>\$ 41,221</b>	<b>\$ 28,712</b>

The following table sets forth the components of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, included in the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2005, and December 31, 2004 (in thousands):

	<b>September 30,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Net accumulated foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ 30,040	\$ 29,942
Net unrealized losses on qualifying cash flow hedges	(420)	(757)

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Net unrealized losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of Australian Railroad Group	(1,949)	(3,426)
Net unrealized minimum pension liability adjustment, net of tax	(531)	(531)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Accumulated other comprehensive income as reported	\$ 27,140	\$ 25,228
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

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## 7. GEOGRAPHIC AREA INFORMATION:

The table below sets forth our geographic area revenues for our consolidated operations for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, and geographic area long-lived assets as of September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 (in thousands):

## Geographic Area Data

	Three Months Ended September 30			
	2005		2004	
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>				
United States	\$ 82,824	78.7%	\$ 57,514	74.5%
Canada	12,319	11.7%	11,269	14.6%
Mexico	10,107	9.6%	8,460	10.9%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>\$ 105,250</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 77,243</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>				
	2005		2004	
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>				
United States	\$ 216,341	76.7%	\$ 166,335	74.4%
Canada	37,920	13.4%	33,633	15.0%
Mexico	27,812	9.9%	23,739	10.6%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>\$ 282,073</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 223,707</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>As of</b>				
	September 30, 2005		December 31, 2004	
<b>Long-lived assets:</b>				
United States	\$ 734,402	86.5%	\$ 479,251	82.3%
Canada	70,758	8.3%	62,162	10.7%
Mexico	43,947	5.2%	40,613	7.0%
<b>Total long-lived assets</b>	<b>\$ 849,107</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 582,026</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## 8. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

We actively monitor our exposure to interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risks and use derivative financial instruments to manage the impact of certain of these risks. We use derivatives only for purposes of managing risk associated with underlying exposures. We do not trade or use instruments with the objective of earning financial gains on the interest rate or exchange rate fluctuations alone. Complex instruments involving leverage or multipliers are not used. We manage our hedging position and monitor the credit ratings of counterparties and do not anticipate losses due to counterparty nonperformance. Management believes that our use of derivative instruments to manage risk is in our best interest. However, our use of derivative financial instruments may result in short-term gains or losses and increased earnings volatility.

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### Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments

#### Interest Rate Risk

We use interest rate swap agreements to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates for our floating rate debt. Interest rate swap agreements are accounted for as cash flow hedges. Interest rate differentials to be received or paid on the swaps are recognized in the consolidated statements of income as a reduction or increase in interest expense, respectively. In accordance with the derivative accounting requirements, the change in the fair value of the derivative instrument is recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as a component of current assets or liabilities, and the effective portion of the change in the value of the derivative instrument is recorded in other comprehensive income. The ineffective portion of the change in the fair value of the derivative instrument is recorded in earnings and reported in the consolidated statements of income in interest expense.

During 2004, 2003 and 2002, we entered into various interest rate swaps fixing our base interest rate by exchanging our variable LIBOR interest rates on long-term debt for a fixed interest rate. Several interest rate swaps were terminated in November 2004 in conjunction with the debt refinancing. The remaining swaps expire at various dates through September 2007, and the fixed base rates range from 4.5% to 5.46%. At September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the notional amount under these agreements was \$29.1 million and \$32.8 million, respectively, and the fair value of these interest rate swaps was negative \$621,000 and negative \$1.1 million, respectively.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We purchase options to manage foreign currency exchange rate risk related to certain projected cash flows related to foreign operations. Foreign currency exchange rate options are accounted for as cash flow hedges. In accordance with the derivative accounting requirements, the change in the fair value of the derivative instrument is recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as a component of current assets, and the effective portion of the change in the value of the derivative instrument is recorded in other comprehensive income. The ineffective portion of the change in the fair value of the derivative instrument, along with the gain or loss on the hedged item, is recorded in earnings and reported in the consolidated statements of income in interest expense.

During 2005 and 2004, we purchased exchange rate options for converting Mexican Pesos to U.S. Dollars. One of the options expired in March 2005 and another expired in September 2005. The remaining options, which expire March 2006 and September 2006, respectively, give us the right to sell Mexican Pesos for U.S. Dollars at exchange rates of 13.64 and 12.52 Mexican Pesos to the U.S. Dollar, respectively. We paid up-front premiums of \$20,000 for each of these options in the quarters ended March 31, 2005 and September 30, 2005, respectively. At September 30, 2005, the notional amount under exchange rate options was \$3.6 million and the fair value was approximately \$14,000.

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## 9. INTANGIBLE AND OTHER ASSETS, NET AND GOODWILL:

Acquired intangible and other assets are as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2005			December 31, 2004		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Assets	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Assets
<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS:</b>						
Amortizable intangible assets:						
Chiapas-Mayab Operating License (Mexico)	\$ 7,310	\$ 1,462	\$ 5,848	\$ 7,047	\$ 1,233	\$ 5,814
Amended and Restated Service Assurance Agreement (Illinois & Midland Railroad)	10,566	970	9,596	10,566	647	9,919
Transportation Services Agreement (GP Railroads)	27,055	1,577	25,478	27,055	901	26,154
Customer Contracts and Relationships (Rail Partners)	60,406	831	59,575			
Non-amortizable intangible assets:						
Track Access Agreements (Utah Railway)	35,891		35,891	35,891		35,891
<b>Total Intangible Assets</b>	<b>\$ 141,228</b>	<b>\$ 4,840</b>	<b>\$ 136,388</b>	<b>\$ 80,559</b>	<b>\$ 2,781</b>	<b>\$ 77,778</b>
<b>OTHER ASSETS:</b>						
Deferred financing costs	\$ 8,267	\$ 3,407	\$ 4,860	\$ 6,584	\$ 3,015	\$ 3,569
Other assets	7,701	82	7,619	7,030	585	6,445
<b>Total Other Assets</b>	<b>15,968</b>	<b>3,489</b>	<b>12,479</b>	<b>13,614</b>	<b>3,600</b>	<b>10,014</b>
<b>Total Intangible and Other Assets</b>	<b>\$ 157,196</b>	<b>\$ 8,329</b>	<b>\$ 148,867</b>	<b>\$ 94,173</b>	<b>\$ 6,381</b>	<b>\$ 87,792</b>

The Chiapas-Mayab Operating License is being amortized over 30 years, which is the original life of the concession agreement with the Mexican Communications and Transportation Department. The Chiapas-Mayab Operating License is subject to exchange rate changes resulting from conversion of Mexican Pesos to U.S. Dollars at different periods.

On July 23, 2003 as a result of a settlement agreement with Commonwealth Edison Company, we amended and restated the Service Assurance Agreement and began to amortize the Amended and Restated Service Assurance Agreement (ARSAA). The estimate of the useful life of the ARSAA asset is based on our estimate that the useful life of the coal-fired electricity generation plant, to which the Illinois and Midland Railroad provides service, will be through 2027.

The Transportation Services Agreement (the TSA), entered into in conjunction with the Georgia-Pacific Corporation (GP) transaction, is a 20-year agreement to provide exclusive rail transportation service to GP facilities. We believe that the customer's facilities have a 30-year economic life and that we will continue to be the exclusive rail transportation service provider until the end of the plant's useful life. Therefore, the TSA is being amortized on a straight-line basis over a 30-year life which began January 1, 2004.

