HEALTH CARE PROPERTY INVESTORS INC Form 424B7 February 09, 2007 PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (To prospectus dated September 8, 2006)

429,744 SHARES
Health Care Property Investors, Inc.
Common Stock
This prospectus supplement relates to up to 429,744 shares of our common stock that may be sold by the selling stockholders identified in this prospectus supplement from time to time at prices determined by the selling stockholders at the time of sale. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares by the selling stockholders.
Our common stock currently trades on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol HCP. On February 8, 2007, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$41.50 per share. Shares of our common stock are subject to ownership and transfer limitations that must be applied to maintain our status as a real estate investment trust, or REIT.
We have agreed to pay certain expenses incurred in connection with the registration of the 429,744 shares of common stock offered herein, including among other things registration and filing fees, fees and expenses of compliance with securities or blue sky laws, fees and expenses incurred in connection with the listing of the shares on the NYSE and printing and distribution expenses.
See Risk Factors on page S-2 of this prospectus supplement and page 4 of the accompanying prospectus to obtain information about where to read certain factors you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.
Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other state or federal regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.
The date of this prospectus supplement is February 9, 2007

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Securities to be registered	Amount to be registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Security(1)	Proposed Maximum Aggregated Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee(2)
Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
share	429,744	\$ 40.985	\$ 17,613,058	\$ 1,885

⁽¹⁾ Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(c). Based on the average of the high and low price of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on February 2, 2007.

⁽²⁾ Calculated in accordance with Rule 456(b) and 457(r) of the Securities Act.

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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale of these securities is not permitted. This document may only be used where it is legal to sell these securities. You should assume that the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and that any information we have incorporated by reference is accurate only as of the document incorporated by reference.

We refer in this prospectus supplement to the 429,744 shares to which this prospectus supplement relates as the resale shares.

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About This Prospectus Supplement

This document is in two parts. The first is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of this offering of resale shares. The second part, the accompanying prospectus, gives more general information, some of which may not apply to this offering of resale shares. This prospectus supplement also adds to, updates and changes information contained in the accompanying prospectus. If the description of the offering varies between this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement. The accompanying prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission using a shelf registration statement.

It is important that you read and consider all of the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in making your investment decision. You should also read and consider the information in the documents to which we have referred you in Incorporation by Reference on page S-1 of this prospectus supplement and Where You Can Find More Information on page 2 of the accompanying prospectus.

Incorporation By Reference

The Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, allows us to incorporate by reference information into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to another document that Health Care Property Investors, Inc., or HCP, has filed separately with the SEC that contains that information. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Information that HCP files with the SEC after the date of this prospectus supplement will automatically modify and supersede the information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to the extent that the subsequently filed information modifies or supersedes the existing information. We incorporate by reference (other than any portions of any such documents that are not deemed filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and applicable SEC rules):

- our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on February 9, 2006, February 17, 2006, February 21, 2006, May 2, 2006 (pursuant to Items 8.01 and 9.01), May 4, 2006, May 17, 2006, June 30, 2006, August 2, 2006, August 4, 2006, August 17, 2006, the two Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on September 8, 2006, the Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on September 19, 2006, September 25, 2006, October 12, 2006, November 9, 2006, December 4, 2006, January 5, 2007, the two Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2007, and the Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 19, 2007, January 22, 2007 and February 1, 2007.
- our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2006, June 30, 2006 and September 30, 2006;
- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005;
- the description of our common stock contained in our registration statement on Form 10 dated May 7, 1985 (File No. 1-8895), including the amendments dated May 20, 1985 and May 23, 1985, and any other amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description, including the description of amendments to our charter contained in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended June 30, 2001 and June 30, 2004; and

• any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 until all of the securities offered by this prospectus supplement are sold.

You may request a copy of any of these filings at no cost by writing to or telephoning us at the following address and telephone number:

Legal Department
Health Care Property Investors, Inc.
3760 Kilroy Airport Way, Suite 300
Long Beach, California 90806
(562) 733-5100
legaldept@hcpi.com

Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risks described in the accompanying prospectus, as well as the risks described in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which risks are incorporated by reference into this section, before deciding to invest in shares of our common stock. The risks and uncertainties described are not the only ones facing us and there may be additional risks that we do not presently know of or that we currently consider not likely to have a significant impact. All of these risks could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Use Of Proceeds

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale by the selling stockholder of the resale shares described herein.

Selling Stockholder

We are registering for resale, pursuant to our obligations under a registration rights agreement, dated as of October 19, 2005, entered into in connection with the purchase agreement and escrow instructions, dated as of October 19, 2005, by and among HCPI/Tennessee, LLC, HCA-HealthONE, LLC and the other parties thereto, the shares of our common stock issuable to the selling stockholder identified below pursuant to the Amended and Restated Limited Liability Agreement of HCPI Tennessee, LLC and New Member Joinder Agreement, dated as of October 19, 2005, to permit the selling stockholder to resell the shares when and as he deems appropriate. We do not know when or in what amounts the selling stockholder may offer securities for sale. The selling stockholder may elect not to sell any or all of the securities offered by this prospectus. Because the selling stockholder may offer all or some of the securities pursuant to this offering, and because there are currently no agreements, arrangements or understandings with respect to the sale of any of the securities that will be held by the selling stockholder after completion of the offering, we cannot estimate the number of the securities that will be held by the selling stockholder after completion of the offering. However, for purposes of this table, we have assumed that, after completion of the offering, none of the securities covered by this prospectus supplement will be held by the selling stockholder. Except as otherwise indicated, the number of securities beneficially owned is determined under rules promulgated by the SEC, and the information may not represent beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Except as indicated otherwise in the table below, the selling stockholder has sole voting power and disposition power with respect to all securities listed as owned by the selling stockholder.

The following table sets forth, to our knowledge, certain information about the selling stockholder as of February 9, 2007.

