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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.
Form 10-K
March 31, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

(mark one)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. 000-54395

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(Exact Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

32-0218005
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

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or Organization)

210 S. Sierra Ave. Suite A

Oakdale, CA

95361

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

(209) 848-4384

(Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of Each Class

Name of each exchange on which

to be so registered:

registered:

None

None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, par value \$0.001

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in the definitive proxy or information statement incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or amendment to Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer , accelerated filer , and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large Accelerated Filer	Accelerated Filer
Non-accelerated Filer	Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
No

The aggregate market value of the registrant's voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$4,113,571 as of June 30, 2013. Shares of voting stock held by each executive officer and director of the registrant and each person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the registrant's outstanding voting stock has been excluded from the calculation. This determination of affiliated status may not be conclusive for other purposes.

(ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS)

Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes No

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: The Registrant's common stock as of March 31, 2014, was 8,093,017 shares.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Corporate History

Green EnviroTech Holdings Corp. (the "Company"), formerly known as Wolfe Creek Mining, Inc., was incorporated in the State of Delaware on June 26, 2007. On November 20, 2009, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Green EnviroTech Acquisition Corp., a Nevada corporation, and Green EnviroTech Corp. ("Green EnviroTech"), a plastics recovery, separation, cleaning, and recycling company. Green EnviroTech is a Nevada corporation formed on October 6, 2008 under the name EnviroPlastics Corporation. On October 21, 2009, Enviroplastics Corporation changed its name to Green EnviroTech Corp. and on July 20, 2010, the Company changed its name to Green EnviroTech Holdings Corp.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, on November 20, 2009, Green EnviroTech Acquisition Corp. merged with and into Green EnviroTech, resulting in Green EnviroTech becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Merger"). The acquisition of Green EnviroTech is treated as a reverse acquisition, and the business of Green EnviroTech became the business of the Company.

Recent Developments

Effective March 27, 2013, the Company completed a 1 for 100 reverse split of its common stock. Share amounts in this report have been retroactively adjusted for the reverse split.

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During 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with Black Lion Oil Limited (Black Lion) whose primary focus is on emerging energy technology with broad applications. Under the agreement, the Company granted to Black Lion exclusive rights to the waste to oil process in specific territories outside of the United States. In return Black Lion paid \$100,000 in cash to the Company as a fee and agreed to pay the Company royalties amounting to ten percent (10.0%) of the gross sales of the plants outside of the United States using the waste to oil process. The Company used the fee for working capital.

References hereinafter to Green EnviroTech , we , us , our and similar words refer to the Company.

Our Principal Offices

Our executive offices are located at 210 S. Sierra Ave. Suite A, Oakdale, CA 95361 and our phone number at this address is (209) 848-4384.

Overview of Our Business

Green EnviroTech Holdings Corp. is a development-stage technology company that has developed a patent pending oil conversion process utilizing a mixture of plastic and tires. We believe the "GETH Process" has the potential to revolutionize the disposal of plastic waste and tires and cleans up our landfills by producing a high grade of oil.

HIGHLIGHTS:

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§

A 12 module plant will produce approximately 25,000 barrels of GETH Oil per month

§

GETH produces oil that does not need to be reprocessed and can be blended into most products produced at a refinery

§

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Contract to purchase GETH Oil through a third party with a contract with a major oil company at Brent Crude prices minus \$5.25 per barrel for marketing and transportation differentials. 1% of gross will go to the third party.

§

Tire & plastic feedstock providers have been identified for the first 10 selected regional plant sites; to be secured with refined multi plant sites. Initial California sources and plant site are secured.

§

GETH Process is a closed system with no environmental impact

§

Highly experienced management team in engineering, permitting, manufacturing and feedstock supply

The Company in 2014 is concentrating on raising \$3,000,000 to build a demonstration plant, which consist of one reactor and one distillation system. The initial start up cost includes the cost of the infrastructure, which will facilitate the expansion of the plant at a future time.

The Company has determined its capital needs will be \$16 Million to execute phase-one of its business model. Negotiations with a New York Lending Institution for a \$12 Million loan with a lien against the plant and equipment have been received with enthusiasm and with positive feedback. In addition, the Company has received partial commitments on receiving \$4 Million in equity funding from qualified investors looking for warrants in exchange for equity injections. Permits needed to operate and construct the plant have been applied for and the Company does not anticipate any complications with its applications. The plants operating systems are considered a closed system with zero emissions. The estimated time to close funding is 60 days with an estimated seven months to complete construction and outfit the plant.

TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW OF THE "GETH PROCESS"

The system to convert plastic and tires to oil uses electromagnetic pyrolysis to produce oil by using the GETH Process. This oil is referred to as GETH Oil, carbon black, syngas, and steel. The use of electromagnetic pyrolysis facilitates more effective heat transfer while causing no environmental impact. A standard twelve module plant, utilizing 6 for plastic and 6 for tire conversion produces approximately 25,000 barrels of oil per month. Plastic or tire processing ratios can be adjusted to correspond to the current supply volumes.

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One Module - Plastic to GETH Oil Conversion:

•

The maximum processing of a single module is 940,000 pounds of plastic per month - estimated to produce 2,710 barrels of GETH Oil per month, among other outputs.

Outputs and Ratios:

- 85% average by weight converted into GETH Oil
- 10% average by weight of syngas
- 5% average by weight of carbon black

One Module -Tire to GETH Oil Conversion:

-

The maximum processing of a single module is 940,000 pounds of tires per month - estimated to produce 1,435 barrels of GETH Oil per month, among other outputs.

Outputs and Ratios:

- 40-45% by weight converted into GETH Oil
- 30-33% converted into carbon black
- 10-11% recovered steel wire
- 11-20% syngas

Process Description for a Twin Reactor Pyrolysis Conversion Module:

Process charge material is compressed into bales to increase charge weight and provide a convenient material handling package. Variations of this process, criteria, will be investigated within the demonstration phase of the initial plant operation.

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The conversion process is composed of a combination of three steps that have been placed in line so that they present an integrated process stream. Modules are operated in a continuous batching scheme.

The first step is an electromagnetic pyrolysis induction system that converts tire and/or plastic feedstock into crude oil. A process module contains two rotating electrically heated reaction chambers. Each reactor is operated independently and controlled by a computerized process controller that monitors three zones on the reactors as well as the other processes within the full operating module. As the feedstock material temperature rises certain fractions turn into a gaseous phase (at about 700 degree F) which *gases* pass through a condensation/separation chamber. The resultant light oil condensate is a final product.

Variations of the pyrolysis energy source criteria will be investigated within the demonstration phase of the initial plant operation.

In a second step heavy un-vaporized oil is collected in a heavy oil reservoir and further refined by distillation into finished oil.

The last step in the process is an organic chloride filtration system. Process oil is transferred directly to this system, re-heated to 500° F, and passed through a catalyst media to remove residual organic chloride. Finished oil is moved into a product storage vessel for testing.

The entire module is a closed loop that sorts vapors and gases throughout the entire process. At no time are there any gases or vapors emitted into the atmosphere. The reactor chamber is closed and sealed throughout the entire process cycle and is only opened once all of the vapors and gases have been evacuated from the reactor chamber. There is a main check valve in place between the reactor and the separator that prevents any gases or vapors from flowing back into the reactor chamber.

Other non-oil Products:

Carbon black is produced as a by-product in volumes related to the feed stock material as noted earlier. Carbon black collects in the separator vessel and is released through a valve gate at the bottom at the termination of each batch process. The carbon black enters a contained storage vessel, which is sealed so that the carbon black is fully captured without becoming airborne.

The steel from tires is removed from the reactor in preparation for the next batch.

The last by-product is syngas which is evacuated from the module continuously and processed through a filtration system to clean out any residual carbon; the gas is then compressed into syngas storage vessels.

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HANDLING AND SHIPPING:

All the by-products are separated into their own specific storage vessels until they're shipped. All products will be shipped by certified transporters. The certified oil and syngas transporters have all the necessary permits, pumps and valves systems to eliminate any vapors or emissions from being released into the atmosphere during the tanker loading process.

MATERIAL SOURCING / VALUES

The relevant issue as it applies to the GETH production economics are:

-
- Cost and availability of raw materials (feedstock)
-
- Price the GETH Oil is sold to the refinery

PLASTICS

The EPA states that in the US 31 million tons of plastic waste is generated annually. With plastic recyclers volumes already committed there is an abundant flow of plastics available for the GETH facilities. The cost of waste plastic for processing is set at \$75 per ton including transport and is detailed in the financial projections.

This chart reflects 10% of the volume of plastic waste (1-7 categories) in millions of lbs. generated in one year in the respected locations according to the EPA. The Company believes 10% percent is readily available to the company and has been secured as feedstock. The Company will only process 3-7 types of plastic as feedstock.

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TIRES

The EPA data states that there is one scrap tire generated for every person in the US, meaning there are 311 million waste tires generated annually. Due to the weight and size configuration and slow breakdown, tires are the most problematic source of waste in the US. The financial equation for tires is more compelling because in most locations the company will be paid to receive the tires.

The Company is currently in negotiations with the largest multi-state tire retailer to be its exclusive tire recycler.

The back graphs represent the total number of waste tires generated annually in selected states and the graphs in the forefront reflect the number of tires that been identified as readily available or secured to the company for conversion.

OIL PRICING

According to the US Energy Information Administration report International Energy Outlook 2013 <http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/aoe/index.cfm> the world's energy consumption will grow by 56% between 2012 and 2040. Much of the growth will occur outside the Organisation for Economic Co-operation & Development (OECD), known as the non-OECD, where the demand will be driven by long-term economic growth. Renewable energy and nuclear power are the world's fastest-growing energy resources. The fossil fuel products will continue to supply up to 80% of the world energy through 2040. The pricing set forth in the chart below reflects the current Brent Crude price for oil as established by GETH's contract with Conoco to purchase the oil.

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Demand: According to the OPEC oil demand analysis for 2012, the world used 84 million barrels of oil per day. The world's liquid consumption will increase by about one-third from 87 million barrels per day in 2010 to 115 million barrels per day in 2040. Petroleum and other liquids will remain the world's dominant fuel source. Rising prices for liquids increase the cost-competitiveness of other fuels, leading many users of liquids outside the transportation and industrial sectors to switch to other sources of energy when possible. The transportation and industrial sectors account for 92 percent of global liquid fuels demand in 2040, whereas in every other end-use sector the consumption of liquid fuels decreases on a worldwide basis over the projection period.