We allocated \$60.4 million of the purchase price for the Rail Partners acquisition to intangible assets. These intangible assets were valued as customer relationships or contracts and, as of June 1, 2005, are amortized on a straight line basis over the expected economic longevity of the customer relationship, the facility served or the length of the customer contract. The weighted average life of the intangible assets is 27 years.

The Track Access Agreements are perpetual trackage agreements assumed in our acquisition of Utah Railway Company. Under SFAS No. 142 these assets have been determined to have an indefinite useful life and therefore are not subject to amortization.



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Deferred financing costs are amortized over terms of the related debt using the effective-interest method for the term debt and using the straight-line method for the revolving loan portion of debt.

Other assets consist primarily of executive split dollar life insurance, assets held for sale and a minority equity investment in an agricultural facility. Executive split dollar life insurance is the present value of life insurance benefits which we funded but that are owned by executive officers. We retain a collateral interest in a portion of the policies' cash values and death benefits. Assets held for sale or future use primarily represent surplus track and locomotives.

Upon adoption of SFAS No. 142, amortization of goodwill was discontinued as of January 1, 2002. The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2004
<b>Goodwill:</b>		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 24,682	\$ 24,522
Goodwill additions (see Notes 2 and 5)	6,691	
Currency translation adjustment	69	160
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 31,442</b>	<b>\$ 24,682</b>

**10. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS:**

Components of net periodic benefit cost

	Pension		Other Retirement Benefits	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
<b>Three months ended September 30,</b>				
Service cost	\$ 34	\$ 57	\$ 28	\$ 28
Interest cost	46	52	56	68
Expected return on plan assets	(38)	(33)		
Amortization of transition liability	36	36		
Amortization of prior service cost				
Amortization of (gain) loss	(1)	4	9	21
<b>Net periodic benefit cost</b>	<b>\$ 77</b>	<b>\$ 116</b>	<b>\$ 93</b>	<b>\$ 117</b>

	Pension		Other Retirement Benefits	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>				
Service cost	\$ 118	\$ 171	\$ 84	\$ 83
Interest cost	148	158	167	205
Expected return on plan assets	(114)	(97)		
Amortization of transition liability	107	107		
Amortization of prior service cost				
Amortization of loss	5	17	29	63
<b>Net periodic benefit cost</b>	<b>\$ 264</b>	<b>\$ 356</b>	<b>\$ 280</b>	<b>\$ 351</b>

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### Employer Contributions

We previously disclosed in our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004, that we expected to contribute \$212,000 to our pension plan in 2005. As of September 30, 2005, \$115,000 of contributions has been made. We presently anticipate contributing an additional \$97,000 to fund our pension plan in 2005 for a total of \$212,000.

### 11. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

In March 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. 47, Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143. This Interpretation clarifies that the term conditional asset retirement obligation, as used in FASB Statement No. 143, refers to a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing or method of settlement, or both, are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. An entity is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation if the fair value of the liability can be reasonably estimated. We are assessing the impact of the interpretation on our financial statements. The Interpretation will require the recording of a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the fourth quarter of 2005, if applicable. We do not expect the Interpretation to have a material impact on the consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

In May 2005, the FASB issued Statement No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (SFAS 154) which supersedes APB Opinion No. 20, Accounting Changes and SFAS NO. 3, Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements. SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of voluntary changes in accounting principle and changes required by an accounting pronouncement when the pronouncement does not include specific transition provisions. This statement requires the retroactive application to prior periods financial statements of changes in accounting principles, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and correction of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 154 to have a material impact on the consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

In October 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 123(R)-2, Practical Accommodation to the Application of Grant Date as Defined in FASB Statement No. 123(R) was issued to address the notion of mutual understanding in the definition of grant date of a share-based payment award. FSP FAS 123(R)-2 is effective for reporting periods after October 18, 2005.

### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

During the first week of October the operations of our Mexican subsidiary, Ferrocarriles Chiapas-Mayab, S.A. de C.V. (FCCM) were impacted by Hurricane Stan, a storm that hit five states in Mexico, including the state of Chiapas. The most severe impact to FCCM is concentrated in Chiapas, between the town of Tonalá and the Guatemalan border, some 175 miles to the south. FCCM has performed a survey of the property and the preliminary assessment is that many bridges on that section of track have been damaged and at least 1 mile of track has been lost. As a result, this segment is inoperable. The remaining operations of FCCM's 1,100-mile network are unaffected.

Due to the damage to the Chiapas line, we expect to lose approximately 1,200 carloads per month for the period of October through December 2005. The revenue impact of this loss of traffic in the fourth quarter of 2005 will be approximately \$2.5 million. In addition, the damage to the

Chiapas line will likely impact our Mexican operating results for at least the first two quarters of 2006.

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In addition to lost revenue, FCCM also expects to incur additional operating costs in the fourth quarter related to the storm's impact covering matters such as car hire and additional security. FCCM carries property insurance, which could offset a portion of the additional operating costs and repair costs resulting from this damage, and FCCM is in discussions with its insurance carrier to determine the scope of coverage. In addition, FCCM representatives are in discussions with the relevant Mexican authorities concerning government funding of costs associated with the reconstruction and operation of the affected portion of the line.

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### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and with the consolidated financial statements, related notes and other financial information included in our 2004 Form 10-K.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This report and other documents referred to in this report may contain forward-looking statements based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, management's beliefs, and assumptions made by management. Words such as anticipates, intends, plans, believes, seeks, estimates, variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including the following risks applicable to all of our operations: risks related to the acquisition and integration of railroads; difficulties associated with customers, competition, connecting carriers, employees and partners; derailments; adverse weather conditions; unpredictability of fuel costs; changes in environmental and other laws and regulations to which we are subject; general economic and business conditions; and additional risks associated with our foreign operations. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or forecast in any such forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, in addition to those set forth in this Item 2, those noted in our 2004 Form 10-K under Risk Factors. We undertake no obligation and expressly disclaim any current intention to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### General

When comparing our results of operations from one reporting period to another, you should consider the fact that we have historically experienced fluctuations in revenues and expenses due to one-time freight moves, customer plant expansions and shut-downs, sales of land and equipment, accidents and derailments. In periods when these events occur, results of operations are not easily comparable to other periods. Also, we have completed a number of recent acquisitions. Because of variations in the structure, timing and size of these acquisitions our operating results in any reporting period may not be directly comparable to our operating results in other reporting periods.

Further, we use the equity method of accounting to report earnings from our Australian and Bolivian affiliates. As a result, our discussion of revenues and expenses exclusively focuses on our North American operations. We provide a discussion of Australian operating results following our discussion of operating results of the Company.

In addition, certain of our commodity shipments are sensitive to general economic conditions in North America, including paper products in the United States and Canada, chemicals in the United States, and cement in Mexico. However, shipments of other important commodities such as salt are less affected by economic conditions and are more closely affected by the weather.

For a complete description of our accounting policies, see Note 2 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004 included in our 2004 Form 10-K.



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Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2004

Operating Revenues

Overview

Operating revenues were \$105.3 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$77.2 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$28.1 million or 36.3%. The \$28.1 million increase in operating revenues consisted of \$17.3 million, \$3.1 million, \$1.1 million and \$600,000 in revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations, respectively, and an increase of \$6.0 million, or 7.8%, in revenues on existing operations. As a result of the strengthening of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in 2005, the average currency translation rate for the three months ended September 30, 2005 was 11.7% stronger than the rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, which had a \$1.3 million positive impact on total operating revenues. This impact should be considered in the following discussions of freight and non-freight operating revenues.

The following table sets forth operating revenues by acquisitions and existing operations for the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

	2005			2004	2005-2004 Variance Information			
	Total Operations	New Operations	Existing Operations	Total Operations	Increase in			
					Total Operations	Increase in Existing Operations		
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	%	
Freight revenues	\$ 76,495	\$ 13,945	\$ 62,550	\$ 57,109	\$ 19,386	33.9%	\$ 5,441	9.5%
Non-freight revenues	28,755	8,057	20,698	20,134	8,621	42.8%	564	2.8%
Total operating revenues	\$ 105,250	\$ 22,002	\$ 83,248	\$ 77,243	\$ 28,007	36.3%	\$ 6,005	7.8%

The \$19.4 million increase in freight revenues consisted of \$11.2 million, \$1.9 million and \$900,000 in freight revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR and FCRD operations, respectively, and \$5.4 million in freight revenues on existing operations. The \$8.6 million increase in non-freight revenues consisted of \$6.1 million, \$1.2 million, \$100,000 and \$600,000 in non-freight revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations, respectively, and \$600,000 in non-freight revenues on existing operations.





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The following table compares freight revenues, carloads and average freight revenues per carload for the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

Freight Revenues and Carloads Comparison by Commodity Group

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

Commodity Group	Freight Revenues				Carloads				Average Freight Revenues	
									Per Carload	
	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total	2005	2004
(in thousands, except average per carload)										
Pulp & Paper	\$ 17,272	22.6%	\$ 10,420	18.2%	37,267	18.7%	23,981	14.8%	\$ 463	\$ 435
Coal, Coke & Ores	13,008	17.0%	11,641	20.4%	51,548	25.9%	50,750	31.4%	252	229
Lumber & Forest Products	9,667	12.6%	6,628	11.6%	27,018	13.6%	19,861	12.3%	358	334
Minerals & Stone	8,563	11.2%	5,866	10.3%	21,495	10.8%	16,457	10.2%	398	356
Metals	7,505	9.8%	5,973	10.5%	20,047	10.1%	18,572	11.5%	374	322
Petroleum Products	6,164	8.1%	5,803	10.2%	7,856	4.0%	7,806	4.8%	785	743
Chemicals & Plastics	5,877	7.7%	4,021	7.0%	10,795	5.4%	7,499	4.6%	544	536
Farm & Food Products	5,079	6.6%	3,648	6.4%	15,000	7.5%	8,692	5.4%	339	420
Autos & Auto Parts	1,365	1.8%	1,350	2.4%	2,658	1.3%	3,048	1.9%	514	443
Intermodal	563	0.7%	587	1.0%	1,279	0.6%	1,724	1.1%	440	340
Other	1,432	1.9%	1,172	2.0%	4,125	2.1%	3,402	2.0%	347	345
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 76,495</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 57,109</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>199,088</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>161,792</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>353</b>

The following table sets forth freight revenues by acquisitions and existing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (dollars in thousands):

Freight revenues	2005			2004		2005-2004 Variance Information		
	Total Operations	New Operations	Existing Operations	Total Operations	Increase in			
					Total Operations	Increase in Existing Operations		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	%
Pulp & Paper	\$ 17,272	\$ 5,005	\$ 12,267	\$ 10,420	\$ 6,852	65.8%	\$ 1,847	17.7%

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Coal, Coke & Ores	13,008	889	12,119	11,641	1,367	11.8%	478	4.1%
Lumber & Forest Products	9,667	2,309	7,358	6,628	3,039	45.9%	730	11.0%
Minerals & Stone	8,563	1,331	7,233	5,866	2,697	46.0%	1,367	23.3%
Metals	7,505	924	6,581	5,973	1,532	25.6%	608	10.2%
Petroleum Products	6,164	388	5,776	5,803	361	6.2%	(27)	-0.5%
Chemicals & Plastics	5,877	1,336	4,541	4,021	1,856	46.2%	520	13.0%
Farm & Food Products	5,079	1,530	3,548	3,648	1,431	39.2%	(100)	-2.7%
Autos & Auto Parts	1,365	7	1,358	1,350	15	1.1%	8	0.6%
Intermodal	563		563	587	(24)	-4.1%	(24)	-4.1%
Other	1,432	226	1,206	1,172	260	22.2%	34	2.9%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	
Total freight revenues	\$ 76,495	\$ 13,945	\$ 62,550	\$ 57,109	\$ 19,386	33.9%	\$ 5,441	9.5%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	

The following information discusses the material changes in commodity groups on existing freight revenues.

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Pulp and paper revenues increased by \$1.8 million of which \$1.4 million was from our Canada Region consisting of \$600,000 from increased carloads and \$800,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases. Also contributing to the \$1.8 million increase was \$300,000 from our Rail Link Region consisting of \$100,000 from increased carloads and \$200,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases, and \$100,000 was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Coal, coke and ores revenues increased by \$500,000 primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases on carloads of coal from our New York-Pennsylvania Region. The coal was primarily hauled for use in electricity generating facilities.

Lumber and forest products revenues increased by \$700,000 of which \$500,000 was from our Oregon region consisting of \$400,000 from increased carloads and \$100,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases, and \$200,000 was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Minerals & stone revenues increased by \$1.4 million of which \$500,000 was from our Mexico Region primarily due to rate increases. Also contributing to the \$1.4 million increase was \$300,000 from our New York-Pennsylvania Region due equally to increased carloads and rate and fuel escalation increases, \$300,000 from our Canada Region due primarily to rate and fuel escalation increases, and \$300,000 from a net increase in all remaining Regions.

Metals revenues increased by \$600,000 of which \$400,000 was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region consisting of \$600,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases offset by \$200,000 from decreased carloads, and \$200,000 from a net increase in all remaining Regions.

Chemicals & plastics revenues increased by \$500,000 of which \$300,000 was from our Canada Region consisting of \$100,000 from increased carloads and \$200,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases, and \$200,000 was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Total carloads were 199,088 in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 161,792 in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of 37,296 carloads, or 23.1%. The increase consisted of 39,186 carloads from Rail Partners, TZPR and FCRD operations, offset by a decrease of 1,890 carloads, or 1.2%, on existing operations.

The overall average revenues per carload increased 8.8% to \$384, in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$353 per carload in the quarter ended September 30, 2004 due to a combination of rate increases, fuel escalation pass-through clauses in transportation agreements and a change in the mix of business.

### *Non-Freight Revenues*

Non-freight revenues were \$28.8 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$20.1 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$8.7 million, or 42.8%. The \$8.7 million increase in non-freight revenues consisted of \$6.1 million, \$1.2 million, \$600,000 and \$200,000 in non-freight revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, respectively, and

\$600,000 in non-freight revenues on existing operations.

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The following table compares non-freight revenues for the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

## Non-Freight Revenues Comparison

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

	% of		% of	
	2005	Total	2004	Total
(Dollars in thousands)				
Railcar switching	\$ 13,588	47.3%	\$ 10,234	50.8%
Car hire and rental income	5,064	17.6%	3,131	15.6%
Demurrage and storage	3,154	11.0%	1,983	9.8%
Car repair services	1,243	4.3%	1,295	6.4%
Other operating income	5,706	19.8%	3,491	17.4%
<b>Total non-freight revenues</b>	<b>\$ 28,755</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 20,134</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

The following table sets forth non-freight revenues by acquisitions and existing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

	2005			2004	2005-2004 Variance Information			
	Total	New	Existing	Total	Increase in Total		Increase in Existing	
	Operations	Operations	Operations	Operations	Operations	Operations	Operations	Operations
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	%
Railcar switching	\$ 13,588	\$ 2,908	\$ 10,680	\$ 10,234	\$ 3,354	32.8%	\$ 446	4.4%
Car hire and rental income	5,064	2,305	2,759	3,131	1,933	61.7%	(372)	-11.9%
Demurrage and storage	3,154	737	2,417	1,983	1,171	59.1%	434	21.9%
Car repair services	1,243	96	1,147	1,295	(52)	-4.0%	(148)	-11.4%
Other operating income	5,706	2,011	3,695	3,491	2,215	63.5%	204	5.8%
<b>Total non-freight revenues</b>	<b>\$ 28,755</b>	<b>\$ 8,057</b>	<b>\$ 20,698</b>	<b>\$ 20,134</b>	<b>\$ 8,621</b>	<b>42.8%</b>	<b>\$ 564</b>	<b>2.8%</b>

The following information discusses the material changes in non-freight revenues on existing operations.

Railcar switching revenues increased \$400,000 primarily in our Rail Link Region due to new customers and volume and rate increases at existing customers.

Car hire and rental income decreased \$400,000 primarily in our Canada and Mexico Regions due to reduced off-line revenue service for certain of our rail cars in these Regions.

Demurrage and storage revenues increased \$400,000 primarily in our Canada and Rail Link Regions due mainly to carload increases.

*Operating Expenses*

*Overview*

Operating expenses were \$81.2 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$64.1 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$17.1 million, or 26.7%. The increase was attributable to \$10.1 million, \$2.5 million, \$800,000 and \$300,000 from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations, respectively, and an increase of \$3.4 million on existing operations.

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As a result of the strengthening of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in 2005, the average currency translation rate for the three months ended September 30, 2005 was 11.7% stronger than the rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, which had a \$1.4 million negative impact on our operating expenses. This impact should be considered in the following discussions of operating expenses.

*Operating Ratios*

Our operating ratio, defined as total operating expenses divided by total operating revenues, improved to 77.1% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, from 82.9% in the quarter ended September 30, 2004.

The following table sets forth a comparison of our operating expenses for the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

## Operating Expense Comparison

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

	2005		2004	
	Percent of		Percent of	
	Operating		Operating	
	\$	Revenues	\$	Revenues
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Labor and benefits	\$ 31,379	29.8%	\$ 26,551	34.4%
Equipment rents	9,281	8.8%	7,100	9.2%
Purchased services	7,583	7.2%	4,493	5.8%
Depreciation and amortization	7,058	6.7%	4,812	6.2%
Diesel fuel	10,709	10.2%	6,222	8.1%
Casualties and insurance	4,548	4.3%	4,598	6.0%
Materials	5,131	4.9%	3,826	5.0%
Net gain on sale and impairment of assets	(3,368)	-3.2%	81	0.1%
Other expenses	8,850	8.4%	6,360	8.1%
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 81,171</b>	<b>77.1%</b>	<b>\$ 64,043</b>	<b>82.9%</b>

Labor and benefits expense was \$31.4 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$26.6 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$4.8 million, or 18.2%. The increase was attributable to \$3.5 million in labor and benefits expense from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, and an increase of \$1.3 million from existing operations. The increase from existing operations was due to an increased number of employees, and regular wage and benefit increases. As a percentage of total revenues, labor and benefits decreased in 2005 to 29.8% from 34.4% in 2004 primarily due to Rail Partners operations, which uses a higher level of contract services than does our existing operations.



Equipment rents were \$9.3 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$7.1 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$2.2 million, or 30.7%. The increase was attributable to \$2.2 million in equipment rents from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations. As a percentage of total revenues, equipment rents decreased in 2005 to 8.8% from 9.2% in 2004.

Purchased services were \$7.6 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$4.5 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 68.8%. The increase was attributable to \$1.9 million in purchased services from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, and an

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increase of \$1.2 million from existing operations primarily due to the provision of terminal services in our Mexico Region. As a percentage of total revenues, purchased services increased in 2005 to 7.2% from 5.8% in 2004 primarily due to Rail Partners operations, which uses a higher level of contract services than does our existing operations.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$7.0 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$4.8 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$2.2 million, or 46.7%. The increase was attributable to \$2.0 million in depreciation and amortization from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, and an increase of \$200,000 from existing operations. As a percentage of total revenues, depreciation and amortization increased in 2005 to 6.7% from 6.2% in 2004.

Diesel fuel expense was \$10.7 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$6.2 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$4.5 million, or 72.1%. The increase was attributable to \$1.3 million in diesel fuel from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, and an increase of \$3.2 million on existing operations of which \$2.9 million was due to a 45.3% increase in the average price per gallon. As a percentage of total revenues, diesel fuel increased in 2005 to 10.2% from 8.1% in 2004.

Casualties and insurance expense was \$4.5 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$4.6 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, a net decrease of \$100,000, or 1.1%. The net decrease was attributable to a decrease of \$700,000 on existing operations of which \$500,000 was FELA and third party claims offset by \$600,000 in casualties and insurance from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations. As a percentage of total revenues, casualties and insurance decreased in 2005 to 4.3% from 6.0% in 2004.

Materials expense was \$5.1 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$3.8 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$1.3 million or 34.1%. The increase was attributable to \$650,000 in material from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, and an increase of \$650,000 on existing operations primarily in our Canada Region due to increased track and equipment maintenance. As a percentage of total revenues, materials decreased in 2005 to 4.9% from 5.0% in 2004.

Net (gain) loss on sale and impairment of assets was a gain of \$3.4 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to a loss of \$100,000 in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$3.5 million. The gain of \$3.4 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, was attributable to the sale of 32 miles of track assets from an abandoned rail line in our New York-Pennsylvania Region.

Other expenses combined were \$8.9 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$6.4 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$2.5 million, or 39.2%. The increase was attributable to \$1.3 million from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations of which \$800,000 is property lease expense on TZPR, and an increase of \$1.2 million on existing operations primarily due to legal, accounting, acquisition and consulting expenses. As a percentage of total revenues, other expenses increased in 2005 to 8.4% from 8.1% in 2004.

## Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$4.9 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$2.4 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$2.5 million, or 109.1%, primarily due to higher outstanding debt resulting from the June 1, 2005 acquisition of Rail Partners.



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### Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income, net, in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, was \$100,000 compared to other expense, net of \$200,000 in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$300,000. The increase is primarily due to a non-cash exchange rate translation gain of \$100,000 in 2005 compared to a non-cash exchange rate translation loss of \$200,000 in 2004 on U.S. dollar-denominated debt held in Mexico.

### Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, was 24.7% compared to 40.3% in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The decrease was primarily attributable to an income tax credit enacted as part of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 that reduced tax expense by \$1.9 million and a \$700,000 tax benefit related to legislative changes in Mexico concerning deductibility of employee profit sharing. The U.S. legislation provides for a credit against income taxes for track maintenance expenditures incurred from January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2007. The credit is equal to 50% of qualifying expenditures and is limited to \$3,500 multiplied by the number of miles of U.S. railroad track we own or lease.

### Equity in Net Income of International Affiliates

Equity earnings of international affiliates were \$2.6 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$3.8 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, a decrease of \$1.2 million. Equity earnings in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, consisted of \$2.4 million from Australian Railroad Group and \$200,000 from South American affiliates. Equity earnings in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, consisted of \$3.5 million from Australian Railroad Group and \$300,000 from South American affiliates. See additional information regarding ARG's financial results and the impact of exchange rate changes in Supplemental Information - Australian Railroad Group.

### Net Income and Earnings Per Share

Net income in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, was \$17.0 million compared to net income of \$10.1 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$6.9 million, or 68.0%. The increase in net income was the result of an increase in North American operations of \$8.1 million, offset by a decrease in equity in net income of international affiliates of \$1.2 million.

Basic Earnings Per Share increased by \$0.27, or 64.3%, to \$0.69 in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, from \$0.42 in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. Diluted Earnings Per Share increased by \$0.24, or 64.9%, to \$0.61 in the quarter ended September 30, 2005 from \$0.37 in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. Weighted average shares for basic and diluted were 24.7 million and 27.9 million, respectively, in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 24.2 million and 27.5 million, respectively, in the quarter ended September 30, 2004.

### Supplemental Information - Australian Railroad Group

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ARG is owned 50% by us and 50% by Wesfarmers Limited, a public corporation based in Perth, Western Australia. We account for our 50% ownership in ARG under the equity method of accounting. As a result of the strengthening of the Australian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in 2005, the average currency translation rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, was 7.5% stronger than the rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, the impact of which should be considered in the following discussions of equity earnings, freight and non-freight operating revenues, and operating expenses.

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In the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, we recorded \$2.4 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, of equity earnings from ARG, which is reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of income under the caption Equity in Net Income of International Affiliates Australia. The following table provides ARG's freight revenues, carloads and average freight revenues per carload for the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004.

## ARG Freight Revenues

## Australian Railroad Group Freight Revenues and Carloads by Commodity Group

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

Commodity Group	Freight Revenues				Carloads				Average Freight Revenues	
	% of		% of		% of		% of		Per Carload	
	2005	Total	2004	Total	2005	Total	2004	Total	2005	2004
(U.S. dollars in thousands, except average per carload)										
Grain	\$ 20,580	28.6%	\$ 26,392	37.9%	48,528	20.2%	69,185	28.1%	\$ 424	\$ 381
Other Ores and Minerals	14,579	20.3%	14,665	21.1%	24,454	10.2%	28,218	11.5%	596	520
Iron Ore	15,307	21.3%	10,588	15.2%	56,526	23.5%	47,886	19.4%	271	221
Alumina	5,376	7.5%	4,837	6.9%	39,902	16.6%	38,785	15.8%	135	125
Bauxite	3,702	5.1%	3,113	4.5%	34,815	14.5%	32,101	13.0%	106	97
Hook and Pull (Haulage)	2,518	3.5%	364	0.5%	3,778	1.6%	960	0.4%	666	379
Gypsum	945	1.3%	748	1.1%	12,705	5.3%	12,180	4.9%	74	61
Other	8,888	12.4%	8,946	12.8%	19,718	8.1%	16,927	6.9%	451	529
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 71,895</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 69,653</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>240,426</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>246,242</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>283</b>

ARG's freight revenues were \$71.9 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005 compared to \$69.7 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$2.2 million, or 3.2%. In local currency, freight revenues decreased 3.6% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2004.

Total ARG carloads were 240,426 in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 246,242 in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, a decrease of 5,816, or 2.4%. The net decline of 5,816 carloads resulted primarily from a decrease in grain of 20,657 carloads due to smaller grain harvests in Western Australia and South Australia. There was also a decrease in other ores and minerals of 3,764 carloads due to reduced production in Western Australia of coal, nickel and sulphuric acid. These declines were partially offset by an increase in iron ore of 8,640 carloads due to the expansion of customer production facilities in Western Australia, an increase in hook and pull (haulage) of 2,818 carloads due to new intermodal service and an increase in bauxite of 2,714 carloads. All other commodities combined increased 4,433 carloads. Average freight revenues per carload increased from \$283 to \$299. In local currency, the average revenue per carload decreased 1.3% due principally to the change of mix in business.

ARG Non-Freight Revenues

ARG's non-freight revenues were \$15.4 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$14.0 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$1.4 million or 9.8%. In local currency, non-freight revenues increased 2.5% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The \$1.4 million increase in non-freight revenues was primarily attributable to a higher level of track and crossing work carried out for third parties and exchange rate impact. The following table compares ARG's non-freight revenues for the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

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## Australian Railroad Group

## Non-Freight Revenues Comparison

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

	% of		% of	
	2005	Total	2004	Total
(U.S. dollars in thousands)				
Third party track access fees	\$ 5,140	33.3%	\$ 4,943	35.2%
Alice Springs to Darwin Line	1,865	12.1%	1,668	11.9%
Other operating income	8,418	54.6%	7,431	52.9%
<b>Total non-freight revenues</b>	<b>\$ 15,423</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 14,042</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## ARG Operating Expenses

ARG's operating expenses were \$73.2 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$67.0 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$6.3 million, or 9.4%. The following table sets forth a comparison of ARG's operating expenses in the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

## Australian Railroad Group

## Operating Expense Comparison

Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

	2005		2004	
	Percent of		Percent of	
	Operating		Operating	
	\$	Revenues	\$	Revenues
(U.S. dollars in thousands)				
Labor and benefits	\$ 17,973	20.6%	\$ 14,530	17.4%
Equipment rents	833	1.0%	667	0.8%
Purchased services	17,384	19.9%	20,840	24.9%
Depreciation and amortization	7,990	9.2%	6,748	8.1%
Diesel fuel used in operations	9,263	10.6%	6,869	8.2%
Diesel fuel for sales to third parties	5,645	6.4%	5,385	6.4%



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Casualties and insurance	2,266	2.6%	1,620	1.9%
Materials	4,107	4.7%	3,759	4.5%
Net loss (gain) on sale and impairment of assets	22	0.0%	(95)	-0.1%
Other expenses	7,744	8.9%	6,636	7.9%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total operating expenses	\$ 73,227	83.9%	\$ 66,959	80.0%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

Labor and benefits expense as a percentage of revenues increased to 20.6% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 17.4% in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, labor and benefits increased 15.6% in the three months ended September 30, 2005, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2004. The increase was primarily due to an increase in employee costs associated with a transition of locomotive maintenance work from external contractors to in-house employees, an increase in employee wages, and the hiring and training of new locomotive drivers.

Purchased services decreased to 19.9% as a percentage of revenues in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 24.9% of revenues in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, purchased services decreased 22.1% in 2005 compared to 2004. The decrease was due to a transition of locomotive maintenance from work external contractors to in-house employees, a decrease in the average number of contract locomotive drivers by 75 individuals compared with 2004, and a reduction in grain transfer costs.

