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GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 14, 2002

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2002  
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Commission File Number: 00-19800  
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GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State of incorporation)

47-0496290  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification  
Number)

2000 Summit Avenue  
Hastings, Nebraska  
(Address of principal executive offices)

68901  
(Zip Code)

(402) 463-1366  
(Registrant's telephone number, including  
area code)

www.gibraltarpackaginggroup.com  
(Registrant's website)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. [X] Yes [ ] No

As of March 31, 2002, there were 5,041,544 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding.

GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(In thousands except share data)

	March 31, 2002	June 30, 2001
	-----	-----
ASSETS	(Unaudited)	
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 93	\$ 144
Accounts receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$477 and \$508, respectively)	5,557	6,285
Inventories	6,726	6,693
Deferred income taxes	725	725
Prepaid and other current assets	358	766
	-----	-----
Total current assets	13,459	14,613
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - NET	15,902	16,590
GOODWILL (Net of accumulated amortization of \$2,192 and \$2,090, respectively)	4,145	4,247
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	-	105
OTHER ASSETS (Net of accumulated amortization of \$50 and \$487, respectively)	856	819
	-----	-----

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TOTAL	\$ 34,362	\$ 36,374
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Checks not yet presented	\$ 397	\$ 1,115
Current portion of long-term debt	2,278	2,769
Accounts payable	3,962	4,925
Accrued expenses	3,600	3,401
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	10,237	12,210
LONG-TERM DEBT - Net of current portion	16,909	18,578
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	552	-
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	430	431
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	28,128	31,219
	-----	-----
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 5,041,544 issued and outstanding	50	50
Additional paid-in capital	28,162	28,162
Accumulated deficit	(21,978)	(23,057)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	6,234	5,155
	-----	-----
TOTAL	\$ 34,362	\$ 36,374
	=====	=====

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except share and per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	-----	-----	-----	-----
NET SALES	\$ 16,139	\$ 16,275	\$ 46,820	\$ 46,820
COST OF GOODS SOLD	13,044	12,957	37,763	37,763
	-----	-----	-----	-----
GROSS PROFIT	3,095	3,318	9,057	9,057
	-----	-----	-----	-----
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Selling, general and administrative	1,937	1,983	5,719	5,719
Amortization of Goodwill	35	33	102	102
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total operating expenses	1,972	2,016	5,821	5,821

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INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,123	1,302	3,236	
OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME):				
Interest expense	280	608	1,061	
Other expense - net	21	20	49	
Other expense - net	301	628	1,110	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	822	674	2,126	
INCOME TAX PROVISION	343	180	891	
INCOME BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	479	494	1,235	
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM, NET OF TAX (Note D)	-	-	(156)	
NET INCOME	\$ 479	\$ 494	\$ 1,079	\$
BASIC AND DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE AMOUNTS:				
Income Before Extraordinary Item	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.24	\$
Extraordinary Item	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (0.03)	\$
Net Income	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.21	\$
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING: (basic and diluted)	5,041,544	5,041,544	5,041,544	5,

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(Unaudited)  
(In thousands)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 1,079	\$ 1,571
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,683	1,672
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	169	156
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	2	17
Extraordinary item, net of tax	156	-
Deferred income taxes	761	425

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Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	559	(556)
Inventories	(33)	(27)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	328	(249)
Accounts payable	(1,681)	(354)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	198	(101)
	-----	-----
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	3,221	2,554
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	11	74
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(564)	(567)
	-----	-----
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(553)	(493)
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net payments under revolving credit facility	(2,643)	7
Principal repayments of long-term debt	(15,290)	(2,061)
Repayments under capital leases	(14)	(18)
Proceeds from refinancing	15,553	-
Payment of debt issue costs	(325)	-
	-----	-----
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	(2,719)	(2,072)
	-----	-----
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(51)	(11)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	144	160
	-----	-----
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 93	\$ 149
	-----	-----
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 234	\$ -
	=====	=====

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### A. GENERAL

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc. ("Gibraltar" or the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial statements required to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and do not include all information and footnotes required by accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. However, in the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the periods presented herein. Results of operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full

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fiscal year. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2001 and the notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### B. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following (In thousands):

	March 31, 2002	June 30, 2001
Finished goods	\$ 4,361	\$ 4,846
Work in process	1,056	797
Raw materials	991	764
Manufacturing supplies	318	286
	-----	-----
	\$ 6,726	\$ 6,693
	=====	=====

### C. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") approved the issuance of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." This standard establishes accounting and reporting for goodwill and other intangibles. SFAS No. 142 provides that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives will not be amortized, but will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. SFAS No. 142 is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2003. The Company has not quantified the impact resulting from the adoption of this standard including the impact, if any, of completion of the annual impairment test. However, the historical impact of not amortizing goodwill would have been to increase net income by \$35,000 and \$102,000, respectively, for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2002, and \$33,000 and \$101,000, respectively, for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2001.

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations related to the retirement of tangible

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#### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

long-lived assets and the related asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company does not expect its adoption of this standard in fiscal 2003 to have a significant impact on its financial statements.

In addition, in August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." The standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company does not expect its adoption of this standard in fiscal 2003 to have a significant impact on its financial statements.

### D. LONG-TERM DEBT

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On December 20, 2001, the Company entered into a three-year renewable credit facility with LaSalle Business Credit, Inc. ("LaSalle"). This facility provides for an \$11.6 million Term Loan, a \$4.0 million Special Advance Loan, and a \$12.0 million working capital revolving line-of-credit ("Revolver"). The Term Loan and Special Advance Loan combined require monthly principal payments of \$185,155 plus interest through December 2008, but are callable after three years. The credit facility is secured by a first priority perfected security interest in and lien on all assets (real and personal, tangible and intangible) of the Company excluding its Burlington, North Carolina property. The initial proceeds of the new facility were used to repay the outstanding indebtedness under the Company's previous credit facility with First Source Financial LLP. As part of the refinancing, the Company recorded an extraordinary loss of \$260,000 (\$156,000 after tax) or \$0.03 per share after tax reflecting the write-off of unamortized finance costs relating to the previous credit facility.

The Revolver provides for a revolving line of credit under a borrowing base commitment subject to certain loan availability requirements. Loan availability under the Revolver may not exceed the lesser of: (1) \$12.0 million; or (2) the sum of (a) 85% of the Company's eligible accounts receivable plus (b) a percentage of the Company's eligible inventory which ranges from 35% to 70%. At no time may the sum of aggregated loan advances outstanding under the Revolver plus the aggregate amount of extended letter of credit guarantees exceed loan availability. The Company had available to it unused borrowing capacity of \$3.8 million as of March 31, 2002.

The Revolver bears interest at LaSalle's prime rate plus 0.50% or the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 2.75%. The term loan bears interest at LaSalle's prime rate plus 0.75% or LIBOR plus 3.00%. The special advance bears interest at LaSalle's prime rate plus 1.00% or LIBOR plus 3.25%. The Company also pays a commitment fee of 0.50% on the unused portion of the Revolver. The interest rates at March 31, 2002 were a combination of prime and LIBOR. LaSalle's prime and LIBOR rate were 4.75% and 1.88%, respectively, at March 31, 2002.

As of March 31, 2002, all outstanding letters of credit were guaranteed by LaSalle. The Company pays an annual letter of credit fee of 2.00% on the outstanding balance to guarantee availability under the Revolver. Outstanding letters of credit at March 31, 2002 amounted to \$147,500 and related to workman's compensation insurance policies.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The LaSalle credit facility contains certain restrictive covenants including financial covenants related to net worth, debt service coverage, interest coverage and capital expenditures. As of March 31, 2002, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants. In addition, the Company's credit facility restricts the ability of the Company to pay dividends.

#### E. RECLASSIFICATION

Certain amounts in the fiscal 2001 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2002 presentation.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

##### Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to select and apply accounting policies that best provide the framework to report the Company's results of operations and financial position. The selection and application of those policies require management to make difficult subjective or complex judgments concerning reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. The judgments and uncertainties inherent in this process affect the application of those policies. As a result, there exists the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. Management has identified the following accounting policies that it deems critical to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results and that involve significant subjectivity. Management believes that its selection and application of these policies best represent the operating results and financial position of the Company. The following discussion provides information on the processes utilized by management in making judgments and assumptions as they apply to its critical accounting policies.

##### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on management's assessment of the collectibility of specific customer accounts and the aging of the accounts receivable. If there is a deterioration of a major customer's credit worthiness or actual defaults are higher than historical experience, estimates of the recoverability of amounts due the Company could be adversely affected.

##### Income Taxes

The Company records deferred tax assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates for the effect of temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities. If enacted tax rates changed, the Company would adjust the deferred tax assets and liabilities, through the provision for income taxes in the period of change, to reflect the enacted tax rate expected to be in effect when the deferred tax items reverse. The Company records a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets to reflect the expected future tax benefits to be realized. In determining the appropriate valuation allowance, the Company takes into account the level of expected future taxable income and available tax planning strategies. If future taxable income was lower than expected or if expected tax planning strategies were not available as anticipated, the Company may record additional valuation allowance through income tax expense in the period such determination was made.

##### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company's long-lived assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets that were acquired in business acquisitions. Management believes the useful lives assigned to these assets, which range from 2 to 30 years, are reasonable. Management evaluates the long-lived assets for impairment when events or changes in



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circumstances indicate, in management's

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

judgment, that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable. If management's assumptions about these assets change as a result of events or circumstances, and believe the assets may have declined in value, then the Company may record impairment charges, resulting in lower profits.

#### Contingent Liabilities

There are various claims and lawsuits pending against the Company. The Company has recorded a liability where the effect of litigation can be estimated and where an outcome is considered probable. Management's estimates are based on its knowledge of the relevant facts at the time of the issuance of the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. Subsequent developments could materially alter management's assessment of a matter's probable outcome and the estimate of the Company's liability.

#### Environmental Issues

The Company records its environmental liabilities when site assessments or remedial actions are probable and a range of reasonably likely cleanup costs can be estimated. The Company reviews its sites and assesses the liability quarterly, by assessing a range of reasonably likely costs for each identified site using currently available information, including existing technology, current laws and regulations and the probable level of involvement and financial condition of other potentially responsible parties. These estimates include costs for site investigations, remediation, operations and maintenance, monitoring and site closure.

#### Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 Compared to  
Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

-----  
In the third quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company had net sales of \$16.1 million compared with \$16.3 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$0.1 million or 0.8%. Sales continue to be negatively impacted by the overall slowdown in the economy.

Gross profit for the third quarter of fiscal 2002 decreased to 19.2% of net sales from 20.4% in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001. The decrease in gross profit margin was due primarily to spreading slightly higher fixed manufacturing costs over a smaller revenue base, changes to customer mix, and pricing pressures, partially offset by continuing cost control efforts. Fixed manufacturing costs were up slightly because of higher repairs and maintenance costs and new equipment acquired under operating leases.

Income from operations for the third quarter of fiscal 2002 was \$1.1 million compared with \$1.3 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$0.2 million or 13.7%. This decrease was primarily a result of lower sales, partially offset by a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased slightly to \$1.9 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2002, compared to \$2.0 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001. This

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decrease was primarily the result of continuing cost control efforts.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Total interest expense decreased \$0.3 million or 53.9% to \$0.3 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2002 from \$0.6 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001. The decrease is the result of \$3.5 million in lower average borrowings and a reduction in average interest rates from 9.6% to 5.0%.

The income tax provision as a percentage of pre-tax income for the third quarter of fiscal 2002 was 41.7%, compared with an income tax provision of 26.7% for the corresponding period in fiscal 2001. The effective tax rate typically differs from the statutory rate primarily as a result of non-deductible amortization of goodwill. However, as a result of earnings improvements, the Company reduced its deferred income tax asset valuation allowance by \$0.1 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2001 to reflect a change in the estimate related to the realizability of its deferred income tax assets.

Net income for the third quarter of fiscal 2002 was \$0.5 million or \$0.10 per share, compared to \$0.5 million or \$0.10 per share in the third quarter of fiscal 2001. Net income for the third quarter of fiscal 2001 includes the effect of reducing the deferred income tax asset valuation allowance by \$0.1 million, as a result of earnings improvements. Excluding the impact of the change in the deferred income tax asset valuation allowance, net income for the third quarter of fiscal 2001 would have been \$0.4 million or \$0.08 per share. The following table illustrates the effect of the income tax asset valuation allowance on the third quarter of fiscal 2001 (in thousands, except per share data):

	As Reported	Excluding Impact of Change in Tax Valuation Allowance
	-----	-----
Income Before Income Taxes	\$ 674	\$ 674
Provision for Income Taxes	180	283
	-----	-----
Net Income	\$ 494	\$ 391
	=====	=====
Net Income Per Share	\$0.10	\$0.08
	=====	=====

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2002 Compared to  
Nine Months Ended March 31, 2001  
-----

In the first nine months of fiscal 2002, the Company had net sales of \$46.8 million compared with \$49.1 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$2.3 million or 4.6%. Sales continue to be negatively impacted by the overall slowdown in the economy.

Gross profit for the first nine months of fiscal 2002 decreased to 19.3% of net sales from 20.9% in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001. This decrease was due primarily to spreading fixed manufacturing costs over a

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smaller revenue base, changes to customer mix, and pricing pressures, partially offset by continuing cost control efforts.

Income from operations for the first nine months of fiscal 2002 was \$3.2 million compared with \$4.2 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$1.0 million or 22.9%. This decrease is primarily a result of lower sales, partially offset by a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

expenses decreased \$0.2 million or 3.8% to \$5.7 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2002, compared to \$5.9 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001. This decrease was primarily a result of continuing cost control efforts, including reduced payroll related costs.

Total interest expense decreased \$0.9 million or 46.6% to \$1.1 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2002 from \$2.0 million in the corresponding period of fiscal 2001. The decrease is the result of \$3.8 million in lower average borrowings and a reduction in average interest rates from 10.4% to 6.3%.

The income tax provision as a percentage of pre-tax income for the first nine months of fiscal 2002 was 41.9%, compared with an income tax provision of 26.7% for the corresponding period in fiscal 2001. The effective tax rate typically differs from the statutory rate primarily as a result of non-deductible amortization of goodwill. However, as a result of earnings improvements, the Company reduced its deferred income tax asset valuation allowance by \$0.3 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2001 to reflect a change in estimate related to the realizability of its deferred income tax assets.

In December 2001, the Company refinanced its credit facility with LaSalle. As part of this refinancing, the Company recorded an extraordinary loss of \$260,000 (\$156,000 after tax) or \$0.03 per share reflecting the write-off of unamortized finance costs relating to the previous existing credit facility.

Net income for the first nine months of fiscal 2002 was \$1.1 million or \$0.21 per share, compared to \$1.6 million or \$0.31 per share in the first nine months of fiscal 2001. Net income for the first nine months of fiscal 2001 includes the effect of reducing the deferred income tax asset valuation allowance by \$0.3 million, as a result of earnings improvements. Excluding the impact of the change in the deferred income tax asset valuation allowance, net income for the first nine months of fiscal 2001 would have been \$1.2 million or \$0.25 per share. The following table illustrates the effect of the income tax asset valuation allowance on the first nine months of fiscal 2001 (in thousands, except per share data):

	As Reported	Excluding Impact of Change in Tax Valuation Allowance
	-----	-----
Income Before Income Taxes	\$2,144	\$2,144
Provision for Income Taxes	573	898

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	-----	-----
Net Income	\$1,571	\$1,246
	=====	=====
Net Income Per Share	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.25
	=====	=====

### Financial Condition

On December 20, 2001, the Company entered into a three-year renewable credit facility with LaSalle Business Credit, Inc. ("LaSalle"). This facility provides for an \$11.6 million Term Loan, a \$4.0 million Special Advance Loan, and a \$12.0 million working capital revolving line-of-credit ("Revolver"). The Term Loan and Special Advance Loan combined require monthly principal payments of \$185,155 plus interest through December 2008, but are callable after three years. The credit facility is secured by a

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

first priority perfected security interest in and lien on all assets (real and personal, tangible and intangible) of the Company excluding its Burlington, North Carolina property. The initial proceeds of the new facility were used to repay the outstanding indebtedness under the Company's previous credit facility with First Source Financial LLP. As part of the refinancing, the Company recorded an extraordinary loss of \$260,000 (\$156,000 after tax) or \$0.03 per share after tax reflecting the write-off of unamortized finance costs relating to the previous credit facility.

The Revolver provides for a revolving line of credit under a borrowing base commitment subject to certain loan availability requirements. Loan availability under the Revolver may not exceed the lesser of: (1) \$12.0 million; or (2) the sum of (a) 85% of the Company's eligible accounts receivable plus (b) a percentage of the Company's eligible inventory which ranges from 35% to 70%. At no time may the sum of aggregated loan advances outstanding under the Revolver plus the aggregate amount of extended letter of credit guarantees exceed loan availability. The Company had available to it unused borrowing capacity of \$3.8 million as of March 31, 2002.

The Revolver bears interest at LaSalle's prime rate plus 0.50% or the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 2.75%. The term loan bears interest at LaSalle's prime rate plus 0.75% or LIBOR plus 3.00%. The special advance bears interest at LaSalle's prime rate plus 1.00% or LIBOR plus 3.25%. The Company also pays a commitment fee of 0.50% on the unused portion of the Revolver. The interest rates at March 31, 2002 were a combination of prime and LIBOR. LaSalle's prime and LIBOR rate were 4.75% and 1.88%, respectively, at March 31, 2002.

As of March 31, 2002, all outstanding letters of credit were guaranteed by LaSalle. The Company pays an annual letter of credit fee of 2.00% on the outstanding balance to guarantee availability under the Revolver. Outstanding letters of credit at March 31, 2002 amounted to \$147,500 and related to workman's compensation insurance policies.

The LaSalle credit facility contains certain restrictive covenants including financial covenants related to net worth, debt service coverage, interest coverage and capital expenditures. As of March 31, 2002, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants. In addition, the

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Company's credit facility restricts the ability of the Company to pay dividends.

At March 31, 2002, the Company had working capital of \$3.2 million, as compared to \$2.4 million at June 30, 2001. Historically, the Company's liquidity requirements have been met by a combination of funds provided by operations and its revolving credit agreements. Funds provided by operations during the nine months ended March 31, 2002 were \$3.2 million compared with funds provided of \$2.6 million in the corresponding period in fiscal 2001.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2002, capital expenditures totaled \$0.8 million compared with \$0.6 million in the corresponding period in fiscal 2001, and consisted primarily of additions to machinery and equipment. The Company makes capital improvements to improve efficiency and product quality, and periodically upgrades its equipment by purchasing or leasing new or previously used equipment.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Company's current strategy is to continue to focus its efforts on its core business of folding cartons, as well as the supporting product lines of flexible, litho-laminated, and corrugated products. The Company intends to expand these product lines by utilizing the maximum capacity at each facility, while continually identifying, researching, and when applicable, implementing new technologies and equipment that will enable the Company to continue to improve performance, productivity, and profitability.

Under the current strategy, management believes that future funds generated by operations and borrowings available under its credit facility with LaSalle will be sufficient to meet working capital and capital expenditure requirements in the near term.

#### Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The Company has contractual obligations and commercial commitments that may affect its financial condition. Based on management's assessment of the underlying provisions and circumstances of the material contractual obligations and commercial commitments of the Company, including material off-balance sheet and structured finance arrangements, there is no known trend, demand, commitment, event or uncertainty that is reasonably likely to occur which would have a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. The following tables identify material obligations and commitments as of March 31, 2002:

Contractual Cash Obligations (Thousands of Dollars)	Total	Payments	
		1 Year	2-3 Year
Long-term debt	\$ 14,997	\$ 2,222	\$ 12,775

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Revolving Line-of-Credit (a)	3,932	-	3,932
Capital lease obligations	258	56	10
Operating leases	3,669	1,165	1,84
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			
Total contractual cash obligations	\$ 22,856	\$ 3,443	\$ 18,65
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			

		Amount of Com Pe	
Other Commercial Commitments (Thousands of Dollars)	Total Amounts Committed	1 Year	2-3 Year
Revolving Line-of-Credit (b)	\$ 3,811	\$ -	\$ 3,81
Standby letters of credit	148	148	
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			
Total commercial commitment	\$ 3,959	\$ 148	\$ 3,81
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>			

- (a) The revolving line-of-credit represents the actual outstanding balance, as of March 31, 2002.
- (b) The revolving line-of-credit represents the unused borrowing capacity available to the Company, as of March 31, 2002.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") approved the issuance of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." This standard establishes accounting and reporting for goodwill and other intangibles. SFAS No. 142 provides that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives will not be amortized, but will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. SFAS No. 142 is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2003. The Company has not quantified the impact resulting from the adoption of this standard including the impact, if any, of completion of the annual impairment test. However, the historical impact of not amortizing goodwill would have been to increase net income by \$35,000 and \$102,000, respectively, for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2002, and \$33,000 and \$101,000, respectively, for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2001.

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations related to the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the related asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company does not expect its adoption of this standard in fiscal 2003 to have a significant impact on its financial statements.

In addition, in August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." The standard addresses

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financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company does not expect its adoption of this standard in fiscal 2003 to have a significant impact on its financial statements.

### Forward-Looking Statements

Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our confidence in the Company's prospects and strategies and our expectations about the Company's sales expansion, are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: (1) softened demand for the Company's products due to overall economic conditions; (2) the Company's ability to execute its business plan; (3) market acceptance risks, including whether or not the Company will be able to successfully gain market share against competitors, many of which have greater financial and other resources than the Company, and the continuing trend of customers to increase their buying power by consolidating the number of vendors they maintain; (4) manufacturing capacity constraints, including whether or not, as the Company increases its sales, it will be able to successfully integrate its new customers into its existing manufacturing and distribution system; (5) the introduction of competing products by other firms; (6) pressure on pricing from competition or purchasers of the Company's products; (7) whether the Company will be able to pass on to its customers price increases for paper and paperboard products; (8) continued stability in other raw material prices, including oil-based resin and plastic film; (9) the impact of government regulation on the Company's manufacturing processes, including whether or not additional capital expenditures will be needed to comply with applicable environmental laws and regulations as the Company's production increases; (10) the Company's ability to continue to comply with the restrictive covenants in its credit facility or to

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

obtain waivers if it is not in compliance in the future; and (11) the outcome of the Anthem Health Plans litigation. Investors and potential investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect the Company's analysis only as of the date of this report. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date of this report. These risks and others that are detailed in this Form 10-Q and other documents that the Company files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its annual report on Form 10-K and any current reports on Form 8-K, must be considered by any investor or potential investor in the Company.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

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The Company's primary market risk is fluctuation in interest rates. All of the Company's debt at March 31, 2002 was at variable interest rates. A hypothetical 10% change in interest rates would have had a \$0.1 million impact on interest expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2002.

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### GIBRALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

##### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is a party to certain lawsuits and administrative proceedings that arise in the conduct of its business. While the outcome of these lawsuits and proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that, if adversely determined, the lawsuits and proceedings, either singularly or in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations or net cash flows of the Company.

On April 28, 1999, the Company filed a lawsuit captioned Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc. v. Anthem Health Plans, d.b.a. Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Connecticut ("Anthem"), in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut. The Company is seeking damages for Anthem's alleged breach of a contract for health insurance for employees of the Company. In October 2000, Anthem filed a counterclaim for unpaid premiums. The amount of the counterclaim is unknown. Discovery has revealed that a third party may be liable to indemnify the Company for all or part of the counterclaim, and the Company has brought a third party claim against this party in the litigation. There can be no assurances that the outcome of the litigation would not have an adverse impact on the Company. The parties participated in a settlement mediation in December 1999 and are gathering additional information through depositions. A further settlement mediation is scheduled for June 2002.

##### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of Gibraltar's stockholders in the quarter ended March 31, 2002.

##### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

###### (a) Exhibits:

- 10.58 Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2001, between LaSalle Business Credit, Inc. and Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc., RidgePak Corporation, Standard Packaging and Printing Corp. and Niemand Industries, Inc.
- 10.59 Supplement to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2001, between LaSalle Business Credit, Inc. and Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc., RidgePak Corporation, Standard Packaging and Printing Corp. and Niemand Industries, Inc.
- 10.60 Revolving Note, dated as of December 20, 2001, in favor of LaSalle Business Credit, Inc., executed by Gibraltar



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Packaging Group, Inc., RidgePak Corporation, Standard Packaging and Printing Corp. and Niemand Industries, Inc. in the principal amount of \$12,000,000.

- 10.61 Term Note, dated as of December 20, 2001, in favor of LaSalle Business Credit, Inc., executed by Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc., RidgePak Corporation, Standard

GIBALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Packaging and Printing Corp. and Niemand Industries, Inc. in the principal amount of \$11,553,000.

- 10.62 Special Advance Note, dated as of December 20, 2001, in favor of LaSalle Business Credit, Inc., executed by Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc., RidgePak Corporation, Standard Packaging and Printing Corp. and Niemand Industries, Inc. in the principal amount of \$4,000,000.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

None

GIBALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GIBALTAR PACKAGING GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Lyle O. Halstead /s/ Brett E. Moller
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Lyle O. Halstead Brett E. Moller
V.P. Finance - Operations V.P. Finance - Corporate
(Principal Accounting Officer) (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 13, 2002 May 13, 2002

Exhibit List

- 10.58 Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2001, between LaSalle Business Credit, Inc. and Gibraltar Packaging Group, Inc., RidgePak Corporation, Standard Packaging and Printing Corp. and Niemand Industries, Inc.

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