According to the International Energy Outlook 2013 the analyses below represent a long-term balance between supply and demand. It does not reflect the crude oil price volatility that occurs over days, months, or years. Over the past two decades, volatility within a single year has averaged about 30 percent. In the Reference case, world oil prices reach \$106 per barrel (real 2011 dollars) in 2020 and \$163 per barrel in 2040. The Reference case represents current judgment regarding exploration and development costs and accessibility of oil resources. It also assumes that OPEC producers maintain their share of the market and will schedule investments in incremental production capacity so that OPEC's oil production will represent between 39 and 43 percent of the world's total petroleum and other liquids production over the projection period. In this case, OECD consumption of petroleum and other liquids is virtually flat between 2010 and 2040, while non-OECD consumption increases by 28 million barrels per day over the same period. The High and Low Oil Price cases as alternatives to the Reference case. The price cases were developed by adjusting four key factors: (1) the economics of non-OPEC petroleum liquids supply; (2) OPEC investment and production decisions; (3) the economics of other liquids supply; and (4) economic growth in non-OECD countries, key driver of petroleum and other liquids demand.

To view the Energy Outlook Report 2013, cut and paste the link below:
<https://files.secureserver.net/0fyNgsK2QegLTe>

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Employees

As of the date of the filing of this annual report on Form 10-K, we have five employees who are full-time and two are also our executive officers. We consider our employee relations to be good.

Bankruptcy or Similar Proceedings

There has been no bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceeding.

Compliance with Government Regulation

We will be required to comply with various environmental laws and regulations enacted in the jurisdictions in which

we operate which govern the manufacture, importation, handling and disposal of certain materials used in our operations. We are in the process of establishing procedures to address compliance with current environmental laws and regulations and we monitor our practices concerning the handling of environmentally hazardous materials.

Patents, Trademarks, Franchises, Concessions, Royalty Agreements, or Labor Contracts

The Company has a patent pending as previously mentioned and a number of, applied-for and/or unregistered trademarks and service marks that we use in connection with our businesses. We have no other current plans for any other registrations such as copyrights, franchises, concessions, royalty agreements or labor contracts.

Need for Government Approval for its Products or Services

We are not required to apply for or have any government approval for our products or services. We have to obtain local permits for the location of our facilities; we see no problems obtaining these permits.

Research and Development Costs during the Last Two Years

We have not expended funds for research and development costs since inception.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Risks Related to our Business

We are currently not profitable and may never become profitable.

We have a history of losses totaling \$16,213,181 through December 31, 2013 and we expect to incur additional substantial operating losses for the foreseeable future and we may never achieve or maintain profitability. We also expect to experience negative cash flow for the foreseeable future as we fund our operating losses and capital expenditures. As a result, we will need to generate significant revenues in order to achieve and maintain profitability. We may not be able to generate these revenues or achieve profitability in the future. Our failure to achieve or maintain profitability could negatively impact the value of our Common Stock and investors would in all

likelihood lose their entire investment.

Our independent registered accounting firm has expressed doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Because we have not generated revenue since our inception, our independent registered accounting firm has included in their report for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, an uncertainty with respect to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our business is difficult to evaluate because we have no operating history and an uncertain future.

We have no operating history upon which to evaluate our present business and future prospects. We face risks and uncertainties relating to our ability to implement our business plan successfully. Our operations are subject to all of the risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise generally. The likelihood of our success must be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with the formation of a new business, the commencement of operations and the competitive environment in which we operate. If we are unsuccessful in addressing these risks and uncertainties, our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects will be materially harmed.

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We will need significant additional capital, which we may be unable to obtain.

As of December 31, 2013, we had \$185 in cash available. We also expect to experience negative cash flow for the foreseeable future as we fund our operating losses and capital expenditures. Accordingly we need significant additional capital to fund our operations. There can be no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. If we are unable to raise substantial capital, investors will lose their entire investment.

If our strategy is unsuccessful, we will not be profitable and our stockholders could lose their investment.

We do not believe there are track records for companies pursuing our strategy, and there is no guarantee that our strategy will be successful or profitable. If our strategy is unsuccessful, we will fail to meet our objectives and not realize the revenues or profits from the business we pursue, which would cause the value of the Company to decrease, thereby potentially causing in all likelihood, our stockholders to lose their investment.

Our business will be dependent on a few large suppliers for feedstock and is vulnerable to changes in availability or supply of such feedstock.

We intend to derive our feedstock from suppliers who are operating large automotive shredders. Any substantial alteration or termination of our contracts or agreements with those particular suppliers may have a material adverse effect on our revenue as we may be unable to run our operation at capacity without a sufficient source of feedstock.

We will rely on several large customers for our product and are vulnerable to dramatic shifts in their industry.

We intend to focus on selling our product to the automotive industry initially, for use in production of new automobiles. Most of our customers and end users are subject to budgetary and political constraints which may delay or limit purchases of our products, and we will have no control over those decisions.

We may be unable to successfully execute any of our identified business opportunities or other business opportunities that we determine to pursue.

We currently have a limited corporate infrastructure. In order to pursue business opportunities, we will need to continue to build our infrastructure and operational capabilities. Our ability to do any of these successfully could be affected by any one or more of the following factors:

1. Our ability to raise substantial additional capital to fund the implementation of our business plan
2. Our ability to execute our business strategy
3. The ability of our products and services to achieve market acceptance
4. Our ability to manage the expansion of our operations and any acquisitions we may make, which could result in increased costs, high employee turnover or damage to customer relationships
5. Our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel
6. Our ability to manage our third party relationships effectively
- 7.

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Our ability to accurately predict and respond to the rapid technological changes in our industry and the evolving demands of the markets we serve

Our failure to adequately address any one or more of the above factors could have a significant impact on our ability to implement our business plan and our ability to pursue other opportunities that arise.

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If we are unable to manage our intended growth, our prospects for future profitability will be adversely affected.

We intend to aggressively expand our marketing and sales program. Rapid expansion may strain our managerial, financial and other resources. If we are unable to manage our growth, our business, operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected. Our systems, procedures, controls and management resources also may not be adequate to support our future operations. We will need to continually improve our operational, financial and other internal systems to manage our growth effectively, and any failure to do so may lead to inefficiencies and redundancies, and result in reduced growth prospects and profitability.

Our insurance policies may be inadequate in a catastrophic situation and potentially expose us to unrecoverable risks.

We will have limited commercial insurance policies. Any significant claims against us would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Insurance availability, coverage terms and pricing continue to vary with market conditions. We endeavor to obtain appropriate insurance coverage for insurable risks that we identify, however, we may fail to correctly anticipate or quantify insurable risks. We may not be able to obtain appropriate insurance coverage, and insurers may not respond as we intend to cover insurable events that may occur. We have observed rapidly changing conditions in the insurance markets relating to nearly all areas of traditional corporate insurance. Such conditions have resulted in higher premium costs, higher policy deductibles and lower coverage limits. For some risks, we may not have or maintain insurance coverage because of cost or availability.

We may become liable for damages for violations of environmental laws and regulations.

We are subject to various environmental laws and regulations enacted in the jurisdictions in which we operate which

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govern the manufacture, importation, handling and disposal of certain materials used in our operations. We are in the process of establishing procedures to address compliance with current environmental laws and regulations and we monitor our practices concerning the handling of environmentally hazardous materials. However, there can be no assurance that our procedures will prevent environmental damage occurring from spills of materials handled by the Company or that such damage has not already occurred. On occasion, substantial liabilities to third parties may be incurred. We may have the benefit of insurance maintained by the Company. However, the Company may become liable for damages against which it cannot adequately insure or against which it may elect not to insure because of high costs or other reasons.

We face intense competition and may not be able to successfully compete.

The Company currently does not have direct competitors in the capacity range we target. However, there can be no assurance that: (i) the Company will not have direct competition in the future, (ii) that such competitors will not substantially increase the resources devoted to the development and marketing of their products and services that compete with those of the Company, or (iii) that new or existing competitors will not enter the market in which the Company is active.

We rely on key personnel and, if we are unable to retain or motivate key personnel or hire qualified personnel, we may not be able to grow effectively.

Our success depends in large part upon the abilities and continued service of our executive officers and other key employees, particularly Mr. Gary DeLaurentiis, our Chief Executive Officer. There can be no assurance that we will be able to retain the services of such officers and employees. Our failure to retain the services of our key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company. In order to support our projected growth, we will be required to effectively recruit, hire, train and retain additional qualified management personnel. Our inability to attract and retain the necessary personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company. We have no key man insurance on any of our key employees.

Risks Related to the Common Stock

There is a limited trading market for the Common Stock.

Our Common Stock is currently being traded on the OTCQB. However, to date there has been a limited trading market for the Common Stock, and we cannot give assurance that a more active trading market will develop. The lack of an active, or any, trading market will impair a stockholder's ability to sell his shares at the time he wishes to sell them or at a price that he considers reasonable. An inactive market will also impair our ability to raise capital by selling shares of capital stock and will impair our ability to acquire other companies or assets by using common stock

as consideration.

Stockholders may have difficulty trading and obtaining quotations for our Common Stock.

There has been limited trading market for our Common Stock, which does not actively trade, and the bid and asked prices for our Common Stock on the OTCQB may fluctuate widely in the future. As a result, investors may find it difficult to dispose of, or to obtain accurate quotations of the price of, our securities. This severely limits the liquidity of our Common Stock, and would likely reduce the market price of our Common Stock and hamper our ability to raise additional capital.

The market price of our Common Stock is likely to be highly volatile and subject to wide fluctuations.

Dramatic fluctuations in the price of our Common Stock may make it difficult to sell our Common Stock. The market price of our Common Stock is likely to be highly volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a number of factors that are beyond our control, including:

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dilution caused by our issuance of additional shares of Common Stock and other forms of equity securities in connection with (i) future capital financings to fund our operations and growth, and (ii) attracting and retaining valuable personnel and in connection with future strategic partnerships with other companies;

variations in our quarterly operating results;

announcements that our revenue or income are below or that costs or losses are greater than analysts expectations;

the general economic slowdown;

sales of large blocks of our Common Stock;

announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments; and

Fluctuations stock market prices and volumes.

These and other factors are largely beyond our control, and the impact of these risks, singly or in the aggregate, may result in material adverse changes to the market price of our Common Stock and/or our results of operations and financial condition.

Our founders received their shares of our Common Stock at a price of \$.01 per share.