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Depreciation and amortization expense as a percentage of revenues, increased to 9.2% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 8.1% in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, depreciation and amortization increased 10.6% in 2005 compared to 2004. The increase was primarily due to higher depreciation related to an increase in capital expenditures during 2004 and 2005.

Diesel fuel used in operations increased to 10.6% of revenues in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 8.2% of revenues in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, the cost of fuel used in operations increased 25.9% in 2005 compared to 2004 due to a 33.8% increase in fuel prices partially offset by a 5.5% reduction in fuel consumed due primarily to lower grain traffic.

Diesel fuel sold to third parties remained constant at 6.4% of revenues in the quarters ended September 30, 2005 and September 30, 2004. In local currency, the cost of diesel fuel sold to third parties decreased 2.1% in 2005 compared to 2004. The decrease was due to a 22.5% reduction in the volume of fuel sold partially offset by higher fuel prices.

Casualties and insurance increased to 2.6% of revenues in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 1.9% of revenues in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, casualties and insurance increased 30.9% in 2005 compared to 2004. The increase was primarily due to additional restoration costs related to two derailments which occurred near Koolyanobbing, Western Australia in January 2005.

Materials expense as a percentage of revenues increased to 4.7% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 4.5% in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, materials expense increased 2.1% in 2005 compared to 2004. The increase was due to track related materials usage associated with rail grinding programs.

Other expenses as a percentage of revenues increased to 8.9% in the quarter ended September 30, 2005, compared to 7.9% in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. In local currency, other expenses increased 9.0% in 2005 compared to 2004. The increase was primarily due to an increase in track and crossing work performed for third parties.

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Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2004

## Operating Revenues

## Overview

Operating revenues were \$282.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$223.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$58.4 million, or 26.1%. The \$58.4 million increase in operating revenues consisted of \$22.3 million, \$8.3 million, \$1.9 million and \$1.7 million in revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations, respectively, and an increase of \$24.1 million, or 10.8%, in revenues on existing operations. As a result of the strengthening of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in 2005, the average currency translation rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, was 11.2% more favorable than the rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, the \$3.8 million impact of which should be considered in the following discussions of freight and non-freight operating revenues. The following table sets forth operating revenues by acquisitions and existing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

	2005			2004	2005-2004 Variance Information			
	Total Operations	New Operations	Existing Operations	Total Operations	Increase in		Increase in	
					Total Operations		Existing Operations	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	%	
Freight revenues	\$ 208,659	\$ 21,371	\$ 187,288	\$ 167,826	\$ 40,833	24.3%	\$ 19,462	11.6%
Non-freight revenues	73,414	\$ 12,900	60,514	55,881	17,533	31.4%	4,633	8.3%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>\$ 282,073</b>	<b>\$ 34,271</b>	<b>\$ 247,802</b>	<b>\$ 223,707</b>	<b>\$ 58,366</b>	<b>26.1%</b>	<b>\$ 24,095</b>	<b>10.8%</b>

The \$40.8 million increase in freight revenues consisted of \$14.8 million, \$4.9 million and \$1.7 million in freight revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR and FCRD operations, respectively, and \$19.4 million in freight revenues on existing operations. The \$17.5 million increase in non-freight revenues consisted of \$7.5 million, \$3.4 million, \$300,000 and \$1.7 million in non-freight revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations, respectively, and \$4.6 million in non-freight revenues on existing operations.

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The following table compares freight revenues, carloads and average freight revenues per carload for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

Freight Revenues and Carloads Comparison by Commodity Group

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

Commodity Group	Freight Revenues				Carloads				Average Freight Revenues	
									Per Carload	
	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total	2005	2004
(Dollars in thousands, except average per car)										
Pulp & Paper	\$ 42,282	20.3%	\$ 29,710	17.7%	93,362	17.1%	70,171	14.9%	\$ 453	\$ 423
Coal, Coke & Ores	38,421	18.4%	34,440	20.5%	147,192	27.0%	144,051	30.6%	261	239
Lumber & Forest Products	26,020	12.5%	18,793	11.2%	72,505	13.3%	57,323	12.2%	359	328
Minerals & Stone	21,389	10.3%	16,695	9.9%	53,284	9.8%	44,850	9.5%	401	372
Metals	20,847	10.0%	17,078	10.2%	57,966	10.6%	53,940	11.5%	360	317
Petroleum Products	19,869	9.5%	18,251	10.9%	25,369	4.7%	24,301	5.2%	783	751
Chemicals & Plastics	15,799	7.6%	11,996	7.1%	29,868	5.5%	22,775	4.8%	529	527
Farm & Food Products	13,527	6.5%	11,387	6.8%	39,407	7.2%	27,058	5.8%	343	421
Autos & Auto Parts	5,248	2.5%	4,946	2.9%	10,866	2.0%	11,458	2.4%	483	432
Intermodal	1,561	0.7%	1,769	1.1%	3,577	0.7%	4,824	1.0%	436	367
Other	3,696	1.7%	2,761	1.7%	12,121	2.1%	9,711	2.1%	305	284
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 208,659</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 167,826</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>545,517</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>470,462</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>357</b>

The following table sets forth freight revenues by acquisitions and existing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (dollars in thousands):

Freight revenues	2005			2004		2005-2004 Variance Information			
	Total Operations	New Operations	Existing Operations	Total Operations	Increase in Total Operations		Increase in Existing Operations		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	%	
Pulp & Paper	\$ 42,282	\$ 6,716	\$ 35,566	\$ 29,710	\$ 12,572	42.3%	\$ 5,856	19.7%	
Coal, Coke & Ores	38,421	1,744	36,677	34,440	3,981	11.6%	2,237	6.5%	
Lumber & Forest Products	26,020	3,090	22,930	18,793	7,227	38.5%	4,137	22.0%	

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Minerals & Stone	21,389	1,838	19,551	16,695	4,694	28.1%	2,856	17.1%
Metals	20,847	1,815	19,032	17,078	3,769	22.1%	1,954	11.4%
Petroleum Products	19,869	614	19,255	18,251	1,618	8.9%	1,004	5.5%
Chemicals & Plastics	15,799	2,118	13,681	11,996	3,803	31.7%	1,685	14.0%
Farm & Food Products	13,527	2,880	10,647	11,387	2,140	18.8%	(740)	-6.5%
Autos & Auto Parts	5,248	25	5,223	4,946	302	6.1%	277	5.6%
Intermodal	1,561		1,561	1,769	(208)	-11.8%	(208)	-11.8%
Other	3,696	531	3,165	2,761	935	33.9%	404	14.6%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	
Total freight revenues	\$ 208,659	\$ 21,371	\$ 187,288	\$ 167,826	\$ 40,833	24.3%	\$ 19,462	11.6%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	

The following information discusses the material changes in commodity groups on existing freight revenues.

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Pulp and paper revenues increased by \$5.9 million of which \$4.0 million was from our Canada Region consisting of \$2.2 million from increased carloads and \$1.8 million from rate and fuel escalation increases. Also contributing to the \$5.9 million increase was \$1.1 million from our Rail Link Region consisting of \$700,000 from increased carloads and \$400,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases, and \$800,000 was from a net increase in all remaining Regions primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Coal, coke and ores revenues increased by \$2.2 million from hauling carloads of coal, primarily for electricity generating facilities, of which \$1.2 million was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region consisting of \$200,000 from increased carloads and \$1.0 million from rate and fuel escalation increases. Also contributing to the \$2.2 million increase was \$600,000 from our Utah Region primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases and \$400,000 from a net increase in all remaining Regions primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Lumber and forest products revenues increased by \$4.1 million of which \$2.4 million was from our Oregon Region consisting of \$1.7 million from increased carloads and \$700,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases. Also contributing to the \$4.1 million increase was \$1.0 million from our Rail Link Region consisting of \$200,000 from increased carloads and \$800,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases, \$400,000 from our New York-Pennsylvania Region and \$300,000 from our remaining Regions both primarily due to increased carloads.

Minerals & stone revenue increased by \$2.9 million of which \$1.1 million was from our Mexico Region consisting of \$300,000 from increased carloads and \$800,000 from rate increases. Also contributing to the \$2.9 million increase was \$600,000 from our Canada Region consisting of \$200,000 from increased carloads and \$400,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases, \$400,000 from our Rail Link Region due to increased carloads, \$600,000 from our New York-Pennsylvania and Oregon Regions and \$200,000 from a net increase in all remaining Regions primarily due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Metals revenue increased by \$2.0 million of which \$1.1 million was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region consisting of \$1.5 million from rate and fuel escalation increases offset by \$400,000 from decreased carloads. Also contributing to the \$2.0 million increase was \$600,000 from our Canada Region and \$300,000 from our Oregon Region due to rate and fuel escalation increases.

Petroleum products revenue increased by \$1.0 million of which \$800,000 was from our Mexico Region consisting of \$1.2 million from increased carloads offset by \$400,000 from rate decreases. Also contributing to the \$1.0 million increase was \$200,000 from our Canada Region primarily due to increased carloads.

Chemicals & plastics revenues increased by \$1.7 million of which \$1.0 million was from our Canada Region consisting of \$500,000 from increased carloads and \$500,000 from rate and fuel escalation increases. Also contributing to the \$1.7 million increase was \$500,000 from our New York-Pennsylvania Region primarily from rate and fuel escalation increases.

Farm and food products revenue decreased by \$700,000 of which \$400,000 was from our Mexico Region primarily due to rate decreases and \$300,000 was from our Canada Region primarily due to decreased carloads.

Total carloads were 545,517 in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 compared to 470,462 in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of 75,055 carloads, or 16.0%. The increase consisted of 64,482 carloads from Rail Partners, TZPR and FCRD operations, and an increase of 10,573 carloads, or 2.2%, from existing operations.



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The overall average revenues per carload increased 7.0% to \$382 in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 compared to \$357 per carload in the nine months ended September 30, 2004 due to a combination of rate increases, fuel escalation pass-through clauses in transportation agreements and change in the mix of business.

*Non-Freight Revenues*

Non-freight revenues were \$73.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$55.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$17.5 million, or 31.4%. The \$17.5 million increase in non-freight revenues consisted of \$7.5 million, \$3.4 million, \$300,000 and \$1.7 million in revenues from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations, respectively, and an increase of \$4.6 million, or 8.3%, in revenues on existing operations. The following table compares non-freight revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

## Non-Freight Revenues Comparison

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total
(Dollars in thousands)				
Railcar switching	\$ 36,066	49.1%	\$ 28,866	51.7%
Car hire and rental income	11,932	16.3%	8,618	15.4%
Demurrage and storage	8,199	11.2%	5,114	9.2%
Car repair services	3,760	5.1%	4,119	7.4%
Other operating income	13,457	18.3%	9,164	16.3%
<b>Total non-freight revenues</b>	<b>\$ 73,414</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 55,881</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

The following table sets forth non-freight revenues by acquisitions and existing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

2005			2004	2005-2004 Variance Information			
Total Operations	New Operations	Existing Operations	Total Operations	Increase in Total Operations		Increase in Existing Operations	
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	%



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Railcar switching	\$ 36,066	\$ 5,067	\$ 30,999	\$ 28,866	\$ 7,200	24.9%	\$ 2,133	7.4%
Car hire and rental income	11,932	3,307	8,625	8,618	3,314	38.5%	7	0.0%
Demurrage and storage	8,199	1,451	6,748	5,114	3,085	60.3%	1,634	32.0%
Car repair services	3,760	141	3,619	4,119	(359)	-8.7%	(500)	-12.1%
Other operating income	13,457	2,934	10,523	9,164	4,293	46.8%	1,359	14.8%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	
Total non-freight revenues	\$ 73,414	\$ 12,900	\$ 60,514	\$ 55,881	\$ 17,533	31.4%	\$ 4,633	8.3%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>	

The following information discusses the material changes in non-freight revenues on existing operations.

Railcar switching revenues increased \$2.1 million primarily in our Rail Link and Mexico Regions due to a combination of new customers, rate increases, and higher volumes with existing customers.

Demurrage and storage revenues increased \$1.6 million primarily in our Canada, Rail Link, Oregon and New York-Pennsylvania Regions.

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Other operating income increased \$1.4 million primarily due to increased terminal services in our Mexico Region and increased volumes at a coal transloading facility in our Illinois Region.

*Operating Expenses**Overview*

Operating expenses were \$227.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$185.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$42.3 million, or 22.8%. The increase was attributable to \$22.3 million from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations and an increase of \$20.0 million on existing operations. As a result of the strengthening of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in 2005, the average currency translation rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, was 11.2% stronger than the rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. This appreciation had a \$3.6 million negative impact on our operating expenses, which should be considered in the following discussions of operating expenses.

*Operating Ratios*

Our operating ratio, defined as total operating expenses divided by total operating revenues, improved to 80.7% in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 from 82.9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

The following table sets forth a comparison of our operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004:

## Operating Expense Comparison

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

	2005		2004	
	Percent of		Percent of	
	Operating		Operating	
	\$	Revenues	\$	Revenues
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Labor and benefits	\$ 89,833	31.8%	\$ 77,897	34.8%
Equipment rents	25,286	9.0%	20,316	9.1%
Purchased services	18,778	6.7%	13,272	5.9%
Depreciation and amortization	17,717	6.3%	14,295	6.4%
Diesel fuel	27,523	9.8%	17,514	7.8%

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Casualties and insurance	13,682	4.9%	11,958	5.3%
Materials	14,159	5.0%	11,144	5.0%
Net gain on sale and impairment of assets	(3,367)	-1.2%	(12)	0.0%
Other expenses	24,104	8.4%	18,983	8.6%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total operating expenses	\$ 227,715	80.7%	\$ 185,367	82.9%
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

Labor and benefits expense was \$89.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$77.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$11.9 million, or 15.3%. The increase was attributable to \$6.0 million in labor and benefits expense from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations and an increase of \$5.9 million from existing operations. The increase from existing operations was primarily due to an increased number of employees, and regular wage and benefit increases. As a percentage of total revenues, labor and benefits decreased in 2005 to 31.8% from 34.8% in 2004.

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Equipment rents were \$25.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$20.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$5.0 million, or 24.5%. The increase was attributable to \$3.4 million in equipment rents from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations and an increase of \$1.6 million from existing operations primarily due to car hire expense from increased freight shipments. As a percentage of total revenues, equipment rents decreased in 2005 to 9.0% from 9.1% in 2004.

Purchased services were \$18.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$13.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$5.5 million, or 41.5%. The increase was attributable to \$2.6 million in purchased services from Rail Partners, TZPR, FCRD and Savannah Wharf operations and an increase of \$2.9 million from existing operations of which approximately \$1.2 million was due to terminal services in our Mexico Region, \$500,000 was from our New York-Pennsylvania Region, and \$400,000 was from our Illinois Region. As a percentage of total revenues, purchased services increased in 2005 to 6.7% from 5.9% in 2004.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$17.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$14.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$3.4 million, or 23.9%. The increase was attributable to \$2.8 million in depreciation and amortization from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations and an increase of \$600,000 from existing operations. As a percentage of total revenues, depreciation and amortization decreased in 2005 to 6.3% from 6.4% in 2004.

Diesel fuel expense was \$27.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$17.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$10.0 million, or 57.1%. The increase was attributable to \$2.0 million from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations and an increase of \$8.0 million on existing operations. The \$8.3 million increase on existing operations consisted of \$7.4 million due to a 40.5% increase in the average price per gallon and \$900,000 due to a fuel consumption increase. As a percentage of total revenues, diesel fuel increased in 2005 to 9.8% from 7.8% in 2004.

Casualties and insurance expense was \$13.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$12.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$1.7 million or 14.4%. The increase was attributable to \$900,000 in casualties and insurance from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations and \$800,000 from existing operations. The increase from existing operations was primarily due to a \$900,000 increase in derailment expense from our Mexico Region offset by a decrease of \$200,000 in derailment expense on all other Regions, and a \$200,000 increase in FELA and third party claims and insurance. As a percentage of total revenues, casualties and insurance decreased in 2005 to 4.9% from 5.3% in 2004.

Materials expense was \$14.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$11.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$3.0 million or 27.1%. The increase was attributable to \$1.2 million in material from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations, and an increase of \$1.8 million on existing operations of which \$900,000 was in our Canada Region due to increased track and equipment maintenance and the strengthening of the Canadian dollar compared to the U.S. dollar. As a percentage of total revenues, materials remained flat in 2005 at 5.0%.

Net gain on sale and impairment of assets was a gain of \$3.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to a gain of \$12,000 in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$3.4 million. The gain of \$3.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, was attributable to the sale of 32 miles of track assets from an abandoned rail line in our New York-Pennsylvania Region.

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Other expenses combined were \$24.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$19.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$5.1 million or 27.0%. The increase was attributable to \$3.4 million from Rail Partners, TZPR, Savannah Wharf and FCRD operations and an increase of \$1.7 million on existing operations. As a percentage of total revenues, all other expenses decreased in 2005 to 8.4% from 8.6% in 2004.

### Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$9.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$7.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$2.8 million, or 39.7%, primarily due to higher outstanding debt resulting from the September 1, 2005 acquisition of Rail Partners.

### Other Income (Expense), Net

Other expense, net in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, was \$300,000 compared to other income of \$200,000 in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, a decrease of \$500,000. The decrease was primarily due to a non-cash exchange rate translation loss of \$600,000 on U.S. dollar-denominated debt held in Mexico.

### Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rate in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 was 27.8% compared to 39.0% in the nine months ended September 30, 2004. The decrease was attributable to an income tax credit enacted as part of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 which reduced tax expense by \$4.9 million. The legislation provides for a credit against U.S. income taxes for track maintenance expenditures incurred from January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2007. The credit is equal to 50% of qualifying expenditures and is limited to \$3,500 multiplied by the number of miles of U.S. railroad track we own or lease.

### Equity in Net Income of International Affiliates

Equity earnings of international affiliates, net, were \$7.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$11.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, a decrease of \$3.8 million. Equity earnings in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, consisted of \$7.0 million from Australian Railroad Group and \$400,000 from South American affiliates. Equity earnings in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, consisted of \$10.7 million from Australian Railroad Group and \$500,000 from South American affiliates. See additional information regarding ARG's financial results and the impact of exchange rate changes in Supplemental Information - Australian Railroad Group.

### Net Income and Earnings Per Share

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Net income in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, was \$39.3 million compared to net income of \$30.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$8.9 million or 29.1%. The increase in net income was the result of an increase in North American operations of \$12.7 million, offset by a decrease in equity in net income of international affiliates of \$3.8 million.

Basic Earnings Per Share increased by \$0.36, or 29.0%, to \$1.60 in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 from \$1.24 in the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Diluted Earnings Per Share increased by \$0.33, or 30.3%, to \$1.42 in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 from \$1.09 in the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Weighted average shares for basic and diluted were 24.6 million and 27.7 million, respectively, in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to 24.1 million and 27.4 million, respectively, in the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

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## Supplemental Information Australian Railroad Group

ARG is owned 50% by us and 50% by Wesfarmers Limited, a public corporation based in Perth, Western Australia. We account for our 50% ownership in ARG under the equity method of accounting. As a result of the strengthening of the Australian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar in 2005, the average currency translation rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 was 5.0% more favorable than the rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the impact of which should be considered in the following discussions of equity earnings, freight and non-freight operating revenues, and operating expenses.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, we recorded \$7.0 million and \$10.7 million, respectively, of equity earnings from ARG, which is reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of income under the caption Equity in Net Income of International Affiliates Australia. The following table provides ARG's freight revenues, carloads and average freight revenues per carload for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004.

## ARG Freight Revenues

## Australian Railroad Group Freight Revenues and Carloads by Commodity Group

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 and 2004

Commodity Group	Freight Revenues				Carloads				Average Freight Revenues	
									Per Carload	
	(U.S. dollars in thousands, except average per carload)									
	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total	2005	% of Total	2004	% of Total	2005	2004
Grain	\$ 60,942	29.1%	\$ 78,323	37.6%	148,697	20.8%	205,409	27.7%	\$ 410	\$ 381
Other Ores and Minerals	45,226	21.6%	43,798	21.0%	77,359	10.8%	82,033	11.1%	585	534
Iron Ore	42,526	20.3%	32,922	15.8%	166,459	23.3%	149,415	20.1%	255	220
Alumina	16,336	7.8%	14,589	7.0%	119,272	16.7%	117,921	15.9%	137	124
Bauxite	11,131	5.3%	9,245	4.4%	105,017	14.7%	92,352	12.5%	106	100
Hook and Pull (Haulage)	4,003	1.9%	1,279	0.6%	6,007	0.8%	6,257	0.8%	666	204
Gypsum	3,121	1.6%	2,659	1.3%	36,424	5.1%	37,587	5.1%	86	71
Other	25,798	12.4%	25,551	12.3%	56,513	7.8%	50,749	6.8%	456	503
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 209,083</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 208,366</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>715,748</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>741,723</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>281</b>

ARG's freight revenues were \$209.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to \$208.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, an increase of \$700,000 or 0.3%. In local currency, freight revenues decreased 4.8% in the nine months ended

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September 30, 2005, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

Total ARG carloads were 715,748 in the nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to 741,723 in the nine months ended September 30, 2004, a decrease of 25,975, or 3.5%. The net decrease of 25,975 carloads resulted primarily from decreases in grain of 56,712 carloads due to smaller grain harvests i