WASHINGTON MUTUAL INC Form 8-K September 10, 2002

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported) September 10, 2002

WASHINGTON MUTUAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington

1-14667

91-1653725

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

(Commission File No.)
1201 Third Avenue Seattle, Washington 98101

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (206) 461-2000

Item 9. Regulation FD Disclosure.

The following slides may be used by Washington Mutual, Inc. in various presentations to investors:

OVERVIEW

Second Quarter 2002

Kerry Killinger

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

"This presentation contains forward-looking statements, which are not historical facts and pertain to future operating results. These forward-looking statements are within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and other statements contained in this document that are not historical facts. When used in this presentation, the words "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," or words of similar meaning, or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "would," "should," "could," or "may" are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the results discussed in these forward-looking statements for the reasons, among others, discussed under the heading "Business Factors That May Affect Future Results" in Washington Mutual's 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K and under the heading, "Cautionary Statements," in Washington Mutual's Quarterly Report on Form 10-O for the period ended June 30, 2002, which include: changes in general business and economic conditions may significantly affect our earnings; the risk that our inability to effectively manage the volatility of our mortgage banking business could adversely affect our earnings; the risk that the impact of rising interest rates may result in an increase in our cost of interest-bearing liabilities, which could outpace the increase in the yield on interest-earning assets and lead to a reduction in the net interest margin; the risk that our inability to effectively integrate the operations and personnel of companies we have acquired could adversely affect our earnings and financial condition; the concentration of operations in California could adversely affect our operating results if the California economy or real estate market declines; competition from other financial services companies in our markets could adversely affect our ability to achieve our financial goals; changes in the regulation of financial services companies could adversely affect our business.

Business Segment Financial Information

Business segment financial information is prepared for management information purposes and uses methodologies which do not conform to generally accepted accounting principles. These methodologies include internal allocations of the cost of funds, hedge gains or losses, loan loss provisions and certain overhead items.

Unique Business Model

Combined consumer banking/mortgage lending strategy generates strong profitability throughout interest rate cycle

Double-digit growth of banking fees regardless of interest rate environment

Relatively small, but growing Specialty Finance unit augments net interest income with higher margin assets

Net Income by Business Segment

Five-Year Plan: 2000-2004

Achieve financial targets reflective of top-quartile performance

Diversify revenues by increasing noninterest income as a percentage of total income

Improve operating efficiency

Gradually remix the balance sheet to decrease proportion of prime residential loans and MBS and increase transaction accounts

Carefully manage credit risk throughout the five-year economic cycle

Effectively deploy capital toward balance sheet growth, share repurchase and selective acquisitions

Achieve Financial Targets

| | YTD 6/30/02 | Targets 2000-2004 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Return on average common equity | 20.42% | >20.00% |
| EPS growth | 18.45(a) | >13.00 |
| Efficiency ratio | 47.21(b) | <45.00 |
| NPA/Total assets | 0.96(c) | <1.00 |
| Common equity/total assets | 7.51(c)(d) | >5.00 |
| Estimated total risk-based capital | 12.40(c)(d)(e) | >11.00 |

| | Increase in earnings per share from 1/1/02 through 6/30/02 over 1/1/01 through 6/30/01 |
|--------------------|--|
| (b) | Excludes amortization of intangible assets amortizable under GAAP |
| (c) | As of 6/30/02 |
| (d) | Excludes unrealized net gain/loss on available-for-sale securities and derivatives |
| (e) | Estimate of what WMI's total risk-based capital would be if it were a bank holding company that complies with the Federal Reserve Board capital requirements |
| Creatin EPS Gre | g Shareholder Value Dime owth(a) |
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| (a) | Excludes SAIF assessment in Q3 1996 and transaction-related charges (all applicable periods); includes acquired companies only after date of merger |
| (b) | PNC acquisition refers to the acquisition of the mortgage operations of The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. |
| (c) | HomeSide acquisition refers to the purchase of certain operating assets from HomeSide Lending, Inc. |

Creating a Powerful National Franchise

Banking and Financial Services

Broad product line to serve individuals and small-to mid-sized business customers

| | Key driver of new household growth |
|--------------------|---|
| | Offers personal service as a key competitive differentiator |
| | Offers wide range of investment products including mutual funds, variable and fixed-rate annuities and securities |
| Home Loans and I | nsurance Services |
| | A leading residential lender |
| | Balanced distribution channels |
| | Diversified geographically |
| | A leading residential servicer |
| | Serviced 6.7 million loans at 6/30/02 |
| | #1 recognized mortgage lending brand |
| | Ability to extend customer relationships |
| Specialty Finance | Market Position |
| | #1 Multi-family originator in 2000 |
| | #1 Multi-family portfolio owner for a financial institution |
| | #8 Commercial mortgage lender |
| | #5 Consumer Finance Company |
| | #6 Mortgage Banker Finance |
| Characteristics of | High Performing Companies |
| | Above average EPS growth over long term |

Above average return on common equity

Market leadership with barriers to entry in key businesses

High growth of customers

| | Strong intangibles |
|-----------|---|
| WaMu | A High Performing Company |
| | Above average EPS growth (CAGR) over long term |
| | EPS growth has averaged 20%(a) since Q1 '96 versus (5%) for the S&P 500(b) |
| | Above average return on common equity |
| | ROCE has averaged 23% since the beginning of 2000 through Q2 2002 versus 15% for the S&P 500 Bank Index(c) |
| | Market leadership |
| | Fast growth banking franchise with strategy to penetrate additional large, metropolitan markets |
| | A leading mortgage lender and servicer |
| | Creating a leading multi-family origination and servicing platform |
| (a) | Calculated using quarterly EPS as originally reported from Q1 '96 to Q2 '02; excludes SAIF assessment in Q3 '96 and transaction-related charges (all applicable periods); includes acquired companies only after date of merger |
| (b) | Historical EPS growth rate calculated from Q1 '96 to Q1 '02 using quarterly EPS for each period ending Source: Standard and Poor's |
| (c) | Company data from Bloomberg |
| Strong In | ntangibles |
| | Innovator in key businesses |
| | Proven ability to create long-term shareholder value |
| | Deep senior management bench |
| | |

Track record of successful acquisition integrations

#1 recognized mortgage brand nationally

#1 recognized banking brand in major metropolitan markets served

Acquisition Update

| Closed Transactions | Deposit & Loan Servicing Conversion Status |
|-------------------------|--|
| PNC(a) | X |
| Bank United Corp. | X |
| Fleet Mortgage Corp. | X |
| Dime Savings Bank | |
| Deposit Systems | X |
| Loan Servicing Systems | Q4 2002 |
| NAMC(b) | Q4 2002 |
| HomeSide Acquisition(c) | N/A |

- (a) The mortgage operations of The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.
- (b) North American Mortgage Company, a subsidiary of Dime Bancorp, Inc.
- (c) Acquired certain operating assets of HomeSide Lending, Inc.

Creating Shareholder Value

Cumulative Value of Investments(a)

| Summary | |
|---------|--|
| | Dominant franchises in consumer banking and mortgage banking |
| | High growth in fee-based revenues |
| | Lower credit risk model than commercial bank peers |
| | Powerful brand focused on broad middle market consumers |
| | Proven track record of creating shareholder value |
| | |
| | |

BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP

Second Quarter 2002

Kim Kahmer

Group Chief Financial Officer

Forward-Looking Statements

"This presentation contains forward-looking statements, which are not historical facts and pertain to future operating results. These forward-looking statements are within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and other statements contained in this document that are not historical facts. When used in this presentation, the words "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," or words of similar meaning, or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "would," "should," "could," or "may" are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the results discussed in these forward-looking statements for the reasons, among others, discussed under the heading "Business Factors That May Affect Future Results" in Washington Mutual's 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K and under the heading, "Cautionary Statements," in Washington Mutual's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002, which include: changes in general business and economic conditions may significantly affect our earnings; the risk that our inability to effectively manage the volatility of our mortgage banking business could adversely affect our earnings; the risk that the impact of rising interest rates may result in an increase in our cost of interest-bearing liabilities, which could outpace the increase in the yield on interest-earning assets and lead to a reduction in the net interest margin; the risk that our inability to effectively integrate the operations and personnel of companies we have acquired could adversely affect our earnings and financial condition; the concentration of operations in California could adversely affect our operating results if the California economy or real estate market declines; competition from other financial services companies in our markets could adversely affect our ability to achieve our financial goals; changes in the regulation of financial services companies could adversely affect our business.

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| provisions and | certain overnead items. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Highlights | |
| | One of the fastest growing retail banking franchises in the country |
| | On track to achieve aggressive 5-year targets |
| | Consistently strong profitability growth |
| Mission | |
| To be the friendly service | bank of choice nationwide for middle-market consumers and small-and mid-sized businesses by delivering great value and e |
| Profile | |
| | One of the nation's largest retailers |
| | Over 2.0 million customer contacts per day |
| | 6.8 million households and growth of 9%* |
| | 19% average household penetration in retail markets |
| | Customer driven |
| | Broad multi-channel distribution network |
| | Comprehensive product set |
| | High-touch customer service |
| * Incl | ades households acquired with Dime acquisition |

Distribution Network

| Market | Retail Branches | ATMs | Business Banking Centers | Financial Consultants |
|------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| California | 546 | 1,007 | 14 | 359 |
| WA/OR | 288 | 387 | 20 | 90 |
| Texas | 204 | 210 | 5 | 51 |
| Florida | 141 | 265 | 1 | 63 |
| NY/NJ | 127 | 268 | 3 | 74 |
| UT/ID | 51 | 58 | 11 | 6 |
| Las Vegas | 21 | 27 | | 3 |
| Phoenix | 24 | 26 | 1 | 3 |
| Atlanta | 33 | 39 | | 4 |
| | | | | |
| Total | 1,435* | 2,287 | 55 | 653 |

*

Occasio represents 231 of total

Segment Net Interest Income

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| Segment Noninterest Income | |
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| Segment Net Income | |

Same-Store Sales(a)

| | Per Location | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|------------|----|-------------|-------------|
| | Y | TD 6/30/01 | | YTD 6/30/02 | % change |
| # of Checking Accts(b) | | 4,981 | | 5,800 | 16% |
| Consumer Lending | \$ | 2,972,037 | \$ | 5,029,521 | 69% |
| Mortgage Lending | \$ | 2,676,458 | \$ | 2,864,508 | 7% |
| Fee Income | \$ | 485,500 | \$ | 568,662 | 17% |
| FTE(c) | | 9.9 | | 10.4 | 3% |

- (a) Averages of 1,021 Banking & Financial Services financial centers open during Q2 2001, reported as of the end of the period
- (b) As of the end of the period
- (c) Monthly average for the period

Five-Year Targets: 2000-2004

Significantly penetrate households with highest growth potential

Increase depositor fee income by 10 - 15% annually and drive noninterest income-to-expense ratio to 60% or better

Increase consumer loan portfolio from \$6 billion to \$20 billion

Continue to remix deposit base: 60% transaction/ 40% time deposit

Grow retail deposits by \$10 billion

| | 12/31/99 | 6/30/02 | Change |
|------------------------|----------|---------|--------|
| WA (OD | 20.20 | 20.90 | 1 407 |
| WA/OR | 28.3% | | 1.4% |
| California | 23.8 | 27.8 | 4.0 |
| UT/ID | 10.8 | 12.2 | 1.4 |
| Nevada | NA | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Arizona | NA | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| | | | |
| Western States Average | 24.0% | 25.0% | |
| | | | |
| Florida | 22.5% | 26.3% | 3.8% |
| Texas | 3.2 | 10.3(a) | 7.2 |
| NY/NJ | NA | 8.5(b) | 8.5 |
| Georgia | NA | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| | | | |
| Other States Average | 12.8% | 12.0% | |
| Overall Average | 21.0% | 19.0% | |

⁽a) Includes households acquired from Bank United

Household Growth

⁽b) Includes households acquired from Dime

| Multi-Pronged Gro | owth Strategy |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Customer-Centric Brand |
| į | Free Checking |
| | De Novo Expansion (Occasio) |
| | Opportunistic Acquisitions |
| Desirable National | Brand |
| #1 Recogn | nized Banking Brand* |
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| | Dynamic, Human, Driven, Caring, Fair |
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| * | In major metropolitan markets served |
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| Desira | able National Brand |
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| In all markets served by Banking & Financial Services financial centers |
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| Cross-sell Ratio* |
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| Product and service cross-sell for Banking & Financial Services households with a tenure of two or more years |
| Multi-Pronged Growth Strategy |
| Customer-Centric Brand |
| Free Checking |
| De Novo Expansion (Occasio) |
| Opportunistic Acquisitions |

| Mass Market App | eal |
|---------------------------|---|
| | Free Checking has attracted more than 3.5 million households in the past decade |
| | Free Checking shows potential customers who we are, what we stand for and how we are different |
| | 83% of new checking account customers said that "free checking" was a significant reason why they opened thei account with WaMu |
| | Customers decide what adds value to their account |
| | Profitable first product |
| Net Retail Checking | ng Account Growth |
| Product Relationsl | hip Growth Attributed to Free Checking(a)(b) |

| (a) | ncludes households that opened a Free Checking account in January 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, or 2002. Relationship balance includes ll deposit, investment, consumer loan and mortgage loan balances held by the households at opening and at the beginning of each ubsequent year. | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (b) | Weighted average balances per household | | | | | | | |
| Financi | Center Incentive Compensation | | | | | | | |
| | Synchronizes corporate and individual objectives | | | | | | | |
| | Rewards profitable production and efficient service | | | | | | | |
| | Motivates over-achieving producers | | | | | | | |
| | Production-based, not goal-based | | | | | | | |
| Financi | Center Incentive Compensation | | | | | | | |
| | Production credits Deposit/assets under management credits Fee income Other income Operating expenses Net income FTE | | | | | | | |
| | = Net income per FTE | | | | | | | |
| Financi | Financial Center Incentive Compensation(a) | | | | | | | |
| | Financial Assistant Sales Service Total Center(b) Financial Positions Positions Managers Center(b) Managers | | | | | | | |

| Base | 43% | 64% | 42% | 90% | 60% |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Incentive | 57 | 36 | 58 | 10 | 40 |

(a) Actual compensation mix paid year to date 5/31/02

(b)

Dime Managers not included because base/incentive mix will not change until 2003

Multi-Pronged Growth Strategy

Customer-Centric Brand

Free Checking

De Novo Expansion (Occasio)

Opportunistic Acquisitions

De Novo Expansion

Occasio

setting a new standard for retail banking

Exploring all major markets with:

A high dissatisfaction rate with other banks

Job growth/household growth

Marketing efficiency

Augmenting existing network

Effective way to rapidly develop a national consumer franchise

Occasio in De Novo Market

Original Forecast Model vs. Actual Results

| 12th Month of Operation | riginal odel(a) | | as Vegas ctual(b) |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|----|----------------------|
| Checking Accts. | 1,928 | | 1,224 |
| Loans (\$000s) | \$ 3,035 | \$ | 1,383 |
| Deposits (\$000s) | \$ 11,020 | \$ | 9,562 |
| Transaction Deposit Mix | 85% | , | 86% |
| Fee Income (\$000s) | \$ 40 | \$ | 58 |
| Operating Expenses (\$000s) | \$ 74 | \$ | 79 |

(a)
Averages of 16 Las Vegas Occasio Banking & Financial Services financial centers for the 12th month of operation

(b) Averages; calendar month and year varies by location

Occasio Sites in De Novo Markets

| Location | Current Sites | Proposed Sites for 2002 |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Las Vegas, NV | 21 | 1 |
| Phoenix, AZ | 24 | 7 |
| Atlanta, GA | 33 | 30 |
| Denver, CO | 0 | 20 |
| Total | 78 | 58 |

Occasio Sites in Existing Markets

| Location | Occasio | Occasio Retrofits | Total | Proposed Sites for 2002 |
|------------|---------|----------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| California | 26 | 18 | 44 | 31 |
| Texas | 22 | 20 | 42 | 26 |
| Florida | 14 | 13 | 27 | 23 |
| Washington | 15 | 4 | 19 | 8 |
| Oregon | 7 | 4 | 11 | 6 |
| Idaho | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Utah | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| NY/NJ | 4 | 0 | 4 | 36 |
| Total | 94 | 59 | 153 | 134 |

Results of Same-Store Sales Comparison

 $Occasio\ Retrofits\ vs.\ Traditional\ are\ favorable$

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| Denver (O | Opening late 2002) |
|-----------|--|
| (b) A | Averages of 965 Banking & Financial Services financial centers open at least one year by 12/31/01 and have not been retrofit |
| a) A | Averages of 56 Banking & Financial Services financial centers open at least one year and retrofit in Occasio style by 12/31/01 |
| | |

Dramatic growth in population and households in the last decade

Excessive bank and ATM fees are a major concern for consumers

Strong preference for our brand of retail banking

Multi-Pronged Growth Strategy

Customer-Centric Brand

Free Checking

De Novo Expansion (Occasio)

Opportunistic Acquisitions

Significant Recent Acquisitions

Banking and Financial Services seeks to maximize value for all acquired franchises

| | Year Acquired | Branches Acquired | Households* Acquired |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| American Savings (ASB) | 1996 | 159 | 590,000 |
| Great Western (GW) | 1997 | 411 | 2,210,000 |
| Home Savings (HSA) | 1998 | 383 | 1,260,000 |
| Bank United (BNKU) | 2001 | 157 | 280,000 |
| Dime Savings (DIME) | 2002 | 123 | 609,000 |

Approximate number of households using criteria of acquired companies

ASB and GW Same-Store Sales(a)

| | _ | 1998 | 1999 | % change |
|-------------------------|----|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| # of Checking Accts(b) | | 4,109 | 4,721 | 15% |
| Consumer Lending Volume | \$ | 1,258,947 | \$ 1,674,358 | 33 |
| Mortgage Lending Volume | \$ | 411,426 | \$ 1,792,338 | 336 |
| Fee Income | \$ | 585,018 | \$ 847,529 | 45 |
| FTE(c) | | 10.0 | 10.4 | 3 |

(a) Comparative results following acquisition and integration; average of 331 unconsolidated former ASB and GW financial centers

(b) As of the end of the period

(c) Monthly average for year

HSA Same-Store Sales(a)

| | | % |
|------|------|--------|
| 1999 | 2000 | change |

| | 1999 | 2000 | % change |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| # of Checking Accts(b) | 2,728 | 3,273 | 20% |
| Consumer Lending Volume | \$ 2,607,191 | \$ 4,096,047 | 126 |
| Mortgage Lending Volume | \$ 798,238 | \$ 1,134,766 | 42 |
| Fee Income | \$ 287,472 | \$ 454,480 | 58 |
| FTE(c) | 8.7 | 8.5 | (2) |

- (a) Comparative results following acquisition and integration; average of 222 unconsolidated former HSA financial centers
- (b) As of the end of the period
- (c) Monthly average for year

Bank United Same-Store Sales(a)

| | Q2'01 | Q2'02 | % change |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| # of Checking Accts(b) | 1,680 | 2,161 | 29% |
| Consumer Lending Volume | \$ 287,807 | \$ 889,018 | 209 |
| Mortgage Lending Volume | \$ 25,875 | \$ 74,030 | 186 |
| Fee Income | \$ 60,744 | \$ 115,996 | 91 |
| FTE(c) | 5.9 | 5.7 | (4) |

- (a) Comparative results following acquisition; average of 138 unconsolidated former BNKU financial centers
- (b) As of the end of the period
- (c) Monthly average for year

Dime Integration on Track

Acquired 123 branches in greater NY and NJ

Debuted 4 Occasio stores in June 2002, announced 8 additional Occasio locations in greater New York and expect a total of 40 new Occasio stores to be open by year-end 2002

Deposit conversion completed Memorial Day, 2002

Business model execution

Led by two veteran group managers

Conversion and cultural training underway

Segment Expense Coverage Ratio

Incentive compensation, recognition programs in place

| Five-Year Targets: 2000-2004 | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| | Significantly penetrate households with highest growth potential | |
| | Increase depositor fee income by 10 - 15% annually and drive noninterest income-to-expense ratio to 60% or better | |
| | Increase consumer loan portfolio from \$6 billion to \$20 billion | |
| | Continue to remix deposit base: 60% transaction/ 40% time deposit | |
| | Grow retail deposits by \$10 billion | |
| | | |
| * | nsolidated | |

| Noninteres | t expense excludes transition expense associated with the conversion of acquired companies |
|-------------------|--|
| ee Income Strateg | y |
| Listen to consur | ners |
| F | Eliminate "nickel and dime" fees |
| | Free access to tellers |
| (| Offer value-added services |
| S | Surcharge-free ATMs |
| | Two-thirds of new checking account customers in California cited our "no ATM surcharge policy" as a significant reason why they opened the account; second only to Free Checking |
| | In 14 markets nationwide Washington Mutual was most frequently cited by consumers as being a bank which does not charge non-customers to use their ATMs |
| ee Income Future | Plans |
| (| Continue to leverage proven strategy in new markets |
| I | ncrease Banking & Financial Services cross-selling services to brokerage clients |
| F | Refine financial services model |
| | |

Increase coverage in financial centers

Introduce Registered Bank Employee program in new and emerging markets

Expand national channel distribution for WM Group of Funds

Introduce new value-added products and services

Continue to augment the WM Group of Funds' \$12.6 billion in assets under management

Five-Year Targets: 2000-2004

Significantly penetrate households with highest growth potential

Increase depositor fee income by 10 - 15% annually and drive noninterest income-to-expense ratio to 60% or better

Increase consumer loan portfolio from \$6 billion to \$20 billion

Continue to remix deposit base: 60% transaction/40% time deposit

Grow retail deposits by \$10 billion

Consumer Loan Portfolio*

Excludes WM Finance consumer loans

Consumer Loan Opportunities

Over 50% of U.S. mortgage households have a home equity loan or line of credit

Less than 3% of WM mortgage households have a home equity loan or line of credit with WM

Increasing penetration to national average represents a \$45 billion lending opportunity

Consumer Loan Accomplishments and Future Plans

Expanded organization and enhanced staff capabilities

Enhanced product management capabilities and approaches

Develop state-of-the-art risk management capabilities

Reduce cycle times and unit costs

Leverage Home Loans & Insurance Services mortgage relationships

Develop new origination channels to attract new customers

Wholesale

Telephone

Internet

Five-Year Targets: 2000-2004

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Increase depositor fee income by 10 - 15% annually and drive noninterest income-to-expense ratio to 60% or better

Increase consumer loan portfolio from \$6 billion to \$20 billion

Continue to remix deposit base: 60% transaction/40% time deposit

Grow retail deposits by \$10 billion

Remix Deposit Base

Liquid CDs were reclassified as time deposits in 2001 due to the early withdrawal penalties associated with the accounts. Prior to 2001, these deposits were included in the transaction deposit base due to the nature of the product. Including Liquid CD accounts at 6/30/02 in the transaction deposit base would change the transaction/time deposit mix to 73%/27%

Impact of Remix on Cost of Deposits

Increased proportion of transaction balances provides a 25 bps funding cost advantage at 6/30/02

| | 6/30/02 Rates | 12/31/99 Mix/WAIR | 6/30/02 Mix/WAIR |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Transaction Deposits | 1.87% | 54% | 71% |
| Time Deposits | 3.32% | 46% | 29% |
| Wtd. Avg. Int. Rate | | 2.54%* | 2.29%* |

6/30/02 rate, based on period end balances, are used in calculating the weighted average interest rate for both periods

Five-Year Targets: 2000-2004

Significantly penetrate households with highest growth potential

Increase depositor fee income by 10 - 15% annually and drive noninterest income-to-expense ratio to 60% or better

Increase consumer loan portfolio from \$6 billion to \$20 billion

Continue to remix deposit base: 60% transaction/ 40% time deposit

| | Grow | retail | deposits | by | \$10 | billion |
|--|------|--------|----------|----|------|---------|
|--|------|--------|----------|----|------|---------|

| Deposits | S |
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| al. | |
| * | Liquid CDs were reclassified as time deposits in 2001 due to the early withdrawal penalties associated with the accounts. Prior to |
| | 2001, these deposits were included in the transaction deposit base due to the nature of the product. Liquid CD products account for \$2.1 billion in deposits as of 12/31/99, \$2.3 billion as of 12/31/00, \$6.2 billion as of 12/31/01, and \$2.5 billion as of 6/30/02 |
| | |

Platinum Account Results

New "relationship" checking account launched in July 2001

Advertising started in September 2001

Relationship encouraged by waiving monthly checking account service fee based on combined loan, deposit and investment balances

Over 480,000 active Platinum accounts

Attracting "higher-balance" customer base with an average deposit balance of \$66,000

Consumer Deposit Accomplishments and Future Plans

Augmented product development and management resources and refined product management processes

| | Extend successful transaction account growth strategies to larger-balance products (incentives, marketing, product development) |
|----------------|---|
| | Enhance retirement product line and refine pricing strategy |
| | Promote new small business products to attract deposit balances |
| | Leverage deposit growth with single-service investment and loan customers |
| WM Group of Fu | unds |
| | \$12.6 billion in total Assets Under Management |
| | \$3.6 billion is managed for other companies |
| | 17 Retail Mutual Funds |
| | 5 Strategic Asset Managed (SAM) Portfolios |
| | 16 Variable Annuities |
| Summary | |
| | Powerful, growing franchise with strong momentum |
| | On track with 5-year targets |
| | Continued opportunity for consistently strong profitability growth |
| | |
| | |
| | |

HOME LOANS AND INSURANCE SERVICES GROUP

Second Quarter 2002

Craig Davis
Group President

Forward-Looking Statements

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Business Segment Financial Information

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At a Glance

| Our lines of business: |
|---|
| Mortgage servicing |
| Mortgage origination |
| Insurance services |
| * Source: Inside Mortgage Finance |
| Our Goal |
| As America's Lending Leader |
| Within a five-year period, originate and service one out of every five loans nationwide |
| Be the industry's low-cost provider |
| Deliver the highest level of service |
| Mortgage Industry Overview |
| Industry Trends |

Growth

Consolidation

Risk management

Drivers of Growth: Projected Single-Family Mortgage Debt Outstanding

| | Annual Growth Rate | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------|--|
| | Actual(a) | | Forecast Range(b) | |
| | 1980s | 1990s | 2000s | |
| Households | 1.5% | 1.4% | 1.3 - 1.4% | |
| Homeownership Rate | (0.2) | 0.5 | 0.5 - 0.6 | |
| Average Home Price Gains | 7.3 | 3.6 | 5.0 - 6.5 | |
| SF Residential Investment | 8.6% | 5.5% | 6.8% - 8.5% | |
| Debt-to-Value Ratio | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 - 1.7 | |
| SF Mortgage Debt Outstanding | 10.6% | 7.0% | 8.1% - 10.2% | |

⁽a)

Bureau of the Census, Federal Reserve Board, Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight and National Association of Realtors, as of period presented

Servicing Market Trends

⁽b) Fannie Mae Forecast, May 2002

| Source: Inside | Mortgage Finance |
|-------------------|---|
| Origination Mark | et Trends |
| | |
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| Source: Mortg | age Bankers Association, Mortgage Finance Forecast, August 2002 |
| Accelerating Cons | |
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| | |
| Source: Inside | Mortgage Finance |
| Risk Management | |
| | Interest rate risk |
| | Mortgage servicing rights |
| | Credit quality |

Competitive Strengths Unique Business Model A mortgage product for all interest rate cycles **Maximize Economies of Scale** Integrate acquired companies successfully Leverage technology investments across the business Drive cost efficiencies through every step of the loan process Maximize cross-sell and additional revenue opportunities

Customer Relationship Management

State-of-the-art Home Loan customer relationship management tools deployed

Self service customer information available on-line

Customer service access to real-time customer information

| | Customer retention management |
|-------------------|---|
| | Mortgage servicing rights are a component of maintaining and growing customer relationships |
| Brand Awareness | |
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| | |
| | The Power of Yes the #1 recognized mortgage brand |
| | Our creative and innovative advertising continues to build national awareness |
| Our Business Stra | tegy |

| | | Strategic Objectives | | |
|---------------------------|------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Building America's Lendin | g Leader | | | |
| Market S | hare | | | |
| | Servicing | | | |
| | Production | | | |
| Profitabi | lity | | | |
| Servicing Market Share Gr | rowth | | | |
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| As of 6/30/02 portfolio includes servicing from WM Finance |
| Source: Inside Mortgage Finance |
| Servicing Portfolio* |
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As of 6/30/02 portfolio includes servicing from WM Finance

Servicing Profile(a)

| (a) | As of 6/30/02 portfolio includes servicing from WM Finance |
|--------|---|
| (b) | Approximately \$6.5 B of mortgage servicing rights (MSR) are associated with the \$477.3 B of loans serviced with MSR |
| Buildi | ng America's Lending Leader |
| | Market Share |
| | Servicing |
| | Production |
| | Profitability |
| Origin | ation Market Share Growth |

| (a) | WM market share (1) excludes co-issues and originations of acquired companies prior to their acquisition and (2) includes single family residential mortgage originations of WM Finance, second mortgages and home equity line of credits originated by Banking and Financial Services |
|--------|--|
| (b) | Source: Inside Mortgage Finance |
| Loan V | olume by Product Mix* |
| | |
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| | |
| * | WM market share (1) excludes co-issues and originations of acquired companies prior to their acquisition and (2) includes single family residential mortgage originations of WM Finance, second mortgages and home equity line of credits originated by Banking and Financial Services |

Nationwide Presence

As of 6/30/02

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|--------|--|
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| Loan V | Volume by Channel(a) |
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| | |
| | |
| (a) | WM market share (1) excludes co-issues and originations of acquired companies prior to their acquisition and (2) includes single family residential mortgage originations of WM Finance, second mortgages and home equity line of credits originated by Banking and Financial Services |
| (b) | Retail includes Home Loan centers, consumer direct, and Consumer Banking financial centers |
| Loan V | olume by Geographic Mix* |
| | |
| | |

Excludes co-issues, bulk purchases and originations by acquired companies prior to their acquisition by Washington Mutual

Optis Technology Platform

WaMu's end-to-end automated mortgage origination platform

| | Purpose | Status |
|-------------|--|-------------------|
| Release 0.1 | Supports Speed of Decision | Fully deployed |
| Optis Value | Web-based appraisal management and delivery system | Fully deployed |
| Release 0.2 | Provides Reliability of Close | Deployment Q1 '03 |

Building America's Lending Leader

Market Share

Servicing

Production

Profitability

Revenue Stabilization

Includes effects of inter-segment hedge allocation

Insurance Revenue

| Segment Income Statement | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | YTD 6/30/02 | YTD 6/30/01 | (%) change |
| | | (in millions) | |
| Net interest income after provision | \$ 1,525 | 5 \$ 88 | 7 72% |
| Noninterest income* | 998 | 3 60 | 8 64 |
| Noninterest expense | 1,102 | 2 51 | 7 113 |
| Net income | 873 | 3 60 | 3 45 |

Includes effects of inter-segment hedge allocation **HomeSide Lending Acquisition Announced** Purchase price projected to be \$1.3 billion in cash at closing Includes purchase of HomeSide's mortgage servicing portfolio of approximately \$131 billion and related hedges and assumed debt WaMu currently subservices portfolio Represents 1.4 million customer relationships Modestly accretive to 2002 earnings per share Expected to close in Q4 '02 Summary

Building America's lending leader

Stability, growth and profitability through unique business strategy

Strong contributor to WaMu's enterprise goal of being one of the nation's premier consumer financial services companies

SPECIALTY FINANCE

Second Quarter 2002

Craig Chapman Group President

Forward-Looking Statements

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Our Segment Multi-Family Lending Other Commercial Commercial Asset Servicing Commercial Real Estate Lending Mortgage Banker Finance Residential Builder Construction Finance Consumer Finance

Segment Focus*

| Based | on lo | an an | d MBS | balances | of \$30.6 | billion | as of | 6/30/02 |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|---------|
| Dasca | OII IC | an an | u MDS | Darances | οι ψυσιο | Ullion | as or | 0/30/02 |

Market Position

- #1 Multi-Family originator in 2000
- #1 Multi-Family portfolio owner for a financial institution
- #8 Commercial mortgage lender
- #5 Consumer Finance Company
- #6 Mortgage Banker Finance

Our Mission

To drive higher growth, higher returns and diversify risk while accelerating Washington Mutual's evolution into the nation's leading middle-market financial services company

Overall Objectives

Maintain market position as the largest multi-family loan originator, expanding to a 20% market share in the Top 20 markets

Become the industry leader in terms of profitability among commercial mortgage servicers

Be a leading player in Commercial Real Estate Lending, Mortgage Banker Finance and Residential Builder Construction

Implement a capital markets strategy to mitigate concentration, product and credit risk

Intensify focus on growth opportunities

| Goals | |
|--------------------|--|
| 1 | Expand multi-family business line, both in terms of geography and product line |
| 1 | Establish a national, scalable servicing platform |
| 1 | Implement capital markets initiatives |
| Segment Business M | Model |
| (| Own the customer relationship |
| | Origination, servicing and retention |
| (| Cross-sell to existing customers |
| | Cash management |
| | Deposits |
| 1 | Liquid assets for effective capital management |
|] | Earnings from: |
| | Spread income |
| | Fee income |
| | Gain on sale |

Multi-Family Market Size of \$1.3 trillion*

As of 2000, based on valuations

Source: National Multi Housing Council study, released 2001

Multi-Family Top 10 Originators in 2000

| Rank | Institution | | Loans n millions) | # of Loans | | g. Loan | Loans % of Total |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|----------------------|------------|----|---------|------------------|
| | W 1 | , , | ŕ | 2 200 | `` | ĺ | 0.40 |
| 1 | Washington Mutual | \$ | 2,520 | 2,389 | \$ | 1,055 | 9.4% |
| 2 | Wachovia/ First Union | | 1,772 | 430 | | 4,120 | 6.6 |
| 3 | ARCS Commercial Mortgage | | 1,531 | 263 | | 5,820 | 5.7 |
| 4 | California Federal Bank | | 892 | 511 | | 1,746 | 3.3 |
| 5 | Dime Bancorp | | 767 | 369 | | 2,077 | 2.9 |
| 6 | GMAC Commercial Mortgage | | 721 | 137 | | 5,265 | 2.7 |
| 7 | LaSalle Bank | | 713 | 1,347 | | 529 | 2.7 |
| 8 | World Savings | | 663 | 903 | | 734 | 2.5 |
| 9 | Bank of America | | 639 | 166 | | 3,849 | 2.4 |
| 10 | American Property Financing | | 515 | 46 | | 11,186 | 1.9 |
| | Other Reporting Originators | | 16,880 | 21,287 | | 793 | 62.9 |
| Multi-Family Originations | | \$ | 26,829 | 27,846 | \$ | 963 | 100.0% |

Multi-Family Originations Market Share

Multi-Family Our Advantages

Washington Mutual's brand as a leading national housing lender

The "Power of the Portfolio" allows for retention on balance sheet

Full product menu construction, rehabilitation, ARMs, FRMs and delegated underwriter servicer

Sales consultants focus on multi-family only

Quick, 45-day turnaround time

Multi-Family Top 20 Markets*

| 1. | New York City | \$ 294 |
|-----|---------------|-----------|
| 2. | San Francisco | 114 |
| 3. | Los Angeles | 112 |
| 4. | Boston | 56 |
| 5. | Chicago | 53 |
| 6. | Washington DC | 47 |
| 7. | San Diego | 33 |
| 8. | Orange County | 30 |
| 9. | Atlanta | 30 |
| 10. | Newark | 29 |
| 11. | Philadelphia | 28 |
| 12. | Miami | 28 |
| 13. | Seattle | 26 |
| 14. | Houston | 22 |
| 15. | Minneapolis | 20 |
| 16. | Dallas | 19 |

| 17. | Detroit | 18 |
|-----|-----------------|----|
| 18. | Denver | 18 |
| 19. | Phoenix | 14 |
| 20. | Fort Lauderdale | 14 |

*

As of 2000, based on valuations (in billions)

Multi-Family Focus Expand to New Markets

20/20 Vision

20% market share in top 20 markets

Capitalize on markets with natural supply constraints

Focus on "renter by need" vs. "renter by choice" markets

Prefer "B" and "C" properties over "A"

National Operations Center

Dallas, TX facility to open by Q1 '03

Consolidate 4 locations to 1

Convert 6 existing software platforms to 1

3 conversions completed

Improve operating efficiencies

Third-party servicing opportunities

Customer continuity program

Capital Markets Strategy

Optimize capital reduce risk for each product

Mitigate concentration, product and credit risk

| Multi-family | |
|--|--|
| Securitizations & FNMA | |
| Commercial Real Estate | |
| Commercial mortgage-back securities | |
| Residential Builder Construction and Mortgage Banker Finance | |
| Syndications | |
| Segment Net Income | |
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| Segment Net Interest Income | |
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Multi-Family and CRE Originations

$\label{eq:multi-Family Lending Performance Metrics} \textbf{Multi-Family Lending Performance Metrics}(\textbf{a})$

| | 6/30/01 | 6/30/02 |
|---|----------------|-----------|
| | (\$ in n | nillions) |
| Loans & MBS Outstanding(b) | \$ 15,724 | . , |
| Average Loan & MBS Yield Delinquencies(c) | 8.15° 0.35° | |
| Nonaccruals | 0.179 | % 0.02% |

- (a) Excludes multifamily construction loans which are part of Other Commercial Lending
- (b) Period ending balances (net of deferred fees)
- (c) Includes all nonaccrual loans regardless of payment status

Other Commercial Lending Performance Metrics

| | 6/ | 30/01 | 6/30/02 |
|----------------------------|----|--------------|---------|
| | | (\$ in milli | ions) |
| Loans & MBS Outstanding(a) | \$ | 9,639 \$ | 10,739 |
| Average Loan & MBS Yield | | 8.31% | 6.45% |
| Delinquencies(b) | | 2.03% | 4.45% |
| Nonaccruals | | 1.72% | 3.90% |

(a) Period ending balances (net of deferred fees)

(b) Includes all nonaccrual loans, regardless of payment status

Consumer Finance Profile

Strategy

Build a national franchise

Expand via organic growth and selective acquisitions

Leverage efficient centralized back office with localized origination

Continue strong record of credit risk management

Target A- to C customers

Reduce LTV ratios and tighten credit standards

Diversify distribution channels

Consumer Finance

Performance Metrics

| | 6/ | 6/30/01 6/30/02 | |
|---------------------------|----|-----------------|--------|
| | | (\$ in million | ns) |
| Receivables Outstanding | \$ | 3,781 \$ | 3,935 |
| Average Receivables Yield | | 15.53% | 14.97% |
| Efficiency Ratio | | 42.13% | 38.66% |
| Delinquency 60+* | | 2.91% | 3.17% |

Three or more payments past due

CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT

Second Quarter 2002

Jim Vanasek

Executive Vice President
and Chief Credit Risk Officer

Forward-Looking Statements

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Risk Exposure by Loan Type

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| | Specialty Mortgage Finan | ce (SMF) includes purchase | d subprime loops and first may | rtagaga originated by Washin | oton Mutual Finance |
| | (WMF); CRE is Commercial | cial Real Estate | d subprime loans and first mor | rigages originated by washing | gton Wutuar i manec |
| Risk Ex | (WMF); CRE is Commer | cial Real Estate | u suoprime toans and first moi | rtgages originated by washing | gton Mutuan i manee |
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| | (WMF); CRE is Commer | cial Real Estate | u suoprime toans anu first mor | rigages originated by washing | Son Mutual I manee |

| | _ | Portfolio(a) (in billions) | Delinquencies(b)/ Portfolio |
|----------|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 12/31/01 | \$ | 84.6 | 2.58% |
| 3/31/02 | | 88.9 | 2.77 |
| 6/30/02 | | 87.3(c) | 2.35 |

- (a) Excludes SMF portfolio. Also excludes loans held for sale for all periods.
- (b) Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual.
- (c) SFR portfolio is 98% permanent mortgages and 2% construction loans.

Asset Quality SMF(a)

| | _ | Portfolio(b) (in billions) | Delinquencies(c)/ Portfolio |
|----------|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 12/31/01 | \$ | 9.8 | 6.51% |
| 3/31/02 | | 10.5 | 6.56 |
| 6/30/02 | | 10.6 | 6.31 |

- (a) Specialty mortgage finance.
- (b)

 Includes purchased subprime loan portfolios as well as first mortgages originated by Washington Mutual Finance. Excludes loans held for sale for all periods.
- (c)

 Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual.

Asset Quality CRE: Multi-family

| | _ | Portfolio (in billions) | Delinquencies*/ Portfolio |
|----------|----|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 12/31/01 | \$ | 15.6 | 0.52% |
| 3/31/02 | | 17.2 | 0.62 |
| 6/30/02 | | 17.6 | 0.44 |

Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual

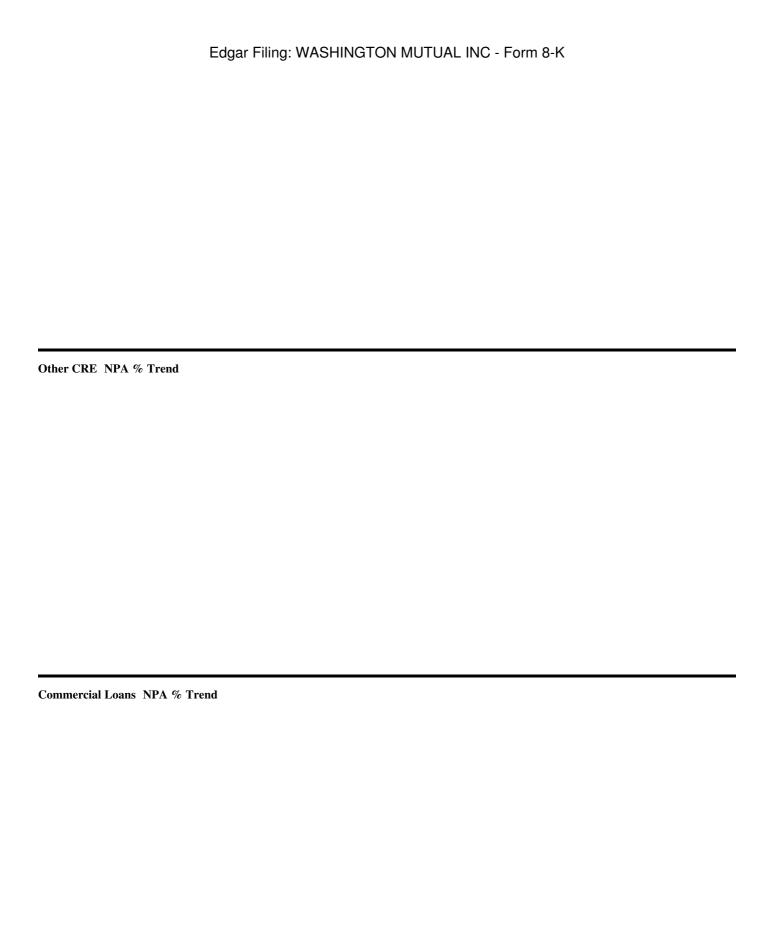
Asset Quality Other CRE

| | | tfolio illions) | Delinquencies*/ Portfolio |
|----------|----|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 12/31/01 | \$ | 4.5 | 7.25% |
| 3/31/02 | | 6.9 | 5.32 |

| Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual et Quality Consumer Loans(a): king Subsidiaries Portfolio (in billions) Delinquencies(b)/ Portfolio 1002 15.1 Includes second mortgage loans Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual Portfolio is 81% home equity products, 10% vehicles/cash secured, 7% manufactured housing and 2% unsecured et Quality Consumer Loans: WM Finance Portfolio (in billions) Delinquencies*/ (in billions) Delinquencies*/ Portfolio Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual Portfolio S 2.6 8.11% 102 2.7 7.13 Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual Portfolio (in billions) Delinquencies*/ Portfolio Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual et Quality Commercial Portfolio (in billions) Delinquencies*/ Portfolio (in billions) Delinquencies*/ Portfolio (in billions) | | Portfolio (in billions) | Delinquencies*/ Portfolio |
|--|---|---|---|
| Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Port | 0/02 | 6.8 | 4.37 |
| Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Port | | | |
| Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Delinquencies Portfolio Port | | | |
| Portfolio 1.11 1.28 16.7 (\$\text{C}\$ 16.7 (\$\text{C}\$ 1.11 1.28 1.2 | Two or more payments past due including nonacc | erual | |
| Portfolio (in billions) Delinquencies(b) / Portfolio | et Quality Consumer Loans(a): | | |
| (in billions) Portfolio | nking Subsidiaries | | |
| 15.1 1.28 16.7(c) 1.11 | | | |
| 15.1 1.28 16.7(c) 1.11 | /31/01 | \$ 10.5 | 1.77% |
| Includes second mortgage loans Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual Portfolio is 81% home equity products, 10% vehicles/cash secured, 7% manufactured housing and 2% unsecured et Quality Consumer Loans: WM Finance Portfolio Portfolio Delinquencies*/Portfolio \$ 2.6 8.11% //02 2.6 7.83 //02 2.7 7.13 Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual et Quality Commercial Portfolio Delinquencies*/Portfolio Portfolio Delinquencies*/Portfolio \$ 5.4 4.39% //02 5.2 4.98 | 1/02 | 15.1 | 1.28 |
| Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual Portfolio is 81% home equity products, 10% vehicles/cash secured, 7% manufactured housing and 2% unsecured et Quality Consumer Loans: WM Finance Portfolio (in billions) \$ 2.6 8.11% ./02 2.6 7.83 ./02 2.7 7.13 Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual et Quality Commercial Portfolio (in billions) Portfolio Delinquencies*/ (in billions) Delinquencies*/ Portfolio (in billions) Portfolio 2.4 4.39% ./02 5.4 4.39% | 0/02 | 16.7(c) | 1.11 |
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Two or more payments past due including nonaccrual

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| anni vini a m | |
| SFR* NPA % Trend | |
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| Excludes SMF portfolio | 0 |
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| SMF NPA % Trend | |
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| SMF NPA % Trend CRE: Multi-Family NPA % T | rend |
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| Edgar Filing: WASHINGTON MUTUAL INC - Form 8-K |
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| Consumer Loans*: Banking Subsidiaries NPA % Trends |
| Sometime Bound : Building Substituties 14.14 % Frences |
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| Includes second mortgages |
| Consumer Loans: WM Finance NPA % Trend |
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| Nonperforming Assets | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----|--------|-------|----------|----|--------|
| | 12 | /31/01 | 3/. | 31/02 | 6, | /30/02 |
| | | | (in m | illions) | | |
| Nonaccrual Loans | \$ | 2,030 | \$ | 2,391 | \$ | 2,232 |
| + Foreclosed Assets | | 228 | | 267 | | 274 |
| = Nonperforming Assets | \$ | 2,258 | \$ | 2,658 | \$ | 2,506 |

Foreclosed Assets

| Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses* | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| | (in millions) |
| Allocated | \$ 1,154 |
| Unallocated | 511 |
| | |

(in millions)

| Total reserves | | \$ 1,665 |
|----------------|--|-------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| * | | |
| As of 6/30/02 | | |

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses 3 Year Trend

| | | | _ |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|
| Net Charge Offs and | Allowance for | Loan and Lease | Losses |

| | WM 6/30/02 | Thrift Peers(a) 3/31/02 | Bank Peers(a) 3/31/02 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Net Charge Offs(b)/Average Loans(c) | 0.31% | 0.32% | 1.39% |
| ALLL/Total Loans(c) | 1.14 | 0.89 | 2.07 |

- (a)

 Most recent data available; thrift peer group consists of savings institutions with assets >\$5 billion, bank peer group consists of commercial banks with assets >\$10 billion. Source: The FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile
- (b) Annualized net charge offs
- (c) Represents loans held in portfolio

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

| ALLL | Provision | Net Charge offs |
|------|---------------|--------------------|
| | (in millions) | |

| | A | LLL | Provision | N | et Charge offs |
|---------|----|-------|-----------|----|-------------------|
| | | | | _ | |
| Q2 2001 | \$ | 1,170 | \$ 92 | \$ | 75 |
| Q3 2001 | | 1,295 | 200 | | 75 |
| Q4 2001 | | 1,404 | 200 | | 97 |
| Q1 2002 | | 1,621 | 175 | | 99 |
| Q2 2002 | | 1,665 | 160 | | 116 |

MARKET RISK MANAGEMENT

Second Quarter 2002

Bill Longbrake

Vice Chair, Enterprise Risk Management and Chief Financial Officer

Forward-Looking Statements

"This presentation contains forward-looking statements, which are not historical facts and pertain to future operating results. These forward-looking statements are within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and other statements contained in this document that are not historical facts. When used in this presentation, the words "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," or words of similar meaning, or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "would," "should," "could," or "may" are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the results discussed in these forward-looking statements for the reasons, among others, discussed under the heading "Business Factors That May Affect Future Results" in Washington Mutual's 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K and under the heading, "Cautionary Statements," in Washington Mutual's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002, which include: changes in general business and economic conditions may significantly affect our earnings; the risk that our inability to effectively manage the volatility of our mortgage banking business could adversely affect our earnings; the risk that the impact of rising interest rates may result in an increase in our cost of interest-bearing liabilities, which could outpace the increase in the yield on interest-earning assets and lead to a reduction in the net interest margin; the risk that our inability to effectively integrate the operations and personnel of companies we have acquired could adversely affect our earnings and financial condition; the concentration of operations in California could adversely affect our operating results if the California economy or real estate market declines; competition from other financial services companies in our markets could adversely affect our ability to achieve our financial goals; changes in the regulation of financial services companies could adversely affect our business.

Business Segment Financial Information

Business segment financial information is prepared for management information purposes and uses methodologies which do not conform to generally accepted accounting principles. These methodologies include internal allocations of the cost of funds, hedge gains or losses, loan loss provisions and certain overhead items.

Management Objective

Moderate volatility in net income and the fair value of mortgage servicing rights caused by changes in rates over interest rate cycle

| Interest Rate Imp | pacts |
|-------------------|---|
| | Net interest income |
| | Gain from mortgage loans |
| | Servicing and other fee income |
| | Noninterest expense |
| | Balance sheet size |
| | Fair value of mortgage servicing rights |
| | Market value of risk management instruments |
| | |

Impact of Rate Movements

Interest Rate Risk Drivers Net Interest Income

Net interest income generally decreases when short-term interest rates are rising and increases when short-term rates are falling

Lagged adjustments in ARM rates lead to volatility in net interest margin

Changes in balance sheet size generally move in the opposite direction of the net interest margin offsetting some of the margin volatility

| | Net | Interest | Margin | Throughout | the | Cvcle |
|--|-----|----------|--------|-------------------|-----|-------|
|--|-----|----------|--------|-------------------|-----|-------|

Interest Rate Risk Drivers Balance Sheet Size

The size of the balance sheet normally increases in rising rate environments and decreases in falling interest rate environments

In rising interest rate environments, loan production normally decreases while prepayments slow and ARM production increases resulting in potential balance sheet growth

In falling rate environments, loan production and prepayments increase while the loan mix shifts to fixed-rate mortgages which are sold resulting in the potential for balance sheet shrinkage

Balance Sheet Grows as Rates Rise

NII usually declines due to margin compression

Balance sheet growth partially offsets this margin compression

Historical Rising Rate Scenario

Q3 1999

Q4 1999

| Historical Rising Rate Scenario | Q3 1999 Q | Q3 1999 Q4 1999 | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| Net Interest Margin Ending Assets | 2.64% \$ 181B \$ | 2.41% 187B | |

Balance Sheet Contracts as Rates Fall

NII usually increases due to liability rates repricing to lower levels faster than asset yields

Higher prepayments reduce the balance sheet and partially offset the NII enhancement

| Historical Falling Rate Scenario | Q2 2001 Q3 2001 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Net Interest Margin Ending Assets | 3.21% 3.53% \$ 229B \$ 224B | |

Strategies to Mitigate NII Sensitivity

Remix the balance sheet

Add higher yielding and less rate sensitive specialty, consumer and commercial loans

Increase deposits with lower pricing sensitivity

Diversify revenue sources

Grow checking accounts and fee based services

Grow securities fees and insurance income

Implement financial strategies

Actively manage differences in maturities or repricing periods of our assets and liabilities

Execute longer-term fixed-rate borrowings, interest rate swaps, swaptions and caps

Transactions to Mitigate NII Sensitivity to Rising Rates

2001 Transactions

Issued \$15.8 billion in fixed-rate financing with a maturity of one year or more

Executed \$11.4 billion in swaptions for rising rate protection

Executed \$9.7 billion in pay-fixed swaps

2002 Transactions through June 30th

Purchased \$22.1 billion in pay fixed rate swaps

Executed \$5.8 billion in fixed rate financing with a maturity of one year or more

Net Income Sensitivity Results

We measure net income sensitivity based on parallel shifts in the yield curve with rates falling or rising in even quarterly increments over twelve months for a total decrease of 100 bps and a total increase of 200 bps

This analysis includes assumptions for mortgage prepayments, transaction account decay, loan sales, loan and deposit production, repricing of current and new mortgage and deposit products, gain from mortgage loans, changes in the fair value of MSR and related hedges and changes in noninterest income and noninterest expense

Net Income and Net Interest Income Sensitivity

| | Down 100 bps | Up 200 bps |
|---|--------------|-------------------|
| Net Income change for the one-year period beginning: | | |
| July 1, 2002 | (0.76)% | 0.21% |
| January 1, 2002 | 2.19 | (2.76) |
| | | |
| Net Interest Income change for the one-year period beginning: | | |
| July 1, 2002 | (0.44)% | (2.30)% |
| January 1, 2002 | 1.47 | (5.18) |
| | | |

Interest Rate Risk Drivers Mortgage Banking

Gain from mortgage loans

Gain from mortgage loans normally decreases when rates are rising and increases when rates are falling

The gain changes based on production, loan mix and competition (loan pricing)

Loan servicing and other fee income

Loan servicing fees typically increase as rates rise and decrease as rates fall

| | Mortgage | e Servicing Rights |
|----------|------------------------|---|
| | | Potential impairment in falling interest rate environment and recovery of previous impairments in rising rate environment |
| | | Impairment only occurs when fair value falls below book value |
| | | Recovery of impairment is limited to gross book value |
| Changes | s in Mortgage Servi | cing Rights |
| | | |
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| | | |
| (a) | Includes \$12 millio | on of commercial real estate MSRs |
| (b) | \$711 million of total | al represents sale of excess servicing in Q2 '02 |
| Strategi | es to Mitigate MSR | Fair Value Sensitivity |
| | The fair v | value of MSR may decline as expected prepayment rates rise |
| | The source | ces of income to offset the impairment: |

Natural business hedge

Increased net interest income

2002 Transactions as of June 30th

Executed \$11.6 billion in receive-fixed rate swaps

Higher gains from mortgage loans

| Gains on financial hedges | |
|---|--|
| Minimizing excess servicing on loan sales | |
| Sales of excess servicing | |
| Strategies to Mitigate MSR Fair Value Sensitivity | |
| Composition of Current MSR Financial Hedges | |
| Bonds | |
| Mortgage securities | |
| Receive-fixed rate interest rate swaps | |
| Interest rate floors | |
| Receiver swaptions | |
| Considerations in Instrument Selection | |
| Effectiveness duration, convexity, volatility | |
| Liquidity | |
| Capital | |
| Cost | |
| Transactions to Mitigate MSR Sensitivity | |

Executed \$7.7 billion in receive-fixed rate swaptions

Purchased \$12.4 billion in interest rate floors

Par value of bonds totaled \$31.5 billion at 6/30/02

SFR Mortgage Banking Income (Expense) Adjusted for Financial Hedging Transactions

| | Q | Q2 2002 | | Q1 2002 | |
|--|----|---------|----|---------|--|
| | _ | | _ | | |
| Loan servicing fees | \$ | 598 | \$ | 555 | |
| Amortization of MSR | | (504) | | (479) | |
| MSR recovery (impairment) | | (1,107) | | 45 | |
| Other, net | | (78) | | (62) | |
| Loan related income | | 120 | | 81 | |
| Gain from mortgage loans | | 220 | | 251 | |
| Gain from sale of originated MBS | | 18 | | 2 | |
| | _ | | _ | | |
| Total SFR mortgage banking income (expense) | | (733) | | 393 | |
| | | | | | |
| Gain from AFS securities | | 137 | | (298) | |
| Gain on extinguishment of securities sold under agreements to repurchase | | 121 | | 74 | |
| Revaluation gain (loss) from derivatives | | 857 | | (15) | |
| | | | | | |
| Total mortgage banking fees, net of financial hedges | \$ | 382 | \$ | 154 | |

Interest Rate Risk Summary

Exposure to interest rate risk is managed through:

Net income and net interest income simulations

MSR and hedge analysis

Adjustments to the interest rate risk position are managed by:

Extending funding via borrowings or derivatives

Balance sheet management (sale/retention of assets)

Executing the appropriate MSR financial hedges

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

WASHINGTON MUTUAL, INC.

By: /s/ WILLIAM W. EHRLICH

William W. Ehrlich

Executive Vice President,

Corporate Relations

Date: September 10, 2002

QuickLinks

OVERVIEW Second Quarter 2002

BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP Second Quarter 2002

HOME LOANS AND INSURANCE SERVICES GROUP Second Quarter 2002

SPECIALTY FINANCE Second Quarter 2002

CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT Second Quarter 2002

MARKET RISK MANAGEMENT Second Quarter 2002

SIGNATURE