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SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED APRIL 3, 2008
PRELIMINARY PRICING SUPPLEMENT NO.

REGISTRATION NO. 333-106040; 333-143992

FILED PURSUANT TO RULE 424(b)(2)

AIG-FP-58 TO PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 13, 2007 AND PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT DATED JULY 13, 2007

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC.
MEDIUM-TERM NOTES, SERIES AIG-FP,
PRINCIPAL PROTECTED NOTES LINKED TO THE PERFORMANCE
OF A BASKET OF ASIAN CURRENCIES
DUE , 2010
(THE NOTES)

The Notes:

The Notes are designed for investors who believe that the aggregate value of a basket of currencies (the Basket) will appreciate relative to the U.S. dollar from the pricing date (the Pricing Date) to the Valuation Date (as defined herein), a date shortly before the maturity date of the Notes. The Notes do not bear interest, and investors must be willing to forego interest payments on the Notes. The value of the Basket will increase if the Basket s currencies (the Indonesian rupiah, the Indian rupee, the Hong Kong dollar, the Singapore dollar and the Malaysian ringgit) (the Basket Components)), as weighted in the Basket, appreciate relative to the U.S. dollar. The value of the Basket will decrease if the Basket Components, as weighted in the Basket, depreciate relative to the U.S. dollar.

The Notes are 100% principal protected if held to the maturity date.

There will be no payments on the Notes prior to the maturity date.

We cannot redeem the Notes prior to the maturity date.

The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

The Notes will be senior unsecured debt securities of American International Group, Inc. (AIG) and part of a series entitled Medium-Term Notes, Series AIG-FP.

AIG Financial Products Corp, as calculation agent (the Calculation Agent), will determine the Basket Return as described in this pricing supplement.

The Notes will have CUSIP No. 02687QDP0.

The settlement date is expected to be , 2008.

The Pricing Date is expected to be three New York Business Days prior to the settlement date (scheduled to be , 2008).

Payment on the maturity date:

The maturity date is expected to be , 2010, subject to postponement in the event such date is not a New York Business Day or in the event of a Disruption Event as described under Description of the Basket.

The valuation date (the Valuation Date) is expected to be three New York Business Days prior to the maturity date (scheduled to be , 2010), subject to adjustment (i) with respect solely to any Basket Component, in the event of a Disruption Event with respect to such Basket Component, as described under Description of the Basket , and (ii) with respect to all Basket Components, in the event that the scheduled Valuation Date is not a Valuation Business Day with respect to any Basket Component, as described under Description of the Notes .

The amount you receive on the maturity date will be based upon the direction of and percentage aggregate change in the value of the Basket Components, as weighted in the Basket, relative to the U.S. dollar from the Pricing Date to the Valuation Date. For each \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, you will receive \$1,000 plus a supplemental redemption amount (the Supplemental Redemption Amount) equal to:

if the Basket Return is greater than zero, (1) \$1,000 times (2) the Basket Return times (3) a participation rate equal to a percentage between 150% and 170%; or

if the Basket Return is zero or less, \$0.

The Basket Return will equal the sum of the Weighted Currency Returns for the Basket Components. The Weighted Currency Return for each Basket Component will be equal to (1) 20% times (2) the percentage change in the level of that Basket Component relative to the U.S. dollar from the Pricing Date to the Valuation Date, which is calculated as a quotient, the numerator of which is equal to the Starting Value minus the Ending Value for such Basket Component, and the denominator of which is the Starting Value for such Basket Component.

The actual participation rate will be determined on the Pricing Date and set forth in the final offering document made available in connection with the sales of the Notes.

Information included in this pricing supplement supersedes information in the related prospectus supplement and prospectus to the extent that it is different from that information.

Investing in the Notes involves risks that are described in the Risk Factors section beginning on page PS-2 of this pricing supplement.

	<u>Per Minimum</u>	
	Denomination	Total
Public offering price	\$1,000.00	\$
Underwriting discount	\$ 0.00	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to American International Group, Inc.	\$1,000.00	\$

Concurrently with the pricing of an offering of the Notes, we intend to enter into a swap transaction with an affiliate of the underwriter, Lehman Brothers Inc. (Lehman Brothers), to hedge completely our market risk under the Notes. Assuming there are no changes in the levels of the Basket Components and no changes in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which Lehman Brothers or another purchaser might be willing to purchase your Notes in a secondary market transaction is expected to be lower, and could be substantially lower, than the original public offering price of the Notes. This is due to, among other things, the fact that the original public offering price of the Notes included, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, the development and hedging costs associated with the Notes that the hedging counterparty or its affiliates may incur, as well as the projected profit included in the cost of hedging our obligations under the Notes. For more information, see Risk Factors.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this pricing supplement or the related prospectus supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Lehman Brothers Inc.

The date of this pricing supplement is , 2008.

RISK FACTORS

Unlike ordinary debt securities, the return on the Notes at maturity will depend on the value of the Basket. Investing in the Notes involves a number of significant risks not associated with similar investments in a conventional debt security, including events that are difficult to predict and beyond AIG s control. Investors should carefully consider the following discussion of risks and the discussion of risks included in the related prospectus before deciding whether to invest in the Notes. Prospective investors should consult their financial and legal advisors as to the risks entailed by an investment in the Notes and the suitability of the Notes in light of their particular circumstances.

You may not earn a return on your investment

If the Basket Return on the Valuation Date is less than or equal to zero, the Supplemental Redemption Amount you will receive at maturity will be \$0, and we will pay you only the principal amount of your Notes. This will be true even if the Basket Return was greater than zero at some time during the life of the Notes but later falls to zero or less than zero on the Valuation Date.

The inclusion in the original issue price of the Notes of distribution costs and projected profits from hedging is likely to adversely affect secondary market prices for the Notes

Concurrently with the pricing of an offering of the Notes, we intend to enter into a swap transaction with an affiliate of the underwriter, Lehman Brothers Inc. (Lehman Brothers), to hedge completely our market risk under the Notes. See Supplemental Plan of Distribution for more information regarding the terms of the swap. Assuming there are no changes in the levels of the Basket Components and no changes in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which Lehman Brothers or another purchaser might be willing to purchase your Notes in a secondary market transaction is expected to be lower, and could be substantially lower, than the original public offering price of the Notes. This is due to a number of factors, including that (i) the potential profit to the secondary market purchaser of the Notes may be incorporated into any offered price and (ii) the cost of funding used to value the Notes in the secondary market is expected to be higher than our actual cost of funding incurred in connection with the issuance of the Notes. In addition, the original public offering price of the Notes included, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, the projected profit that our swap counterparty or its affiliates may realize in connection with this swap. Further, as a result of dealer discounts, mark-ups or other transaction costs, any of which may be significant in the case of complex financial instruments such as the Notes, the original public offering price may differ from values determined by pricing models used by our swap counterparty or other potential purchasers of the Notes in secondary market transactions.

A trading market for the Notes is not expected to develop, which may adversely affect the price you may receive if you try to sell your Notes before the maturity date

The Notes will not be listed on any futures or securities exchange, and we do not expect a trading market for the Notes to develop. The development of a trading market for the Notes will depend on our financial performance and other factors such as the increase, if any, in the levels of trading in the Basket Components. Even if a secondary market for the Notes develops, it may not provide sufficient liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Notes easily, and transaction costs in any secondary market could be high. As a result, the difference between the bid and asked prices for the Notes in any secondary market could be substantial. If you wish to sell your Notes before maturity, you may have to do so at a discount from the original public offering price, and, as a result, you may suffer substantial losses. The Notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments and if you sell your Notes in the secondary market prior to maturity you will not be entitled to principal protection or any minimum return of the principal amount of your Notes sold. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold the Notes to maturity.

Although Lehman Brothers has indicated that it currently intends to bid for Notes offered for sale to it by holders of the Notes, it is not required to do so and may cease making those bids at any time. If a market-maker (which may be Lehman Brothers) makes a market in the Notes, the price it quotes would reflect any changes in market conditions and other relevant factors. Trading of the Notes may cause any market-maker to have long or short positions in the Notes. The supply and demand for the Notes, including inventory positions of market-makers, may affect the secondary market for the Notes.

The Basket Return on the Valuation Date may be less than the sum of the Weighted Currency Returns at times before the Valuation Date

Because the Basket Return is calculated as the sum of the Weighted Currency Returns on the Valuation Date, the sum of the Weighted Currency Returns, if calculated from time to time during the term of the Notes, could be more than the Basket Return on the Valuation Date. This difference could be particularly large if there is significant volatility in the Basket Components during the term of the Notes (especially on dates near the Valuation Date). Because the Valuation Date is near the end of the term of the Notes, if the Basket Components appreciate or remain relatively constant initially during the term of the Notes relative to its starting level and then depreciate, the Basket Return may be significantly lower than if it were calculated on a date earlier than the Valuation Date. Under these circumstances, you may receive a lower payment at maturity than you would have received if you had invested directly in the Basket Components or contracts relating to the Basket Components for which there is an active secondary market.

Disruption Events may adversely affect your return

Certain events, including events involving the suspension or disruption of market trading in the Basket Components, constitute Disruption Events under the terms of the Notes. To the extent any of these events occurs with respect to a Basket Component and remains in effect on the Valuation Date, the Valuation Date for the affected Basket Component may be postponed until the Disruption Event ceases to be in effect or, if the Disruption Event remains in effect for three scheduled Valuation Business Days, the exchange rate for the affected Basket Component will be determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith based on quotations from dealers in the market for the relevant Basket Component or, in certain circumstances, in the Calculation Agent s discretion. In the event that the Valuation Date for one or more Basket Components is postponed, the Basket Return may be lower, and could result in the Supplemental Redemption Amount being lower, than what you may have anticipated based on the last available exchange rate for any affected Basket Component as of the scheduled Valuation Date.

Many factors interrelate in complex ways to affect the trading value of the Notes

The market price which you may receive for the Notes will be affected by factors that interrelate in complex ways. The effect of one factor may offset the increase in the trading value of the Notes caused by another factor and the effect of one factor may exacerbate the decrease in the trading value of the Notes caused by another factor. For example, if the volatility of the Currency Rates of the Basket Components changes, the value of the Notes may decrease, which may offset some or all of any increase in the trading value of the Notes attributable to another factor. The following paragraphs describe the expected impact on the trading value of the Notes given a change in a specific factor, assuming all other conditions remain constant.

The value of the Basket is expected to affect the trading value of the Notes. We expect that the trading value, if any, of the Notes will depend substantially on the amount, if any, by which the Basket Return exceeds zero. However, even if you choose to sell your Notes when the Basket Return exceeds zero, you may receive substantially less than the amount that would be payable on the maturity date based on this value because of the expectation that the level of the Basket Return will continue to fluctuate until the Basket Return is determined on the Valuation Date.

Changes in the volatilities of the Basket Components relative to the U.S. dollar are expected to affect the trading value of the Notes. Volatility is the term used to describe the size and frequency of price and/or market fluctuations. If the volatilities of the Basket Components relative to the U.S. dollar increase or decrease, the trading value of the Notes may be adversely affected.

Changes in the levels of interest rates are expected to affect the trading value of the Notes. We expect that changes in interest rates of the jurisdictions issuing the Basket Components will affect the trading value of the Notes. In general, if interest rates of the jurisdictions issuing the Basket Components increase relative to interest rates in the United States, we expect that the exchange rates of such Basket Components will increase relative to the U.S. dollar and, conversely, if such interest rates decrease relative to interest rates in the United States, we expect that the exchange rates of such Basket Components will decrease relative to the U.S. dollar. If interest rates increase or decrease in markets based on any Basket Component, the trading value of the Notes may be adversely affected.

Interest rates may also affect the economies issuing the Basket Components and, in turn, the respective exchange rates, and therefore, the trading value of the Notes.

As the time remaining to the maturity date of the Notes decreases, the time premium associated with the Notes is expected to decrease. We anticipate that before their maturity date, the Notes may trade, if at all, at a value above that which would be expected based solely on the value of the Basket. This difference will reflect a time premium due to expectations concerning the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the Basket Components prior to the maturity date of the Notes. However, as the time remaining to the maturity date of the Notes decreases, we expect that this time premium will decrease, lowering the trading value of the Notes.

Changes in our credit ratings may affect the trading value of the Notes. Our credit ratings are an assessment of our ability to pay our obligations. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings may affect the trading value of the Notes. However, because the return on the Notes is dependent upon factors in addition to our ability to pay our obligations under the Notes, such as the amount of the Basket Return, if any, as of the Valuation Date, an improvement in our credit ratings will not reduce the other investment risks related to the Notes. For instance, our credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact on the value of your Notes of risks related to structure, market or other factors discussed herein.

In general, assuming all relevant factors are held constant, we expect that the effect on the trading value of the Notes of a given change in some of the factors listed above will be less if it occurs later in the term of the Notes than if it occurs earlier in the term of the Notes. We expect, however, that the effect on the trading value of the Notes of a given change in the value of the Basket will be greater if it occurs later in the term of the Notes than if it occurs earlier in the term of the Notes.

Any positive return(s) in one or more Basket Components may be offset by a negative return in another Basket Component

The Notes are linked to the Basket, which is composed of five Basket Components. Each of the Basket Components is equally weighted in determining the Basket Return. Accordingly, the performance of the Basket will be based on the aggregate appreciation or depreciation of the Basket Components taken as a whole. Therefore, a positive return in one Basket Component may be offset, in whole or in part, by a negative return of a lesser, equal or greater magnitude in another Basket Component. For example, the combination of a 2% Indian rupee return and a 1% Singapore dollar return would be entirely offset by a -3% Malaysian ringgit return, assuming the Currency Rates of the other Basket Components do not change, resulting in a Basket Return of zero and a payment at maturity to you of only your principal amount.

Your yield may be lower than the yield on other debt securities of comparable maturity

The yield that you will receive on the Notes may be less than the return you could earn on other investments. Your yield may be less than the yield you would earn if you bought a traditional interest-bearing debt security of AIG with the same maturity date. Your investment may not reflect the full opportunity cost to you when you take into account factors that affect the time value of money.

You must rely on your own evaluation of the merits of an investment linked to the Basket

In the ordinary course of their businesses, AIG and Lehman Brothers or their affiliates may express views on expected movements in foreign currency exchange rates, and these views are sometimes communicated to clients who participate in the foreign currency exchange markets. However, these views are subject to change from time to time. Moreover, other professionals who deal in foreign currencies may at any time have significantly different views from those of AIG or Lehman Brothers or their affiliates. For these reasons, you are encouraged to investigate the currency exchange markets based on information from multiple sources, and should not rely on the views expressed by AIG or Lehman Brothers or their affiliates.

You should make such investigation as you deem appropriate as to the merits of an investment linked to the Basket. Neither the offering of the Notes nor any view which may from time to time be expressed by our affiliates in the ordinary course of their businesses with respect to future exchange rate movements constitutes a recommendation as to the merits of an investment in the Notes.

The return on your Notes depends on the values of the Basket Components, which are affected by many complex factors outside of our control

The value of any currency, including the Basket Components, may be affected by complex political and economic factors. The exchange rate of each Basket Component is at any moment a result of the supply and demand for that currency relative to other currencies, and changes in the exchange rate result over time from the interaction of many factors directly or indirectly affecting economic and political conditions in the originating country of each Basket Component, including economic and political developments in other countries. Of particular importance are the relative rates of inflation, interest rate levels, balance of payments and extent of governmental surpluses or deficits in those countries, all of which are in turn sensitive to the monetary, fiscal and trade policies pursued by the governments of those countries, and other countries important to international trade and finance.

Foreign exchange rates can be fixed by sovereign governments or they may be floating. Exchange rates of most economically developed nations and many developing nations are permitted to fluctuate in value relative to the U.S. dollar. However, governments sometimes do not allow their currencies to float freely in response to economic forces. Governments, including those issuing the Basket Components, may use a variety of techniques, such as intervention by their central bank or imposition of regulatory controls or taxes, to affect the exchange rates of their respective currencies. They may also issue a new currency to replace an existing currency or alter the exchange rate or relative exchange characteristics by devaluation or revaluation of a currency. Thus, a special risk in purchasing the Notes is that their liquidity, trading value and amounts payable could be affected by the actions of sovereign governments which could change or interfere with theretofore freely determined currency valuation, fluctuations in response to other market forces and the movement of currencies across borders. There will be no adjustment or change in the terms of the Notes in the event that exchange rates should become fixed, or in the event of any devaluation or revaluation or imposition of exchange or other regulatory controls or taxes, or in the event of the issuance of a replacement currency or in the event of other developments affecting any of the Basket Components, or any other currency.

Even though currencies trade around the clock, your Notes will not, and the prevailing market prices for your Notes may not, reflect the underlying currency prices and rates

The interbank market in foreign currencies is a global, around-the-clock market. Therefore, the hours of trading for the Notes will not conform to the hours during which the Basket Components are traded. Significant price and rate movements may take place in the underlying foreign exchange markets that will not be reflected immediately in the market price, if any, of the Notes. The possibility of these movements should be taken into account in relating the value of the Notes to those in the underlying foreign exchange markets.

There is no systematic reporting of last-sale information for foreign currencies. Reasonably current bid and offer information is available in certain brokers—offices, in bank foreign currency trading offices and to others who wish to subscribe for this information, but this information will not necessarily be reflected in the value of the Basket, as determined by the Calculation Agent. There is no regulatory requirement that those quotations be firm or revised on a timely basis. The absence of last-sale information and the limited availability of quotations to individual investors may make it difficult for many investors to obtain timely, accurate data about the state of the underlying foreign exchange markets.

Future performance of the Basket cannot be predicted on the basis of historical performance

The exchange rates of the Basket Components, as weighted in the Basket, will determine the Basket Return. As a result, it is impossible to predict whether, or the extent to which, the Basket Return will rise or fall. As discussed herein, exchange rates will be influenced by complex and interrelated political, economic, financial and other factors. Accordingly, the historical performance of the Basket Components should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the Basket Return, and no projection, representation or warranty is made regarding future performance.

Purchases and sales by us or the swap counterparty may affect your return

We intend to hedge our obligations under the Notes through our subsidiary AIG-FP by entering into a swap transaction with Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. as the swap counterparty. In turn, the swap counterparty may hedge its obligations on that swap transaction by purchasing the Basket Components, or exchange-traded funds or other derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the trading prices of the Basket Components or the level of the Basket, and may adjust these hedges by, among other things, purchasing or selling Basket Components, or exchange-traded funds or other derivative instruments with returns linked to the Basket or the Basket Components, at any time. If our subsidiary s swap transaction with Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. were terminated, we or one of our subsidiaries may hedge our obligations by engaging in any of the hedging activities described above. Although they are not expected to, any of these hedging activities may adversely affect the trading prices of the Basket Components or the level of the Basket Return and, therefore, the market value of the Notes even as we, one or more of our subsidiaries, or the swap counterparty may realize substantial returns from these activities.

We may have conflicts of interests arising from our relationship with the Calculation Agent

AIG-FP, our subsidiary, in its capacity as Calculation Agent for the Notes, is under no obligation to take your interests into consideration in determining the Starting Value, Ending Value and Supplemental Redemption Amount (each as defined herein), if any, and is only required to act in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner. Because these determinations by AIG-FP will affect the payment at maturity of the Notes, conflicts of interest may arise in connection with its performance of its role as Calculation Agent.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

AIG will issue the Notes as part of a series of senior debt securities entitled Medium-Term Notes, Series AIG-FP , which is more fully described in the Prospectus Supplement, under the Indenture dated as of October 12, 2006 between AIG and The Bank of New York, as trustee, which is more fully described in the related prospectus. The Notes are expected to mature on , 2010, subject to adjustment in the event of a Disruption Event, as described below under Description of the Basket. The Valuation Date is expected to be , 2010, subject to postponement, with respect solely to any Basket Component, in the event of a Disruption Event with respect to such Basket Component, as described below under Description of the Basket . If the scheduled Valuation Date is not a Valuation Business Day in respect of any Basket Component, the Valuation Date shall be the immediately preceding Valuation Business Day for all Basket Components. Information included in this pricing supplement supersedes information in the related prospectus supplement and prospectus to the extent that it is different from that information. You should carefully review the Risk Factors sections in this pricing supplement and the aforementioned prospectus, which highlight certain risks associated with an investment in the Notes, to determine whether an investment in the Notes is appropriate for you.

The Notes will not be subject to redemption by AIG or repayment at the option of any holder of the Notes before the maturity date. The Notes will not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

AIG will issue the Notes in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof. You will not have the right to receive physical certificates evidencing your ownership except under limited circumstances. Instead, we will issue the Notes in the form of a global certificate, which will be held by The Depository Trust Company, also known as DTC, or its nominee. Direct and indirect participants in DTC will record your ownership of the Notes. You should refer to the sections entitled Description of Notes We May Offer Book-Entry System in the related prospectus supplement and Legal Ownership and Book-Entry Issuance in the related prospectus.

The CUSIP number for the Notes is 02687QDP0.

Payment on the Maturity Date

On the maturity date, you will be entitled to receive a cash payment for each \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes, denominated in U.S. dollars, equal to the sum of \$1,000 plus the Supplemental Redemption Amount, if any, as provided below. If the Supplemental Redemption Amount is zero, you will be entitled to receive only the \$1,000 principal amount. There will be no other payment of interest, periodic or otherwise, on the Notes prior to the maturity date.

If the maturity date is not a New York Business Day, then you will receive payment in respect of the Notes on the next succeeding New York Business Day, with no adjustment to the amount of such payment on account thereof. New York Business Day means any day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which banking institutions generally in the City of New York are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close or (iii) a day on which banks in the City of New York are not open for dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits.

Determination of the Supplemental Redemption Amount

The Supplemental Redemption Amount per \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes will be denominated in U.S. dollars, will be determined by the Calculation Agent and will equal:

(i) if the Basket Return is greater than zero, (1) the \$1,000 principal amount *times* (2) the Basket Return *times* (3) the Participation Rate.

The Basket Return will be the sum of the Weighted Currency Returns for each Basket Component, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Weighted Currency Return for each Basket Component will be equal to:

(ii) if the Basket Return is less than or equal to zero, \$0.

The Starting Value for each Basket Component will be the Currency Rate (as defined below) as determined by the Calculation Agent as of the Pricing Date.

The Ending Value for each Basket Component will be the Currency Rate as determined by the Calculation Agent as of the Valuation Date, as set forth below under Description of the Basket.

The Valuation Date will be the third scheduled New York Business Day immediately prior to the maturity date, provided, however, if the scheduled Valuation Date is not a Valuation Business Day in respect of any Basket Component, the Valuation Date shall be the immediately preceding Valuation Business Day for all Basket Components.

The Participation Rate is expected to be a percentage between 150% and 170% and will be set forth in the final pricing supplement made available in connection with the sale of the Notes.

The Calculation Agent in respect of the Notes will be AIG-FP, a subsidiary of AIG. All determinations made by the Calculation Agent, absent a determination of a manifest error, will be conclusive for all purposes and binding on AIG and the holders and beneficial owners of the Notes.

Examples of Hypothetical Basket Returns

The following examples show scenarios for the payment at maturity of the Notes. These examples are based on a hypothetical Participation Rate of 150%, hypothetical Starting Values, hypothetical Ending Values, and resulting hypothetical Basket Returns. The hypothetical Starting Values and Ending Values have been chosen arbitrarily for the purpose of these examples, are not associated with any research forecasts for any Currency Rates published by Lehman Brothers, us or any of Lehman Brothers or our respective affiliates, and should not be taken as indicative of the future performance of any Basket Component.

Example 1 The Currency Rates for the Hong Kong dollar, the Indonesian rupiah, the Indian rupee, the Malaysian ringgit and the Singapore dollar each decrease relative to their Starting Values (representing an appreciation against the U.S. dollar), resulting in a Basket Return of 0.0819 (8.19%). The Supplemental Redemption Amount is therefore equal to \$122.85, and the payment at maturity is equal to \$1,122.85 per \$1,000 Note, calculated as follows:

 $1,000 + (1,000 \times 0.0819 \times 150\%) = 1,122.85$.

The table below illustrates how the Basket Return in the above example was calculated:

	Hypothetical		Hypothetical	
	Starting Value		Ending Value	Weighted Currency
Basket Component	(on the Pricing Date)	Weighting	(on the Valuation Date)	Return
HKD	7.78	20%	7.24	0.0139
IDR	9185	20%	8450	0.0160
INR	39.99	20%	35.59	0.0220
MYR	3.1950	20%	3.0033	0.0120
SGD	1.3799	20%	1.2557	0.0180
	Basket	Return = Sum o	of Weighted Currency Returns	= 0.0819

Example 2 The Currency Rates for the Hong Kong dollar, the Indonesian rupiah, the Indian rupee, the Malaysian ringgit and the Singapore dollar each increase relative to their Starting Values (representing a depreciation against the U.S. dollar), resulting in a Basket Return of -0.0563 (-5.63%), which is less than zero. The

Supplemental Redemption Amount is therefore \$0, and the payment at maturity per \$1,000 Note is the \$1,000 principal amount.

The table below illustrates how the Basket Return in the above example was calculated:

	Hypothetical Starting Value		Hypothetical Ending Value	Weighted Currency
Basket Component	(on the Pricing Date)	Weighting	(on the Valuation Date)	Return
HKD	7.78	20%	8.11	-0.0085
IDR	9185	20%	9378	-0.0042
INR	39.99	20%	42.23	-0.0112
MYR	3.1950	20%	3.4474	-0.0158
SGD	1.3799	20%	1.4944	-0.0166

Basket Return = Sum of Weighted Currency Returns = -0.0563

Example 3 The Currency Rates for the Hong Kong dollar and the Indonesian rupiah decrease relative to their Starting Values (representing an appreciation against the U.S. dollar), while the Currency Rates for the Indian rupee, the Malaysian ringgit and the Singapore dollar each increase relative to their Starting Values (representing a depreciation against the U.S. dollar), resulting in a Basket Return of 0.0149 (1.49%). The Supplemental Redemption Amount is therefore equal to \$22.35, and the payment at maturity is \$1,022.35 per \$1,000 Note, calculated as follows: $$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 0.0149 \times 150\%) = \$1,022.35$.

The table below illustrates how the Basket Return in the above example was calculated:

	Hypothetical		Hypothetical	
	Starting Value		Ending Value	Weighted Currency
Basket Component	(on the Pricing Date)	Weighting	(on the Valuation Date)	Return
HKD	7.78	20%	6.99	0.0203
IDR	9185	20%	8413	0.0168
INR	39.99	20%	40.95	-0.0048
MYR	3.1950	20%	3.3132	-0.0074
SGD	1.3799	20%	1.4489	-0.0100

Basket Return = Sum of Weighted Currency Returns = 0.0149

Example 4 The Currency Rates for the Hong Kong dollar, Indian rupee and Singapore dollar each increase relative to their Starting Values (representing a depreciation against the U.S. dollar) while the Currency Rates for the Indonesian rupiah and the Malaysian ringgit each decrease relative to their Starting Values (representing an appreciation against the U.S. dollar), resulting in a Basket Return of -0.0271

(-2.71%), which is less than zero. The Supplemental Redemption Amount is therefore equal to \$0, and the payment at maturity per \$1,000 Note is the \$1,000 principal amount.

The table below illustrates how the Basket Return in the above example was calculated:

	Hypothetical		Hypothetical	
	Starting Value		Ending Value	Weighted Currency
Basket Component	(on the Pricing Date)	Weighting	(on the Valuation Date)	Return
HKD	7.78	20%	8.89	-0.0285
IDR	9185	20%	8891	0.0064
INR	39.99	20%	46.11	-0.0306
MYR	3.1950	20%	2.6902	0.0316

SGD 1.3799 20% 1.4213 -0.0060

Basket Return = Sum of Weighted Currency Returns = -0.0271

Hypothetical Payout Profile

The following graph reflects the hypothetical return on the Notes, assuming a hypothetical Participation Rate of 150% and a range of hypothetical Basket Returns.

This graph has been prepared for purposes of illustration only. Your actual return will depend on the actual Starting Values, the Basket Return and Participation Rate, and whether you hold your investment until maturity. **Hypothetical Returns**

The following table illustrates, for a range of hypothetical Basket Returns:

the total amount payable on the maturity date per \$1,000 Note;

the total rate of return to holders of the Notes;

the pretax annualized rate of return to holders of the Notes; and

the pretax annualized rate of return in U.S. dollars on an investment in the Basket Components. The table below assumes a Participation Rate of 150%. The actual Participation Rate will be determined on the Pricing Date and set forth in the final pricing supplement made available in connection with the sales of the Notes.

Hypothetical Basket Return	Total amount payable on the maturity date per \$1,000 Note	Total rate of return on the Notes	Pretax annualized rate of return on the Notes (2)	Pretax annualized rate of return on the Basket Components (2)(3)
-25%	\$1,000.00(1)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
-20%	\$1,000.00	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
-15%	\$1,000.00	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
-10%	\$1,000.00	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
-5%	\$1,000.00	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
0%	\$1,000.00	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
5%	\$1075.00	7.50%	3.75%	2.50%
10%	\$1150.00	15.00%	7.50%	5.00%
15%	\$1225.00	22.50%	11.25%	7.50%
		PS-10		

	Total amount payable on the maturity date		Pretax annualized rate of return	rate of return on the Basket
Hypothetical Basket Return	per \$1,000 Note	on the Notes		Components (2)(3)
20%	\$1300.00	30.00%	15.00%	10.00%
25%	\$1375.00	37.50%	18.75%	12.50%

- (1) The amount you receive on the maturity date will not be less than the \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes.
- (2) The annualized rates of return specified in this table are calculated on a semiannual bond equivalent basis and assume an investment term of two years, a term expected to be equal to that of the Notes.
- (3) The pretax annualized rates of return specified in this column assume that the underlying currency positions will be converted into U.S. dollars at the same time and at the same **Currency Rates** as those in the Basket.

The above figures are for purposes of illustration only. The actual amount received by you and the resulting total and pretax annualized rates of return will depend on the actual Ending Value, as calculated based upon the Currency Rates on the day the Ending Value is determined, the actual Participation Rate and the term of your investment.

Events of Default and Acceleration

In case an Event of Default with respect to any Notes has occurred and is continuing, the amount payable to a holder of the Notes upon any acceleration permitted by the Notes, with respect to each \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes, will be equal to the sum of \$1,000 plus the Supplemental Redemption Amount, if any, calculated as though the date of acceleration were the maturity date of the Notes.

In case of default in payment of the Notes, whether on the maturity date or upon acceleration, from and after that date the Notes will bear interest, payable upon demand of their holders, at the then-current Federal Funds Rate, reset daily, as determined by reference to Reuters page FEDFUNDS1 under the heading EFFECT, to the extent that payment of such interest shall be legally enforceable, on the unpaid amount due and payable on that date in accordance with the terms of the Notes to the date payment of that amount has been made or duly provided for.

Reuters page FEDFUNDS1 means the display page designated as FEDFUNDS1 on the Reuters service or any successor page, or page on a successor service, displaying such rate. If the Federal Funds Rate cannot be determined by reference to Reuters page FEDFUNDS1, such rate will be determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the related prospectus supplement.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BASKET

The Basket is designed to allow investors to participate in exchange rate movements of the currencies included in the Basket, as reflected by the aggregate changes in the exchange rates of the Basket Components relative to the U.S. dollar on the Valuation Date. The currencies that will compose the Basket are the Hong Kong dollar (HKD), the Indonesian rupiah (IDR), the Indian rupee (INR), the Malaysian ringgit (MYR) and the Singapore dollar (SGD). A the exchange rates used in calculating the Ending Value are expressed as the number of units of the relevant Basket Component per U.S. dollar, the Basket can be viewed as having long positions in the Hong Kong dollar, the Indonesian rupiah, the Indian rupee, the Malaysian ringgit and the Singapore dollar. The Basket Components will be weighted equally. Additionally, the Basket can be viewed as having a short position in the U.S. dollar.

On the Pricing Date, the Starting Value will be determined for each Basket Component. As the Currency Rates move, the value of each Basket Component per U.S. dollar will vary based on the appreciation or depreciation of that Basket Component. Any appreciation in a Basket Component relative to the U.S. dollar, assuming the Currency Rates of all the other Basket Components remain the same, will result in an increase in the Basket Return. Conversely, any depreciation in a Basket Component relative to the U.S. dollar, assuming the Currency Rates of all the other Basket Components remain the same, will result in a decrease in the Basket Return.

If April 2, 2008 were the Pricing Date, for each Basket Component the Starting Value would be as follows:

	Iso	Starting
Basket Component	Code	Value (1)
Hong Kong dollar	HKD	7.7886
Indonesian rupiah	IDR	9178
Indian rupee	INR	39.98
Malaysian ringgit	MYR	3.1871
Singapore dollar	SGD	1.3825

(1) This is the Currency Rate of each Basket Component on April 2, 2008. The actual Starting Value for each Basket Component will be determined on the Pricing Date and set forth in the final offering documents made available in connection with the sale of the Notes.

The term Currency Rate, as of any date, means:

- (i) for the Hong Kong dollar, the spot rate in the interbank market quoted as the number of Hong Kong dollars for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged, as published by the WM Company and appearing immediately under the caption Bid/Ask on Reuters page USDHKDFIXM=WM* at approximately 4:00 p.m., London time;
- (ii) for the Indonesian rupiah, the spot rate in the interbank market quoted as the number of Indonesian rupiah for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged at 11:00 a.m., Singapore time, for settlement in two Valuation Business Days and New York Business Days, reported by the Association of Banks in Singapore, as reported by Reuters on page ABSIRFIX01, or any substitute page thereto, to the right of the caption Spot under the column IDR at approximately 11:30 a.m. in Singapore;
- (iii) for the Indian rupee, the spot rate in the interbank market quoted as the number of Indian rupees for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged, for settlement in two Valuation Business Days and New York Business Days, reported by the Reserve Bank of India, as reported by Reuters on page RBIB, or any substitute page thereto, at approximately 2:30 p.m., Mumbai time, or as soon thereafter as practicable;
- (iv) for the Malaysian ringgit, the spot rate in the interbank market quoted as the number of Malaysian ringgit for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged at 11:00 a.m., for settlement in two Valuation Business Days and New York Business Days, reported by the Association of Banks in Singapore, which appears on the Reuters page ABSIRFIX01 to the right of the caption Spot under the column MYR at approximately 11:30 a.m., Singapore time; and
- (v) for the Singapore dollar, the spot rate in the interbank market quoted as the number of Singapore dollars for which one U.S. dollar can be exchanged, for settlement in two Valuation Business

Days and New York Business Days, reported by Association of Banks in Singapore, which appears on the Reuters page ABSIRFIX01 at approximately 11:30 a.m., Singapore time, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

If a Disruption Event relating to one or more Basket Components occurs or is continuing on the scheduled Valuation Date, the Calculation Agent will calculate the Basket Return using:

for each Basket Component that did not suffer a Disruption Event on the scheduled Valuation Date, the Currency Rate on the scheduled Valuation Date, and

for each Basket Component that did suffer a Disruption Event on the scheduled Valuation Date, the Currency Rate on the immediately succeeding scheduled Valuation Business Day for such Basket Component on which no Disruption Event occurs or is continuing with respect to such Basket Component; provided, that if a Disruption Event has occurred or is continuing with respect to a Basket Component on each of the three scheduled Valuation Business Days following the scheduled Valuation Date, then (a) such third scheduled Valuation Business Day shall be deemed the Valuation Date for the affected Basket Component; and (b) the Calculation Agent will determine the Currency Rate for the affected Basket Component on such day in accordance with the Fallback Rate Observation Methodology, as described below.

The Fallback Rate Observation Methodology means that the Currency Rate of the relevant Basket Component will equal the noon buying rate in New York for cable transfers in the relevant currency as announced by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for customs purposes (the Noon Buying Rate) on the relevant date. If the Noon Buying Rate is not announced on that date, the Currency Rate for such Basket Component will be calculated on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the applicable spot quotations received by the Calculation Agent at approximately 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Valuation Business Day next succeeding the relevant date, for the purchase or sale for deposits in the relevant currency by the New York offices of three leading banks engaged in the interbank market (selected in the sole discretion of the Calculation Agent) (the Reference Banks). If fewer than three Reference Banks provide spot quotations, then the Currency Rate will be calculated on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the applicable spot quotations received by the Calculation Agent at approximately 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the relevant date from two Reference Banks (selected in the sole discretion of the Calculation Agent), for the purchase or sale for deposits in the relevant currency. If these spot quotations are available from only one Reference Bank, then the Calculation Agent, in its sole discretion, will determine whether that quotation is reasonable to be used. If no spot quotation is available, then the Currency Rate for such Basket Component will be determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner.

- A Disruption Event means any of the following events with respect to a Basket Component, as determined in good faith by the Calculation Agent:
- (a) the occurrence and/or existence of an event on any day that has the effect of preventing or making impossible (x) the delivery of U.S. dollars from accounts inside the country for which a Basket Component is the lawful currency (such jurisdiction with respect to such Basket Component, the Basket Component Jurisdiction) to accounts outside that Basket Component Jurisdiction, or (y) with respect to SGD and HKD, the conversion of such Basket Component into USD through customary legal channels;
- (b) the occurrence of any event causing the Currency Rate for the Basket Component to be split into dual or multiple currency exchange rates; or
- (c) the Ending Value being unavailable for the Basket Component, or the occurrence of an event (i) in the Basket Component Jurisdiction for that Basket Component that materially disrupts the market for the Basket Component or (ii) that generally makes it impossible to obtain the Ending Value for the Basket Component, on the Valuation Date.

For purposes of the above, scheduled Valuation Business Day means a day that is or, in the judgment of the Calculation Agent, should have been, a Valuation Business Day for the affected Reference Currency.

Valuation Business Day means a day on which banking institutions generally are open (including for dealings in foreign exchange in accordance with the market practice of the foreign exchange market), in respect of (i) the Hong Kong dollar, in London; (ii) the Indonesian rupiah, in Singapore; (iii) the Indian rupee, in Mumbai; (iv) the Malaysian ringgit, in Singapore; and (v) the Singapore dollar, in Singapore.

Historical Exchange Rates

The following charts show the spot exchange rates for each Basket Component at the end of each week in the period from the week ending April 3, 2005 through the week ending March 30, 2008 using historical data obtained from Reuters; neither we nor Lehman Brothers makes any representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of this data. The spot exchange rates are expressed as the amount of U.S. dollars per unit of the relevant Basket Component to show the appreciation or depreciation, as the case may be, of the Basket Component against the U.S. dollar. The spot exchange rates used to calculate the Basket Return are expressed as the number of units of the relevant Basket Component per U.S. dollar, which is the inverse of the spot exchange rates presented in the following charts. The historical data on each Basket Component is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of the Basket Components, the Basket Return or what the value of the Notes may be. Fluctuations in exchange rates make it difficult to predict whether the Supplemental Redemption Amount will be payable at maturity, or what that Supplemental Redemption Amount, if any, may be. Historical exchange rate fluctuations may be greater or lesser than those experienced by the holders of the Notes.

Source: Reuters (without independent verification)

The Hong Kong dollar is currently a managed floating currency. The Hong Kong government permits the Hong Kong dollar to float within a range of 7.75 Hong Kong dollars to the U.S. dollar and 7.85 Hong Kong dollars to the U.S. dollar (or inversely, 0.129 U.S. dollars to the Hong Kong dollar and 0.127 U.S. dollars to the Hong Kong dollar).

Source: Reuters (without independent verification)

The Indonesian rupiah is currently a managed floating currency and is allowed to float without a fixed target or band relative to any other currency. Prior to 1997, the Indonesian rupiah was pegged against the U.S. dollar. Because the Indonesian rupiah is a managed currency the Indonesian government may intervene with the exchange rate when it deems it necessary to do so.

Source: Reuters (without independent verification)

The Indian rupee is currently a managed floating currency and is allowed to float without a fixed target or band relative to any other currency. However, the Indian government may intervene when it deems necessary to preserve stability. Additionally, the Indian government may restrict conversion of rupees into foreign currencies, and, under certain circumstances, approval of the Reserve Bank of India must be obtained to convert rupees into foreign currency.

Source: Reuters (without independent verification)

The Malaysian ringgit is currently a managed floating currency. Prior to 2005, the Malaysian ringgit was pegged against the U.S. dollar. The Malaysian central bank monitors the Malaysian ringgit against an undisclosed basket of currencies.

Source: Reuters (without independent verification)

The Singapore dollar is currently a managed floating currency. The Singapore government permits the Singapore dollar to float within an undisclosed range against an undisclosed basket of currencies.

While historical information on the Basket will not exist before the Pricing Date, the following graph sets forth the hypothetical historical week-end values of the Basket from April 3, 2005, through March 30, 2008, based upon historical Currency Rates. The Basket Return was indexed to a level of 0.0 on March 30, 2008, based upon the Currency Rates determined as of that day. The historical data used in this graph reflects the historical exchange rates available on Reuters, which may not be identical to those determined at the fixing times set forth above. This hypothetical historical data on the Basket is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of the Basket or what the value of the Notes may be. Any upward or downward trend in the hypothetical historical value of the Basket during any period set forth below is not an indication that the Basket is more or less likely to increase or decrease in value at any time over the term of the Notes.

Source: Reuters (without independent verification)

UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION

Under applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations governing debt obligations with payments denominated in, or determined by reference to, more than one currency, for persons whose functional currency is the U.S. dollar, the Notes will not be foreign currency denominated debt obligations because the predominant currency of the Notes is the U.S. dollar. Accordingly, we will treat the Notes as being denominated in U.S. dollars, and payments on the Notes determined by reference to currencies other than the U.S. dollar as contingent payments under the special federal income tax rules applicable to contingent payment obligations. These rules are described under the heading. United States Taxation. Original Issue Discount. Notes Subject to Contingent Payment Obligation Rules in the related prospectus supplement. As more completely described in the related prospectus supplement, holders will recognize income before the receipt of cash attributable thereto and gains on sale or redemption will be ordinary.

The U.S. Treasury Regulations governing the U.S. federal income tax treatment of contingent payment obligations require the issuer of such Notes to provide the purchaser with the comparable yield of a hypothetical AIG debt instrument with terms similar to the Notes, but without any contingent payments, and a projected payment schedule for payments on the Notes. As discussed in the related prospectus supplement, a purchaser of the Notes will need this information to calculate its income on the Notes. Solely for purposes of applying these regulations, we have determined that the comparable yield is %. Based on this comparable yield, the projected payment on the maturity date will be \$ per \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes.

The comparable yield and projected payment set forth above are being provided to holders solely for the purpose of determining the amount of interest that accrues in respect of the Notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and none of AIG or its affiliates or agents is making any representation or prediction regarding the actual amount that may be payable with respect to the Notes on the maturity date.

ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The Notes may not be purchased or held by any employee benefit plan or other plan or account that is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA) or Section 4975 of the Code (each, a plan), or by any entity whose underlying assets include plan assets by reason of any plan s investment in the entity (a plan asset entity), unless in each case the purchaser or holder is eligible for exemptive relief from the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code under a prohibited transaction class exemption issued by the Department of Labor or another applicable statutory or administrative exemption. Each purchaser or holder of the Notes will be deemed to represent that either (1) it is not a plan or plan asset entity and is not purchasing the Notes on behalf of or with plan assets or (2) with respect to the purchase and holding, it is eligible for relief under a prohibited transaction class exemption or other applicable statutory or administrative exemption from the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code. The foregoing supplements the discussion under ERISA Considerations in the base prospectus dated July 13, 2007.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to lend the net proceeds from the sale of the Notes to our subsidiary AIG-FP or certain of its subsidiaries for use for general corporate purposes.

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Under the terms, and subject to the conditions, contained in a terms agreement dated the date hereof, we have agreed to sell the Notes to Lehman Brothers. Lehman Brothers has advised us that it proposes initially to offer all or part of the Notes directly to the public on a fixed price basis at the offering price set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement. After the initial public offering, the public offering price may be changed. The terms agreement provides that Lehman Brothers is committed to take and pay for all of the Notes if any are taken. See also Supplemental Plan of Distribution in the related prospectus supplement.

Concurrently with the pricing of an offering of the Notes, we (through our subsidiary AIG-FP) intend to enter into a swap transaction with an affiliate of the underwriter, Lehman Brothers, to hedge completely our market risk under the Notes. Under this swap transaction we (through our subsidiary AIG-FP) will be entitled to receive from the swap counterparty payments equal to all amounts due under the Notes, on the due date for such amounts, in exchange for periodic LIBOR-based payments by us to the swap counterparty.

We may deliver the Notes against payment therefor in New York, New York on a date that is in excess of three business days following the Pricing Date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, if the initial settlement on the Notes occurs more than three business days after the Pricing Date, purchasers who wish to trade Notes more than three business days prior to the original issue date will be required to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The information in this pricing supplement, other than the information regarding the original public offering price, the net proceeds to the issuer, the identities of the initial purchasers or agents, the information under Risk Factors , Description of the Notes Hypothetical Payout Profile , Description of the Notes Hypothetical Returns , Description of the Basket Historical Exchange Rates , United States Federal Income Taxation , ERISA Considerations Use of Proceeds and Supplemental Plan of Distribution above, and the following two paragraphs, will be incorporated by reference into the Global Security representing all the Medium-Term Notes, Series AIG-FP.

We are offering notes on a continuing basis through AIG Financial Securities Corp., ABN AMRO Incorporated, ANZ Securities, Inc., Banca IMI S.p.A., Banc of America Securities LLC, Barclays Capital Inc., Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc., BMO Capital Markets Corp., BNP Paribas Securities Corp., BNY Capital Markets, Inc., Calyon Securities (USA) Inc., CIBC World Markets Corp., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Daiwa Securities America Inc., Daiwa Securities SMBC Europe Limited, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Goldman, Sachs & Co., Greenwich Capital Markets, Inc., HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Key Banc Capital Markets Inc., Lehman Brothers Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc, Mizuho International plc, Mizuho Securities USA Inc., Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, National Australia Capital Markets, LLC, RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Santander Investment Securities Inc., Scotia Capital (USA) Inc., SG Americas Securities, LLC, TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Securities LLC, and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, as agents, each of which has agreed to use its best efforts to solicit offers to purchase notes. We may also accept offers to purchase notes through other agents. See Plan of Distribution in the related prospectus supplement.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Notes or determined if the prospectus, the prospectus supplement or this pricing supplement is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.