QCR HOLDINGS INC Form 10-Q November 09, 2009

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ending September 30, 2009

O	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____ Commission file number 0-22208 OCR HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 42-1397595

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer ID Number)

3551 7th Street, Moline, Illinois 61265

(Address of principal executive offices)

(309) 736-3580

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Date File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of accelerated filer, large accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes o No b

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date: As of November 2, 2009, the Registrant had outstanding 4,553,290 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value per share.

QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES $\underline{\text{INDEX}}$

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QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008

ASSETS	S	eptember 30, 2009	D	ecember 31, 2008
Cash and due from banks	\$	20,615,008	\$	33,464,074
Federal funds sold	Ψ	39,815,582	Ψ	20,695,898
Interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions		22,984,074		2,113,904
merest-bearing deposits at infancial institutions		22,704,074		2,113,704
Securities held to maturity, at amortized cost		350,000		350,000
Securities available for sale, at fair value		345,524,732		255,726,415
		- 10,0 - 1,10 -		
Total securities		345,874,732		256,076,415
Loans receivable held for sale		3,030,286		7,377,648
Loans/leases receivable held for investment	1	1,238,708,054	1	,207,311,984
Gross loans/leases receivable		1,241,738,340		,214,689,632
Less allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases		(22,639,883)		(17,809,170)
		, , , ,		
Net loans/leases receivable	1	1,219,098,457	1	,196,880,462
Premises and equipment, net		31,245,594		31,389,267
Goodwill		3,222,688		3,222,688
Accrued interest receivable		8,102,518		7,835,835
Bank-owned life insurance		29,380,606		27,450,751
Other assets		28,964,399		26,499,720
		,		, ,
Total assets	\$ 1	1,749,303,658	\$ 1	,605,629,014
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Deposits:				
Noninterest-bearing	\$	189,386,995	\$	161,126,120
Interest-bearing		907,380,740		897,832,478
				0.50 0.50 500
Total deposits		1,096,767,735	1	,058,958,598
Short-term borrowings		114,153,590		101,456,950
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		212,850,000		218,695,000
Other borrowings		140,067,255		75,582,634
Junior subordinated debentures		36,085,000		36,085,000
Other liabilities		20,887,621		22,355,661
		, ,		, ,

Total liabilities	1,620,811,201	1,513,133,843
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$1 par value; shares authorized 250,000	38,805	568
September 2009 - 38,805 shares issued and outstanding		
December 2008 - 568 shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$1 par value; shares authorized 10,000,000	4,668,236	4,630,883
September 2009 - 4,668,236 shares issued and 4,546,990 outstanding		
December 2008 - 4,630,883 shares issued and 4,509,637 outstanding		
Additional paid-in capital	81,927,391	43,090,268
Retained earnings	38,752,619	40,893,304
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,038,847	3,628,360
Noncontrolling interests	1,673,069	1,858,298
	130,098,967	94,101,681
Treasury Stock	1,606,510	1,606,510
September 2009 - 121,246 common shares, at cost		
December 2008 - 121,246 common shares, at cost		
Total stockholders equity	128,492,457	92,495,171
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,749,303,658	\$1,605,629,014

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) Three Months Ended September 30,

	2009	2008
Interest and dividend income: Loans/leases, including fees	\$ 19,485,684	\$ 18,530,735
Securities: Taxable	2,668,112	2,742,291
Nontaxable	236,107	229,159
Interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions	99,917	10,391
Federal funds sold	36,275	28,492
Total interest and dividend income	22,526,095	21,541,068
Interest expense:		
Deposits	4,327,602	5,570,085
Short-term borrowings	172,192	656,039
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	2,271,198	2,248,559
Other borrowings	1,433,115	752,521
Junior subordinated debentures	497,032	572,822
Total interest expense	8,701,139	9,800,026
Net interest income	13,824,956	11,741,042
Provision for loan/lease losses	3,526,892	2,154,061
Net interest income after provision for loan/lease losses	10,298,064	9,586,981
Non-interest income:		
Credit card issuing fees, net of processing costs	267,240	228,786
Trust department fees	719,682	781,182
Deposit service fees	843,674	816,019
Gains on sales of loans, net	288,924	200,499
Securities gains	718,948	
Gains on sales of foreclosed assets	33,711	61,152
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	316,568	241,190
Investment advisory and management fees, gross	373,724	480,587
Other	601,104	501,794
Total non-interest income	4,163,575	3,311,209
Non-interest expense:		
Salaries and employee benefits	6,617,481	6,467,255

Professional and data processing fees	1,183,283	1,143,404
Advertising and marketing	250,930	386,099
Occupancy and equipment expense	1,368,900	1,326,446
Stationery and supplies	130,623	116,589
Postage and telephone	267,731	222,931
Bank service charges	128,603	159,598
FDIC and other insurance	1,235,486	338,453
Loan/lease expense	832,806	299,368
Other	257,458	116,140
Total non-interest expense	12,273,301	10,576,283
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	2,188,338	2,321,907
Federal and state income tax expense from continuing operations	563,399	613,372
Income from continuing operations (continued)	1,624,939	1,708,535

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QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (continued) Three Months Ended September 30,

		2009	20	800
Discontinued operations (Note 2): Gain on sale of merchant credit card acquiring business Operating income from merchant credit card acquiring business Operating loss from First Wisconsin Bank & Trust			1	45,213 19,483 82,307)
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes Federal and state income tax expense from discontinued operations				82,389 92,056
Income from discontinued operations	\$		\$ 2,6	90,333
Net income Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 1	,624,939 35,919		98,868 93,386
Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$ 1	,589,020	\$ 4,3	05,482
Amounts attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.: Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$ 1	,589,020		15,149 90,333
Net income	\$ 1	,589,020	\$ 4,3	05,482
Less: Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion	1	,031,497	4	46,125
Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. common stockholders	\$	557,523	\$ 3,8	59,357
Basic earnings per common share (Note 5): Income from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Income from discontinued operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$	0.12 0.12	\$	0.25 0.58 0.83
Diluted earnings per common share (Note 5): Income from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Income from discontinued operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$	0.12 0.12	\$	0.25 0.58 0.83
Weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding		,546,270		24,056 46,499

Cash dividends declared per common share

\$

0.00

\$

0.00

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2009	2008
Interest and dividend income:		
Loans/leases, including fees	\$ 55,657,766	\$ 54,844,169
Securities:	0.024.062	0.017.063
Taxable Nontaxable	8,034,862 738,649	8,017,862 712,774
Interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions	210,173	157,590
Federal funds sold	92,421	70,440
redefai railas sora	72,721	70,110
Total interest and dividend income	64,733,871	63,802,835
Interest expense:		
Deposits	14,557,338	18,129,951
Short-term borrowings	531,200	2,723,254
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	6,801,165	6,188,099
Other borrowings	3,324,896	1,921,505
Junior subordinated debentures	1,529,419	1,770,728
Total interest expense	26,744,018	30,733,537
Net interest income	37,989,853	33,069,298
Provision for loan/lease losses	12,761,180	4,493,644
Net interest income after provision for loan/lease losses	25,228,673	28,575,654
Non-interest income:		
Credit card issuing fees, net of processing costs	805,990	735,123
Trust department fees	2,139,111	2,549,856
Deposit service fees	2,458,691	2,319,958
Gains on sales of loans, net	1,374,047	863,146
Securities gains	718,948	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities	(206,369)	
Gains on sales of foreclosed assets	220,408	65,736
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	929,854	787,217
Investment advisory and management fees, gross	1,076,136	1,566,604
Other	1,588,293	1,491,681
Total non-interest income	11,105,109	10,379,321

Non-interest expense:

20,463,428	19,301,094
3,539,468	3,410,312
703,812	980,942
3,962,907	3,791,235
408,472	369,363
787,014	694,742
365,478	430,614
3,325,382	971,037
1,484,707	501,589
753,339	681,579
35,794,007	31,132,507
539,775	7,822,468
(561,442)	2,154,572
1,101,217	5,667,896
	3,539,468 703,812 3,962,907 408,472 787,014 365,478 3,325,382 1,484,707 753,339 35,794,007 539,775 (561,442)

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QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (continued) Nine Months Ended September 30,

		2009		2008
Discontinued operations (Note 2): Gain on sale of merchant credit card acquiring business Operating income from merchant credit card acquiring business Operating loss from First Wisconsin Bank & Trust				361,160 2,790,363)
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes Federal and state income tax expenset from discontinued operations				2,216,010 757,478
Income from discontinued operations			1	,458,532
Net income Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$	1,101,217 248,297	\$ 7	7,126,428 362,213
Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$	852,920	\$ 6	5,764,215
Amounts attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.: Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$	852,920		5,305,683 ,458,532
Net income	\$	852,920	\$ 6	5,764,215
Less: Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion	2	2,812,427	1	,338,375
Net income (loss) attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. common stockholders	\$(1,959,507) \$ 5,425,8		5,425,840
Basic earnings (loss) per common share (Note 5): Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Income from discontinued operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.		(0.43)		0.86 0.32
Net income (loss) attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$	(0.43)	\$	1.18
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share (Note 5): Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Income from discontinued operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.		(0.43)		0.85 0.31
Net income (loss) attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$	(0.43)	\$	1.17
Weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding		4,536,992 4,536,992		4,612,658 4,644,732

Cash dividends declared per common share \$ 0.04 \$ 0.04

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

Balance	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained (Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensid Income	oncontrolling Interests	g Treasury Stock	Total
December 31, 2008 Comprehensive	\$ 568	\$ 4,630,883	\$ 43,090,268	\$ 40,893,304	\$ 3,628,360	\$ 1,858,298	\$ (1,606,510) \$	92,495,171
income: Net income Other				852,920		248,297		1,101,217
comprehensive loss, net of tax					(589,513)			(589,513)
Comprehensive income	2							511,704
Common cash dividends declared, \$0.04 per share Preferred cash dividends				(181,178)	ı			(181,178)
declared and accrued Discount accretion on				(2,543,902)				(2,543,902)
cumulative preferred stock Proceeds from issuance of 38,237 shares of preferred stock			268,525	(268,525)				
and common stock warrant Proceeds from issuance of 22,275 shares of common stock as a result of stock purchased under the Employee Stock			38,014,586					38,052,823
Purchase Plan		22,275 (830)	155,185 (6,889)					177,460 (7,719)

Exchange of 830 shares of common stock in connection with options exercised Stock								
compensation expense Restricted stock awards Purchase of		15,908	(15,908)				500,584	500,584
noncontrolling interests Distributions to noncontrolling			(78,960)			(231,040)		(310,000)
interest partners						(202,486)		(202,486)
Balance September 30, 2009	\$ 38,805	\$ 4,668,236	\$81,927,391	\$ 38,752,619	\$ 3,038,847	\$ 1,673,069	\$ (1,606,510)	\$ 128,492,457

Balance	Preferred Stock	d Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Noncontrollifl Interests		, Total
December 31, 2007	\$ 568	\$ 4,597,744	\$42,317,374	\$ 36,338,566	\$ 2,811,540	\$ 1,720,683	\$ 5	87,786,475
Comprehensive income: Net income Other				6,764,215		362,213		7,126,428
comprehensive loss, net of tax					(2,481,509)			(2,481,509)
Comprehensiv income	e							4,644,919
Common cash dividends declared, \$0.04				(104.505				(104.505)
per share Preferred cash				(184,585)			(184,585)
dividends declared Proceeds from issuance of 16,972 shares o common stock		16,972	186,639	(1,338,375)			(1,338,375) 203,611

a result of stock purchased under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan Proceeds from issuance of 7,305 shares of common stock as a result of stock				
options exercised	7,305	82,410		89,715
Exchange of	7,303	02,410		07,713
1,933 shares of				
common stock in				
connection with options				
exercised	(1,933)	(27,284)		(29,217)
Tax benefit of				
nonqualified stock options				
exercised		1,611		1,611
Stock				
compensation		246.025		246.025
expense Restricted stock		346,935		346,935
award	5,000	(5,000)		
Distributions to				
noncontrolling			(100.7(2))	(100.760)
interest partners			(108,762)	(108,762)
Balance				
September 30,				

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2008

\$ 568 \$4,625,088 \$42,902,685 \$41,579,821 \$ 330,031 \$1,974,134 \$ \$91,412,327

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QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) Nine Months Ended September 30,

		2009		2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$	852,920	\$	6,764,215
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating				
activities:				
Depreciation		2,116,582		1,887,233
Provision for loan/lease losses related to continuing operations		12,761,180		4,493,644
Provision for loan/lease losses related to discontinued operations				1,727,000
Amortization of offering costs on subordinated debentures		10,738		10,738
Stock-based compensation expense		462,370		289,231
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		248,297		362,213
Amortization of premiums on securities, net		1,225,862		31,918
Gain on sale of merchant credit card acquiring business				(4,645,213)
Gains on sales of foreclosed assets, net		(220,408)		(65,736)
Gains on sales of securities		(718,948)		
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities		206,369		
Loans originated for sale	(1	16,718,234)		(68,882,999)
Proceeds on sales of loans	`	122,439,643		72,093,764
Gains on sales of loans, net		(1,374,047)		(863,146)
Increase in accrued interest receivable		(266,683)		(531,322)
Increase in other assets		(1,076,844)		(4,196,021)
Decrease in other liabilities		(1,483,772)		(2,338,195)
		(-,,)		(=,===,===)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	18,465,025	\$	6,137,324
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Net increase in federal funds sold	((19,119,684)		(2,916,411)
Net (increase) decrease in interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions	((20,870,170)		3,811,496
Proceeds from sale of merchant credit card acquiring business				5,200,000
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets		1,023,616		661,268
Activity in securities portfolio:				
Purchases	(2	219,933,588)		(94,236,370)
Calls, maturities and redemptions	1	19,121,855		75,312,251
Paydowns		293,334		633,222
Proceeds from sales of securities		9,204,635		,
Activity in bank-owned life insurance:		, ,		
Purchases		(1,000,001)		
Increase in cash value of bank-owned life insurance		(929,854)		(872,543)
Increase in loans/leases originated and held for investment		(41,518,153)	(160,366,569)
Purchase of premises and equipment	· ·	(1,972,909)	((1,693,503)
Net increase in cash related to discontinued operations, held for sale		(-,-, -, -,-,-,		(1,131,508)
The mercuse in each related to discontinued operations, note for sale				(1,151,500)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(1	75,700,919)	\$(175,598,667)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net increase in deposit accounts		37,809,137		136,731,836
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings		12,696,640		(47,349,417)
Activity in Federal Home Loan Bank advances:				
Advances		8,500,000		60,145,000
Payments		(14,345,000)		(14,265,006)
Net increase in other borrowings		64,484,621		28,915,022
Tax benefit of nonqualified stock options exercised				1,611
Payment of cash dividends		(2,671,134)		(1,528,745)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock and common stock warrant, net		38,052,823		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net		169,741		264,109
Purchase of noncontrolling interest		(310,000)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$	144,386,828	\$	162,914,410
Net decrease in cash and due from banks		(12,849,066)		(6,546,933)
Cash and due from banks, beginning		33,464,074		40,490,000
Cash and due from banks, ending	\$	20,615,008	\$	33,943,067
Cash and due from banks, ending	Ψ	20,013,000	Ψ	33,743,007
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information, cash payments for: Interest	\$	28,134,596	\$	32,950,020
Income/franchise taxes	\$	1,763,820	\$	2,283,927
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing activities: Change in accumulated other comprehensive income, unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale, net	\$	(589,513)	\$	(2,481,509)
Transfers of loans to other real estate owned	\$	2,191,616	\$	2,228,613

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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Part I Item 1

QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) September 30, 2009

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Basis of presentation</u>: The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements contained herein should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, including QCR Holdings, Inc. s (the Company) Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 6, 2009. Accordingly, footnote disclosures, which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the audited consolidated financial statements, have been omitted.

The financial information of the Company included herein has been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial reporting and has been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations for reporting on Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Such information reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. Any differences appearing between the numbers presented in financial statements and management s discussion and analysis are due to rounding. The results of the interim periods ended September 30, 2009, are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ending December 31, 2009.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries which include three state-chartered commercial banks: Quad City Bank & Trust Company (QCBT), Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust Company (CRBT), and Rockford Bank & Trust Company (RB&T); and Quad City Bancard, Inc. (Bancard) which provides cardholder credit card processing services. The Company also engages in direct financing lease contracts through its 80% equity investment in m2 Lease Funds, LLC (m2 Lease Funds), and in real estate holdings through its 73% equity investment in Velie Plantation Holding Company, LLC (Velie Plantation Holding Company). All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Activities related to discontinued operations have been recorded separately with current and prior period amounts reclassified as assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheets and as discontinued operations on the consolidated statements of operations and consolidated statement of cash flows. The notes to the consolidated financial statements have also been adjusted to eliminate the effect of discontinued operations.

<u>Subsequent events</u>: The Company has evaluated all subsequent events through November 9, 2009, the date of issuance of the financial statements.

Stock-based compensation plans: Please refer to Note 14 of our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, for information related to the Company s stock option and incentive plans, stock purchase plan, and stock appreciation rights (SARs).

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Part I Item 1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation with measurement of compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the grant date and recognition of compensation expense over the requisite service period for awards expected to vest. Stock-based compensation expense totaled \$462 thousand and \$289 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. A key component in the calculation of stock-based compensation expense is the market price of the Company s stock.

Preferred stock and common stock warrant: As more fully described in Note 9, during the first quarter of 2009, the Company issued preferred stock and a common stock warrant to the U.S. Department of Treasury (Treasury) as a result of the Company's participation in the Treasury Capital Purchase Program (TCPP), which are classified in stockholders equity on the consolidated balance sheet. The outstanding preferred stock has similar characteristics of an Increasing Rate Security as described by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 5Q, *Increasing Rate Preferred Stock*. The proceeds received in conjunction with the issuance of the preferred stock and common stock warrant were allocated to preferred stock and additional paid-in-capital based on their relative fair values. Discounts on the increasing rate preferred stock are amortized over the expected life of the preferred stock (5 years), by charging imputed dividend cost against retained earnings and increasing the carrying amount of the preferred stock by a corresponding amount. The discount at the time of issuance is computed as the present value of the difference between dividends that will be payable in future periods and the dividend amount for a corresponding number of periods, discounted at a market rate for dividend yield on comparable securities. The amortization in each period is the amount which, together with the stated dividend in the period results in a constant rate of effective cost with regard to the carrying amount of the preferred stock.

Common stock warrants are evaluated for liability and equity treatment. The common stock warrant outstanding is carried as additional paid-in-capital in stockholders equity until exercised or expired. This is consistent with the view of both the SEC and Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) as each withheld objection to classification of such warrants as permanent equity. This view is also consistent with the objective of the TCPP that equity in these securities should be considered part of equity for regulatory reporting purposes. The fair value of the common stock warrant used in allocating total proceeds received was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Other-than-temporary impairment: Securities available for sale are reported at fair value, with the unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of deferred income taxes. Available for sale debt and equity securities are evaluated to determine whether declines in fair value below their amortized cost are other-than-temporary. In estimating other-than-temporary impairment losses on debt securities, management considers a number of factors including, but not limited to, (1) the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than amortized cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (3) the current market conditions, and (4) the intent of the Company to not sell the security or whether it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery. See Note 3 for additional information regarding securities available for sale and the evaluation of other-than-temporary impairment.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

Recent accounting developments: On June 29, 2009, FASB issued an accounting pronouncement establishing the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the ASC) as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity of US GAAP. This pronouncement was effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009, for most entities. On the effective date, all non-SEC accounting and reporting standards were superceded. The Company adopted this pronouncement for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009, as required, and adoption did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements taken as a whole. On June 12, 2009, FASB issued two related accounting pronouncements changing the accounting principles and disclosures requirements related to securitizations and special-purposed entities. Specifically, these pronouncements eliminate the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity , change the requirements for derecognizing financial assets and change how a company determines when an entity is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar rights) should be consolidated. These pronouncements also expand existing disclosure requirements to include more information about transfers of financial assets, including securitization transactions, and where companies have continuing exposure to the risks related to transferred financial assets. These pronouncements will be effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity s first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is prohibited. The recognition and measurement provisions regarding transfers of financial assets shall be applied to transfers that occur on or after the effective date. The Company will adopt these new pronouncements on January 1, 2010, as required. Management has not yet determined the impact adoption may have on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

On May 28, 2009, FASB issued an accounting pronouncement establishing general standards of accounting for and disclosure of subsequent events, which are events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the date the financial statements are issued, or available to be issued in the case of non-public entities. In particular, the pronouncement requires entities to recognize in the financial statements the effect of all events or transactions that provide additional evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the financial preparation process. Entities shall not recognize the impact of events or transactions that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date but arose after that date. This pronouncement also requires entities to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. This pronouncement was effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. The Company adopted the provisions of this new pronouncement for the quarter ended June 30, 2009, as required, and adoption did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements taken as a whole.

On April 9, 2009, FASB issued three related accounting pronouncements intended to provide additional application guidance and enhance disclosures regarding fair value measurements and impairments of securities. In particular, these pronouncements: (1) provide guidelines for making fair value measurements more consistent with the existing accounting principles when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have decreased significantly; (2) enhance consistency in financial reporting by increasing the frequency of fair value disclosures and (3) modify existing general standards of accounting for and disclosure of other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) losses for impaired debt securities.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

All three pronouncements were effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. Entities were permitted to early adopt these pronouncements for interim and annual periods ending after March 15, 2009, but had to adopt all three pronouncements concurrently. The Company adopted these pronouncements for the quarterly reporting period ending June 30, 2009, as required. See Note 8 for additional information regarding fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities, and Note 3 for additional information for investment securities. The adoption of these pronouncements did not have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. In December 2007, FASB issued an accounting pronouncement that changed the measurement, recognition and presentation of minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries (now referred to as noncontrolling interests). This pronouncement was effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008 and was prospective for the change related to measurement and recognition and retrospective for the changes related to presentation.

The Company presents noncontrolling interests (previously shown as minority interest) as a component of equity on the consolidated balance sheets. Minority interest expense is no longer separately reported as a reduction to net income on the consolidated income statement, but is instead shown below net income under the heading net income attributable to noncontrolling interests. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have any other material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During 2008, Bancard sold its merchant credit card acquiring business resulting in gain on sale, net of taxes and related expenses, of approximately \$3.0 million. The 2008 financial results associated with the merchant credit card acquiring business have been reflected as discontinued operations. There is no 2009 activity.

On December 31, 2008, the Company sold its Milwaukee subsidiary, First Wisconsin Bank & Trust Company (FWBT) for \$13.7 million which resulted in a gain on sale, net of taxes and related expenses, of approximately \$356 thousand. The 2008 financial results associated with FWBT have been reflected as discontinued operations. There is no 2009 activity.

Please refer to Note 2 of our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, for information related to the Company s discontinued operations.

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Part I Item 1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

NOTE 3 INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 are summarized as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
September 30, 2009: Securities held to maturity, other bonds	\$ 350,000	\$	\$	\$ 350,000
Securities available for sale: U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities Mortgage-backed securities Municipal securities Trust preferred securities Other securities	\$ 315,502,245 571,897 22,717,218 200,000 1,614,163 \$ 340,605,523	\$ 4,066,051 18,942 1,134,218 82,169 \$ 5,301,380	\$ (232,219) (61,193) (84,000) (4,759) \$ (382,171)	\$ 319,336,077 590,839 23,790,243 116,000 1,691,573 \$ 345,524,732
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
December 31, 2008: Securities held to maturity, other bonds	\$ 350,000	\$	\$	\$ 350,000
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities Mortgage-backed securities Municipal securities Trust preferred securities Other securities	\$ 4,318,194 220,560,286 802,485 23,259,460 200,000 1,132,763 \$ 250,273,188	\$ 71,351 5,773,091 6,071 307,946 18,045 \$ 6,176,504	\$ (90,217) (1,417) (219,181) (35,000) (377,462) \$ (723,277)	\$ 4,389,545 226,243,160 807,139 23,348,225 165,000 773,346 \$ 255,726,415

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

Gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, are summarized as follows:

	Less than 12	2 Months Gross	12 Month	s or More Gross	Tot	al Gross
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
September 30, 2009:					, 32232	
Securities available for						
sale:						
U.S. govt. sponsored						
agency securities	\$ 58,214,246	\$ (232,219)	\$	\$	\$ 58,214,246	\$ (232,219)
Municipal securities	662,367	(38,407)	1,102,943	(22,786)	1,765,310	(61,193)
Trust preferred securities	116,000	(84,000)			116,000	(84,000)
Other securities	26,100	(3,124)	2,264	(1,635)	28,364	(4,759)
	\$59,018,713	\$ (357,750)	\$ 1,105,207	\$ (24,421)	\$60,123,920	\$ (382,171)
	Less than	12 Months	12 Month	ns or More	Tot	al
		Gross		Gross		Gross
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
December 31, 2008:						
Securities available for						
sale:						
U.S. govt. sponsored						
U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities	\$ 8,003,720	\$ (90,217)	\$	\$	\$ 8,003,720	\$ (90,217)
U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities Mortgage-backed securities	630,974	(1,417)	\$	\$	630,974	(1,417)
U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities Mortgage-backed securities Municipal securities	630,974 8,001,415	(1,417) (219,181)	\$	\$	630,974 8,001,415	(1,417) (219,181)
U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities Mortgage-backed securities Municipal securities Trust preferred securities	630,974 8,001,415 165,000	(1,417) (219,181) (35,000)		•	630,974 8,001,415 165,000	(1,417) (219,181) (35,000)
U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities Mortgage-backed securities Municipal securities	630,974 8,001,415	(1,417) (219,181)	\$ 407,630	\$ (320,146)	630,974 8,001,415	(1,417) (219,181)

At September 30, 2009, the investment portfolio included 322 securities. Of this number, 49 securities have current unrealized losses; 7 of which have had unrealized losses for twelve months or more. All of the debt securities in unrealized loss positions are considered acceptable credit risks. Based upon an evaluation of the available evidence, including the recent changes in market rates, credit rating information and information obtained from regulatory filings, management believes the declines in fair value for these debt securities are temporary. In addition, the Company has the intent to not sell these securities and/or it is not likely that the Company will be required to sell these debt securities before their anticipated recovery. At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company s equity securities represent less than 1% of the total portfolio.

Declines in fair value of debt securities below their amortized cost basis that are deemed to be other-than-temporary impairment are carried at fair value. Any portion of a decline in value associated with credit loss is recognized in

income with the remaining noncredit-related component being recognized in other comprehensive income. A credit loss is determined by assessing whether the amortized cost basis of the debt security will be recovered, by comparing the present value of cash flows expected to be collected from the debt security, computed using original yield as the discount rate, to the amortized cost basis of the debt security. The shortfall of the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected in relation to the amortized cost basis is considered to be the credit loss.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

The Company has not recognized other-than-temporary impairment on any debt securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

Should the impairment of any of the equity securities become other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the investment will be reduced and the resulting loss recognized in net earnings in the period which the other-than-temporary impairment is identified.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company s evaluation determined that 11 publicly-traded equity securities experienced declines in fair value that were other-than-temporary. As a result, the Company wrote down the value of these securities and recognized losses in the amount of \$206 thousand during the first six months of 2009. For the three months ended September 30, 2009, the Company did not recognize other-than-temporary impairment on any of the remaining equity securities.

The Company sold four U.S. government sponsored agency securities during the third quarter of 2009. The Company received proceeds from the sales of \$9.2 million resulting in pre-tax gains of \$719 thousand. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, there were no sales of investment securities.

The amortized cost and fair value of securities as of September 30, 2009 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities of mortgage-backed securities may differ from contractual maturities because the mortgages underlying the mortgage-backed securities may be called or prepaid without any penalties. Therefore, these securities are not included in the maturity categories in the following summary. Other securities are excluded from the maturity categories as there is no fixed maturity date.

Convities hold to motivity.	Amortized Cost			
Securities held to maturity: Due in one year or less Due after one year through five years Due after five years	\$ 50,00 250,00 50,00	0 250,000		
	\$ 350,00	0 \$ 350,000		
Securities available for sale:				
Due in one year or less	\$ 14,056,99	2 \$ 14,210,221		
Due after one year through five years	133,769,03	6 135,171,784		
Due after five years	190,593,43	5 193,860,315		
	\$ 338,419,46	3 \$343,242,320		
Mortgage-backed securities	571,89	7 590,839		
Other securities	1,614,16	3 1,691,573		
	\$ 340,605,52	3 \$345,524,732		

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued NOTE 4 OTHER BORROWINGS

Other borrowings as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 are summarized as follows:

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Wholesale repurchase agreements 364-day revolving note Other	\$ 135,000,000 5,000,000 67,255	\$ 70,000,000 5,000,000 582,634
	\$ 140,067,255	\$ 75,582,634

Maturity and interest rate information concerning wholesale repurchase agreements is summarized as follows:

	September	December 31, 2008				
	•	Weighted				
		Average		Average		
		Interest		Interest		
		Rate				
			Amount			
	Amount Due	at Year-End	Due	at Year-End		
Maturity:						
Year ending December 31:						
2011	\$ 5,000,000	3.40%	\$ 5,000,000	3.40%		
2012	40,000,000	4.47	40,000,000	4.47		
2013	10,000,000	3.96		0.00		
2014	10,000,000	4.40		0.00		
Thereafter	70,000,000	3.64	25,000,000	3.54		
	\$ 135,000,000	3.96	\$70,000,000	4.06		

Each wholesale repurchase agreement has a one-time put option, at the discretion of the counterparty, to terminate the agreement and require the subsidiary bank to repay at predetermined dates prior to the stated maturity date of the agreement.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, embedded within \$65,000,000 and \$30,000,000, respectively, of the wholesale repurchase agreements are interest rate cap options with varying terms. The interest rate cap options are effected when the 3-month LIBOR rate increases to certain levels. If that situation occurs, the rate paid will be decreased by the difference between the 3-month LIBOR rate and the particular cap level. In no case will the rate paid fall below 0.00%.

At December 31, 2008, the Company had a single \$25,000,000 unsecured revolving credit note which matures every 364 days. At December 31, 2008, the note carried a balance outstanding of \$5,000,000. Interest was payable monthly at the effective Federal Funds rate plus 1.25% per annum, as defined by the credit agreement. As of December 31, 2008, the interest rate on the note was 1.34%. The note renewed on April 3, 2009, and the amount of credit was reduced from \$25,000,000 down to \$20,000,000 and is now secured. At September 30, 2009, the note carried a balance outstanding of \$5,000,000. Interest is payable monthly at the effective LIBOR rate plus 2.50% per annum, as defined in the credit agreement. As of September 30, 2009, the interest rate on the note was 2.75%.

The current revolving note agreement contains certain covenants that place restrictions on additional debt and stipulate minimum capital and various operating ratios.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) continued ${\underline{\tt NOTE}}~{\underline{\tt 5}}~{\underline{\tt EARNINGS}}~{\underline{\tt PER}}~{\underline{\tt SHAR}}{\underline{\tt E}}$

The following information was used in the computation of earnings per share on a basic and diluted basis:

	Three months ended September 30, 2009 2008			Nine months ended September 30, 2009 2008),	
Net income	\$ 1,624,939	\$ 4,	398,868	\$	1,101,217	\$ 7	,126,428
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	35,919		93,386		248,297		362,213
Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$ 1,589,020	\$ 4,	305,482	\$	852,920	\$ 6	,764,215
Amounts attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.: Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$ 1,589,020		615,149 690,333	\$	852,920		,305,683 ,458,532
Net income	\$ 1,589,020	\$ 4,	305,482	\$	852,920	\$ 6	,764,215
Less: Preferred stock dividends	1,031,497		446,125	,	2,812,427	1	,338,375
Net income (loss) attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. common stockholders	\$ 557,523	\$ 3,	859,357	\$(1,959,507)	\$ 5	,425,840
Basic earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Income from discontinued operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	0.12		0.25 0.58		(0.43)		0.86 0.32
Net income (loss) attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$ 0.12	\$	0.83	\$	(0.43)	\$	1.18
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. Income from discontinued operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	0.12		0.25 0.58		(0.43)		0.85
Net income (loss) attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc.	\$ 0.12	\$	0.83	\$	(0.43)	\$	1.17
Weighted average common shares outstanding	4,546,270	4,	624,056	4	4,536,992	4	,612,658

Weighted average common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and under the employee stock purchase plan	11,032	22,443	N/A*	32,074
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	4,557,302	4,646,499	N/A*	4,644,732

* In accordance
with U.S.
GAAP, the
common
equivalent
shares are not
considered in
the calculation
of diluted
earnings per
share as the
numerator is a
net loss.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) continued NOTE 6 BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

Selected financial and descriptive information is required to be disclosed for reportable operating segments, applying a management perspective as the basis for identifying reportable segments. The management perspective is determined by the view that management takes of the segments within the Company when making operating decisions, allocating resources, and measuring performance. The segments of QCR Holdings, Inc. have been defined by the structure of the Company s internal organization, focusing on the financial information that the Company s operating decision-makers routinely use to make decisions about operating matters.

The Company s primary segment, Commercial Banking, is geographically divided by markets into the secondary segments which are the three subsidiary banks wholly-owned by the Company: QCBT, CRBT, and RB&T. Each of these secondary segments offer similar products and services, but are managed separately due to different pricing, product demand, and consumer markets. Each offers commercial, consumer, and mortgage loans and deposit services. FWBT is accounted for as discontinued bank operations and the related 2008 financial information has been properly excluded where appropriate. FWBT s assets held for sale at September 30, 2008 are reported in the All Other segment. The Company s Credit Card Processing segment represents the continuing operations of Bancard. As previously noted, Bancard sold its merchant credit card acquiring business in 2008 and the Company has accounted for it as discontinued operations. The 2008 financial information has been properly excluded.

The Company s Trust Management segment represents the trust and asset management services offered at the Company s three subsidiary banks in aggregate. This segment generates income primarily from fees charged based on assets under administration for corporate and personal trusts and for custodial services. No assets of the subsidiary banks have been allocated to the Trust Management segment.

The Company s All Other segment includes the operations of all other consolidated subsidiaries and/or defined operating segments that fall below the segment reporting thresholds. This segment includes the corporate operations of the parent and the 73% owned real estate holding operations of Velie Plantation Holding Company. Selected financial information on the Company s business segments is presented as follows for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

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n/lease

ses

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) continued QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA BUSINESS SEGMENTS Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

Commercial Banking

	Credit																
		Quad City		Cedar Rapids		Rockford	_	Card		Trust				ntercompany	(Consolidate	
3.6 41	Ba	ank & Trust	Ba	ank & Trust	Βε	ank & Trust	Pr	ocessing	Ma	nagement	t	All other	ŀ	Eliminations		Total	
ree Months ded																	
ptember 30, 09																	
tal revenue t interest				7,449,770						719,683				(2,883,455)			
ome t income m ntinuing erations ributable to	\$	8,769,766	\$	3,942,819	\$	1,707,734	\$		\$		\$	5 (595,363)	\$		\$	13,824,95	
CR Holdings,	¢	2 547 474	Ф	570 722	Ф	(522 878)	• •	64 261	¢	122 008	•	1 710 460	Ф	(2.012.027)	• ¢	1 590 O	
tal assets ovision for n/lease		2,547,474 976,441,398		579,722 525,523,768										(2,912,027) (186,472,110)			
ses	\$	1,639,765	\$	1,200,000	\$	758,000	\$	(70,873)	\$		\$,	\$		\$	3,526,89	
odwill	\$			•	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
ree Months ded																	
ptember 30, 08																	
tal revenue t interest	\$	14,064,574	\$	6,821,470	\$	3,082,941	\$	(270,980)	\$	781,182	\$	5,544,461	\$	(5,171,371)	\$	24,852,27	
ome t income m ntinuing erations ributable to CR Holdings,	\$	7,527,971	\$	3,497,061	\$	1,354,700	\$	115,860	\$		\$	6 (697,110)	\$	(57,440)	\$	11,741,04	
tal assets	\$ \$ 8	, ,		837,737 444,211,934						125,007				(5,325,344) (50,782,185)			

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\$

2,154,00

1,369,873 \$ 471,377 \$ 260,000 \$ 52,811 \$

\$

\$

\$ 3,222,68

\$

\$

odwill

\$ 3,222,688 \$

ne Months																
ded																
ptember 30, 09																
tal revenue t interest	\$	41,578,054	\$	21,787,040	\$	10,282,561	\$	354,850	\$ 2	2,139,111	\$	4,519,946	\$	(4,822,582)	\$	75,838,98
ome t income m ntinuing erations ributable to CR Holdings,	\$	23,475,231	\$	11,637,768	\$	4,743,240	\$	132,573	\$		\$	(1,866,386)	\$	(132,573)	\$	37,989,85
ik Holuligs,	\$	4 753 484	\$	1 457 511	\$	(1.868.670)	\$	(243 283)	\$	404 757	\$	1 002 559	\$	(4,653,437)	\$	852,92
tal assets ovision for n/lease				525,523,768										(186,472,110)		
ses	\$	5,370,231	\$	3,700,000	\$	3,144,000	\$	546,949	\$		\$		\$		\$	12,761,18
odwill		3,222,688		-, ,	\$		\$	- ,	\$		\$		\$		\$	3,222,68
ne Months																
ded																
ptember 30, 08	4		4			2 2 1 2 2 2	4	757.400			4		4		4	-: 100 11
tal revenue t interest														(10,879,088)		
ome t income m ntinuing erations ributable to CR Holdings,	\$	21,833,397	\$	9,617,536	\$	3,711,548	\$	351,607	\$		\$	(2,109,158)	\$	(335,632)	\$	33,069,29
: .	\$	6,013,538	\$	2,357,705	\$	(146,039)	\$	61,131	\$	576,332	\$	6,940,955	\$	(10,497,939)	\$	5,305,68
tal assets ovision for n/lease	\$8	386,113,521	\$ 4	444,211,934	\$2	216,133,770	\$	955,869	\$		\$ 1	144,783,216	\$	(50,782,185)	\$ 1	,641,416,12
ses	\$	2,745,462	\$	914,645	\$	689,000	\$	144,537	\$		\$		\$		\$	4,493,64
odwill	\$	3,222,688			\$	•	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	3,222,68

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company s subsidiary banks make various commitments and incur certain contingent liabilities that are not presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The commitments and contingent liabilities include various guarantees, commitments to extend credit, and standby letters of credit. As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, commitments to extend credit aggregated were \$427.2 million and \$494.8 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, standby, commercial and similar letters of credit aggregated were \$16.4 million and \$15.2 million, respectively. Management does not expect that all of these commitments will be funded.

Contractual obligations and other commitments were presented in the Company s 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes in the Company s contractual obligations and other commitments since that report was filed.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued NOTE 8 FAIR VALUE

The measurement of fair value under U.S. GAAP uses a hierarchy intended to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. This hierarchy includes three levels and is based upon the valuation techniques used to measure assets and liabilities. The three levels are as follows:

- 1. Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in markets:
- 2. Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; and
- 3. Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis comprise the following at September 30, 2009:

		(Pi	ir Value M Quoted rices in Active	easur	ements at Report	ing Date Using
			rkets for	Sig	gnificant Other	Significant
		Id	lentical		Observable	
		1	Assets		Inputs	Unobservable Inputs
	Fair Value	(L	evel 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Securities available for sale:						
U.S. govt. sponsored agency securities	\$319,336,077	\$		\$	319,336,077	\$
Mortgage-backed securities	590,839				590,839	
Municipal securities	23,790,243				23,790,243	
Trust preferred securities	116,000				116,000	
Other securities	1,691,573		626,427		1,065,146	
	\$ 345,524,732	\$	626,427	\$	344,898,305	\$

A small portion of the securities available for sale portfolio consists of common stocks issued by various unrelated bank holding companies. The fair values used by the Company are obtained from an independent pricing service and represent quoted market prices for the identical securities (Level 1 inputs).

The large majority of the securities available for sale portfolio consists of U.S. government sponsored agency securities for which the Company obtains fair values from an independent pricing service. The fair values are determined by pricing models that consider observable market data, such as interest rate volatilities, LIBOR yield curve, credit spreads and prices from market makers and live trading systems (Level 2 inputs).

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Part I Item 1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

Certain financial assets are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). Financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis were not significant at September 30, 2009.

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried on the Company s consolidated balance sheets, including those financial assets and liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis:

	As of September 30, 2009					As of December 31, 2008				
		Carrying		Estimated		Carrying		Estimated		
		Value		Fair Value		Value	Fair Value			
Cash and due from banks	\$	20,615,008	\$	20,615,008	\$	33,464,074	\$	33,464,074		
Federal funds sold		39,815,582		39,815,582		20,695,898		20,695,898		
Interest-bearing deposits at financial										
institutions		22,984,074		22,984,074		2,113,904		2,113,904		
Investment securities:										
Held to maturity		350,000		350,000		350,000		350,000		
Available for sale		345,524,732		345,524,732		255,726,415		255,726,415		
Loans/leases receivable, net	1,	219,098,457	1	,222,932,000		1,196,880,462		1,189,382,000		
Accrued interest receivable		8,102,518		8,102,518		7,835,835		7,835,835		
Deposits	1,	096,767,735	1	,102,938,000		1,058,958,598		1,067,480,000		
Short-term borrowings		114,153,590		114,153,590		101,456,950		101,456,950		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		212,850,000		229,441,000		218,695,000		235,309,000		
Other borrowings		140,067,255		146,798,000		75,582,634		78,472,000		
Accrued interest payable		3,148,544		3,148,544		4,539,122		4,539,122		

The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis are discussed above. For certain financial assets and liabilities, carrying value approximates fair value due to the nature of the financial instrument. These instruments include: cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions, accrued interest receivable and payable, demand and other non-maturity deposits, and short-term borrowings. The Company used the following methods and assumptions in estimating the fair value of the following instruments:

<u>Loans/leases receivable</u>: The fair values for variable rate loans equal their carrying values. The fair values for all other types of loans/leases are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans/leases with similar terms to borrowers with similar credit quality. The fair value of loans held for sale is based on quoted market prices of similar loans sold on the secondary market.

<u>Deposits:</u> The fair values disclosed for demand and other non-maturity deposits equal their carrying amounts, which represent the amount payable on demand. Fair values for time deposits are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on time deposits to a schedule of aggregate expected monthly maturities on time deposits.

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Part I Item 1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

<u>Federal Home Loan Bank advances:</u> The fair value of these instruments is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, based on the Company s current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements. <u>Other borrowings:</u> The fair value for the wholesale repurchase agreements is estimated using rates currently available for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities. The fair value for variable rate other borrowings is equal to its carrying value.

<u>Junior subordinated debentures:</u> It is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Company s junior subordinated debentures as instruments with similar terms are not readily available in the market place.

Commitments to extend credit: The fair value of these instruments is not material.

NOTE 9 ISSUANCE OF SERIES D PREFERRED STOCK AND COMMON STOCK WARRANT

On February 13, 2009, the Company issued 38,237 shares of Series D Preferred Stock to Treasury for an aggregate purchase price of \$38,237,000. The sale of Series D Preferred Stock was a result of the Company s participation in the TCPP. This sale also included the issuance of a warrant (Warrant) that allows Treasury to purchase up to 521,888 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$10.99 per share.

The Warrant has a ten-year term and is immediately exercisable upon its issuance, with an exercise price, subject to anti-dilution adjustments, equal to \$10.99 per share of the Common Stock. As of September 30, 2009, there had been no changes to the number of common shares covered by the Warrant nor had the Treasury exercised any portion of the Warrant.

The Series D Preferred Stock qualifies as Tier 1 capital and will pay cumulative dividends at a rate of 5% per annum for the first five years, and 9% per annum thereafter. Prior to the third anniversary of Treasury s purchase of the Series D Preferred Stock, unless the Series D Preferred Stock has been redeemed or Treasury has transferred all of the Series D Preferred Stock to one or more third parties, the consent of Treasury will be required for the Company to: (i) increase the dividends paid on its Common Stock; or (ii) repurchase its Common Stock or other equity or capital securities, other than in connection with benefit plans consistent with past practice. The Series D Preferred Stock will be non-voting except for class voting rights on matters that would adversely affect the rights of the holders of the Series D Preferred Stock.

Treasury has the ability to unilaterally amend the TCPP documents at any time to comply with changes in the law, and as a result, the terms of the TCPP could change.

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Part I Item 1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)-continued

On February 17, 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) was signed into law, which contains provisions that significantly impact TCPP recipients both retroactively and prospectively. Restrictions on repayment, including the Tier 1 qualified capital raise requirement, have been removed allowing institutions to repay the TCPP funds, in whole or in part, upon consultation and approval from the Company s primary federal banking regulator. If the Treasury is repaid, it will liquidate the warrant it holds at the fair market value. ARRA has also imposed more strict compensation limitations and expands the number of executives covered based upon the amount of TCPP funds received. These provisions will apply to existing and future TCPP recipients for periods the TCPP capital is outstanding.

The Series D Preferred Stock and the Warrant were issued in a private placement exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act). Upon the request of Treasury at any time, the Company has agreed to promptly enter into a deposit arrangement pursuant to which the Series D Preferred Stock may be deposited and depositary shares representing fractional shares of Series D Preferred Stock may be issued. The Company registered the Warrant and the shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act. Additionally, the Company has also agreed to register the shares of Series D Preferred Stock upon the written request of Treasury.

The proceeds received from the Treasury were allocated to the Series D Preferred Stock and the Warrant based on relative fair value. The fair value of the Series D Preferred Stock was determined through a discounted future cash flows model using a discount rate of 12%. The fair value of the Warrant was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which includes assumptions regarding the Company s dividend yield, stock price volatility, and the risk-free interest rate. The relative fair value of the Series D Preferred Stock and the Warrant on February 13, 2009, was \$35.8 million and \$2.4 million, respectively.

The Company calculated a discount on the Series D Preferred Stock in the amount of \$2.4 million, which is being amortized over a 5 year period. The effective cost on the Series D Preferred Stock, including the accretion of the discount, is approximately 6.23%. In determining net income (loss) attributable to the Company s common stockholders, the periodic accretion and the cash dividend on the preferred stock are subtracted from net income (loss) attributable to the Company.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

QCR Holdings, Inc. is the parent company of Quad City Bank & Trust, Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust, Rockford Bank & Trust, and Quad City Bancard, Inc.

Quad City Bank & Trust and Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust are Iowa-chartered commercial banks, and Rockford Bank & Trust is an Illinois-chartered commercial bank. All are members of the Federal Reserve System with depository accounts insured to the maximum amount permitted by law by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Quad City Bank & Trust commenced operations in 1994 and provides full-service commercial and consumer banking, and trust and asset management services, to the Quad City area and adjacent communities through its five offices that are located in Bettendorf and Davenport, Iowa and Moline, Illinois. Quad City Bank & Trust also provides leasing services through its 80%-owned subsidiary, m2 Lease Funds, located in Brookfield, Wisconsin. On January 1, 2008, Quad City Bank & Trust acquired 100% of the membership units of CMG Investment Advisors, LLC, which is an investment management and advisory company.

Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust commenced operations in 2001 and provides full-service commercial and consumer banking, and trust and asset management services, to Cedar Rapids, Iowa and adjacent communities through its main office located on First Avenue in downtown Cedar Rapids, Iowa and its branch facility located on Council Street in northern Cedar Rapids. Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust also provides residential real estate mortgage lending services through its 50%-owned joint venture, Cedar Rapids Mortgage Company.

Rockford Bank & Trust commenced operations in January 2005 and provides full-service commercial and consumer banking, and trust and asset management services, to Rockford, Illinois and adjacent communities through its main office located in downtown Rockford and its branch facility on Guilford Road at Alpine Road in Rockford.

On December 31, 2008, the Company sold its Milwaukee subsidiary, First Wisconsin Bank & Trust, for \$13.7 million which resulted in a gain on sale, net of taxes and related expenses, of approximately \$356 thousand. The 2008 financial results associated with First Wisconsin Bank & Trust have been reflected as discontinued operations. Bancard currently provides credit card processing for its agent banks and for cardholders of the Company s subsidiary banks and agent banks. As discussed in the footnotes to the financial statements, the Company sold the merchant credit card acquiring business segment of Bancard during the third quarter of 2008. The 2008 activity related to the merchant credit card acquiring business is accounted for as discontinued operations.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

OVERVIEW

The Company reported net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 of \$1.6 million, which resulted in diluted earnings per share for common stockholders of \$0.12. By comparison, for the quarter ended June 30, 2009, the Company reported a net loss attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$820 thousand, and diluted earnings per share of (\$0.42). For the third quarter of 2008, the Company reported net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$4.3 million, and diluted earnings per share of \$0.83. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company reported net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$853 thousand compared to net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$6.8 million for the same period in 2008. As previously reported and discussed, in September 2008 the Company sold its merchant credit card acquiring business resulting in a gain on sale, net of taxes and related expenses, of approximately \$3.0 million.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2009, the Company recognized net income from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$1.6 million, or diluted earnings per share of \$0.12, as compared to net income from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$1.6 million, or diluted earnings per share of \$0.25, for the quarter ended September 30, 2008. The Company s net interest income for the current quarter totaled \$13.8 million which is an increase of \$2.1 million, or nearly 18%, from \$11.7 million for the same period of 2008. Of this increase, \$1.3 million was attributable to the recognition of interest income for cash interest payments previously received on a commercial loan which had been deferred pending the resolution of a contingency which was resolved this quarter. Additionally, the Company recognized gains on securities sold of \$719 thousand. More than offsetting these items, the Company continued to provide reserves at significant levels for its loan/lease portfolio with \$3.5 million of provision expense for the third quarter of 2009. Further, during the third quarter of 2009, the Company continued to incur significant expenses for FDIC insurance and experienced an increase in legal and other expenses incurred in connection with carrying high levels of nonperforming assets.

The performance and factors driving the results for the first nine months of 2009 are consistent with the third quarter of 2009 mentioned above. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company reported net income from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$853 thousand, and diluted earnings per share of (\$0.43), as compared to net income from continuing operations attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$5.3 million, and diluted earnings per share of \$0.85 for the same period of 2008. This decline resulted primarily from substantial increases in the provision for loan/lease losses and FDIC assessments. Partially offsetting these increased expenses, net interest income grew \$4.9 million, including the \$1.3 million one-time adjustment mentioned above, from \$33.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 to \$38.0 million for the same period in 2009.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Net interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, increased \$2.0 million, including the \$1.3 million one-time adjustment, to \$13.9 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, from \$11.9 million for the third quarter of 2008. For the third quarter of 2009, average earning assets increased by \$260.0 million, or 19%, and average interest-bearing liabilities increased by \$170.9 million, or 14%, when compared with average balances for the third quarter of 2008. A comparison of yields, spread and margin from the third quarter of 2009 to the third quarter of 2008 is as follows (on a tax equivalent basis):

The average yield on interest-earning assets decreased 76 basis points.

The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities decreased 69 basis points.

The net interest spread declined 7 basis points from 3.14% to 3.07%.

The net interest margin declined 4 basis points from 3.44% to 3.40%.

Net interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, increased \$4.9 million, including the \$1.3 million one-time adjustment, to \$38.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, from \$33.4 million for the first nine months of 2008. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, average earning assets increased by \$250.9 million, or 19%, and average interest-bearing liabilities increased by \$174.5 million, or 14%, when compared with average balances for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. A comparison of yields, spread and margin for the first nine months of 2009 to the first nine months of 2008 is as follows (on a tax equivalent basis):

The average yield on interest-earning assets decreased 92 basis points.

The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities decreased 79 basis points.

The net interest spread declined 13 basis points from 3.03% to 2.90%.

The net interest margin declined 11 basis points from 3.32% to 3.21%.

The Company s average balances, interest income/expense, and rates earned/paid on major balance sheet categories, as well as the components of change in net interest income, are presented in the following tables:

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

			Fo 200		hree mon	ths e	nde	d Septemb	oer 30, 200	08	
		Average Balance	Inte Ear	erest rned Paid	Averag Yield o Cost (dollars	r	F	Average Balance ands)	Inte Ear	erest rned Paid	Average Yield or Cost
ASSETS					•			ŕ			
Interest earning assets:											
Federal funds sold	\$	44,790	\$	36	0.3	2%	\$	4,395	\$	28	2.55%
Interest-bearing deposits at											
financial institutions		40,895		100	0.9			1,041		10	3.84%
Investment securities (1)		325,115	(3,017	3.7	1%		230,880	•	3,083	5.34%
Gross loans/leases receivable	4	220 744	1.0	. 406	6.0	107		1.40.070	4.	0.501	6 400
(2) (3)	1	,228,744	19	9,486	6.3	4%	1	,143,273	13	8,531	6.48%
TD - 11	Φ.1	620.544	2/	2 620	~ ~	201	ф 1	270 500	2	1.650	6.209
Total interest earning assets Noninterest-earning assets:	\$ 1	,639,544	22	2,639	5.5	2%	\$ 1	,379,589	2	1,652	6.28%
Cash and due from banks	\$	30,908					\$	32,116			
Premises and equipment		30,695						31,506			
Less allowance for estimated											
losses on loans/leases		(23,258)						(13,987)			
Other		69,015						170,994			
Total assets	\$ 1	,746,904					\$ 1	,600,218			
I LADIU IMIEG AND											
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS											
EQUITY											
Interest-bearing liabilities:											
Interest-bearing demand											
deposits	\$	375,002		957	1.0		\$	279,829		1,211	1.73%
Savings deposits		42,810		39	0.3			67,193		231	1.38%
Time deposits		506,769	3	3,332	2.6			442,058	•	4,128	3.74%
Short-term borrowings		110,354		172	0.6	2%		147,487		656	1.78%
Federal Home Loan Bank		011.701	,	071	4.3	0.01		204.047		0.040	4.000
advances		211,791	,	2,271	4.2	9%		204,947		2,249	4.39%
Junior subordinated		26.005		407		1.07		26.005		572	(250
debentures Other harmanings		36,085		497	5.5			36,085		573 752	6.35%
Other borrowings		137,668		1,433	4.1	0%		71,933		752	4.18%

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Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$ 1,420,479	8,701	2.45%	\$ 1,249,532	9,800	3.14%
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits Other noninterest-bearing liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 177,807 20,784 \$ 1,619,070			\$ 137,340 122,514 \$1,509,386		
Stockholders equity	127,834			90,832		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,746,904			\$ 1,600,218		
Net interest income		\$ 13,938			\$ 11,852	
Net interest spread			3.07%			3.14%
Net interest margin			3.40%			3.44%
Ratio of average interest earning assets to average interest- bearing liabilities	115.42%			110.41%		

⁽¹⁾ Interest earned and yields on nontaxable investment securities are determined on a tax equivalent basis using a 34% tax rate for each period presented.

⁽²⁾ Loan/lease fees are not material and are included in interest income from loans receivable.

⁽³⁾ Non-accrual loans/leases are included in the average balance for gross loans/leases receivable.

Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued Analysis of Changes of Interest Income/Interest Expense

For the three months ended September 30, 2009

	Inc./(Dec.) from Prior			Composition of Chair		
	Period 2		2009	Rate 9 vs. 2008	V	olume
		(do	ollars	in thousand	ls)	
INTEREST INCOME						
Federal funds sold	\$	8	\$	(178)	\$	186
Interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions		90		(57)		147
Investment securities (2)		(66)		(4,334)		4,268
Gross loans/leases receivable (3) (4)		955		(2,271)		3,226
Total change in interest income	\$	987	\$	(6,840)	\$	7,827
INTEREST EXPENSE						
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$	(254)	\$	(1,940)	\$	1,686
Savings deposits		(192)		(129)		(63)
Time deposits		(796)		(3,767)		2,971
Short-term borrowings		(484)		(349)		(135)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		22		(235)		257
Junior subordinated debentures		(76)		(76)		
Other borrowings		681		(23)		704
Total change in interest expense	\$	(1,099)	\$	(6,519)	\$	5,420
Total change in net interest income	\$	2,086	\$	(321)	\$	2,407

(1) The column

increase/decrease from prior period is segmented into the changes attributable to variations in volume and the changes attributable to changes in

interest rates. The variations attributable to simultaneous volume and rate changes have been proportionately allocated to rate and volume.

- (2) Interest earned and yields on nontaxable investment securities are determined on a tax equivalent basis using a 34% tax rate for each period presented.
- (3) Loan/lease fees are not material and are included in interest income from loans/leases receivable.
- (4) Non-accrual loans/leases are included in the average balance for gross loans/leases receivable.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

		For the 1 2009	nine months e	ended Septembe	er 30, 2008	
	Average Balance	Interest Earned or Paid	Average Yield or Cost (dollars in t	Average Balance housands)	Interest Earned or Paid	Average Yield or Cost
ASSETS						
Interest earnings assets: Federal funds sold	\$ 46,971	92	0.26%	\$ 3,410	70	2 74%
Interest-bearing deposits at	\$ 40,971	92	0.20%	\$ 3,410	70	2.74%
financial institutions	30,898	210	0.91%	6,572	158	3.21%
Investment securities (1)	294,606	9,128	4.13%	226,186	9,077	5.35%
Gross loans/leases receivable						
(2) (3)	1,220,326	55,658	6.08%	1,105,698	54,844	6.61%
Total interest coming assets	¢ 1 502 901	<i>65</i> 000	5 1501	¢ 1 241 966	64.140	6.37%
Total interest earning assets	\$ 1,592,801	65,088	5.45%	\$ 1,341,866	64,149	0.51%
Noninterest-earning assets:						
Cash and due from banks	29,786			\$ 33,399		
Premises and equipment	30,735			31,605		
Less allowance for estimated						
losses on loans	(21,404)			(12,966)		
Other	73,106			152,569		
Total assets	\$ 1,705,024			\$ 1,546,473		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 359,094	2,890	1.07%	\$ 302,509	4,643	2.05%
Savings deposits	51,213	2,000	0.76%	56,735	638	1.50%
Time deposits	525,667	11,376	2.89%	417,598	12,849	4.10%
Short-term borrowings	107,598	531	0.66%	168,224	2,723	2.16%
Federal Home Loan Bank						
advances	211,537	6,801	4.29%	186,086	6,188	4.43%
Junior subordinated	26.005	1.500	E (E ()	26.005	1 771	(= 100
debentures Other borrowings	36,085 109,673	1,530 3,325	5.65% 4.04%	36,085 59,115	1,771	6.54% 4.34%
Other borrowings	109,073	3,323	4.04%	39,113	1,922	4.34%

Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$ 1,400,867	26,744	2.55%	\$ 1,226,352	30,734	3.34%
Noninterest-bearing demand	159,246			\$ 133,006		
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities	21,972			98,358		
Total liabilities	\$ 1,582,085			\$ 1,457,716		
Stockholders equity	122,939			88,757		
Total liabilities and						
stockholders equity	\$ 1,705,024			\$ 1,546,473		
Net interest income		\$ 38,344			\$ 33,415	
Net interest spread			2.90%			3.03%
Net interest margin			3.21%			3.32%
Ratio of average interest						
earning assets to average						
interest- bearing liabilities	113.70%			109.42%		

- (1) Interest earned and yields on nontaxable investment securities are determined on a tax equivalent basis using a 34% tax rate in each year presented.
- (2) Loan fees are not material and are included in interest income from loans receivable.
- (3) Non-accrual loans/leases are

included in the average balance for gross loans/leases receivable.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued Analysis of Changes of Interest Income/Interest Expense For the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Inc./(Dec.) Components from of Change (1) Prior Period Rate Volume 2009 vs. 2008 (dollars in thousands) INTEREST INCOME Federal funds sold \$ 22 \$ (155)\$ 177 Interest-bearing deposits at financial institutions 52 297 (245)Investment securities (2) 51 3,176 (3,125)Gross loans/leases receivable (3) (4) 814 7,084 (6,270)\$ 939 \$ \$ Total change in interest income (9.795)10,734 INTEREST EXPENSE Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ (1,753)\$ (2.921)\$ 1,168 Savings deposits (347)(290)(57)Time deposits (5,523)(1,473)4,050 Short-term borrowings (2,192)(1,444)(748)Federal Home Loan Bank advances 934 613 (321)Junior subordinated debentures (241)(241)Other borrowings 1,403 1.621 (218)Total change in interest expense \$ (3,990)(10,958)\$ 6,968

(1) The column increase/decrease from prior period is segmented into the changes attributable to variations in volume and the changes attributable to

Total change in net interest income

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\$

1,163

\$

3,766

4,929

\$

changes in interest rates. The variations attributable to simultaneous volume and rate changes have been proportionately allocated to rate and volume.

- (2) Interest earned and yields on nontaxable investment securities are determined on a tax equivalent basis using a 34% tax rate for each period presented.
- (3) Loan/lease fees are not material and are included in interest income from loans/leases receivable.
- (4) Non-accrual loans/leases are included in the average balance for gross loans/leases receivable.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company s financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial information contained within these statements is, to a significant extent, financial information that is based on approximate measures of the financial effects of transactions and events that have already occurred.

Based on its consideration of accounting policies that involve the most complex and subjective decisions and assessments, management has identified its most critical accounting policy to be that related to the allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases. The Company s allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases methodology incorporates a variety of risk considerations, both quantitative and qualitative in establishing an allowance for estimated loan/lease loss that management believes is appropriate at each reporting date. Quantitative factors include the Company s historical loss experience, delinquency and charge-off trends, collateral values, changes in nonperforming loans/leases, and other factors. Quantitative factors also incorporate known information about individual loans/leases, including borrowers sensitivity to interest rate movements. Qualitative factors include the general economic environment in the Company s markets, including economic conditions throughout the Midwest, and in particular, the state of certain industries. Size and complexity of individual credits in relation to loan/lease structure, existing loan/lease policies and pace of portfolio growth are other qualitative factors that are considered in the methodology. Management may report a materially different amount for the provision for loan/lease losses in the statement of operations to change the allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases if its assessment of the above factors were different. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company s financial statements and the accompanying notes presented elsewhere herein, as well as the portion in the section entitled Financial Condition of this Management s Discussion and Analysis that discusses the allowance for estimated losses

Financial Condition of this Management s Discussion and Analysis that discusses the allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases. Although management believes the level of the allowance as of September 30, 2009 is adequate to absorb losses inherent in the loan/lease portfolio, a decline in local economic conditions, or other factors, could result in increasing losses that cannot be reasonably predicted at this time.

The Company s assessment of other-than-temporary impairment of its available for sale securities portfolio is another critical accounting policy as a result of the level of judgment required by management. Available for sale securities are evaluated to determine whether declines in fair value below their amortized cost are other-than-temporary. In estimating other-than-temporary impairment losses, management considers a number of factors including, but not limited to, (1) the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than amortized cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (3) the current market conditions, and (4) the intent of the Company to not sell the security or whether it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, management s evaluations determined that 11 publicly-traded equity securities owned by the Holding Company experienced declines in fair value that were other-than-temporary resulting in recognized losses totaling \$206 thousand. For the third quarter of 2009, management s evaluation determined that the declines in fair value below amortized cost for the remaining securities were temporary.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

INTEREST INCOME

Interest income experienced an increase of \$987 thousand, including the one-time adjustment of \$1.3 million, from \$21.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 to \$22.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2009. The Company grew its interest-earnings assets as the average balance increased \$260.0 million, or 19%, from \$1.38 billion for the third quarter of 2008 to \$1.64 billion for the same quarter of 2009. Most notably, the average balance of the loan/lease portfolio increased 7%, and the average balance of the investment securities portfolio increased 41%. The impact of this growth on interest income was effectively offset as a result of the sharp decline in national and local market interest rates over the past year. The Company s average yield on interest earning assets decreased 76 basis points from 6.28% for the three months ended September 30, 2008 to 5.52% for the same period in 2009.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company reported interest income of \$64.7 million, including the one-time adjustment of \$1.3 million, which is an increase from \$63.8 million for the first nine months of 2008. As mentioned above, the impact of significant growth in interest-earning assets on interest income was effectively offset by the sharp decline in national and local market interest rates over the past year.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense decreased \$1.1 million, or 11%, from \$9.8 million for the third quarter of 2008 to \$8.7 million for the third quarter of 2009. Although the Company saw an increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities of \$170.9 million, or 14%, from the third quarter in 2008 to the third quarter in 2009, the impact of this increase on interest expense was more than offset by the decline in the average cost of interest bearing liabilities. Specifically, the Company s average cost of interest bearing liabilities was 2.45% for the third quarter of 2009, which was a decrease of 69 basis points when compared to 3.14% for the third quarter of 2008.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company reported interest expense of \$26.7 million which is a decrease of \$4.0 million, or 13%, from \$30.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. The Company s ability to effectively manage the cost of interest-bearing liabilities more than offset the impact of increased volume on interest expense.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

PROVISION FOR LOAN/LEASE LOSSES

The provision for loan/lease losses is established based on a number of factors including the Company s historical loss experience, delinquencies and charge-off trends, the local and national economy and risk associated with the loans/leases in the portfolio as described in more detail in the Critical Accounting Policies section.

The provision for loan/lease losses increased \$1.3 million from \$2.2 million for the third quarter of 2008 to \$3.5 million for the third quarter of 2009. For the nine-month comparative period, the provision for loan/lease losses increased \$8.3 million from \$4.5 million for 2008 to \$12.8 million for 2009. The increases are attributable to growth in loans/leases, continued degradation of specific commercial credits, and the Company s decision to increase the qualitative reserve factors applied to all loans within the reserve adequacy calculations for all of the subsidiary banks and the leasing company due to the continued uncertainty regarding the national economy and the impact on the Company s local markets.

The provision for loan/lease losses for the third quarter of 2009 of \$3.5 million was a decrease of \$1.4 million from \$4.9 million for the second quarter of 2009.

As a result, the Company s allowance for loan/lease losses to gross loans/leases increased to 1.82% at September 30, 2009 from 1.47% at December 31, 2008, and from 1.24% at September 30, 2008.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Three Months Ended

NON-INTEREST INCOME

The following tables set forth the various categories of non-interest income for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

Three M	onths Ended		
September			
30,	September 30,		
2009	2008	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 267,240	\$ 228,786	\$ 38,454	16.8%
719,682	781,182	(61,500)	(7.9)
843,674	816,019	27,655	3.4
288,924	200,499	88,425	44.1
718,948		718,948	N/A
33,711	61,152	(27,441)	(44.9)
316,568	241,190	75,378	31.3
373,724	480,587	(106,863)	(22.2)
601,104	501,794	99,310	19.8
\$ 4,163,575	\$ 3,311,209	\$ 852,366	25.7%
	onths Ended		
•			
·	•		
2009	2008	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 805,990	\$ 735,123	\$ 70,867	9.6%
		, , ,	(16.1)
		· ·	6.0
	863,146		59.2
718,948		718,948	N/A
		, , ,	N/A
220,408	65,736	154,672	235.3
929,854	787,217	142,637	18.1
1,076,136	1,566,604	(490,468)	(31.3)
1,588,293	1,491,681	96,612	6.5
\$11,105,109	\$ 10,379,321	\$ 725,788	7.0%
	September 30, 2009 \$ 267,240 719,682 843,674 288,924 718,948 33,711 316,568 373,724 601,104 \$ 4,163,575 Nine Mo September 30, 2009 \$ 805,990 2,139,111 2,458,691 1,374,047 718,948 (206,369) 220,408 929,854 1,076,136 1,588,293	30, 2009 2008 \$ 267,240 \$ 228,786 719,682 781,182 843,674 816,019 288,924 200,499 718,948 33,711 61,152 316,568 241,190 373,724 480,587 601,104 501,794 \$ 4,163,575 \$ 3,311,209 Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30, 2009 Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30, 2008 \$ 805,990 \$ 735,123 2,139,111 2,549,856 2,458,691 2,319,958 1,374,047 863,146 718,948 (206,369) 220,408 65,736 929,854 787,217 1,076,136 1,566,604 1,588,293 1,491,681	September 30, 2009 September 30, 2008 \$ Change \$ 267,240 \$ 228,786 \$ 38,454 719,682 781,182 (61,500) 843,674 816,019 27,655 288,924 200,499 88,425 718,948 718,948 33,711 61,152 (27,441) 316,568 241,190 75,378 373,724 480,587 (106,863) 601,104 501,794 99,310 \$ 4,163,575 \$ 3,311,209 \$ 852,366 Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008 \$ Change \$ 805,990 \$ 735,123 \$ 70,867 2,139,111 2,549,856 (410,745) 2,458,691 2,319,958 138,733 1,374,047 863,146 510,901 718,948 718,948 (206,369) (206,369) 220,408 65,736 154,672 929,854 787,217 142,637 1,076,136 1,566,604 (490,468) 1,588,293 1,491,681 96,612

Trust department fees decreased \$62 thousand from the third quarter of 2008 to the third quarter of 2009, and decreased \$411 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to the same period of 2008. The majority of trust department fees are determined based on the value of the investments within the managed trusts.

With the national economic difficulties experienced over the past year, many of these investments experienced declines in market value.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Gains on sales of loans, net, increased \$88 thousand for the third quarter of 2009 compared to the same quarter of 2008, and increased \$511 thousand for the first nine months of 2009 compared to the same period of 2008. This consists primarily of sales of residential mortgages. Loan origination and sales activity for these loan types has increased as a result of the reduction in interest rates and the resulting increase in residential mortgage refinancing transactions. The Company sells the majority of the residential mortgages it originates.

During the third quarter of 2009, the Company identified four securities with favorable market positions which were sold at pre-tax gains totaling \$719 thousand. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, these gains were partially offset as the Company wrote down the value of 11 publicly-traded equity securities owned by the Holding Company which had experienced declines in fair value deemed to be other-than-temporary. The Company recognized losses in the amount of \$206 thousand during the first six months of 2009 for these write-downs.

Investment advisory and management fees decreased \$107 thousand, or 22%, for the third quarter of 2009 compared to the third quarter of 2008. Additionally, for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, investment advisory and management fees experienced a decrease of \$490 thousand, or 31%, when compared to the same period of 2008. Similar to trust department fees, these fees are determined based on the value of the investments managed. With the economic recession, many of these investments have experienced declines in market value.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

NON-INTEREST EXPENSE

The following tables set forth the various categories of non-interest expense for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

		onths Ended		
	September 30,	Santambar 20		
	30, 2009	September 30, 2008	\$ Change	% Change
	2007	2000	φ Change	70 Change
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 6,617,481	\$ 6,467,255	\$ 150,226	2.3%
Professional and data processing fees	1,183,283	1,143,404	39,879	3.5
Advertising and marketing	250,930	386,099	(135,169)	(35.0)
Occupancy and equipment expense	1,368,900	1,326,446	42,454	3.2
Stationery and supplies	130,623	116,589	14,034	12.0
Postage and telephone	267,731	222,931	44,800	20.1
Bank service charges	128,603	159,598	(30,995)	(19.4)
FDIC and other insurance	1,235,486	338,453	897,033	265.0
Loan/lease expense	832,806	299,368	533,438	178.2
Other	257,458	116,140	141,318	121.7
Total non-interest expense	\$12,273,301	\$ 10,576,283	\$ 1,697,018	16.0%
	Nine Mo	nths Ended		
	September	iniis Endod		
	30,	September 30,		
	2009	2008	\$ Change	% Change
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 20,463,428	\$ 19,301,094	\$ 1,162,334	6.0%
Professional and data processing fees	3,539,468	3,410,312	129,156	3.8
Advertising and marketing	703,812	980,942	(277,130)	(28.3)
Occupancy and equipment expense			(211,130)	(20.5)
	3,962,907	3,791,235	171,672	4.5
Stationery and supplies	3,962,907 408,472			, ,
		3,791,235	171,672	4.5
Stationery and supplies	408,472	3,791,235 369,363	171,672 39,109	4.5 10.6
Stationery and supplies Postage and telephone	408,472 787,014	3,791,235 369,363 694,742	171,672 39,109 92,272	4.5 10.6 13.3
Stationery and supplies Postage and telephone Bank service charges FDIC and other insurance	408,472 787,014 365,478	3,791,235 369,363 694,742 430,614	171,672 39,109 92,272 (65,136)	4.5 10.6 13.3 (15.1)
Stationery and supplies Postage and telephone Bank service charges	408,472 787,014 365,478 3,325,382	3,791,235 369,363 694,742 430,614 971,037	171,672 39,109 92,272 (65,136) 2,354,345	4.5 10.6 13.3 (15.1) 242.5

Salaries and employee benefits, which is the largest component of non-interest expense, increased \$150 thousand, or 2%, from the third quarter of 2008 to the third quarter of 2009, and increased \$1.2 million, or 6%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to the same period of 2008. These modest increases are largely the result of customary annual salary and benefits increases for the majority of the Company s employees. The Company s

employee base has stabilized over the past year as full time equivalents (FTEs) have remained relatively flat from 349 as of September 30, 2008 to 350 as of June 30, 2009 and 343 as of September 30, 2009.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

FDIC and other insurance expense increased \$897 thousand for the third quarter of 2009 compared to the third quarter of 2008, and increased \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to the same period of 2008. The reasons for these increases were twofold and both related to expenses for FDIC insurance. First, the FDIC required a one-time special assessment from all insured depository institutions, including the subsidiary banks, for the second quarter of 2009 which amounted to \$794 thousand of additional expense. Second, the remaining increase was primarily the result of the FDIC s new premium pricing system and the base assessment methodology for deposit insurance coverage. Management expects FDIC assessments will continue to be higher than historical levels. Loan/lease expense increased \$533 thousand from the third quarter of 2008 to the third quarter of 2009, and increased \$983 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, compared to the same period of 2008. In conjunction with the increase in nonperforming assets over the past year, the Company has incurred increased carrying costs and workout expenses related to these nonperforming assets.

INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes from continuing operations totaled \$563 thousand for the third quarter of 2009 compared to \$613 thousand for the third quarter of 2008. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the provision for income taxes from continuing operations was a benefit of \$561 thousand compared to an expense of \$2.2 million for the same period of 2008. The decreases were the result of a decrease in income from continuing operations before income taxes and the related increase in the proportionate share of tax-exempt income to total income.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Total assets of the Company increased by \$143.7 million, or 9%, to \$1.75 billion at September 30, 2009 from \$1.61 billion at December 31, 2008. The growth resulted primarily from the net increase in the securities available for sale portfolio and the loan/lease portfolio, funded by increases in deposits, short-term and other borrowings, and the issuance of preferred stock.

The composition of the Company s securities portfolio is managed to meet liquidity needs while prioritizing the impact on asset-liability position and maximizing return. Securities increased by \$89.8 million, or 35%, to \$345.9 million at September 30, 2009 from \$256.1 million at December 31, 2008. The increase was the result of increased collateral needs for customer and structured wholesale repurchase agreements at the subsidiary banks. The Company s securities available for sale portfolio consists largely of U.S. government sponsored agency securities. Mortgage-backed securities represents less than 1% of the entire portfolio as of September 30, 2009. See Note 3 for additional information regarding the Company s securities portfolio.

Gross loans/leases receivable experienced an increase of \$27.0 million, or 2%, from \$1.21 billion at December 31, 2008 to \$1.24 billion at September 30, 2009. Consistent with the intention of the TCPP, the Company is committed to providing transparency surrounding its utilization of the proceeds from participation in the TCPP including its lending activities and support of the existing communities served. The mix of the loan/lease types within the Company s loan/lease portfolio is presented in the table on the following page along with a rollforward of activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

The majority of residential real estate loans originated by the Company were sold on the secondary market to avoid the interest rate risk associated with long term fixed rate loans. Loans originated for this purpose were classified as held for sale and are included in the residential real estate loans below.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES ROLLFORWARD OF LENDING/LEASING ACTIVITY For the nine months ended September 30, 2009

BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008:	euad City Bank & Trust	m2 Lease Funds]	Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust (dollars in	Rockford Bank & Trust Dusands)		rcompany mination	уC	onsol To	
Commercial loans Commercial real estate loans Direct financing leases Residential real estate loans Installment and other consumer loans	\$ 236,023 254,848 44,480 54,151	\$ 79,408	\$	133,191 175,481 22,608 23,597	\$ 98,757 12,141 10,793	\$	(2,418)	\$	52 7 7 8	39,117 26,668 79,408 79,229 38,541
Plus deferred loan/lease origination costs, net of fees	589,502 118	79,408 1,864		354,877 (299)	191,594 44		(2,418)			2,963 1,727
Gross loans/leases receivable	\$ 589,620	\$ 81,272	\$	354,578	\$ 191,638	\$	(2,418)	\$	1,21	4,690
ORIGINATION OF NEW LOANS:										
Commercial loans Commercial real estate loans Direct financing leases Residential real estate loans Installment and other consumer loans	29,357 26,650 35,951 9,055	27,515		37,126 30,662 26,312 3,302	13,950 17,805 20,644 1,831				7 2 8	30,433 75,117 27,515 32,907 4,188
	\$ 101,013	\$ 27,515	\$	97,402	\$ 54,230	\$		\$	28	30,160
PAYMENTS/MATURITIES/SALES, NET OF ADVANCES OR RENEWALS ON EXISTING LOANS:										
Commercial loans Commercial real estate loans Direct financing leases Residential real estate loans Installment and other consumer loans	(48,731) (25,286) (47,327) (13,104)	(18,734)		(11,957) (20,391) (26,138) (3,111)	(13,766) (5,184) (19,093) (670)))	103		(5 (1 (9	74,454) 50,758) 8,734) 92,558) 6,885)

\$ (134,448) \$ (18,734) \$ (61,597) \$ (38,713) \$ 103 (253,389)

BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2009:

Commercial loans	216,649		158,360	70,087		445,096
Commercial real estate loans	256,212		185,752	111,378	(2,315)	551,027
Direct financing leases	ŕ	88,189	,	,	, , ,	88,189
Residential real estate loans	33,104		22,782	13,692		69,578
Installment and other consumer loans	50,102		23,788	11,954		85,844
	556,067	88,189	390,682	207,111	(2,315)	1,239,734
Plus deferred loan/lease origination costs, net of fees	41	2,269	(305)	(1)		2,004
Gross loans/leases receivable	\$ 556,108	\$ 90,458	\$ 390,377	\$ 207,110	\$ (2,315)	1,241,738

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Changes in the allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 are presented as follows:

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
	Sept	ember 30,	September 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2009		2008		2009		2008	
	(dollars in thousands)			(dollars in thousands)			sands)	
Balance, beginning	\$	22,495	\$	13,259	\$	17,809	\$	11,315
Provisions charged to expense		3,527		2,154		12,761		4,494
Loans/leases charged off		(3,596)		(959)		(8,966)		(2,057)
Recoveries on loans/leases previously charged								
off		214		42		1,036		744
Balance, ending	\$	22,640	\$	14,496	\$	22,640	\$	14,496

The allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases was \$22.6 million at September 30, 2009 compared to \$17.8 million at December 31, 2008, an increase of \$4.8 million, or 27%. The allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases was determined based on factors that included the overall composition of the loan/lease portfolio, types of loans/leases, past loss experience, loan/lease delinquencies, potential substandard and doubtful credits, economic conditions, collateral positions, governmental guarantees and other factors that, in management s judgment, deserved evaluation. To ensure that an adequate allowance was maintained, provisions were made based on a number of factors, including the increase in loans/leases and a detailed analysis of the loan/lease portfolio. The loan/lease portfolio was reviewed and analyzed monthly with specific detailed reviews completed on all loans risk-rated less than fair quality and carrying aggregate exposure in excess of \$100 thousand. The adequacy of the allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases was monitored by the loan review staff, and reported to management and the board of directors. Due to the continued uncertainty regarding the national economy and the impact on local markets, the Company increased the qualitative reserve factors applied to all loans within the reserve adequacy calculations for all of the subsidiary banks and the leasing company. As a result of these qualitative reserve increases, as well as increased specific reserves on certain loans in the portfolio, the Company s allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases to gross loans/leases increased to 1.82% at September 30, 2009 from 1.47% at December 31, 2008.

Although management believed that the allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases at September 30, 2009 was at a level adequate to absorb losses on existing loans/leases, there can be no assurance that such losses will not exceed the estimated amounts or that the Company will not be required to make additional provisions for loan/lease losses in the future. Unpredictable future events could adversely affect cash flows for both commercial and individual borrowers, which could cause the Company to experience increases in problem assets, delinquencies and losses on loans/leases, and require further increases in the provision. Asset quality is a priority for the Company and its subsidiaries. The ability to grow profitably is in part dependent upon the ability to maintain that quality. The Company continually focuses efforts at its subsidiary banks and leasing company with the intention to improve the overall quality of the Company s loan/lease portfolio.

Net charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$7.9 million which is an increase of \$6.6 million from \$1.3 million for the same period of 2008.

Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

The table below presents the amounts of nonperforming assets.

	September 30, 2009		As of June 30, 2009		December 31, 2008	
	(dollars in thousands)					
Nonaccrual loans/leases * Accruing loans/leases past due 90 days or more Other real estate owned	\$	25,400 1,503 4,994	\$	29,420 2,321 3,505	\$	20,828 222 3,857
	\$	31,897	\$	35,246	\$	24,907

* Includes the

government

guaranteed

portion for any

nonaccrual

loans that have a

guarantee. The

Company

previously

reported

nonaccrual

loans/leases

excluding the

government

guaranteed

portion. With

this report, the

Company

adjusted the

amounts in the

prior periods

presented to

reflect a

consistent

comparison.

The adjustments

did not have a

significant

impact on loan

covenant

compliance or

other previously presented disclosures.

The Company experienced a decline in nonperforming assets of \$3.4 million, or 10%, from \$35.3 million as of June 30, 2009 to \$31.9 million as of September 30, 2009. The level of nonperforming assets remains elevated compared to December 31, 2008 and historical levels. At September 30, 2009, nonperforming assets to total assets was 1.82% which was a decrease from 2.07% as of June 30, 2009, and an increase from 1.48% as of December 31, 2008. The large majority of the nonperforming assets are commercial loans that have been placed on nonaccrual status. Management has thoroughly reviewed these loans and has provided specific reserves as appropriate. As previously noted, the Company s allowance for estimated losses on loans/leases to gross loans/leases increased to 1.82% at September 30, 2009 from 1.47% at December 31, 2008.

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Deposits increased by \$37.8 million, or 4%, to \$1.10 billion at September 30, 2009 from \$1.06 billion at December 31, 2008. The table below presents the composition of the Company s deposit portfolio.

	As of			
	September 30, 2009 (dolla		December 31, 2008 in thousands)	
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 189,387	\$	161,126	
Interest bearing demand deposits	400,713		355,990	
Savings deposits	32,130		31,756	
Time deposits	400,742		386,097	
Brokered time deposits	73,796		123,990	
	\$ 1,096,768	\$	1,058,959	

The Company experienced an increase in demand deposits totaling \$73.0 million, or 14%, from \$517.1 million as of December 31, 2008 to \$590.1 million as of September 30, 2009. This increase and the Company s overall strong liquidity position has allowed the Company to reduce the level of brokered time deposits which have decreased \$50.2 million, or 40%, over the past three quarters.

Short-term borrowings increased \$12.7 million, or 13%, from \$101.5 million at December 31, 2008 to \$114.2 million at September 30, 2009. The subsidiary banks offer short-term repurchase agreements to some of their significant customers. Also, the subsidiary banks purchase federal funds for short-term funding needs from the Federal Reserve Bank or from their correspondent banks. Short-term borrowings were comprised of customer repurchase agreements of \$101.4 million and \$68.1 million at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, as well as federal funds purchased from correspondent banks of \$12.8 million at September 30, 2009 and \$33.4 million at December 31, 2008.

FHLB advances decreased by \$5.8 million, or 3%, to \$212.9 million at September 30, 2009 from \$218.7 million at December 31, 2008. As a result of their memberships in either the FHLB of Des Moines or Chicago, the subsidiary banks have the ability to borrow funds for short or long-term purposes under a variety of programs. FHLB advances are utilized for loan matching as a hedge against the possibility of rising interest rates, and when these advances provide a less costly or more readily available source of funds than customer deposits.

Other borrowings increased \$64.5 million, or 85%, from \$75.6 million at December 31, 2008 to \$140.1 million at September 30, 2009. Other borrowings consist largely of structured wholesale repurchase agreements which are utilized as an alternative funding source to FHLB advances and customer deposits. During the second quarter of 2009, the subsidiary banks executed \$65.0 million of long-term wholesale structured repurchase agreements with embedded interest rate caps in an effort to reduce long-term interest rate risk in a potential rising rate environment. See Note 4 for additional information regarding the Company s other borrowings.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Stockholders equity increased \$36.0 million from \$92.5 million as of December 31, 2008 to \$128.5 million as of September 30, 2009. The issuance of preferred stock and a common stock warrant as part of the Company s participation in the TCPP contributed \$38.1 million to stockholders equity. Refer to Financial Statement Note 9 for detail of the issuance of this preferred stock. Net income attributable to QCR Holdings, Inc. of \$853 thousand for the first nine months of 2009 increased retained earnings. Declaration and accrual of common and preferred stock dividends, including accretion of the discount on preferred stock, totaling \$3.0 million reduced retained earnings. Specifically, the Company declared a common stock dividend in the amount of \$181 thousand on April 21, 2009. Additionally, \$804 thousand represented the first three quarterly dividends of 2009 on the outstanding shares of Series B Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock at a stated rate of 8.00%, and \$534 thousand was the amount of the first three quarterly dividends of 2009 on the outstanding shares of Series C Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock at a stated rate of 9.50%. For the Series D Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, dividends at a stated rate of 5.00% were declared and accrued through September 30, 2009 in the amount of \$1.2 million, and the discount accreted through September 30, 2009 in the amount of \$269 thousand. Additionally, the available for sale portion of the securities portfolio experienced a decrease in fair value of \$590 thousand, net of tax, for the first three quarters of 2009 as a result of the increase in long-term interest rates.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity measures the ability of the Company to meet maturing obligations and its existing commitments, to withstand fluctuations in deposit levels, to fund its operations, and to provide for customers—credit needs. The Company monitors liquidity risk through contingency planning stress testing on a regular basis. The Company seeks to avoid over concentration of funding sources and to establish and maintain contingent funding facilities that can be drawn upon if normal funding sources become unavailable. One source of liquidity is cash and short-term assets, such as interest-bearing deposits in other banks and federal funds sold, which totaled \$83.4 million as of September 30, 2009. This was an increase of \$27.1 million, or 48%, from \$56.3 million as of December 31, 2008.

The Company has a variety of sources of short-term liquidity available to it, including federal funds purchased from correspondent banks, FHLB advances, structured wholesale repurchase agreements, brokered certificates of deposit, lines of credit, borrowing at the Federal Reserve Discount Window, sales of securities available for sale, and loan participations or sales. At September 30, 2009, the subsidiary banks had 20 lines of credit totaling \$161.7 million, of which \$32.2 million was secured and \$129.5 million was unsecured. At September 30, 2009, all of the \$161.7 million was available. Additionally, the Company has a single \$20.0 million secured revolving credit note with a maturity date of April 2, 2010. As of September 30, 2009, the Company had \$15.0 million available as the note carried an outstanding balance of \$5.0 million.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Throughout its history, the Company has secured additional capital through various resources including approximately \$36.1 million through the issuance of trust preferred securities and \$58.2 million through the issuance of preferred stock, of which \$38.1 million was issued on February 13, 2009 as part of the Company s participation in the TCPP. The board of directors and management believed it was prudent to participate in the TCPP because (1) the cost of capital under this program was significantly lower than the cost of capital otherwise available to the Company at the time, and (2) despite being well-capitalized, additional capital under this program provided the Company additional capacity to meet future capital needs that may arise in this current uncertain economic environment. See Financial Statement Note 9 for additional information on the issuance of TCPP preferred stock.

The Company and the subsidiary banks are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and the subsidiary banks must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The most recent notification from the FDIC categorized the subsidiary banks as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There are no conditions or events since the notifications that management believes have changed each institution s categories. The Company and the subsidiary banks actual capital amounts and ratios as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 are presented in the following tables (dollars in thousands):

					To Be	To Be Well		
						Capitalized Under		
			For Capital			Prompt Corrective		
	Actual		Adequacy Purposes			Action Provisions		
	Amount	Ratio	Amount Ratio		Amount	Ratio		
As of September 30, 2009:								
Company:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 174,572	12.65%	\$110,378	≥	8.0%	N/A	N/A	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	155,558	11.27%	55,189	≥	4.0	N/A	N/A	
Leverage ratio	155,558	8.92%	69,876	≥	4.0	N/A	N/A	
Quad City Bank & Trust:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 95,170	12.45%	\$ 61,142	≥	8.0%	\$ 76,427	≥ 10.00%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	85,597	11.20%	30,571	≥	4.0	45,856	≥ 6.00%	
Leverage ratio	85,597	8.72%	39,245	≥	4.0	49,056	≥ 5.00%	
Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 53,784	13.28%	\$ 32,411	≥	8.0%	\$ 48,617	≥ 10.00%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	48,698	12.02%	16,206	≥	4.0	24,308	≥ 6.00%	
Leverage ratio	48,698	9.35%	20,832	≥	4.0	26,040	≥ 5.00%	
Rockford Bank & Trust:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 28,207	13.19%	\$ 17,107	≥	8.0%	\$ 21,384	≥ 10.00%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	25,509	11.93%	8,554	≥	4.0	12,830	≥ 6.00%	
Leverage ratio	25,509	10.18%	10,025	≥	4.0	12,532	≥ 5.00%	

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

	Actual		For Ca Adequacy	•	ses	To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions		
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ra	ıtio	Amount	Ratio	
As of December 31, 2008:								
Company:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 138,008	10.39%	\$ 106,283	≥	8.0%	N/A	N/A	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	111,121	8.36%	53,141	≥	4.0%	N/A	N/A	
Leverage ratio	111,121	6.67%	66,610	≥	4.0%	N/A	N/A	
Quad City Bank & Trust:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 79,438	10.72%	\$ 59,273	≥	8.0%	\$ 74,091	≥ 10.00%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	70,313	9.49%	29,636	≥	4.0%	44,455	≥ 6.00%	
Leverage ratio	70,313	7.88%	35,695	≥	4.0%	44,618	≥ 5.00%	
Cedar Rapids Bank & Trust:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 40,575	10.52%	\$ 30,854	≥	8.0%	\$ 38,567	≥ 10.00%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	35,752	9.27%	15,427	≥	4.0%	23,140	≥ 6.00%	
Leverage ratio	35,752	7.85%	18,212	≥	4.0%	22,765	≥ 5.00%	
Rockford Bank & Trust:								
Total risk-based capital	\$ 21,483	10.63%	\$ 16,162	≥	8.0%	\$ 20,202	≥ 10.00%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital	18,943	9.38%	8,081	≥	4.0%	12,121	≥ 6.00%	
Leverage ratio	18,943	8.65%	8,755	≥	4.0%	10,944	≥ 5.00%	

On April 21, 2009, the Company declared a common dividend of \$0.04 per share, or \$181 thousand, which was paid on July 6, 2009 to common stockholders of record on June 22, 2009. It is the Company s intention to consider the payment of common dividends on a semi-annual basis.

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Part I Item 2

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued SPECIAL NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This document (including information incorporated by reference) contains, and future oral and written statements of the Company and its management may contain, forward-looking statements, within the meaning of such term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of the Company. Forward-looking statements, which may be based upon beliefs, expectations and assumptions of the Company s management and on information currently available to management, are generally identifiable by the use of words such as believe, expect, anticipate, predict, bode, suggest, appear, plan, intend, estimate, may, will, would, could, should, likely, or other similar expression statements in this document, including forward-looking statements, speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any statement in light of new information or future events. The Company s ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. The factors which could have a material adverse effect on the Company s operations and future prospects are detailed in the Risk Factors section included under Item 1.A. of Part I of the Company s Form 10-K and Item 1.A. of Part II of this report. In addition to the risk factors described in those sections, there are other factors that may impact any public company, including the Company, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company s operations and future prospects. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements.

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Part I Item 3

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company, like other financial institutions, is subject to direct and indirect market risk. Direct market risk exists from changes in interest rates. The Company s net income is dependent on its net interest income. Net interest income is susceptible to interest rate risk to the degree that interest-bearing liabilities mature or reprice on a different basis than interest-earning assets. When interest-bearing liabilities mature or reprice more quickly than interest-earning assets in a given period, a significant increase in market rates of interest could adversely affect net interest income. Similarly, when interest-earning assets mature or reprice more quickly than interest-bearing liabilities, falling interest rates could result in a decrease in net interest income.

In an attempt to manage the Company s exposure to changes in interest rates, management monitors the Company s interest rate risk. Each subsidiary bank has an asset/liability management committee of the board of directors that meets quarterly to review the bank s interest rate risk position and profitability, and to make or recommend adjustments for consideration by the full board of each bank. Internal asset/liability management teams consisting of members of the subsidiary banks management meet weekly to manage the mix of assets and liabilities to maximize earnings and liquidity and minimize interest rate and other risks. Management also reviews the subsidiary banks securities portfolios, formulates investment strategies, and oversees the timing and implementation of transactions to assure attainment of the board s objectives in the most effective manner. Notwithstanding the Company s interest rate risk management activities, the potential for changing interest rates is an uncertainty that can have an adverse effect on net income.

In adjusting the Company s asset/liability position, the board of directors and management attempt to manage the Company s interest rate risk while maintaining or enhancing net interest margins. At times, depending on the level of general interest rates, the relationship between long-term and short-term interest rates, market conditions and competitive factors, the board of directors and management may decide to increase the Company s interest rate risk position somewhat in order to increase its net interest margin. The Company s results of operations and net portfolio values remain vulnerable to increases in interest rates and to fluctuations in the difference between long-term and short-term interest rates.

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Part I Item 3

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

One method used to quantify interest rate risk is a short-term earnings at risk summary, which is a detailed and dynamic simulation model used to quantify the estimated exposure of net interest income to sustained interest rate changes. This simulation model captures the impact of changing interest rates on the interest income received and interest expense paid on all interest sensitive assets and liabilities reflected on the Company s consolidated balance sheet. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates net interest income exposure over a one year horizon, assuming no balance sheet growth and a 200 basis point upward and a 200 basis point downward shift in interest rates, where interest-bearing assets and liabilities reprice at their earliest possible repricing date. The model assumes a parallel and pro rata shift in interest rates over a twelve-month period. Application of the simulation model analysis at June 30, 2009 demonstrated a 2.80% decrease in net interest income with a 200 basis point increase in interest rates. Due to the status of the current interest rate environment, consideration of any downward shift is not realistic; therefore, the Company didn t formally quantify any risk for downward shifts in interest rates. The simulation is within the board-established policy limits of a 10% decline in value.

Interest rate risk is considered to be one of the most significant market risks affecting the Company. For that reason, the Company engages the assistance of a national consulting firm and its risk management system to monitor and control the Company s interest rate risk exposure. Other types of market risk, such as foreign currency exchange rate risk and commodity price risk, do not arise in the normal course of the Company s business activities.

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Part I Item 4

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2009. Based on that evaluation, the Company s management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed and submitted under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There have been no significant changes to the Company s internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II

QCR HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 <u>Legal Proceedings</u>

There are no material pending legal proceedings to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to their respective businesses.

Item 1.A. Risk Factors

In addition to the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, Item1.A. Risk Factors in the Company s 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company has identified two risk factors below that could materially affect the Company s business, financial condition, or future operating results.

Increases in FDIC insurance premiums may have a material adverse effect on the Company s earnings.

Recently, higher levels of bank failures have dramatically increased resolution costs of the FDIC and depleted the Deposit Insurance Fund. In addition, the FDIC instituted two temporary programs in 2008 to further insure customer deposits at FDIC-member banks through December 31, 2009: deposit accounts are now insured up to \$250,000 per customer (up from \$100,000) and non-interest bearing transactional accounts are fully insured (unlimited coverage). These programs have placed additional stress on the Deposit Insurance Fund. On May 20, 2009, the FDIC extended the \$250,000 per customer insurance limit through December 31, 2013. On January 1, 2014, the standard insurance amount will return to \$100,000 per depositor for all accounts except for certain retirement accounts which will remain insured up to \$250,000 per depositor.

In order to maintain a strong funding position and restore reserve ratios of the Deposit Insurance Fund, the FDIC increased assessment rates of insured institutions uniformly by 7 cents for every \$100 of deposits beginning with the first quarter of 2009, with additional changes effective April 1, 2009, which required riskier institutions to pay a larger share of premiums by factoring in rate adjustments based on secured liabilities and unsecured debt levels.

On May 22, 2009, the FDIC adopted a final rule that imposed a special assessment on all insured depository institutions, which was collected on September 30, 2009. The final rule also permits the FDIC to impose additional special assessments, if necessary. The latest possible date for imposing additional special assessments under the final rule is December 31, 2009, with collection on March 30, 2010.

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Part II

PART II OTHER INFORMATION continued

On September 29, 2009, the FDIC Board of Directors adopted a notice of proposed rulemaking and request for comment that would require insured depository institutions to prepay their quarterly risk-based assessments for the fourth quarter of 2009 and full years 2010 through 2012 on December 29, 2009. This action was taken in connection with the adoption of an Amended Restoration Plan to meet immediate liquidity needs and return the Deposit Insurance Fund to its federally mandated level, without imposing additional special assessments. Further, the prepayment of assessments does not prevent the FDIC from changing assessment rates or revising the risk-based assessment system in future periods.

The Company is generally unable to control the amount of premiums that it is required to pay for FDIC insurance. If there are additional bank or financial institution failures, the Company may be required to pay even higher FDIC premiums than the recently increased levels. Additionally, the FDIC may make material changes to the calculation of the prepaid assessment from the current proposal. Any future changes in the calculation or assessment of FDIC insurance premiums may have a material adverse effect on the Company s results of operations and financial condition.

The limitations on bonuses, retention awards, severance payments, and incentive compensation contained in ARRA may adversely affect the Company s ability to retain its key employees.

For so long as any of the equity securities the Company issued to the Treasury under the TCPP remain outstanding, ARRA restricts bonuses, retention awards, severance payments, and other incentive compensation payable to the Company s five senior executive officers and up to the next 20 highest paid employees. These limitations may adversely affect the Company s ability to recruit and retain key employees, including its executive officers, especially if the Company is competing for talent against institutions that are not subject to the same limitations.

Item 2 <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>

None

Item 3 <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>

None

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Part II

PART II OTHER INFORMATION continued

Item 4 Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 5 Other Information

None

Item 6 Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

QCR HOLDINGS, INC.

(Registrant)

Date November 9, 2009 /s/ Douglas M. Hultquist

Douglas M. Hultquist, President

Chief Executive Officer

Date November 9, 2009 /s/ Todd A. Gipple

Todd A. Gipple, Executive Vice President

Chief Operating Officer Chief Financial Officer

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

QCR HOLDINGS, INC. (Registrant)

Date November 9, 2009

Douglas M. Hultquist, President Chief Executive Officer

Date November 9, 2009

Todd A. Gipple, Executive Vice President Chief Operating Officer Chief Financial Officer

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