

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY INC
Form 10-Q
May 12, 2004

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

ý **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2004

OR

o **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number 001-16047

Advanced Power Technology, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

93-0875072
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

405 SW Columbia Street, Bend, Oregon 97702

(Address of principal executive offices and Zip Code)

(541) 382-8028

(Registrant's telephone number)

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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as May 1, 2004 was 10,565,106 shares.

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share amounts)

| | March 31, 2004 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2003 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 11,337 | \$ 11,564 |
| Short-term investments in available-for-sale securities | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$234 (2004) and \$213 (2003) | 8,492 | 7,564 |
| Inventories, net | 12,169 | 12,382 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 2,333 | 2,436 |
| Total current assets | 38,331 | 37,946 |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated amortization and depreciation of \$15,287 (2004) and \$14,417 (2003) | 10,894 | 11,002 |
| Long-term investments in available-for-sale securities | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Other assets | 113 | 174 |
| Technology assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,222 (2004) and \$1,953 (2003) | 8,541 | 8,811 |
| Goodwill | 15,570 | 15,570 |
| Total assets | \$ 74,449 | \$ 74,503 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 3,345 | \$ 3,471 |
| Accrued expenses | 2,279 | 2,695 |
| Total current liabilities | 5,624 | 6,166 |
| Other long term liabilities | 122 | 127 |
| Total liabilities | 5,746 | 6,293 |
| Stockholders equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, par value \$.001, 1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding | | |
| Common stock, par value \$.01, 19,000,000 shares authorized; 10,636,906 issued and 10,520,056 shares outstanding in 2004; 10,579,930 shares issued and 10,463,080 shares outstanding in 2003 | 106 | 106 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 88,734 | 88,625 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 116,850 shares | (1,761) | (1,761) |
| Deferred stock compensation | (11) | (21) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 400 | 309 |

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| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------|----|----------|----|----------|
| Accumulated deficit | | (18,765) | | (19,048) |
| Total stockholders' equity | | 68,703 | | 68,210 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | 74,449 | \$ | 74,503 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| | 2004 | 2003 |
| Revenues, net | \$ 15,093 | \$ 11,159 |
| Cost of goods sold | 9,367 | 7,752 |
| Amortization of technology rights and other charges | 274 | 284 |
| Total cost of goods sold | 9,641 | 8,036 |
| Gross profit | 5,452 | 3,123 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Research and development | 887 | 833 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 4,110 | 3,691 |
| Restructuring charges | 206 | 240 |
| Total operating expenses | 5,203 | 4,764 |
| Income (loss) from operations | 249 | (1,641) |
| Interest income, net | 40 | 56 |
| Other income (expense), net | (6) | 11 |
| Income (loss) before income tax benefit | 283 | (1,574) |
| Income tax benefit | | (565) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 283 | \$ (1,009) |
| Net income (loss) per share: | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.03 | \$ (0.10) |
| Diluted | 0.03 | (0.10) |
| Weighted average number of shares used in the computation of net income (loss) per share: | | |
| Basic | 10,516 | 10,400 |
| Diluted | 11,171 | 10,400 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| | 2004 | 2003 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 283 | \$ (1,009) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash (used) provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 871 | 793 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 270 | 270 |
| Inventory provisions | 102 | (142) |
| Amortization of deferred stock compensation | 10 | 47 |
| Amortization of investment premium | | 13 |
| Deferred gain on sale-leaseback | (4) | (4) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (949) | (273) |
| Inventories | 79 | 388 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 160 | (214) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (392) | (272) |
| Net cash (used) provided by operating activities | 430 | (403) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchases of available-for-sale securities | | (1,000) |
| Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities | | 3,363 |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (764) | (676) |
| Net cash (used) provided by investing activities | (764) | 1,687 |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Payments on capital lease obligations | (1) | (20) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 109 | 12 |
| Net cash (used) provided by financing activities | 108 | (8) |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash | (1) | 6 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | (227) | 1,282 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 11,564 | 6,708 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 11,337 | \$ 7,990 |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash received (paid) during the period for: Interest | \$ (33) | \$ (14) |
| Income taxes | (16) | 225 |

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Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-----|
| Unrealized gain (loss) on short-term and long-term investments | \$ | \$ | (2) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-----|

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share amounts)

(Unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of Advanced Power Technology, Inc.'s (APT) interim results. The consolidated financial statements and notes in this Form 10-Q are presented as permitted by Regulation S-X, and as such, they do not contain certain information included in APT's 2003 annual consolidated financial statements and notes. This Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with APT's consolidated financial statements and notes included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. The financial information as of December 31, 2003 is derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as filed with APT's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the entire fiscal year ending December 31, 2004.

APT's financial quarters are 13 week periods. The first quarter of 2004 ended on April 4, 2004 and the first quarter of 2003 ended on March 30. For convenience, the first quarters of 2004 and 2003 are both shown as ended on March 31.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Sales Returns and Allowances

The balances and changes in reserve for warranties and sales returns for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

| | | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|---------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| | | 2004 | | 2003 | |
| Balance | beginning of period | \$ | 431 | \$ | 351 |
| | Provisions | | 319 | | 244 |
| | Charge offs | | (437) | | (306) |
| Balance | end of period | \$ | 313 | \$ | 289 |

(b) ***Stock-Based Compensation***

APT has elected to continue to apply the prescribed accounting in Opinion 25 and provide the required disclosures per SFAS 123 and SFAS 148. APT accounts for equity instruments issued to non-employees in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123 and Emerging Issues Task Force consensus on Issue No. 96-18, Accounting for Equity Instruments that are Issued to Other than Employees, for Acquiring or in Conjunction with Selling Goods or Services.

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Had APT determined compensation cost based on the fair value at the grant date for its stock options under SFAS 123, APT's net income (loss) would have been the pro forma amounts indicated in the table below.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2004 | 2003 |
| Net income (loss), as reported | \$ 283 | \$ (1,009) |
| Add: Stock based compensation included in reported net income (loss), net of related tax effects | 10 | 47 |
| Deduct: Stock based compensation determined under fair value based method for all awards | (213) | (438) |
| Pro forma net income (loss) | \$ 80 | \$ (1,400) |
| Income (loss) per share: | | |
| Basic as reported | \$ 0.03 | \$ (0.10) |
| Basic pro forma | 0.01 | (0.13) |
| Diluted as reported | | |
| Diluted pro forma | \$ 0.03 | \$ (0.10) |
| | 0.01 | (0.13) |

The effects of applying SFAS 123 in this pro forma disclosure are not indicative of future amounts and additional awards are anticipated in future years.

The fair value of the compensation costs reflected in the above pro forma amounts was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the weighted average assumptions as follows:

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 3.0% | 2.9% |
| Expected dividend yield | 0% | 0% |
| Expected life | 5years | 5 years |
| Volatility | 100% | 100% |

(c) ***Net Income (Loss) Per Share***

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock and dilutive potential common shares related to stock options and warrants outstanding during the period. Anti-dilutive potential common shares are excluded from the diluted net income share calculation. Dilutive net loss per share excludes all potential common shares from the calculation as the impact would be anti-dilutive.

Incremental dilutive shares included in the calculation of diluted net income per share and incremental anti-dilutive shares that were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 are summarized in the following table.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2004 | 2003 |
| Incremental dilutive shares included in diluted net income per share calculation | 655,000 | |
| Anti-dilutive shares excluded from diluted net loss per share calculation | 554,000 | 1,179,000 |

(d) ***Income Taxes***

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. During the fourth quarter of 2003, the Company determined that a full valuation allowance should be recorded against its net deferred tax assets. Therefore no income tax expense was recorded in the first quarter of 2004.

Note 3. Restructuring Charges

Restructuring costs are accounted for in accordance with SFAS 146, Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities. A liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity is recognized and measured at fair value in the period the liability is incurred, except for liabilities related to ongoing service requirements which are recognized over the service period.

As part of management's strategic plans, the Company announced in November of 2003 restructuring actions intended to improve manufacturing efficiencies and lower administrative costs. The actions include consolidation of certain administrative functions, rationalization of internal and external assembly and test manufacturing, and the reduction of rent expense through the purchase and resale of one of the two buildings currently occupied by the Company's Santa Clara, California subsidiary. These announced actions were in addition to previously disclosed plans to consolidate our wafer fabrication plant in Montgomeryville, Pennsylvania to Bend, Oregon. Total restructuring related charges recognized in 2003 were \$645, of which \$240 was recognized in the first quarter of 2003 and \$405 was recognized in the fourth quarter of 2003.

The total severance related charges recognized in 2003 was \$295, which was recognized as \$240 and \$55 in the first and fourth quarters of 2003, respectively. The severance charges relate to already separated personnel and personnel costs associated with benefits expected to be paid upon completion of certain eligible transfer activities. The building purchase is reported as an asset held for sale and is being marketed for sale as APT no longer requires the space. In accordance with SFAS 144, an asset held for sale is carried at estimated fair value. As such, APT recorded an impairment charge for the building in the fourth quarter of 2003 of approximately \$350. Fair value was estimated based on comparable sales data of similar commercial space in the area. The net carrying value of the building as of March 31, 2004 was approximately \$1 million and is included as a component of other current assets.

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During the first quarter of 2004 an additional \$206 was recognized in restructuring charges. The charges included \$140 associated with costs to exit certain production activities and \$66 associated with additional severance costs. The changes in the reserve for restructuring balance for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 are shown in the table below.

**Three Months Ended
March 31,**

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Balance beginning of period | \$ 178 | \$ |
| Provisions | 128 | 240 |
| Charge offs | (151) | (117) |
| Balance end of period | \$ 155 | \$ 123 |

Note 4. Comprehensive Income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is the total of net income (loss) and all other non-owner changes in equity. Comprehensive income (loss) includes foreign currency translations and unrealized gains and losses from investments, as presented in the following table.

**Three Months Ended
March 31,**

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net income (loss) | \$ 283 | \$ (1,009) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | |
| Unrealized loss on available for sale securities | | (2) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 91 | 25 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$ 374 | \$ (986) |

Note 5. Inventories, net

| | March 31, 2004 | December 31, 2003 |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Raw materials | \$ 2,935 | \$ 3,005 |
| Work in process | 7,032 | 6,796 |
| Finished goods | 4,358 | 4,617 |
| | 14,325 | 14,418 |
| Valuation reserve | (2,156) | (2,036) |
| Inventories, net | \$ 12,169 | \$ 12,382 |

Note 8. Segment Information

APT operates in one segment and is engaged in the manufacture and marketing of high-performance power semiconductors and modules for switching and RF applications.

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Company is involved in various legal matters that arise out of the ordinary conduct of its business, including those related to litigation over intellectual property rights, commercial transactions, contracts and environmental matters. The Company is currently involved in various legal proceedings. The Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of such litigation will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, the length of time and legal fees associated with the patent litigation with IXYS are expected to be significant. The Company accrues loss contingencies in connection with its litigation when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This discussion and analysis is intended to be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Forward-looking Statements and Risk Factors Affecting Business and Results of Operations

All statements and trend analyses contained in this item and elsewhere in this report on Form 10-Q relative to the future constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-statements are subject to the business and economic risks faced by us and our actual results of operations may differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. In addition, results of operations for the periods discussed below should not be considered indicative of the results to be expected in any future period and fluctuations in operating results might result in fluctuations in the market price of our common stock. Our quarterly and annual operating results may vary significantly depending on many factors, including but not limited to the ability of subcontractors and key vendors to meet their delivery commitments; unfavorable changes in industry and competitive conditions; our mix of product shipments; the accuracy of our customer's forecasts; the effectiveness of our efforts to control and reduce costs; the cost and liability associated with patent infringement litigation; and other risks detailed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Risk Factors Affecting Business and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Business Overview

Advanced Power Technology, Inc. is a leading designer, manufacturer and marketer of high-performance power semiconductors and modules for Radio Frequency (RF), Linear, and Switchmode applications. Power semiconductors manage and regulate electrical power by converting electricity into a form required by electrical and electronic products. Our power semiconductors increase system efficiency, permit the design of more compact end products and improve features and functionality. We are primarily focused on the high power, high frequency segment of the power semiconductor market. High power refers to the ability to dissipate above one kilowatt, and high frequency refers to the ability to switch on and off at rates above 100 kilohertz. In addition, we continue to strengthen our portfolio of RF products that operate at frequencies ranging from 1 megahertz to 100 megahertz. RF generally refers to the ability to operate at frequencies above 1 megahertz. We sell our products primarily in North America, Europe, and Asia, through a network of independent sales representatives and distributors.

The acquisition of GHz Technology, Inc. and the business of Microsemi RF Products, Inc. in 2002 helped us to further penetrate RF markets. We believe that these acquisitions serve to position APT as an emerging, dominant supplier in bipolar RF power transistors for avionics, radar and non-cellular communications applications operating at frequency ranges from 1 megahertz to multiple gigahertz and add valuable RF technology and substantial RF engineering, manufacturing and marketing capability to the Company. These acquisitions are part of the Company's ongoing strategy to expand its product and technology portfolio in the RF power arena through both internal development and acquisitions.

APT has operations in Bend, Oregon, Santa Clara, California, Montgomeryville, Pennsylvania, and Bordeaux, France. Each site has production, research and development and administrative activities. We also make use of subcontract manufacturers for the fabrication of our wafers and for assembly and test operations.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Advanced Power Technology's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires APT to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, APT evaluates its estimates, including those related to product

returns and warranty obligations, allowance for doubtful accounts, excess and obsolete inventories, income taxes, valuation of intangible assets including goodwill, valuation of long-lived assets, contingencies and litigation, and excess component order cancellation costs. APT bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

APT believes the following critical accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

Product Returns and Warranty Obligations

Product revenue is recognized upon shipment of product. In general, APT provides for a one-year repair or replacement warranty on its products. Upon shipment, APT provides for the estimated cost that may be incurred for product warranty and sales returns based on historical experience. APT uses independent distributors to sell some of its products. Distributors can return a contractually agreed upon percentage of the dollar value of products purchased during the prior six months and receive certain price protections on purchased products. Sales to distributors are recognized upon shipment, less an allowance for estimated returns based on historical experience.

While the Company engages in extensive product quality programs and processes, including actively monitoring and evaluating the quality of its component suppliers, APT's warranty obligation is affected by product non-conformance rates, material usage and service delivery costs incurred in correcting a product non-conformance. Should actual product non-conformance rates, material usage, service delivery costs, or distributor returns differ from APT's estimates, revisions to the estimated warranty liability would be required.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

APT maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Management regularly reviews the adequacy of the allowance after considering the size of the accounts receivable balance, historical bad debts, the customer's expected ability to pay and our collection history with each customer. Management reviews significant individual accounts that are past due to determine whether an allowance should be made based on these factors. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Excess and Obsolete Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of standard cost (approximates actual cost on a first-in, first-out basis) or market (net realizable value). APT establishes reserves for estimated unmarketable (excess) or obsolete inventory equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated net realizable value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. APT establishes reserves for excess component order cancellation costs based on estimated net realizable value of the components purchased and any additional cancellation charges. APT evaluates

historical usage of the product, current customer demand, purchase commitments and forecasted usage of the product. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional reserves may be required.

Income Taxes

APT records a valuation allowance to reduce its deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. APT considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for the valuation allowance. In the event APT were to determine that it would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of its net recorded amount, an adjustment to decrease the valuation allowance would increase income in the period such determination was made. Should APT determine that it would not be able to realize all or part of its net deferred tax asset in the future, an adjustment to increase the valuation allowance would be charged to income in the period such determination was made. During 2003, the Company determined that a full valuation allowance should be recorded against its net deferred tax assets.

Valuation of Goodwill and Intangible Assets with Indefinite Lives

APT values goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. (SFAS) 142 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Currently APT carries a goodwill balance in connection with previous acquisitions, but has no other intangible assets with indefinite lives. We annually review goodwill for impairment and when events or circumstances indicate the carrying value of the asset might exceed its current fair value. We determine fair value using discounted cash flow analysis and other acceptable valuation methodologies such as market multiples and comparable transactions. This requires us to make certain assumptions and estimates regarding industry economic factors and future profitability. It is our policy to conduct impairment testing based on our most current business plans, which reflect changes we anticipate in the economy and industry. If actual results are not consistent with our assumptions and judgments, we could be exposed to a material impairment charge as a result of writing down the carrying value of goodwill.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

APT values long-lived assets, including intangible assets with finite lives, in accordance with SFAS 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. We evaluate our long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. We determine the potential impairment using undiscounted cash flow analysis, which requires us to make certain assumptions and estimates regarding industry economic factors and future profitability. It is our policy to conduct impairment testing based on our most current business plans, which reflect changes we anticipate in the economy and industry. If actual results are not consistent with our assumptions and judgments, we could be exposed to a material impairment charge as a result of writing down the carrying value of long-lived assets. If the operation is determined to be unable to recover the carrying amount of its assets, then intangible assets are written down first, followed by the other long-lived assets of the operation, to fair value. Fair value is determined based on discounted cash flows or appraised values, depending on the nature of the assets. Long-lived assets considered held for sale are valued at the lower of historical cost or fair value less costs to sell. Such assets are not depreciated while so classified.

Contingencies and Litigation

APT is subject to the possibility of various loss contingencies arising in the ordinary course of business. We consider the likelihood of loss or impairment of an asset or the incurrence of a liability, as well as our ability to reasonably estimate the amount of loss in determining loss contingencies. An estimated loss contingency is accrued when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. We regularly evaluate current information available to us to determine whether such accruals should be adjusted. (Refer to Part II, Item I Legal Proceedings of this filing).

Results of Operations

The following table presents our consolidated statement of operations data for the periods indicated as a percentage of net revenue:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2004 | 2003 |
| Revenues, net | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Cost of goods sold | 62.1 | 69.5 |
| Amortization of technology rights and other charges | 1.8 | 2.5 |
| Total cost of goods sold | 63.9 | 72.0 |
| Gross profit | 36.1 | 28.0 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Research and development | 5.9 | 7.5 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 27.2 | 33.1 |
| Restructuring charges | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| Total operating expenses | 34.5 | 42.7 |
| Income (loss) from operations | 1.6 | (14.7) |
| Interest income and other expense, net | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Income (loss) before income tax benefit | 1.9 | (14.1) |
| Income tax benefit | | (5.1) |
| Net income (loss) | 1.9% | (9.0)% |

Revenues. Revenues for the first quarter of 2004 were \$15.1 million, up 35.3% from \$11.2 million in the first quarter of 2003 and sequentially up 20.4% from \$12.5 million in the fourth quarter of 2003, with both increases attributable to higher volume shipments. The increase in revenue over the prior year quarter and sequentially are due to improved market conditions in the various markets we serve and due to designs we have won that are now moving into production.

As the overall semiconductor market has improved, the demand for new fabrication plants and semiconductor capital equipment has increased. Revenues for the Company into this market increased by 145.6% over the prior year quarter and 24.9% sequentially. We also experienced increased revenues in the communications and data processing market, especially in the Asian markets. Revenues increased by 46.5% over the prior year quarter and 45.2% sequentially. The Company has continued to build its sales efforts in the Asia market to benefit from the increased demand in this region. The first quarter of 2004 marked the second consecutive quarter that revenues into the Asia region exceeded our European revenues. Revenues into the industrial/medical market increased by 0.7% over the prior year quarter and 3.0% sequentially. Our programs into implantable devices were up, but were offset by lower unit sales to an Asian customer. Revenues in the military/aerospace market increased by 2.3% over the prior year quarter and 16.5% sequentially.

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Overall, our revenues by geographic area for the first quarter of 2004 were 65.4% in North America, 14.5% in Europe and 20.1% in Asia, compared to 64.8% in North America, 24.3% in Europe, and 10.8% in Asia during the first quarter of 2003. Revenues of our higher margin RF products were 49.1% in the first quarter of 2004 compared to 47.8% in the first quarter of 2003. As our sales to the semiconductor capital equipment and military/aerospace markets increase, there is the possibility that the RF percent of total revenue to exceed the 50% level for some period of time.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the first quarter of 2004 was 36.1% compared to 28.0% in first quarter of 2003 and 31.0% in the fourth quarter of 2003. Excluding acquisition related non-cash amortization of the technology assets acquired, gross profit margin was 37.9% in the first quarter of 2004 compared to 30.5% in the first quarter of 2003 and 33.2% in the fourth quarter of 2003. The improvement in gross profit margin over the prior year quarter is due to improved fixed cost absorption at both our Bend, Oregon and Santa Clara, California facilities on higher production volumes. This contributed approximately an additional 5.3% in gross margin in the first quarter of 2004 compared to the first quarter of 2003. Additional improvement resulted from the mix of products sold, which contributed approximately 2.5% in additional gross margin. The sequential improvement due to a higher margin mix of products sold contributed 2.9%, while improved absorption at our Bend, Oregon and Montgomeryville, Pennsylvania facilities contributed to the balance of the improvement. The transfer of the Montgomeryville, Pennsylvania wafer fabrication plan is still underway and is expected to be completed during 2004.

Research and Development Expense. Our research and development expenses were \$887,000 in the first quarter of 2004 compared to \$833,000 in the first quarter of 2003 and \$950,000 in the fourth quarter of 2003, or approximately 5.9%, 7.5%, and 7.6% of revenues, respectively. The increase in research and development spending over the prior year quarter is due to additional payroll for personnel assigned from other functional areas of the company to focus on product research and development. This will add approximately \$40,000 per quarter to research and development spending. The sequential decline in spending is due to lower material charges for prototype builds in the quarter. The decrease in the percentage of revenue in the first quarter of 2004 is also due to our higher revenue levels in 2004. The Company plans to continue its research and development programs leading to the introduction of new products for use in both switching and RF applications. Therefore, we expect the level of research and development expenses to be approximately 7% over sustained periods of time.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense. Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$4.1 million in the first quarter of 2004 compared to \$3.7 million in the first and fourth quarters of 2003, or approximately 27.2%, 33.1%, and 29.5% of revenues, respectively. Our selling, general, and administrative expenses include legal expenses in connection with ongoing patent litigation, as more fully explained in Part II, Item I of this report. We have denied infringement of the IXYS patents and have asserted affirmative defenses and counterclaims. However, the length of time and legal fees associated with patent litigation with IXYS are expected to be significant. Legal expenses associated with patent litigation were \$602,000 in the first quarter of 2004, \$193,000 in the first quarter of 2003, and \$261,000 in the fourth quarter of 2003. Excluding the legal fees associated with the IXYS patent litigation, our selling, general, and administrative expenses in the first quarter of 2004, first quarter of 2003, and fourth quarter of 2003 would have been approximately \$3.5 million each quarter.

Restructuring Activities: As part of management's strategic plans, the Company announced in November of 2003 restructuring actions intended to improve manufacturing efficiencies and lower administrative costs. The actions include consolidation of certain administrative functions, rationalization of internal and external assembly and test manufacturing, and the reduction of rent expense through the purchase and resale of one of the two buildings currently occupied by the Company's Santa Clara, California subsidiary. These announced actions were in addition to previously disclosed plans to consolidate our wafer fabrication plant in Montgomeryville, Pennsylvania to Bend, Oregon. Total restructuring related charges recognized in 2003 were \$645,000, of which \$240,000 was recognized in the first quarter

of 2003 and \$405,000 was recognized in the fourth quarter of 2003.

The total severance related charges recognized in 2003 were \$295,000, which was recognized as \$240,000 and \$55,000 in the first and fourth quarters of 2003, respectively. The severance charges relate to already separated personnel and personnel costs associated with benefits expected to be paid upon completion of certain eligible transfer activities. The building purchase is reported as an asset held for sale and is being marketed for sale as APT no longer requires the space. In accordance with SFAS 144, an asset held for sale is carried at estimated fair value. As such, APT recorded an impairment charge for the building in the fourth quarter of 2003 of approximately \$350,000. Fair value was estimated based on comparable sales data of similar commercial space in the area. The net carrying value of the building as of March 31, 2004 was approximately \$1 million and is included as a component of other current assets.

During the first quarter of 2004 an additional \$206,000 was recognized in restructuring charges. The charges included \$140,000 associated with costs to exit certain production activities and \$66,000 associated with additional severance costs.

Interest income and other expense, net. Interest income and other expense, net, which includes interest income, interest expense and other expense, was a net income of \$34,000 in the first quarter of 2004 compared to a net income of \$67,000 in the first quarter of 2003. The primary component is interest income earned on our cash and marketable securities. Net interest income was \$40,000 in the first quarter of 2004 compared to \$56,000 in the first quarter of 2003. The decline in interest income is primarily due to lower interest rates available in the current investment market and lower invested cash and marketable securities, as the Company continues to self fund its purchases of property and equipment.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). During the first quarter of 2004, the Company recorded no tax expense on the \$283,000 of income before taxes, as the Company recorded a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets in the fourth quarter of 2003. In assessing the valuation of deferred tax assets, SFAS No. 109 Accounting for Income Taxes, requires a more likely than not standard. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent on the generation of future domestic taxable income during the periods in which the associated temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Although the Company anticipates future long term profitability, SFAS No. 109 requires that recent historical operating performance weigh more heavily in assessing the valuation of deferred tax assets. The more likely than not assessment was principally based upon the losses generated during 2002 and 2003 and the cyclical nature of the industry which make projections of industry trends difficult. While the Company has sufficient net operating loss carry-forwards (NOL s) to offset federal taxable income for regular tax purposes, the Company s use of its NOL s for alternative minimum tax (AMT) purposes are limited to 90% of its AMT income (AMTI). Therefore, the Company expects to pay AMT of approximately 20% on the remaining AMTI, resulting in an approximate effective tax rate of 2% for the remainder of 2004. We recorded a tax benefit in the first quarter of 2003, at an effective tax rate of 35.9%. The first quarter 2003 tax rate benefit is lower than the expected tax rate primarily due to a foreign net operating loss in the quarter which carries a full valuation allowance. During the first quarter of 2003, the Company had not yet established a valuation allowance against its domestic deferred tax assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Management assesses the Company s liquidity in terms of its ability to generate cash to fund its operating, investing, and financing activities. Significant factors affecting the management of liquidity are: cash flows from operating activities, capital expenditures, investments in businesses, and access to bank credit when required and at reasonable rates.

Operating Cash Flows: In the first three months of 2004, we generated approximately \$430,000 from operating activities. This resulted from our net income of \$283,000 plus \$1.2 million of non-cash charges for depreciation, amortization, and provisions. This was offset by \$1.1 million in additional working capital requirements, primarily higher trade

accounts receivable balances on higher revenues.

Investing Cash Flows: In the first three months of 2004, we used \$764,000 in investing activities for the purchase of property, plant, and equipment. The additions related to the Bend, Oregon fab expansion and for assembly and test equipment at our Santa Clara, California facility.

Financing Cash Flows: In the first three months of 2004, we generated approximately \$108,000 from financing activities, which primarily consisted of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

As of March 31, 2004, APT had \$32.7 million in working capital. Our trade accounts receivable balance was \$8.5 million reflecting a days sales outstanding ratio of 49 days, compared to trade accounts receivable of \$7.6 million at December 31, 2003, reflecting a days sales outstanding ratio of 57 days. Based on the geographic mix of our customers and the credit terms we extend, management expects our days sales outstanding ratio to range from 50 to 60 days. Our

inventory balance at March 31, 2004 was \$12.2 million reflecting inventory turns of 3.1 times per year, compared to an inventory balance of \$12.4 million at December 31, 2003, reflecting inventory turns of 2.7 times per year. The Company continues to pursue actions to monitor inventory levels and improve inventory turns. The calculations above are based on quarterly average balances of trade accounts receivable and inventory.

APT currently expects to fund expenditures for capital requirements as well as liquidity needs from a combination of available cash balances, internally generated funds and financing arrangements if needed. As of March 31, 2004, APT had \$16.3 million in cash and cash equivalents and available-for-sale securities. APT's investment policy is to invest in short term, high-grade liquid investments with the goal of capital preservation. APT's ability to generate positive cash flow from operations may be affected by market conditions as well as other risk factors as described below. We expect from time to time to evaluate potential acquisitions and equity investments complementary to our market strategy. To the extent we pursue such transactions, we could require additional equity or debt financing to fund such activities or to fund our working capital requirements in the event of an industry downturn or an unexpected adverse change in our business operations. To the extent we require additional capital we cannot be certain that we will be able to obtain such financing on terms favorable to us, or at all.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements & Commitments

As of March 31, 2004 the Company did not have any unconsolidated entities or off balance sheet financial arrangements, guarantees or similar commitments with such entities. As of March 31, 2004 the open value of purchase order commitments was \$7.5 million compared to \$5.2 million at December 31, 2003. This represents the amounts committed per open purchase orders with third parties. The increase over the December 31, 2003 balance is due to the timing of certain capital expenditures and higher material and subcontractor commitments in light of higher production volumes in the quarter and expected into the next quarter. The Company did not enter or terminate any lease agreements during the quarter.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

We do not use derivative financial instruments in our investment portfolio. Due to the short duration and conservative nature of our cash equivalents, and the high quality and conservative nature of our long-term investments, we do not expect any material loss with respect to our investment portfolio.

Currently less than 2% of our sales are transacted in local currencies, primarily Euros. As a result, our international results of operations have limited exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. We do not currently hedge against foreign currency rate fluctuations. Most of our export sales and sales by APT Europe are in U.S. dollars, and most of our foreign currency sales are from operations with significant expenses in the same currency. As a result, gains and losses from such fluctuations have not been material to our consolidated results of operations.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.*

As required by new Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. In connection with the new rules, we currently are in the process of further reviewing and documenting our disclosure controls and procedures, including our internal controls over financial reporting, and may from time to time make changes aimed at enhancing their effectiveness and to ensure that our systems evolve with our business.

Based on our most recent evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, the Company did not discover:

- (i) Any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;
- (ii) Any instances of fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting

(b) *Changes in internal controls*

None.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time the Company is involved in various legal matters that arise out of the ordinary conduct of our business, including those related to litigation over intellectual property rights, commercial transactions, contracts, product liability, environmental, safety and health, and employment matters. The Company is currently involved in various legal proceedings. The Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of such litigation will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The Company accrues loss contingencies in connection with its litigation when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

On August 15, 2002, IXYS Corporation filed a patent infringement lawsuit against APT with the United States District Court, Northern District of California. The claim filed by IXYS alleges that APT infringes on their United States Patent No. 5,486,715 and 5,801,419. The IXYS claim also requested that damages be determined at trial and that such damages be trebled. On October 1, 2002, APT filed its answer to the IXYS complaint, denying the allegations of patent infringement. In addition, APT filed a patent infringement counterclaim against IXYS, alleging that IXYS infringes on APT United States Patent No. 5,283,202, entitled "IGBT Device With Platinum Lifetime Control Having Gradient Or Profile Tailored Platinum Diffusion Regions." APT has filed with the court several affirmative defenses related to the validity of the IXYS patents. Trial is scheduled to commence in July of 2004. As stated above, APT does not believe that it infringes upon the IXYS patents cited in the claim and intends to vigorously defend itself in this lawsuit. The length of time and legal fees associated with the patent infringement litigation with IXYS are expected to be significant.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) The exhibits filed as part of this report are listed below:

Exhibit No.

- 31.1 Rule13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Rule13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

Filed:

There were no reports filed on Form 8-K during the first quarter of 2004.

Furnished:

There were no reports furnished on Form 8-K during the first quarter of 2004. The following reports were furnished in the second quarter of 2004 prior to this filing on Form 10-Q.

| Date of Report | Date Furnished | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| February 24, 2004 | April 2, 2004 | Earnings release for fourth quarter 2003 financial results. |
| April 5, 2004 | April 6, 2004 | Financial release regarding pre-announcement of revenue and earnings estimates for first quarter 2004 financial results. |
| April 22, 2004 | April 26, 2004 | Earnings release for first quarter 2004 financial results. |

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized this 12th day of May, 2004

ADVANCED POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.

By: /s/ GREG M. HAUGEN

Greg M. Haugen
Vice President, Finance and Administration,
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer)