

LGL GROUP INC
Form 10-Q
May 15, 2014
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark
One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

OR
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. 1-106

THE LGL GROUP, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 38-1799862
(State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
Incorporation or Organization)

2525 Shader Rd., Orlando, Florida 32804
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
(407) 298-2000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year if changed since last
report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was
required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if
any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during
the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer,
or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller
reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at May 13, 2014
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	2,594,732

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THE LGL GROUP, INC.

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PART I

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

THE LGL GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - UNAUDITED

(Dollars in Thousands)

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,097	\$ 7,183
Restricted cash (Note E)	1,500	1,500
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$62 and \$42, respectively	3,771	3,237
Inventories, net (Note C)	4,379	4,629
Deferred income taxes, net (Note K)	—	—
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	309	405
Total Current Assets	16,056	16,954
Property, Plant and Equipment:		
Land	633	633
Buildings and improvements	3,908	3,908
Machinery and equipment	16,111	15,980
Gross property, plant and equipment	20,652	20,521
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,746)	(16,535)
Net property, plant, and equipment	3,906	3,986
Deferred income taxes, net (Note J)	—	—
Other assets, net	838	323
Total Assets	\$20,800	\$ 21,263
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Note payable to bank (Note E)	\$1,395	\$ 1,181
Accounts payable	2,254	1,978
Accrued compensation and commissions expense	795	992
Other accrued expenses	324	357
Total Current liabilities	4,768	4,508
Commitments and Contingencies (Note L)		
Stockholders' Equity		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value - 10,000,000 shares authorized; 2,674,448 shares issued and 2,594,784 shares outstanding at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013	27	27
Additional paid-in capital	28,683	28,593
Accumulated deficit	(12,147)	(11,338)
Treasury stock: 79,664 shares held in treasury at cost at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	(572)	(572)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	41	45
Total Stockholders' Equity	16,032	16,755
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$20,800	\$ 21,263

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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THE LGL GROUP, INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS - UNAUDITED

(Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
REVENUES	\$6,131	\$7,398
Costs and Expenses:		
Manufacturing cost of sales	4,535	4,996
Engineering, selling and administrative	2,410	2,680
OPERATING LOSS	(814)	(278)
Other Income (Expense):		
Interest expense, net	(8)	(19)
Other income, net	13	1
Total Other Income (Expense)	5	(18)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(809)	(296)
Income tax benefit	—	213
NET LOSS	\$(809)	\$(83)
Weighted average number of shares used in basic and diluted EPS calculation	2,594,784	2,598,144
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	\$(0.31)	\$(0.03)

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

THE LGL GROUP, INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - UNAUDITED

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
NET LOSS	\$(809)	\$(83)
Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income:		
Unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes	(4)	6
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME	(4)	6
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$(813)	\$(77)

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

THE LGL GROUP, INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - UNAUDITED

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Shares of Common Stock Outstanding	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	2,594,784	\$ 27	\$ 28,593	\$ (11,338)	\$ (572)	\$ 45	\$ 16,755
Net loss	—	—	—	(809)	—	—	(809)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(4)	(4)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	90	—	—	—	90
Balance at March 31, 2014	2,594,784	\$ 27	\$ 28,683	\$ (12,147)	\$ (572)	\$ 41	\$ 16,032

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

THE LGL GROUP, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – UNAUDITED

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$(809)	\$(83)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	211	217
Amortization of finite-lived intangible assets	24	23
Write-down of note receivable	—	5
Stock-based compensation	90	110
Deferred income tax benefit	—	(213)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable, net	(534)	(129)
Decrease (increase) in inventories, net	342	(111)
Decrease in other assets	90	210
Increase (decrease) in trade accounts payable, accrued compensation and commissions expense and other accrued liabilities	46	(765)
Net cash used in operating activities	(540)	(736)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	(12)	(140)
Asset acquisition	(748)	—
Net cash used in investing activities	(760)	(140)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net borrowing on note payable to bank	214	133
Principal payments of long-term debt	—	(58)
Net cash provided by financing activities	214	75
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,086)	(801)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,183	8,625
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$6,097	\$7,824
Supplemental Disclosure:		
Cash paid for interest	\$10	\$11
Cash paid for income taxes	\$7	\$—

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

THE LGL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Subsidiaries of the Registrant

The LGL Group, Inc. (the "Company"), incorporated in 1928 under the laws of the State of Indiana and reincorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware in 2007, is a holding company with subsidiaries engaged in the manufacturing and marketing of highly-engineered electronic components used to control the frequency or timing of signals in electronic circuits.

As of March 31, 2014, the subsidiaries of the Company are as follows:

	Owned By The LGL Group, Inc.
M-tron Industries, Inc.	100.0%
M-tron Industries, Ltd.	99.9%
Piezo Technology, Inc.	100.0%
Piezo Technology India Private Ltd.	99.0%
Lynch Systems, Inc.	100.0%

The Company operates through its principal subsidiary, M-tron Industries, Inc., which includes the operations of M-tron Industries, Ltd. ("Mtron") and Piezo Technology, Inc. ("PTI"). The combined operations of Mtron and PTI and their subsidiaries are referred to herein as "MtronPTI." MtronPTI has operations in Orlando, Florida, Yankton, South Dakota, Yantai, China and Noida, India. MtronPTI also has sales offices in Sacramento, California, Eindhoven, The Netherlands, Hong Kong and Shanghai, China.

During 2007, the Company sold the operating assets of Lynch Systems, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, to an unrelated party.

On January 31, 2014, MtronPTI completed the acquisition of certain filter product line assets from Trilithic, Inc. ("Trilithic") for net cash consideration of \$700,000, excluding acquisition costs. The acquired assets were comprised of intellectual property for Trilithic's fixed and tunable frequency filter products used in cellular, military and other wireless applications, as well as some equipment. See Note D – Intangible Assets. This investment is expected to further strengthen and differentiate MtronPTI's high reliability RF & microwave portfolio, providing increased service to clients in the Internet Communications Technology, or ICT, and Aerospace and Defense, or Aero/Defense, market segments.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2014, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2014.

This interim information should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

C. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of actual cost (determined using the first-in, first-out method), or market (estimated realizable value), with adjustment being recorded in the reserve for obsolescence, which was \$2,699,000 and \$2,586,000 as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Inventories are comprised of the following:

	March	
	31,	December
	2014	31, 2013
	(in thousands)	
Raw materials	\$1,872	\$ 1,834
Work in process	1,465	1,490
Finished goods	1,042	1,305
Total Inventories, net	\$4,379	\$ 4,629

D. Intangible Assets

As part of MtronPTI's acquisition of certain filter product line assets from Trilithic, MtronPTI acquired \$538,000 of intellectual property. These intangible assets are included in "other assets" and are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is computed for financial reporting purposes using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 10 years. The net carrying value of these intangible assets is \$529,000 as of March 31, 2014.

The estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding years and thereafter is as follows (in thousands):

2014	\$40
2015	54
2016	54
2017	54
2018	54
Thereafter	273
Total	\$529

E. Note Payable to Bank

	March	
	31,	December
	2014	31, 2013
	(in thousands)	
Note Payable:		
MtronPTI revolving loan with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("Chase") due September 30, 2014.		
The loan bears interest at the greater of Chase's prime rate or the one-month LIBOR rate plus 2.50% per annum (3.25% at March 31, 2014), which is due and payable monthly.	\$1,395	\$ 1,181

On June 30, 2011, MtronPTI entered into a loan agreement with Chase, which was amended on June 28, 2012, September 28, 2012, June 30, 2013 and September 19, 2013 (the "Chase Loan Agreement"). The Chase Loan Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$1,500,000, to be used solely for working capital needs (the "Chase Revolving Loan") and matures on September 30, 2014. The Chase Loan Agreement also provides that it may be extended for up to three 12-month renewal terms starting on June 30, 2014, upon written request by MtronPTI and approval by Chase. On May 5, 2014, Chase approved the extension of the maturity date under the

Chase Loan Agreement from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The total borrowing capacity on the Chase Loan Agreement is subject to certain limitations on the borrowing base as defined in the Chase Loan Agreement.

