PLATINUM UNDERWRITERS HOLDINGS LTD Form 10-Q October 24, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-31341

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda 98-0416483 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification

incorporation or organization) No.)

Waterloo House 100 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke, Bermuda

Pembroke, Bermuda HM 08 (Address of principal executive (Zip Code) offices)

(441) 295-7195

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke, Bermuda HM 08

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if

(§232.405 of this chap	•	ted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T r such shorter period that the registrant was required
a smaller reporting co	e e	red filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or erated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting
Large accelerated	X	Accelerated filer
filer		
Non-accelerated filer	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check man	k whether the registrant is a shell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
The registrant had 27,	909,665 common shares, par value \$0.01 p	er share, outstanding as of October 17, 2013.

PLATINUM UNDERWRITERS HOLDINGS, LTD. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (\$ in thousands, except share data)

	(Unaudited)	
	September	December
	30,	31,
	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities at fair value	\$1,835,380	\$1,941,685
(amortized cost - \$1,767,085 and \$1,781,549, respectively)		
Fixed maturity trading securities at fair value	102,604	112,813
(amortized cost - \$96,390 and \$104,053, respectively)		
Short-term investments	73,635	172,801
Total investments	2,011,619	2,227,299
Cash and cash equivalents	1,565,405	1,720,395
Accrued investment income	20,451	21,299
Reinsurance premiums receivable	133,769	128,517
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid and paid losses and loss adjustment expenses	3,525	3,899
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	5,120	2,661
Funds held by ceding companies	118,983	114,090
Deferred acquisition costs	32,378	28,112
Reinsurance deposit assets	78,179	50,693
Deferred tax assets	25,986	22,773
Other assets	13,844	13,565
Total assets	\$4,009,259	\$4,333,303
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$1,758,056	\$1,961,282
Unearned premiums	130,488	113,960
Debt obligations	250,000	250,000
Commissions payable	75,018	64,849
Other liabilities	96,767	48,678
Total liabilities	\$2,310,329	\$2,438,769
Shareholders' Equity		
Common shares, \$0.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized,	\$279	\$327
27,909,665 and 32,722,144 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	-	209,897
Accumulated other comprehensive income	57,390	137,690
Retained earnings	1,641,261	1,546,620
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,698,930	\$1,894,534

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

\$4,009,259 \$4,333,303

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands, except per share data)

	Septe		on the Ended ber 30,		Sept		ths Ended ber 30,	
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Revenue:								
Net premiums earned	\$135,360		\$138,588		\$405,146		\$421,875	
Net investment income	17,758		23,209		54,110		77,916	
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	(306)	22,982		24,698		70,299	
Total other-than-temporary impairments	14		354		(600)	263	
Portion of impairment losses recognized in other								
comprehensive income	(79)	(1,053)	(1,402)	(3,145)
Net impairment losses on investments	(65)	(699)	(2,002)	(2,882)
Other income (expense)	1,426		(96)	2,503		(766)
Total revenue	154,173		183,984		484,455		566,442	
Expenses:								
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	44,142		45,117		120,807		191,430	
Net acquisition expenses	30,675		26,168		91,207		87,025	
Operating expenses	20,672		19,966		59,695		56,645	
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	487		541		(592)	763	
Interest expense	4,782		4,775		14,341		14,321	
Total expenses	100,758		96,567		285,458		350,184	
•								
Income before income taxes	53,415		87,417		198,997		216,258	
Income tax expense	15,130		2,553		24,342		10,575	
Net income	\$38,285		\$84,864		\$174,655		\$205,683	
Earnings per common share:								
Basic earnings per common share	\$1.34		\$2.56		\$5.71		\$6.02	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.32		\$2.54		\$5.63		\$5.98	
C 1								
Shareholder dividends:								
Common shareholder dividends declared	\$2,260		\$2,630		\$7,181		\$8,137	
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.08		\$0.08		\$0.24		\$0.24	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)
For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012
(\$ in thousands)

	Three N	Months Ended	Nine M	onths Ended
	Sept	tember 30,	Septe	ember 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income	\$38,285	\$84,864	\$174,655	\$205,683
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:				
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with				
other-than-temporary impairments recorded	14	354	(600) 263
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other				
securities	(7,622) 24,211	(65,839) 73,304
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(7,608) 24,565	(66,439) 73,567
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale				
securities:				
Net realized gains on investments	-	(22,710) (27,243) (70,607)
Net impairment losses on investments	65	699	2,002	2,882
Total reclassifications to net income	65	(22,011) (25,241) (67,725)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes	(7,543) 2,554	(91,680) 5,842
Income tax benefit (expense)	566	(729) 11,380	(2,090)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(6,977) 1,825	(80,300) 3,752
Comprehensive income	\$31,308	\$86,689	\$94,355	\$209,435

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands)

	2013		2012	
Common shares:				
Balances at beginning of period	\$327		\$355	
Exercise of common share options	4		1	
Settlement of equity awards	2		2	
Repurchase of common shares	(54)	(30)
Balances at end of period	279		328	
Additional paid-in capital:				
Balances at beginning of period	209,897		313,730	
Exercise of common share options	14,458		2,554	
Issuance (cancelation) of common shares	(791)	(176)
Settlement of equity awards	(1,270)	(1,128)
Repurchase of common shares	(229,878)	(109,603)
Amortization of share-based compensation	6,661		5,802	
Income tax benefit from share-based compensation	923		367	
Balances at end of period	-		211,546	
Accumulated other comprehensive income:				
Balances at beginning of period	137,690		146,635	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(80,300)	3,752	
Balances at end of period	57,390		150,387	
Retained earnings:				
Balances at beginning of period	1,546,620)	1,230,139	a
Net income	174,655	,	205,683	,
Repurchase of common shares	(72,833)	-	
Common share dividends)	(8,137)
Balances at end of period	1,641,261		1,427,685	<i>,</i>
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,698,930		\$1,789,940	
Tomi dimendiadia equity	Ψ1,070,730	,	Ψ 1,7 0,7,7 10	,

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands)

	2012		2012	
Orangeline Activities	2013		2012	
Operating Activities:	¢ 174 CEE		¢205 (02	
Net income	\$174,655		\$205,683	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used in) operations:	6 522		1 555	
Depreciation and amortization	6,533	\	4,555	
Net realized gains on investments	(24,698)	(70,299)
Net impairment losses on investments	2,002	\	2,882	
Net foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	(592)	763	
Amortization of share-based compensation	9,955		6,805	
Deferred income tax expense	8,167		3,853	
Net fixed maturity trading securities activities	6,993		9,877	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	557		5.501	
Accrued investment income	557		5,761	
Reinsurance premiums receivable	(5,672)	8,577	\
Funds held by ceding companies	(4,622)	(18,790)
Deferred acquisition costs	(4,257)	(403)
Reinsurance deposit assets	(27,486)	-	
Net unpaid and paid losses and loss adjustment expenses	(193,807)	(239,970)
Net unearned premiums	13,887		9,224	
Commissions payable	10,217		4,713	
Other assets and liabilities	14,070		47,800	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(14,098)	(18,969)
Instanting Astinition				
Investing Activities: Proceeds from the sales of:				
	202 571		<i>55</i> 0 040	
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	203,571		558,848	
Short-term investments	11,857		36,581	
Proceeds from the maturities or paydowns of:	155 246		212 502	
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	155,246		213,503	
Short-term investments	209,240		663,011	
Acquisitions of:	(201.00)	\	(202.720	
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	(291,006		(202,729	
Short-term investments	(121,306)	(266,723)
Acquisitions of furniture, equipment and other assets	(6,188)	1 000 401	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	161,414		1,002,491	L
Financing Activities:				
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(7,181	\	(8,137	
Repurchase of common shares))
•	(302,765)	(109,633)
Proceeds from share-based compensation, including income tax benefits	15,385 (294,561	1	2,554 (115,216	1
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(294,301)	(113,210)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7,745)	1,863	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(154,990)	870,169	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,720,395		792,510	
Cash and Cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,720,393		192,310	

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,565,405	\$1,662,679
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$15,293	\$14,508
Interest paid	\$9,375	\$9,375
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		
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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. ("Platinum Holdings") is a holding company domiciled in Bermuda. Through our reinsurance subsidiaries, we provide property and marine, casualty and finite risk reinsurance coverages to a diverse clientele of insurers and select reinsurers on a worldwide basis.

Platinum Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") include Platinum Holdings, Platinum Underwriters Bermuda, Ltd. ("Platinum Bermuda"), Platinum Underwriters Reinsurance, Inc. ("Platinum US"), Platinum Regency Holdings ("Platinum Regency"), Platinum Underwriters Finance, Inc. ("Platinum Finance") and Platinum Administrative Services, Inc. The terms "we," "us," and "our" refer to the Company, unless the context otherwise indicates.

We operate through two licensed reinsurance subsidiaries, Platinum Bermuda, a Bermuda reinsurance company, and Platinum US, a U.S. reinsurance company. Platinum Regency is an intermediate holding company based in Ireland and a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Holdings. Platinum Finance is an intermediate holding company based in the U.S. and a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Regency. Platinum Bermuda is a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Holdings and Platinum US is a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Finance. Platinum Administrative Services, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Platinum Finance that provides administrative support services to the Company.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. All material inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2013 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are unaudited and include all adjustments consisting of normal recurring items that management considers necessary for a fair presentation under U.S. GAAP. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The preparation of financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates. The major estimates used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements, and therefore considered to be critical accounting estimates, include, but are not limited to, premiums written and earned, unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"), valuation of investments and income taxes. In addition, estimates are used in our risk transfer analysis for assumed and ceded reinsurance transactions. Results of changes in estimates are reflected in results of operations in the period in which the change is made. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

New Accounting Standards Adopted in 2013

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 supersedes and replaces the presentation requirements for reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income in ASU 2011-12 "Comprehensive Income: Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassification of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05" and ASU 2011-05 "Presentation of Comprehensive Income" and requires additional information about reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. None of the other requirements of the previous ASUs are affected by ASU 2013-02. ASU 2013-02 is effective on a prospective basis for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012. We adopted the guidance as of January 1, 2013 with additional disclosures reflected in Note 10.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

2. Investments

Fixed Maturity Available-for-sale Securities

Our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities are U.S. dollar denominated securities. The following table sets forth our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Non-credit portion of OTTI(1)
September 30, 2013:					
U.S. Government	\$4,579	\$230	\$-	\$4,809	\$-
Municipal bonds	1,217,511	62,751	5,453	1,274,809	-
Non-U.S. governments	39,971	541	-	40,512	-
Corporate bonds	226,835	7,023	3,016	230,842	-
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	83,270	5,126	292	88,104	-
Residential mortgage-backed securities	178,662	1,500	1,367	178,795	502
Asset-backed securities	16,257	1,609	357	17,509	286
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale					
securities	\$1,767,085	\$78,780	\$10,485	\$1,835,380	\$788
December 31, 2012:					
U.S. Government	\$4,632	\$312	\$-	\$4,944	\$-
Municipal bonds	1,080,273	129,735	74	1,209,934	_
Non-U.S. governments	49,978	999	-	50,977	-
Corporate bonds	279,981	21,109	182	300,908	-
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	127,148	8,807	429	135,526	264
Residential mortgage-backed securities	222,331	2,584	3,293	221,622	2,083
Asset-backed securities	17,206	1,426	858	17,774	858
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale					
securities	\$1,781,549	\$164,972	\$4,836	\$1,941,685	\$3,205

⁽¹⁾ The non-credit portion of other than temporary impairments ("OTTI") represents the amount of unrealized losses on impaired securities that were not recorded in the consolidated statements of operations as of the reporting date. These unrealized losses are included in gross unrealized losses as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Fixed Maturity Trading Securities

Our fixed maturity trading securities are non-U.S. dollar denominated securities that, along with our non-U.S. dollar short-term trading investments and non-U.S. dollar cash and cash equivalents, are generally held for the purposes of hedging our net non-U.S. dollar denominated reinsurance liabilities.

The following table sets forth the fair value of our fixed maturity trading securities as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Non-U.S. governments	\$102,604	\$ 112,813
Total fixed maturity trading securities	\$102,604	\$ 112,813

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Maturities

The following table sets forth the amortized cost and fair value of our fixed maturity available-for-sale and trading securities by stated maturity as of September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Amortized	
	Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$41,124	\$41,612
Due from one to five years	475,473	495,931
Due from five to ten years	658,273	681,902
Due in ten or more years	410,416	434,131
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	278,189	284,408
Total	\$1,863,475	\$1,937,984

The actual maturities of our fixed maturity available-for-sale and trading securities could differ from stated maturities due to call or prepayment provisions.

Short-term Investments

The following table sets forth the fair value of our short-term investments as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Available-for-sale:		
U.S. Government	\$-	\$ 49,186
Trading:		
Non-U.S. governments	73,635	123,615
Total short-term investments	\$73,635	\$ 172,801

The fair value adjustments on short-term investments recognized as trading under the fair value option contributed no realized gains or losses on investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we had purchases of \$121.3 million, proceeds from maturities of \$160.0 million and proceeds from sales of \$11.9 million from non-U.S. dollar denominated short-term investments accounted for as trading in accordance with the fair value option that were included in investing activities on the statements of cash flows. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we had purchases of \$204.3 million, proceeds from maturities of \$242.0 million and proceeds from sales of \$36.6 million from non-U.S. dollar denominated short-term investments accounted for as trading in accordance with the fair value option that were included in investing activities on the statements of cash flows.

Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

The following table sets forth the net impairment losses on investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

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	Three M	Three Months Ended		onths Ended
	September 30, September 30,		ember 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$30
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities	28	693	1,439	2,839
Sub-prime asset-backed securities	37	6	563	13
Net impairment losses on investments	\$65	\$699	\$2,002	\$2,882

We analyze the creditworthiness of our available-for-sale securities by reviewing various performance metrics of the issuer. We determined that none of our government bonds, municipal bonds or corporate bonds were other-than-temporarily impaired for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

We analyze our commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, debt-service-coverage ratios and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred. As of September 30, 2013, the single largest unrealized loss within our CMBS portfolio was \$0.3 million related to a security with an amortized cost of \$4.8 million.

Residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") include U.S. Government agency RMBS and non-agency RMBS. Securities with underlying sub-prime mortgages as collateral are included in asset-backed securities ("ABS"). We determined that none of our U.S. Government agency RMBS were other-than-temporarily impaired for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. We analyze our non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, prepayment speeds and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred. As of September 30, 2013, the single largest unrealized loss within our RMBS portfolio was \$0.6 million related to a non-agency RMBS security with an amortized cost of \$4.1 million. As of September 30, 2013, the single largest unrealized loss within our sub-prime ABS portfolio was \$0.3 million related to a security with an amortized cost of \$0.6 million.

The following table sets forth a summary of the cumulative credit losses recognized on our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three M	Three Months Ended		Ionths Ended
	Sept	ember 30,	Sept	ember 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Balance, beginning of period	\$35,762	\$57,874	\$40,219	\$61,841
Credit losses on securities not previously impaired	-	42	-	42
Credit losses on securities previously impaired	65	657	2,002	2,840
Reduction for paydowns and securities sold	(2,956) (3,447) (9,094) (9,168
Reduction for increases in cash flows expected to be				
collected	(195) (309) (451) (738
Balance, end of period	\$32,676	\$54,817	\$32,676	\$54,817

As of September 30, 2013, total cumulative credit losses were related to CMBS, non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS. The cumulative credit losses we recorded on CMBS of \$1.2 million were on two securities issued in 2007. As of September 30, 2013, 3.4% of the mortgages backing these securities were 90 days or more past due and 1.0% of the mortgages had incurred cumulative losses. For these securities, the expected losses for the underlying mortgages were greater than the remaining credit support of 4.6%. The cumulative credit losses we recorded on non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS of \$31.5 million were on seventeen securities issued from 2004 to 2007. As of September 30, 2013, 16.0% of the mortgages backing these securities were 90 days or more past due and 7.9% of the mortgages had incurred cumulative losses. For these securities, the expected losses for the underlying mortgages were greater than the remaining credit support of 2.9%.

Gross Unrealized Losses

The following table sets forth our gross unrealized losses on securities classified as fixed maturity available-for-sale aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Septembe	er 30, 2013	December 31, 2012		
	_	Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Fair Value	Loss	Fair Value	Loss	
Less than twelve months:					
Municipal bonds	\$207,187	\$5,453	\$18,878	\$74	
Corporate bonds	85,865	3,016	4,450	41	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	4,463	292	6,758	165	
Residential mortgage-backed securities	28,640	162	39	9	
Asset-backed securities	13,529	71	64	1	
Total	\$339,684	\$8,994	\$30,189	\$290	

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	September 30, 2013		December		2012
		Unrealized		Un	realized
	Fair Value	Loss	Fair Value	Los	SS
Twelve months or more:					
Municipal bonds	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$	-
Corporate bonds	-	-	6,039		141
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	-	-	762		264
Residential mortgage-backed securities	14,572	1,205	17,096		3,284
Asset-backed securities	772	286	799		857
Total	\$15,344	\$ 1,491	\$24,696	\$	4,546
Total unrealized losses:					
Municipal bonds	\$207,187	\$ 5,453	\$18,878	\$	74
Corporate bonds	85,865	3,016	10,489		182
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	4,463	292	7,520		429
Residential mortgage-backed securities	43,212	1,367	17,135		3,293
Asset-backed securities	14,301	357	863		858
Total	\$355,028	\$ 10,485	\$54,885	\$	4,836

We believe that the gross unrealized losses in our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities portfolio of \$10.5 million represent temporary declines in fair value. We believe that the unrealized losses are not necessarily predictive of ultimate performance and that the provisions we have made for net impairment losses are adequate. However, economic conditions may deteriorate more than expected and may adversely affect the expected cash flows of our securities, which in turn may lead to impairment losses being recorded in future periods. Conversely, economic conditions may improve more than expected and favorably increase the expected cash flows of our impaired securities, which would be earned through net investment income over the remaining life of the security.

Net Investment Income

The following table sets forth our net investment income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three M	onths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	Septe	September 30,		ember 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Fixed maturity securities	\$16,815	\$22,022	\$51,428	\$73,892	
Short-term investments and cash and cash equivalents	1,123	1,547	3,346	5,358	
Funds held by ceding companies	722	684	2,375	1,938	
Subtotal	18,660	24,253	57,149	81,188	
Investment expenses	(902) (1,044) (3,039) (3,272	
Net investment income	\$17,758	\$23,209	\$54,110	\$77,916	

Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments

The following table sets forth our net realized gains (losses) on investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

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	Three M	Three Months Ended		Ionths Ended	
	Septe	ember 30,	Sept	ember 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Gross realized gains on the sale of investments	\$-	\$22,979	\$27,258	\$70,920	
Gross realized losses on the sale of investments	-	-	(15) (1)
Net realized gains on the sale of investments	-	22,979	27,243	70,919	
Fair value adjustments on trading securities	(306) 3	(2,545) (620)
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	\$(306) \$22,982	\$24,698	\$70,299	

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

3. Fair Value Measurements

The accounting guidance related to fair value measurements addresses the recognition and disclosure of fair value measurements where those measurements are either required or permitted by the guidance. The fair values of our financial assets and liabilities addressed by this guidance are determined primarily through the use of observable inputs. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from external independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect management's assumptions about what market participants' assumptions would be in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. We classify our financial assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. This classification requires judgment in assessing the market and pricing methodologies for a particular security. The fair value hierarchy is comprised of the following three levels:

Level 1: Valuations are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities;

Level Valuations are based on prices obtained from independent pricing vendors, index providers or broker-dealers using observable inputs for financial assets and liabilities; and

Level Valuations are based on unobservable inputs for assets and liabilities where there is little or no market

3: activity. Unadjusted third party pricing sources or management's assumptions and internal valuation models may be used to determine the fair value of financial assets or liabilities.

Level 1, 2 and 3 Financial Assets Carried at Fair Value

Fixed maturity securities, short-term investments and our reinsurance deposit assets are generally valued using the market approach. The fair values of our fixed maturity securities and short-term investments are based on prices primarily obtained from pricing vendors, index providers, or broker-dealers using observable inputs. We validate the prices we obtain from third party pricing sources by performing price comparisons against multiple pricing sources, if available, periodically back-testing of sales to the previously reported fair value, performing an in-depth review of specific securities when evaluating stale prices and large price movements, as well as performing other validation procedures. We also continuously monitor market data that relates to our investment portfolio and review pricing documentation that describes the methodologies used by various pricing vendors. If we determine that a price appears unreasonable, we investigate and assess whether the price should be adjusted. Our fixed maturity securities, short-term investments and reinsurance deposit assets are classified in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

U.S. Government

Level 1 - The fair values of U.S. Government securities were based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Municipal bonds

Level 2 - The fair values of municipal bonds were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, benchmark securities, bids, credit risks and economic indicators.

Non-U.S. governments

Level 1 or 2 - The fair values of non-U.S. government securities were determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes. Our non-U.S. government bond portfolio consisted of securities issued primarily by governments, provinces, agencies and supranationals.

Corporate bonds

Level 2 - The fair values of corporate bonds were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, benchmark securities, bids, credit risks and industry and economic indicators.

Commercial mortgage-backed securities

Level 2 or 3 - The fair values of CMBS classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, bids, security cash flows and structures, delinquencies, loss severities and default rates. CMBS classified as Level 3 used unobservable inputs that may include the probability of default and loss severity in the event of default.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Residential mortgage-backed securities

Level 2 or 3 - Our RMBS portfolio was comprised of securities issued by U.S. Government agencies and by non-agency institutions. The fair values of RMBS classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, bids, loan level information, security cash flows and structures, prepayment speeds, delinquencies, loss severities and default rates. Non-agency RMBS classified as Level 3 used unobservable inputs that may include the probability of default, loss severity in the event of default and prepayment speeds.

Asset-backed securities

Level 2 or 3 - The fair values of ABS classified as Level 2 were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, bids, security cash flows and structures, type of collateral, prepayment speeds, delinquencies, loss severities and default rates. Sub-prime ABS classified as Level 3 used unobservable inputs that may include the probability of default, loss severity in the event of default and prepayment speeds.

Short-term investments

Level 2 - The fair values of short-term investments were determined based on observable inputs that may include the spread above the risk-free yield curve, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes.

Reinsurance deposit assets

Level 3 - The fair values of our reinsurance deposit assets were determined by management primarily using unobservable inputs through the application of our own assumptions and internal valuation model.

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by the Company as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

		Fair Value Measurement Using:			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
September 30, 2013:					
Investments:					
U.S. Government	\$4,809	\$4,809	\$-	\$-	
Municipal bonds	1,274,809	-	1,274,809	-	
Non-U.S. governments	143,116	54,437	88,679	-	
Corporate bonds	230,842	-	230,842	-	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	88,104	-	88,104	-	
Residential mortgage-backed securities	178,795	-	178,280	515	
Asset-backed securities	17,509	-	14,949	2,560	
Short-term investments	73,635	-	73,635	-	
Total investments	2,011,619	59,246	1,949,298	3,075	
Reinsurance deposit assets	78,179	-	-	78,179	
Total	\$2,089,798	\$59,246	\$1,949,298	\$81,254	

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December 31, 2012:				
Investments:				
U.S. Government	\$4,944	\$4,944	\$-	\$-
Municipal bonds	1,209,934	-	1,209,934	-
Non-U.S. governments	163,790	56,422	107,368	-
Corporate bonds	300,908	-	300,908	-
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	135,526	-	135,002	524
Residential mortgage-backed securities	221,622	-	216,248	5,374
Asset-backed securities	17,774	-	16,738	1,036
Short-term investments	172,801	-	172,801	-
Total investments	2,227,299	61,366	2,158,999	6,934
Reinsurance deposit asset	50,693	-	-	50,693
Total	\$2,277,992	\$61,366	\$2,158,999	\$57,627

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. Transfers of assets into or out of Level 3 are recorded at their fair values as of the end of each reporting period, consistent with the date of the determination of fair value. The transfers into and out of Level 3 were based on the level of evidence available to corroborate significant observable inputs with market observable information.

Changes in Level 3 Financial Assets

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balance for our Level 3 financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

			Three	Months	Ended S	September	30, 2013			
	Commercial	Re	esidentia	1		R	einsurance			
	mortgage-backe	edmortg	gage-bac	ked A	sset-bac	eked	deposit			
	securities	se	ecurities		securiti	es	assets		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ -	\$	4,520	\$	1,257	7 \$	76,948	\$	82,725	
Sales, maturities and paydowns	· -		(269)	-		-		(269)
Total increase (decrease) in fair	r									
value included in earnings	-		-		-		1,231		1,231	
Total net unrealized gains										
(losses) included in other										
comprehensive income (loss)	_		329		(75)	-		254	
Transfers into Level 3	-		-		1,378	3	-		1,378	
Transfers out of Level 3	-		(4,065)	-		-		(4,065)
Balance, end of period	\$ -	\$	515	\$	2,560) \$	78,179	\$	81,254	
					,		ŕ		,	
Total increase (decrease) in fair	r									
value of the financial assets										
included in earnings for the										
period	\$ -	\$	_	\$	S -	\$	1,231	\$	1,231	
r	·			·		·	, -		, -	
			Т	hree Mo	onths En	ded Septer	mber 30, 2012			
	Co	ommerc		Resident		•	Reinsurano	ce		
	mort	gage-ba	ackednor	tgage-ba	acked A	Asset-back	ed deposit			
		ecuritie		securitie		securities	•		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$-			7,461		\$ 1,566	\$-	\$	9,027	
Sales, maturities and paydowns		_	•	(935)	-	-		(935)
Total net unrealized gains (loss				(, , , ,	,				(, , , ,	
in other comprehensive income		_		1,789		(30) -		1,759	
Transfers into Level 3	` ,	_		3,807		4,932	-		8,739	
Transfers out of Level 3		_		(3,915)	(399) -		(4,314)
Balance, end of period	\$-	_		8,207	,	\$ 6,069	\$-		14,276	,
zamico, ena er periou	Ť		Ψ	0,207		, 0,00	Ψ	4	1 .,_, 0	
Total increase (decrease) in fair	r value of									
the financial assets included in										
the period	\$.	_	\$	_		\$ -	\$-	\$	_	
ine period	Ψ		Ψ			۲	Ψ	Ψ		

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			Nine Month	s E	nded Septen	nbe	er 30, 2013		
	Commerc	ial	Residential		_		Reinsurance		
	mortgage-ba	ckedno	ortgage-back	ed	Asset-back	ed	deposit		
	securitie		securities		securities		assets	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$524	\$	5,374		\$ 1,036		\$50,693	\$57,627	
Purchases	-		-		-		25,000	25,000	
Sales, maturities and paydowns	-		(435)	(29)	-	(464)
Total increase (decrease) in fair value									
included in earnings	-		-		-		2,486	2,486	
Total net unrealized gains (losses)									
included in other comprehensive income									
(loss)	487		750		(46)	-	1,191	
Transfers into Level 3	-		4,049		3,984		-	8,033	
Transfers out of Level 3	(1,011)	(9,223)	(2,385)	-	(12,619)
Balance, end of period	\$-	\$	515		\$ 2,560		\$78,179	\$81,254	
Total increase (decrease) in fair value of									
the financial assets included in earnings									
for the period	\$-	\$	-		\$ -		\$2,486	\$2,486	
_									
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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

		Nine Months	E	nded Septemb	per 30, 2012		
	Commercial mortgage-back	Residential ortgage-backe	ed	Asset-backed	Reinsurance deposit		
	securities	securities		securities	assets	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$-	\$ 8,146		\$ 1,867	\$-	\$10,013	
Sales, maturities and paydowns	-	(1,669)	-	-	(1,669)
Total net unrealized gains (losses) include	ed						
in other comprehensive income (loss)	-	1,839		(331) -	1,508	
Transfers into Level 3	-	6,060		4,932	-	10,992	
Transfers out of Level 3	-	(6,169)	(399) -	(6,568)
Balance, end of period	\$-	\$ 8,207		\$ 6,069	\$ -	\$14,276	
Total increase (decrease) in fair value of the financial assets included in earnings for	or						
the period	\$-	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$-	

Ouantitative Information of Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

The fair value measurements of our CMBS, non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS classified as Level 3 were based on unadjusted third party pricing sources.

Our reinsurance deposit assets represent retrocessional aggregate excess of loss reinsurance agreements we purchased for consideration of \$75.0 million. We elected to record our reinsurance deposit assets under the fair value option as the terms and conditions of these contracts have unique variable investment performance factors. The terms of these agreements provide for a book yield ranging from a minimum of 3.0% to a maximum of 6.5% accumulating over the estimated contract periods.

The fair value measurements of our reinsurance deposit assets used significant unobservable inputs through the application of our own assumptions and internal valuation model and were classified as Level 3. The most significant unobservable inputs used in our internal valuation model are the estimated contract period remaining, credit spread above the risk-free rate and net losses and LAE ceded. The credit spread above the risk-free rate is determined by reviewing the credit spreads of fixed income securities through observable market data, as well as considering illiquidity and the structure of these contracts. The fair value of the reinsurance deposit assets may increase or decrease due to changes in the estimated contract period remaining, the credit spread and net losses and LAE ceded. Generally, a decrease in the credit spread or a decrease in net losses and LAE ceded would result in an increase in the fair value of the reinsurance deposit assets. Conversely, an increase in the credit spread or an increase in net losses and LAE ceded would result in a decrease in the fair value of the reinsurance deposit assets.

The following table sets forth the weighted average of the significant unobservable quantitative information used for the fair value measurement of our reinsurance deposit assets as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Estimated contract period remaining	1,282 days	1,350 days
Credit spread above the risk-free rate	1.84%	2.47%
Net losses and LAE ceded inception-to-date	\$ -	\$ -

Other Financial Assets and Liabilities Not Carried at Fair Value

Accounting guidance requires note disclosure of the fair value of other financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value, excluding balances related to insurance contracts.

The debt obligations on our consolidated balance sheets were recorded at cost with a carrying value of \$250.0 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and had a fair value of \$273.0 million and \$278.5 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The fair value measurements were based on observable inputs and therefore would be considered to be Level 2.

Our remaining financial assets and liabilities were generally carried at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value, at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The fair value measurements were based on observable inputs and therefore would be considered to be Level 1 or Level 2.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

4. Credit Facilities

As of September 30, 2013, we had a \$300.0 million credit facility with various financial institutions (the "Syndicated Credit Facility") available for revolving borrowings and letters of credit ("LOC"). In addition, our reinsurance subsidiaries had other LOC facilities available for the issuance of LOC to collateralize their reinsurance obligations. We had no revolving borrowings under the Syndicated Credit Facility during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following table summarizes the outstanding LOC and the cash and cash equivalents held in trust to collateralize LOC issued as of September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Letters	Letters of Credit		
	Committed		Cash	
	Capacity	Issued	Equivalents	
Syndicated Credit Facility:				
Secured	\$200,000	\$80,405	\$ 93,356	
Unsecured	100,000	-	-	
Total Syndicated Credit Facility	300,000	80,405	93,356	
Other LOC Facilities	115,405	44,068	67,317	
Total	\$415,405	\$124,473	\$ 160,673	

As of September 30, 2013, we were in compliance with covenants under our credit facilities.

On July 2, 2013, Platinum Bermuda increased the amount of an uncommitted LOC facility by \$50.0 million. Our reinsurance subsidiaries have a total uncommitted LOC capacity of \$259.6 million available. The Company also has the ability to increase the syndicated and other LOC facilities by up to \$175.0 million, subject to agreement with the lenders.

5. Income Taxes

We provide for income tax expense or benefit based upon pre-tax income reported in the consolidated financial statements and the provisions of currently enacted tax laws. Platinum Holdings and Platinum Bermuda are incorporated under the laws of Bermuda and are subject to Bermuda law with respect to taxation. Under current Bermuda law, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Bermuda are not taxed on any Bermuda income or capital gains and they have received an assurance from the Bermuda Minister of Finance that if any legislation is enacted in Bermuda that would impose tax computed on profits or income, or computed on any capital asset, gain or appreciation, or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, then the imposition of any such tax will not be applicable to Platinum Holdings or Platinum Bermuda or any of their respective operations, shares, debentures or other obligations until March 31, 2035. Platinum Holdings has subsidiaries based in the United States and Ireland that are subject to the tax laws thereof.

The U.S. Internal Revenue Service completed its examination of the 2003 federal income tax return of our U.S.-based subsidiaries and in April 2013 the Company received a refund of \$6.0 million, including accrued interest of \$1.3 million, related to this return. The federal income tax returns of our U.S.-based subsidiaries that remain open to examination are for calendar years 2010 and later.

6. Share Repurchases

Our Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of our common shares through a share repurchase program. Since the program was established, our Board of Directors has approved increases in the repurchase program from time to time, most recently on July 24, 2013, to result in authority as of such date to repurchase up to a total of \$250.0 million of our common shares.

In accordance with the share repurchase program, during the three months ended September 30, 2013 we repurchased 1,353,682 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$78.5 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$58.01 per share. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 we repurchased 5,351,343 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$302.8 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$56.58 per share. The shares we repurchased were canceled.

As of September 30, 2013, we had \$171.5 million remaining under the share repurchase program.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

7. Statutory Regulations and Dividend Restrictions

Platinum Holdings and its subsidiaries are subject to certain legal and regulatory restrictions in their respective jurisdictions of domicile. The legal restrictions generally include the requirement to maintain positive net assets and to be able to pay liabilities as they become due. Regulatory restrictions on dividends are described below.

Dividend Restrictions on Platinum Holdings

There are no regulatory restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Holdings to its shareholders.

Dividend Restrictions on Subsidiaries

The laws and regulations of Bermuda and the United States include certain restrictions on the amount of statutory capital and surplus that are available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US to their respective parent companies, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance, without the prior approval of the relevant regulatory authorities. The following table summarizes the dividend capacity of our reinsurance subsidiaries for 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		For the	
		Nine	
		Months	
		Ended	
		September	September
	2013	30, 2013	30, 2013
	Dividend		
	Capacity	Paid	Remaining
Platinum Bermuda	\$318,343	\$262,500	\$55,843
Platinum US	30,779	-	30,779
Total	\$349,122	\$262,500	\$86,622

Subsequent to September 30, 2013, Platinum Bermuda declared and paid a dividend of \$55.8 million to Platinum Holdings.

There are no regulatory restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Finance to Platinum Regency or by Platinum Regency to Platinum Holdings.

8. Operating Segment Information

We have organized our worldwide reinsurance business into three operating segments: Property and Marine, Casualty and Finite Risk. In managing our operating segments, we use measures such as underwriting income or loss and related underwriting ratios to allow for a more complete understanding of the underlying business. Such measures are considered to be non-GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. These measures are used to monitor our results and should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Underwriting income or loss measures the performance of the Company's underwriting function and consists of net premiums earned less net losses and LAE and net underwriting expenses. Net underwriting expenses include net acquisition expenses and operating costs related to underwriting. Underwriting income or loss excludes revenues and expenses related to net investment income, net realized gains or losses on investments, net impairment losses on investments, corporate expenses not allocated to underwriting operations, interest expense, net foreign currency exchange gains or losses and other income and expense.

Underwriting ratios are calculated for net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and net underwriting expense. The ratios are calculated by dividing the related expense by net premiums earned. The combined ratio is the sum of the net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and net underwriting expense ratios. The Company believes that underwriting income or loss and ratios highlight the profitability of our reinsurance operations.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

The following table summarizes underwriting activity and ratios for the three operating segments, together with a reconciliation of segment underwriting income (loss) to the U.S. GAAP measure of income before income taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013						
	Property						
	and Marine	Finite Ris	Finite Risk				
Net premiums written	\$59,169				\$137,898		
Net premiums earned	55,127	55,127 72,543			135,360		
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	28,339 10,242		5,561		44,142		
Net acquisition expenses	9,699	•			30,675		
Other underwriting expenses	7,747	5,727	342		13,816 46,727		
Segment underwriting income (loss)	\$9,342	\$37,507					
Net investment income					17,758		
Net realized gains (losses) on investments					(306		
Net impairment losses on investments					(65)	
Other income (expense)					1,426		
Corporate expenses not allocated to segments					(6,856)	
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains					(487)	
Interest expense					(4,782)	
Income before income taxes							
Underwriting ratios:							
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	51.4	% 14.1	% 72.3	%	32.6	%	
Net acquisition expense	17.6	% 26.3	% 24.8	%	22.7	%	
Other underwriting expense	14.1	% 7.9	% 4.4	%	10.2	%	
Combined	83.1	% 48.3	% 101.5	%	65.5	%	
		ee Months Ende	ed September	30, 2	2012		
	Property						
	and Marine	•	•		Total		
Net premiums written	\$64,876	\$72,358	\$8,745		\$145,979		
AY	61.000	70.226	6.262		120 500		
Net premiums earned	61,900	70,326			138,588		
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	26,790		14,358 3,969		45,117		
Net acquisition expenses	7,078	16,710			26,168		
Other underwriting expenses	7,661	5,662	289		13,612		
Segment underwriting income (loss)	\$20,371	\$33,596	\$(276)	53,691		
Net investment income					23,209		
Net realized gains (losses) on investments					22,982		
Net impairment losses on investments					(699)	
Other income (expense)					(96)	
Corporate expenses not allocated to segments					(6,354)	

Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains							(541)
Interest expense							(4,775)
Income before income taxes							\$87,417	
Underwriting ratios:								
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	43.3	%	20.4	%	62.4	%	32.6	%
Net acquisition expense	11.4	%	23.8	%	37.4	%	18.9	%
Other underwriting expense	12.4	%	8.1	%	4.5	%	9.8	%
Combined	67.1	%	52.3	%	104.3	%	61.3	%
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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013								
	Property Property								
	and Marine				Finite Ri	sk	Total		
		\$175,946			\$22,540	ж	\$419,033		
Net premiums written	Ψ173,740	\$175,946 \$220,547			Ψ22,540		Ψ17,033		
Net premiums earned	165,811	165,811 218,967			20,368		405,146		
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	35,426		75,243		10,138		120,807		
Net acquisition expenses	27,624		53,384		10,199		91,207		
Other underwriting expenses	22,493		17,120	1,002			40,615		
Segment underwriting income (loss)	\$80,268		\$73,220		\$(971)	152,517		
Net investment income							54,110		
Net realized gains on investments							24,698		
Net impairment losses on investments							(2,002)	
Other income (expense)							2,503		
Corporate expenses not allocated to segments							(19,080)	
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains							592		
Interest expense							(14,341)	
Income before income taxes							\$198,997		
Underwriting ratios:									
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	21.4	%	34.4	%	49.8	%	29.8	%	
Net acquisition expense	16.7	%	24.4	%	50.1	%	22.5	%	
Other underwriting expense	13.6	%	7.8	%	4.9	%	10.0	%	
Combined	51.7	%	66.6	%	104.8	%	62.3	%	
		ne N	Months End	ed S	September	30, 2	2012		
	Property								
		and Marine Casualty			Finite Risk		Total		
Net premiums written	\$194,724	\$194,724 \$219,436			\$16,939		\$431,099		
AY	106.066		221.020		12.071		401.055		
Net premiums earned	186,066		221,838				421,875		
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	85,380		101,245		4,805		191,430		
Net acquisition expenses	25,034			52,572 9,419			87,025		
Other underwriting expenses	21,950		16,323		747		39,020		
Segment underwriting income (loss)	\$53,702		\$51,698		\$(1,000)	104,400		
Net investment income							77,916		
Net realized gains on investments							70,299		
Net impairment losses on investments							(2,882)	
Other income (expense)							(766)	
Corporate expenses not allocated to segments					(17,625)			
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains							(763)	
Interest expense							(14,321)	
Income before income taxes							\$216,258	,	
meome before meome taxes							Ψ210,236		

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Underwriting ratios:					
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	45.9	% 45.6	% 34.4	% 45.4	%
Net acquisition expense	13.5	% 23.7	% 67.4	% 20.6	%
Other underwriting expense	11.8	% 7.4	% 5.3	% 9.2	%
Combined	71.2	% 76.7	% 107.	.1 % 75.2	%

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

9. Earnings Per Common Share

The following is a reconciliation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ and amounts in thousands, except per share data):

		Ionths Ended	Nine M	onths Ended
	Sept	ember 30,	Septe	ember 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Earnings				
Basic and Diluted				
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$38,285	\$84,864	\$174,655	\$205,683
Portion allocated to participating common shareholders (1)	(26) (234) (301) (740
Net income allocated to common shareholders	\$38,259	\$84,630	\$174,354	\$204,943
Common Shares				
Basic				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	28,655	32,996	30,519	34,063
Diluted				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	28,655	32,996	30,519	34,063
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Common share options	131	179	173	154
Restricted share units	279	97	257	69
Adjusted weighted average common shares outstanding	29,065	33,272	30,949	34,286
Earnings Per Common Share				
Basic earnings per common share	\$1.34	\$2.56	\$5.71	\$6.02
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.32	\$2.54	\$5.63	\$5.98

⁽¹⁾ Represents earnings attributable to holders of unvested restricted shares issued under the Company's share incentive plans that are considered to be participating securities. In July 2013, the remaining outstanding restricted shares vested and therefore there were no unvested restricted shares as of September 30, 2013.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated balance sheets relates to unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, net of deferred taxes.

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances for accumulated other comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30 2013			
	Pre-tax	Tax	Net of tax	
Balance, beginning of period	\$75,838	\$(11,471) \$64,367	
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:				
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with				
other-than-temporary impairments recorded	14	-	14	
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	(7,622) 566	(7,056)	
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(7,608) 566	(7,042)	
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:				
Net realized gains on investments	-	-	-	
Net impairment losses on investments	65	-	65	
Total reclassifications to net income	65	-	65	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(7,543) 566	(6,977)	
Balance, end of period	\$68,295	\$(10,905) \$57,390	
	Three M	Ionths Ended S	September 30,	
		2012		
	Pre-tax	Tax	Net of tax	
Balance, beginning of period	\$172,149	\$(23,587) \$148,562	
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:				
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with				
other-than-temporary impairments recorded	354	19	373	
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	24,211	(3,181) 21,030	
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	24,565	(3,162) 21,403	
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:				
Net realized gains on investments	(22,710) 2,466	(20,244)	
Net impairment losses on investments	699	(33) 666	
Total reclassifications to net income	(22,011) 2,433	(19,578)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	2,554	(729) 1,825	
Balance, end of period	\$174,703	\$(24,316) \$150,387	

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 20				
	Pre-tax	Tax	Net of tax		
Balance, beginning of period	\$159,975	\$(22,285) \$137,690		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before					
reclassifications:					
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with					
other-than-temporary impairments recorded	(600) 11	(589)		
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	(65,839) 7,727	(58,112)		
Total change in net unrealized gains and losses	(66,439) 7,738	(58,701)		
Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:					
Net realized gains on investments	(27,243) 3,675	(23,568)		
Net impairment losses on investments	2,002	(33) 1,969		
Total reclassifications to net income	(25,241) 3,642	(21,599)		
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(91,680) 11,380	(80,300)		
Balance, end of period	\$68,295	\$(10,905) \$57,390		
	Nine Mont	ths Ended Sep	tember 30, 2012		
	Pre-tax	Tax	Net of tax		
Balance, beginning of period	Pre-tax \$168,861	Tax \$(22,226	Net of tax) \$146,635		
Balance, beginning of period Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before					
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before					
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications:					
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded	\$168,861	\$(22,226) \$146,635		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with	\$168,861 263	\$(22,226 79) \$146,635 342		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	\$168,861 263 73,304	\$(22,226 79 (6,124	342) 67,180		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities	\$168,861 263 73,304	\$(22,226 79 (6,124	342) 67,180		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:	\$168,861 263 73,304	\$(22,226 79 (6,124	342) 67,180) 67,522		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments	\$168,861 263 73,304 73,567	\$(22,226 79 (6,124 (6,045	342) 67,180		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities:	\$168,861 263 73,304 73,567 (70,607	\$(22,226 79 (6,124 (6,045	342) 67,180) 67,522 (66,387)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments	\$168,861 263 73,304 73,567 (70,607 2,882	\$(22,226 79 (6,124 (6,045) 4,220 (265	342) 67,180) 67,522 (66,387) 2,617		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments Total reclassifications to net income	\$168,861 263 73,304 73,567 (70,607 2,882	\$(22,226 79 (6,124 (6,045) 4,220 (265	342) 67,180) 67,522 (66,387) 2,617		
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before reclassifications: Change in net unrealized gains and losses on securities with other-than-temporary impairments recorded Change in net unrealized gains and losses on all other securities Total change in net unrealized gains and losses Reclassifications to net income on available-for-sale securities: Net realized gains on investments Net impairment losses on investments	263 73,304 73,567 (70,607 2,882 (67,725	\$(22,226) 79 (6,124 (6,045)) 4,220 (265)) 3,955	342) 67,180) 67,522 (66,387) 2,617 (63,770		

The following table sets forth the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income and the location of those amounts in the consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

		Ionths Ended ember 30,		Ionths Ended ember 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue:				
Net realized gains on investments	\$-	\$22,710	\$27,243	\$70,607
Net impairment losses on investments	(65) (699) (2,002) (2,882)

Income tax expense \$- \$2,433 \$3,642 \$3,955

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

11. Commitments

During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Bermuda entered into ten-year lease agreements for new office space in Pembroke, Bermuda. Our contractual obligations for these operating leases are \$1.1 million annually beginning August 27, 2013, for a total of \$10.8 million for the ten-year lease term.

12. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

Platinum Holdings fully and unconditionally guarantees the \$250.0 million of debt obligations issued by its 100%-owned subsidiary Platinum Finance.

The following tables present the condensed consolidating financial information for Platinum Holdings, Platinum Finance and the non-guarantor subsidiaries of Platinum Holdings as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet September 30, 2013

		Platinum Holdings		Platinum Finance		n-guarantor osidiaries(1)		onsolidating djustments	C	onsolidated
ASSETS		Holdings		rmance	Sui	osidiaries(1)	A	ajustinents	C	Jiisondated
Total investments	\$	_	\$	126	\$	2,011,493	\$	_	\$	2,011,619
Investment in subsidiaries	Ψ	1,667,006	Ψ	680,845	Ψ	574,649	Ψ	(2,922,500)	Ψ	-
Cash and cash equivalents		28,124		148,204		1,389,077		-		1,565,405
Reinsurance assets		-		-		293,775		-		293,775
Other assets		12,248		1,808		124,404		-		138,460
Total assets	\$	1,707,378	\$	830,983	\$	4,393,398	\$	(2,922,500)	\$	4,009,259
LIABILITIES AND										
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY										
Liabilities										
Reinsurance liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,963,712	\$	-	\$	1,963,712
Debt obligations		-		250,000		-		-		250,000
Other liabilities		8,448		6,334		81,835		-		96,617
Total liabilities	\$	8,448	\$	256,334	\$	2,045,547	\$	-	\$	2,310,329
Shareholders' Equity										
Common shares	\$	279	\$	-	\$	8,000	\$	(8,000)	\$	279
Additional paid-in capital		-		214,660		2,022,889		(2,237,549)		-
Accumulated other comprehensive										
income		57,390		20,252		77,638		(97,890)		57,390
Retained earnings		1,641,261		339,737		239,324		(579,061)		1,641,261
Total shareholders' equity	\$	1,698,930	\$	574,649	\$	2,347,851	\$	(2,922,500)	\$	1,698,930
Total liabilities and shareholders'										
equity	\$	1,707,378	\$	830,983	\$	4,393,398	\$	(2,922,500)	\$	4,009,259

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2012

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries(1)	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
ASSETS	\mathcal{E}			J	
Total investments	\$-	\$181	\$ 2,227,118	\$ -	\$ 2,227,299
Investment in subsidiaries	1,821,818	636,814	540,354	(2,998,986)	-
Cash and cash equivalents	70,604	152,122	1,497,669	-	1,720,395
Reinsurance assets	-	-	277,279	-	277,279
Other assets	8,997	2,884	96,449	-	108,330
Total assets	\$1,901,419	\$792,001	\$ 4,638,869	\$ (2,998,986)	\$ 4,333,303
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'					
EQUITY					
Liabilities					
Reinsurance liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,140,241	\$ -	\$ 2,140,241
Debt obligations	-	250,000	-	-	250,000
Other liabilities	6,885	1,647	39,996	-	48,528
Total liabilities	\$6,885	\$251,647	\$ 2,180,237	\$ -	\$ 2,438,769
Shareholders' Equity					
Common shares	\$327	\$-	\$ 8,000	\$ (8,000)	\$ 327
Additional paid-in capital	209,897	213,736	2,021,045	(2,234,781)	209,897
Accumulated other comprehensive					
income	137,690	41,386	179,071	(220,457)	137,690
Retained earnings	1,546,620	285,232	250,516	(535,748)	1,546,620
Total shareholders' equity	\$1,894,534	\$540,354	\$ 2,458,632	\$ (2,998,986)	\$ 1,894,534
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,901,419	\$792,001	\$ 4,638,869	\$ (2,998,986)	\$ 4,333,303

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings			Non-guarantor Subsidiaries(1)	_	Consolidated
Revenue:						
Net premiums earned	\$-	\$-		\$ 135,360	\$ -	\$ 135,360
Net investment income (expense)	1	(43)	17,800	-	17,758
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	-	-		(306) -	(306)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		(65) -	(65)
Other income (expense)	1,149	-		277	-	1,426
Total revenue	1,150	(43)	153,066	-	154,173
Expenses:						
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-	-		44,142	-	44,142
Net acquisition expenses	-	-		30,675	-	30,675
Operating expenses	6,626	37		14,009	-	20,672
Net foreign currency exchange losses						
(gains)	-	-		487	-	487
Interest expense	-	4,782		-	-	4,782
Total expenses	6,626	4,819		89,313	-	100,758
Income (loss) before income taxes	(5,476) (4,862)	63,753	-	53,415
Income tax expense (benefit)	-	(1,589)	16,719	-	15,130
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of						
subsidiaries	(5,476) (3,273)	47,034	-	38,285
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	43,761	29,948		26,675	(100,384) -
Net income	\$38,285	\$26,675		\$ 73,709	\$ (100,384	\$ 38,285

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

	Platinum Holdings			Non-guarantor Subsidiaries(1)	ŭ	Consolidated
Revenue:	_					
Net premiums earned	\$-	\$-		\$ 138,588	\$ -	\$ 138,588
Net investment income (expense)	2	(3)	23,210	-	23,209
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	-	-		22,982	-	22,982
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		(699) -	(699)
Other income (expense)	1,400	1		(1,497) -	(96)
Total revenue	1,402	(2)	182,584	-	183,984
Expenses:						
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-	-		45,117	-	45,117
Net acquisition expenses	-	-		26,168	-	26,168
Operating expenses	5,842	49		14,075	-	19,966
Net foreign currency exchange losses						
(gains)	-	-		541	-	541
Interest expense	-	4,775		-	-	4,775
Total expenses	5,842	4,824		85,901	-	96,567
Income (loss) before income taxes	(4,440) (4,826)	96,683	-	87,417
Income tax expense (benefit)	-	(1,625)	4,178	-	2,553
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of						
subsidiaries	(4,440) (3,201)	92,505	-	84,864
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	89,304	8,175		4,974	(102,453) -
Net income	\$84,864	\$4,974		\$ 97,479	\$ (102,453	\$ 84,864

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings		Platinum Finance		on-guarantor ubsidiaries(1)		Consolidating Adjustments	•	nsolidate	ed
Revenue:										
Net premiums earned	\$-		\$-		\$ 405,146		\$ -	\$ 4	105,146	
Net investment income (expense)	23		(73)	54,160		-	5	54,110	
Net realized gains on investments	-		-		24,698		-	2	24,698	
Net impairment losses on investments	-		-		(2,002)	-	(2,002)
Other income (expense)	5,994		4		(3,495)	-	2	2,503	
Total revenue	6,017		(69)	478,507		-	4	84,455	
Expenses:										
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-		-		120,807		-	1	20,807	
Net acquisition expenses	-		-		91,207		-	ç	1,207	
Operating expenses	18,427		110		41,158		-	5	59,695	
Net foreign currency exchange losses										
(gains)	-		-		(592)	-	(592)
Interest expense	-		14,341		-		-	1	4,341	
Total expenses	18,427		14,451		252,580		-	2	285,458	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(12,410)	(14,520)	225,927		-	1	98,997	
Income tax expense (benefit)	-		(4,785)	29,127		-	2	24,342	
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of										
subsidiaries	(12,410)	(9,735)	196,800		-	1	74,655	
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	187,065		64,241		54,506		(305,812) -		
Net income	\$174,655		\$54,506		\$ 251,306		\$ (305,812) \$ 1	74,655	

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

	Platinum Holdings		Platinum Finance		Von-guarantor ubsidiaries(1)		Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue:	_						-	
Net premiums earned	\$-		\$-		\$ 421,875	\$	S -	\$ 421,875
Net investment income (expense)	5		(10)	77,921		-	77,916
Net realized gains on investments	-		-		70,299		-	70,299
Net impairment losses on investments	-		-		(2,882)	-	(2,882)
Other income (expense)	3,587		2		(4,355)	-	(766)
Total revenue	3,592		(8)	562,858		-	566,442
Expenses:								
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	-		-		191,430		-	191,430
Net acquisition expenses	-		-		87,025		-	87,025
Operating expenses	16,617		182		39,846		-	56,645
Net foreign currency exchange losses								
(gains)	-		-		763		-	763
Interest expense	-		14,321		-		-	14,321
Total expenses	16,617		14,503		319,064		-	350,184
Income (loss) before income taxes	(13,025)	(14,511)	243,794		-	216,258
Income tax expense (benefit)	-		(4,890)	15,465		-	10,575
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of								
subsidiaries	(13,025)	(9,621)	228,329		-	205,683
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	218,708		40,116		30,495		(289,319) -
Net income	\$205,683		\$30,495		\$ 258,824	\$	5 (289,319	\$ 205,683

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings		Subsidiaries(1) Adjustments	S Consolidate	d
Net income	\$38,285	\$26,675	\$ 73,709	\$ (100,384) \$ 38,285	
Other comprehensive income (loss) on available-for-sale securities before						
reclassifications:						
Change in net unrealized gains and losses						
on securities with other-than-temporary						
impairments recorded	-	-	14	-	14	
Change in net unrealized gains and losses						
on all other securities	-	-	(7,622) -	(7,622)
Total change in net unrealized gains and			(-		(- -00	
losses	-	-	(7,608) -	(7,608)
Reclassifications to net income on						
available-for-sale securities:						
Net realized gains on investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-	65	-	65	
Total reclassifications to net income	-	-	65	-	65	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before						
income taxes	-	-	(7,543) -	(7,543)
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	(1) 567	-	566	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(1) (6,976) -	(6,977)
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to						
change in accumulated other						
comprehensive income (loss) of						
subsidiaries	(6,977) (1,049) (1,050) 9,076	-	
Comprehensive income	\$31,308	\$25,625	\$ 65,683	\$ (91,308) \$ 31,308	

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

M	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance	Sı	on-guarantor on-guarantor on-guarantor	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income	\$84,864	\$4,974	\$	97,479	\$ (102,453	\$ 84,864
Other comprehensive income (loss) on						
available-for-sale securities before						
reclassifications:						
Change in net unrealized gains and losses						
on securities with other-than-temporary				254		254
impairments recorded	-	-		354	-	354
Change in net unrealized gains and losses						
on all other securities	-	(2)	24,213	-	24,211
Total change in net unrealized gains and						
losses	-	(2)	24,567	-	24,565
Reclassifications to net income on						
available-for-sale securities:						
Net realized gains on investments	-	-		(22,710)	-	(22,710)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		699	-	699
Total reclassifications to net income	-	-		(22,011)	-	(22,011)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before						
income taxes	-	(2)	2,556	-	2,554
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	1		(730)	-	(729)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(1)	1,826	-	1,825
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to						
change in accumulated other						
comprehensive income (loss) of						
subsidiaries	1,825	1,356		1,355	(4,536) -
Comprehensive income	\$86,689	\$6,329	\$	100,660	\$ (106,989	\$ 86,689

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings		Platinum Finance		Non-guarantor Subsidiaries(1)		Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidate	ed
Net income	\$174,655		\$54,506	\$	5 251,306	\$	305,812	\$ 174,655	
Other comprehensive income (loss) on									
available-for-sale securities before									
reclassifications:									
Change in net unrealized gains and losses									
on securities with other-than-temporary									
impairments recorded	-		-		(600)	-	(600)
Change in net unrealized gains and losses									
on all other securities	-		(2)	(65,837)	-	(65,839)
Total change in net unrealized gains and									
losses	-		(2)	(66,437)	-	(66,439)
Reclassifications to net income on									
available-for-sale securities:									
Net realized gains on investments	-		-		(27,243)	-	(27,243)
Net impairment losses on investments	-		-		2,002		-	2,002	
Total reclassifications to net income	-		-		(25,241)	-	(25,241)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before									
income taxes	-		(2)	(91,678)	-	(91,680)
Income tax benefit (expense)	-		1		11,379		-	11,380	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-		(1)	(80,299)	-	(80,300)
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to									
change in accumulated other									
comprehensive income (loss) of									
subsidiaries	(80,300)	(21,133)	(21,134)	122,567	-	
Comprehensive income	\$94,355		\$33,372	\$	5 149,873	\$	5 (183,245	\$ 94,355	

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

	Platinum Holdings	Platinum Finance	Sı	on-guarantor ubsidiaries(1)	Consolidatin Adjustments	s Consolidated
Net income	\$205,683	\$30,495	\$	258,824	\$ (289,319) \$ 205,683
Other comprehensive income (loss) on						
available-for-sale securities before						
reclassifications:						
Change in net unrealized gains and losses						
on securities with other-than-temporary						
impairments recorded	-	-		263	-	263
Change in net unrealized gains and losses						
on all other securities	-	(3)	73,307	-	73,304
Total change in net unrealized gains and						
losses	-	(3)	73,570	-	73,567
Reclassifications to net income on						
available-for-sale securities:						
Net realized gains on investments	-	-		(70,607)	-	(70,607)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-		2,882	-	2,882
Total reclassifications to net income	-	-		(67,725)	-	(67,725)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before						
income taxes	-	(3)	5,845	-	5,842
Income tax benefit (expense)	-	2		(2,092)	-	(2,090)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(1)	3,753	-	3,752
Other comprehensive income (loss) due to						
change in accumulated other						
comprehensive income (loss) of						
subsidiaries	3,752	3,883		3,882	(11,517) -
Comprehensive income	\$209,435	\$34,377	\$	266,459	\$ (300,836) \$ 209,435

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent an aggregation of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and exclude consolidating adjustments.

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Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Platinum Holdings		Platinum Finance	N	Von-guaranto Subsidiaries		Consolidating Adjustments	-	Consolidated	i
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(8,724)	\$(3,970) \$	5 (481)	\$ (923)	\$ (14,098)
Investing Activities:										
Proceeds from the sales of:										
Fixed maturity available-for-sale										
securities	-		-		203,571		-		203,571	
Short-term investments	-		-		11,857		-		11,857	
Proceeds from the maturities or paydowns										
of:										
Fixed maturity available-for-sale										
securities	-		52		155,194		-		155,246	
Short-term investments	-		-		209,240		-		209,240	
Acquisitions of:										
Fixed maturity available-for-sale										
securities	-		-		(291,006)	-		(291,006)
Short-term investments	-		-		(121,306)	-		(121,306)
Dividends from subsidiaries	262,500		-		-		(262,500)	-	
Acquisitions of furniture, equipment and										
other assets	(772)	-		(5,416)	-		(6,188)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing										
activities	261,728		52		162,134		(262,500)	161,414	
Financing Activities:										
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(7,181)	-		(262,500)	262,500		(7,181)
Repurchase of common shares	(302,765)	-		_		-		(302,765)
Proceeds from share-based compensation,										
including income tax benefits	14,462		-		-		923		15,385	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing										
activities	(295,484)	-		(262,500)	263,423		(294,561)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate										
changes on cash and cash equivalents	-		-		(7,745)	-		(7,745)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash										
equivalents	(42,480)	(3,918)	(108,592)	-		(154,990)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of										
period	70,604		152,122		1,497,669		_		1,720,395	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$28,124		\$148,204	9	5 1,389,077		\$ -		\$ 1,565,405	

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), continued For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

	Platinum Holdings		Platinum Finance			on-guaranto Subsidiaries		Consolidating Adjustments	C	onsolidate	d
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(7,874	`	\$(3,507	,	Ф	(7,588	`	\$ -	¢	(18,969	`
activities	Φ(7,074	,	Φ(3,307	,	φ	(7,500	,	ф -	Ψ	(10,909	,
Investing Activities:											
Proceeds from the sales of:											
Fixed maturity available-for-sale											
securities	-		-			558,848		-		558,848	
Short-term investments	-		-			36,581		-		36,581	
Proceeds from the maturities or paydowns of:											
Fixed maturity available-for-sale											
securities	-		63			213,440		-		213,503	
Short-term investments	-		-			663,011		-		663,011	
Acquisitions of:											
Fixed maturity available-for-sale											
securities	-		-			(202,729)	-		(202,729)
Short-term investments	-		-			(266,723)	-		(266,723)
Dividends from subsidiaries	120,000		-			-		(120,000)		-	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing											
activities	120,000		63			1,002,428		(120,000)		1,002,491	
Financing Activities:											
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(8,137)	-			(120,000)	120,000		(8,137)
Repurchase of common shares	(109,633)	-			-		-		(109,633)
Proceeds from share-based compensation,											
including income tax benefits	2,554		-			-		-		2,554	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing											
activities	(115,216)	-			(120,000)	120,000		(115,216)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate											
changes on cash and cash equivalents	_		_			1,863		_		1,863	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash						1,000				1,000	
equivalents	(3,090)	(3,444)		876,703		_		870,169	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of			,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
period	47,791		108,260			636,459		-		792,510	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period			\$104,816		\$	1,513,162		\$ -		1,662,679	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2013 (this "Form 10-Q") and the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 (our "2012 Form 10-K"). This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Please see Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our 2012 Form 10-K and the "Note on Forward-Looking Statements" below. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Overview

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. ("Platinum Holdings") is a holding company domiciled in Bermuda. Through our reinsurance subsidiaries we provide property and marine, casualty and finite risk reinsurance coverages to a diverse clientele of insurers and select reinsurers on a worldwide basis.

Platinum Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") include Platinum Holdings, Platinum Underwriters Bermuda, Ltd. ("Platinum Bermuda"), Platinum Underwriters Reinsurance, Inc. ("Platinum US"), Platinum Regency Holdings ("Platinum Regency"), Platinum Underwriters Finance, Inc. ("Platinum Finance") and Platinum Administrative Services, Inc. The terms "we," "us," and "our" refer to the Company, unless the context otherwise indicates.

As of September 30, 2013, our capital resources of \$1.9 billion consisted of \$1.7 billion of common shareholders' equity and \$250.0 million of debt obligations. Our net income was \$38.3 million and \$174.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. Our net premiums written were \$137.9 million and \$419.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

Current Outlook

In the Property and Marine segment, global insured catastrophe activity in 2013 has been below the long term average level and, absent a major insured catastrophe event during the balance of the year, we anticipate continued downward pressure on pricing for catastrophe exposed business. We currently expect that the portfolio of business we write in our Property and Marine segment during 2014 will be similar to our current in-force book of business. We expect that our Property and Marine segment will continue to represent a large proportion of our overall book of business, which could result in significant volatility in our results of operations.

In the Casualty segment, recent rate increases may be moderating and competition for ceded reinsurance business remains strong. While volatile at times, the overall level of treasury yields remain at historical lows and credit spreads are at approximately average levels despite a slow growing economy. Unless these conditions change we expect the total return available from the casualty business will not improve materially. Accordingly, we expect to write a similar sized portfolio during 2014 in our Casualty segment as compared with our current in-force book of business.

Reflecting a continued lack of demand for finite risk covers, we expect to write a relatively small portfolio of business in our Finite Risk segment in 2014.

The impact on our investment portfolio from the recent rise in interest rates was mitigated by our prior efforts to reduce our portfolio duration. If treasury yields increase further or credit spreads expand we anticipate deploying cash into investment-grade securities.

Based on our current reserve position, our net in-force portfolio, our asset portfolio, and our underwriting prospects for the near term, we believe that we are well capitalized with a comfortable margin above the rating agency targets for a company with our ratings. If the business performs as expected, we anticipate our capital cushion will grow over time. Under those conditions we would have the financial flexibility to expand our underwriting, hold riskier assets, or repurchase our common shares. Our decision-making will be guided by the pricing we observe in the various markets.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that are inherently subjective in nature that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent liabilities. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates. The critical accounting estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements include premiums written and earned, unpaid losses and LAE, valuation of investments and income taxes. In addition, estimates are used in our risk transfer analysis for assumed and ceded reinsurance transactions. For a detailed discussion of our critical accounting estimates, please refer to Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," included in our 2012 Form 10-K.

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Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In presenting the Company's results in the Results of Operations below, management has included financial measures that are not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures, including underwriting income or loss and related underwriting ratios, are referred to as non-GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. Management believes these measures allow for a more complete understanding of the underlying business. These measures are used to monitor our results and should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Underwriting income or loss, including segment underwriting income or loss, is reconciled to the U.S. GAAP measure of income or loss before income taxes in Note 8 to the "Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Form 10-Q in accordance with Regulation G.

Underwriting income or loss measures the performance of the Company's underwriting function and consists of net premiums earned less net losses and LAE and net underwriting expenses. Net underwriting expenses include net acquisition expenses and operating costs related to underwriting. Underwriting income or loss excludes revenues and expenses related to net investment income, net realized gains or losses on investments, net impairment losses on investments, corporate expenses not allocated to underwriting operations, interest expense, net foreign currency exchange gains or losses and other income and expense.

Underwriting ratios are calculated for net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and net underwriting expense. The ratios are calculated by dividing the related expense by net premiums earned. The combined ratio is the sum of the net losses and LAE, net acquisition expense and net underwriting expense ratios. The Company believes that underwriting income or loss and ratios highlight the profitability of our reinsurance operations.

We conduct our worldwide reinsurance business through three operating segments: Property and Marine, Casualty and Finite Risk. In managing our three operating segments, we use underwriting income and loss and related underwriting ratios as a measure in evaluating segment performance.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 as Compared with the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

Net income and diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows (\$ and amounts in thousands, except diluted earnings per common share):

	Three M	Ionths Ended
	Sept	ember 30,
	2013	2012
Underwriting income	\$46,727	\$53,691
Net investment income	17,758	23,209
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	(306) 22,982
Net impairment losses on investments	(65) (699)
Other revenues (expenses)	(10,699) (11,766)
Income before income taxes	53,415	87,417
Income tax expense	(15,130) (2,553)
Net income	\$38,285	\$84,864
Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted earnings per common share	29,065	33,272
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.32	\$2.54

Underwriting Results

Net underwriting income was \$46.7 million and \$53.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The change in the net underwriting result was due primarily to a decrease in net favorable development and an increase in net losses from current year major catastrophes partially offset by underwriting income in our North American crop class as compared with underwriting losses in the same period in 2012.

Net favorable or unfavorable development is the development of prior years' unpaid losses and LAE and the related impact of premiums and commissions. Net favorable or unfavorable loss development, the unpaid losses and LAE component of net favorable or unfavorable development, excludes the related impact of premiums and commissions.

Generally, an event causing more than \$1 billion of property losses to the insurance industry or \$10 million of property losses to the Company is considered and tracked as a major catastrophe. Net losses from major catastrophes consist of gross losses and LAE, net of any retrocessional recoveries and reinstatement premiums earned.

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Net favorable development was \$41.2 million and \$61.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$11.2 million and \$6.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The underwriting result related to our North American crop business improved to underwriting income of \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, from an underwriting loss of \$17.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

The following discussion and analysis reviews our underwriting results by operating segment.

Property and Marine

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Property and Marine segment for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Market Sept		
			Increase
	2013	2012	(decrease)
Gross premiums written	\$67,969	\$65,135	\$2,834
Ceded premiums written	8,800	259	8,541
Net premiums written	59,169	64,876	(5,707)
Net premiums earned	55,127	61,900	(6,773)
Net losses and LAE	28,339	26,790	1,549
Net acquisition expenses	9,699	7,078	2,621
Other underwriting expenses	7,747	7,661	86
Property and Marine segment underwriting income	\$9,342	\$20,371	\$(11,029)
Underwriting ratios:			
Net loss and LAE	51.4	% 43.3	% 8.1 points
Net acquisition expense	17.6	% 11.4	% 6.2 points
Other underwriting expense	14.1	% 12.4	% 1.7 points
Combined	83.1	% 67.1	% 16.0 points

The Property and Marine segment underwriting result decreased by \$11.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012 and related to a decrease in net favorable development and an increase in net losses from current year major catastrophes, partially offset by underwriting income in our North American crop class as compared with an underwriting loss in the same period in 2012.

Net favorable development was \$2.0 million and \$20.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$11.2 million and \$6.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net losses from 2013 major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were primarily attributable to German hailstorms. This net loss was partially offset by a decrease in estimates of second quarter 2013 net losses from major catastrophes. The second quarter 2013 losses from major catastrophes related to floods in central and eastern Europe, primarily in Germany, as well as Property Claims Services ("PCS") Catastrophe 14, tornadoes in the U.S. Midwest, primarily in Oklahoma.

Net losses from 2012 major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2012 were primarily attributable to Hurricane Isaac and a U.S. multi-day straight line wind and thunderstorm event referred to as PCS Catastrophe 83. These net losses were partially offset by a decrease in estimates of first and second quarter 2012 net losses from major catastrophes. The first and second quarter 2012 losses from major catastrophes related to PCS Catastrophes 66 and 67, tornado and hailstorm events in Kentucky and Tennessee that occurred in February and March 2012, as well as PCS Catastrophe 74, severe weather, including a tornado and hailstorm event in Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Texas and Indiana, that occurred in April 2012.

Underwriting income related to our 2013 North American crop business was \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and the underwriting loss related to our 2012 North American crop business, as a result of the severe drought conditions in the United States, was \$17.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

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Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Property and Marine segment generated 42.9% and 44.4% of our net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Gross premiums written increased by \$2.8 million, and by \$5.1 million excluding reinstatement premiums written related to major catastrophes, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in gross premiums written, excluding reinstatement premiums, was primarily due to one new contract in the North American property proportional class partially offset by a decrease in the North American crop class for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012.

Ceded premiums written increased by \$8.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in ceded premiums written was due to an increase in our purchase of retrocessional coverage on catastrophe business.

Net premiums earned decreased by \$6.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily as a result of decreases in net premiums written in prior periods. Net premiums written and earned were also impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

Net Losses and LAE

Net losses and LAE increased by \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net losses and LAE was due to a decrease in net favorable loss development and an increase in net losses from current year major catastrophes in 2013. These changes were almost entirely offset by an improvement in our underwriting result in our North American crop class.

Current Year Major Catastrophe Losses

Net losses from current year major catastrophes, with related premium adjustments, increased the net loss and LAE ratio by 20.4 points and 12.9 points for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The following table sets forth the components of pre-tax net losses from 2013 major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Net Losses	Reinstatemen Premiums	t Net Losses from Major
Major Catastrophe	and LAE	Earned	Catastrophes
German hailstorms	\$(15,692)	\$ 33	\$ (15,659)
Decrease in Second Quarter 2013 Catastrophe Estimates:			
Floods in central and eastern Europe	2,737	(2) 2,735
PCS Catastrophe 14	1,684	6	1,690
Total	\$(11,271	\$ 37	\$ (11,234)

The following table sets forth the components of pre-tax net losses from 2012 major catastrophes for the three months ended September 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

Major Catastrophe

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	Net Losses and LAE	Reinstatement Premiums Earned	Net Losses from Major Catastrophes
PCS Catastrophe 83	\$(6,736	\$ 1,107	\$ (5,629)
Hurricane Isaac	(3,101	324	(2,777)
Decrease in First and Second Quarter 2012 Catastrophe Estimates:			
PCS Catastrophes 66 and 67	1,096	398	1,494
PCS Catastrophe 74	81	427	508
Total	\$(8,660	\$ 2,256	\$ (6,404)

Any development of losses related to 2012 major catastrophes subsequent to December 31, 2012 is included in prior years' loss development in the major catastrophes class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

Prior Years' Loss Development

Net favorable loss development was \$1.4 million and \$20.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratio by 3.4 points and 33.1 points for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
Marine, aviation and satellite	\$2,531	\$ (73) \$(81) \$ 2,377
Property proportional	2,109	(44) -	2,065
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	1,396	(13) 14	1,397
Major catastrophes	(3,817) (9) 45	(3,781)
Other	(802) (23) 809	(16)
Total	\$1,417	\$(162) \$787	\$ 2,042

Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose from most prior underwriting years. Net favorable development in the property proportional class arose primarily from international business in the 2012 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2012 underwriting year. Net unfavorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from a marine loss related to Hurricane Ike partially offset by net favorable development on various other events.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
Major catastrophes	\$11,281	\$(13)	\$(648	\$ 10,620
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	5,122	287	105	5,514
Property per risk	1,878	18	391	2,287
Marine, aviation and satellite	2,334	107	(224) 2,217
Other	198	49	-	247
Total	\$20,813	\$448	\$(376	\$ 20,885

Net favorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from the Tohoku earthquake. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from international business in the 2011 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the property per risk class arose primarily from North American business in the 2007 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose from most prior underwriting years with a change in loss development patterns contributing \$0.8 million to the net favorable development.

Calendar Year Losses - Excluding Current Year Major Catastrophes and Prior Years' Loss Development

Calendar year losses, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were \$18.5 million and \$38.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were 34.0% and 65.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease in calendar year losses and the loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, resulted primarily from underwriting income in our North American crop business in 2013 as compared with an underwriting loss for the same period in 2012. Underwriting income related to our 2013 North American crop business was \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and the underwriting loss related to our 2012 North American crop business, as a result of the severe drought conditions in the United States, was \$17.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes, prior years' loss development and the underwriting results from our North American crop business, were 38.7% and 40.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Calendar year losses and related loss ratios were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

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Net Acquisition Expenses

Net acquisition expenses and related net acquisition expense ratios were \$9.7 million and 17.6%, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and \$7.1 million and 11.4%, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net acquisition expenses and the net acquisition expense ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012 was primarily due to one new contract in the property proportional class that has a higher acquisition expense ratio than the remainder of the segment. Net acquisition expenses and related net acquisition expense ratios were also impacted by other changes in the mix of business.

Other Underwriting Expenses

Other underwriting expenses were \$7.7 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Casualty

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Casualty segment for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three M		
			Increase
	2013	2012	(decrease)
Net premiums written	\$69,992	\$72,358	\$(2,366)
Net premiums earned	72,543	70,326	2,217
Net losses and LAE	10,242	14,358	(4,116)
Net acquisition expenses	19,067	16,710	2,357
Other underwriting expenses	5,727	5,662	65
Casualty segment underwriting income	\$37,507	\$33,596	\$3,911
Underwriting ratios:			
Net loss and LAE	14.1	% 20.4	% (6.3) points
Net acquisition expense	26.3	% 23.8	% 2.5 points
Other underwriting expense	7.9	% 8.1	% (0.2) points
Combined	48.3	% 52.3	% (4.0) points

The Casualty segment underwriting income increased by \$3.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. Net favorable development was \$39.1 million and \$40.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Casualty operating segment generated 50.8% and 49.6% of our net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net premiums written decreased by \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in net premiums written relates primarily to the North American casualty excess-of-loss classes.

Net premiums earned increased by \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. Net premiums written and earned were impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

Net Losses and LAE

Net losses and LAE decreased by \$4.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to lower calendar year losses excluding prior years' loss development.

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Prior Years' Loss Development

Net favorable loss development was \$40.1 million and \$40.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratios by 55.6 points and 57.3 points for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios. In addition, we regularly review and update our initial expected loss ratios and loss development patterns based on our loss experience and these updates resulted in net favorable loss development in several classes of business. The net loss and LAE ratios were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
North American claims made	\$18,070	\$ (737) \$-	\$ 17,333
North American umbrella	17,030	3	-	17,033
International casualty	2,616	(2) 159	2,773
North American clash	2,415	4	11	2,430
North American occurrence	838	5	125	968
Financial lines	(2,057)) (58) 18	(2,097)
Other	1,185	(510) -	675
Total	\$40,097	\$(1,295) \$313	\$ 39,115

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2003 and 2008 underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$4.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose primarily from the 2006 through 2011 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2005 underwriting year. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$8.9 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the international casualty class arose primarily from the 2007, 2010 and 2011 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American clash class arose primarily from the 2009 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from the 2007 through 2012 underwriting years partially offset by unfavorable development from the 2002 and 2010 underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$0.6 million to the net favorable development. Net unfavorable development in the financial lines class arose primarily from political risk losses from the 2005 and 2008 underwriting years.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the three months ended September 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
North American claims made	\$22,278	\$ (94)	\$-	\$ 22,184
North American umbrella	13,233	4	-	13,237
Financial lines	6,393	(86)	(150	6,157

North American occurrence	(1,579) (48) 22	(1,605)
Other	(370) 169	545	344
Total	\$39,955	\$ (55) \$417	\$ 40,317

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004 through 2009 underwriting years with a change in loss development patterns contributing \$4.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose primarily from the 2003 through 2006 underwriting years with a change in loss development patterns contributing \$9.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the financial lines class arose primarily from the 2006 and 2010 underwriting years. Net unfavorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from a change in loss development patterns which contributed \$1.2 million to the net unfavorable development.

Calendar Year Losses – Excluding Prior Years' Loss Development

Calendar year losses, excluding prior years' loss development, were \$50.3 million and \$54.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were 69.7% and 77.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease in calendar year losses and the loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, was primarily due to a lower loss ratio in the financial lines class in 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012. During the quarter, we also lowered our initial expected loss ratio estimates in the current year for several North American casualty classes as a result of better than expected historical loss experience. Calendar year losses and related loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

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Net Acquisition Expenses

Net acquisition expenses and related net acquisition expense ratios were \$19.1 million and 26.3%, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and \$16.7 million and 23.8%, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net acquisition expenses and the net acquisition expense ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012 was the result of increased ceding commissions related to prior years' loss development and changes in the mix of business.

Other Underwriting Expenses

Other underwriting expenses were \$5.7 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Finite Risk

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Finite Risk segment for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three I Sep		
			Increase
	2013	2012	(decrease)
Net premiums written	\$8,737	\$8,745	\$(8)
Net premiums earned	7,690	6,362	1,328
Net losses and LAE	5,561	3,969	
Net acquisition expenses	1,909	2,380	
Net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses	7,470	6,349	1,121
Other underwriting expenses	342	289	53
Finite Risk segment underwriting income (loss)	\$(122) \$(276) \$154
Underwriting ratios:			
Net loss and LAE	72.3	% 62.4	%
Net acquisition expense	24.8	% 37.4	%
Net loss, LAE and acquisition expense	97.1	% 99.8	% (2.7) points
Other underwriting expense	4.4	% 4.5	% (0.1) points
Combined	101.5	% 104.3	% (2.8) points

During the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the in-force Finite Risk portfolio consisted of one contract and we expect minor activity in this segment in the foreseeable future due to the relatively low level of demand for finite risk products. Due to the inverse relationship between losses and commissions for this segment, we believe it is important to evaluate the overall combined ratio, rather than its component parts of net loss and LAE ratio and net acquisition expense ratio. Due to the decline in premium volume in recent years, current year ratios may be significantly impacted by relatively small adjustments of prior years' reserves.

Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Finite Risk segment generated 6.3% and 6.0% of our net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The increase in net premiums earned for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012 was primarily attributable to increases in the subject premium basis on the single contract currently in-force in 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012.

Net Losses, LAE and Acquisition Expenses

Net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses increased by \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in net premiums earned. Net favorable development was \$0.1 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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Non-Underwriting Results

Net Investment Income

Net investment income was \$17.8 million and \$23.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net investment income decreased during the three months ended September 30, 2013, as compared with the same period in 2012 primarily due to a decrease in the average book yield for the portfolio of total investments and cash and cash equivalents from 2.4% in the third quarter of 2012 to 2.0% in the third quarter of 2013. The decrease in the average book yield reflected sales, maturities and paydowns and the prevailing low interest rate environment. We continue to retain a high proportion of cash in our portfolio in order to manage the overall duration and provide ample liquidity.

Contributing to the decrease in net investment income was a reduction of approximately \$392.8 million in the average book value of our investments and cash and cash equivalents for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012, primarily due to share repurchases and negative operating cash flows over the last twelve months.

Net Realized Gains or Losses on Investments

Net realized losses on investments were \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and net realized gains on investments were \$23.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Net realized losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 reflected the net negative impact from fair value adjustments on trading securities related to non-U.S. government securities.

Sales of investments resulted in net realized gains of \$23.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and included \$16.7 million of net realized gains from the sale of municipal bonds, \$3.7 million of net realized gains from the sale of corporate bonds and \$2.3 million of net realized gains from the sale of commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS").

Net Impairment Losses on Investments

Net impairment losses reflect other-than-temporary impairments attributable to credit losses on impaired securities that relate exclusively to investments in securitized mortgages not guaranteed by U.S. government agencies.

Net impairment losses on investments were \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The net impairment losses recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2013 related to non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") and sub-prime asset backed securities ("ABS"). The net impairment losses recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2012 related substantially all to non-agency RMBS.

Other Revenues and Expenses

The following table sets forth other revenues and expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Three 1	Three Months Ended			
	Sep	September 30,			
	2013	2012			
Other income (expense)	\$1,426	\$(96)		

Operating expenses not allocated to segments	(6,856) (6,354)
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains	(487) (541)
Interest expense	(4,782) (4,775)
Other expenses	\$(10,699) \$(11,766)

Other income (expense) includes changes in the fair value of our reinsurance deposit assets. Income from our reinsurance deposit assets was \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. We had no reinsurance deposit assets during the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Operating expenses not allocated to underwriting segments were \$6.9 million and \$6.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and related to costs such as compensation and other corporate expenses associated with operating as a publicly-traded company.

Interest expense was \$4.8 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 and related to our \$250.0 million of debt obligations.

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Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$15.1 million and \$2.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our effective tax rate was 28.3% and 2.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The income tax expense or benefit is primarily driven by the taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries. Our effective tax rate is primarily driven by the portion of taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries relative to the income or loss generated by our Bermuda-based operations, which are not subject to corporate income tax. Premiums earned by our U.S. and Bermuda-based subsidiaries generally do not bear a proportionate relationship to their respective pre-tax income for a variety of reasons, including the significant impact on pre-tax income of the different mixes of business underwritten by the particular subsidiary, the presence or absence of underwriting income or loss attributable to such business, and the investment results experienced by the particular subsidiary.

Pre-tax income was \$11.6 million and \$41.8 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Pre-tax income was \$79.9 million and \$7.5 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 as Compared with the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

Net income and diluted earnings per common share for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows (\$ and amounts in thousands, except diluted earnings per common share):

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2013	2012
Underwriting income	\$152,517	\$104,400
Net investment income	54,110	77,916
Net realized gains on investments	24,698	70,299
Net impairment losses on investments	(2,002) (2,882)
Other revenues (expenses)	(30,326) (33,475)
Income before income taxes	198,997	216,258
Income tax expense	(24,342) (10,575)
Net income	\$174,655	\$205,683
Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted earnings per common share	30,949	34,286
Diluted earnings per common share	\$5.63	\$5.98

Underwriting Results

Net underwriting income was \$152.5 million and \$104.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The change in the net underwriting result was due primarily to an increase in net favorable development, a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes and underwriting income in our North American crop class as compared with underwriting losses in the same period in 2012.

Net favorable development was \$139.9 million and \$112.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$29.8 million and \$35.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The underwriting result related to our North American crop business improved to underwriting income of \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, from an underwriting loss of \$17.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

The following discussion and analysis reviews our underwriting results by operating segment.

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Property and Marine

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Property and Marine segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine M Sept		
			Increase
	2013	2012	(decrease)
Gross premiums written	\$186,287	\$195,110	\$(8,823)
Ceded premiums written	10,341	386	9,955
Net premiums written	175,946	194,724	(18,778)
Net premiums earned	165,811	186,066	(20,255)
Net losses and LAE	35,426	85,380	(49,954)
Net acquisition expenses	27,624	25,034	2,590
Other underwriting expenses	22,493	21,950	543
Property and Marine segment underwriting income	\$80,268	\$53,702	\$26,566
. ,			
Underwriting ratios:			
			(24.5)
Net loss and LAE	21.4	% 45.9	% points
Net acquisition expense	16.7	% 13.5	% 3.2 points
Other underwriting expense	13.6	% 11.8	% 1.8 points
			(19.5)
Combined	51.7	% 71.2	% points

The Property and Marine segment underwriting result improved by \$26.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in net favorable development, a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes and underwriting income in our North American crop class as compared with an underwriting loss in the same period in 2012.

Net favorable development was \$54.4 million and \$43.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net losses from current year major catastrophes were \$29.8 million and \$35.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net losses from 2013 major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were attributable to German hailstorms, floods in central and eastern Europe and PCS Catastrophe 14. Net losses from 2012 major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 were attributable to PCS Catastrophes 66 and 67, PCS Catastrophe 74, PCS Catastrophe 83 and Hurricane Isaac.

Underwriting income related to our 2013 North American crop business was \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, and the underwriting loss related to our 2012 North American crop business, as a result of the severe drought conditions in the United States, was \$17.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Property and Marine segment generated 42.0% and 45.2% of our net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Gross premiums written decreased by \$8.8 million, and by \$5.9 million excluding reinstatement premiums written related to major catastrophes, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in gross premiums written was primarily due to decreases in the crop class partially offset by one new contract in the North American property proportional class for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012. Gross premiums written were also impacted by fewer opportunities that met our underwriting standards.

Ceded premiums written increased by \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in ceded premiums written was due to an increase in our purchase of retrocessional coverage on catastrophe business.

Net premiums earned decreased by \$20.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily as a result of decreases in net premiums written in current and prior periods. Net premiums written and earned were also impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

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Net Losses and LAE

Net losses and LAE decreased by \$50.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in net losses and LAE was primarily due to an increase in net favorable loss development, a decrease in net losses from current year major catastrophes and an improvement in our underwriting result in our North American crop class.

Current Year Major Catastrophe Losses

Net losses from current year major catastrophes, with related premium adjustments, increased the net loss and LAE ratio by 18.9 points and 21.0 points for nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The following table sets forth the components of pre-tax net losses from 2013 major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Reinstatement	Net Losses
	Net Losses	Premiums	from Major
Major Catastrophe	and LAE	Earned	Catastrophes
German hailstorms	\$(15,692)	\$ 33	\$ (15,659)
Floods in central and eastern Europe	(13,445)	1,525	(11,920)
PCS Catastrophe 14	(2,238)	17	(2,221)
Total	\$(31,375)	\$ 1,575	\$ (29,800)

The following table sets forth the components of pre-tax net losses from 2012 major catastrophes for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

		Reinstatement	Net Losses
	Net Losses	Premiums	from Major
Major Catastrophe	and LAE	Earned	Catastrophes
PCS Catastrophes 66 and 67	\$(20,706)	\$ 2,569	\$ (18,137)
PCS Catastrophe 74	(9,764)	526	(9,238)
PCS Catastrophe 83	(6,736)	1,107	(5,629)
Hurricane Isaac	(3,101)	324	(2,777)
Total	\$(40,307)	\$ 4,526	\$ (35,781)

During the course of 2012, we revised our estimates of pre-tax losses for the above 2012 major catastrophe events. At December 31, 2012, our estimates of pre-tax net losses were \$17.5 million for PCS Catastrophes 66 and 67, \$8.7 million for PCS Catastrophe 74, \$6.0 million for PCS Catastrophe 83 and \$1.5 million for Hurricane Isaac. Any development of losses related to these major catastrophes subsequent to December 31, 2012 is included in prior years' loss development in the major catastrophes class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Prior Years' Loss Development

Net favorable loss development was \$57.5 million and \$39.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratio by 33.6 points and 22.6 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
Major catastrophes	\$35,782	\$ (40	\$(4,038)) \$ 31,704
Property per risk	6,932	67	805	7,804
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	6,687	112	(144) 6,655
Marine, aviation and satellite	3,538	167	115	3,820
Property proportional	2,499	(227) -	2,272
Crop	2,063	44	-	2,107
Total	\$57,501	\$ 123	\$(3,262) \$ 54,362

Net favorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from Hurricane Sandy and the Tohoku earthquake, partially offset by net unfavorable development on a marine loss related to Hurricane Ike. Net favorable development in the property per risk class arose primarily from the 2012 underwriting year. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2010 through 2012 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose primarily from the 2005 through 2008 and 2012 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the property proportional class arose primarily from the 2010 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2008 and prior underwriting years. Net favorable development in the crop class arose primarily from the 2012 underwriting years.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	n Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
Major catastrophes	\$13,572	\$ (37) \$29	\$ 13,564
Catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events)	10,902	279	382	11,563
Property per risk	8,227	(6) 1,726	9,947
Marine, aviation and satellite	3,068	4	1,972	5,044
Property proportional	2,997	(108) -	2,889
Other	536	9	-	545
Total	\$39,302	\$ 141	\$4,109	\$ 43,552

Net favorable development in the major catastrophes class arose primarily from the Tohoku earthquake. Net favorable development in the catastrophe excess-of-loss (non-major events) class arose primarily from the 2010 and 2011 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the property per risk class arose from the 2006 through 2010 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the marine, aviation and satellite class arose primarily from the 2006 through 2008 underwriting years with a change in loss development patterns contributing \$0.8 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the property proportional class arose primarily from the 2008 through 2010 underwriting years.

Calendar Year Losses – Excluding Current Year Major Catastrophes and Prior Years' Loss Development

Calendar year losses, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were \$61.6 million and \$84.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, were 36.7% and 47.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease in calendar year losses and related loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes and prior years' loss development, resulted primarily from underwriting income in our North American crop business in 2013 as compared with an underwriting loss for the same period in 2012. Underwriting income related to our 2013 North American crop business was \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, and the underwriting loss related to our 2012 North American crop business, as a result of the severe drought conditions in the United States, was \$17.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding current year major catastrophes, prior years' loss development and the underwriting result from our North American crop business, were 39.2% and 42.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Calendar year losses and related loss ratios were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

Net Acquisition Expenses

Net acquisition expenses and related net acquisition expense ratios were \$27.6 million and 16.7%, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and \$25.0 million and 13.5%, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net acquisition expenses and the net acquisition expense ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012 was primarily due to one new contract in the property proportional class that has a higher acquisition expense ratio than the remainder of the segment. Net acquisition expenses and related net acquisition expense ratios were also impacted by other changes in the mix of business.

Other Underwriting Expenses

Other underwriting expenses were \$22.5 million and \$22.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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Casualty

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Casualty segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	_				Increase
	2013		2012		(decrease)
Net premiums written	\$220,547		\$219,436		\$1,111
Net premiums earned	218,967		221,838		(2,871)
Net losses and LAE	75,243		101,245		(26,002)
Net acquisition expenses	53,384		52,572		812
Other underwriting expenses	17,120		16,323		797
Casualty segment underwriting income	\$73,220		\$51,698		\$21,522
Underwriting ratios:					
					(11.2)
Net loss and LAE	34.4	%	45.6	%	points
Net acquisition expense	24.4	%	23.7	%	0.7 points
Other underwriting expense	7.8	%	7.4	%	0.4 points
					(10.1)
Combined	66.6	%	76.7	%	points

The Casualty segment underwriting income increased by \$21.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in net favorable development. Net favorable development was \$85.7 million and \$68.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Casualty segment generated 52.6% and 50.9% of our net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net premiums written increased by \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were impacted by increases to prior years' premium estimates of \$29.3 million and \$30.0 million, respectively. Excluding the impact of increases to prior years' premium estimates, net premiums written increased by \$1.8 million.

Net premiums earned decreased by \$2.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Net premiums earned for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were impacted by increases to prior years' premium estimates of \$17.6 million and \$20.6 million, respectively. Excluding the impact of increases to prior years' premium estimates, net premiums earned increased by \$0.1 million. Net premiums written and earned were impacted by changes in the mix of business and the structure of the underlying reinsurance contracts.

Net Losses and LAE

Net losses and LAE decreased by \$26.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in net favorable loss development. In addition, calendar year losses excluding prior years' loss development were lower.

Prior Years' Loss Development

Net favorable loss development was \$85.7 million and \$67.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development and related premium adjustments decreased the net loss and LAE ratios by 39.2 points and 31.2 points for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net favorable loss development for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was primarily attributable to a level of cumulative losses reported by our ceding companies that was lower than expected and that, in our judgment, resulted in sufficient credibility in the loss experience to change our previously selected loss ratios. In addition, we regularly review and update our initial expected loss ratios and loss development patterns based on our loss experience and these updates resulted in net favorable loss development in several classes of business. The net loss and LAE ratios were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

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The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development by class of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Net		
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net	Net
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development
North American claims made	\$40,117	\$ (843	\$61	\$ 39,335
North American umbrella	33,917	466	-	34,383
International casualty	3,831	(9	(105)	3,717
North American clash	3,564	16	21	3,601
Accident and health	2,879	(74) -	2,805
North American occurrence	1,182	586	248	2,016
Other	175	(291	(21) (137)
Total	\$85,665	\$(149)	\$204	\$ 85,720

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2003 underwriting year. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$4.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose from all prior underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$8.9 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the international casualty class arose from most prior underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2002 and 2008 underwriting years. A change in the loss development pattern in the 2002 underwriting year contributed \$1.6 million of the net unfavorable development. Net favorable development in the North American clash class arose primarily from the 2007 through 2009 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the accident and health class arose primarily from the 2009 through 2011 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from the 2007 through 2012 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2006 and prior underwriting years. A change in initial expected loss ratios contributed \$0.6 million to the net favorable development.

The following table sets forth the net favorable (unfavorable) development for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 by class of business (\$ in thousands):

	Net				
	Net Losses	Acquisition	Net	Net	
Class of Business	and LAE	Expenses	Premiums	Development	
North American claims made	\$42,864	\$(1,478) \$739	\$ 42,125	
North American umbrella	23,845	430	-	24,275	
Financial lines	5,676	(369) 460	5,767	
North American occurrence	2,842	(192) 41	2,691	
Accident and health	933	552	-	1,485	
International casualty	(8,219) 74	295	(7,850)	
Other	(258) (32) 441	151	
Total	\$67,683	\$(1,015) \$1,976	\$ 68,644	

Net favorable development in the North American claims made class arose primarily from the 2004 through 2009 underwriting years with a change in loss development patterns contributing \$4.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the North American umbrella class arose primarily from the 2003 through 2007 underwriting years with a change in loss development patterns contributing \$9.6 million to the net favorable development. Net favorable development in the financial lines class arose primarily from the 2006 and

2010 underwriting years. Net favorable development in the North American occurrence class arose primarily from the 2002, 2003 and 2007 underwriting years, partially offset by net unfavorable development from the 2004 through 2006 underwriting years. The net unfavorable development included a change in loss development patterns of \$0.8 million. Net favorable development in the accident and health class arose primarily from the 2009 and 2010 underwriting years. Net unfavorable development in the international casualty class arose primarily from the 2006, 2008 and 2010 underwriting years. The 2006 underwriting year was impacted by an increase in medical malpractice claims. The 2008 underwriting year was impacted by an increase in claims related to the credit crisis arising from the financial institutions business and liability arising from Australian wildfires. The 2010 underwriting year was impacted by a claim related to a power plant in Thailand.

Calendar Year Losses – Excluding Prior Years' Loss Development

Calendar year losses, excluding prior years' loss development, were \$160.9 million and \$168.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The calendar year loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were 73.6% and 76.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease in calendar year losses and the loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, was primarily due to lower initial expected loss ratio estimates in the current year for several North American casualty classes as we lowered our estimates as a result of better than expected historical loss experience. Also, there was a lower loss ratio in the financial lines class in 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012. Calendar year losses and related loss ratios, excluding prior years' loss development, were also impacted by changes in the mix of business.

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Net Acquisition Expenses

Net acquisition expenses and related net acquisition expense ratios were \$53.4 million and 24.4%, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and \$52.6 million and 23.7%, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in net acquisition expenses and the net acquisition expense ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012 was the result of changes in the mix of business.

Other Underwriting Expenses

Other underwriting expenses were \$17.1 million and \$16.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Finite Risk

The following table sets forth underwriting results, ratios and the period over period change for the Finite Risk segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine N Sep		
			Increase
	2013	2012	(decrease)
Net premiums written	\$22,540	\$16,939	\$5,601
Net premiums earned	20,368	13,971	6,397
Net losses and LAE	10,138	4,805	
Net acquisition expenses	10,199	9,419	
Net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses	20,337	14,224	6,113
Other underwriting expenses	1,002	747	255
Finite Risk segment underwriting income (loss)	\$(971) \$(1,000) \$29
Underwriting ratios:			
Net loss and LAE	49.8	% 34.4	%
Net acquisition expense	50.1	% 67.4	%
Net loss, LAE and acquisition expense	99.9	% 101.8	% (1.9) points
Other underwriting expense	4.9	% 5.3	% (0.4) points
Combined	104.8	% 107.1	% (2.3) points

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the in-force Finite Risk portfolio consisted of one contract and we expect minor activity in this segment in the foreseeable future due to the relatively low level of demand for finite risk products. Due to the inverse relationship between losses and commissions for this segment, we believe it is important to evaluate the overall combined ratio, rather than its component parts of net loss and LAE ratio and net acquisition expense ratio. Due to the decline in premium volume in recent years, current year ratios may be significantly impacted by relatively small adjustments of prior years' reserves.

Net Premiums Written and Earned

The Finite Risk segment generated 5.4% and 3.9% of our net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The increases in net premiums written and net premiums earned for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012 were primarily attributable to increases in the subject premium basis on the single contract currently in-force in 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012.

Net Losses, LAE and Acquisition Expenses

Net losses, LAE and acquisition expenses increased by \$6.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in net premiums earned. Net unfavorable development was \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and net favorable development was \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

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Non-Underwriting Results

Net Investment Income

Net investment income was \$54.1 million and \$77.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net investment income decreased during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as compared with the same period in 2012 primarily due to a decrease in the average book yield for the portfolio of total investments and cash and cash equivalents from 2.7% in the first nine months of 2012 to 2.0% in the first nine months of 2013. The decrease in the average book yield reflected sales, maturities and paydowns and the prevailing low interest rate environment. We continue to retain a high proportion of cash in our portfolio in order to manage the overall duration and provide ample liquidity.

Contributing to the decrease in net investment income was a reduction of approximately \$302.0 million in the average book value of our investments and cash and cash equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012, primarily due to share repurchases and negative operating cash flows over the last twelve months.

Net Realized Gains on Investments

Net realized gains on investments were \$24.7 million and \$70.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Sales of investments resulted in net realized gains of \$27.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, and included \$18.3 million of net realized gains from the sale of municipal bonds, \$6.1 million of net realized gains from the sale of corporate bonds and \$2.5 million of net realized gains from the sale of CMBS. Also included in net realized gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was a net negative impact from fair value adjustments on trading securities of \$2.5 million related to non-U.S. government securities.

Sales of investments resulted in net realized gains of \$70.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and included \$58.0 million of net realized gains from the sale of municipal bonds, \$8.3 million of net realized gains from the sale of corporate bonds and \$3.3 million of net realized gains from the sale of CMBS. The net negative impact from fair value adjustments on trading securities of \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 was related to non-U.S. government securities.

Net Impairment Losses on Investments

Net impairment losses reflect other-than-temporary impairments attributable to credit losses on impaired securities that relate exclusively to investments in securitized mortgages not guaranteed by U.S. government agencies.

Net impairment losses on investments were \$2.0 million and \$2.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The net impairment losses recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 included \$1.4 million related to non-agency RMBS and \$0.6 million related to sub-prime ABS. The net impairment losses recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 related substantially all to non-agency RMBS.

Other Revenues and Expenses

The following table sets forth other revenues and expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2013	2012	
Other income (expense)	\$2,503	\$(766)
Operating expenses not allocated to segments	(19,080) (17,625)
Net foreign currency exchange (losses) gains	592	(763)
Interest expense	(14,341) (14,321)
Other expenses	\$(30,326) \$(33,475)

Other income (expense) includes changes in the fair value of our reinsurance deposit assets. Income from our reinsurance deposit assets was \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. We had no reinsurance deposit assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Operating expenses not allocated to underwriting segments were \$19.1 million and \$17.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and related to costs such as compensation and other corporate expenses associated with operating as a publicly-traded company. The increase was primarily due to higher performance-based compensation accruals in 2013 as compared with the same period in 2012.

Interest expense was \$14.3 million for both the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and related to our \$250.0 million of debt obligations.

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Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$24.3 million and \$10.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our effective tax rate was 12.2% and 4.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The income tax expense or benefit is primarily driven by the taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries. Our effective tax rate is primarily driven by the portion of taxable income or loss generated by our U.S.-based subsidiaries relative to the income or loss generated by our Bermuda-based operations, which are not subject to corporate income tax. Premiums earned by our U.S. and Bermuda-based subsidiaries generally do not bear a proportionate relationship to their respective pre-tax income for a variety of reasons, including the significant impact on pre-tax income of the different mixes of business underwritten by the particular subsidiary, the presence or absence of underwriting income or loss attributable to such business, and the investment results experienced by the particular subsidiary.

Pre-tax income was \$120.2 million and \$78.8 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Pre-tax income was \$175.4 million and \$41.1 million in our Bermuda and U.S. companies, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Financial Condition

The following discussion of financial condition, liquidity and capital resources as of September 30, 2013 focuses only on material changes from December 31, 2012. See Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Financial Condition," in our 2012 Form 10-K.

Liquidity

Liquidity Requirements

Platinum Holdings is a holding company, the assets of which consist primarily of shares of its subsidiaries. Platinum Holdings' liquidity requirements, and those of Platinum Finance, include the payment of operating expenses, debt service obligations and income taxes. Our reinsurance subsidiaries' principal liquidity requirements are the payment of losses and LAE, commissions, brokerage, operating expenses, income taxes and dividends to Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance. We consider the impact of dividends and other distributions from our reinsurance subsidiaries on their respective capital levels, which may impact the financial strength ratings assigned to our subsidiaries by A.M. Best Company, Inc. ("A.M. Best") and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P").

Collateral Requirements of our Reinsurance Subsidiaries

Platinum Bermuda is not licensed, approved or accredited as a reinsurer in the United States and, therefore, under the terms of its contracts with U.S. ceding companies, it is required to provide collateral to its ceding companies for unpaid losses and LAE and unearned premiums in a form acceptable to state insurance commissioners. Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US also provide reinsurance coverage in many international jurisdictions, several of which require us to provide collateral. Typically, this type of collateral takes the form of letters of credit issued by a bank, the establishment of a trust, or funds held by ceding companies. See "Sources of Liquidity – Credit Facilities" below for additional information on our credit facilities and the collateral required by us under these facilities.

Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US also have reinsurance and other contracts that require them to provide collateral to ceding companies when certain levels of assumed liabilities are attained. Should certain events occur, such as a

decline in our financial strength rating by A.M. Best or S&P below specified levels or a decline in statutory equity below specified amounts, the amount of collateral required may increase. Some reinsurance contracts also have special termination provisions that permit early termination should certain events occur. Investments of \$58.9 million and cash and cash equivalents of \$12.7 million were pledged to collateralize obligations under various reinsurance contracts as of September 30, 2013.

Other Liquidity Requirements

Platinum Holdings fully and unconditionally guarantees the outstanding \$250.0 million of debt obligations of Platinum Finance. Platinum Finance pays interest at a rate of 7.5% per annum on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

Platinum Holdings may also require cash to pay for share repurchases. See "Capital Resources - Share and Debt Repurchases" below for additional discussion of share repurchases.

Sources of Liquidity

Platinum Holdings' and Platinum Finance's sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, liquid investments, borrowings from our syndicated credit facility, the potential issuance of securities, and dividends and other distributions from subsidiaries. Our reinsurance subsidiaries' sources of liquidity consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, inflows of cash from operations, proceeds from the sales, maturities and paydowns of investments and borrowings from our syndicated credit facility.

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As of September 30, 2013, we had consolidated cash and cash equivalents of \$1.6 billion, including \$28.1 million at Platinum Holdings and \$148.2 million at Platinum Finance. We expect that Platinum Holdings' and Platinum Finance's liquidity needs for the next twelve months will be met by our cash and cash equivalents and available dividend capacity from our subsidiaries. We expect that our reinsurance subsidiaries' liquidity needs for the next twelve months will be met by our cash and cash equivalents, inflows of cash from operations, investment income and proceeds from the sales, maturities and paydowns of investments.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes the cash provided by or used in our operating, investing and financing activities and the effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013 2012	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(14,098) \$(18,969)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	161,414 1,002,491	
Net cash used in financing activities	(294,561) (115,216)	
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7,745) 1,863	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(154,990) 870,169	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,720,395 792,510	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,565,405 \$1,662,679	

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities in both 2013 and 2012 was primarily due to the payment of losses and LAE and a reduction in premium volume as compared with prior years. Our reinsurance subsidiaries generally have liquidity from underwriting activities as premiums are received in advance of the time losses are paid. The period of time from the occurrence of a claim through the settlement of the liability may extend many years into the future. However, due to the nature of our reinsurance operations, cash flows are affected by the amount and timing of actual claim payments that can vary based on many factors, including the severity of individual losses, changes in the legal environment, and general market conditions. As a result of a reduction in premium volume and expected loss payments resulting from major catastrophe activity in the last three years, we anticipate that our operating cash flows will be negative for at least the next twelve months.

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities in both 2013 and 2012 was primarily due to sales, maturities and paydowns of fixed maturity available-for-sale securities and short-term investments, partially offset by the acquisition of fixed maturity available-for-sale securities and short-term investments. We have increased our cash balance from investing activities to manage the overall duration of our portfolio and to provide ample liquidity.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities primarily related to repurchases of common shares of \$302.8 million and \$109.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Investments

As part of our investment strategy, we seek to establish a level of cash and liquid short-term and intermediate-term securities. We believe our expected cash flows from our investment strategy will be adequate to meet our foreseeable liquidity requirements. However, the ultimate amount and timing of claim payments could differ materially from our estimates and create significant variations in cash flows from operations between periods, which may require us to make payments from other sources of liquidity, such as sales of investments, borrowings from our syndicated credit facility or proceeds from capital market transactions. If we need to sell investments to meet liquidity requirements, the sale of such investments may be at a material gain or loss.

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Our investment portfolio consists primarily of diversified, high quality, predominantly investment-grade fixed maturity securities. See Note 3 to the "Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Form 10-Q for discussion of the fair value measurements of our financial assets and liabilities. The following table sets forth the fair values, net unrealized gains and losses and credit quality of our investments as of September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss		redit ıality
Fixed maturity available-for-sale securities:		4.22 0		
U.S. Government	\$4,809	\$230		Aaa
Municipal bonds:				
State general obligation bonds	871,520	38,709		Aa2
Essential service bonds	185,433	7,232		Aa3
Pre-refunded bonds	65,543	3,262		Aa2
State income tax and sales tax bonds	76,179	5,828		Aa1
Other municipal bonds	76,134	2,267		Aa2
Subtotal	1,274,809	57,298		Aa2
Non-U.S. governments	40,512	541		Aa1
Corporate bonds:				
Industrial	154,096	1,641		Baa2
Utilities	57,669	739		Baa1
Insurance	19,077	1,627		Baa2
Subtotal	230,842	4,007		Baa2
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	88,104	4,834		Aa3
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
U.S. Government agency residential mortgage-backed securities	161,937	1,113		Aaa
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities	16,858	(980)	Caa2
Subtotal	178,795	133		Aa2
Asset-backed securities:				
Asset-backed securities	13,529	(71)	Aaa
Sub-prime asset-backed securities	3,980	1,323	C	
Subtotal	17,509	1,252	A2	
Total fixed maturity available-for-sale securities	1,835,380	68,295		Aa3
Fixed maturity trading securities:				
Non-U.S. governments	102,604	n/a		Aa1
Total fixed maturity trading securities	102,604	n/a		Aa1
Short-term investments:				
Trading	73,635	n/a		Aaa
Total short-term investments	73,635	n/a		Aaa
Total investments	\$2,011,619	\$68,295		Aa3

Our investable assets, which consist of investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net balances due to and from brokers totaled \$3.5 billion and \$4.0 billion at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Our investable assets had a weighted average rating of Aa2 and Aa1 as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, primarily measured by Moody's Investor Services ("Moody's"). If a particular security did not have a Moody's rating then a rating generally from S&P was converted to a Moody's equivalent rating. Investable assets had a duration of 2.5 and 2.6 years as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Non-U.S. Governments

Our non-U.S. government bond portfolio, which includes our short-term investments classified as trading, consists of securities issued by governments, provinces, agencies and supranationals.

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The following table provides additional detail on the fair value and amortized cost of our portfolio of non-U.S. government fixed maturity available-for-sale securities, fixed maturity trading securities and short-term investments converted to U.S. dollars as of September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		Fair	Value		
	Basic	Other			
	Monetary	Non-U.S.			Amortized
Non-U.S. government portfolio	Unit	Dollar	U.S. Dollar	Total	Cost
Germany	\$40,245	\$-	\$-	\$40,245	\$37,949
Netherlands	-	1,524	-	1,524	1,438
Eurozone governments	40,245	1,524	-	41,769	39,387
New Zealand	64,354	-	-	64,354	64,353
United Kingdom	54,436	-	-	54,436	51,017
Sweden	-	1,225	30,260	31,485	31,154
Australia	12,565	-	-	12,565	12,335
Japan	-	-	5,211	5,211	5,000
Norway	-	-	5,041	5,041	4,997
Supranational	-	1,890	-	1,890	1,753
Other non-U.S. governments	131,355	3,115	40,512	174,982	170,609
Total non-U.S. governments	\$171,600	\$4,639	\$40,512	\$216,751	\$209,996

In addition to the investments noted above, we held non-U.S. dollar denominated cash and cash equivalents of \$132.7 million. These investments and cash and cash equivalents are generally held for the purpose of hedging our net non-U.S. dollar denominated reinsurance liabilities.

Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)

The net unrealized gain position of our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios was \$57.3 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2013 as compared with a net unrealized gain position of our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios of \$129.7 million and \$20.9 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2012. The decreases in the net unrealized gain position in our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios were the result of increases in treasury yields and a widening of credit spreads as well as realized gains from sales activities. We analyze the creditworthiness of our municipal bond and corporate bond portfolios by reviewing various performance metrics of the issuer, including financial condition, credit ratings and other public information.

The net unrealized gain position of our CMBS portfolio was \$4.8 million as of September 30, 2013 as compared with \$8.4 million as of December 31, 2012. The decrease in the net unrealized gain position in our CMBS portfolio was primarily the result of realized gains from sales activities. We analyze our CMBS on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, debt-service-coverage ratios and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred. Our portfolio consists primarily of senior tranches of CMBS with high credit ratings and strong credit support.

The net unrealized gain position of our RMBS portfolio was \$0.1 million, with non-agency RMBS representing net unrealized losses of \$1.0 million, as of September 30, 2013 as compared with a net unrealized loss position of \$0.7 million, with non-agency RMBS representing net unrealized losses of \$2.9 million, as of December 31, 2012. The decrease in the net unrealized loss position in our non-agency RMBS portfolio was primarily the result of the

recognition of net impairment losses during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Approximately 91% of the RMBS in our investment portfolio were issued or are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and are referred to as U.S. Government agency RMBS. The remaining 9% of our RMBS were issued by non-agency institutions that relate exclusively to investments in securitized mortgages not guaranteed by U.S. government agencies. Securities with underlying sub-prime mortgages as collateral are included in ABS. The net unrealized gain position of our portfolio of sub-prime ABS was \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2013 as compared with \$0.5 million as of December 31, 2012. We analyze our non-agency RMBS and sub-prime ABS on a periodic basis using default loss models based on the performance of the underlying loans. Performance metrics include, but are not limited to, delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, prepayment speeds and cumulative losses incurred. The expected losses for a mortgage pool are compared with the current level of credit support, which generally represents the point at which our security would experience losses. We evaluate projected cash flows as well as other factors in order to determine if a credit impairment has occurred.

We believe that the gross unrealized losses in our fixed maturity available-for-sale securities portfolio of \$10.5 million represent temporary declines in fair value. We believe that the unrealized losses are not necessarily predictive of ultimate performance and that the provisions we have made for net impairment losses are adequate. However, economic conditions may deteriorate more than expected and may adversely affect the expected cash flows of our securities, which in turn may lead to impairment losses being recorded in future periods. Conversely, economic conditions may improve more than expected and favorably increase the expected cash flows of our impaired securities, which would be earned through net investment income over the remaining life of the security.

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Credit Facilities

As of September 30, 2013, we had a \$300.0 million credit facility with various financial institutions (the "Syndicated Credit Facility") available for revolving borrowings and letters of credit ("LOC"). In addition, our reinsurance subsidiaries had other LOC facilities available for the issuance of LOC to collateralize their reinsurance obligations. We had no revolving borrowings under the Syndicated Credit Facility during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following table summarizes the outstanding LOC and the cash and cash equivalents held in trust to collateralize LOC issued as of September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Letters of Credit		Collateral
	Committed		Cash and Cash
	Capacity	Issued	Equivalents
Syndicated Credit Facility:			
Secured	\$200,000	\$80,405	\$ 93,356
Unsecured	100,000	-	-
Total Syndicated Credit Facility	300,000	80,405	93,356
Other LOC Facilities	115,405	44,068	67,317
Total	\$415,405	\$124,473	\$ 160,673

As of September 30, 2013, we were in compliance with covenants under our credit facilities.

On July 2, 2013, Platinum Bermuda increased the amount of an uncommitted LOC facility by \$50.0 million. Our reinsurance subsidiaries have a total uncommitted LOC capacity of \$259.6 million available. The Company also has the ability to increase the syndicated and other LOC facilities by up to \$175.0 million, subject to agreement with the lenders.

The \$100.0 million LOC facility our reinsurance subsidiaries entered into on June 30, 2011 expires on December 31, 2013. We are in discussions with the financial institution to renew this LOC facility for the same amount with similar terms and conditions as the current LOC facility.

Dividend Restrictions

Platinum Holdings and its subsidiaries are subject to certain legal and regulatory restrictions in their respective jurisdictions of domicile. The legal restrictions generally include the requirement to maintain positive net assets and to be able to pay liabilities as they become due. For more details on our regulations, see Item 1, "Business – Regulation," in our 2012 Form 10-K. Regulatory restrictions on dividends are described below.

Dividend Restrictions on Platinum Holdings

There are no regulatory restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Holdings to its shareholders.

Dividend Restrictions on Subsidiaries

The laws and regulations of Bermuda and the United States include certain restrictions on the amount of statutory capital and surplus that are available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Bermuda and Platinum US to their

respective parent companies, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Finance, without the prior approval of the relevant regulatory authorities. The following table summarizes the dividend capacity of our reinsurance subsidiaries for 2013 (\$ in thousands):

		For the Nine Months Ended	
		September	September
	2013	30, 2013	30, 2013
	Dividend		
	Capacity	Paid	Remaining
Platinum Bermuda	\$318,343	\$262,500	\$55,843
Platinum US	30,779	-	30,779
Total	\$349,122	\$262,500	\$86,622

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Subsequent to September 30, 2013, Platinum Bermuda declared and paid a dividend of \$55.8 million to Platinum Holdings.

There are no regulatory restrictions on retained earnings available for the payment of dividends by Platinum Finance to Platinum Regency or by Platinum Regency to Platinum Holdings.

Capital Resources

At September 30, 2013, our capital resources of \$1.9 billion consisted of \$1.7 billion of common shareholders' equity and \$250.0 million of debt obligations. At December 31, 2012, our capital resources of \$2.1 billion consisted of \$1.9 billion of common shareholders' equity and \$250.0 million of debt obligations. The decrease in capital of \$195.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was primarily attributable to repurchases of common shares of \$302.8 million and the decrease in net unrealized gains, net of tax, of \$80.3 million, partially offset by net income of \$174.7 million.

Share and Debt Repurchases

Our Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of our common shares through a share repurchase program. Since the program was established, our Board of Directors has approved increases in the repurchase program from time to time, most recently on July 24, 2013, to result in authority as of such date to repurchase up to a total of \$250.0 million of our common shares.

In accordance with the share repurchase program, during the three months ended September 30, 2013 we repurchased 1,353,682 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$78.5 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$58.01 per share. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 we repurchased 5,351,343 of our common shares in the open market for an aggregate cost of \$302.8 million at a weighted average cost including commissions of \$56.58 per share. The shares we repurchased were canceled.

As of September 30, 2013, we had \$171.5 million remaining under the share repurchase program.

Our Board of Directors has also authorized the repurchase of up to \$250.0 million of our outstanding Series B 7.5% Notes due June 1, 2017, issued by Platinum Finance, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. We have not repurchased any of our Series B 7.5% Notes.

The timing and amount, if any, of repurchase transactions depend on a variety of factors, including prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, corporate and regulatory considerations and other factors.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined for purposes of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules, which are not accounted for or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2013.

Contractual Obligations

Except as discussed below, there have been no material changes outside the ordinary course of business to our contractual obligations as disclosed under Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Financial Condition - Contractual Obligations," in our 2012 Form 10-K.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, Platinum Holdings and Platinum Bermuda entered into ten-year lease agreements for new office space in Pembroke, Bermuda. Our contractual obligations for these operating leases are \$1.1 million annually beginning August 27, 2013, for a total of \$10.8 million for the ten-year lease term. See Note 11 in the Consolidated Financial Statements contained elsewhere in this Form 10-O.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

See Note 1 to the "Consolidated Financial Statements" contained elsewhere in this Form 10-Q for a discussion of recently issued accounting standards.

Note On Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements are based on our current plans or expectations that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, us. In particular, statements using words such as "may," "should," "estimate," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "believe," "predict," or words of similar import generally involve forward-looking statements.

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The inclusion of forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q should not be considered as a representation by us or any other person that our current plans or expectations will be achieved. Numerous factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements, including the following:

- the occurrence of severe natural or man-made catastrophic events;
- the effectiveness of our loss limitation methods and pricing models;
- the adequacy of our ceding companies' ability to assess the risks they underwrite;
 - the adequacy of our liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses;
 - the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues on our business;
 - our ability to maintain our A.M. Best and S&P financial strength ratings;
 - our ability to raise capital on acceptable terms if necessary;
- our exposure to credit loss from counterparties in the normal course of business;
- our ability to provide reinsurance from Bermuda to insurers domiciled in the United States;
- the effect on our business of the cyclicality of the property and casualty reinsurance business;
- the effect on our business of the highly competitive nature of the property and casualty reinsurance industry, including the effect of new entrants to the industry;
 - losses that we could face from terrorism, political unrest and war;
- our dependence on the business provided to us by reinsurance brokers and our exposure to credit risk associated with our brokers during the premium and loss settlement process;
 - the availability of retrocessional reinsurance on acceptable terms;
 - foreign currency exchange rate fluctuation;
- our ability to maintain and enhance effective operating procedures and internal controls over financial reporting;
 - our need to make many estimates and judgments in the preparation of our financial statements;
- the limitations placed on our financial and operational flexibility by the representations, warranties and covenants in our debt and credit facilities:
 - our ability to retain key executives and attract and retain additional qualified personnel in the future;
 - the performance of our investment portfolio;
 - the effects of changes in market interest rates on our investment portfolio;

• the concentration of our investment portfolio in any particular industry, asset class or geographic region;

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- the effects that the imposition of U.S. corporate income tax would have on Platinum Holdings and its non-U.S. subsidiaries:
 - the risk that U.S. persons who hold our shares will be subject to adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences under certain circumstances;
- the risk that U.S. persons who dispose of our shares may be subject to U.S. federal income taxation at the rates applicable to dividends on all or a portion of their gains, if any;
- the risk that holders of 10% or more of our shares may be subject to U.S. income taxation under the "controlled foreign corporation" rules;
 - the effect of changes in U.S. federal income tax law on an investment in our shares;
 - the possibility that we may become subject to taxes in Bermuda;
 - the effect on our business of potential changes in the regulatory system under which we operate;
- the impact of regulatory regimes and changes to accounting rules on our financial results, irrespective of business operations;
- the uncertain impact on our business of the Dodd–Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010;
- the dependence of the cash flows of Platinum Holdings on dividends, interest and other permissible payments from its subsidiaries to meet its obligations;
- the risk that our shareholders may have greater difficulty in protecting their interests than would shareholders of a U.S. corporation; and
 - limitations on the ownership, transfer and voting rights of our common shares.

As a consequence, our future financial condition and results may differ from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of us. The foregoing factors should not be construed as exhaustive. Additionally, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to revise or update forward-looking statements to reflect new information or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of future events. For a detailed discussion of our risk factors, refer to Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our 2012 Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk
We believe that we are principally exposed to the following types of market risk: interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk. The following discussion focuses only on material changes to these types of market risks since December 31, 2012. See Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," in our 2012 Form 10-K for a complete discussion of these risks.

Interest Rate Risk

The following table shows the aggregate hypothetical impact on the market value of our fixed maturity securities portfolio as of September 30, 2013, resulting from an immediate parallel shift in interest rates (\$ in thousands):

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		Interest F	Rate Shift in Ba	asis Points	
	- 100bp	- 50bp	Current	+ 50bp	+ 100bp
Total market value	\$2,029,315	\$1,982,858	\$1,937,984	\$1,894,997	\$1,853,916
Percent change in market value	4.7%	2.3%	0.0%	(2.2%	(4.3%)
Resulting net appreciation (depreciation)	\$91,331	\$44,874	\$-	\$(42,987	\$(84,068)

Actual shifts in interest rates may not change by the same magnitude across the maturity spectrum or on an individual security and, as a result, the impact on the fair value of our fixed maturity securities portfolio may be materially different from the resulting net appreciation or depreciation indicated in the table above.

Item 4.

Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and timely reported as specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No changes occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2013 in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes our purchases of our common shares during the three months ended September 30, 2013:

			Total	
			Number of	Maximum
			Shares	Dollar Value
	Total		Purchased	of Shares that
	Number of	Average	as Part of a	May Yet Be
	Shares	Price Paid	Publicly	Purchased
	Purchased	per Share	Announced	Under the
Period	(3)	(1)(3)	Program	Program (2)
July 1, 2013 - July 31, 2013	256,842	\$57.70	243,000	\$235,971,604
August 1, 2013 - August 31, 2013	876,802	58.10	876,802	185,027,644
September 1, 2013 - September 30, 2013	233,880	57.98	233,880	171,468,351
Total	1,367,524	\$58.01	1,353,682	\$171,468,351

(1)

Including commissions.

- (2) Our Board of Directors established a program authorizing the repurchase of our common shares. Since the program was established, our Board of Directors has approved increases in the repurchase program from time to time, most recently on July 24, 2013, to result in authority as of such date to repurchase up to a total of \$250.0 million of our common shares.
- (3) The July 1, 2013 to July 31, 2013 amounts include 13,842 shares withheld for taxes upon the vesting of restricted shares at a price of \$57.19 per share. The shares were subsequently canceled.

Item 6.	Exhibits
Exhibit Number	Description
31.1	Certification of Michael D. Price, Chief Executive Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of Allan C. Decleir, Chief Financial Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification of Michael D. Price, Chief Executive Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Allan C. Decleir, Chief Financial Officer of Platinum Holdings, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2013 (unaudited) and December 31, 2012, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (unaudited), (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (unaudited), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (unaudited), (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (unaudited), and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (unaudited).
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PLATINUM UNDERWRITERS HOLDINGS,

LTD.

Date: October 24, 2013 By: /s/ Michael D. Price

Michael D. Price

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal

Executive Officer)

Date: October 24, 2013 By:/s/ Allan C. Decleir

Allan C. Decleir

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting

Officer)

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