Our founders received their shares of our Common Stock at a price of \$.01 per share. The low purchase price for such shares may make it more likely that the shares will be sold at lower trading prices. The sale of such shares into the market could have a depressive effect on the trading price of our Common Stock, if then traded.

The Common Stock is subject to the penny stock rules of the SEC, which may make it more difficult for stockholders to sell the Common Stock.

The United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) has adopted Rule 15g-9 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock" for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require:

1. That a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and
2. The broker or dealer receives from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

1. Obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and
2. Obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and
3. Make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks
4. The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and
5. That the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

The regulations applicable to penny stocks may severely affect the market liquidity for the Common Stock and could limit an investor's ability to sell the Common Stock in the secondary market.

As an issuer of penny stock, the protection provided by the federal securities laws relating to forward looking statements does not apply to the Company.

Although federal securities laws provide a safe harbor for forward-looking statements made by a public company that files reports under the federal securities laws, this safe harbor is not available to issuers of penny stocks. As a result, the Company will not have the benefit of this safe harbor protection in the event of any legal action based upon a claim that the material provided by the Company contained a material misstatement of fact or was misleading in any material respect because of the Company's failure to include any statements necessary to make the statements not misleading. Such an action could adversely affect our financial condition.

The Company has not paid dividends in the past and does not expect to pay dividends for the foreseeable future. Any return on investment may be limited to the value of the Common Stock.

No cash dividends have been paid on the Common Stock. We expect that any income received from operations will be devoted to our future operations and growth. The Company does not expect to pay cash dividends in the near future. Payment of dividends would depend upon our profitability at the time, cash available for those dividends, and other factors as the Company's board of directors may consider relevant. If the Company does not pay dividends, the

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Common Stock may be less valuable because a return on an investor's investment will only occur if the Company's stock price appreciates.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

NOT APPLICABLE

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

On June 1, 2013, the Company signed a three year lease agreement for office space and opened its new offices. The Company's new offices are located at 210 S. Sierra Ave., Suite A, Oakdale, CA 95361.

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ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Company is party to one legal proceeding. MicroCap vs Green EnviroTech is a claim being litigated in New York for the breach of contract. The case is being vigorously defended and the Company expects the resolution of the case to be in its favor.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASERS OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

Market Information

The Company's Common Stock is quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol GETH. For the periods indicated, the following table sets forth the high and low bid prices per share of common stock. These quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions. All per share amounts have been adjusted for the Company's 100 for 1reverse stock split effected on March 27, 2013.

Fiscal Quarter	Fiscal 2013		Fiscal 2012	
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter Ended March 31	\$ 4.50	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.042	\$ 0.02
Second Quarter Ended June 30	\$ 4.02	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.026	\$ 0.012
Third Quarter Ended September 30	\$ 1.77	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.007
Fourth Quarter Ended December 31	\$ 1.25	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.006	\$ 0.003

Holders

As of March 19, 2014, there were 8,093,017 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, held by approximately 136 shareholders of record.

Dividends

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our Common Stock. The Company currently intends to retain future earnings, if any, to finance the expansion of its business. As a result, the Company does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will be dependent upon the existing conditions, including our financial condition and results of operations, capital requirements, contractual restrictions, business prospects, and other factors that the board of directors considers relevant.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The Company has not adopted any equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2013.

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Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

None.

Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

None.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

Not applicable.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this annual report on Form 10-K may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements that express our intentions, beliefs, expectations, strategies, predictions or any other statements relating to our future activities or other future events or conditions. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our business based, in part, on assumptions made by management. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may, and are likely to, differ

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materially from what is expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements due to numerous factors, including those described above and those risks discussed from time to time in this annual report on Form 10-K, including the risks described under Risk Factors, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this annual report on Form 10-K and in other documents which we file with the Commission. In addition, such statements could be affected by risks and uncertainties related to our ability to raise any financing which we may require for our operations, competition, government regulations and requirements, pricing and development difficulties, our ability to make acquisitions and successfully integrate those acquisitions with our business, as well as general industry and market conditions and growth rates, and general economic conditions. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this annual report on Form 10-K, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

Corporate History

Green EnviroTech Holdings Corp. (formerly known as Wolfe Creek Mining, Inc. and referred to herein as (the Company)), was incorporated in the State of Delaware on June 26, 2007. On November 20, 2009, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) with Green EnviroTech Acquisition Corp., a Nevada corporation, and Green EnviroTech Corp. (Green EnviroTech), a plastics recovery, separation, cleaning, and recycling company. Green EnviroTech is a Nevada corporation formed on October 6, 2008 under the name EnviroPlastics Corporation.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, on November 20, 2009 (the Closing Date), Green EnviroTech Acquisition Corp. merged with and into Green EnviroTech, resulting in Green EnviroTech becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the Merger). The acquisition of Green EnviroTech is treated as a reverse acquisition, and the business of Green EnviroTech became the business of the Company.

References hereinafter to Green EnviroTech , we , us , our and similar words refer to the Company and wholly-owned subsidiary, Green EnviroTech, unless the context otherwise requires.

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Critical Accounting Policy and Estimates

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section discusses our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates

its estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, accrued expenses, financing operations, and contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The most significant accounting estimates inherent in the preparation of our financial statements include estimates as to the appropriate carrying value of certain assets and liabilities which are not readily apparent from other sources.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, together with notes thereto as previously filed with our Annual Report on Form 10-K. In addition, these accounting policies are described at relevant sections in this discussion and analysis and in the notes to the financial statements included in this Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012..

Results of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2013 compared to Year Ended December 31, 2012

The Company incurred \$2,407,588 in wages and professional fees for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to \$2,538,199 for the year ended December 31, 2012, a decrease of approximately 5%. This decrease of \$130,611 in wages and professional fees is the result of the Company's decrease in engineering and design related to the equipment and building projections.

On March 5, 2012, the Company entered into a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") with Magic Bright Limited ("Magic Bright"), Wong Kwok Wing Tony ("Tony"), and Chan Sau Fong (collectively with Tony, the "Sellers"). Pursuant to the Letter Agreement, the parties agreed that as a result of the failure by the Company to pay \$700,000 in Cash Consideration (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) of the aggregate \$1,000,000 Cash Consideration payable by the Company under the Purchase Agreement, dated February 14, 2011, among the Company, Magic Bright, and the Sellers, as amended by Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 2 thereto, dated March 16, 2011 and March 25, 2011, respectively (as amended, the "Purchase Agreement"), including \$300,000 of Cash Consideration due on June 16, 2011, \$200,000 of Cash Consideration due on September 16, 2011, and \$200,000 of Cash Consideration due on December 16, 2011, the Company was unable to obtain requisite financial statements relating to Magic Bright for periods subsequent to April 1, 2011 (the "Termination Effective Date").

As a result of the failure to obtain requisite financial statements for Magic Bright, the Purchase Agreement was terminated, such termination to be deemed effective as of the Termination Effective Date. The Magic Bright Acquisition Shares (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) will be deemed to have been returned to the Company and cancelled effective as of the Termination Effective Date. The Ordinary Shares (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) will be deemed to have been returned to the Sellers effective as of the Termination Effective Date. The Sellers may retain the \$300,000 of Cash Consideration paid by the Company. The Employment Agreement between the Company

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and Tony was terminated, such termination to be deemed effective as of the Termination Effective Date. Tony resigned as a director of the Company, effective March 5, 2012. The parties provided mutual general releases.

The Company incurred impairment in the amount of \$443,000 in 2013 as a result of the Company disposing of damaged equipment with no potential production value to the Company when it did have value in the past. The equipment had been carried on the books for over two years at a value of \$125,000. The Company also incurred a write off of \$318,000 on behalf of Petrosonics, LLC in the anticipation of forming a joint venture together. The Company entered into a joint venture agreement with Petrosonics, LLC. Pursuant to the Joint Venture Agreement, the parties agreed to the formation of an Irish registered company for the purpose of researching, development, manufacture and commercialization of oil-industry corroborated processes that remove sulfur from crude oil and refined fuels on a worldwide basis. The Company agreed to make a capital contribution of \$14,000,000 (including \$2,000,000 which the Company agreed to contribute within 30 days of execution of the Joint Venture Agreement, and an additional \$12,000,000 which the Company agreed to contribute within 180 days of execution of the Joint Venture Agreement) into the Joint Venture Company for a 51% interest. Petrosonics agreed to contribute certain intellectual property to the Joint Venture Company for a 49% interest. During the Company's due diligence production, it incurred various delays which resulted in funding deferrals. The parties agreed to terminate the initial Joint Venture Agreement, effective as of September 3, 2013, with the understanding that a new Joint Venture Agreement may be entered into at a later date. The parties have also agreed verbally to enter into a termination agreement wherein the Company will be reimbursed a portion of the funds raised in exchange for a release of the IP that was assigned in advance to the entity formed for the Joint Venture. The Company incurred impairment in the amount of \$118,783 in 2012 when it determined the construction in progress it had been carrying on the balance sheet for the previous two years would not be conducive to the plastic and tires to oil process. The Company wrote off in 2012 the Naranza lease deposit in the amount of \$261,890 as bad debt when it was concluded the collection of the deposit had become questionable.

The general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$105,233 as compared to \$117,457 for the year ended December 31, 2012, a decrease of approximately 10%. This decrease of \$12,224 was the result of a decrease in, travel, entertainment, advertising and marketing concerning the promotion of the company.

The non-operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$2,547,527 as compared to \$454,005 for the year ended December 31, 2012, an increase of 461%. The increase of \$2,093,522 in non-operating expenses was the result of an increase of \$64,286 in amortization of debt discount when the Company received \$150,000 in cash from a private party and the Company issued 60,000 shares of restricted common stock when making the loan. The discounted value of the stock was \$64,286 as compared to none for the year ended December 31, 2012. Interest expense in the amount of \$122,514 for the year ended December 31, 2013 increased by \$217 when compared to the \$122,297 recorded for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company had no derivatives for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Company recorded a loss in the amount of \$2,360,727 when it agreed to convert debt to shares of restricted common stock of the Company as compared to a \$447,446 loss when it converted debt to shares of restricted common stock for the year ended December 31, 2012.

As a result of the above, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$16,213,181 since inception through December 31, 2013.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2013, the Company had a balance of cash in the bank in the amount of \$185 as compared to \$1,986 as of December 31, 2012. The Company estimates it will need to raise an additional \$475,000 in 2014 for working capital. As of December 31, 2013, the Company had accounts payable to vendors and accrued expenses in the amount of \$686,538 as compared to \$749,144 as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2013, the Company had no accounts payable to related parties as compared to \$4,975 as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2013, the Company has loans payable-other in the amount of \$1,115,572 as compared to \$840,750 as of December 31, 2012. These loans were used for working capital. The loan payable to related party was a working capital loan to the Company in the amount of \$12,287 by its chief executive officer, Mr. Gary DeLaurentiis. The related party loan payable was \$44,187 for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company had three outstanding promissory notes issued to Asher Enterprises, Inc. in the aggregate amount of \$203,250 at year end 2011. These were convertible promissory notes with a discounted conversion price. These notes were paid off during the year ended 2012.

The unsecured, loan payable in the form of a line of credit with the CEO originally dated October 7, 2009 provided up to \$200,000 at 4% interest per annum to cover various expenses and working capital infusions until the Company can be funded. This loan has been extended every year to the end of December of the next upcoming year. The original amount was increased from \$200,000 to \$1,000,000. This loan has been extended again to December 31, 2014. The CEO has advanced \$1,242,456 from inception through December 31, 2013 and the Company repaid \$275,792 of these advances. The Company converted \$754,377 of these advances into shares of common stock on May 11, 2010 at a \$1.00 per share and converted \$200,000 in common shares on December 1, 2011. The remaining principal under this

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loan due as of December 31, 2013 is \$12,287. Interest expense on this line of credit for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$1,197 and \$2,224, respectively. In addition, \$30,463 interest is accrued at December 31, 2013. The Company anticipates the CEO will convert the balance of these advances into common stock in the future.

The Company at the beginning of 2013 had three unsecured loans with H. E. Capital, S. A. in the amount of \$663,250. These loans accrue interest at the rate of 8% per annum. The due dates of the loans were extended to December 31, 2014. Balance of the loans at December 31, 2013 was \$616,772 with accrued interest in the amount of \$50,473. In 2013, \$676,750 of principal and \$119,324 of accrued interest was converted into 1,592,148 shares of the Company's common stock. Two of the above mentioned loans with H. E. Capital, S. A. were eliminated in the conversions. In 2012, \$387,000 of principal was converted into 349,333 shares of the Company's common stock.

Please refer to Note 5 of the financial statements which are a part of this filing for further information for a detail of the transactions during the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Company during the year ended December 31, 2010 entered into a loan payable with an individual for a total amount of \$20,000 at 10% due on demand. The Company repaid \$10,000 of this note on August 10, 2010 and repaid \$2,500 on April 13, 2011. The interest went to 12% on February 25, 2011 when the note was not paid in full. As of December 31, 2013 the loan has an outstanding balance of \$7,500 and accrued interest in the amount of \$4,057.

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On October 22, 2010, the Company entered into an engagement for independent introducing agent services with Legend Securities, Inc. (LSI) where in LSI agreed to introduce investors to the Company in the form of equity and/or debt. In accordance with the agreement, LSI was to receive 10% of the cash equivalent received by the Company as a fee and 2% of the cash equivalent as an expense allowance. LSI received as compensation for this agreement, \$39,600 in fees and expenses in 2010 and \$6,000 on January 21, 2011.

The Company as of December 31, 2010, raised \$330,000 from the investors, and an additional \$50,000 in January 2011. The amounts advanced to the Company were converted into a 12% secured debenture dated January 24, 2011 due July 24, 2011. On July 21, 2011, the secured debentures were extended an additional six months to a new maturity date of January 24, 2012. All other original terms remained the same. The Investors received an additional 380,000 shares of common stock in exchange for granting the extension. In addition, the investors were issued 190,000 warrants dated January 24, 2011. LSI also was issued 19,000 warrants as a fee (10% of the total warrants issued). On February 2, 2012, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of common stock to the holders of the secured debentures for extending the maturity date of the debentures to September 24, 2012. The Company by direction of Legend Securities, Inc. also issued to the holders of the secured debentures five-year warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The warrants were issued to the holders of the secured debentures simultaneously with the issuance of the above mentioned stock. The Company is in negotiations with the investors to extend their loans. The balance of these debentures on December 31, 2013 was \$305,000 compared to \$305,000 for the year ended December 31, 2013. Interest accrued as of December 31, 2013 (12%) was \$88,685. \$75,000 of these

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notes was paid on April 27, 2012. Please refer to Note 5 of the financial statements which are a part of this filing for further information.

On November 16, 2012, the Company entered into a loan agreement with an individual in the amount of \$170,000 at 8% due on November 16, 2013. The Company used the funds to pay off the convertible notes held by Asher Enterprise, Inc. As of December 31, 2013 this loan has an outstanding balance of \$170,000 and accrued interest in the amount of \$15,314.

The Company issued a promissory note on March 19, 2013 to an individual in the amount of \$150,000 at 8% due on March 18, 2014. The Company used the funds for working capital. As of December 31, 2013 this loan has an outstanding balance of \$150,000 and accrued interest in the amount of \$4,356. >

The Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$171,300 on October 1, 2013 to a vendor in exchange for converting accounts payable. The note accrues interest at 8% and is due on September 30, 2014. As of December 31, 2013 this note has an outstanding balance of \$171,300 and accrued interest in the amount of \$3,454.

The following tables provide selected financial data about our company for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Balance Sheet Data:	12/31/13	12/31/12
Cash	\$ 185	\$ 1,986
Total assets	\$ 41,137	\$ 131,770
Total liabilities	\$ 5,238,481	\$ 4,457,928
Shareholders' equity	\$ (5,197,344)	\$ (4,326,158)

Cash provided by financing activities since inception through December 31, 2013 was \$3,364,826. \$293,000 was the result from the sale of shares for cash, \$2,099,662 (net) as a result of a loan from different entities and \$972,164 (net) was a loan from a related party, the company CEO.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

ITEM 7A. QUANTATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

All financial information required by this Item is attached hereto at the end of this annual report on Form 10-K beginning on page F-1 and is hereby incorporated by reference.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

ITEM 9A(T). CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our principal executive and principal financial officers have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a - 15(e) and 15d - 15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this annual report. They have concluded that, based on such evaluation, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, as further described below.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

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Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by the Company's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that:

Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and

Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of the inherent limitations of internal control, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

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As of December 31, 2013 management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") and SEC guidance on conducting such assessments. Based on that evaluation, they concluded that, as of December 31, 2013, such internal controls and procedures were not effective to detect the inappropriate application of US GAAP rules as more fully described below. This was due to deficiencies that existed in the design or operation of our internal controls over financial reporting that adversely affected our internal controls and that may be considered to be material weaknesses.

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The matters involving internal controls and procedures that our management considered to be material weaknesses under the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board were: (1) lack of a functioning audit committee due to a lack of a majority of independent members and a lack of a majority of outside directors on our board of directors, resulting in ineffective oversight in the establishment and monitoring of required internal controls and procedures; (2) inadequate segregation of duties consistent with control objectives; and (3) ineffective controls over period end financial disclosure and reporting processes. The aforementioned material weaknesses were identified by our Chief Executive Officer in connection with the review of our financial Statements as of December 31, 2013. These material weaknesses can be rectified by an injection of funding needed to hire personnel to fill the positions needed to carry out the necessary duties for adequate internal controls. Management believes that the material weaknesses set forth in items (2) and (3) above did not have an effect on our financial results. However, management believes that the lack of a functioning audit committee and the lack of a majority of outside directors on our board of directors results in ineffective oversight in the establishment and monitoring of required internal controls and procedures, which could result in a material misstatement in our financial statements in future periods.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission which permanently exempt smaller reporting companies.

Management's Remediation Initiatives

In an effort to remediate the identified material weaknesses and other deficiencies and enhance our internal controls, we have initiated, or plan to initiate when funding permits, the following series of measures:

We will create a position to segregate duties consistent with control objectives and will increase our personnel resources and technical accounting expertise within the accounting function when funds are available to us. Further, we plan to appoint one or more outside directors to our board of directors who shall be appointed to an audit committee resulting in a fully functioning audit committee who will undertake the oversight in the establishment and monitoring of required internal controls and procedures such as reviewing and approving estimates and assumptions made by management when funds are available to us.

Management believes that the appointment of one or more outside directors, who shall be appointed to a fully functioning audit committee, will remedy the lack of a functioning audit committee and a lack of a majority of outside directors on our Board.

We anticipate that these initiatives will be at least partially, if not fully, implemented by December 31, 2014. Additionally, we plan to test our updated controls and remediate our deficiencies by December 31, 2014.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2013, which has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

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ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE .

Below are the names and certain information regarding the Company's executive officers and directors.

Name	Age	Position
Gary M. DeLaurentiis	69	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman
Lou Perches	66	Chief Operating Officer, Director

Directors serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders or until their successors are elected and qualified. Officers serve at the discretion of the board of directors.

Gary M. De Laurentiis, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. De Laurentiis has been our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman since July 2009. Prior to that, he served as our Chief Operating Officer from September 2008 until July 2009. Mr. DeLaurentiis has been active in the plastics recycling business for nearly 20 years. In partnership with the Chinese government, he designed and built his first plastics recycling plant in 1987. In the years since, he has designed, remodeled, built and operated plants in Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Florida, California and Canada for both local governments and private industries. From 1992 to 1995, Mr. De Laurentiis worked directly with the state government in Campeche, Mexico, living on-site for eighteen (18) months while directing the entire project. In 1996, an Ohio based group recruited Mr. De Laurentiis to open a shuttered recycling plant. Mr. De Laurentiis left the Company in 1999 to start ECO2 Plastics Inc. Subsequently, he left Eco2 Plastics in September 2008 to start Green EnviroTech. Mr. DeLaurentiis' experience in the plastics industry led to the conclusion that Mr. De Laurentiis should serve on the Company's board given the Company's business and structure.

Lou Perches, Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Perches has served as our Chief Operating Officer since January 2011 and as a director since March 2013. Mr. Perches was a systems and management consultant for Florida Fruit Juice from May 2010 to September 2010. Mr. Perches was General Manager of Bapco Closures LLC from October 2008 to April 2010. From March 2008 to August 2008 Mr. Perches was Manager, Quality Control at Rexam Pharma. From January 2007 to February 2008 Mr. Perches was Manager Quality Assurance at Amcor Packaging. From October 2005 to January 2006 Mr. Perches was Quality System 3rd Party Auditor (Consultant) for A.I.B. International. Mr. Perches received a BA in Industrial Technology, Quality Engineering from Fullerton State University.

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Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Compliance

Our officers, directors and shareholders owning greater than ten percent (10%) of our shares are required to file beneficial ownership reports pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act (the Exchange Act). All such reporting obligations were complied with during the year ended December 31, 2013, except that, our chief executive officer and chief operating officer have not filed Form 3's.

Code of Ethics

We do not currently have a code of ethics that applies to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer or Controller, or persons performing similar functions. Because we have only limited business operations and two (2) officers and two (2) directors, we believe a code of ethics would have limited utility. We intend to adopt such a code of ethics as our business operations expand and we have more directors, officers and employees.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

Because the small size and early stage of the Company, we do not currently have a separately designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act, or a committee performing similar functions.

Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

Although we have not adopted a formal policy on whether the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer positions should be separate or combined, we have traditionally determined that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to combine these roles. Mr. DeLaurentiis has served as our Chairman since July 2009. Due to the small size and early stage of the Company, we believe it is currently most effective to have the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer positions combined.

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Our board of directors is primarily responsible for overseeing our risk management processes. The board of directors receives and reviews periodic reports from management, auditors, legal counsel, and others, as considered appropriate regarding our company's assessment of risks. The board of directors focuses on the most significant risks facing our company and our company's general risk management strategy, and also ensures that risks undertaken by our Company are consistent with the board's appetite for risk. While the board oversees our company's risk management, management is responsible for day-to-day risk management processes. We believe this division of responsibilities is the most effective approach for addressing the risks facing our company and that our board leadership structure supports this approach.

Changes in Nominating Process

During the year ended December 31, 2013, there are no material changes to the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to our board of directors.

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ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table sets forth all compensation paid in respect of our Chief Executive Officer and those executive officers who received compensation in excess of \$100,000 per year for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Name & Principal position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Change in Pension Value and Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation Earnings (\$)	Total (\$)
Gary DeLaurentiis	2012	\$300,000		\$24,500				\$300,000	
	2013	\$300,000							

Chief Executive Officer and			\$324,500
Chariman			
Wayne Leggett Chief Financial Officer	\$		
Director	2012	240,000	\$240,000
Lou Perches Chief Operations Officer	2012	\$187,500	\$187,500
	2013	\$210,000	\$257,200
		\$47,200	

- Gary DeLaurentiis CEO salary was accrued in the amount of \$300,000 at December 31, 2012 and \$300,000 at December 31, 2012. The stock awards of 25,000 common shares were issued during the year at \$0.01 per share when the shares were valued at \$24,500.
- Wayne Leggett CFO salary was accrued in the amount of \$240,000 at December 31, 2012 . Wayne Leggett resigned as CFO and Director on March 11, 2013.
- Lou Perches COO salary was accrued in the amount of \$210,000 at December 31, 2013 and \$187,000 for December 31, 2012. The stock awards of 65,000 common shares were issued during the year at \$0.01 per share when the shares were valued at \$47,200.

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Employment Agreements

Employment Agreement with Gary DeLaurentiis and Wayne Leggett

On June 1, 2011, the Company entered into employment contracts with its Chief Executive Officer at a base salary of \$300,000 and its Chief Financial Officer at a base salary of \$240,000 for a term of 36 months with one year automatic extensions. Each contract provided for annual bonuses in an amount equal to at least the base salary of the officers. The contracts also provide for stock and/or option incentive for the purchase of common stock at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Salaries and bonuses are being accrued until such time the company has the funds to pay accrued wages. Wayne Leggett resigned as the Company's Chief Financial Officer and Director on March 11, 2013.

Director Compensation

No director of the Company received any compensation for services as director for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2013

The following table sets forth outstanding equity awards to our named executive officers as of December 31, 2013

	OPTION AWARDS					STOCK AWARDS				
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)	of Unearned Shares, Other Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Plan or Awards: Number Value
Name	Exercisable	Unexercisable	(#)	\$		(#)	\$	(#)	(#)	(#)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	
Wayne Leggett	15,000			\$1.00	5/5/2014					

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ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

The following table sets forth certain information, as of March 31, 2014 with respect to the beneficial ownership of the outstanding Common Stock by (i) any holder of more than five (5%) percent; (ii) each of the Company's executive officers and directors; and (iii) the Company's directors and executive officers as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, each of the stockholders listed below has sole voting and investment power over the shares beneficially owned. This is based upon a total of 8,093,017 shares issued and outstanding as of March 18, 2014.

Name of Beneficial Owner (1)	Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Common Stock (2)
Directors and Officers:		
Gary M. De Laurentiis	900,000	11.12
Lou Perches	85,000	*
All officers and directors as a group (2 persons)	985,000	12.17

W a y Black Lion Oil Ltd	779,016 9.63
--------------------------------	-------------------

(1) Except as otherwise indicated, the address of each beneficial owner is:

210 S. Sierra Ave Suite A, Oakdale, CA 95361.

(2) Applicable percentage ownership is based on 8,093,017 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of March 19, 2014 together with securities exercisable or convertible into shares of common stock within 60 days of April 3, 2014 for each stockholder. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Options or warrants to purchase shares of Common Stock that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of April 3, 2014 are deemed to be beneficially owned by the person holding such securities for the purpose of computing the percentage of ownership of such person, but are not treated as

outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.

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ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Gary De Laurentiis, the Company's chief executive officer, has provided Green EnviroTech with an unsecured line of credit of up to \$1,000,000. Interest on the line of credit is 4% per annum. As of December 31, 2013, Mr. De Laurentiis has loaned the Company \$12,287 pursuant to the line of credit and there is interest due of \$30,463.

On December 7, 2011, the Company issued 40,000,000 restricted common shares of the Company to Mr. DeLaurentiis to reduce \$200,000 of accrued salary due him. The Company also issued to Mr. DeLaurentiis 20,000,000 restricted common shares of the Company on September 25, 2012 to reduce \$240,000 of accrued salary due him. On December 7, 2011, the Company issued 16,000,000 restricted common shares to Wayne Leggett, the Company's then-CFO to reduce \$80,000 in accrued salary due him. These shares were impacted by the 1 for 100 reverse common stock split on March 27, 2013. During the year ended 2013, the Company issued to Mr. DeLaurentiis 267,698 restricted common shares to reduce \$267,448 of accrued salary due him. During the year ended 2013, the Company issued to Mr. Lou Perches, COO, 75,000 restricted common shares to reduce \$20,650 of accrued salary due him.

Director Independence

Our directors are not independent as that term is defined under the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the total fees charged to the company for audit services, including quarterly reviews, were \$21,000, for other audit-related services were \$0, for tax services were \$0, and for other services were \$0.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the total fees charged to the company for audit services, including quarterly reviews, were \$29,000, for other audit-related services were \$0, for tax services were \$0, and for other services were \$0.

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES.

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-149626), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 11, 2008)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 23, 2010)
3.3	Certificate of Designation of Magic Bright Acquisition Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 15, 2011)
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation effective March 17, 2013
3.5	By-Laws (Incorporated by reference to our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-149626), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 11, 2008)
10.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated November 20, 2009, by and among the Company, Green Enviro Tech Corp. and Green EnviroTech Acquisition Corp. (Incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 25, 2009)
10.2	Equipment Purchase and Installation Agreement, dated December 12, 2009, by and among Green Enviro Tech Corp., and Plast2Fuel Corporation (Incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 29, 2009)
10.3	Oil Marketing and Distribution Agreement, dated December 12, 2009, by and among Green Enviro Tech Corp. and Plast2Fuel Corporation (Incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 29, 2009)
10.4	License Agreement, dated December 12, 2009, by and among Green Enviro Tech Corp. and Past2Fuel Corporation (Incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 29, 2009)
10.5	Employment Agreement between the Company and Gary De Laurentiis (incorporated by reference to our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 8, 2010)
10.6	Employment Agreement between the Company and Jeffrey Chartier (incorporated by reference to our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 8, 2010)
10.7	Employment Agreement between the Company and Andrew Kegler (incorporated by reference to our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 8, 2010)
10.7	HE Capital, SA Note dated April 14, 2010 (incorporated by reference to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 12, 2010)

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- 10.8 First Amendment to Plas2Fuel License Agreement, dated May 18, 2010, by and between Green EnviroTech and Plas2Fuel, Inc. (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 8, 2010)
- 10.9 License Agreement, dated April 30, 2010, by and between Green EnviroTech and Ergonomy (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 8, 2010)
- 10.10 License Agreement, dated May 18, 2010, by and between Green EnviroTech and Thar Process, Inc. (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 8, 2010)
- 10.11 License Agreement, dated May 18, 2010, by and between Green EnviroTech and Thar Process, Inc. (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 8, 2010)
- 10.12 8% Promissory Note, dated August 6, 2010 (incorporated by reference to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 9, 2010)
- 10.13 8% Promissory Note, dated September 13, 2010 (incorporated by reference to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 9, 2010)
- 10.14 Form of Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 27, 2011)
- 10.15 Form of Debenture (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 27, 2011)
- 10.16 Form of Security Agreement (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 27, 2011)
- 10.17 Form of Warrant (incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 27, 2011)
- 10.18 Separation Agreement, dated as of January 25, 2011, between the Company and Jeffrey Chartier incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 31, 2011)
- 10.19 Securities Purchase Agreement, dated February 14, 2011, between the Company, Magic Bright and the Sellers incorporated by reference to our current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 15, 2011)
- 10.20

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Amendment No. 1 to Securities Purchase Agreement, between the Company, Magic Bright and the Sellers, dated March 16, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 18, 2011)

- 10.21 Amendment No. 2 to Securities Purchase Agreement, between the Company, Magic Bright and the Sellers, dated March 25, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 31, 2011)
- 10.22 Employment Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2011 between the Company and Wong Kwok Wing, Tony, dated as of March 31, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 1, 2011)
- 10.23 Letter Agreement, dated as of March 5, 2012, between the Company, Magic Bright, and the Sellers (incorporated by reference to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 9, 2012).
- 10.24 Letter Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2013, between the Company and Black Lion Oil Limited
- 16.1 Letter from KBL, LLP (incorporated by reference to 8-K filed with the SEC on May 22, 2012)
- 16.2 Letter from Michael F. Cronin, CPA (incorporated by reference to 8-K filed with the SEC on March 13, 2013)

- 21.1 List of Subsidiaries: Green EnviroTech Wisconsin, Inc.
- 31.1 Certification by Principal Executive and Financial Officer, required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act
- 32.1 Certification by Principal Executive and Financial Officer, required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Exchange Act and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code

EX-101.INS XBRL INSTANCE DOCUMENT

EX-101.SCH XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION SCHEDULE

EX-101.CAL XBRL EXTENSION CALCULATION LINKBASE

EX-101.DEF XBRL EXTENSION DEFINITION LINKBASE

EX-101.LAB XBRL EXTENSION LABLE LINKBASE

EX-101.PRE XBRL EXTENSION PRESENTATION LINKBASE

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS, CORP.

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Date: March 31, 2014

By:

/s/ Gary M. De Laurentiis

Gary M. De Laurentiis

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature

Title

Date

/s/ Gary M. De Laurentiis
Gary M. De Laurentiis

Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board
(Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting Officer)

March 31, 2014

/s/ Lou Perches
Lou Perches

Director

March 31, 2014

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(FORMERLY WOLFE CREEK MINING, INC.)

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Green Envirotech Holdings Corp. (a development stage company)

Riverbank, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Green Envirotech Holdings Corp. and its subsidiary (a development stage company) (collectively, the Company) as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended and the period from October 6, 2008 (inception) through December 31, 2013. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. The consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders deficit, and cash flows for the period from October 6, 2008 (inception) through December 31, 2011 were audited by other auditors whose report dated August 6, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion, with an explanatory paragraph discussing the Company s ability to continue as a going-concern. Our opinion on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, changes in stockholders deficit, and cash flows for the period from October 6, 2008 (inception) through December 31, 2013, insofar as it relates to amounts for prior periods through December 31, 2011, is solely based on the report of other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

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In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Green Envirotech Holdings Corp. and its subsidiary as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended and the period from inception through December 31, 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has a working capital deficit as of December 31, 2013 and has suffered recurring losses from operations, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters are described in Note 1. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ MaloneBailey, LLP

www.malonebailey.com

Houston, Texas

March 31, 2014

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**GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012**

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 185	\$ 1,986
Other current assets	10,119	4,784
Total current assets	10,304	6,770

Fixed Assets

Plant Equipment, not yet placed in service	-	125,000
	-	125,000

Other Assets:

Engineering Costs	30,833	-
	30,833	-

TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 41,137	\$ 131,770
---------------------	-----------	------------

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)**CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Accounts payable	\$ 686,538	\$ 749,144
Accounts payable- related party	-	4,975
Accrued expenses	3,119,084	2,513,872
Secured debentures payable	305,000	305,000
Loan payable - other	1,115,572	840,750
Loan payable - related party	12,287	44,187
Total current liabilities	5,238,481	4,457,928

TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,238,481	4,457,928
--------------------------	------------------	------------------

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 250,000,000 shares authorized, 5,904,688 and 2,499,585 shares issued and outstanding	5,905	2,500
Additional paid in capital	11,009,932	6,130,525
Deficit accumulated during development stage	(16,213,181)	(10,459,183)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(5,197,344)	(4,326,158)

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$ 41,137	\$ 131,770
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**GREEN
ENVIROTECH
HOLDINGS CORP.
(A DEVELOPMENT
STAGE COMPANY)
CONSOLIDATED
STATEMENTS OF
OPERATIONS
FOR THE YEARS
ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2013
AND 2012 AND
FOR THE PERIOD
OCTOBER 6, 2008
(INCEPTION)
THROUGH
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	YEAR ENDED	YEAR ENDED	OCTOBER 6, 2008 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2013	
	DECEMBER 31, 2013	DECEMBER 31, 2012	DECEMBER 31, 2013	
REVENUE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,950	
COST OF REVENUES	-	-	33,633	
GROSS PROFIT	-	-	(31,683)	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Wages and professional fees	2,658,238	2,538,199	10,159,688	
Impairment expense	443,000	118,783	561,783	
Bad debt expense	-	261,890	261,890	
General and administrative	105,233	117,457	914,910	
Total operating expenses	3,206,471	3,036,329	11,898,271	

**NON-OPERATING
EXPENSES**

Amortization of debt discount	64,286	-	187,406
Interest expense	122,514	122,297	439,679
Interest expense-Penalty	-	-	67,750
(Gain) or Loss on write-off of derivative liability	-	(115,738)	254,337
Loss on debt conversion	2,360,727	447,446	2,950,973
Total non-operating expenses	2,547,527	454,005	3,900,145

**NET (LOSS) FROM
CONTINUING
OPERATIONS**

	(5,753,998)	3,490,334	(15,830,099)
--	-------------	-----------	--------------

OTHER INCOME:

Disposition of Riverbank Permits	-	-	250,000
Total Other Income	-	-	250,000

**DISCONTINUED
OPERATIONS:**

(Loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	-	-	(429,066)
Income from discontinued operations	-	-	24,186
Total loss from discontinued operations	-	-	(404,880)

NET (LOSS)	\$ (5,753,998)	\$ (3,490,334)	\$ (15,984,979)
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**WEIGHTED AVERAGE
NUMBER OF SHARES
OUTSTANDING**

3,952,778	2,104,741	n/a
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NET (LOSS) PER SHARE	\$ (1.46)	\$ (1.66)	n/a
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 AND
FOR THE PERIOD OCTOBER 6, 2008 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2013

	YEAR ENDED DEC 31, 2013	YEAR ENDED DEC 31, 2012	OCTOBER 6, 2008 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DEC 31, 2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net (loss)	\$ (5,753,998)	\$ (3,490,334)	\$ (15,984,979)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:			
Common stock issued for services	1,221,360	66,700	3,946,209
Common stock issued to reduce and extend debt	-	30,000	336,050
Loss on debt conversion	2,360,727	447,446	2,808,173
Impairment expense	125,000	118,783	243,783
Bad debt expense	-	261,890	261,890
Warrants issued as loan fees to brokers	-	2,998	33,320
Warrants issued to officers	-	-	234,357
Amortization of debt discount	64,286	-	187,406
Gain/loss on derivative liability	-	(151,738)	-
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations	-	-	429,066
Income from discontinued operations	-	-	(24,186)

Change in assets and liabilities

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(Increase) in deposits and other current assets	(5,335)	70,216	(272,009)
Increase in accounts payable- related party	(4,975)	(39,208)	-
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,518,267	2,249,542	5,023,395
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(474,668)	(433,705)	(2,777,525)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING

ACTIVITIES:

Cash paid for the acquisition of Magic Bright	-	-	(300,000)
Expenditures related to purchase of equipment for Riverbank Plant	-	-	(125,000)
Expenditures related to plans for building construction	(30,833)	(4,854)	(149,616)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(30,833)	(4,854)	(574,616)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING

ACTIVITIES:

Issuance of stock for cash	63,000	150,000	293,000
Proceeds received from loan payable - related party	7,000	7,600	1,245,956
Payments on loan payable - related party	(30,700)	(35,909)	(271,092)
Proceeds received from loan payable - other	464,400	206,750	2,281,462
Payments on loan payable - other	-	-	(382,500)
Proceeds received from loan payable - convertible	-	-	135,500
Proceeds received from secured debentures	-	-	50,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	503,700	328,441	3,352,326

NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -			
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1,986	112,104	-

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD

\$ 185 \$ 1,986 \$ 185

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest \$ - \$ 34,163 \$ 215,161

**NON-CASH SUPPLEMENTAL
INFORMATION:**

Shares issued for accrued salary	\$ 298,398	\$ 240,000	\$ 538,398
Conversion of loans payable for common stock	\$ 801,574	\$ 421,500	\$ 2,535,612
Discount for shares issued as sweeteners	\$ 64,286	\$ -	\$ 64,286
Notes payable issued for investment in Petrosonics JV	\$ 125,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000
Shares issued for accounts payable	\$ 73,468	\$ -	\$ 73,468
Loan assumed by related party	\$ 171,300	\$ -	\$ 171,300
Payment of accounts payable by related party	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000
Payment of related party debt by nonrelated party	\$ 4,700	\$ -	\$ 4,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)**
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	
Balance - June 26, 2007 (Inception of Wolfe Creek Mining, Inc.)	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Common shares issued	-	-	449,999	450	14,550

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to founders
for cash

Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(9,105)	(9,105)
Balance - December 31, 2007	-	-	449,999	450	14,550	(9,105)	5,895
Common shares issued for cash	-	-	150,000	150	24,850	-	25,000
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(19,608)	(19,608)
Balance - December 31, 2008	-	-	599,999	600	39,400	(28,713)	11,287
Net loss for the period January 1, 2009 through November 20, 2009 - date of merger with Green EnviroTech Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	(9.845)	(9,845)
Net effect of recapitalization with GreenEnviroTechCorp. including repurchase and subsequent cancellation of shares and issuance of new shares	-	-	-	-	(208,202)	(310,350)	(518,552)

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To reclassify negative paid in capital to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	228,202	(228,202)	-
Net loss for the period November 21, 2009 through December 31, 2009	-	-	-	-	-	(347,179)	(347,179)
Balance - December 31, 2009	-	-	599,999	600	59,400	(924,289)	(864,289)
Common shares issued to consultants and officers	-	-	25,104	25	2,127,757	-	2,127,782
Conversion of notes payable to common stock	-	-	10,065	10	1,006,478	-	1,006,488
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2010	-	-	-	-	-	(3,261,492)	(3,261,492)
Balance - December 31, 2010	-	-	635,168	635	3,193,635	(4,185,781)	(991,511)
Issued Preferred Stock in purchase Magic Bright	1,000,000	1,000	-	-	4,999,000	-	5,000,000
Acquisition Reserve in	(1,000,000)	(1,000)	-	-	(4,999,000)	-	(5,000,000)

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purchase
Magic Bright

Issued Common Stock in purchase of Magic Bright	-	-	1,840	2	104,878	-	104,880
Common shares issued to consultants for fees	-	-	271,191	271	471,861	-	472,132
Common shares issued for cash	-	-	3,333	3	49,997	-	50,000
Common shares issued for debt extensions	-	-	3,800	4	1,896	-	1,900
Conversion of notes payable and liabilities to common stock	-	-	789,000	789	562,611	-	563,400
Warrants issued to secured debenture holders	-	-	-	-	123,120	-	123,120
Warrants issued to brokers	-	-	-	-	18,242	-	18,242
Warrants issued to consultants for fees	-	-	-	-	12,080	-	12,080
	-	-	-	-	234,357	-	234,357

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Warrants
issued to
Officers

Net loss for
the year
ended
December 31,
2011

-	-	-	-	-	(2,783,068)	(2,783,068)
---	---	---	---	---	-------------	-------------

Balance -
December 31,
2011

-	\$	-	1,704,332	\$ 1,704	\$ 4,772,677	\$ (6,968,849)	\$ (2,194,468)
---	----	---	-----------	----------	--------------	----------------	----------------

Common
shares issued
for services

-	-	23,000	23	66,677	66,700
---	---	--------	----	--------	--------

Conversion
of notes
payable to
common
shares

-	-	412,252	413	421,087	421,500
---	---	---------	-----	---------	---------

Conversion
of accrued
salary to
common
shares

-	-	200,000	200	239,800	240,000
---	---	---------	-----	---------	---------

Common
shares issued
for debt
extensions

-	-	10,001	10	29,990	30,000
---	---	--------	----	--------	--------

Common
shares issued
for cash

-	-	150,000	150	149,850	150,000
---	---	---------	-----	---------	---------

Warrants
issued to
secured
debenture
holders

-	-	-	-	2,998	2,998
---	---	---	---	-------	-------

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Loss on debt conversion				447,446		447,446
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2012	-	-	-	-	(3,490,334)	(3,490,334)
Balance - December 31, 2012	-	\$ 2,499,585	\$ 2,500	\$ 6,130,525	\$ (10,459,183)	\$ (4,326,158)
Common shares issued for fractional shares resulting from 1 for 100 reverse stock split effective March 27, 2013			33			
Common shares issued for services	-	-	1,047,864	1,048	1,220,312	1,221,360
Conversion of notes payable to common shares	-	-	1,606,251	1,606	799,968	801,574
Conversion of accrued salary to common shares	-	-	476,198	476	297,922	298,398
Conversion of accounts payable to common shares	-	-	151,757	152	73,316	73,468

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Common shares issued for cash	-	-	63,000	63	62,937	63,000
Common shares issued as sweeteners for debt	-	-	60,000	60	64,226	64,286
Loss on debt conversion	-	-	-	-	2,360,727	2,360,727
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2013	-	-	-	-	-	(5,753,998) (5,753,998)
Balance - December 31, 2013	-	\$ -	5,904,688	\$ 5,905	\$ 11,009,932	\$ (16,213,181) \$ (5,197,344)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

NOTE 1-ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Green EnviroTech Holdings Corp. (the Company) was incorporated on June 26, 2007 under the name Wolfe Creek Mining, Inc. under the laws of the State of Delaware. On November 20, 2009, the Company completed a reverse merger transaction pursuant to which it acquired Green EnviroTech Corp., a Nevada corporation. Wolfe Creek Mining, Inc. up until November 20, 2009 was primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mining properties. Green EnviroTech Corp was incorporated on October 6, 2008 and was engaged in plastics recovery. The financial statements included herein are the financials of Green EnviroTech Holdings and subsidiaries from October 6, 2008 to current.

Green EnviroTech Holdings Corp. is an innovative technology company that has developed a patent pending oil conversion process utilizing a mixture of plastic and tires. The "GETH Process" revolutionizes the disposal of plastic waste and tires and cleans up our landfills by producing a high grade of oil.

The proprietary conversion process uses established pyrolysis technology with additional distillation applications.

Going Concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which implies the Company will continue to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company has generated minimal revenues since inception and has generated losses since inception and needs to raise additional funds to carry out the business plan.

The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the continued financial support from its shareholders and the ability of the Company to obtain necessary equity financing to continue and expand operations.

The Company has had very little operating history to date. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. These factors raise substantial doubt regarding the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

Besides generating revenues from proposed operations, the Company may need to raise additional funds to expand operations to the point at which the Company can achieve profitability. The terms of new debt or equity that may be raised may not be on terms acceptable by the Company. If the Company fails to raise adequate funds from unrelated third parties, the Company's officers and directors may need to contribute additional funds to sustain operations.

NOTE 2-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its interest in a joint venture which had no operations for the year. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated for this joint venture.

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

Development Stage Company

The Company is considered to be in the development stage as defined in ASC 915, *Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises*. The Company has devoted substantially all of its efforts to the corporate formation and the raising of capital.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments and other short-term investments with maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains cash and cash equivalent balances at one financial institution that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Costs of maintenance and repairs will be charged to expense as incurred. The Company through December 31, 2013, incurred some engineering and design costs on a facility they are

planning to build or purchase to refurbish. All of these costs are non-depreciable until the facility is in service.

Recoverability of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets on a periodic basis whenever events and changes in circumstances have occurred which may indicate a possible impairment. The assessment for potential impairment will be based primarily on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of its long-lived assets from expected future cash flows from its operations on an undiscounted basis.

If such assets are determined to be impaired, the impairment recognized is the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fixed assets to be disposed of by sale will be carried at the lower of the then current carrying value or fair value less estimated costs to sell.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes utilizing the liability method of accounting. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on differences between financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities at enacted tax rates in effect in years in which differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are expected to be realized.

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

(Loss) Per Share of Common Stock

Basic net loss per common share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share (EPS) include additional dilution from common stock equivalents, such as stock issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options and warrants. Common stock equivalents are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share when the Company reports a loss because to do so would be anti-dilutive for periods presented.

Intangible Assets

ASC 350 requires that intangible assets with finite useful lives be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with ASC 360, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of." The Company's assessment for impairment of assets involves estimating the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from use of the asset and its eventual disposition. An impairment loss recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset, and considers year-end as the date for its annual impairment testing, unless information during the year becomes available that requires an earlier evaluation of impairment testing.

Stock-Based Awards

The Company measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments, including stock options, based on the grant-date fair value of the award and recognizes it as compensation expense over the period the employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award, usually the vesting period. The Company estimates the fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service periods in the Company's statement of operations. The forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. For the fiscal periods ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company's estimated forfeiture rate is 0% based on the Company's historical experience. There were 0 stock options granted to employees during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

During the fiscal periods ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company granted common stock warrants to investors, lenders and certain officers as discussed in Note 3. The fair value of stock warrants issued in conjunction with the issuance of common stock is recorded against common stock as stock issuance cost. The fair value of stock warrants issued in conjunction with notes payable is recognized as a discount on the related debt and amortized to interest expense over the term to maturity.

The fair value of stock-based awards to employees and directors is calculated using the Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model. The Black-Scholes-Merton model requires subjective assumptions regarding future stock price volatility and expected time to exercise, which greatly affect the calculated values. The expected term of options granted is derived from historical data on employee exercises and post-vesting employment termination behavior. The risk-free rate selected to value any particular grant is based on the U.S. Treasury rate that corresponds to the pricing term of the grant effective as of the date of the grant. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the common stock of comparable publicly traded companies. In making this determination and finding another similar company, the Company considered the industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage of such other entities. These factors could change in the future, affecting the determination of stock-based compensation expense in future periods.

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

Fair Value Measurements

The Company adopted certain provisions of ASC Topic 820. ASC 820 defines fair value, provides a consistent framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and expands fair value financial statement disclosure requirements. ASC 820's valuation techniques are based on observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect readily obtainable data from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect our market assumptions. ASC 820 classifies these inputs into the following hierarchy:

Level 1 inputs: Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 inputs: Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3 inputs: Instruments with primarily unobservable value drivers.

Recent Issued Accounting Standards

There were updates recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries and are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 3-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

Preferred Stock

The Company has 25,000,000 preferred shares of \$0.001 par value stock authorized. The Company has no preferred stock issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

The Company has 250,000,000 common shares of \$0.001 par value stock authorized. On December 31, 2013, the Company had 5,904,688 common shares outstanding.

Effective March 27, 2013, the Company effected a 100-for-1 reverse split of its common stock. The financial statements were adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split for all periods as of the first day of the first period presented.

Warrants

The Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing model in valuing options and warrants. The inputs for the valuation analysis of the options and warrants include the market value of the Company's common stock, the estimated

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volatility of the Company's common stock, the exercise price and the risk free interest rate. As of December 31, 2013 total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements was \$0.

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.**(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012**

The key inputs in determining grant date fair value are as follows:

	<i>Period</i>
	<i>Ended December 31,</i>
	<u>2012</u>
Risk-free interest rate	-1.18%
Dividend yield	0.00%
Expected volatility	374.53%
Expected term (in years)	5.0
Weighted average grant date fair value of warrants granted during the period	\$0.10

On February 2, 2012, the Company issued 100,000 warrants to debtholders as an incentive for the extension of the maturity date on the notes to September 24, 2012. These warrants are exercisable for five years at an exercise price of \$0.10. Their fair value was \$2,998 which was expensed in 2012. As a result of the 1 for 100 reverse common stock split on March 27, 2013, these warrants are exercisable for 1,000 common shares at a price of \$10.00 per share.

The following table presents the warrant activity during 2013 and 2012:

	Warrants	Exercise Price	Weighted Average
Outstanding - December 31, 2011	18,519	\$5.10	
Granted	1,000	\$10	
Forfeited/canceled	-	-	
Exercised	-	-	
Outstanding - December 31, 2012	19,519	\$5.64	
Granted	-	-	
Forfeited/canceled	-	-	
Exercised	-	-	
Outstanding- December 31, 2013	19,519	\$5.64	
Exercisable December 31, 2013	19,519	\$5.64	

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The weighted average remaining life of the outstanding common stock warrants as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 was 0.81 and 1.81 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of the outstanding common stock warrants as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$0 for both years.

During the year ended December 31, 2012:

-
the Company issued 23,000 common shares for services valued at \$66,700

-
the Company converted \$421,500 of notes payable into 412,252 common shares.

-
the Company issued 200,000 shares valued at \$240,000 to its President for accrued salary

-
the Company issued 10,001 common shares in consideration for the extension of maturity dates on notes payable valued at \$30,000 which was expensed. The Company also issued 100,000 warrants as sweetener for the extension of the maturity dates. The warrants were valued at \$2,998.

-
the Company sold 150,000 common shares for cash proceeds of \$150,000

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

-
the Company recognized a loss on conversion of \$447,446

During the year ended December 31, 2013:

-
the Company issued 1,047,864 common shares for services valued at \$1,221,360. Of this amount, 42,000 shares were for related parties valued at \$69,960

-
the Company issued 1,606,251 common shares to convert \$682,250 of principal and \$119,324 of interest on notes payable into equity.

-
the Company issued 216,198 shares valued at \$216,198 to its President for accrued salary and the Company issued 260,000 common shares valued at \$82,200 for accrued salary of employees

-
the Company issued 151,757 common shares to convert \$73,468 of accounts payable

-
the Company sold 63,000 common shares for cash proceeds of \$63,000

-
the Company issued 60,000 shares as a sweetener for a debt holder valued at \$64,286. The relative fair value was recorded as a discount to the note and was fully amortized during the year.

-
the Company issued 33 common shares to replace fractional shares as a result of the 100 for 1 reverse stock split dated March 27, 2013

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the Company recognized a loss on conversion of debt, accrued salaries, and accounts payable of \$2,360,727

NOTE 4- LOAN PAYABLE RELATED PARTY

The Company has an unsecured, loan payable in the form of a line of credit with its CEO. The CEO had provided a line of credit up to \$1,000,000 at 4% interest per annum to the Company to cover various expenses and working capital infusions until the Company receives sufficient other funding. This loan has been extended to December 31, 2014. Balance of the loan at December 31, 2013 was \$12,287 with accrued interest of \$30,463. A reconciliation of the loan is as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Beginning Balance	\$44,187	\$72,496
Proceeds	7,000	7,600
Payments on accounts payable	2,000	-
Repayments	(30,700)	(35,909)
Repayment by HE Capital	(4,700)	-
Stock Conversion	(5,500)	-
Ending Balance	\$12,287	\$44,187

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.**(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012****NOTE 5-LOAN PAYABLE OTHER**

The Company at the beginning of the year had three unsecured loans with H. E. Capital, S. A. These loans accrue interest at the rate of 8% per annum. The due dates of the loans were extended to December 31, 2014. Balance of the loans at December 31, 2013 was \$616,772 with accrued interest in the amount of \$50,473.

In 2013, \$682,250 of principal and \$119,324 of accrued interest was converted into 1,606,251 shares of the Company's common stock which were issued to H. E. Capital, S. A. The conversions occurred at conversion prices lower than the market price at the time resulting in a \$2,139,064 loss on debt conversion. Two of the above mentioned loans with H. E. Capital, S. A. were eliminated in the conversions.

In 2012, \$387,000 of principal was converted into 349,333 shares of the Company's common stock. The conversions occurred at conversion prices lower than the market price at the time resulting in a \$437,750 loss on debt conversion.

History of the H. E. Capital loans is as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Beginning Balance	\$663,250	\$769,750
Proceeds	464,400	450,500
Consulting fees & liabilities	136,172	-
Joint Venture Investment paid direct	125,000	-
Repayment to related party	4,700	-
Allocation Green Power Energy	(100,000)	
Repayments	-	(170,000)
Non-cash conversion	(676,750)	(387,000)
 Ending Balance	 \$616,772	 \$663,250

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The Company on February 25, 2010 issued a promissory note to an individual in the amount of \$20,000 at 10% due on demand. This interest rate was increased to 12% beginning in 2012. The Company repaid \$10,000 of this note on August 10, 2010. The Company also repaid \$2,500 of this note on April 13, 2011. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the loan has an outstanding balance of \$7,500 each year and accrued interest in the amount of \$4,057 and \$3,157, respectively.

GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

The Company issued a promissory note on November 15, 2012 to an individual in the amount of \$170,000 at 8% due on November 16, 2013. The note was extended to November 15, 2014. This note was reassigned from HE Capital. The Company used the funds to pay off the convertible notes held by Asher Enterprise, Inc. As of December 31, 2013 this loan has an outstanding balance of \$170,000 and accrued interest in the amount of \$15,314.

The Company issued a promissory note on March 19, 2013 to an individual in the amount of \$150,000 at 8% due on March 18, 2014. The Company used the funds for working capital. As of December 31, 2013 this loan has an outstanding balance of \$150,000 and accrued interest in the amount of \$4,356.

The Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$171,300 on October 1, 2013 to its attorney in exchange for converting accounts payable. The note accrues interest at 8% and is due on September 30, 2014. As of December 31, 2013 this note has an outstanding balance of \$171,300 and accrued interest in the amount of \$3,454.

NOTE 6-SECURED DEBENTURES

On January 24, 2011, the Company entered into a series of securities purchase agreements with accredited investors (the Investors), pursuant to which the Company sold an aggregate of \$380,000 in 12% secured debentures (the Debentures). Legend Securities, Inc. a broker dealer which is a member of FINRA, received a commission of \$45,600 and 19,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.40 in connection with the sale of the Debentures. The Debentures were initially due at the earlier of 6 months from the date of issuance or upon the Company receiving gross proceeds from subsequent financings in the aggregate amount of \$1,000,000. The Debentures bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum, payable upon maturity. The Debentures are secured by the assets of the Company pursuant to security agreements entered into between the Company and the Investors. As a result of the 1 for 100 reverse common stock split on March 27, 2013, these warrants are exercisable for 190 common shares at a price of \$40.00 per share.

On July 21, 2011, the Secured Debentures were extended an additional six months to a new maturity date of January 24, 2012. All other original terms remained the same. The Company issued to the Investors an additional 380,000 shares of common stock in exchange for granting the extension. These shares were valued at \$38,000 on July 25, 2011, the first day of the extension. This amount was treated as additional interest to the investors and was expensed. The extension and modification to the Secured Debentures did not constitute a material modification under ASC 470-50. The Company issued the shares were to the Investors on December 7, 2011.

The Company also issued to the Investors on January 24, 2011 five-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 190,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.40, which may be exercised on a cashless basis. As a result of the 1

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for 100 reverse common stock split on March 27, 2013, these warrants are exercisable for 1,900 common shares at a price of \$40.00 per share.

The \$380,000 in proceeds from the financing transaction was allocated to the debt features and the warrants based upon their fair values. The value of the warrants (\$123,120) was recorded as a debt discount on the secured debentures. This discount has been fully amortized as of December 31, 2011.

The estimated fair value of the 190,000 warrants to the investors at issuance on January 24, 2011 was \$141,362. The estimated fair value of the warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the assumptions described in Note 3. As a result of the 1 for 100 reverse common stock split on March 27, 2013, these warrants are exercisable for 1,900 common shares at a price of \$40.00 per share.

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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On February 2, 2012, the Company issued 10,001 shares of common stock valued at \$30,000 to the Secured Debenture Holders for extending the maturity date of the debentures to September 24, 2012. The Company by direction of Legend Securities, Inc. also issued to the holders of the Secured Debentures five-year warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share which said warrants were originally issued to certain employees of Legend Securities, Inc. per a previous Legend Agreement. The warrants were issued to the holders of the Secured Debentures simultaneously with the issuance of the above mentioned stock and were valued at \$2,998. As a result of the 1 for 100 reverse common stock split on March 27, 2013, these warrants are exercisable for 1,000 common shares at a price of \$10.00 per share.

On April 27, 2012, the debenture lien holders were paid \$75,000 in the completion of the asset purchase agreement agreed to on December 15, 2011 for the sale of the Riverbank inventory and permits. The \$75,000 was carried on the books at December 31, 2011 as Other Assets for the benefit of the debenture lien holders.

The balance of these Debentures on December 31, 2013 was \$305,000. The interest for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$37,108 and accrued as of December 31, 2013 (12%) was \$125,793. These notes were in default at year end

NOTE 7-PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes are determined using the liability method for the temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and income tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. Deferred income taxes are measured based on the tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences are included in the Company's tax return. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on anticipated future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Availability of loss usage is subject to change of ownership limitations under Internal Revenue Code 382.

Net Deferred Tax Assets consisted of the following components as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

Deferred Tax Assets:	2013	2012
----------------------	------	------

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NOL Carryover	\$3,024,158	\$2,439,144
Valuation allowance	(3,024,158)	(2,439,144)
	\$ -	\$ -

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GREEN ENVIROTECH HOLDINGS CORP.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The income tax provision differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the U.S. Federal Income tax rate to pretax income from continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

At December 31, 2013, the Company had a net operating loss carry forward in the amount of approximately \$8,900,000 available to offset future taxable income through 2033. The Company established valuation allowances equal to the full amount of the deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of the utilization of the operating losses in future periods.

NOTE 8-COMMITMENTS

During 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with Black Lion Oil Limited (Black Lion) whose primary focus is on emerging energy technology with broad applications. Under the agreement, the Company granted to Black Lion exclusive rights to the waste to oil process in specific territories outside of the United States. In return Black Lion paid \$100,000 in cash to the Company as a fee and agreed to pay the Company royalties amounting to ten percent (10.0%) of Black Lion's gross sales. The Company used the fee for working capital.

On June 1, 2013 the Company signed a three year lease for office space and opened its corporate offices in Oakdale, CA. The office is staffed by the CEO, COO and two office personnel. The office space is approximately 3,300 sq ft. The lease calls for lease payments in the amount of \$3,300 per month the first year, \$3,738 per month the 2nd year and \$3,841 per month the 3rd year.

NOTE 9-JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENT WITH PETROSONICS, LLC. AND ITS TERMINATION

On May 27, 2013, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with Petrosonics, LLC. Pursuant to the Joint Venture Agreement, the parties agreed to the formation of an Irish registered company for the purpose of researching, development, manufacture and commercialization of oil-industry corroborated processes that remove sulfur from crude oil and refined fuels on a worldwide basis. The Company agreed to make a capital contribution of \$14,000,000 (including \$2,000,000 which the Company agreed to contribute within 30 days of execution of the Joint Venture Agreement, and an additional \$12,000,000 which the Company agreed to contribute within 180 days of execution of the Joint Venture Agreement to the Joint Venture Company for a 51% interest. Petrosonics agreed to contribute certain intellectual property to the Joint Venture Company for a 49% interest. During the Company's due diligence production, it incurred various delays which resulted in funding deferments. The parties agreed to terminate the initial Joint Venture Agreement, effective as of September 3, 2013, with the understanding that a new Joint Venture Agreement may be entered into at a later date. The parties have also agreed verbally to enter into a termination agreement wherein the Company will be reimbursed a portion of the funds raised in exchange for a release of the IP

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that was assigned in advance to the entity formed for the Joint Venture. The Company had invested \$318,000 into the agreement before its termination.

NOTE 10-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During the months of January and February 2014 the Company issued the following:.

-
2,069,016 common shares to convert \$513,800 of notes payable into equity.

-
44,312 to a nonrelated party to settle \$18,234 in accounts payable

-
10,000 shares to a vendor

-
50,000 shares to an employee

-
15,000 shares for the exercise of a warrant by a related party