OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE INC/VA

Form 10-Q November 06, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

EODM 10.0

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

56-0751714

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

For the transition period from to .

Commission File Number: 0-19582

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

VIRGINIA

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 500 Old Dominion Way

Thomasville, NC 27360

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(336) 889-5000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of November 6, 2012 there were 86,164,917 shares of the registrant's Common Stock (\$0.10 par value) outstanding.

Table of Contents

INDEX

Part I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1	Financial Statements	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Balance Sheets – September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Statements of Operations – For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 at	<u>nd</u>
	2011	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Statements of Cash Flows – For the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011	<u>4</u>
	Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements	<u>5</u>
Item 2	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	4 5 8
Item 3	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>16</u>
Item 4	Controls and Procedures	<u>16</u>
Part II –	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1	Legal Proceedings	<u>16</u>
Item 1A	Risk Factors	<u>16</u>
Item 6	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>17</u>
SIGNAT EXHIBI	TURES TINDEX	18 19

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30,	Dagamban 21
(In the area and a succept shows and man shows data)	2012	December 31,
(In thousands, except share and per share data)	(Unaudited)	2011
ASSETS		
Current assets:	+ c 0 0 =	*== 0 = 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,902	\$75,850
Customer receivables, less allowances of \$9,536 and \$9,173, respectively	248,254	213,481
Other receivables	5,570	4,441
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	25,495	18,614
Deferred income taxes	19,518	19,466
Total current assets	305,739	331,852
Property and equipment:		
Revenue equipment	936,909	789,984
Land and structures	832,378	738,359
Other fixed assets	228,100	214,816
Leasehold improvements	5,994	5,773
Total property and equipment	2,003,381	1,748,932
Accumulated depreciation	(652,023) (621,982
Net property and equipment	1,351,358	1,126,950
Goodwill	19,463	19,463
Other assets	38,062	34,809
Total assets	\$1,714,622	\$1,513,074

Note: The Condensed Balance Sheet at December 31, 2011 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

	Tł	ne accompanying notes	are an integral	part of these	condensed	financial	statements
--	----	-----------------------	-----------------	---------------	-----------	-----------	------------

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

	September 30,	
	2012	December 31,
(In thousands, except share and per share data)	(Unaudited)	2011
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$56,930	\$42,096
Compensation and benefits	78,350	66,740
Claims and insurance accruals	40,659	35,934
Other accrued liabilities	22,375	20,686
Current maturities of long-term debt	39,314	39,354
Total current liabilities	237,628	204,810
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt	243,497	229,831
Other non-current liabilities	100,166	86,998
Deferred income taxes	146,843	134,916
Total long-term liabilities	490,506	451,745
Total liabilities	728,134	656,555
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock - \$0.10 par value, 140,000,000 shares authorized; 86,164,917		
shares outstanding at September 30, 2012 and 86,164,986 shares outstanding at	8,616	8,616
December 31, 2011		
Capital in excess of par value	134,401	134,403
Retained earnings	843,471	713,500
Total shareholders' equity	986,488	856,519
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,714,622	\$1,513,074

Note: The Condensed Balance Sheet at December 31, 2011 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(Chaudica)	Three Months September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(In thousands, except share and per share data)	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Revenue from operations	\$544,493	\$494,475	\$1,583,138	\$1,397,409		
Operating expenses:						
Salaries, wages and benefits	270,907	247,157	797,398	708,031		
Operating supplies and expenses	94,732	91,421	282,639	264,751		
General supplies and expenses	14,507	12,648	44,596	37,415		
Operating taxes and licenses	17,182	16,128	50,683	47,547		
Insurance and claims	8,336	8,154	23,671	22,875		
Communications and utilities	5,003	4,518	14,556	13,501		
Depreciation and amortization	28,727	23,396	80,795	66,530		
Purchased transportation	18,234	16,628	53,110	47,696		
Building and office equipment rents	3,393	3,412	10,118	10,299		
Miscellaneous expenses, net	2,540	2,819	7,834	8,004		
Total operating expenses	463,561	426,281	1,365,400	1,226,649		
Operating income	80,932	68,194	217,738	170,760		
Non-operating expense (income):						
Interest expense	2,882	3,397	8,786	10,737		
Interest income	(22) (3) (107) (36		
Other (income) expense, net	(289) 1,678	240	622		
Total non-operating expense	2,571	5,072	8,919	11,323		
Income before income taxes	78,361	63,122	208,819	159,437		
Provision for income taxes	27,317	24,491	78,848	59,850		
Net income	\$51,044	\$38,631	\$129,971	\$99,587		
Earnings per share:						
Basic	\$0.59	\$0.45	\$1.51	\$1.16		
Diluted	\$0.59	\$0.45	\$1.51	\$1.16		
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic	86,164,968	86,164,986	86,164,980	85,571,309		
Diluted	86,164,968	86,164,986	86,164,980	85,571,309		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Onaudicu)	Nine Month	s Endad	
	September 3		
(In thousands)	2012	2011	
Cash flows from operating activities:	2012	2011	
Net income	\$129,971	\$99,587	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$129,971	\$99,307	
Depreciation and amortization	80,795	66,530	
•	789	900	
Loss on sale of property and equipment Deferred income taxes			
	11,875	33,679	\
Other operating activities, net	(692) (347)
Net cash provided by operating activities	222,738	200,349	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(309,661) (209,900)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	5,445	5,210	
Net cash used in investing activities	(304,216) (204,690)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	412	96,010	
Principal payments under long-term debt agreements	(37,260) (37,027)
Net proceeds (payments) from revolving line of credit	49,380	(66,230)
Proceeds from stock issuance, net of issuance costs		48,400	
Other financing activities, net	(2) —	
Net cash provided by financing activities	12,530	41,153	
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(68,948) 36,812	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	75,850	5,450	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$6,902	\$42,262	
•			
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:			
Acquisition of property and equipment by capital lease	\$1,094	\$504	
	. ,	·	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited, interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and, in management's opinion, contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring items) necessary for a fair presentation, in all material respects, of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

The preparation of condensed financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Our operating results are subject to seasonal trends; therefore, the results of operations for the interim period ended September 30, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for subsequent quarterly periods or the year ending December 31, 2012.

The condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes, which appear in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

There have been no significant changes in the accounting principles and policies, long-term contracts or estimates inherent in the preparation of the condensed financial statements of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. as previously described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in these Notes to "Old Dominion," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" references to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.

Common Stock Split

On August 13, 2012, we announced a three-for-two common stock split for shareholders of record as of the close of business on the record date, August 24, 2012. On September 7, 2012 those shareholders received one additional share of common stock for every two shares owned. In lieu of fractional shares, shareholders received a cash payment based on the average of the high and low sales prices of our common stock on the record date.

All references in this report to shares outstanding, weighted average shares outstanding and earnings per share amounts have been restated retroactively for this stock split.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of financial instruments, such as cash and cash equivalents, customer and other receivables and trade payables, approximate their fair value due to the short maturities of these instruments. The carrying value of our long-term debt was \$282.8 million and \$269.2 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

The estimated fair value of our long-term debt was \$294.1 million and \$276.6 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The fair value measurement of our senior notes was determined using market interest rates for similar issuances of private debt. Since this methodology is based upon indicative market interest rates, the measurement is categorized as Level 2 under the three-level fair value hierarchy as established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"). The fair value of our other long-term debt approximates carrying value.

Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Table of Contents

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Comprehensive Income

The Company has no components of other comprehensive income. Accordingly, net income equals comprehensive income for all periods presented in this report.

Note 2. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30,	December 31,
(III tilousalius)	2012	2011
Senior notes	\$227,143	\$262,857
Revolving credit facility	49,380	_
Capitalized leases and other obligations	6,288	6,328
Total long-term debt	282,811	269,185
Less: Current maturities	(39,314)	(39,354)
Total maturities due after one year	\$243,497	\$229,831

We have three outstanding unsecured senior note agreements with an aggregate amount outstanding of \$227.1 million and \$262.9 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. These notes call for periodic principal payments with maturities that range from 2015 to 2021, of which \$35.7 million is due in the next twelve months. Interest rates on these notes are fixed and range from 4.00% to 5.85%. The effective average interest rate on our outstanding senior note agreements was 5.07% and 5.17% at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

We have a five-year, \$200.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility pursuant to the terms of a second amended and restated credit agreement dated August 10, 2011 (the "Credit Agreement"), with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo") serving as administrative agent for the lenders. Of the \$200.0 million line of credit commitments, \$150.0 million may be used for letters of credit and \$20.0 million may be used for borrowings under the Wells Fargo Sweep Plus Loan Program. This sweep program is a daily cash management tool that automatically initiates borrowings to cover overnight cash requirements up to an aggregate of \$20.0 million. In addition, we have the right to request an increase in the line of credit commitments up to a total of \$300.0 million in minimum increments of \$25.0 million. At our option, revolving loans under the facility bear interest at either: (a) the Applicable Margin Percentage for Base Rate Loans plus the higher of Wells Fargo's prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 0.5% per annum, or the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum; (b) the LIBOR Rate plus the Applicable Margin Percentage for LIBOR Loans; or (c) the LIBOR Market Index Rate ("LIBOR Index Rate") plus the Applicable Margin Percentage for LIBOR Market Index Loans. The Applicable Margin Percentage is determined by a pricing grid in the Credit Agreement and ranges from 1.0% to 1.875% based upon the ratio of Debt to Total Capitalization. The Applicable Margin Percentage was 1.125% at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, and ranged from 1.0% to 1.125% during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Revolving loans under the sweep program bear interest at the LIBOR Index Rate.

Borrowings on the line of credit facility were \$49.4 million at September 30, 2012 and zero at December 31, 2011. There were \$52.6 million and \$49.9 million of outstanding letters of credit at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

Note 3. Commitments and Contingencies

We are involved in various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business that have not been fully adjudicated. Many of these are covered in whole or in part by insurance. Our management does not believe that these actions, when finally concluded and determined, will have a material adverse effect upon our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Table of Contents

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Note 4. Subsequent Events

Management evaluated all subsequent events and transactions through the issuance date of these financial statements, and concluded that no subsequent events or transactions have occurred that require recognition or disclosure in our financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

We are a leading, less-than-truckload ("LTL"), union-free motor carrier providing regional, inter-regional and national LTL service and other value-added services from a single integrated organization. In addition to our core LTL services, we offer our customers a broad range of value-added services including ground and air expedited transportation, container delivery, truckload brokerage, supply chain consulting, warehousing and household services. Through marketing and carrier relationships, we also offer door-to-door international freight services to and from all of North America, Central America, South America and the Far East. More than 90% of our revenue is derived from transporting LTL shipments for our customers, whose demand for our services is generally tied to industrial production and the overall health of the U.S. domestic economy.

In analyzing the components of our revenue, we monitor changes and trends in the following key metrics:

Revenue Per Hundredweight - This measurement reflects the application of our pricing policies to the services we provide, which are influenced by competitive market conditions and our growth objectives. Generally, freight is rated by a class system, which is established by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc. Light, bulky freight typically has a higher class and is priced at higher revenue per hundredweight than dense, heavy freight. Fuel surcharges, accessorial charges, revenue adjustments and revenue for undelivered freight are included in this measurement. Revenue for undelivered freight is deferred for financial statement purposes in accordance with our revenue recognition policy; however, we believe including it in our revenue per hundredweight metrics results in a better indicator of changes in our yields by matching total billed revenue with the corresponding weight of those shipments.

Revenue per hundredweight is a commonly-used indicator of pricing trends, but this metric can be influenced by many other factors, such as changes in fuel surcharges, weight per shipment, length of haul and the mix of our freight. As a result, changes in revenue per hundredweight do not necessarily indicate actual changes in underlying base rates.

Weight Per Shipment - Fluctuations in weight per shipment can indicate changes in the class, or mix, of freight we receive from our customers, as well as changes in the number of units included in a shipment. Generally, increases in weight per shipment indicate higher demand for our customers' products and overall increased economic activity. Changes in weight per shipment generally have an inverse effect on our revenue per hundredweight, as an increase in weight per shipment will typically cause a decrease in revenue per hundredweight.

Average Length of Haul - We consider lengths of haul less than 500 miles to be regional traffic, lengths of haul between 500 miles and 1,000 miles to be inter-regional traffic, and lengths of haul in excess of 1,000 miles to be national traffic. By analyzing this metric, we can determine the success and growth potential of our service products in these markets. Changes in length of haul generally have a direct effect on our revenue per hundredweight, as an increase in length of haul will typically cause an increase in revenue per hundredweight.

Our primary revenue focus is to increase our "density," our shipment and tonnage growth within our existing infrastructure, which allows us to maximize our asset utilization and labor productivity. We measure density over many different functional areas of our operations including revenue per service center, linehaul load factor, pickup and

delivery ("P&D") stops per hour, P&D shipments per hour, platform pounds handled per hour and platform shipments per hour. In addition to our focus on density, it is critical for us to obtain an appropriate yield on the shipments we handle. We manage our yields by focusing on individual account profitability. We believe yield management and improvements in density are key components in our ability to produce profitable growth.

Our primary cost elements are direct wages and benefits associated with the movement of freight; fuel and equipment repair expenses; and depreciation of our equipment fleet and service center facilities. We gauge our

overall success in managing these costs by monitoring our operating ratio, a measure of profitability calculated by dividing total operating expenses by revenue, which also allows industry-wide comparisons with our competition.

We continually upgrade our technological capabilities to improve our customer service and lower our operating costs. Our technology provides our customers with visibility of their shipments throughout our network, increases the productivity of our workforce and provides key metrics from which we can monitor our processes.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, expenses and other items as a percentage of revenue from operations:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Mo Septemb	onths Ended er 30,	nded	
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Revenue from operations	100.0	% 100.0	% 100.0	% 100.0	%	
Operating expenses:						
Salaries, wages and benefits	49.8	50.0	50.4	50.7		
Operating supplies and expenses	17.4	18.4	17.9	18.9		
General supplies and expenses	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.7		
Operating taxes and licenses	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4		
Insurance and claims	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6		
Communications and utilities	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0		
Depreciation and amortization	5.3	4.7	5.1	4.8		
Purchased transportation	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4		
Building and office equipment rents	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7		
Miscellaneous expenses, net	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6		
Total operating expenses	85.1	86.2	86.2	87.8		
Operating income	14.9	13.8	13.8	12.2		
Interest expense, net *	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.8		
Other (income) expense, net	(0.0)) 0.3	0.0	0.0		
Income before income taxes	14.4	12.8	13.2	11.4		
Provision for income taxes	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.3		
Net income	9.4	% 7.8	% 8.2	% 7.1	%	

^{*} For the purpose of this table, interest expense is presented net of interest income.

Results of Operations

Key financial and operating metrics for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below:

1	Three Month September 3		Ended				Nine Months September 30		ded			
	2012		2011		% Change		2012		2011		% Change	
Work days	63		64		(1.6)%	191		192		(0.5)%
Revenue (in thousands)	\$544,493		\$494,475		10.1	%	\$1,583,138		\$1,397,409		13.3	%
Operating ratio	85.1	%	86.2	%	(1.3)%	86.2	%	87.8	%	(1.8)%
Net income (in thousands)	\$51,044		\$38,631		32.1	%	\$129,971		\$99,587		30.5	%
Diluted earnings per share	e\$0.59		\$0.45		31.1	%	\$1.51		\$1.16		30.2	%
Total tons (in thousands)	1,756		1,668		5.3	%	5,194		4,799		8.2	%
Shipments (in thousands)	1,996		1,900		5.1	%	5,872		5,454		7.7	%
Weight per shipment (lbs.)	1,759		1,756		0.2	%	1,769		1,760		0.5	%
Revenue per hundredweight	\$15.44		\$14.82		4.2	%	\$15.25		\$14.62		4.3	%
Revenue per shipment	\$271.60		\$260.33		4.3	%	\$269.70		\$257.34		4.8	%
Average length of haul (miles)	939		948		(0.9)%	941		954		(1.4)%

We achieved third-quarter and nine-month Company records for our revenue, operating ratio and earnings per diluted share, despite a relatively weak economic environment. We believe this success was driven by our ability to gain tonnage through increased market share while also improving the pricing for our services. We continue to win market share by providing shippers with a value proposition that provides outstanding on-time and claims-free service at a fair price. As a result, the third quarter of 2012 included a 10.1% increase in revenue to \$544.5 million and a 32.1% increase in net income to \$51.0 million. When compared to the same quarter of the prior year, our quarterly results represent the eleventh consecutive quarter of improvement in our operating ratio and double-digit growth in net income. Combined with the positive operating momentum we carried into the third quarter, our results for the nine-month period reflect a 13.3% increase in revenue to \$1.58 billion and a 30.5% increase in net income to \$130.0 million.

Revenue

Our revenue growth for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 was driven by increases in tonnage, pricing and fuel surcharges. Tonnage increased 5.3% and 8.2% for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2012, respectively, due to increases in shipments and weight per shipment for both periods. We believe the increases in tonnage were primarily due to increased market share, as our growth exceeded reported industry levels. We did, however, experience some deceleration in our rate of growth beginning in the second quarter of 2012 that continued into the third quarter. Based on internal metrics and other economic indicators, we believe this is due to an overall weakness in the U.S. economy.

Revenue per hundredweight for the third quarter of 2012 was \$15.44, a 4.2% increase over the prior-year quarter. For the first nine months of 2012, revenue per hundredweight increased 4.3% to \$15.25. These increases reflect our commitment to a disciplined yield management process. As part of this process, we implemented a 4.9% general rate increase to our base rates for non-contractual business on August 6, 2012 and we regularly review our contractual rates on a customer-by-customer basis. A focus on obtaining an appropriate yield for our services is necessary to offset rising operating costs and to also allow us to invest in opportunities that can improve our service and fuel our growth. We believe our prices are competitive and, when combined with the quality of our service, provide an unmatched value proposition in our industry.

Our fuel surcharges are designed to offset fluctuations in the cost of petroleum-based products and are one of the many components included in the overall negotiated price we charge for our services. Fuel surcharge revenue was 16.4% of our total revenue for the third quarter of 2012 and 16.6% for the same period in 2011. Fuel surcharge

revenue was 16.6% of our total revenue for the first nine months of 2012 and 16.5% for the same period of the prior year. Most of our tariffs and contracts provide for a fuel surcharge that is generally indexed to the U. S. Department of Energy's published diesel fuel prices that reset each week. Therefore, the fluctuations in fuel surcharges between the periods are primarily the result of changes in the underlying price of diesel fuel.

Operating Costs and Other Expenses

Salaries, wages and benefits increased \$23.8 million, or 9.6%, from the third quarter of 2011 due to a \$15.2 million increase in the costs for salaries and wages and an \$8.6 million increase in benefit costs. Salaries, wages and benefits increased \$89.4 million, or 12.6%, from the first nine months of 2011 due to a \$57.7 million increase in the costs for salaries and wages and a \$31.7 million increase in benefit costs. The increases in the costs for our salaries and wages, excluding benefits, were due primarily to a 7.4% and 6.5% increase in full-time employees over the comparable prior-year periods and the impact of wage increases provided to employees in September 2011 and 2012. The increase in our headcount was incurred to meet the increase in shipments in 2012 and to help ensure adequate labor for future projected growth. As a result, our direct labor costs for drivers, platform employees and fleet technicians increased \$12.9 million and \$43.6 million for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012, respectively. Our wage costs did benefit, however, from the increased density resulting from the growth in tonnage and our continued focus on efficiency. Platform pounds handled per hour improved 2.0% for the comparative third quarters and 4.3% for the comparative nine-month periods. Both P&D shipments per hour and P&D stops per hour have remained relatively consistent and efficient over the quarter and year-to-date periods. However, we did experience decreases in our linehaul laden load average of 1.2% and 0.7% during the third quarter and first nine months of 2012, respectively, as we remained committed to providing 99% on-time service that occasionally resulted in higher linehaul costs.

The increases in our benefit costs were primarily due to increases in the number of full-time employees eligible for our benefits, increases in our group health and dental costs and increases in our costs for certain retirement benefit plans directly linked to our net income and share price. The costs for our group health and dental plan increased \$2.2 million, or 10.6%, and \$15.2 million, or 26.3%, over the third quarter and first nine months of 2011, respectively. We experienced increases in both our cost per plan participant and the number of plan participants in each of the comparable periods.

Operating supplies and expenses increased \$3.3 million and \$17.9 million from the third quarter and first nine months of 2011, respectively. These increases were primarily the result of increases in our diesel fuel costs, excluding fuel taxes, which are the largest component of operating supplies and expenses. Diesel fuel costs increased due to increases in our consumption and our average price per gallon. Gallons consumed during the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 increased 5.4% and 6.0%, respectively, from the prior-year periods, which compares favorably to the increase in our intercity miles of 7.3% and 9.0% for the respective periods. This resulted in an increase in our overall miles per gallon, which we attribute to operational initiatives and the increased use of newer, more fuel-efficient equipment. Our price per gallon also increased 1.4% and 1.8% in the third quarter and year-to-date periods of 2012, respectively, over prior-year comparable periods. We do not use diesel fuel hedging instruments and are therefore subject to market fluctuations, which we attempt to offset with additional revenue generated by fuel surcharges and operational efficiencies.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to 5.3% and 5.1% of revenue for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012, respectively, from 4.7% and 4.8% for the comparable periods of 2011. These costs increased as a percent of revenue due primarily to an increase in our capital expenditure program for 2012, which included a

significant increase in the number of tractors and trailers purchased. In addition, our unit costs for tractors have increased significantly, due primarily to the impact of increasingly stringent emission standard requirements. As a result, the cost of a new tractor has increased by approximately \$40,000 over the past 10 years. We continue to aggressively invest in both our infrastructure and our fleet to provide sufficient capacity to sustain our growth objectives and to also refresh our fleet of tractors and trailers. As a result of our anticipated growth and these investments, we expect our depreciation expense to increase in future periods.

Our other operating costs, all combined, improved as a percent of revenue to 12.6% and 12.8% of revenue for the quarter and year-to-date periods of 2012, respectively, as compared to 13.1% and 13.4% for the comparable periods of the prior year. We were able to effectively leverage our revenue growth and density improvement against these costs over the periods compared.

Our effective tax rate for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 was 34.9% and 37.8%, respectively, as compared to 38.8% and 37.5% for the respective periods of 2011. The decrease in our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2012 was due to the favorable impact of discrete tax adjustments of \$2.7 million primarily attributable to certain state tax credits. Our effective tax rate for 2012 exceeds the federal statutory rate of 35% due to the impact of state taxes, and, to a lesser extent, certain non-deductible items.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

A summary of our cash flows is presented below:

	1 (1110 1/10111110 21100 0
	September 30,
(In thousands)	2012 2011
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$75,850 \$5,450
Cash flows provided by (used in):	
Operating activities	222,738 200,349
Investing activities	(304,216) (204,690)
Financing activities	12,530 41,153
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(68,948) 36,812
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$6,902 \$42,262

Changes in cash flows provided by operating activities are due primarily to the improvement in our 2012 year-to-date net income, which increased \$30.4 million over the first nine months of 2011. This increase is primarily the result of the 13.3% increase in revenue and a 160 basis point improvement in our operating ratio, which are described in more detail in the "Results of Operations" section above. In addition, non-cash depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$14.3 million for the nine-month period of 2012 over the comparable period in 2011 due to the ongoing execution of our capital expenditure program. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in deferred income taxes that was primarily due to changes in tax laws for 2012 that no longer allow the 100% bonus depreciation on the purchase of property, plant and equipment that was allowed in 2011.

Changes in cash flows used in investing activities are primarily due to an increase in our capital expenditures for 2012, which are described in more detail below.

Changes in cash flows related to financing activities are the result of activity on our revolving line of credit and specific financing transactions that occurred in 2011. We had \$49.4 million of net proceeds from our revolving line of credit for the first nine months of 2012, as compared to \$66.2 million of net repayments for the first nine months of 2011. The net repayments in 2011 were funded by the issuance of \$95.0 million in senior notes and \$48.4 million of net proceeds from the issuance of common stock pursuant to our at-the-market offering program, both of which occurred in the first quarter of 2011.

We have three primary sources of available liquidity: cash and cash equivalents, cash flows from operations and available borrowings under our senior unsecured revolving credit agreement, which is described below. We believe we also have sufficient access to debt and equity markets to provide other sources of liquidity, if needed.

Nine Months Ended

Capital Expenditures

The table below sets forth our year-to-date capital expenditures for property and equipment, including capital assets obtained through capital leases, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012 and the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009:

	September 30,	December 3	31,	
(In thousands)	2012	2011	2010	2009
Land and structures	\$97,529	\$73,463	\$49,867	\$120,569
Tractors	113,158	69,837	35,777	33,072
Trailers	73,001	62,326	5,020	32,639
Technology	10,907	24,767	11,866	7,413
Other	16,160	28,391	5,000	17,663
Proceeds from sales	(5,445) (5,436) (2,050) (2,303
Total	\$305,310	\$253,348	\$105,480	\$209,053

Our capital expenditure requirements are generally based upon the projected increase in the number and size of our service center facilities to support our plan for long-term growth, our planned tractor and trailer replacement cycle and forecasted tonnage growth. These requirements can vary from year to year depending upon our needs for and the availability of property and equipment.

We currently estimate capital expenditures, net of anticipated proceeds from dispositions, will be approximately \$345 million to \$355 million for the year ending December 31, 2012. Of our capital expenditures, approximately \$120 million to \$130 million is allocated for the purchase of service center facilities, construction of new service center facilities or expansion of existing service center facilities, subject to the availability of suitable real estate and the timing of construction projects; approximately \$210 million is allocated for the purchase of tractors, trailers and other equipment; and approximately \$15 million is allocated for investments in technology. We expect to fund these capital expenditures through cash flows from operations, our existing cash and cash equivalents and the use of our senior unsecured revolving credit facility. We believe our current sources of liquidity will be sufficient to satisfy our expected capital expenditures.

Financing Agreements

We have a five-year, \$200.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility pursuant to the terms of a second amended and restated credit agreement dated August 10, 2011 (the "Credit Agreement"), with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo") serving as administrative agent for the lenders. Of the \$200.0 million line of credit commitments, \$150.0 million may be used for letters of credit and \$20.0 million may be used for borrowings under the Wells Fargo Sweep Plus Loan Program. We utilize the sweep program to manage our daily cash needs, as the sweep program automatically initiates borrowings to cover overnight cash requirements up to an aggregate of \$20.0 million. In addition, we have the right to request an increase in the line of credit commitments up to a total of \$300.0 million in minimum increments of \$25.0 million. The amounts outstanding and available borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement are presented below:

(In thousands)	September 30,	December 31,
	2012	2011
Facility limit	\$200,000	\$200,000
Line of credit borrowings	(49,380)	

Outstanding letters of credit (52,551) (49,878) Available borrowing capacity \$98,069 \$150,122

We have three outstanding unsecured senior note agreements with an aggregate amount outstanding of \$227.1 million and \$262.9 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. These notes call for periodic principal payments with maturities that range from 2015 to 2021, of which \$35.7 million is due in the next twelve months. Interest rates on these notes are fixed and range from 4.00% to 5.85%. The effective average

Table of Contents

interest rate on our outstanding senior note agreements was 5.07% and 5.17% at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

With the exception of borrowings pursuant to the Credit Agreement, interest rates are fixed on all of our debt instruments. Therefore, short-term exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is limited to our line of credit facility. We do not currently use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes.

Our Credit Agreement limits the amount of dividends that could be paid to shareholders during a fiscal year to the greater of (i) \$20.0 million; (ii) the amount of dividends paid in the immediately preceding fiscal year, or (iii) an amount equal to 25% of net income from the immediately preceding fiscal year. We did not declare or pay a dividend on our common stock in the first nine months of 2012, and we have no plans to declare or pay a dividend during the remainder of 2012.

A significant decrease in demand for our services could limit our ability to generate cash flow and affect profitability. Most of our debt agreements have covenants that require stated levels of financial performance, which if not achieved could cause acceleration of the payment schedules. As of September 30, 2012, we were in compliance with these covenants. We do not anticipate a significant decline in business levels or financial performance that would cause us to violate any such covenants in the future, and we believe the combination of our existing Credit Agreement along with our additional borrowing capacity will be sufficient to meet foreseeable seasonal and long-term capital needs.

Critical Accounting Policies

In preparing our condensed financial statements, we applied the same critical accounting policies as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 that affect judgments and estimates of amounts recorded for certain assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses.

Seasonality

Our tonnage levels and revenue mix are subject to seasonal trends common in the motor carrier industry, although other factors, such as changes in the economy, could cause variation in these trends. Operating margins in the first quarter are normally lower due to reduced shipments during the winter months. Harsh winter weather or natural disasters, such as the recent Hurricane Sandy, can also adversely impact our performance by reducing demand and increasing operating expenses. Freight volumes typically build to a peak in the third or early fourth quarter, which generally results in improved operating margins for those periods. We believe seasonal trends will continue to impact our business.

Environmental Regulation

We are subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations that govern, among other things: the emission and discharge of hazardous materials into the environment; the presence of hazardous materials at our properties or in our vehicles; fuel storage tanks; the transportation of certain materials; and the discharge or retention of storm water. Under certain environmental laws, we could also be held responsible for any costs relating to contamination at our past or present facilities and at third-party waste disposal sites, as well as costs associated with clean-up of accidents involving our vehicles. We do not believe that the cost of future compliance with current environmental laws or regulations will have a material adverse effect on our operations, financial condition,

competitive position or capital expenditures for the remainder of fiscal year 2012 or fiscal year 2013. However, future changes to laws or regulations may adversely affect our operations and could result in unforeseen costs to our business.

Forward-Looking Information

Forward-looking statements appear in this report, including, but not limited to, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and in other written and oral statements made by or on behalf of us. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our goals, strategies, expectations, competitive environment, regulation, availability of resources, future events and future financial performance. Such forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the

Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements typically can be identified by such words as "anticipate," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "intend," "expect," "believe," "should," "could," "may" or other or expressions. We caution readers that such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 and in other reports and statements that we file with the SEC. We caution readers that such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied herein, including, but not limited to, the following:

the competitive environment with respect to industry capacity and pricing, including the use of fuel surcharges, such that our total overall pricing is sufficient to cover our operating expenses;

our ability to collect fuel surcharges and the effectiveness of those fuel surcharges in mitigating the impact of fluctuating prices for fuel and other petroleum-based products;

the negative impact of any unionization, or the passage of legislation or regulations that could facilitate unionization, of our employees;

the challenges associated with executing our growth strategy, including the inability to successfully consummate and integrate acquisitions, if any;

changes in our goals and strategies, which are subject to change at any time at our discretion;

various economic factors such as economic recessions and downturns in customers' business cycles and shipping requirements;

•increases in driver compensation or difficulties attracting and retaining qualified drivers to meet freight demand; our exposure to claims related to cargo loss and damage, property damage, personal injury, workers' compensation, ong-term disability and group health, including increased premiums, adverse loss development, increased self-insured retention levels and claims in excess of coverage levels;

the availability and cost of capital for our significant ongoing cash requirements;

the availability and cost of replacement parts and new equipment, particularly in light of regulatory changes and supply constraints impacting the cost of these assets;

decreases in demand for, and the value of, used equipment;

the availability and cost of diesel fuel;

the costs and potential liabilities related to compliance with, or violations of, existing or future governmental laws and regulations, including environmental laws, engine emissions standards, hours-of-service for our drivers, driver fitness requirements and new safety standards for drivers and equipment;

the costs and potential adverse impact of non-compliance with rules issued by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration:

seasonal trends in the LTL industry, including the possibility of harsh weather conditions;

our dependence on key employees;

the concentration of our stock ownership with the Congdon family;

the costs and potential adverse impact associated with future changes in accounting standards or practices;

the costs and potential adverse impact associated with pending and future litigation and governmental proceedings;

the impact caused by potential disruptions to our information technology systems or our service center network:

•dilution to existing shareholders caused by any issuance of additional equity; and •ther risks and uncertainties indicated from time to time in our SEC filings.

Our forward-looking statements are based upon our beliefs and assumptions using information available at the time the statements are made. We caution the reader not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements (i) as

these statements are neither a prediction nor a guarantee of future events or circumstances and (ii) the assumptions, beliefs, expectations and projections about future events may differ materially from actual results. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement to reflect developments occurring after the statement is made, except as otherwise required by law.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates.

We are exposed to interest rate risk directly related to loans, if any, under our Credit Agreement, which have variable interest rates. A 100 basis point increase in the average interest rate on this agreement would have no material effect on our operating results. We have established policies and procedures to manage exposure to market risks and use major institutions that we believe are creditworthy to minimize credit risk.

We are exposed to market risk for equity investments relating to Company-owned life insurance contracts on certain employees. Variable life insurance contracts expose us to fluctuations in equity markets; however, we utilize a third-party to manage these assets and minimize that exposure.

We are also exposed to commodity price risk related to petroleum-based products, including diesel fuel, and manage our exposure to this risk primarily through the application of fuel surcharges.

For further discussion related to these risks, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in Item 2 of this report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures in accordance with Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (a) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and (b) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business that have not been fully adjudicated. Many of these are covered in whole or in part by insurance. Our management does

not believe that these actions, when finally concluded and determined, will have a material adverse effect upon our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the risk factor set forth below and the other information set forth in this report and in our other reports and statements that we file with the SEC, including our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, careful consideration should be given to the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which could materially affect our business, financial condition and future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our

Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

We are subject to the risks of litigation and governmental proceedings, which could adversely affect our business.

We are, and in the future may be, subject to legal and governmental proceedings and claims. The parties in such legal actions may seek amounts from us that may not be covered in whole or in part by insurance. Defending ourselves against such legal actions could result in significant costs and could require a substantial amount of time and effort by our management team. We cannot predict the outcome of litigation or governmental proceedings to which we are a party or whether we will be subject to future legal actions. As a result, the potential costs associated with legal actions against us could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following financial information from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, filed on November 6, 2012, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) includes: (i) the Condensed Balance Sheets at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, (ii) the Condensed Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, (iii) the Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, and (iv) the Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements

Our SEC file number reference for documents filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is 000-19582.

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.

DATE: November 6, 2012 /s/ J. WES FRYE

J. Wes Frye

Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief

Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

DATE: November 6, 2012 /s/ JOHN P. BOOKER, III

John P. Booker, III

Vice President - Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT INDEX TO QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q Exhibit No. Description Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to 31.1 Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to 31.2 Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the 32.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the 32.2 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 The following financial information from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, filed on November 6, 2012, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) includes: (i) the Condensed Balance Sheets at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, 101 (ii) the Condensed Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, (iii) the Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, and (iv) the Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements

Our SEC file number reference for documents filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is 000-19582.