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At March 31, 2014, MtronPTI had approximately \$1,395,000 outstanding under the Chase Revolving Loan and available borrowing capacity of approximately \$105,000.

All outstanding obligations of MtronPTI under the Chase Loan Agreement are collateralized by a first priority security interest in all of the assets of MtronPTI, excluding real property. Additionally, in connection with the Chase Loan Agreement, PTI entered into a separate agreement with Chase providing that PTI would not mortgage or otherwise encumber certain real property it owns in Florida while any credit facility is outstanding under the Chase Loan Agreement.

As additional security for MtronPTI's obligations under the Chase Loan Agreement, MtronPTI's obligations under the Chase Loan Agreement are fully collateralized in cash. Accordingly, Chase retains a security interest in a separate account holding \$1,500,000 of MtronPTI cash deposits pursuant to an Assignment of Deposit agreement. The amount of the cash collateral deposit with Chase is recorded as restricted cash in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The related Assignment of Deposit agreement restricts MtronPTI's ability to withdraw any portion of the deposit and does not allow MtronPTI to assign the deposit or any part thereof.

The Chase Loan Agreement also contains a variety of affirmative and negative covenants, including, but not limited to, a financial covenant that MtronPTI maintain tangible net worth not less than \$6,000,000. As of March 31, 2014, MtronPTI was not in compliance with the tangible net worth covenant under the Chase Loan Agreement. Based on the definition of tangible net worth under the Chase Loan Agreement, MtronPTI had a tangible net worth of \$3,992,000 as of March 31, 2014, as compared to the minimum requirement of \$6,000,000. Chase has waived non-compliance with this covenant as of March 31, 2014, in accordance with the terms of a letter agreement dated May 5, 2014.

F. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model. The Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model requires subjective assumptions, including future stock price volatility and expected time to exercise, which greatly affect the calculated values. There is no expected dividend rate. Historical Company information was the basis for the expected volatility assumption. The fair value of grants was calculated using historical volatility as the Company believes that the historical volatility over the life of the option is indicative of expected volatility in the future. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury zero-coupon rates with a remaining term equal to the expected term of the option. Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 718, Stock Compensation, also requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. Based upon past history of actual performance, forfeiture rates ranging from zero percent to five percent have been assumed for options granted.

On March 13, 2014, the Board of Directors granted a total of 24,576 options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock to members of executive management. These stock options have an exercise price of \$5.82, a five-year life expiring on March 13, 2019, and vest as follows: 30% on the first anniversary of the grant date; an additional 30% on the second anniversary of the grant date; and the remaining 40% on the third anniversary of the grant date. These stock options have a grant date fair value of \$1.88 per option. This grant price, combined with the vesting period, reflects the objective to align management incentives with long-term value creation.

Restricted stock awards are granted at a value equal to the market price of our common stock on the date of the grant. There were no restricted stock awards granted during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Compensation expense related to share-based compensation is recognized over the applicable vesting periods. As of March 31, 2014, there was approximately \$223,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested

share-based compensation arrangements.

G. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share in accordance with ASC 260, Earnings Per Share ("ASC 260"). Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share adjusts basic earnings (loss) per share for the effects of stock options, non-participating restricted common stock, and other potentially dilutive financial instruments, only in the periods in which the effects are dilutive. Shares of restricted stock granted to members of the Board of Directors as a portion of their director fees are deemed to be participating as defined by ASC 260 and therefore are included in the computation of basic earnings (loss) per share.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there were options to purchase 200,559 shares and 192,401 shares of common stock, respectively, that were excluded from the diluted earnings (loss) per share computation because the impact of the assumed exercise of such stock options would have been anti-dilutive, due to the net loss incurred and based on the fact that the exercise price of the options exceeded the market price of the common stock as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

H. Warrant Dividend

On August 6, 2013, the Company distributed warrants to purchase shares of the Company's common stock as a dividend to holders of the Company's common stock on July 29, 2013, the record date for the dividend. Stockholders received five warrants for each share of the Company's common stock owned on the record date. When exercisable, 25 warrants will entitle their holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 per share (subject to adjustment).

The warrants are "European style warrants" and will only become exercisable on the earlier of (i) their expiration date, August 6, 2018, and (ii) such date that the 30-day volume weighted average price per share, or VWAP, of the Company's common stock is greater than or equal to \$15.00 (subject to adjustment). Once the warrants become exercisable, they may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the warrant agreement between the Company and the warrant agent until their expiration at 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the expiration date.

The warrants are traded separately from the Company's common stock on the NYSE MKT under the symbol "LGL WS".

I. Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures financial and non-financial assets and liabilities at fair value in accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. These measurements involve various valuation techniques and assume that the transactions would occur between market participants in the most advantageous market for the Company. The following is a summary of valuation techniques utilized by the Company for its significant financial and non-financial assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

Assets

To estimate the fair value of its equity and U.S. Treasury securities, the Company obtains current market pricing from quoted market sources or uses pricing for identical securities. Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total March 31, 2014
Equity securities	\$ 57	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 57
U.S. Treasury securities (cash equivalents)	\$ 4,739	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,739

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	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total December 31, 2013
Equity securities	\$ 61	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 61
U.S. Treasury securities (cash equivalents)	\$ 5,589	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,589

The Company also has assets that may be subject to measurement at fair value on a non-recurring basis, including goodwill and intangible assets, and other long-lived assets. The Company reviews the carrying value of these assets whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If it is determined that the assets are impaired, the carrying value would be reduced to estimated fair value.

J. Foreign Revenues

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, significant foreign revenues from operations (10% or more of foreign sales) were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 2013 (in thousands)	
Significant Foreign Revenues:		
China	\$851	\$874
Malaysia	798	1,314
Thailand	181	373
Hong Kong	59	531
All other foreign countries	728	521
Total foreign revenues	\$2,617	\$3,613

The Company allocates its foreign revenue based on the customer's ship-to location.

K. Income Taxes

The Company had total federal and state net operating loss carry-forwards ("NOLs") of \$7,607,000 and \$14,559,000, respectively, as of December 31, 2013. These NOLs expire through 2033 if not utilized prior to their expiration. The Company had research and development credit carry-forwards of approximately \$1,178,000 at December 31, 2013 that can be used to reduce future income tax liabilities and expire principally between 2020 and 2033. In addition, the Company has foreign tax credit carry-forwards of approximately \$359,000 at December 31, 2013 that are available to reduce future U.S. income tax liabilities subject to certain limitations. These foreign tax credit carry-forwards expire at various times between 2018 and 2020.

The Company maintains a full valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets under the provisions of ASC 740, Income Taxes, based on the Company's assessment of the uncertainty surrounding the realization of the favorable U.S. tax benefits in future tax returns. When assessing the need for valuation allowances, the Company considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies. Should a change in circumstances lead to a change in judgment about the ability to realize deferred tax assets in future years, the Company will adjust related valuation allowances in the period that the change in circumstances occurs, along with a corresponding increase or charge to income.

The Company recorded a net tax benefit of \$0 and \$213,000, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

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L. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries may become defendants in certain product liability, patent infringement, worker claims and other litigation. The Company records a liability when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount is reasonably estimable. The Company is not involved in any legal proceedings other than routine litigation arising in the normal course of business, none of which the Company believes will have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

M. Related Party Transactions

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, approximately \$4,739,000 and \$5,589,000, respectively, was invested in United States Treasury money market funds managed by a related entity (the "Fund Manager") which is related through two common directors. One of the Company's directors, who is also a 10% stockholder, currently serves as a director and executive officer of the Fund Manager. Another of the Company's directors serves as a director and audit committee member of the Fund Manager. The fund transactions in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013 were directed solely at the discretion of Company management.

N. Restructuring Charges

On October 17, 2013, the Company's management initiated a restructuring plan to realign its customer support operations across all of the Company's locations and to reduce structural costs in an effort to gain efficiencies in providing customer support.

A reconciliation of the Company's restructuring liability, included as a component of other accrued expenses, is as follows:

	Employee		
	Related	Other	Total
Ending balance, December 31, 2013	19,000	51,000	70,000
Less: Cash payments	—	(48,000)	(48,000)
Ending balance, March 31, 2014	\$ 19,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 22,000

O. Subsequent Events

On May 5, 2014, Chase approved the extension of the maturity date under the Chase Loan Agreement from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Information included or incorporated by reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements. This information may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different than the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "may," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "intend" or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology.

Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding efforts to grow revenue, expectations regarding fulfillment of backlog, future benefits to operating margins and the adequacy of cash resources. Actual events or results may differ materially from those discussed in forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, without limitation, the risks outlined under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will in fact be accurate. Further, we do not undertake any obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements. As a result, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

Results of Operations

Three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to three months ended March 31, 2013

Consolidated Revenues and Gross Margin

Consolidated revenues decreased by \$1,267,000, or 17.1%, to \$6,131,000, for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, from \$7,398,000 for the comparable period in 2013. The decrease was primarily due to price compression and reduced demand from existing customers in the Internet Communications Technology ("ICT") market segment, and to a lesser degree, reduced demand from existing customers within the Aerospace and Defense ("Aero/Defense") market segment.

On January 31, 2014, MtronPTI completed the acquisition of certain filter product line assets from Trilithic, Inc. ("Trilithic") for net cash consideration of \$700,000. The acquired assets include intellectual property and equipment for Trilithic's fixed and tunable frequency filter products used in cellular, military and other wireless applications. This investment is expected to further strengthen and differentiate MtronPTI's high reliability RF & microwave portfolio, providing increased service to clients in the ICT and Aero/Defense market segments.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company's order backlog was \$9,128,000, which was an increase of 6.1% compared to the backlog as of December 31, 2013, which was \$8,601,000, and an increase of 9.2% compared to the backlog as of March 31, 2013, which was \$8,357,000. The increase in backlog is due to an increase in repeat orders for existing products, as well as new orders resulting from our recent acquisition of certain filter product line assets from Trilithic on January 31, 2014.

The backlog of unfilled orders includes amounts based on signed contracts as well as other agreements we have determined are legally binding and likely to proceed. Although the order backlog represents only firm orders that are considered likely to be fulfilled within 12 months, cancellations or scope adjustments may and do occur. The order backlog is adjusted quarterly to reflect project cancellations, deferrals, revised project scope and cost, and sales of subsidiaries, if any. The Company expects to fill substantially its entire current order backlog within the next twelve months, but cannot provide assurance as to the portion of the order backlog to be fulfilled in a given period.

Consolidated gross margin, which is consolidated revenues less manufacturing cost of sales, as a percentage of revenues decreased to 26.0% from 32.5% for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same prior year period. The decrease was primarily due to a 17.1% decrease in revenues as well as a less favorable product mix compared to the same prior year period. The Company is focusing research and development efforts toward serving additional segments of the timing and frequency control markets, while augmenting sales efforts to gain market share in wireless infrastructure, aerospace, energy exploration, homeland security, military communications and personnel protection.

Operating Loss

Operating loss of (\$814,000) for the three months ended March 31, 2014, increased by \$536,000 compared to an operating loss of (\$278,000) for the comparable period in 2013. The increase in operating loss was due to a 17.1% decrease in revenues and a 6.5% decrease in gross margin, offset partially by a decrease in engineering, selling and administrative expenses of \$270,000 as a result of the restructuring plan executed in the fourth quarter of 2013 to realign customer support operations across all of our locations in an effort to gain efficiencies.

Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense was \$90,000 and \$110,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Compensation expense related to stock-based compensation is recognized over the applicable vesting periods. As of March 31, 2014, there was approximately \$223,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested share-based compensation arrangements.

On March 13, 2014, the Board of Directors granted a total of 24,576 options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock to members of executive management. These stock options have an exercise price of \$5.82, which reflects a 10% premium compared to the closing price on the date of grant, have a five-year life expiring on March 13, 2019, and vest as follows: 30% on the first anniversary of the grant date; an additional 30% on the second anniversary of the grant date; and the remaining 40% on the third anniversary of the grant date. These stock options have a grant date fair value of \$1.88 per option. This grant price, combined with the vesting period, reflects the objective to align management incentives with long-term value creation.

Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net, was \$8,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, which was a decrease of \$11,000, from \$19,000, for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The decrease was due to a reduction in the average outstanding balance on MtronPTI's credit facilities for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared with the same prior year period.

Income Taxes

The Company recorded a net tax benefit of \$0 and \$213,000, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

The Company maintains a full valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets under the provisions of ASC 740, Income Taxes, based on the Company's assessment of the uncertainty surrounding the realization of the favorable U.S. tax benefits in future tax returns. When assessing the need for valuation allowances, the Company considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies. Should a change in circumstances lead to a change in judgment about the ability to realize deferred tax assets in future years, the Company will adjust related valuation allowances in the period that the change in circumstances occurs, along with a corresponding increase or charge to income.

Net Loss

Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2014, was (\$809,000) compared to a net loss of (\$83,000) for the comparable period in 2013. The increased loss is primarily due to the 17.1% decrease in revenues and a 6.5% decrease in gross margin, partially offset by a decrease in engineering, selling and administrative expenses of \$270,000 as a result of the restructuring plan executed in the fourth quarter of 2013 to realign customer support operations across all of our locations in an effort to gain efficiencies. Basic and diluted net loss per share for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, was (\$0.31) and (\$0.03), respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1,086,000, from \$7,183,000 at December 31, 2013 to \$6,097,000 at March 31, 2014. At March 31, 2014, MtronPTI had approximately \$1,395,000 outstanding, and available borrowing capacity of \$105,000 under its revolving line of credit with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("Chase").

Cash used in operating activities was (\$540,000) for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to (\$736,000) for the same period in 2013. The decrease was due primarily to a net loss of (\$809,000), offset by depreciation of \$211,000, net working capital adjustments of (\$146,000) and stock-based compensation of \$90,000, compared to a net loss of (\$83,000), which was offset by a deferred tax benefit of (\$213,000), net working capital adjustments of (\$1,005,000), depreciation of 217,000, stock-based compensation of \$110,000 and a decrease in other assets \$210,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was (\$760,000) and (\$140,000), respectively. The increase was primarily due to our acquisition of certain of Trilithic's filter product line assets for cash consideration of \$700,000 on January 31, 2014.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$214,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared with \$75,000 for the comparable prior year period. The change was due primarily to a year over year increase in net borrowings of \$81,000 and a year over year decrease in principal payments of long-term debt due to the payoff of the Chase term loan on February 7, 2013.

At March 31, 2014, the Company's consolidated working capital was \$11,288,000, compared to \$12,446,000 at December 31, 2013. At March 31, 2014, the Company had current assets of \$16,056,000, current liabilities of \$4,768,000 and a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of 3.37 to 1.00. Despite the decline in revenues for the first three months of 2014 as compared to the first three months of 2013, accounts receivable increased \$534,000, due primarily to an increase revenues from the prior quarter. At December 31, 2013, the Company had current assets of \$16,954,000, current liabilities of \$4,508,000 and a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of 3.76 to 1.00. Management continues to focus on efficiently managing working capital requirements to match operating activity levels.

On June 30, 2011, MtronPTI entered into a loan agreement with Chase, which was amended on June 28, 2012, September 28, 2012, June 30, 2013 and September 19, 2013 (the "Chase Loan Agreement"). The Chase Loan Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$1,500,000, to be used solely for working capital needs (the "Chase Revolving Loan") and matures on September 30, 2014. The Chase Loan Agreement also provides that it may be extended for up to three 12-month renewal terms starting on June 30, 2014, upon written request by MtronPTI and approval by Chase. On May 5, 2014, Chase approved the extension of the maturity date under the Chase Loan Agreement from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The total borrowing capacity on the Chase Loan Agreement is subject to certain limitations on the borrowing base as defined in the Chase Loan Agreement. At March 31, 2014, MtronPTI had approximately \$1,395,000 outstanding under the Chase Revolving Loan and available borrowing capacity of approximately \$105,000.

All outstanding obligations of MtronPTI under the Chase Loan Agreement are collateralized by a first priority security interest in all of the assets of MtronPTI, excluding real property. Additionally, in connection with the Chase Loan Agreement, PTI entered into a separate agreement with Chase providing that PTI would not mortgage or otherwise encumber certain real property it owns in Florida while any credit facility is outstanding under the Chase Loan Agreement.

As additional security for MtronPTI's obligations under the Chase Loan Agreement, MtronPTI's obligations under the Chase Loan Agreement are fully collateralized in cash. Accordingly, Chase retains a security interest in a separate account holding \$1,500,000 of MtronPTI cash deposits pursuant to an Assignment of Deposit agreement. The amount of the cash collateral deposit with Chase is recorded as restricted cash in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The related Assignment of Deposit agreement restricts MtronPTI's ability to withdraw any portion of the deposit and does not allow MtronPTI to assign the deposit or any part thereof.

The Chase Loan Agreement also contains a variety of affirmative and negative covenants, including, but not limited to, a financial covenant that MtronPTI maintain tangible net worth not less than \$6,000,000. As of March 31, 2014, MtronPTI was not in compliance with the tangible net worth covenant under the Chase Loan Agreement. Based on the definition of tangible net worth under the Chase Loan Agreement, MtronPTI had a tangible net worth of \$3,992,000 as of March 31, 2014, as compared to the minimum requirement of \$6,000,000. Chase has waived non-compliance with this covenant as of March 31, 2014, in accordance with the terms of a letter agreement dated May 5, 2014.

The Company believes that existing cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations and available borrowings on its revolving line of credit will be sufficient to meet its ongoing working capital and capital expenditure requirements for the next 12 months. However, the Company may need to seek additional capital to fund future growth in its business, to provide flexibility to respond to dynamic market conditions, or to fund its strategic growth objectives.

The Board has adhered to a practice of not paying cash dividends. This policy takes into account our long-term growth objectives, including our anticipated investments for organic growth, potential technology acquisitions or other strategic ventures, and stockholders' desire for capital appreciation of their holdings. In addition, the tangible net worth financial covenant under the Chase Loan Agreement effectively places certain limitations on MtronPTI's ability to make certain payments to its parent, including but not limited to payments of dividends and other distributions, which effectively could limit the Company's ability to pay cash dividends to stockholders. No cash dividends have been paid to the Company's stockholders since January 30, 1989, and none are expected to be paid for the foreseeable future.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of such statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. Our estimates are based on historical experience and other assumptions that we consider to be reasonable given the circumstances. Actual results may vary from our estimates.

The Company's most critical accounting policies include revenue recognition, accounts receivable allowance, valuation of inventories, accounting for warranty obligations, accounting for income taxes, and accounting for stock-based compensation.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of its product in accordance with the criteria in ASC 605, Revenue Recognition, which are:

- Persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists;
- Delivery has occurred;
- The seller's price to the buyer is fixed and determinable; and
- Collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company meets these conditions upon shipment because title and risk of loss passes to the customer at that time. However, the Company offers a limited right of return and/or authorized price protection provisions in its agreements with certain electronic component distributors who resell the Company's products to original equipment manufacturers or electronic manufacturing services companies. As a result, the Company estimates and records a reserve for future returns and other charges against revenue at the time of shipment consistent with the terms of sale. The reserve is estimated based on historical experience with each respective distributor. The amount of these reserves at March 31, 2014, is not material to the financial statements.

The Company recognizes revenue related to transactions with a right of return and/or authorized price protection provisions when the following conditions are met:

- Seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable at the date of sale;
- Buyer has paid the seller, or the buyer is obligated to pay the seller and the obligation is not contingent on resale of the product;
- Buyer's obligation to the seller would not be changed in the event of theft or physical destruction or damage of the product;
- Buyer acquiring the product for resale has economic substance apart from that provided by the seller;
- Seller does not have obligations for future performance; and
- The amount of future returns can be reasonably estimated.

Accounts Receivable Allowance

Accounts receivable on a consolidated basis consists principally of amounts due from both domestic and foreign customers. Credit is extended based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition and collateral is not generally required. In relation to export sales, the Company generally requires letters of credit supporting a significant portion of the sales price prior to production to limit exposure to credit risk. Certain credit sales are made to industries that are subject to cyclical economic changes.

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Estimates are based on historical collection experience, current trends, credit policy and relationship between accounts receivable and revenues. In determining these estimates, the Company examines historical write-offs of its receivables and reviews each client's account to identify any specific customer collection issues. If the financial condition of its customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payment, additional allowances might be required. The Company's failure to estimate the losses for doubtful accounts accurately and ensure that payments are received on a timely basis could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Inventory Valuation

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method.

The Company maintains a reserve for inventory based on estimated losses that result from inventory that becomes obsolete as of period end. In determining these estimates, the Company performs an analysis on demand and usage for each inventory item over historical time periods. Based on that analysis, the Company reserves a percentage of the inventory amount within each time period based on historical demand and usage patterns of specific items in inventory.

Warranties

The Company offers a standard one-year warranty. The Company tests its products prior to shipment in order to ensure that they meet each customer's requirements based upon specifications received from each customer at the time its order is received and accepted. The Company's customers may request to return products for various reasons, including but not limited to the customers' belief that the products are not performing to specification. The Company's return policy states that it will accept product returns only with prior authorization and if the product does not meet customer specifications, in which case the product would be replaced or repaired. To accommodate the Company's customers, each request for return is reviewed, and if and when it is approved, a return materials authorization ("RMA") is issued to the customer. Each month the Company records a specific warranty reserve for approved RMAs covering products that have not yet been returned. The Company does not maintain a general warranty reserve because, historically, valid warranty returns resulting from a product not meeting specifications or being non-functional have been immaterial.

Income Taxes

Significant management judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against net deferred tax assets. The future recoverability of the Company's net deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income prior to the expiration of the loss carry forwards. The Company maintains a full valuation allowance against the Company's net deferred tax assets. The valuation allowance was calculated in accordance with the provisions of ASC 740, Income Taxes, which requires an assessment of both positive and negative evidence when measuring the need for a valuation allowance. We intend to maintain a valuation allowance until sufficient positive evidence exists to support its reversal.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company measures the cost of employee services in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award and recognizes the cost over the requisite service period, typically the vesting period.

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model. The Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model requires subjective assumptions, including future stock price volatility and expected time to exercise, which greatly affect the calculated values. There is no expected dividend rate. Historical Company information was the basis for the expected volatility assumption as the Company believes that the historical volatility over the life of the option is indicative of expected volatility in the future. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury zero-coupon rates with a remaining term equal to the expected term of the option. The Company also estimates forfeitures at the time of grant and revises, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. Based upon past history of actual performance, forfeiture rates ranging from zero percent to five percent have been assumed for options granted.

Stock awards are made at a value equal to the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on their evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, with the participation of the Company's management, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2014, to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (a) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (b) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2014, there were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II
OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.	Legal Proceedings.
None.	
Item 1A.	Risk Factors.
None.	
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.
None.	
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities.
None.	
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures.
None.	
Item 5.	Other Information.
None.	

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following is a list of exhibits filed as part of this Form 10-Q:

Exhibit

<u>No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
2.1	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 31, 2014, made by and between M-Tron Industries, Inc. and Trilithic. Inc. *+
31.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
31.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document**
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document**
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document**
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document**
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document**
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document**

* Filed herewith

** Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed as part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 18 of the Exchange Act and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.

+ Schedules and exhibits omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The Company agrees to furnish a supplemental copy of the omitted schedules and exhibits to the SEC upon request.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE LGL GROUP, INC.

Date: May15, 2014 By:/s/ Gregory P. Anderson
Gregory P. Anderson
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 15, 2014 By:/s/ R. LaDuane Clifton
R. LaDuane Clifton
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 15, 2014 By:/s/ James L. Williams
James L. Williams
Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)