SHARES OF COMMON STOCK REGISTERED FOR RESALE

		Number of Sha Beneficially O to Offering		Number of Shares Offered		
Name of Selling Stockholder(1)		Number(2)	Percent(3)	Hereby(4)	Number(5)	Percent(5)
A. Daniel Weyland		429,744	*	429,744	0	0

- Less than 1%.
- (1) The selling stockholder and HCP are each a party to the registration rights agreement.
- (2) Represents the number of shares issuable upon conversion of the selling stockholder s non-managing member interests in HCPI/Tennessee, LLC.
- (3) Based on 205,453,864 shares of our common stock outstanding on January 31, 2007.
- (4) The number of shares in the column Number of Shares Offered Hereby represents all of the shares that the selling stockholder may offer under this prospectus supplement. The resale shares may be offered from time to time by the selling stockholder.
- (5) Assumes that the selling stockholder sells all of the resale shares offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement.

Plan Of Distribution

The resale shares covered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling stockholder. The term—selling stockholder—includes pledgees, donees, transferees or other successors-in-interest that receive the resale shares from the selling stockholder as a gift, distribution or other transfer (including a purchase) after the date of this prospectus

supplement. To the extent required, this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may be amended and supplemented from time to time to describe a specific plan of distribution.

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares by the selling stockholder, but we have agreed to pay the following expenses, estimated to be approximately \$35,000, for the registration of the shares:

- all registration and filing fees;
- fees and expenses for complying with securities or blue sky laws;
- fees and expenses incurred in connection with listing the shares offered for resale hereby on the NYSE; and
- fees and expenses of our legal counsel, accountants and other experts we retain in connection with the registration.

We have no obligation to pay any underwriting fees, discounts or commissions attributable to the sale of our common stock. We also have no obligation to pay any out-of-pocket expenses of the selling stockholder, or the agents who manage his accounts, or any transfer taxes relating to the registration or sale of the common stock.

The selling stockholder will act independently of us in making decisions with respect to the timing, manner and size of each sale of the resale shares. These sales may be made at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at prices on the NYSE or at prices related to the then current market price and under terms then prevailing. Sales of the resale shares may also be made in negotiated transactions at negotiated prices, including by one or more of the following methods:

- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by such broker-dealer for its own account pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus;
- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchasers;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the New York Stock Exchange or other exchange or trading system on which the resale shares are admitted for trading privileges;
- sales at the market to or through a market maker or into an existing trading market (on an exchange or otherwise), for the resale shares;
- sales in other ways not involving market makers or established trading markets;
- through put or call transactions relating to the resale shares;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the resale shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction; and
- in privately negotiated transactions.

In connection with the distributions of the resale shares or otherwise, the selling stockholder may:

- enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the resale shares in the course of hedging the positions they assume;
- sell the our shares short and deliver the resale shares to close out such short positions;

• enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions which require the delivery to them of resale shares offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, which they may in turn resell; or

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• pledge shares to a broker-dealer or other financial institution, which, upon a default by the pledgee under the transaction to which such pledge relates, they may in turn resell.

In addition, the selling stockholder may sell the shares pursuant to Rule 144 adopted under the Securities Act, as permitted by that rule, or under Section 4(1) of the Securities Act, rather than pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. In effecting sales, broker-dealer or agents engaged by the selling stockholder may arrange for other broker-dealers to participate. Broker-dealers or agents may receive commissions, discounts or concessions from the selling stockholder, in amounts to be negotiated immediately prior to the sale.

In offering the resale shares covered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, the selling stockholder, and any broker-dealers and any other participating broker-dealers who execute sales for the selling stockholder, may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with these sales. Any profits realized by the selling stockholder and the compensation of such broker-dealers may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions. To the extent the selling stockholder or any such broker-dealer may be deemed to be an underwriter, the selling stockholder and such broker-dealer will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act and may be subject to certain statutory liabilities of, including but not limited to, Sections 11, 12 and 17 of the Securities Act and Rule 10b-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, the resale shares must be sold in those states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in certain states the resale shares may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption for the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

We will make copies of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus available to the selling stockholder for the purpose of satisfying the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act. The selling stockholder may indemnify any broker-dealer that participates in transactions involving the sale of the resale shares against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act.

We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholder against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements and schedule of Health Care Property Investors, Inc. at December 31, 2005 and 2004 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2005 appearing in Health Care Property Investors, Inc. s Current Report (Form 8-K) dated January 5, 2007, and Health Care Property Investors, Inc. management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005 included in Health Care Property Investors, Inc. s Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2005, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon, included therein, and incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements and schedule, and management s assessment have been incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

PROSPECTUS

Health Care Property Investors, Inc.

Common Stock
Preferred Stock
Depositary Shares
Debt Securities
Warrants or Other Rights
Stock Purchase Contracts
Units

Health Care Property Investors, Inc. from time to time may offer to sell the securities listed above. The preferred stock, debt securities, warrants, rights and stock purchase contracts may be convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for common or preferred stock or other securities of Health Care Property Investors, Inc. or debt or equity securities of one or more other entities. Our common stock is quoted on the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE) under the symbol HCP.

Health Care Property Investors, Inc. may offer and sell these securities directly or to or through one or more underwriters, dealers and/or agents, or directly to purchasers on a continuous or delayed basis.

This prospectus describes some of the general terms that may apply to these securities and the general manner in which they may be offered. The specific terms of any securities to be offered, and the specific manner in which they may be offered, will be described in a supplement to this prospectus.

You should consider the risks discussed in Risk Factors beginning on page 4 of this prospectus before you invest in our securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is September 8, 2006

Health Care Property Investors, Inc. 3760 Kilroy Airport Way, Suite 300 Long Beach, California 90806 (562) 733-5100

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All references in this prospectus to HCP, we, us or our mean Health Care Property Investors, Inc., its majority-owned subsidiaries and other entities controlled by Health Care Property Investors, Inc. except where it is clear from the context that the term means only the issuer, Health Care Property Investors, Inc. Unless otherwise stated, currency amounts in this prospectus are stated in United States dollars.

When acquiring any securities discussed in this prospectus, you should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different or additional information, you should not rely on it. An offer to sell these securities will not be made in any jurisdiction where the offer and sale is not permitted. You should not assume that the information appearing in this prospectus, as well as information we previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated by reference, is accurate as of any date other than the date mentioned on the front cover of those documents. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of an automatic shelf registration statement on Form S-3 that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, as a well-known seasoned issuer as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. As allowed by the SEC rules, this prospectus does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement. For further information, we refer you to the registration statement, including its exhibits. Statements contained in this prospectus about the provisions or contents of any agreement or other document are not necessarily complete. If the SEC s rules and regulations require that an agreement or document be filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, please see that agreement or document for a complete description of these matters.

You should read this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with any additional information you may need to make your investment decision. You should also read and carefully consider the information in the documents we have referred you to in Where You Can Find More Information below. Information incorporated by reference after the date of this prospectus is considered a part of this prospectus and may add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. Any information in such subsequent filings that is inconsistent with this prospectus will supersede the information in this prospectus or any earlier prospectus supplement.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at its public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also obtain copies of this information by mail from the public reference room of the SEC, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and at the web site maintained by the SEC at http://www.sec.gov. You may inspect information that we file with The New York Stock Exchange, as well as our SEC filings, at the offices of The New York Stock Exchange at 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference certain information we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring to the other information we have filed with the SEC. We incorporate by reference the following documents we filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (other than any portions of any such documents that are not deemed filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and applicable SEC rules):

- our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on February 9, 2006, February 17, 2006, February 21, 2006, May 2, 2006 (pursuant to Items 8.01 and 9.01), May 4, 2006, May 17, 2006, June 30, 2006, August 2, 2006, August 4, 2006 and August 17, 2006 and the two Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on September 8, 2006;
- our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31 and June 30, 2006;
- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005; and
- the description of our common stock contained in our registration statement on Form 10 dated May 7, 1985 (File No. 1-8895), including the amendments dated May 20, 1985 and May 23, 1985, and any other amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description, including the description of amendments to our charter contained in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended June 30, 2001 and June 30, 2004.

We are also incorporating by reference additional documents that we may file with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 after the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the securities described in this prospectus (other than any portions of any such documents that are not deemed filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and applicable SEC rules). These documents include periodic reports, such as Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as Proxy Statements. Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

Documents incorporated by reference are available from us without charge, excluding all exhibits unless we have specifically incorporated by reference the exhibit in this prospectus. You may obtain documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus by requesting them in writing or by telephone from:

Legal Department
Health Care Property Investors, Inc.
3760 Kilroy Airport Way, Suite 300
Long Beach, California 90806
(562) 733-5100
legaldept@hcpi.com

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the risks described below as well as the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which risks are incorporated by reference into this section, before making an investment decision regarding our company. The risks and uncertainties described herein are not the only ones facing us and there may be additional risks that we do not presently know of or that we currently consider not likely to have a significant impact. All of these risks could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Risks Related to Our Operators

If our facility operators are unable to operate our properties in a manner sufficient to generate income, they may be unable to make rent and loan payments to us.

The healthcare industry is highly competitive and we expect that it may become more competitive in the future. Our operators are subject to competition from other healthcare providers that provide similar services. Such competition, which has intensified due to overbuilding in some segments in which we operate, has caused the fill-up rate of newly constructed buildings to slow and the monthly rate that many newly built and previously existing facilities were able to obtain for their services to decrease. The profitability of healthcare facilities depends upon several factors, including the number of physicians using the healthcare facilities or referring patients there, competitive systems of healthcare delivery and the size and composition of the population in the surrounding area. Private, federal and state payment programs and the effect of other laws and regulations may also have a significant influence on the revenues and income of the properties. If our operators are not competitive with other healthcare providers and are unable to generate income, they may be unable to make rent and loan payments to us, which could adversely affect our cash flow and financial performance and condition.

The bankruptcy, insolvency or financial deterioration of our facility operators could significantly delay our ability to collect unpaid rents or require us to find new operators.

Our financial position and our ability to make distributions to our stockholders or payment on our debt securities may be adversely affected by financial difficulties experienced by any of our major operators, including bankruptcy, insolvency or a general downturn in the business, or in the event any of our major operators do not renew or extend their relationship with us as their lease terms expire.

We are exposed to the risk that our operators may not be able to meet their obligations, which may result in their bankruptcy or insolvency. Although our leases and loans provide us the right to terminate an investment, evict an operator, demand immediate repayment and other remedies, the bankruptcy laws afford certain rights to a party that has filed for bankruptcy or reorganization. An operator in bankruptcy may be able to restrict our ability to collect unpaid rents or interest during the bankruptcy proceeding.

Tenet Healthcare Corporation accounts for a significant percentage of our revenues and is currently experiencing significant legal, financial and regulatory difficulties.

During the six months ended June 30, 2006, Tenet Healthcare Corporation, or Tenet, accounted for approximately 9% of our revenues. According to public disclosures, Tenet is experiencing significant legal, financial and regulatory difficulties. We cannot predict with certainty the impact, if any, of the outcome of these uncertainties on our consolidated financial statements. The failure or inability of Tenet to pay its obligations could materially reduce our revenue, net income and cash flows, which could adversely affect the market prices of our securities and could cause us to incur impairment charges or a loss on the sale of the properties.

Our operators are faced with increased litigation and rising insurance costs that may affect their ability to make their lease or mortgage payments.

In some states, advocacy groups have been created to monitor the quality of care at healthcare facilities, and these groups have brought litigation against operators. Also, in several instances, private litigation by patients has succeeded in winning very large damage awards for alleged abuses. The effect of this litigation and potential litigation has been to materially increase the costs of monitoring and reporting quality of care compliance incurred by our operators. In addition, the cost of liability and medical malpractice insurance has increased and may continue to increase so long as the present litigation environment affecting the operations of healthcare facilities continues. Continued cost increases could cause our operators to be unable to make their lease or mortgage payments, potentially decreasing our revenue and increasing our collection and litigation costs. Moreover, to the extent we are required to take back the affected facilities, our revenue from those facilities could be reduced or eliminated for an extended period of time.

Decline in the skilled nursing sector and changes to Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement rates may have significant adverse consequences for us.

Certain of our skilled nursing operators and facilities continue to experience operating problems in part due to a national nursing shortage, increased liability insurance costs, and low levels of Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement. Due to economic challenges facing many states, nursing homes will likely continue to be under-funded. These challenges have had, and may continue to have, an adverse effect on our long-term care facilities and facility operators.

Risks Related to Real Estate Investment and Our Structure

We rely on external sources of capital to fund future capital needs, and if our access to such capital is difficult or on commercially unreasonable terms, we may not be able to meet maturing commitments or make future investments necessary to grow our business.

In order to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, under the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (which we refer to as the Internal Revenue Code), we are required, among other things, to distribute to our stockholders each year at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (excluding capital gains), and will be subject to regular corporate income tax to the extent we distribute to our stockholders, each year, less than 100% of our REIT taxable income and our net capital gain. Because of this distribution requirement, we may not be able to fund all future capital needs, including capital needs in connection with acquisitions, from cash retained from operations. As a result, we rely on external sources of capital. If we are unable to obtain needed capital at all or only on unfavorable terms from these sources, we might not be able to make the investments needed to grow our business, or to meet our obligations and commitments as they mature, which could negatively affect the ratings of our debt and even, in extreme circumstances, affect our ability to continue operations. Our access to capital depends upon a number of factors over which we have little or no control, including:

- general market conditions;
- the market s perception of our growth potential;
- our current and potential future earnings and cash distributions; and
- the market price of the shares of our capital stock.

If we are unable to identify and purchase suitable healthcare facilities at a favorable cost, we will be unable to continue to grow through acquisitions.

Our ability to grow through acquisitions is integral to our business strategy and requires us to identify suitable acquisition candidates that meet our criteria and are compatible with our growth strategy. The acquisition and financing of healthcare facilities at favorable costs is highly competitive. We may not be successful in identifying suitable property or other assets that meet our acquisition criteria or in consummating acquisitions on satisfactory terms or at all. If we cannot identify and purchase a sufficient quantity of healthcare facilities at favorable prices, or if we are unable to finance such acquisitions on commercially favorable terms, our business will suffer.

Unforeseen costs associated with the acquisition of new properties could reduce our profitability.

Our business strategy contemplates future acquisitions. The acquisitions we make may not prove to be successful. We might encounter unanticipated difficulties and expenditures relating to any acquired properties, including contingent liabilities. Further, newly acquired properties might require significant management attention that would otherwise be devoted to our ongoing business. We might never realize the anticipated benefits of an acquisition, which could adversely affect our profitability.

Since real estate investments are illiquid, we may not be able to sell properties when we desire.

Real estate investments generally cannot be sold quickly. We may not be able to vary our portfolio promptly in response to changes in the real estate market. This inability to respond to changes in the performance of our investments could adversely affect our ability to service our debt. The real estate market is affected by many factors that are beyond our control, including:

- adverse changes in national and local economic and market conditions;
- changes in interest rates and in the availability, costs and terms of financing;
- changes in governmental laws and regulations, fiscal policies and zoning and other ordinances and costs of compliance with laws and regulations;
- the ongoing need for capital improvements, particularly in older structures;
- changes in operating expenses; and
- civil unrest, acts of war and natural disasters, including earthquakes and floods, which may result in uninsured and underinsured losses.

We cannot predict whether we will be able to sell any property for the price or on the terms set by us, or whether any price or other terms offered by a prospective purchaser would be acceptable to us. We also cannot predict the length of time needed to find a willing purchaser and to close the sale of a property. In addition, there are provisions under the federal income tax laws applicable to REITs that may limit our ability to recognize the economic benefit from a sale of our assets. These factors and any others that would impede our ability to respond to adverse changes in the performance of our properties could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition.

Transfers of healthcare facilities generally require regulatory approvals, and alternative uses of healthcare facilities are limited.

Because transfers of healthcare facilities may be subject to regulatory approvals not required for transfers of other types of commercial operations and other types of real estate, there may be delays in transferring operations of our facilities to successor tenant operators or we may be prohibited from transferring operations to a successor tenant operator. In addition, substantially all of our properties are

healthcare facilities that may not be easily adapted to non-healthcare related uses. If we are unable to transfer properties at times opportune to us, our revenue and operations may suffer.

We may experience uninsured or underinsured losses.

We generally require our operators to secure and maintain comprehensive liability and property insurance that covers us, as well as the operators, on most of our properties. Some types of losses, however, either may be uninsurable or too expensive to insure against. Should an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occur, we could lose all or a portion of the capital we have invested in a property, as well as the anticipated future revenue from the property. In such an event, we might nevertheless remain obligated for any mortgage debt or other financial obligations related to the property. We cannot assure you that material losses in excess of insurance proceeds will not occur in the future.

Increases in interest rates may increase our interest expense and adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to service our indebtedness.

At June 30, 2006, our total consolidated indebtedness was approximately \$2.2 billion, of which approximately \$302 million, or 11%, is subject to variable interest rates. This variable rate debt had a weighted average interest rate of approximately 5.75% per annum. In addition, certain of our anticipated future debt financings, including debt we may assume as a result of the merger with CNL Retirement Properties, Inc. and borrowings under a 364 day bridge facility, a two-year term loan facility and a new three year revolving credit facility, will be subject to variable interest rates. Increases in interest rates on this variable rate debt would increase our interest expense, which could harm our cash flow and our ability to service our indebtedness.

Loss of our tax status as a REIT would have significant adverse consequences to us.

We currently operate and have operated commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1985 in a manner that is intended to allow us to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code.

Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Internal Revenue Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations. The determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control may affect our ability to qualify as a REIT. For example, in order to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income in any year must be derived from qualifying sources, and we must satisfy a number of requirements regarding the composition of our assets. Also, we must make distributions to stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined by excluding any net capital gain. In addition, new legislation, regulations, administrative interpretations, court decisions, mergers or acquisitions (including, but not limited to, the pending transaction with CNL Retirement Properties, Inc., or CRP, and its external advisor, CNL Retirement Corp.) or other events may adversely affect our investors or our ability to qualify as a REIT for tax purposes. Although we believe that we have been organized and have operated in such manner, we can give no assurance that we have qualified or will continue to qualify as a REIT for tax purposes.

If we lose our REIT status, we will face serious tax consequences that will substantially reduce the funds available to make payments of principal and interest on the debt securities we issue and to make distributions to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT:

•	we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing our taxable income and
wo	uld be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates;

- we also could be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax and possibly increased state and local taxes; and
- unless we are entitled to relief under statutory provisions, we could not elect to be subject to tax as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which we were disqualified.

In addition, if we fail to qualify as a REIT, all distributions to stockholders would be subject to tax as regular corporate dividends to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits and we would not be required to make distributions to stockholders.

As a result of all these factors, our failure to qualify as a REIT also could impair our ability to expand our business and raise capital, and could adversely affect the market prices of our securities.

Further, if CRP failed to qualify as a REIT for any of its taxable years, it would be required to pay federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on its taxable income at regular corporate rates. Because the merger will be treated for income tax purposes as if CRP sold all of its assets in a taxable transaction, if CRP did not qualify as a REIT for the tax year of the merger, its taxable income would include the built-in gain in all of its assets. Built-in gain generally means the excess of the fair market value of an asset over its adjusted tax basis. HCP, as successor-in-interest to CRP, would be required to pay this tax.

Certain Provisions of Maryland Law and Our Charter and Bylaws Could Hinder, Delay or Prevent Changes in Control.

Certain provisions of Maryland law, our charter and our bylaws have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing transactions that involve an actual or threatened change in control. See Certain Provisions of Maryland Law and HCP s Charter and Bylaws. These provisions include the following:

Removal of Directors. Subject to the rights of one or more classes or series of preferred stock to elect one or more directors, our charter provides that a director may only be removed by the affirmative vote or written consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares or by a unanimous vote of all other members of the board of directors.

Stockholder Requested Special Meetings. Our bylaws provide that our stockholders have the right to call a special meeting only upon the written request of the stockholders holding, in the aggregate, not less than 50% of the outstanding shares entitled to vote on the business proposed to be transacted at such meeting.

Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations and Proposals. Our bylaws require advance written notice for stockholders to nominate persons for election as directors at, or to bring other business before, any meeting of stockholders. This bylaw provision limits the ability of stockholders to make nominations of persons for election as directors or to introduce other proposals unless we are notified in a timely manner prior to the meeting.

Preferred Stock. Under our charter, our board of directors has authority to issue preferred stock from time to time in one or more series and to establish the terms, preferences and rights of any such series of preferred stock, all without approval of our stockholders.

Duties of Directors with Respect to Unsolicited Takeovers. Maryland law provides protection for Maryland corporations against unsolicited takeovers by limiting, among other things, the duties of the directors in unsolicited takeover situations. The duties of directors of Maryland corporations do not require them to (a) accept, recommend or respond to any proposal by a person seeking to acquire control of the corporation, (b) make a determination under the Maryland Business Combination Act or the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act, or (c) act or fail to act solely because of the effect of the act or failure to act may have on an acquisition or potential acquisition of control of the corporation or the

amount or type of consideration that may be offered or paid to the stockholders in an acquisition. Moreover, under Maryland law, an act of a director of a Maryland corporation relating to or affecting an acquisition or potential acquisition of control is not subject to any higher duty or greater scrutiny than is applied to any other act of a director. Maryland law also contains a statutory presumption that an act of a director of a Maryland corporation satisfies the applicable standards of conduct for directors under Maryland law.

Unsolicited Takeovers. Under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation with a class of equity securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and at least three independent directors may elect to be subject to certain statutory provisions relating to unsolicited takeovers which, among other things, would automatically classify the board of directors into three classes with staggered terms of three years each and vest in the board of directors the exclusive right to determine the number of directors and the exclusive right, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, to fill vacancies on the board of directors, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum. These statutory provisions relating to unsolicited takeovers also provide that any director elected to fill a vacancy shall hold office for the remainder of the full term of the class of directors in which the vacancy occurred, rather than the next annual meeting of directors as would otherwise be the case, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

An election to be subject to any or all of the foregoing statutory provisions may be made in our charter or bylaws, or by resolution of our board of directors without stockholder approval. Any such statutory provision to which we elect to be subject will apply even if other provisions of Maryland law or our charter or bylaws provide to the contrary. Neither our charter nor our bylaws provides that we are subject to any of the foregoing statutory provisions relating to unsolicited takeovers. However, our board of directors could adopt a resolution, without stockholder approval, to elect to become subject to some or all of these statutory provisions.

If we made an election to be subject to such statutory provisions and our board of directors was divided into three classes with staggered terms of office of three years each, the classification and staggered terms of office of our directors would make it more difficult for a third party to gain control of our board of directors since at least two annual meetings of stockholders, instead of one, generally would be required to effect a change in the majority of our board of directors.

Maryland Business Combination Act. The Maryland Business Combination Act provides that unless exempted, a Maryland corporation may not engage in business combinations, including mergers, dispositions of 10% or more of its assets, issuances of shares of stock and other specified transactions, with an interested stockholder or an affiliate of an interested stockholder for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder became an interested stockholder, and thereafter unless specified criteria are met. An interested stockholder is generally a person owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting power of the outstanding stock of a Maryland corporation. Unless our board of directors takes action to exempt us, generally or with respect to certain transactions, from this statute in the future, the Maryland Business Combination Act will be applicable to business combinations between us and other persons.

Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act. Maryland law provides that control shares of a corporation acquired in a control share acquisition shall have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the vote eligible to cast on the matter under the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act. Control Shares means shares of stock that, if aggregated with all other shares of stock previously acquired by the acquiror, would entitle the acquiror to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of the voting power: one-tenth or more but less than one-third, one-third or more but less than a majority or a majority or more of all voting power. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

If voting rights or control shares acquired in a control share acquisition are not approved at a stockholder s meeting, then subject to certain conditions and limitations, the issuer may redeem any or all of the control shares for fair value. If voting rights of such control shares are approved at a stockholder s meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares of stock entitled to vote, all other stockholders may exercise appraisal rights. If any of our shares are control shares acquired in a control share acquisition, they will be subject to the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act unless our bylaws are amended in the future to exempt the acquisition of control shares generally or with respect to certain transactions.

To maintain our REIT status, we may be forced to borrow funds on a short-term basis during unfavorable market conditions.

To qualify as a REIT, we generally must distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income each year, determined by excluding any net capital gain, and we will be subject to regular corporate income taxes to the extent that we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income each year. In addition, we will be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax on the amount, if any, by which distributions paid by us in any calendar year are less than the sum of 85% of our ordinary income, 95% of our capital gain net income and 100% of our undistributed income from prior years. In order to maintain our REIT status and avoid the payment of income and excise taxes, we may need to borrow funds on a short-term basis to meet the REIT distribution requirements even if the then prevailing market conditions are not favorable for these borrowings. These short-term borrowing needs could result from differences in timing between the actual receipt of cash and inclusion of income for federal income tax purposes, or the effect of non-deductible capital expenditures, the creation of reserves or required debt or amortization payments.

Our charter contains ownership limits with respect to our common stock and other classes of capital stock.

Our charter, subject to certain exceptions, contains restrictions on the ownership and transfer of our common stock and preferred stock that are intended to assist us in preserving our qualification as a REIT. Under our charter, subject to certain exceptions, no person or entity may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% (by value or by number of shares, whichever is more restrictive) of the outstanding shares of our common stock or our preferred stock.

Additionally, our charter has a 9.9% ownership limitation on the company s voting shares, which may include common stock or other classes of capital stock. Our board of directors, in its sole discretion, may exempt a proposed transferee from either ownership limit. The ownership limits may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change of control that might be in the best interest of our stockholders. See Description of Capital Stock We May Offer.

Risks Relating to the Acquisition of CNL Retirement Properties, Inc.

If we are unable to successfully integrate the operations of CRP, our business and earnings may be negatively affected.

The merger with CNL Retirement Properties, Inc., or CRP, a Maryland corporation, will involve the integration of companies that have previously operated independently. Successful integration of the operations of CRP will depend primarily on our ability to consolidate operations, systems procedures, properties and personnel and to eliminate redundancies and costs. The merger will also pose other risks commonly associated with similar transactions, including unanticipated liabilities, unexpected costs and the diversion of management s attention to the integration of the operations of our operations and those of CRP. We cannot assure you that we will be able to integrate CRP s operations without encountering difficulties, including, but not limited to, the loss of key employees, the disruption of our respective ongoing businesses or possible inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies. Estimated

cost savings are projected to come from various areas that our management has identified through the due diligence and integration planning process. If we have difficulties with any of these integrations, we might not achieve the economic benefits we expect to result from the merger, and this may hurt our business and earnings. In addition, we may experience greater than expected costs or difficulties relating to the integration of the business of CRP and/or may not realize expected cost savings from the merger within the expected time frame, if at all.

Difficulties associated with establishing joint ventures and contributing properties to those joint ventures or selling properties, including CRP s properties, could limit the combined company s flexibility and adversely affect the anticipated benefits of the merger and the market prices of our securities.

We have established joint ventures with respect to certain of our properties or sold certain of our properties to third parties in recent years and intend to continue to establish joint ventures and sell properties as opportunities arise. We believe that many of CRP s current and future developments will be good candidates to contribute to joint ventures or sell to third parties. The combined company s ability to establish joint ventures or sell properties, including properties currently owned or developed by CRP, on advantageous terms is dependent upon several factors, some of which are beyond the control of our management. These factors include our ability to identify financial partners willing to contribute to joint ventures on acceptable terms, if at all, and our ability to obtain debt financing for such joint ventures on attractive terms, if at all, as well as competition from other owners of properties and rights of third parties with respect to such properties. Continued interest from and capital provided by other joint venture investors is necessary in order for us to continue our strategy of contributing properties to such joint ventures. Our inability to establish joint ventures and contribute properties to such joint ventures or to sell properties, including those properties currently owned by CRP, or to do so on advantageous terms could materially adversely affect our business.

We and CRP are expected to incur substantial costs in connection with the merger, which could result in our not realizing some of the anticipated benefits of the merger.

We and CRP are expected to incur one-time, pre-tax costs of approximately \$39.1 million in connection with the merger. These costs will include investment banking expenses, legal and accounting fees, printing expenses and other related charges incurred by us and CRP. Completion of the merger will also require the payment of fees in connection with certain of CRP s existing debt. In addition, we anticipate prepaying and/or refinancing other of CRP s existing debt. We also expect to incur one-time, pre-tax cash and non-cash costs related to the integration of us and CRP, which cannot be estimated at this time. There can be no assurance that the costs incurred by us and CRP in connection with the merger will not be higher than expected or that we will not incur additional unanticipated costs and expenses in connection with the merger.

The combined company s indebtedness following the completion of the merger will be higher than our existing indebtedness. This increased level of indebtedness could adversely affect us in many ways, including by reducing funds available for other business purposes, reducing our flexibility and increasing our exposure to variations in interest rates.

Our indebtedness as of June 30, 2006 was approximately \$2.2 billion. Our pro forma indebtedness as of June 30, 2006, giving effect to the merger and taking into account our anticipated debt financings in connection with the merger, would be approximately \$6.8 billion. Our anticipated debt financings include up to \$3.4 billion of aggregate borrowings under a 364 day bridge facility and a two-year term loan facility that we anticipate entering into prior to the closing of the merger, as well as potential borrowings under a new three-year revolving credit facility that we anticipate entering into prior to the closing of the merger. In addition, it is expected that we will continue to incur debt, including under the new revolving credit facility, in the future. As a result of the increase in debt, demands on our cash resources will increase after

the merger. The increased levels of debt could reduce funds available to us to pay dividends, or make capital expenditures and acquisitions or create competitive disadvantages for us compared to other companies with lower debt levels. In addition to requiring repayment or refinancing within a period of time ranging from 364 days to three years, our new debt facilities will be required to be repaid from the cash proceeds of non-ordinary course asset sales, the incurrence of certain debt, the issuance of additional equity and certain other events. As a result of such covenants and our expected level of debt generally, our flexibility could be significantly limited, including our ability to finance or refinance our properties, contribute properties to joint ventures or sell properties as needed.

At June 30, 2006, approximately \$302 million of our debt was subject to variable interest rates. We anticipate that a substantial portion of the new debt to be incurred or assumed in connection with the merger will also be subject to variable interest rates and that, following the merger, a higher percentage of our debt overall will be subject to variable interest rates. If interest rates increase, the combined company s interest costs will also increase, which could harm our cash flow and our ability to service debt. An increase in market interest rates may also lead investors to demand a higher annual distribution rate, which could adversely affect the market prices of our securities.

Our business and the market prices of our securities may be adversely affected if the merger with CRP is not completed.

The merger with CRP is subject to several customary conditions. If our merger with CRP is not completed, we could be subject to a number of risks that may adversely affect our business and the market prices of our securities, including:

- our management s attention may be diverted from our day-to-day business and our employees and our relationships with customers and joint venture partners may be disrupted as a result of efforts relating to the acquisition;
- the market prices of our securities may decline to the extent that the current market prices reflect a market assumption that the merger will be completed;
- we must pay certain costs related to the merger, such as legal and accounting fees and printing expenses; and
- we would not realize the benefits we expect by acquiring CRP.

As a result of the merger, the number of our stockholders will increase by approximately 92,442 persons. Sales by such individuals could exert downward pressure on the price of our common stock.

As of August 1, 2006, CRP had 92,442 holders of its common stock. CRP common stock is not publicly traded and, accordingly, is relatively illiquid. As a result of the merger, CRP s stockholders will receive shares of our common stock, which is publicly traded and more liquid. Sales by former CRP stockholders of our common stock could exert downward pressure on the price of our common stock.

As a result of the merger and the Advisor merger, we may inherit tax liabilities and attributes from CRP and the Advisor.

Concurrently with the CRP merger, CNL Retirement Corp., or the Advisor, which is the external advisor to CRP, will merge with and into a wholly owned subsidiary of ours, pursuant to an agreement and plan of merger, dated as of May 1, 2006, by and among us, the Advisor, the stockholders of the Advisor and our subsidiary. We refer to this merger as the Advisor merger. As a result of the merger and the Advisor merger, we may succeed to certain tax liabilities and tax attributes of CRP and the Advisor. See United States Federal Income Tax Considerations Tax Liabilities and Attributes Inherited from CRP and United States Federal Income Tax Considerations Tax Liabilities and Attributes Inherited from the Advisor.

CAUTIONARY LANGUAGE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this prospectus and the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement that are not historical factual statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are including this section for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions. The statements include, among other things, statements regarding the intent, belief or expectations of us and our officers and can be identified by the expect, use of terminology such as may, believe, intend, plan, estimate, should and other comparable terms or the negative the will, addition, we, through our senior management, from time to time make forward-looking oral and written public statements concerning our expected future operations and other developments. You are cautioned that, while forward-looking statements reflect our good faith belief and best judgment based upon current information, they are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from the expectations contained in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. In addition to the factors set forth in this prospectus and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, you should consider the following:

- (a) Legislative, regulatory, or other changes in the healthcare industry at the local, state or federal level which increase the costs of or otherwise affect the operations of, our tenants and borrowers;
- (b) Changes in the reimbursement available to our operators by governmental or private payors, including changes in Medicare and Medicaid payment levels and the availability and cost of third party insurance coverage;
- (c) Competition for tenants and borrowers, including with respect to new leases and mortgages and the renewal or rollover of existing leases;
- (d) Availability of suitable healthcare facilities to acquire at favorable prices and the competition for such acquisition and financing of healthcare facilities;
- (e) The ability of our tenants and borrowers to operate our properties in a manner sufficient to maintain or increase revenues and to generate sufficient income to make rent and loan payments;
- (f) The financial weakness of some operators, including potential bankruptcies, which results in uncertainties regarding our ability to continue to realize the full benefit of such operators leases;
- (g) Changes in national or regional economic conditions, including changes in interest rates and the availability and cost of capital;
- (h) The risk that we will not be able to sell or lease facilities that are currently vacant;
- (i) The potential costs of SB 1953 compliance with respect to our hospital in Tarzana, California;
- (j) The financial, legal and regulatory difficulties of two significant operators, Tenet and HealthSouth;
- (k) HCP s ability to integrate the CRP businesses and to achieve expected synergies, operating efficiencies and other benefits within expected time-frames or at all, or within expected cost projections, and to preserve the goodwill of the acquired business;
- (1) HCP s ability to obtain financing necessary to consummate the acquisition or on favorable terms;
- (m) Each of CRP and HCP being able to successfully maintain its qualification as a REIT;
- (n) The ability of CRP and HCP to consummate the merger; and

(o) The potential impact of existing and future litigation matters.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events discussed in this prospectus or incorporated by reference in this prospectus may not occur.

THE COMPANY

We invest primarily in real estate serving the healthcare industry in the United States. We are a Maryland corporation and were organized to qualify as a REIT in 1985. We are headquartered in Long Beach, California, with operations in Nashville, Tennessee, and our portfolio includes, as of June 30, 2006, interests in 534 properties in 42 states and consists of 143 senior housing facilities, 182 medical office buildings, 29 hospitals, 155 skilled nursing facilities and 25 other healthcare facilities. We acquire healthcare facilities and lease them to healthcare providers and provide mortgage financing secured by healthcare facilities. Our portfolio includes: (i) senior housing, including independent living facilities, assisted living facilities, and continuing care retirement communities; (ii) medical office buildings; (iii) hospitals; (iv) skilled nursing facilities; and (v) other healthcare facilities, including laboratory and office buildings.

Our executive offices are located at 3760 Kilroy Airport Way, Suite 300, Long Beach, California 90806, and our telephone number is (562) 733-5100.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table sets forth our ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated. In computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings have been based on consolidated income from continuing operations before fixed charges (exclusive of capitalized interest). Fixed charges consist of interest on debt, including amounts capitalized, an estimate of interest in rental expense, and interest expense related to the guaranteed debt of the partnerships and limited liability companies in which we hold an interest. In computing the ratios of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends, preferred stock dividends consist of dividends on our 71/8% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (until September 10, 2003 when the Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (until October 1, 2003 when the Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (until May 2, 2003 when the Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock was redeemed), 7.25% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and 7.10% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

	Year Ended December 31,			2005	2005	For the Six Mo Ended June 30, 2006	onths	
	2001	2002	2003	2004	Actual	Pro Forma(1)	Actual	Pro Forma(1)
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed								
Charges	2.37	2.62	2.53	2.71	2.45	1.18	2.33	1.24
Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends	1.78	1.98	1.79	2.19	2.06	1.12	2.01	1.18

⁽¹⁾ The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statement of income data used in the pro forma calculations were prepared under the purchase method of accounting as if the merger between HCP, CRP, the Advisor, and related financing transactions had been completed (a) on January 1, 2005 for the Year Ended 2005 Pro Forma ratios, and (b) on January 1, 2006 for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Pro Forma ratios. We have included this information only for purposes of illustration, and it does not necessarily indicate what the ratios would have been if the merger and the related financing transactions had actually been completed on those dates. Moreover, this information does not necessarily indicate what the future ratios of earnings to fixed charges will be. You should read this

table in conjunction with the Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by HCP on September 7, 2006, which is incorporated herein by reference.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement for any offering of securities, the net proceeds, after estimated expenses, we receive from the sale of these securities will be used for general corporate purposes, which may include:

- funding investments in, or extensions of credit to, our subsidiaries;
- funding investments in non-affiliates;
- reducing, repaying or refinancing debt;
- repurchasing or redeeming outstanding securities;
- financing possible acquisitions, including the proposed merger with CRP; and
- working capital.

Pending such use, we may temporarily invest net proceeds. We will disclose in the prospectus supplement relating to an offering of securities any intention to use the net proceeds from such offering in connection with an acquisition or to reduce or refinance outstanding debt.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK WE MAY OFFER

Please note that in this section entitled Description of Capital Stock We May Offer, references to holders mean those who own shares of common stock or preferred stock, registered in their own names, on the books that the registrar or we maintain for this purpose, and not those who own beneficial interests in shares registered in street name or in shares issued in book-entry form through one or more depositaries.

Owners of beneficial interests in shares of common stock should also read the section entitled Legal Ownership and Book-Entry Issuance.

The following description summarizes the material provisions of the common stock and preferred stock we may offer. This description is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our articles of restatement and our third amended and restated bylaws and applicable provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law, or the MGCL. The specific terms of any series of preferred stock will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. Any series of preferred stock we issue will be governed by our articles of restatement and by the articles supplementary related to that series. We will file the articles supplementary with the SEC and incorporate it by reference as an exhibit to our registration statement at or before the time we issue any preferred stock of that series of authorized preferred stock.

Our authorized capital stock consists of 750,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share. The following description does not contain all the information that might be important to you.

Common Stock

As of August 23, 2006, there were 137,306,852 shares of common stock outstanding. All shares of common stock participate equally in dividends payable to holders of common stock, when and as authorized by our board and declared by us, and in net assets available for distribution to holders of common stock on liquidation, dissolution, or winding up. Each outstanding share of common stock entitles the holder to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of our stockholders. Holders of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors.

All issued and outstanding shares of common stock are, and the common stock offered by this prospectus will be upon issuance, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Holders of common stock do not have preference, conversion, exchange or preemptive rights. The common stock is listed on The New York Stock Exchange (NYSE Symbol: HCP).

The Transfer Agent and Registrar for our common stock is The Bank of New York.

Preferred Stock

Under our charter, our board is authorized without further stockholder action to establish and issue, from time to time, up to 50,000,000 shares of our preferred stock, in one or more series, with such designations, preferences, powers and relative participating, optional or other special rights, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereon, including, but not limited to, dividend rights, dividend rate or rates, conversion rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption (including sinking fund provisions), the redemption price or prices, and the liquidation preferences as shall be stated in the resolution providing for the issue of a series of such stock, adopted, at any time or from time to time, by our board. As of August 23, 2006, we had outstanding 4,000,000 shares of 7.25% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, or Series E Preferred Stock, with a liquidation preference of \$100,000,000 and 7,820,000 shares of 7.10% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, or Series F Preferred Stock, with a liquidation preference of \$195,500,000.

The following description of the terms of the preferred stock sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the preferred stock to which any prospectus supplement may relate. The preferred stock shall have the dividend, liquidation, redemption and voting rights set forth below unless otherwise provided in a prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of the preferred stock. The terms of any particular series of preferred stock will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series of preferred stock, including:

- the number of shares constituting the series and the distinctive designation thereof;
- the voting rights, if any, of the series;
- the rate of dividends payable on the series, the time or times when dividends will be payable, the preference to, or any relation to, the payment of dividends to any other class or series of stock and whether the dividends will be cumulative or non-cumulative;
- whether there shall be a sinking or similar fund for the purchase of shares of the series and, if so, the terms and provisions that shall govern the fund;
- the rights of the holders of shares of the series upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up;
- the rights, if any, of holders of shares of the series to convert their shares into or to exchange the shares for, shares of any other class or classes or any other series of the same or of any other class or classes of stock of the corporation or any other securities, the price or prices or rate or rates of exchange, with such adjustments as shall be provided, at which the shares shall be convertible or exchangeable, whether such rights of conversion or exchange shall be exercisable at the option of the holder of the shares or upon the happening of a specified event and any other terms or conditions of such conversion or exchange; and
- any other preferences, powers and relative participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions of shares of the series.

The preferred stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable and will have no preemptive rights. Unless otherwise stated in a prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of preferred stock, each series of preferred stock will rank on a parity as to dividends and distributions of assets with each

other series of preferred stock. The rights of the holders of each series of preferred stock will be subordinate to those of our general creditors.

Dividend Rights of Preferred Stock

Holders of shares of preferred stock of each series will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by our board of directors, out of funds legally available therefor, cash dividends on the dates and at rates as will be set forth in, or as are determined by the method described in, the prospectus supplement relating to the series of preferred stock. The rate may be fixed or variable or both. Each dividend will be payable to the holders of record as they appear on our stock books on the record dates fixed by our board of directors, as specified in the prospectus supplement relating to the series of preferred stock.

Dividends may be cumulative or noncumulative, as provided in the prospectus supplement relating to the series of preferred stock. If our board of directors fails to declare a dividend payable on a dividend payment date on any series of preferred stock for which dividends are noncumulative, then the holders of the series of preferred stock will have no right to receive a dividend in respect of the dividend period ending on the dividend payment date, and we will have no obligation to pay the dividend accrued for such period, whether or not dividends on the series are declared payable on any future dividend payment dates. Dividends on the shares of each series of preferred stock for which dividends are cumulative will accrue from the date on which we initially issue shares of the series.

So long as the shares of any series of preferred stock are outstanding, except as otherwise provided in the prospectus supplement relating to such series, we may not declare any dividends on our common stock or any other stock ranking as to dividends or distributions of assets junior to the series of preferred stock or make any payment on account of, or set apart money for, the purchase, redemption or other retirement of, or for a sinking or other analogous fund for, any shares of junior stock or make any distribution in respect thereof, whether in cash or property or in obligations or stock, other than junior stock which is neither convertible into, nor exchangeable or exercisable for, any securities other than junior stock: