SYSTEMAX INC Form 10-Q August 12, 2010 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-13792

Systemax Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11-3262067 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11 Harbor Park Drive

Port Washington, New York 11050

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (516) 608-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes o No x

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant s Common Stock as of August 6, 2010 was 36,677,586.

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Available Information

We maintain an internet web site at www.systemax.com. We file reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and make available free of charge on or through this website our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, including all amendments to those reports. These are available as soon as is reasonably practicable after they are filed with the SEC. All reports mentioned above are also available from the SEC s website (www.sec.gov). The information on our website is not part of this or any other report we file with, or furnish to, the SEC.

Our Board of Directors has adopted the following corporate governance documents with respect to the Company (the Corporate Governance Documents):

- Corporate Ethics Policy for officers, directors and employees
- Charter for the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors
- Charter for the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors
- Charter for the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors
- Corporate Governance Guidelines and Principles

In accordance with the corporate governance rules of the New York Stock Exchange, each of the Corporate Governance Documents is available on our Company web site, www.systemax.com.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Systemax Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands)

	June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2009
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 32,783	\$ 58,309
Accounts receivable, net	235,646	241,860
Inventories	380,487	365,725
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	18,998	20,066
Deferred income taxes	8,902	6,626
Total current assets	676,816	692,586
Property, plant and equipment, net	62,622	65,598
Deferred income taxes	6,296	8,564
Goodwill and intangibles	49,836	48,127
Other assets	1,974	2,026
Total assets	\$ 797,544	\$ 816,901
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY: Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 316,954	\$ 346,362
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	75,245	80,945
Short term debt	12,170	14,168
Current portion of capitalized lease obligations	882	1,029
Total current liabilities	405,251	442,504
Capitalized lease obligations, net of current portion	793	1,194
Other liabilities	9,571	8,518
Total liabilities	415,615	452,216
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders equity:		
Preferred stock		
Common stock	389	389
Additional paid-in capital	180,893	180,508
Treasury stock	(25,872)	(28,545)
Retained earnings	232,176	210,975
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(5,657)	1,358
Total shareholders equity	381,929	364,685

Total liabilities and shareholders	equity	\$	797,544 \$	816,901
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See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Systemax Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mor June	ded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2010	2009	2010		2009	
Net sales	\$ 805,875	\$ 721,599	\$ 1,721,112	\$	1,473,867	
Cost of sales	690,653	614,545	1,479,649		1,259,263	
Gross profit	115,222	107,054	241,463		214,604	
Selling, general & administrative expenses	99,238	98,385	205,103		190,915	
Operating income	15,984	8,669	36,360		23,689	
Foreign currency exchange loss (gain)	858	(181)	2,401		600	
Interest and other income, net	(129)	(259)	(310)		(544)	
Interest expense	237	149	454		307	
Income before income taxes	15,018	8,960	33,815		23,326	
Provision for income taxes	5,568	2,469	12,614		8,137	
Net income	\$ 9,450	\$ 6,491	\$ 21,201	\$	15,189	
Net income per common share:						
Basic	\$.26	\$.18	\$.57	\$.41	
Diluted	\$.25	\$.17	\$.56	\$.41	
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic	36,967	36,683	36,876		36,652	
Diluted	37,726	37,340	37,605		37,308	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Systemax Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30					
		2010		2009		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	21,201	\$	15,189		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		6,809		5,407		
(Benefit) provision for deferred income taxes		(168)		185		
Provision for returns and doubtful accounts		1,948		1,551		
Compensation expense related to equity compensation plans		1,438		1,629		
Excess tax benefit from exercises of stock options		(752)		(28)		
Loss on dispositions and abandonment		19		86		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(11,404)		11,828		
Inventories		(18,972)		(17,325)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		3,089		179		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(18,256)		(26,404)		
Net cash used in operating activities		(15,048)		(7,703)		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchase of Circuit City Assets				(14,494)		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(8,807)		(6,207)		
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment		3		84		
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,804)		(20,617)		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Net repayments of revolving credit facilities		(292)				
Repayments of capital lease obligations		(594)		(291)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		846		181		
Repurchase of common stock				(1,174)		
Excess tax benefit from exercises of stock options		752		28		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		712		(1,256)		
Effects of exchange rates on cash		(2,386)		1,532		
Net decrease in cash		(25,526)		(28,044)		
Cash beginning of period		58,309		115,967		
Cash end of period	\$	32,783	\$	87,923		
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:						
Acquisitions of equipment through capital leases	\$	47	\$	152		

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Systemax Inc.

(In thousands)

	Commo	k		_	Accumulated						
	Number of Shares Outstanding	Aı	mount	Additional Paid-in Capital		Treasury Stock, At Cost	Retained Earnings		Other mprehensive come (Loss)		nprehensive Income
Balances, January 1, 2010	36,451	\$	389	\$ 180,508	\$	(28,545)	\$ 210,975	\$	1,358		
Stock-based compensation expense				1,318							
Issuance of restricted stock	106			(420)		1,259					
Restricted stock withheld for employee taxes	(36) 156			(367) (999)		(432) 1,846					
Exercise of stock options	150			(999)		1,040					
Income tax benefit on stock-based compensation				853							
Change in cumulative translation adjustment Net income							21,201		(7,015)	\$	(7,015) 21,201
Total comprehensive income							21,201			\$	14,186
Balances, June 30, 2010	36,677	\$	389	\$ 180.893	\$	(25.872)	\$ 232,176	\$	(5.657)		

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Systemax Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
1. Basis of Presentation
The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are not required in these interim financial statements and have been condensed or omitted. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.
In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements contain all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2010 and the results of operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, cash flows for the six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 and changes in shareholders equity for the six month period ended June 30, 2010. The December 31, 2009 condensed consolidated balance sheet has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2009 and for the year then ended included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results for an entire year.

Systemax manages its business and reports using a 52-53 week fiscal year that ends at midnight on the Saturday closest to December 31. For clarity of presentation herein, fiscal years and quarters are referred to as if they ended on the traditional calendar month. The actual fiscal second quarter ended on July 3, 2010. The second quarters of both 2010 and 2009 included 13 weeks and the first six months of both 2010 and 2009 included 26 weeks.

2. Net Income per Common Share

Net income per common share - basic was calculated based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the respective periods presented using the two class method of computing earnings per share. The two class method was used as the Company has outstanding restricted stock with rights to dividend participation for unvested shares. Net income per common share - diluted was calculated based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and included the equivalent shares for dilutive options outstanding during the respective periods, including unvested options. The dilutive effect of outstanding options issued by the Company is reflected in net income per share - diluted using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, options will only have a dilutive effect when the average market price of common stock during the period exceeds the exercise price of the options. The weighted average number of stock options outstanding excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share was 0.1 million and 0.6 million shares for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and 0.5 million and 0.7 million shares for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009,

respectively, due to their antidilutive effect.

3. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and foreign currency translation adjustments and is included in the condensed consolidated statement of shareholders equity. For the three month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, comprehensive income was \$5.6 million and \$13.1 million, respectively and for the six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, comprehensive income was \$14.2 million and \$21.2 million, respectively.

4. Credit Facilities

The Company maintains a \$120.0 million (which may be increased by up to \$30.0 million, subject to certain conditions) secured revolving credit agreement with a group of financial institutions which provides for borrowings in the United States and United Kingdom. The borrowings are secured by all of the Company s domestic and United Kingdom accounts receivable, all domestic inventories, the United Kingdom headquarters building and the Company s shares of stock in its domestic and United Kingdom subsidiaries. The credit facility expires and the outstanding borrowings thereunder are due on October 26, 2010. The Company expects to renew this facility in 2010. The revolving credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants, including maintaining a minimum level of availability and restrictions on capital expenditures, acquisitions and payments of dividends. The Company was in compliance with all of the covenants as of June 30, 2010. As of June 30, 2010, eligible collateral under the

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agreement was \$120.0 million, total availability was \$107.1 million, total outstanding letters of credit was \$12.9 million and there were no outstanding advances.

The Company s Inmac-WStore subsidiary maintains a secured revolving credit agreement with a financial institution in France which is secured by Inmac-WStore accounts receivable balances. Available amounts for borrowing under this facility includes all accounts receivable balances not over 60 days past due reduced by the greater of 4.0 million or 10% of the eligible accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2010 there was availability under this credit facility of approximately 3.8 million (\$4.8 million) and there was 9.7 million (\$12.2 million) of outstanding borrowings.

The Company s WStore UK subsidiary maintains a £2 million secured revolving credit agreement with a financial institution in the United Kingdom which is secured by WStore UK s accounts receivable balances. Available amounts for borrowing under this facility includes accounts receivable balances less 30% retention. As of June 30, 2010 there was availability under this credit facility of approximately £0.8 million (\$1.2 million). The Company terminated this facility in July 2010.

5. Business Exit Costs

The Company announced plans to exit its Software Solutions segment, in the second quarter of 2009, as the result of economic conditions and difficulties in marketing the segment s products successfully. Total charges incurred during the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 were \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. These costs were recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses within the Corporate and Other segment.

The following table reconciles movement in the associated liabilities incurred from the inception of the plan (in thousands):

	Severance and Personnel Costs	Contract Termination Costs	Other Exit Costs	Total
Balance January 1, 2009	\$ \$		\$	\$
Charged to expense	1,208	1,644	80	2,932
Paid or otherwise settled	(1,208)	(697)	(80)	(1,985)
Balance December 31, 2009		947		947
Charged to expense		214		214
Paid or otherwise settled		(323)		(323)
Balance June 30, 2010	\$ \$	838	\$	\$ 838

In addition, the Company s WStore France integration is progressing and charges of approximately \$3.0 million are anticipated to be incurred for severances and other costs in the second half of 2010.

6. Segment Information

Systemax is primarily a direct marketer of brand name and private label products. Our operations are organized into two reportable business segments. Technology Products and Industrial Products. Our Software Solutions segment, which was exited in the second quarter of 2009, is no longer a reportable segment for reporting purposes. Our Technology Products segment sells computers, computer supplies and consumer electronics which are marketed in North America and Europe. Except for certain personal computer (PC) products that we assemble ourselves and sell under the trademarks *Systemax* and *Ultra*, substantially all of our products are manufactured by other companies. We also sell certain computer-related products manufactured for us to our own design under the trademark *Systemax* and *Ultra*.

Our Industrial Products segment sells a wide array of material handling equipment, storage equipment and consumable industrial items which are marketed in North America. Substantially all of these products are manufactured by other companies. Some products are manufactured for us to our own design and marketed under the trademarks *Global , GlobalIndustrial.com* and *Nexel*.

The Company announced plans to exit its Software Solutions segment during the second quarter of 2009. Substantially all of the third party business activities of the Software Solutions segment have ended. Current and prior year results for Software Solutions are now included in Corporate and other below.

The Company s chief operating decision-maker is the Company s Chief Executive Officer. The Company evaluates segment performance based on operating income, before net interest, foreign exchange gains and losses, internal management fees and income taxes. Corporate costs not identified with the disclosed segments are grouped as Corporate and other below.

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The chief operating decision-maker reviews assets and makes capital expenditure decisions for the Company on a consolidated basis only. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those of the Company.

The Company s Industrial Products and Technology Products segments sell dissimilar products. Industrial products are generally higher in price, lower in volume and higher in product margin. Technology products are generally higher in volume, lower in price and lower in product margin. This results in higher operating margin for the Industrial Products segment. Each segment carries specifically identifiable selling, general and administrative expenses, with the selling, general and administrative expenses for the Industrial Products segment being higher as a percentage of sales than those of the Technology Products segment as a result of the Industrial Products segment having a longer selling cycle than the Technology Products segment.

Financial information relating to the Company s operations by reportable segment was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mon June	 ded	Six Months Ended June 30					
	2010	2009	2010		2009			
Net sales:								
Technology Products	\$ 743,073	\$ 671,733	\$ 1,603,212	\$	1,377,727			
Industrial Products	62,249	48,848	116,780		94,504			
Corporate and Other	553	1,018	1,120		1,636			
Consolidated	\$ 805,875	\$ 721,599	\$ 1,721,112	\$	1,473,867			
Operating income (loss):								
Technology Products	\$ 15,064	\$ 16,305	\$ 36, 819	\$	38,606			
Industrial Products	6,145	4,043	9,724		6,305			
Corporate and Other	(5,225)	(11,679)	(10,183)		(21,222)			
Consolidated	\$ 15,984	\$ 8,669	\$ 36,360	\$	23,689			

Financial information relating to the Company s operations by geographic area was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mo Jui	onths En ne 30	ded	Six Months Ended June 30			
	2010		2009	2010		2009	
Net sales:							
United States:							
Technology Products	\$ 456,134	\$	457,080	\$ 983,283	\$	918,910	
Industrial Products	62,249		48,848	116,780		94,504	
Corporate and Other	553		1,018	1,120		1,636	
United States total	518,936		506,946	1,101,183		1,015,050	
Other North America							
(Technology Products)	45,739		40,994	99,716		81,282	
North America total	564,675		547,940	1,200,899		1,096,332	
Europe (Technology Products)	241,200		173,659	520,213		377,535	
Consolidated	\$ 805,875	\$	721,599	\$ 1,721,112	\$	1,473,867	

Revenues are attributed to countries based on the location of the selling subsidiary.

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7. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>

State of Florida, Office of the Attorney General

On September 4, 2009 the Office of the Attorney General, Department of Legal Affairs for the State of Florida filed a lawsuit against OnRebate.com Inc., TigerDirect Inc. and Systemax Inc. in the Circuit Court of the Eleventh Judicial Court for Miami-Dade County, Florida alleging deceptive and unfair trade practices under Florida law relating to the offering and processing of customer rebates. The lawsuit seeks injunctive relief, damages, civil penalties and other equitable relief. The Company denies the allegations in the lawsuit and intends to vigorously defend the case.

Other Matters

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings, including commercial, employment, tax, consumer, personal injury and health and safety law matters, which are being handled and defended in the ordinary course of business. In addition, the Company is subject to various assertions, claims, proceedings and requests for indemnification concerning intellectual property, including patent infringement suits involving technologies that are incorporated in a broad spectrum of products the Company sells. These matters are in various stages of investigation and litigation, and are being vigorously defended. Although the Company does not expect that the outcome in any of these matters, individually or collectively, will have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations, litigation is inherently unpredictable. Therefore, judgments could be rendered or settlements entered, that could adversely affect the Company s operating results or cash flows in a particular period. The Company routinely assesses all of its litigation and threatened litigation as to the probability of ultimately incurring a liability, and records its best estimate of the ultimate loss in situations where it assesses the likelihood of loss as probable and estimable.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward Looking Statements

This report contains forward looking statements within the meaning of that term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Additional written or oral forward looking statements may be made by the Company from time to time, in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission or otherwise. Statements contained in this report that are not historical facts are forward looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward looking statements may include, but are not limited to, projections of revenue, income or loss and capital expenditures, statements regarding future operations, financing needs, compliance with financial covenants in loan agreements, plans for acquisition or sale of assets or businesses and consolidation of operations of newly acquired businesses, and plans relating to products or services of the Company, assessments of materiality, predictions of future events and the effects of pending and possible litigation, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. In addition, when used in this discussion, the words anticipates, believes, estimates, expects, intends, plans and variations thereof and similar expressions are intended to identify forward looking statements.

Forward-looking statements in this report are based on the Company s beliefs and expectations as of the date of this report and are subject to risks and uncertainties which may have a significant impact on the Company s business, operating results or financial condition. Investors are cautioned that these forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain. Should one or more of the risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results or outcomes may vary materially from those described herein. Statements in this report, particularly in Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, describe certain factors, among others, that could contribute to or cause such differences.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward looking statements contained in this report, which speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions to these forward looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unexpected events.

Overview

Systemax is primarily a direct marketer of brand name and private label products. Our operations are organized in two reportable business segments. Technology Products and Industrial Products. Our Software Solutions segment, which was exited in the second quarter of 2009, is no longer a reportable segment for reporting purposes. Our Technology Products segment sells computers, computer supplies and consumer electronics which are marketed in North America and Europe. Except for certain personal computer

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(PC) products that we assemble ourselves and sell under the trademarks *Systemax* and *Ultra*, substantially all of our products are manufactured by other companies. We also sell certain computer-related products manufactured for us to our own design under the trademark *Systemax* and *Ultra*. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, Technology products accounted for 93% of our net sales. In April 2010 the Company entered into a lease for a second distribution facility for the North American operations of its Technology Products segment. The facility, located in Jefferson, Georgia, is approximately 459,000 square feet and is leased through April 2030.

Our Industrial Products segment sells a wide array of material handling equipment, storage equipment and consumable industrial items which are marketed in North America. Substantially all of these products are manufactured by other companies. Some products are manufactured for us to our own design and marketed under the trademarks *Global*, *GlobalIndustrial.com* and *Nexel*. Industrial products accounted for 7% of our net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2010. In both of our Technology Products and Industrial Products segments, we offer our customers a broad selection of products, prompt order fulfillment and extensive customer service. In our Industrial Products segment, we recently deployed an entirely new ecommerce website (www.globalindustrial.com) that we believe is generationally more advanced than the sites of many other companies in the sector.

We announced plans to exit the Software Solutions segment during the second quarter of 2009. See Note 6 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional financial information about our business segments as well as information about our geographic operations.

Our Industrial Products and Technology Products segments sell dissimilar products. Industrial products are generally higher in price, lower in volume and higher in product margin. Technology products are generally higher in volume, lower in price and lower in product margin. This results in higher operating margin for the Industrial Products segment. Each segment carries specifically identifiable selling, general and administrative expenses, with the selling, general and administrative expenses for the Industrial Products segment being higher as a percentage of sales than those of the Technology Products segment as a result of the Industrial Products segment having a longer selling cycle than the Technology Products segment.

The market for computer products and consumer electronics is subject to intense price competition and is characterized by narrow gross profit margins. The North American industrial products market is highly fragmented and we compete against multiple distribution channels. Distribution is working capital intensive, requiring us to incur significant costs associated with the warehousing of many products, including the costs of maintaining inventory, leasing warehouse space, inventory management systems, and employing personnel to perform the associated tasks. We supplement our on-hand product availability by maintaining relationships with major distributors and manufacturers, utilizing a combination of stock and drop-shipment fulfillment.

The primary component of our operating expenses historically has been employee related costs, which includes items such as wages, commissions, bonuses, employee benefits and stock option expenses. We continually assess our operations to ensure that they are efficient, aligned with market conditions and responsive to customer needs.

The discussion of our results of operations and financial condition that follows will provide information that will assist in understanding our financial statements, the factors that we believe may affect our future results and financial condition as well as information about how certain accounting principles and estimates affect the consolidated financial statements. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements included herein and in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2009 and the other information provided in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

In the discussion of our results of operations we refer to business to business sales, consumer channel sales and period to period constant currency comparisons. Business to business sales are sales made direct to other businesses through managed business relationships, outbound call centers and extranets. Sales in the Industrial Products segment and Corporate and other are considered to be business to business sales. Consumer channel sales are sales from retail stores, consumer websites, inbound call centers and television shopping channels. Constant currency refers to the adjustment of the results of our foreign operations to exclude the effects of period to period fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period. Significant accounting policies employed by the Company, including the use of estimates, were presented in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company s 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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Critical accounting policies are those that are most important to the presentation of our financial condition and results of operations, require management s most difficult, subjective and complex judgments, and involve uncertainties. The accounting policies that have been identified as critical to our business operations and understanding the results of operations pertain to revenue recognition, accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories, goodwill and intangible assets, long-lived assets, accruals, income taxes and restructuring charges. The application of each of these critical accounting policies and estimates was discussed in Item 7 of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. There have been no significant changes in the application of critical accounting policies or estimates during 2010. Management believes that full consideration has been given to all relevant circumstances that we may be subject to, and the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company accurately reflect management s best estimate of the consolidated results of operations, financial position and cash flows of the Company for the periods presented. Because of the uncertainty in these estimates, actual results could differ from estimates used in applying the critical accounting policies. We are not aware of any reasonably likely events or circumstances which would result in different amounts being reported that would materially affect the Company s financial condition or results of operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Public companies in the United States are subject to the accounting and reporting requirements of various authorities, including the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These authorities issue numerous pronouncements, most of which are not applicable to the Company scurrent or reasonably foreseeable operating structure. Below are the new authoritative pronouncements that management believes are relevant to the Company scurrent operations.

In October 2009, the FASB issued revised guidance related to multiple-element arrangements which requires an entity to allocate arrangement consideration at the inception of an arrangement to all deliverables based on relative selling prices. This update eliminates the use of the residual method of allocation and requires the relative-selling-price method in all circumstances. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Companies may use either prospective application for revenue arrangements entered into, or materially modified, after the effective date or through retrospective application to all revenue arrangements for all periods presented. The Company does not believe this amended guidance will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 2009, the FASB issued amended guidance that affects how entities account for revenue arrangements that contain both hardware and software elements. Products that rely on software will be accounted for under the revised multiple-element arrangement revenue recognition guidance mentioned above rather than software revenue recognition guidance. The revised guidance must be adopted no later than fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. The transition method and period for the adoption of this guidance and the revisions to the multiple-element arrangements guidance noted above must be the same. The Company does not believe that this guidance will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

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Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 compared to the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2009

Key Performance Indicators (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended			er.				
	June 2010	30,	2009	% Change	June 2010	e 3 0,	2009	% Change
Net sales by segment:				g-				,
Technology products	\$ 743,073	\$	671,733	10.6% \$	1,603,212	\$	1,377,727	16.4%
Industrial products	62,249		48,848	27.4%	116,780		94,504	23.6%
Corporate and other	553		1,018	(45.7)%	1,120		1,636	(31.5)%
Consolidated net sales	\$ 805,875		721,599	11.7% \$	1,721,112	\$	1,473,867	16.8%
Net sales by geography:								
North America	\$ 564,675	\$	547,940	3.1% \$	1,200,899	\$	1,096,332	9.5%
Europe	241,200		173,659	38.9%	520,213		377,535	37.8%
Consolidated net sales	\$ 805,875	\$	721,599	11.7% \$	1,721,112	\$	1,473,867	16.8%
Consolidated gross margin	14.3%		14.8%	(0.5)%	14.0%		14.6%	(0.6)%
Consolidated selling, general and								
administrative costs	\$ 99,238	\$	98,385	0.9% \$	205,103	\$	190,915	7.4%
Consolidated selling, general and								
administrative costs as a % of								
net sales	12.3%		13.6%	(1.3)%	11.9%		13.0%	(1.1)%
Operating income (loss) by								
segment:								
Technology Products	15,064	\$	16,305	(7.6)% \$	36,819	\$	38,606	(4.6)%
Industrial Products	6,145	\$	4,043	52.0% \$	9,724	\$	6,305	54.2%
Corporate and other	(5,225)	\$	(11,679)	55.3% \$	(10,183)	\$	(21,222)	52.0%
Consolidated operating income	\$ 15,984	\$	8,669	84.4% \$	36,360	\$	23,689	53.5%
Operating margin by segment								
Technology Products	2.0%		2.4%	(0.4)%	2.3%		2.8%	(0.5)%
Industrial Products	9.9%		8.3%	1.6%	8.3%		6.7%	1.6%
Consolidated operating margin	2.0%		1.2%	0.8%	2.1%		1.6%	0.5%
Effective income tax rate	37.1%		27.6%	9.5%	37.3%		34.9%	2.4%
Net income	\$ 9,450	\$	6,491	45.6% \$	21,201		15,189	39.6%
Net margin	1.2%		0.9%	0.3%	1.2%		1.0%	0.2%

NET SALES

SEGMENTS

The Technology Products net sales increase for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 is attributable to increased business to business sales worldwide as a result of improved global economic conditions and the acquisition of WStore Europe SA (WStore) in September 2009. Consumer channel sales for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 declined, partially offsetting some of the business to business gains. Consumer channel sales benefitted from the purchase of Circuit City assets and the subsequent re-launch of the Circuit City website in mid 2009. On a constant currency basis and excluding the impact of the WStore acquisition on results, Technology Products net sales would have grown 4.2% and 8.0%, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010.

Industrial Products sales, primarily business to business, increased for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. The sales increase, the majority of which was driven by web sales, is attributed to improved economic conditions in 2010 resulting in increased demand for the segment s various products as well as an increase in the number of products offered on its website and in its catalogs.

The Company announced plans to exit its Software solutions segment during the second quarter of 2009. Substantially all of the third party business activities of ProfitCenter Software have ended. Current and prior year results for this segment are now included in Corporate and other.

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GEOGRAPHIES

North American sales benefited from a marked increase in business to business activity during the second quarter and first six months of 2010, particularly in the Industrial products segment. Growth was offset partially by a decline in consumer channel sales including same store consumer channel sales. North American sales increased 3.1% and 9.5%, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010. On a constant currency basis North American sales would have increased 2.1% and 8.3%, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010.

European sales increased during the second quarter and first six months of 2010 as global economic conditions improved. European sales benefited from an improvement in business to business sales and the WStore acquisition. Consumer channel sales also grew, though not as strongly as the business to business channel. European sales increased 38.9% and 37.8%, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010. On a constant currency basis and excluding the impact of the WStore acquisition European sales would have increased 17.0% and 10.8%, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010.

Worldwide consumer-channel revenues were \$388.5 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to \$412.6 million in the same period in 2009, a decrease of 5.8%. On a constant currency basis and excluding the results of the WStore acquisition on second quarter results, worldwide consumer channel sales declined 6.5%. Worldwide business to business channel sales were \$417.4 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to \$309.0 million in the same period in 2009, a 35.1% increase. On a constant currency basis and excluding the results of the WStore acquisition on second quarter results, worldwide business to business channel sales grew 22.0%.

Worldwide consumer-channel revenues for the first six months of 2010 were \$858.4 million compared to \$842.4 million in the same period in 2009, an increase of 1.9%. On a constant currency basis and excluding the results of the WStore acquisition worldwide consumer channel sales declined 2.8%. Worldwide business to business channel sales for the first six months of 2010 were \$862.7 million compared to \$631.5 million in the same period in 2009, a 36.6% increase. On a constant currency basis and excluding the results of the WStore acquisition worldwide business to business channel sales grew 24.7%.

GROSS MARGIN

The decline in consolidated gross margin for the second quarter and first six months of 2010 resulted primarily from price promotions on certain products, changes in product mix and the offering of freight incentives in order to both maintain and grow market share and to respond to competitive pricing pressures. The Company expects to continue offering such selective incentives to maintain and grow market share in anticipation of future gross margin expansion. Gross margin is dependent on variables such as product mix, price protection and other sales incentives offered by the Company s vendors, competition, pricing strategy, cooperative advertising funds required to be classified as a reduction to cost of sales, freight discounting and other variables, any or all of which may result in fluctuations in gross margin.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The expense increase in selling, general and administrative expenses for the second quarter of 2010 was primarily the result of \$4.4 million increased salary and related expenses, \$0.7 million of increased legal and professional fees, \$0.7 million of increased rent and related expenses, offset by savings in catalog expenses of approximately \$4.9 million. The WStore acquisition accounted for \$5.2 million of these mentioned costs. Included in selling, general and administrative expenses for 2009 are costs related to the former Software Solutions segment.

The expense increase in selling, general and administrative expenses for the first six months of 2010 was primarily the result of \$14.2 million increased salary and related expenses, \$2.1 million of increased rent and related expenses, \$1.3 million of increased credit card fees, \$1.0 million of increased computer/telephone maintenance expenses, \$0.6 million of increased legal and professional fees, offset by savings in catalog expenses of approximately \$8.0 million. The WStore acquisition accounted for \$11.8 million of these mentioned costs. Included in selling, general and administrative expenses for 2009 are costs related to the former Software Solutions segment.

OPERATING MARGIN

The decline in Technology Products operating margin in both the second quarter and first six months of 2010 is primarily attributable to the price promotions and freight discounts offered in the quarter and costs related to the WStore integration.

The increase in Industrial Products operating margin in both the second quarter and first six months of 2010 is attributable to increased sales, resulting from improved economic conditions, the segment s new product offerings, and cost reduction programs originally implemented during 2009.

Corporate and other expenses declined in both the second quarter and first six months of 2010 primarily as the result of lower payroll and related costs in our corporate overhead departments and lower payroll and operating costs related to the former Software Solutions business.

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INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME AND INTEREST EXPENSE

The interest expense increase in the second quarter and first six months of 2010 is primarily attributable to the short term debt assumed as part of the WStore acquisition and interest on capital lease obligations.

INCOME TAXES

Included in the 2009 effective tax rate is a reversal of tax reserves of approximately \$1.0 million as the result of statute expirations. Excluding the tax reserve reversal, the Company s effective tax rate was 39.3%. The lower effective tax rate in 2010 is primarily the result of a higher percentage of taxable income outside the U.S. where corporate rates for the Company are typically lower.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary liquidity needs are to support working capital requirements in our business, fund capital expenditures, including the second North American distribution center for the Technology Products segments, repurchase Company stock, fund special dividends declared by our Board of Directors and fund acquisitions. In addition, in 2010 we anticipate cash needs for costs related to the WStore integration of approximately \$3.0 million. We rely principally upon operating cash flow to meet these needs. We believe that cash flow available from these sources and our availability under credit facilities will be sufficient to fund our working capital and other cash requirements for the next twelve months. We believe our current capital structure and cash resources are adequate for our internal growth initiatives. To the extent our growth initiatives expand, including major acquisitions or to significantly increase the pace at which we open retail stores, we would expect to raise additional capital. We believe that, if needed, we can access public or private funding alternatives to raise additional capital.

Selected liquidity data (in thousands):

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009	\$ Change
Cash	\$ 32,783	\$ 58,309	\$ (25,526)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 235,646	\$ 241,860	\$ (6,214)
Inventories, net	\$ 380,487	\$ 365,725	\$ 14,762
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 18,998	\$ 20,066	\$ (1,068)
Accounts payable	\$ 316,954	\$ 346,362	\$ (29,408)
Accrued expenses and other current			
liabilities	\$ 75,245	\$ 80,945	\$ (5,700)
Current portion of capitalized lease			
obligations	\$ 882	\$ 1,029	\$ (147)
Short term debt	\$ 12,170	\$ 14,168	\$ (1,998)
Working capital	\$ 271,565	\$ 250,082	\$ 21,483

Our working capital increased primarily as the result of the cash generated from net income for the period adjusted for non cash charges of approximately \$30.5 million offset primarily by inventory purchases. The increase in inventory is the result of increased retail store inventory in 2010. The reduction in accounts payable balances in 2010 was primarily the result of the Company taking advantage of early pay discounts related to inventory purchases. Our inventory turnover remained relatively consistent at 8.2 times on an annual basis. Future accounts receivable and inventory balances will continue to fluctuate with changes in sales volume and the mix of our net sales between consumer and business customers.

The increase in cash used in operations during 2010 resulted from changes in our working capital accounts, which used \$45.5 million in cash compared to \$31.7 million used in 2009, primarily the result of an increase in inventories. Cash generated from net income adjusted by other non-cash items provided \$30.5 million during 2010 compared to \$24.0 million provided by these items during 2009, primarily as a result of a higher net income in 2010.

Cash flows used in investing activities during 2010 totaled \$8.8 million and was used for capital expenditures relating to our retail stores and information technology. Net cash used in investing activities during 2009 of \$20.7 million were primarily used for the CircuitCity.com acquisition and for capital expenditures relating to our information and communications systems hardware.

Net cash of \$0.7 million was provided by financing activities for the first six months of 2010. Proceeds and excess tax benefits from stock option exercises provided \$1.6 million offset by \$0.9 million of repayments of capital lease obligations and net repayments of revolving credit facilities. In the first six months of 2009, we repurchased \$1.2 million of common stock and repaid \$0.3 million of capital lease obligations. Proceeds and excess tax benefits from stock option exercises provided approximately \$0.2 million of cash.

Under our \$120.0 million (which may be increased up to \$150.0 million, subject to certain conditions) secured revolving credit agreement for borrowings in the United States and United Kingdom, as of June 30, 2010, eligible collateral was \$120.0 million and total availability was \$107.1 million. There were outstanding letters of credit of \$12.9 million and there were no outstanding advances

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as of June 30, 2010. Borrowings are secured by all of the domestic and United Kingdom accounts receivable, the domestic inventories of the Company, the Company s shares of stock in its domestic and United Kingdom subsidiaries and the Company s United Kingdom headquarters building. The credit facility expires and the outstanding borrowings thereunder are due on October 26, 2010. We expect to renew this facility in 2010. The revolving credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants, including maintaining a minimum level of availability and restrictions on capital expenditures and payments of dividends. We were in compliance with all of the covenants under this facility as of June 30, 2010.

The Company s WStore subsidiary (See Note 4) maintains a revolving credit agreement with a financial institution in France which is secured by WStore accounts receivable balances. Available amounts for borrowing under this facility includes all accounts receivable balances not over 60 days past due reduced by the greater of 4.0 million or 10% of the eligible accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2010 there was availability under this credit facility of approximately 3.8 million (\$4.8 million) and there was 9.7 million (\$12.2 million) of outstanding borrowings.

The Company s WStore UK subsidiary (See Note 4) maintains a £2 million secured revolving credit agreement with a financial institution in the United Kingdom which is secured by WStore UK s accounts receivable balances. Available amounts for borrowing under this facility includes accounts receivable balances less 30% retention. As of June 30, 2010 there was availability under this credit facility of approximately £0.8 million (\$1.2 million). The Company terminated this facility in July 2010.

We also have certain obligations with various parties that include commitments to make future payments. Our principal commitments at June 30, 2010 consisted of payments under operating leases for certain of our real property and equipment, payments under capital leases for equipment, and payments under employment and other service agreements.

Our earnings and cash flows are seasonal in nature, with the first and fourth quarters of the fiscal year generating somewhat higher earnings and cash flows than the second and third quarters. Levels of earnings and cash flows are dependent on factors such as consolidated gross margin and selling, general and administrative costs as a percentage of sales, product mix and relative levels of domestic and foreign sales. Unusual expense items, such as one time charges and settlements, may impact earnings and are separately disclosed. We expect that past performance may not be indicative of future performance due to the competitive nature of our Technology Products segment where the need to adjust prices to gain or hold market share is prevalent.

Macroeconomic conditions, such as business and consumer sentiment, may affect our revenues, cash flows or financial condition. However, we do not believe that there is a direct correlation between any specific macroeconomic indicator and our revenues, cash flows or financial condition. We are not currently interest rate sensitive, as we have significant cash balances and minimal debt.

We anticipate cash needs to support our growth and expansion plans, continued investment in upgrading and expanding our technological capabilities and information technology infrastructure, opening of new retail stores, opening of a new distribution center in 2010 and in building out and expanding our existing distribution center facilities and inventory systems. In addition, in 2010 we anticipate cash needs for costs related to the WStore integration of approximately \$3.0 million. These expenses and capital expenditures will require significant levels of liquidity, which we believe can be adequately funded from our currently available cash and revolving credit resources. We have recently engaged in several opportunistic acquisitions, choosing to pay the purchase price in cash, and may do so in the future as favorable situations arise. However, a deep and prolonged period of reduced consumer spending could adversely impact our cash resources and force us to either forego future acquisition opportunities or to pay the purchase price in shares of our common stock, which could have a dilutive effect on the our earnings per share. We believe that our cash balances and our availability under credit facilities will be sufficient to fund our working capital and other cash requirements for the next twelve months.

We maintain our cash primarily in money market funds or their equivalent. As of June 30, 2010, all of our investments had maturities of less than three months. Accordingly, we do not believe that our investments have significant exposure to interest rate risk.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Obligations.

The Company has not created, and is not party to, any special-purpose or off-balance sheet entities for the purpose of raising capital, incurring debt or operating the Company s business. The Company does not have any arrangements or relationships with entities that are not consolidated into the financial statements that are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company s liquidity or the availability of capital resources.

In April 2010 the Company entered into a lease for a second distribution facility for the North American operations of its Technology Products segment. The facility, located in Jefferson, Georgia, is approximately 459,000 square feet and is leased through April 2030. The following table details the contractual obligation related to this lease (in thousands):

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Payments due by period

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	A	fter 2014
Distribution facility operating							
lease	\$	\$ 1,293	\$ 1,573	\$ 1,596	\$ 1,620	\$	29,110

There were no other material changes to the Company s contractual obligations from December 31, 2009.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks, which include changes in U.S. and international interest rates as well as changes in currency exchange rates (principally Pounds, Euros and Canadian dollars) as measured against the U.S. dollar and each other.

The translation of the financial statements of our operations outside of the United States is impacted by movements in foreign currency exchange rates. Changes in currency exchange rates as measured against the U.S. dollar may positively or negatively affect sales, gross margins, operating expenses and retained earnings as expressed in U.S. dollars. We have limited involvement with derivative financial instruments and do not use them for trading purposes. We may enter into foreign currency options or forward exchange contracts aimed at limiting in part the impact of certain currency fluctuations, but as of June 30, 2010 we had no outstanding option or forward exchange contracts.

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our variable rate debt. Our variable rate debt includes short-term borrowings under our credit facilities. As of June 30, 2010, there were no outstanding balances under our variable rate credit facility. A hypothetical change in average interest rates of one percentage point is not expected to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2010. Based upon this evaluation, the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company s internal controls over financial reporting during the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

State of Florida, Office of the Attorney General

On September 4, 2009 the Office of the Attorney General, Department of Legal Affairs for the State of Florida filed a lawsuit against OnRebate.com Inc., TigerDirect Inc. and Systemax Inc. in the Circuit Court of the Eleventh Judicial Court for Miami-Dade County, Florida alleging deceptive and unfair trade practices under Florida law relating to the offering and processing of customer rebates. The lawsuit seeks injunctive relief, damages, civil penalties and other equitable relief. The Company denies the allegations in the lawsuit and intends to vigorously defend the case.

Other Matters

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings, including commercial, employment, tax, consumer, personal injury and health and safety law matters, which are being handled and defended in the ordinary course of business. In addition, the Company is subject to various assertions, claims, proceedings and requests for indemnification concerning intellectual property, including patent infringement suits involving technologies that are incorporated in a broad spectrum

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of products the Company sells. These matters are in various stages of investigation and litigation, and are being vigorously defended. Although the Company does not expect that the outcome in any of these matters, individually or collectively, will have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations, litigation is inherently unpredictable. Therefore, judgments could be rendered or settlements entered, that could adversely affect the Company soperating results or cash flows in a particular period. The Company routinely assesses all of its litigation and threatened litigation as to the probability of ultimately incurring a liability, and records its best estimate of the ultimate loss in situations where it assesses the likelihood of loss as probable and estimable.

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Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Tab:	le o	f Co	ontents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SYSTEMAX INC.

Date: August 12, 2010 By: /s/ Richard Leeds

Richard Leeds

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Lawrence P. Reinhold

Lawrence P. Reinhold

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer