

TENARIS SA
Form 6-K
November 10, 2009

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of November 10, 2009

Commission File Number 1-34129

TENARIS, S.A.

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

TENARIS, S.A.

**46a, Avenue John F. Kennedy
L-1855 Luxembourg**

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12G3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-__

Giovanni Sardagna
 Tenaris
 1-888-300-5432
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Tenaris Announces 2009 Third Quarter Results

The financial and operational information contained in this press release is based on unaudited consolidated condensed interim financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and presented in U.S. dollars.

Luxembourg, November 5, 2009 - Tenaris S.A. (NYSE, Buenos Aires and Mexico: TS and MTA Italy: TEN) (Tenaris) today announced its results for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2009 with comparison to its results for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Summary of 2009 Third Quarter Results

(Comparison with second quarter of 2009 and third quarter of 2008)

	Q3 2009	Q2 2009		Q3 2008	
Net sales (US\$ million)	1,771.5	2,096.3	(15%)	3,074.0	(42%)
Operating income (US\$ million)	360.6	436.8	(17%)	931.8	(61%)
Net income (US\$ million)	237.3	336.4	(29%)	631.2	(62%)
Shareholders' net income (US\$ million)	229.9	343.3	(33%)	570.6	(60%)
Earnings per ADS (US\$)	0.39	0.58	(33%)	0.97	(60%)
Earnings per share (US\$)	0.19	0.29	(33%)	0.48	(60%)
EBITDA (US\$ million)	488.3	563.1	(13%)	1,064.6	(54%)
EBITDA margin (% of net sales)	28%	27%		35%	

Our results in the third quarter reflect weak demand for our products and services from our customers in all regions though sales in the Middle East and Africa region registered a modest year on year increase. Shipments of tubular products fell 50% year on year and 16% sequentially. However, our EBITDA margin stabilized on a sequential basis as lower input costs offset lower prices. Earnings per share declined by 60% year on year reflecting the decline in sales and margins. However, cash flow from operations remained strong and we reduced our investment in working capital by a further US\$359.5 million. Our net financial position (total financial debt less cash and other current investments) is now net cash positive with a balance of US\$556.9 million at the end of the period.

Interim Dividend Payment

Our board of directors approved the payment of an interim dividend of US\$0.13 per share (US\$0.26 per ADS), or approximately US\$153 million. The payment date will be November 26, 2009 (however, because such date is not a business day in the US, shareholders in all jurisdictions may receive their interim dividend on or after November 27, 2009, which is the first business day following the stated payment date), and the ex-dividend date will be November 23, 2009.

Market Background and Outlook

Global oil prices have risen during the first nine months of 2009 from their low of around US\$30 per barrel at the beginning of the year and now stand around US\$75-80 per barrel. The increase in oil prices is supported by expectations for a continuing recovery in the outlook for global growth led by the resilient performance of the Chinese economy and OPEC actions to curtail production. North American gas prices have recently rebounded from their lows below US\$3.00 per million BTU but production has not yet fallen in line with demand and gas in storage is now at historically high levels.

The international count of active drilling rigs, as published by Baker Hughes, continued to decline during the third quarter. It averaged 969 during the third quarter of 2009, 1% lower than the second quarter of 2009 and 12% lower than the same quarter of the previous year. The corresponding rig count in the US, however, started to rebound in July driven mainly by an increase in oil drilling activity and lower rig rates. It averaged 973 during the third quarter, 4% higher than the second quarter of 2009 but 51% lower than the third quarter of 2008. In Canada, the corresponding rig count, which is affected by seasonal drilling patterns, averaged 187 during the quarter, a decrease of 57% compared to third quarter of 2008.

Whereas demand for our pipes this year has been severely affected by the decline in oil and gas drilling activity and the actions taken by customers to adjust to reduced cash flows and a less favorable market outlook, in the third quarter our level of incoming orders by volume is recovering. In addition, in the US and Canadian markets, inventory levels, although they remain high, have been coming down from the extraordinarily high levels they reached in the first quarter of this year. With activity levels now stabilizing, the oil price at an attractive level, and inventories closer to more reasonable levels, we can expect pipe shipments in our Tubes operating segment to begin showing a moderate increase in the fourth quarter.

During this quarter the order backlog for our large-diameter pipes for pipeline projects in South America has continued to decline and we therefore expect lower shipments going forward.

Our production costs should start to benefit from efficiencies associated with an increase in production levels, and from the effect of the actions underway to reduce our structural costs.

Our average selling prices in the coming quarters will reflect a gradual adjustment to the lower levels currently in the market and, consequently, any recovery in net sales and EBITDA will be more modest than that of our shipments.

Analysis of 2009 Third Quarter Results

Sales volume (metric tons)		Q3 2009	Q3 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
Tubes	Seamless	407,000	669,000	(39%)
Tubes	Welded	67,000	263,000	(75%)
Tubes	Total	474,000	932,000	(49%)
Projects	Welded	97,000	155,000	(37%)
Total		571,000	1,087,000	(47%)

Tubes	Q3 2009	Q3 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
(Net sales - \$ million)			
North America	515.6	1,280.8	(60%)
South America	225.9	368.3	(39%)
Europe	176.9	408.1	(57%)
Middle East & Africa	360.4	344.2	5%
Far East & Oceania	82.3	169.9	(52%)
Total net sales (\$ million)	1,361.0	2,571.3	(47%)

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Cost of sales (% of sales)	58%	53%	
Operating income (\$ million)	285.8	856.2	(67%)
Operating income (% of sales)	21%	33%	

Net sales of tubular products and services decreased 47% to US\$1,361.0 million in the third quarter of 2009, compared to US\$2,571.3 million in the third quarter of 2008, in line with shipments as lower like for like prices were offset by a richer product mix. All regions were affected except for the Middle East and Africa which benefited from higher sales of deepwater line pipe products in West Africa. In North America, notwithstanding higher demand for OCTG products in Mexico, demand for OCTG products in the US and Canada declined precipitously due to the decline in drilling activity and inventory reductions. Sales in South America were affected by low levels of demand in Venezuela and Argentina. In Europe, sales were affected by lower demand from the industrial sector, lower demand from distributors serving the process and power plant sector and lower sales of OCTG principally in Romania. Sales in the Far East & Oceania were lower mainly in Japan and China.

Projects	Q3 2009	Q3 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
Net sales (\$ million)	288.7	319.1	(10%)
Cost of sales (% of sales)	71%	73%	
Operating income (\$ million)	59.5	44.3	34%
Operating income (% of sales)	21%	14%	

Net sales of pipes for pipeline projects decreased 10% to US\$288.7 million in the third quarter of 2009, compared to US\$319.1 million in the third quarter of 2008, reflecting a lower level of shipments to gas and other pipeline projects in Brazil and Colombia.

Others	Q3 2009	Q3 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
Net sales (\$ million)	121.7	183.6	(34%)
Cost of sales (% of sales)	74%	68%	
Operating income (\$ million)	15.2	31.4	(52%)
Operating income (% of sales)	12%	17%	

Net sales of other products and services decreased 34% to US\$121.7 million in the third quarter of 2009, compared to US\$183.6 million in the third quarter of 2008. Although demand for our Brazilian industrial equipment business remained firm, demand for our US electric conduit business was substantially lower and sales of sucker rods were affected by lower activity.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, or SG&A, increased as a percentage of net sales to 18.5% in the quarter ended September 30, 2009 compared to 14.7% in the corresponding quarter of 2008, mainly due to the effect of fixed and semi-fixed expenses over lower revenues.

Net interest expenses decreased to US\$20.6 million in the third quarter of 2009 compared to US\$21.5 million in the same period of 2008. Interest expenses in the third quarter of 2009, include US\$11.1 million of losses on interest rate swaps entered into in order to minimize the volatility effect of floating rate debt assumed to finance the acquisitions of Maverick and Hydril.

Other financial results recorded a loss of US\$15.4 million during the third quarter of 2009, compared to a loss of US\$31.7 million during the third quarter of 2008. These results largely reflect gains and losses on net foreign exchange transactions and the changes in the fair value of derivative instruments and are partially offset by changes to our net equity position. These gains and losses are mainly attributable to variations in the exchange rates between our subsidiaries' functional currencies (other than the US dollar) and the US dollar, in accordance with IFRS.

Equity in earnings of associated companies generated a gain of US\$10.3 million in the third quarter of 2009, compared to a gain of US\$24.3 million in the third quarter of 2008. These gains mainly derived from our equity investment in Ternium.

Income tax charges totalled US\$97.6 million in the third quarter of 2009, equivalent to 30% of income before equity in earnings of associated companies and income tax, compared to US\$272.7 million in the third quarter of 2008, equivalent to 31% of income before equity in earnings of associated companies and income tax.

Income attributable to minority interest decreased to US\$7.4 million in the third quarter of 2009, compared to US\$60.5 million in the corresponding quarter of 2008 as we registered lower profits at our Confab subsidiary and losses at our NKK Tubes subsidiary.

Cash Flow and Liquidity

Net cash provided by operations during the third quarter of 2009 was US\$772.4 million (US\$2,647.0 million in the first nine months), compared to US\$242.8 million in the third quarter of 2008 (US\$1,085.7 million in the first nine months). Working capital decreased by US\$359.5 million during the third quarter, mainly due to inventories decrease of US\$248.2 million and trade receivables decrease of US\$241.6 million, partially offset by a decrease in customer advances of US\$104.2 million.

Capital expenditures amounted to US\$101.5 million in the third quarter of 2009 (US\$327.8 million in the first nine months), compared to US\$131.8 million in the third quarter of 2008 (US\$337.1 million in the first nine months).

During the first nine months of 2009, total financial debt decreased by US\$1,263.7 million to US\$1,713.3 million at September 30, 2009 from US\$2,977.0 million at December 31, 2008. Net financial debt during the first nine months of 2009 decreased by US\$1,949.3 million to a positive net cash position of US\$556.9 million at September 30, 2009.

Analysis of 2009 First Nine Months Results

Net income attributable to equity holders in the company during the first nine months of 2009 was US\$939.2 million, or US\$0.80 per share (US\$1.59 per ADS), which compares with net income attributable to equity holders in the company during the first nine months of 2008 of US\$2,031.1 million, or US\$1.72 per share (US\$3.44 per ADS). Net income for the first nine months of 2008 includes the result for the sale of Hydril's pressure control business of US\$394.3 million, or US\$0.33 per share (US\$0.67 per ADS). Operating income was US\$1,483.0 million, or 24% of net sales, compared to US\$2,456.4 million, or 28% of net sales. Operating income plus depreciation and amortization was US\$1,858.8 million, or 29% of net sales, compared to US\$2,853.8 million, or 32% of net sales.

Sales volume (metric tons)		9M 2009	9M 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
Tubes	Seamless	1,483,000	2,126,000	(30%)
Tubes	Welded	242,000	815,000	(70%)
Tubes	Total	1,725,000	2,941,000	(41%)
Projects	Welded	271,000	457,000	(41%)
Total		1,996,000	3,398,000	(41%)

Tubes	9M 2009	9M 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
(Net sales - \$ million)			
North America	2,192.4	3,099.9	(29%)
South America	720.2	897.1	(20%)
Europe	661.8	1,336.5	(50%)
Middle East & Africa	1,208.4	1,385.5	(13%)
Far East & Oceania	387.7	533.5	(27%)
Total net sales (\$ million)	5,170.4	7,252.5	(29%)
Cost of sales (% of sales)	55%	54%	
Operating income (\$ million)	1,312.1	2,198.2	(40%)
Operating income (% of sales)	25%	30%	

Net sales of tubular products and services decreased 29% to US\$5,170.4 million in the first nine months of 2009, compared to US\$7,252.5 million in the first nine months of 2008, due to a sharp reduction in volumes, which was partially offset by higher average selling prices, reflecting in part higher proportion of sales of specialized high-end products.

Projects	9M 2009	9M 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
Net sales (\$ million)	765.4	959.0	(20%)
Cost of sales (% of sales)	72%	72%	
Operating income (\$ million)	154.0	173.2	(11%)
Operating income (% of sales)	20%	18%	

Net sales of pipes for pipeline projects decreased 20% to US\$765.4 million in the first nine months of 2009, compared to US\$959.0 million in the first nine months of 2008, reflecting lower deliveries in Brazil, Argentina and Colombia to gas and other pipeline projects.

Others	9M 2009	9M 2008	Increase/(Decrease)
Net sales (\$ million)	366.4	572.9	(36%)
Cost of sales (% of sales)	81%	71%	
Operating income (\$ million)	16.8	85.0	(80%)
Operating income (% of sales)	5%	15%	

Net sales of other products and services decreased 36% to US\$366.4 million in the first nine months of 2009, compared to US\$572.9 million in the first nine months of 2008, reflecting lower sales of electric conduit pipes and sucker rods, partially offset by higher sales of industrial equipment.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, or SG&A, increased as a percentage of net sales to 17.6% in the nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to 15.1% in the corresponding nine months of 2008, mainly due to the effect of fixed and semi-fixed expenses over lower revenues.

Net interest expenses decreased to US\$71.4 million in the first nine months of 2009 compared to US\$93.0 million in the same period of 2008 reflecting a lower net debt position and lower interest rates.

Interest expenses in the first nine months of 2009, include US\$ 14.1 million in losses on interest rate swaps entered into in order to minimize the volatility effect of floating rate debt.

Other financial results recorded a loss of US\$67.6 million during the first nine months of 2009, compared to a loss of US\$41.2 million during the first nine months of 2008. These results largely reflect gains and losses on net foreign exchange transactions and the changes in the fair value of derivative instruments and are partially offset by changes to our net equity position. These gains and losses are mainly attributable to variations in the exchange rates between our subsidiaries' functional currencies (other than the US dollar) and the US dollar, in accordance with IFRS.

Equity in earnings of associated companies generated a gain of US\$68.2 million in the first nine months of 2009, compared to a gain of US\$122.3 million in the first nine months of 2008. These gains were derived mainly from our equity investment in Ternium.

Income tax charges totalled US\$417.2 million in the first nine months of 2009, equivalent to 31% of income before equity in earnings of associated companies and income tax, compared to US\$701.1 million in the first nine months of 2008, equivalent to 30% of income before equity in earnings of associated companies and income tax.

Result for discontinued operations amounted to a loss of US\$28.1 million in the first nine months of 2009, corresponding to our Venezuelan operations that are being nationalized, compared to a gain of US\$417.8 million in the corresponding period of 2008, of which US\$394.3 million corresponded to the result of the sale of Hydril's pressure control business.

Income attributable to minority interest decreased to US\$27.7 million in the first nine months of 2009, compared to US\$130.0 million in the corresponding nine months of 2008, mainly reflecting lower results at our Confab and NKKTubes subsidiaries.

Some of the statements contained in this press release are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current views and assumptions and involve known and unknown risks that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by those statements. These risks include but are not limited to risks arising from uncertainties as to future oil and gas prices and their impact on investment programs by oil and gas companies.

Press releases and financial statements can be downloaded from Tenaris's website at www.tenaris.com/investors.

Consolidated Condensed Interim Income Statement

(all amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)	Three-month period ended September 30,		Nine-month period ended September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Continuing operations				
Net sales	1,771,475	3,073,978	6,302,107	8,784,402
Cost of sales	(1,080,161)	(1,712,417)	(3,708,372)	(5,015,248)
Gross profit	691,314	1,361,561	2,593,735	3,769,154
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(327,234)	(450,453)	(1,110,240)	(1,328,491)
Other operating income (expense), net	(3,528)	20,688	(504)	15,741
Operating income	360,552	931,796	1,482,991	2,456,404
Interest income	10,435	16,910	23,172	45,591
Interest expense	(31,007)	(38,442)	(94,589)	(138,566)
Other financial results	(15,377)	(31,664)	(67,643)	(41,236)
Income before equity in earnings of associated companies and income tax	324,603	878,600	1,343,931	2,322,193
Equity in earnings of associated companies	10,294	24,290	68,229	122,253
Income before income tax	334,897	902,890	1,412,160	2,444,446
Income tax	(97,583)	(272,668)	(417,175)	(701,132)
Income for continuing operations	237,314	630,222	994,985	1,743,314
Discontinued operations				
Result for discontinued operations	-	935	(28,138)	417,841
Income for the period	237,314	631,157	966,847	2,161,155
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Company	229,873	570,635	939,188	2,031,149
Minority interest	7,441	60,522	27,659	130,006
	237,314	631,157	966,847	2,161,155

Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

(all amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)	At September 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	At December 31, 2008
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment, net	3,193,279	2,982,871
Intangible assets, net	3,707,914	3,826,987
Investments in associated companies	578,758	527,007
Other investments	31,835	38,355
Deferred tax assets	195,778	390,323
Receivables	81,143	82,752
	7,788,707	7,848,295
Current assets		
Inventories	1,902,555	3,091,401
Receivables and prepayments	225,905	251,481
Current tax assets	234,587	201,607
Trade receivables	1,295,386	2,123,296
Available for sale assets	21,572	-
Other investments	528,861	45,863
Cash and cash equivalents	1,741,352	1,538,769
	5,950,218	7,252,417
Total assets	13,738,925	15,100,712
EQUITY		
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders		
Minority interest	618,746	525,316
Total equity	9,601,511	8,701,887
LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	844,946	1,241,048
Deferred tax liabilities	872,861	1,053,838
Other liabilities	202,024	223,142
Provisions	84,695	89,526
Trade payables	3,018	1,254
	2,007,544	2,608,808
Current liabilities		
Borrowings	868,358	1,735,967
Current tax liabilities	322,041	610,313
Other liabilities	250,986	242,620
Provisions	35,986	28,511
Customer advances	152,690	275,815
Trade payables	499,809	896,791
	2,129,870	3,790,017
Total liabilities	4,137,414	6,398,825

Total equity and liabilities	13,738,925	15,100,712
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Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows

(all amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)	Three-month period ended September 30,		Nine-month period ended September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Income for the period	237,314	631,157	966,847	2,161,155
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	127,789	134,885	375,850	403,758
Income tax accruals less payments	(15,741)	(309,497)	(345,431)	(219,750)
Equity in earnings of associated companies	(10,294)	(24,290)	(67,367)	(122,386)
Income from the sale of pressure control business	-	-	-	(394,323)
Interest accruals less payments, net	5,741	34,401	(17,957)	26,507
Changes in provisions	(10,174)	(4,404)	4,026	10,839
Changes in working capital	359,488	(257,464)	1,534,948	(803,078)
Other, including currency translation adjustment	78,278	37,986	196,070	22,969
Net cash provided by operating activities	772,401	242,774	2,646,986	1,085,691
Cash flows from investing activities				
Capital expenditures	(101,460)	(131,772)	(327,795)	(337,138)
Acquisitions of subsidiaries and minority interest	(29)	(8,003)	(73,564)	(9,868)
Proceeds from the sale of pressure control business	-	-	-	1,113,805
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,676	3,340	12,004	12,166
Investments in short terms securities	(255,411)	324,934	(482,998)	60,533
Dividends received	3,680	-	8,903	13,636
Other	-	-	-	(3,428)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(351,544)	188,499	(863,450)	849,706
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividends paid	-	-	(354,161)	(295,134)
Dividends paid to minority interest in subsidiaries	(5,522)	(4,981)	(32,698)	(60,117)
Proceeds from borrowings	245,961	301,117	509,802	731,205
Repayments of borrowings	(554,689)	(444,709)	(1,704,173)	(1,777,464)
Net cash used in financing activities	(314,250)	(148,573)	(1,581,230)	(1,401,510)

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Increase in cash and cash equivalents	106,607	282,700	202,306	533,887
Movement in cash and cash equivalents				
At the beginning of the period	1,608,695	1,319,049	1,525,022	954,303
Effect of exchange rate changes	18,118	(138,107)	15,788	(24,548)
Decrease due to deconsolidation	-	-	(9,696)	-
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	106,607	282,700	202,306	533,887
At September 30,	1,733,420	1,463,642	1,733,420	1,463,642
Cash and cash equivalents	At September 30,		At September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Cash and bank deposits	1,741,352	1,489,787	1,741,352	1,489,787
Bank overdrafts	(7,932)	(26,145)	(7,932)	(26,145)
	1,733,420	1,463,642	1,733,420	1,463,642

The attached material is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Rule 13a-16 and Form 6-K under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This report contains Tenaris's press release announcing its 2009 third quarter results.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 10, 2009

Tenaris, S.A.

By: /s/ Cecilia Bilesio

Cecilia Bilesio
Corporate Secretary

T> 4,673

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents

9,428 12,174

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year

172,706 171,553

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

\$182,134 \$183,727

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

PARKER-HANNIFIN CORPORATION**BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION****(Dollars in thousands)****(Unaudited)**

The Company operates in three reportable business segments: Industrial, Aerospace and Climate & Industrial Controls. The Industrial Segment is the largest and includes a significant portion of international operations.

Industrial - This segment produces a broad range of motion control and fluid systems and components used in all kinds of manufacturing, packaging, processing, transportation, mobile construction, agricultural and military machinery and equipment. Sales are made directly to major original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and through a broad distribution network to smaller OEMs and the aftermarket.

Aerospace - This segment designs and manufactures products and provides aftermarket support for commercial, military and general aviation aircraft, missile and spacecraft markets. The Aerospace Segment provides a full range of systems and components for hydraulic, pneumatic and fuel applications.

Climate & Industrial Controls - This segment manufactures motion-control systems and components for use primarily in the refrigeration and air conditioning and transportation industries.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales				
Industrial:				
North America	\$ 1,086,986	\$ 1,048,474	\$ 3,084,233	\$ 3,008,902
International	1,345,849	1,017,953	3,624,486	2,817,668
Aerospace	470,109	436,476	1,328,097	1,240,873
Climate & Industrial Controls	279,593	278,066	762,037	776,251
Total	\$ 3,182,537	\$ 2,780,969	\$ 8,798,853	\$ 7,843,694
Segment operating income				
Industrial:				
North America	\$ 148,019	\$ 146,794	\$ 444,881	\$ 433,822
International	217,243	140,456	575,903	389,756
Aerospace	68,323	66,219	177,676	202,622
Climate & Industrial Controls	18,282	19,232	39,209	57,019
Total segment operating income	451,867	372,701	1,237,669	1,083,219
Corporate general and administrative expenses	48,157	40,538	133,505	121,168
Income before interest expense and other	403,710	332,163	1,104,164	962,051
Interest expense	25,540	22,403	73,977	61,879
Other expense	20,376	14,834	58,481	38,824
Income before income taxes	\$ 357,794	\$ 294,926	\$ 971,706	\$ 861,348

PARKER-HANNIFIN CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

1. Management representation

In the opinion of the management of the Company, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position as of March 31, 2008, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 and cash flows for the nine months then ended. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K and Amendment No. 1 to Form 10-K. Interim period results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

2. Stock split

On August 16, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a 3-shares-for-2 split of the Company's common shares to be effected in the form of a stock dividend payable on October 1, 2007 to shareholders of record as of the end of business on September 17, 2007. The stock split was completed on October 1, 2007. Shareholders' equity has been restated to give retroactive recognition to the stock split for all periods presented by reclassifying from Additional capital to Common stock the par value of the additional shares issued in connection with the split. In addition, all share numbers and per share amounts disclosed in the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements have been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the stock split.

3. New accounting pronouncements

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. Statement No. 161 establishes guidelines to report how derivative and hedging activities affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Statement No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company has not yet determined the effect, if any, that Statement No. 161 will have on the Company's disclosures regarding derivatives and hedging activities.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of ARB No. 51. Statement No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the minority interest in a subsidiary. Statement No. 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has not yet determined the effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations of complying with the provisions of Statement No. 160.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations. Statement No. 141R establishes the requirements for how an entity recognizes and measures in its financial statements the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any minority interest in a business combination. Statement No. 141R is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has not yet determined the effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations of complying with the provisions of Statement No. 141R.

3. New accounting pronouncements, continued

In February 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. Statement No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value and is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company has not yet determined whether it will elect to measure any of its financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value as permitted by Statement No. 159.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. Statement No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The FASB reaffirmed the originally scheduled implementation date in accounting for financial assets and liabilities as fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and approved a one year deferral for the implementation of Statement No. 157 for nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The Company does not believe the adoption of Statement No. 157 will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

4. Product warranty

In the ordinary course of business, the Company warrants its products against defect in design, materials and workmanship over various time periods. The warranty accrual as of March 31, 2008 and June 30, 2007 is immaterial to the financial position of the Company and the change in the accrual for the current quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 is immaterial to the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

5. Earnings per share

The following table presents a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
<u>Numerator:</u>				
Income applicable to common shares	\$ 255,441	\$ 209,309	\$ 696,901	\$ 612,860
<u>Denominator:</u>				
Basic - weighted average common shares	167,750,603	173,176,299	168,532,262	175,031,276
Increase in weighted average from dilutive effect of equity-based awards	3,141,851	3,034,362	3,345,961	2,798,049
Diluted - weighted average common shares, assuming exercise of equity-based awards	170,892,454	176,210,661	171,878,223	177,829,325
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.21	\$ 4.14	\$ 3.50
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.49	\$ 1.19	\$ 4.05	\$ 3.45

For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, 868,301 and 120,712 common shares subject to equity-based awards, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because the effect of their exercise would be anti-dilutive. For the nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, 1,444,043 and 2,458,753 common shares subject to equity-based awards, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because the effect of their exercise would be anti-dilutive.

6. Stock repurchase program

The Company has a program to repurchase its common shares. Under the program, the Company is authorized to repurchase an amount of common shares each fiscal year equal to the greater of 7.5 million shares or five percent of the shares outstanding as of the end of the prior fiscal year. Repurchases are funded primarily from operating cash flows, and the shares are initially held as treasury stock. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2008, the Company repurchased 811,283 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$63.39 per share. Fiscal year-to-date, the Company repurchased 998,333 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$63.97 per share.

In August 2007, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the accelerated purchase of \$500 million of the Company's common shares. This authorization is in addition to the Company's previously announced share repurchase program. The Company entered into an agreement with Morgan Stanley whereby the Company initially repurchased 6,456,656 shares of its common stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2008 in exchange for \$500 million. Additional shares were settled at the program's expiration on November 30, 2007 based on the volume-weighted average price of the Company's common shares during the same period, subject to a cap and a floor as determined under the terms of the agreement. Accordingly, the Company received 173,325 shares during the second quarter of fiscal 2008 in connection with the settlement at the program's expiration. Under the accelerated repurchase program, the Company repurchased a total of 6,629,981 shares at an average purchase price of \$75.48 per share.

7. Comprehensive income

The Company's primary item of other comprehensive income is foreign currency translation adjustments. Comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net income	\$ 255,441	\$ 209,309	\$ 696,901	\$ 612,860
Foreign currency translation adjustments	144,968	16,110	271,987	80,561
Retirement benefits amortization	8,888		26,525	
Realized loss on cash flow hedges	59	59	177	177
Comprehensive income	\$ 409,356	\$ 225,478	\$ 995,590	\$ 693,598

Foreign currency translation adjustments are net of taxes of \$21,605 and \$35,320 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008, respectively, and \$2,093 and \$7,388 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2007, respectively. The retirement benefits amortization is net of taxes of \$5,284 and \$15,576 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008, respectively. The realized loss on cash flow hedges is net of taxes of \$37 and \$111 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007, respectively, and is reflected in the Interest expense caption in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

8. Business realignment charges

During the third quarter of fiscal 2008, the Company recorded a \$1,099 charge (\$679 after-tax) for the costs to structure its businesses in light of current and anticipated customer demand. The Company believes the realignment actions will positively impact future results of operations but will have no material effect on liquidity and sources and uses of capital. The charge primarily consists of severance costs and costs to relocate machinery and equipment. The business realignment costs are presented in the Cost of sales caption in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

During the first nine months of fiscal 2008, the Company recorded a charge of \$5,104 (\$3,153 after-tax or \$.02 per diluted share) for business realignment costs. The Company believes the realignment actions will positively impact future results of operations but will have no material effect on liquidity and sources and uses of capital. The charge primarily consists of severance costs and costs to relocate machinery and equipment. The business realignment costs are presented primarily in the Cost of sales caption in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the nine months ended March 31, 2008.

During the third quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company recorded a \$6,090 charge (\$3,759 after-tax or \$.02 per diluted share) for the costs to structure its businesses in light of current and anticipated customer demand. The charge primarily consisted of severance costs and costs to relocate machinery and equipment. The severance costs were attributable to approximately 130 employees in the Industrial Segment. The business realignment costs are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2007 as follows: \$3,564 in Cost of sales and \$2,526 in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

During the first nine months of fiscal 2007, the Company recorded a charge of \$16,535 (\$10,207 after-tax or \$.05 per diluted share) for business realignment costs primarily related to the Industrial Segment. The charge primarily consisted of severance costs and costs to relocate machinery and equipment. The business realignment costs are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Income for the nine months ended March 31, 2007 as follows: \$12,524 in Cost of sales and \$4,011 in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

9. Goodwill and intangible assets

The Company is currently in the process of completing its annual goodwill impairment test required by FASB Statement No. 142 and at this time does not anticipate a requirement to recognize a goodwill impairment loss.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 are as follows:

	Industrial Segment	Aerospace Segment	Climate & Industrial Controls Segment	Total
Balance June 30, 2007	\$ 1,856,841	\$ 87,721	\$ 309,507	\$ 2,254,069
Acquisitions	278,921	11,462		290,383
Foreign currency translation	105,584	58	3,915	109,557
Goodwill adjustments	(895)		(387)	(1,282)
Balance March 31, 2008	\$ 2,240,451	\$ 99,241	\$ 313,035	\$ 2,652,727

9. Goodwill and intangible assets, continued

Goodwill adjustments primarily represent final adjustments to the purchase price allocation for acquisitions completed within the last twelve months. Some of the fiscal 2008 purchase price allocations are preliminary and may require subsequent adjustment.

Intangible assets are amortized on the straight-line method over their legal or estimated useful lives. The following summarizes the gross carrying value and accumulated amortization for each major category of intangible assets:

	March 31, 2008		June 30, 2007	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Patents	\$ 88,784	\$ 34,312	\$ 85,255	\$ 29,149
Trademarks	219,171	39,459	193,595	27,110
Customer lists and other	594,429	104,006	446,273	73,257
Total	\$ 902,384	\$ 177,777	\$ 725,123	\$ 129,516

Total intangible amortization expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2008 was \$44,140. The estimated amortization expense for the five years ending June 30, 2008 through 2012 is \$61,552, \$63,108, \$62,665, \$60,625 and \$58,180, respectively.

10. Retirement benefits

Net periodic pension cost recognized included the following components:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Service cost	\$ 19,025	\$ 19,216	\$ 56,872	\$ 57,672
Interest cost	41,497	37,547	124,017	112,563
Expected return on plan assets	(47,574)	(43,608)	(142,602)	(130,517)
Amortization of prior service cost	3,373	2,895	9,871	8,681
Amortization of net actuarial loss	11,002	14,664	32,838	45,059
Amortization of initial net (asset)	(17)	(16)	(51)	(46)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 27,306	\$ 30,698	\$ 80,945	\$ 93,412

Postretirement benefit cost recognized included the following components:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Service cost	\$ 380	\$ 414	\$ 1,139	\$ 1,242
Interest cost	1,425	1,425	4,275	4,275
Net amortization and deferral and other	(185)	(144)	(556)	(434)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 1,620	\$ 1,695	\$ 4,858	\$ 5,083

11. Income taxes

On July 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes and an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that a company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, the Company recognized an increase of \$29,904 in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits, which was accounted for by a decrease to the July 1, 2007 balance of Retained earnings of \$23,801 and an increase of \$6,103 to deferred tax assets, which is included in the Other assets caption in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

As of July 1, 2007, the Company had gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$82,095, which included accrued interest of \$7,636. The Company recognizes accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Penalties, if incurred, would be recognized in income tax expense. The total amount of unrecognized benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate was \$53,866.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2008, the Company increased its gross unrecognized tax benefits by \$14,495 due to additional reserves for various uncertain tax positions and accrued interest. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$96,590, which included accrued interest of \$9,664. The total amount of total unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate was \$67,970.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. and various state and foreign jurisdictions. In the normal course of business, the Company's tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities throughout the world. The Company is no longer subject to examinations of its federal income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for fiscal years through 2001, except for certain refund claims outstanding. All significant state and local and foreign tax returns have been examined for fiscal years through 2001. The Company does not anticipate that the total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of audits and the expiration of statute of limitations within the next twelve months.

12. Contingencies

The Company is involved in various litigation arising in the normal course of business, including proceedings based on product liability claims, workers' compensation claims and alleged violations of various environmental laws. The Company is self-insured in the United States for health care, workers' compensation, general liability and product liability up to predetermined amounts, above which, subject to certain limitations, third party insurance applies. Management regularly reviews the probable outcome of these proceedings, the expenses expected to be incurred, the availability and limits of the insurance coverage, and the established accruals for liabilities. While the outcome of pending proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that any liabilities that may result from these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

On April 27, 2007, a grand jury in the Southern District of Florida issued a subpoena to the Company's subsidiary, Parker ITR, requiring the production of documents, in particular documents related to communications with competitors and customers related to Parker ITR's marine oil and gas hose business. The Company and Parker ITR substantially complied with this subpoena. On August 2, 2007, the Japan Fair Trade Commission (JFTC) requested that Parker ITR submit a report to the JFTC on specific topics related to its investigation of marine hose suppliers. Parker ITR submitted the required report. On February 21, 2008, the JFTC issued a cease and desist order. Parker ITR continues to cooperate with the JFTC. The European Commission

12. Contingencies, continued

issued Requests for Information to the Company and Parker ITR, the first such request was dated May 15, 2007. The Company and Parker ITR submitted responses to these requests. On April 30, 2008, the European Commission issued a Statement of Objections to the Company and Parker ITR. Brazilian and Korean competition authorities initiated investigations (the Brazilian investigation commenced on November 14, 2007 and the Korean investigation commenced on January 17, 2008) related to the marine hose supply activities of Parker ITR. The Company and Parker ITR are cooperating with the Brazilian and Korean authorities.

In addition, four class action lawsuits were filed in the Southern District of Florida: *Shipyards Supply LLC v. Bridgestone Corporation, et al.*, filed May 17, 2007; *Expro Gulf Limited v. Bridgestone Corporation, et al.*, filed June 6, 2007; *Bayside Rubber & Products, Inc. v. Trelleborg Industries S.A., et al.*, filed June 25, 2007; *Bayside Rubber & Products, Inc. v. Caleca, et al.*, filed July 12, 2007; and one in the Southern District of New York: *Weeks Marine, Inc. v. Bridgestone Corporation, et al.*, filed July 27, 2007. The Company is named as a defendant in one case and it filed an answer in that matter. Parker ITR filed a motion to dismiss in each of the four cases in which it is a defendant. Parker ITR's motions to dismiss were denied as moot after all five cases were consolidated in the Southern District of Florida as 08-MDL-1888. On March 24, 2008, the plaintiffs filed a consolidated class action complaint that alleges that the defendants, for a period of approximately 21 years, conspired with competitors in unreasonable restraint of trade to artificially raise, fix, maintain or stabilize prices, rig bids and allocate markets and customers for marine oil and gas hose in the United States. Plaintiffs generally seek treble damages, a permanent injunction, attorneys' fees, and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest. The Company and Parker ITR have filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated complaint. At the current stage of the investigations and lawsuits, the Company is unable to reasonably estimate the potential loss or range of loss, if any, arising from such investigations and lawsuits.

PARKER-HANNIFIN CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

AND COMPARABLE PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

OVERVIEW

The Company is a leading worldwide diversified manufacturer of motion control technologies and systems, providing precision engineered solutions for a wide variety of commercial, mobile, industrial and aerospace markets.

The Company's order rates provide a near-term perspective of the Company's outlook particularly when viewed in the context of prior and future order rates. The Company publishes its order rates on a quarterly basis. The lead time between the time an order is received and revenue is realized generally ranges from one day to 12 weeks for commercial, mobile and industrial orders and from one day to 18 months for aerospace orders. The Company believes the leading economic indicators that have a strong correlation to the Company's future order rates are as follows:

Institute of Supply Management (ISM) index of manufacturing activity with respect to North American commercial, mobile and industrial markets,

Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) on manufacturing activity with respect to most International commercial, mobile and industrial markets,

Aircraft miles flown and revenue passenger miles for commercial aerospace markets and Department of Defense spending for military aerospace markets, and

Housing starts with respect to the North American residential air conditioning market.

ISM and PMI indexes above 50 indicate that the manufacturing economy is expanding resulting in the expectation that the Company's order rates in the commercial, mobile and industrial markets in the respective geographic areas should be positive year-over-year. ISM and PMI indexes below 50 would indicate the opposite effect. The ISM index at the end of March 2008 was 48.6 and the most recent PMI for the Eurozone countries was 52.0. With respect to the aerospace market, aircraft miles flown and revenue passenger miles continue to show improvement over comparable fiscal 2007 levels while Department of Defense spending in fiscal 2008 is expected to increase slightly from its fiscal 2007 level. Housing starts in March 2008 were approximately 37 percent lower than housing starts in March 2007.

The Company also believes that there is a high correlation between changes in interest rates throughout the world and worldwide industrial manufacturing activity. Increases in interest rates typically have a negative impact on industrial production thereby lowering future order rates while decreases in interest rates typically have the opposite effect.

The Company's major opportunities for growth are as follows:

Leverage the Company's broad product line with customers desiring to consolidate their vendor base and outsource engineering,

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Marketing systems solutions for customer applications,

Expand the Company's business presence outside of North America,

New product introductions, including those resulting from the Company's innovation initiatives,

Completing strategic acquisitions in a consolidating motion and control industry, and

Expanding the Company's vast distribution network.

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The financial condition of the Company remains strong as evidenced by the continued generation of substantial cash flows from operations, a debt to debt-equity ratio of 26.1 percent, ample borrowing capabilities and strong credit ratings.

Many acquisition opportunities remain available to the Company within its target markets. During the first nine months of fiscal 2008, the Company completed six acquisitions whose aggregate incremental annual revenues were approximately \$237 million and has completed two additional acquisitions in April 2008 whose aggregate incremental annual revenues were approximately \$273 million. Acquisitions will continue to be considered from time to time to the extent there is a strong strategic fit, while at the same time, maintaining the Company's strong financial position. The Company will also continue to assess the strategic fit of its existing businesses and initiate efforts to divest businesses that are not considered to be a good long-term fit for the Company. Future business divestitures could have a negative effect on the Company's results of operations.

The Company routinely strives to improve customer service levels and manage changes in raw material prices and expenses related to employee health and welfare benefits. The Company is currently focused on maintaining its financial strength through the current Industrial North American slowdown, especially in the automotive, heavy-duty truck and residential construction markets. The Company has in place a number of strategic financial performance initiatives relating to growth and margin improvement in order to meet these challenges, including strategic procurement, strategic pricing, lean enterprise, product innovation, global diversification and business realignments.

The discussion below is structured to separately discuss the Consolidated Statement of Income, Results by Business Segment, Balance Sheet and Statement of Cash Flows.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	\$ 3,182.5	\$ 2,781.0	\$ 8,798.9	\$ 7,843.7
Gross profit	\$ 735.3	\$ 617.1	\$ 2,035.2	\$ 1,794.5
Gross profit margin	23.1%	22.2%	23.1%	22.9%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 347.0	\$ 308.6	\$ 990.9	\$ 893.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percent of sales	10.9%	11.1%	11.3%	11.4%
Interest expense	\$ 25.5	\$ 22.4	\$ 74.0	\$ 61.9
Other expense (income), net	\$ 5.0	\$ (8.8)	\$ (1.4)	\$ (22.2)
Effective tax rate	28.6%	29.0%	28.3%	28.8%
Net income	\$ 255.4	\$ 209.3	\$ 696.9	\$ 612.9
Net income, as a percent of sales	8.0%	7.5%	7.9%	7.8%

Net sales for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 increased 14.4 percent and 12.2 percent, respectively, over the comparable prior-year net sales amounts reflecting higher volume primarily in the Industrial International and Aerospace Segments.

Acquisitions in the last 12 months contributed about 4 percent of the net sales increase in the current-year quarter and about 3 percent of the increase for the first nine months of fiscal 2008. The effect of currency rate changes increased net sales by approximately \$172 million and \$382 million in the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008, respectively.

Gross profit margin increased in the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 primarily due to a combination of the increase in sales as well as the effects of the Company's financial performance initiatives, especially in the Industrial International businesses. Also included in gross profit are business realignment charges of \$1.1 million and \$3.6 million in the current-year quarter and prior-year quarter, respectively, and \$5.1 million and \$12.5 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 primarily due to the higher sales volume and current-year acquisitions.

Interest expense for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 increased primarily due to higher average debt outstanding in the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008. The increase in borrowings primarily related to the funding of the accelerated stock repurchase program, which is described in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, and current-year acquisition activity.

Other expense (income), net in the current-year quarter included \$6.1 million of expense related to joint ventures and minority interests. Other expense (income), net in the prior-year quarter included a gain of \$7.0 million related to the sale of real estate. Other expense (income), net for the first nine months of fiscal 2008 and 2007 included \$8.7 million and \$5.3 million, respectively, of expense related to joint ventures and minority interests and gains of \$2.6 million and \$9.9 million, respectively, related to the sale of real estate. Other expense (income), net for the first nine months of fiscal 2007 included \$6.2 million of income related to the final accounting for a divestiture completed in fiscal 2002 and \$4.6 million of income related to a litigation settlement.

RESULTS BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

Industrial Segment

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales				
North America	\$ 1,087.0	\$ 1,048.5	\$ 3,084.2	\$ 3,008.9
International	1,345.8	1,018.0	3,624.5	2,817.7
Operating income				
North America	148.0	146.8	444.9	433.8
International	\$ 217.2	\$ 140.5	\$ 575.9	\$ 389.8
Operating income, as a percent of net sales				
North America	13.6%	14.0%	14.4%	14.4%
International	16.1%	13.8%	15.9%	13.8%
Backlog	\$ 1,688.1	\$ 1,329.6	\$ 1,688.1	\$ 1,329.6

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The Industrial Segment operations experienced the following percentage changes in net sales in the current-year period compared to the equivalent prior-year period:

	Period Ending March 31	
	Three Months	Nine Months
Industrial North America as reported	3.7%	2.5%
Acquisitions	0.6%	1.7%
Currency	0.7%	0.6%
Industrial North America without acquisitions and currency	2.4%	0.2%
Industrial International as reported	32.2%	28.6%
Acquisitions	9.0%	6.2%
Currency	14.8%	11.8%
Industrial International without acquisitions and currency	8.4%	10.6%
Total Industrial Segment as reported	17.7%	15.1%
Acquisitions	4.7%	3.9%
Currency	7.7%	6.0%
Total Industrial Segment without acquisitions and currency	5.3%	5.2%

The above presentation reconciles the percentage changes in net sales of the Industrial operations reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP to percentage changes in net sales adjusted to remove the effects of acquisitions made within the prior four fiscal quarters as well as the effects of currency exchange rates. The effects of acquisitions and currency exchange rates are removed to allow investors and the Company to meaningfully evaluate the percentage changes in net sales on a comparable basis from period to period.

Excluding the effects of acquisitions and foreign currency changes, the slight increase in Industrial North American sales for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 reflects higher demand experienced from distributors and higher customer demand experienced in the construction, farm and agriculture, oil and gas and general industrial machinery markets, partially offset by lower customer demand in the light and heavy-duty truck, automotive, semiconductor and residential construction markets. The increase in Industrial International sales for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 is primarily attributed to higher volume across most markets, particularly in Europe and the Asia Pacific region.

Margins in the Industrial North American businesses were lower for the current-year quarter and flat for the first nine months of fiscal 2008 as compared to the same period for fiscal 2007 primarily due to higher expenses associated with new product development and higher material costs more than offsetting the higher sales volume. The increase in Industrial International margins for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 was primarily due to a combination of the higher sales volume and benefits realized from the Company's financial performance initiatives. Current-year acquisitions, not yet fully integrated, negatively impacted both Industrial North American and Industrial International margins in the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008.

The increase in backlog from a year ago and the June 30, 2007 amount of \$1,393.2 million is primarily due to higher order rates experienced in the Industrial International businesses. The Company anticipates Industrial North American sales for fiscal 2008 to increase by 3.7 percent to 4.1 percent from the fiscal 2007 level and Industrial International sales for fiscal 2008 to increase by 25.0

percent to 25.4 percent from the fiscal 2007 level. Industrial North American operating margins in fiscal 2008 are expected to range from 14.1 percent to 14.5 percent and Industrial International operating margins are expected to range from 15.7 percent to 16.0 percent. The Company expects to continue to take the actions necessary to structure appropriately the Industrial Segment to operate in its current economic environment. Such actions may include the necessity to record additional business realignment charges in fiscal 2008.

Aerospace Segment

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	\$ 470.1	\$ 436.5	\$ 1,328.1	\$ 1,240.9
Operating income	\$ 68.3	\$ 66.2	\$ 177.7	\$ 202.6
Operating margin	14.5%	15.2%	13.4%	16.3%
Backlog	\$ 1,744.7	\$ 1,338.3	\$ 1,744.7	\$ 1,338.3

The increase in sales in the Aerospace Segment for the current-year quarter is primarily due to an increase in commercial original equipment manufacturer (OEM) volume and current-year acquisitions partially offset by lower military aftermarket volume. The increase in sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2008 is primarily due to an increase in both commercial OEM and aftermarket volume partially offset by lower military aftermarket volume. Margins for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 were lower primarily due to a higher concentration of sales occurring in the lower margin OEM businesses as well as higher engineering development costs and lower margins contributed from current-year acquisitions more than offsetting the benefit from the higher sales volume. Margins for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 were also adversely affected by an increase in contract reserves related to certain programs.

The increase in backlog from the prior-year quarter and the June 30, 2007 amount of \$1,358.9 million is primarily due to higher order rates. For fiscal 2008, sales are expected to increase by 7.3 percent to 7.7 percent from the fiscal 2007 level and operating margins are expected to range from 13.6 percent to 14.0 percent. Heavier commercial OEM volume in future product mix and higher than expected engineering development costs could result in lower margins.

Climate & Industrial Controls Segment

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	\$ 279.6	\$ 278.1	\$ 762.0	\$ 776.3
Operating income	\$ 18.3	\$ 19.2	\$ 39.2	\$ 57.0
Operating margin	6.5%	6.9%	5.1%	7.3%
Backlog	\$ 191.8	\$ 190.5	\$ 191.8	\$ 190.5

The Climate & Industrial Controls Segment operations experienced the following percentage changes in net sales in the current-year period compared to the equivalent prior-year period:

	Period Ending March 31	
	Three Months	Nine Months
CIC Segment as reported	0.5%	(1.8)%
Acquisitions		
Currency	3.6%	3.0%
CIC Segment without acquisitions and currency	(3.1)%	(4.8)%

The above presentation reconciles the percentage changes in net sales of the Climate & Industrial Controls Segment reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP to percentage changes in net sales adjusted to remove the effects of acquisitions made within the prior four fiscal quarters as well as the effects of currency exchange rates. The effects of acquisitions and currency exchange rates are removed to allow investors and the Company to meaningfully evaluate the percentage changes in net sales on a comparable basis from period to period.

Excluding the effect of foreign currency changes, the decrease in sales in the Climate & Industrial Controls Segment for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 is primarily due to lower end-user demand in the residential air conditioning, heavy-duty truck and automotive markets. The lower margins are primarily due to product mix and the lower sales volume, resulting in manufacturing inefficiencies.

The slight increase in backlog from the prior-year quarter and the June 30, 2007 amount of \$183.1 million is primarily due to higher order rates in international markets. For fiscal 2008, sales are expected to decline by 2.8 percent to 2.4 percent from the fiscal 2007 level and operating margins are expected to range from 5.5 percent to 5.9 percent. The Company expects to continue to take the actions necessary to structure appropriately the Climate & Industrial Controls Segment to operate in its current economic environment. Such actions may include the necessity to record additional business realignment charges in fiscal 2008.

Corporate and Other

Corporate general and administrative expenses were \$48.2 million in the current-year quarter compared to \$40.5 million in the prior-year quarter and were \$133.5 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2008 compared to \$121.2 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2007. As a percent of sales, corporate general and administrative expenses for the current-year quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008 remained approximately the same as compared to the same periods in fiscal 2007.

Other expense (in the Business Segment Results) included the following:

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Currency transaction (gain) loss	\$ (2.7)	\$ 2.4	\$ (2.7)	\$ (13.6)
Pension expense	0.1	4.6		13.4
LIFO adjustment	2.3	2.9	6.9	10.1
Litigation settlement				(4.6)
Stock compensation	7.8	4.3	37.9	28.5
Minority interests and joint ventures	6.1		8.7	5.3
Divestitures				(5.2)
(Gain) loss on sale of real estate	0.3	(6.5)	(2.6)	(9.9)
Other items, net	6.5	7.1	10.3	14.8
	\$ 20.4	\$ 14.8	\$ 58.5	\$ 38.8

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(in millions)	March 31, 2008	June 30, 2007
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,985.9	\$ 1,737.7
Inventories	1,488.8	1,265.8
Plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	1,861.9	1,736.4
Goodwill	2,652.7	2,254.1
Intangible assets, net	724.6	595.6
Other assets	497.8	469.2
Notes payable	621.2	195.4
Accounts payable, trade	879.2	788.6
Accrued payrolls and other compensation	383.1	376.7
Accrued domestic and foreign taxes	166.2	152.7
Shareholders' equity	5,119.0	4,711.7
Working capital	\$ 1,384.9	\$ 1,460.9
Current ratio	1.56	1.76

Accounts receivable are primarily receivables due from customers for sales of product (\$1,763.1 million at March 31, 2008 and \$1,560.2 million at June 30, 2007). Days sales outstanding relating to trade accounts receivable was 50 days at March 31, 2008 compared to 49 days at June 30, 2007.

Inventories increased since June 30, 2007 primarily in the Aerospace and Industrial International segments primarily due to anticipated future growth in their respective markets. Days supply of inventory (DSI) increased to 64 days at March 31, 2008 from 62 days at June 30, 2007.

Goodwill and Intangible assets, net both increased primarily due to current-year acquisitions.

Notes payable increased since June 30, 2007 primarily due to commercial paper borrowings used to fund current-year acquisitions and the Company's accelerated share repurchase program, described in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Accounts payable, trade increased primarily due to current-year acquisitions.

Due to the weakening of the U.S. dollar, foreign currency translation adjustments resulted in an increase in Shareholders' equity of \$272.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2008. The translation adjustments primarily affected Accounts receivable, Inventories, Plant and equipment, Goodwill, Accounts payable, trade and Long-term debt.

The decrease in working capital was primarily due to an increase in commercial paper borrowings.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(dollars in millions)	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 863.8	\$ 536.9
Investing activities	(643.3)	(330.7)
Financing activities	(214.0)	(198.7)
Effect of exchange rates	2.9	4.7
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9.4	\$ 12.2

Cash flows from operating activities Net cash provided by operating activities increased primarily due to higher earnings and a decrease in contributions to the Company's qualified defined benefit plans. The Company made \$161 million in voluntary contributions during the first nine months of fiscal 2007.

Cash flows used in investing activities Net cash used in investing activities increased \$312.6 million primarily due to greater acquisition activity during the current fiscal year.

Cash flows from financing activities The net cash used in financing activities is primarily due to an increase in common stock activity offset by increased commercial paper borrowings. Commercial paper borrowings were primarily used to fund current-year acquisitions and the Company's accelerated stock repurchase program, described in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company's goal is to maintain no less than an 'A' rating on senior debt to ensure availability and reasonable cost of external funds. As a means of achieving this objective, the Company has established a financial goal of maintaining a ratio of debt to debt-equity of no more than 37 percent.

Debt to Debt-Equity Ratio (in millions)	March 31, 2008	June 30, 2007
Debt	\$ 1,810.9	\$ 1,285.3
Debt & equity	\$ 6,929.9	\$ 5,997.0
Ratio	26.1%	21.4%

During the current-year quarter, the Company successfully increased its syndicated credit facility to \$1,500 million. The credit facility is facilitated by a multi-currency revolving credit agreement with a group of banks, of which \$943.5 million was available as of March 31, 2008. The credit agreement expires October 2012; however, the Company has the right to request a one-year extension of the expiration date on an annual basis. A portion of the credit agreement supports the Company's commercial paper note program, which is rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's and F-1 by Fitch, Inc. These ratings are considered investment grade. The revolving credit agreement requires a facility fee of 4.5/100ths of one percent of the commitment per annum at the Company's present rating level. The revolving credit agreement contains provisions that increase the facility fee of the credit agreement in the event the Company's credit ratings are lowered. A lowering of the Company's credit ratings would not limit the Company's ability to use the credit agreement nor would it accelerate the repayment of any outstanding borrowings.

The Company's credit agreement and indentures governing certain debt agreements contain various covenants, the violation of which would limit or preclude the use of the credit agreement for future borrowings, or might accelerate the maturity of the related outstanding borrowings covered by the indentures. At the Company's present rating level, the most restrictive financial covenant provides that the ratio of secured debt to net tangible assets be less than 10 percent. As of March 31, 2008, the ratio of secured debt to net tangible assets was less than one percent. The Company is in compliance with all covenants and expects to remain in compliance during the term of the credit agreement and indentures.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*. Statement No. 161 establishes guidelines to report how derivative and hedging activities affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Statement No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company has not yet determined the effect, if any, that Statement No. 161 will have on the Company's disclosures regarding derivatives and hedging activities.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements*—an amendment of ARB No. 51. Statement No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the minority interest in a subsidiary. Statement No. 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has not yet determined the effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations of complying with the provisions of Statement No. 160.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations*. Statement No. 141R establishes the requirements for how an entity recognizes and measures in its financial statements the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any minority interest in a business combination. Statement No. 141R is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has not yet determined the effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations of complying with the provisions of Statement No. 141R.

In February 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. Statement No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value and is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company has not yet determined whether it will elect to measure any of its financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value as permitted by Statement No. 159.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. Statement No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The FASB reaffirmed the originally scheduled implementation date in accounting for financial assets and liabilities as fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and approved a one year deferral for the implementation of Statement No. 157 for nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The Company does not believe the adoption of Statement No. 157 will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other written reports and oral statements are made based on known events and circumstances at the time of release, and as such, are subject in the future to unforeseen uncertainties and risks. All statements regarding future performance, earnings projections, events or developments are forward-looking statements. It is possible that the future performance and earnings projections of the Company may differ materially from current expectations, depending on economic conditions within both its industrial and aerospace markets, and the Company's ability to maintain and achieve anticipated benefits associated with announced realignment activities, strategic initiatives to improve operating margins and growth, innovation and global diversification initiatives. A change in the economic conditions in individual markets may have a particularly volatile effect on segment performance.

Among other factors which may affect future performance are:

changes in business relationships with and purchases by or from major customers or suppliers, including delays or cancellations in shipments, or significant changes in financial condition,

uncertainties surrounding timing, successful completion or integration of acquisitions,

threats associated with and efforts to combat terrorism,

competitive market conditions and resulting effects on sales and pricing,

increases in raw material costs that cannot be recovered in product pricing,

the Company's ability to manage costs related to insurance and employee retirement and health care benefits, and

global economic factors, including manufacturing activity, air travel trends, currency exchange rates, difficulties entering new markets and general economic conditions such as inflation and interest rates and credit availability.

The Company undertakes no obligation to update or publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date of this Report.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company enters into forward exchange contracts and costless collar contracts, comprised of puts and calls, to reduce its exposure to fluctuations in both freely convertible and non-freely convertible foreign currencies. These contracts are with major financial institutions and the risk of loss is considered remote. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. In addition, the Company's foreign locations, in the ordinary course of business, enter into financial guarantees through financial institutions, which enable customers to be reimbursed in the event of nonperformance by the Company. The total carrying and fair value of open contracts and any risk to the Company as a result of these arrangements is not material to the Company's financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

The Company's debt portfolio contains variable rate debt, inherently exposing the Company to interest rate risk. The Company's objective is to maintain a 60/40 mix between fixed rate and variable rate debt thereby limiting its exposure to changes in near-term interest rates.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PARKER-HANNIFIN CORPORATION

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

On April 27, 2007, a grand jury in the Southern District of Florida issued a subpoena to the Company's subsidiary, Parker ITR, requiring the production of documents, in particular documents related to communications with competitors and customers related to Parker ITR's marine oil and gas hose business. The Company and Parker ITR substantially complied with this subpoena. On August 2, 2007, the Japan Fair Trade Commission (JFTC) requested that Parker ITR submit a report to the JFTC on specific topics related to its investigation of marine hose suppliers. Parker ITR submitted the required report. On February 21, 2008, the JFTC issued a cease and desist order. Parker ITR continues to cooperate with the JFTC. The European Commission issued Requests for Information to the Company and Parker ITR, the first such request was dated May 15, 2007. The Company and Parker ITR submitted responses to these requests. On April 30, 2008, the European Commission issued a Statement of Objections to the Company and Parker ITR. Brazilian and Korean competition authorities initiated investigations (the Brazilian investigation commenced on November 14, 2007 and the Korean investigation commenced on January 17, 2008) related to the marine hose supply activities of Parker ITR. The Company and Parker ITR are cooperating with the Brazilian and Korean authorities.

In addition, four class action lawsuits were filed in the Southern District of Florida: *Shipyards Supply LLC v. Bridgestone Corporation, et al*, filed May 17, 2007; *Expro Gulf Limited v. Bridgestone Corporation, et al.*, filed June 6, 2007; *Bayside Rubber & Products, Inc. v. Trelleborg Industrie S.A., et al.*, filed June 25, 2007; *Bayside Rubber & Products, Inc. v. Caleca, et al.*, filed July 12, 2007; and one in the Southern District of New York: *Weeks Marine, Inc. v. Bridgestone Corporation, et al.*, filed July 27, 2007. The Company is named as a defendant in one case and it filed an answer in that matter. Parker ITR filed a motion to dismiss in each of the four cases in which it is a defendant. Parker ITR's motions to dismiss were denied as moot after all five cases were consolidated in the Southern District of Florida as 08-MDL-1888. On March 24, 2008, the plaintiffs filed a consolidated class action complaint that alleges that the defendants, for a period of approximately 21 years, conspired with competitors in unreasonable restraint of trade to artificially raise, fix, maintain or stabilize prices, rig bids and allocate markets and customers for marine oil and gas hose in the United States. Plaintiffs generally seek treble damages, a permanent injunction, attorneys' fees, and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest. The Company and Parker ITR have filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated complaint.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) *Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities.* Not applicable.

(b) *Use of Proceeds.* Not applicable.

(c) *Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.*

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid Per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 1, 2008 through January 31, 2008	327,817(2)	\$ 61.19	326,852	13,812,107
February 1, 2008 through February 29, 2008	306,693	\$ 65.04	306,693	13,505,414
March 1, 2008 through March 31, 2008	242,094(3)	\$ 64.69	177,738	13,327,676
Total:	876,604	\$ 63.50	811,283	13,327,676

- (1) On August 16, 1990, the Company publicly announced that its Board of Directors authorized the repurchase by the Company of up to 3.0 million shares of its common stock. From time to time, the Board of Directors has adjusted the number of shares authorized for repurchase under this program. On January 25, 2007, the Company publicly announced that its Board of Directors approved an increase in the number of shares authorized for repurchase under this program so that, beginning on such date, the aggregate number of shares authorized for repurchase was equal to 10 million. On October 1, 2007, the number of shares authorized and then remaining for repurchase under this program was adjusted to reflect the 3-shares-for-2 stock split completed on that date. There is no expiration date for this program.
- (2) Includes 965 shares surrendered to the Company by certain non-employee Directors in order to satisfy tax withholding obligations upon the vesting of restricted stock under the Company's Non-Employee Director's Stock Plan.
- (3) Includes 64,356 shares surrendered to the Company by certain executive officers in order to satisfy tax withholding obligations on restricted stock under the Company's Long Term Incentive Awards.

ITEM 6. Exhibits.

The following documents are furnished as exhibits and are numbered pursuant to Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
10	Amendment No. 2 to the Parker-Hannifin Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors, as amended and restated.
12	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges as of March 31, 2008.
31(i)(a)	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 17 CFR 240.13a-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to §302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31(i)(b)	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 17 CFR 240.13a-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to §302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PARKER-HANNIFIN CORPORATION
(Registrant)

/s/ Timothy K. Pistell
Timothy K. Pistell
Executive Vice President - Finance and Administration
and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 6, 2008

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